



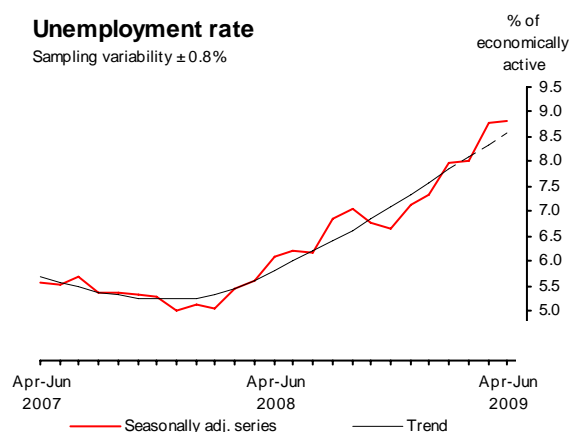
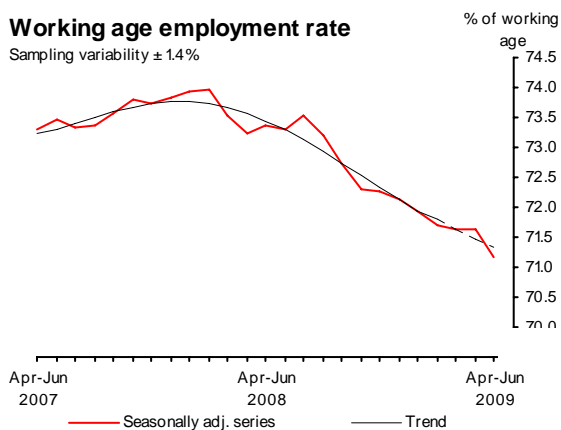
Labour market statistics

August 2009

Date: 12 August 2009

Coverage: Yorkshire and The Humber Theme: Labour Market

Labour Force Survey data for Yorkshire and The Humber indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, and the rate in the latest period is significantly lower than a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago. The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to July 2009.



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Levels		Changes on year		Sampling variability of changes	
		(thousands)	Rates (%)	Levels	Rates	Levels	Rates
Employment*	Apr-Jun 09	2,405	71.2	-55	-2.2	± 69	± 1.7
Unemployment**	Apr-Jun 09	233	8.8	74	2.8	± 28	± 1.1
Economically active*	Apr-Jun 09	2,638	78.4	19	0.1	± 67	± 1.6
Economically inactive***	Apr-Jun 09	701	21.6	3	-0.1	± 67	± 1.6
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2009	2,467		-64		..	
Claimant count	Jul 2009	154.8	5.9	69.8	2.7		

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

*** Levels and rates are for those of working age.

.. Not available.

Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in Yorkshire and The Humber was 71.2 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, down 2.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.40 million in the April to June 2009 period, down 55,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 45,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.29 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 3.8 percentage points on a year earlier to 73.7 per cent.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of female employment, down 10,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.11 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 0.4 percentage points on a year earlier to 73.5 per cent.

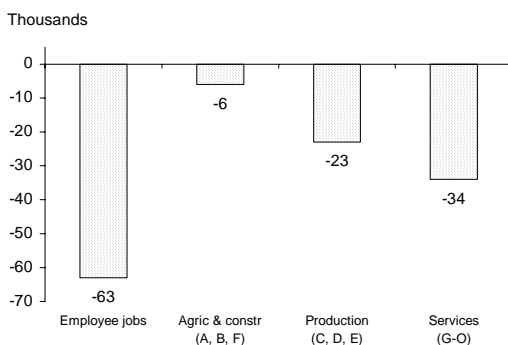


Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 13,000 in the quarter to March 2009.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 63,000 in the year to March 2009. This was mainly due to decreases in the services, construction and manufacturing sectors partly offset by a rise in the education, health and public administration sector.

Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from March 2008



SIC2003 groups shown in brackets

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Yorkshire and The Humber was 8.8 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, up 2.8 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in April to June 2009 were 10.6 and 6.7 per cent respectively.

Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in Yorkshire and The Humber was 2.64 million in the April to June 2009 period.

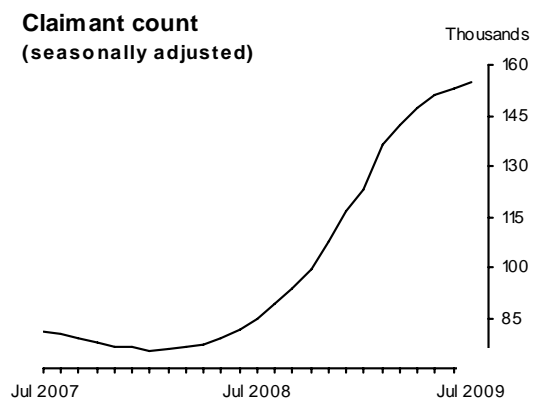
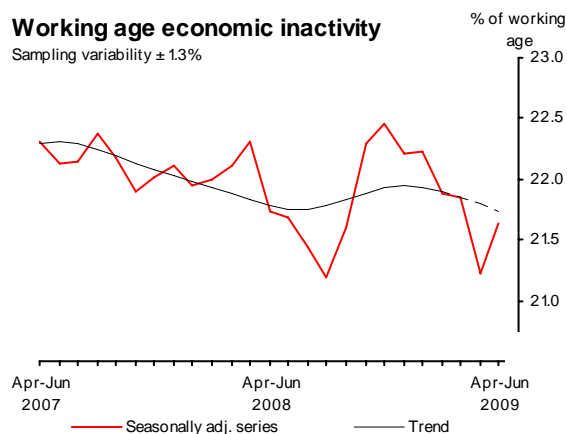
Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in Yorkshire and The Humber in April to June 2009 was 21.6 per cent, down 0.1 percentage point from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the April to June 2009 period was 1.57 million, with 701,000 of these of working age, up 3,000 on the same period a year earlier.

Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

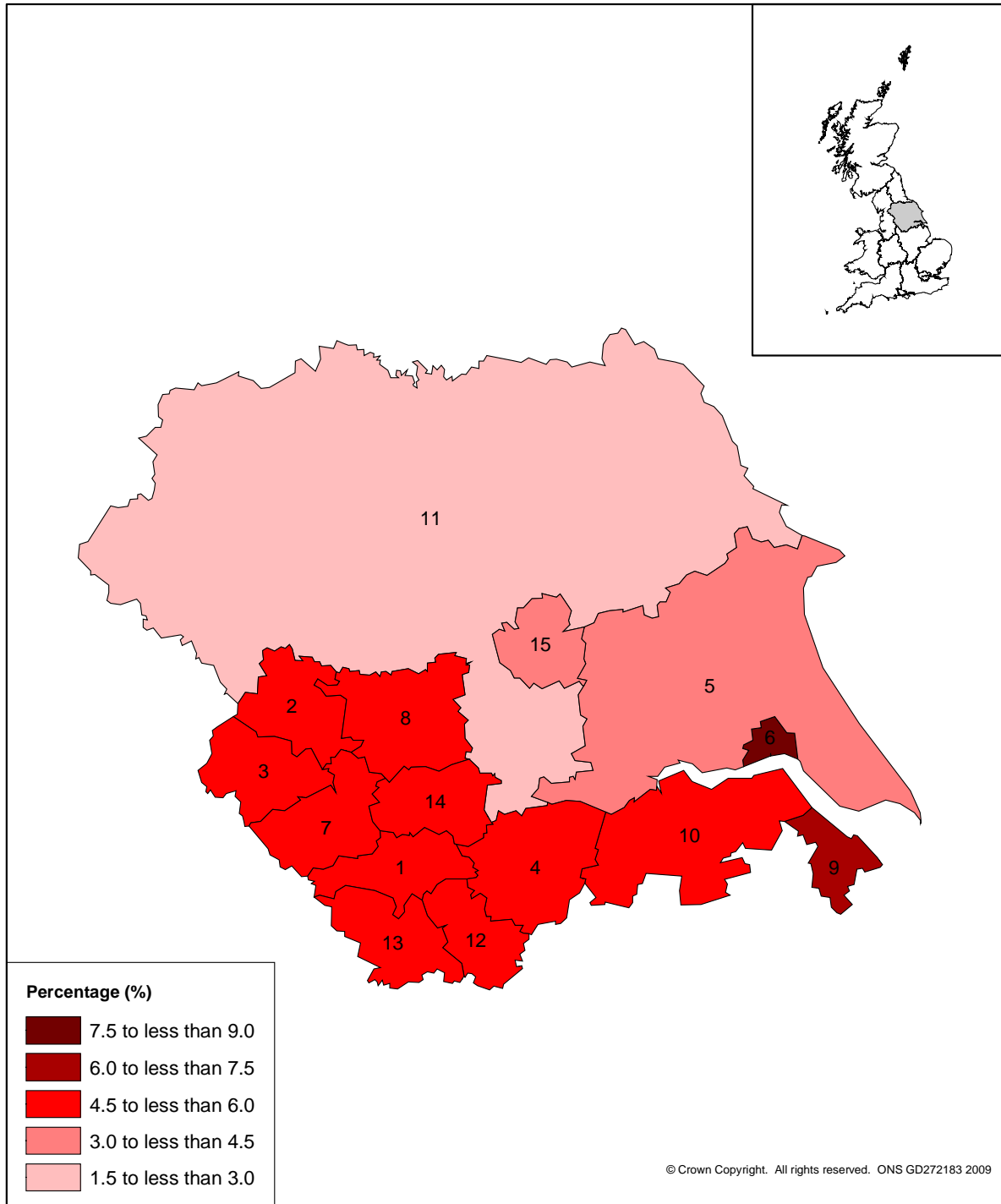
The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in July 2009 was 5.9 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from June 2009, and up 2.7 percentage points since July 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in July 2009 was 154,800, up 1,900 on June 2009, and up 69,800 since July 2008.



Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Richmondshire, at 1.8 per cent. It was highest in Kingston upon Hull, at 7.9 per cent.

**Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA
July 2009 - Yorkshire & The Humber**



1	Barnsley	5.4%	9	North East Lincolnshire UA	5.7%
2	Bradford	5.0%	10	North Lincolnshire UA	5.2%
3	Calderdale	5.0%	11	North Yorkshire	2.8%
4	Doncaster	5.7%	12	Rotherham	5.5%
5	East Riding of Yorkshire UA	3.5%	13	Sheffield	4.5%
6	Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	8.2%	14	Wakefield	4.6%
7	Kirklees	4.8%	15	York UA	3.0%
8	Leeds	4.7%			

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions to the data in this bulletin.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Bulletin can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this bulletin.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of ‘errors’ in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical ‘error’ but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable ‘errors’ such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	71.2	60	0.03	0.09
Unemployment rate (%)	8.8	60	0.02	0.04
Claimant count (000s)	154.8	60	-0.06	0.28

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,467	20	42.45 *	48.35

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website

(http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf). More information about the revisions material in this bulletin can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2008 to December 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2008 to December 2008.

NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional Statistical Bulletin will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

NEXT QUARTER'S STATISTICAL BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next quarter's Statistical Bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the April 2008 to March 2009 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for April 2008 to March 2009 along with the latest mid-year population estimates.

SPECIAL

Workforce Jobs estimates

Workforce jobs estimates, shown at Table 5 of this Statistical Bulletin are mainly sourced from employer surveys. However estimates for Construction and for Agriculture, forestry and fishing are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates for self-employment jobs, for all sectors, are also sourced from the LFS. The estimates for employee jobs in the Construction and Agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors, and to a lesser degree for the whole economy, from March 2009 may not be entirely consistent with those for previous quarters. There may be similar inconsistencies for self-employment jobs for all sectors, but not for whole economy self-employment jobs as any sectoral inconsistencies would cancel each other out. This is because, from 2009, the sectoral breakdown of LFS data which feeds into Workforce jobs estimates has been collected according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 and then mapped to SIC 2003 according to the assumed relationship between the two classifications. ONS currently plans to convert the Workforce Jobs estimates to SIC 2007 in the June 2010 edition of this Statistical Bulletin.

Population estimates in the APS

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this bulletin will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this bulletin are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this bulletin and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Bulletins*.

April to June 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	2,351	2,405	2,459	-78	-9	59	-124	-55	1313
Employment rate	69.8%	71.2%	72.5%	-2.3%	-0.5%	1.2%	-3.9%	-2.2%	-0.4%
Unemployment	211	233	255	-4	24	53	46	74	101
Unemployment rate	8.0%	8.8%	9.7%	-0.2%	0.9%	2.0%	1.7%	2.8%	3.8%
Economically active	2,585	2,638	2,690	-52	15	82	-48	19	85
Economic activity rate	77.1%	78.4%	79.6%	-1.4%	0.2%	1.8%	-1.5%	0.1%	1.7%
Economically inactive	649	701	754	-74	-6	61	-64	3	69

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures April to June 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 38	± 15	± 37	± 39	± 2.0	± 1.2
North West	± 63	± 24	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.9
East Midlands	± 44	± 18	± 44	± 46	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 24	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.8
East	± 55	± 21	± 55	± 51	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 73	± 31	± 70	± 71	± 1.3	± 0.8
South East	± 66	± 23	± 65	± 61	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 43	± 15	± 42	± 44	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 20	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this bulletin, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this bulletin is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this bulletin is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this bulletin.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: *See hours worked.*

Annual Population Survey: Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this bulletin have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the bulletin.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market Statistical Bulletin and on the DWP website: <http://research.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available

from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6(1), measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=13574>

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this bulletin, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

Next publication: Wednesday 11 November 2009

Issued by: Office for National Statistics, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport NP10 8XG

Media contact:

Tel **Media Relations Office 0845 604 1858**

Emergency on-call 07867 906553

E-mail **press.office@ons.gov.uk**

Statistical contacts:

Tel **Nick Palmer 01633 455839** (Labour Force Survey)

Tel **Bob Watson 01633 455070** (Claimant count, regional and local data)

Tel **Nick Barford 01633 456783** (Workforce jobs)

E-mail **labour.market@ons.gov.uk**

Website: www.ons.gov.uk

INDEX OF TABLES

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey (LFS) data (seasonally adjusted)
Summary of other headline indicators

REGIONAL DATA

- 1 Summary of LFS headline indicators (seasonally adjusted)
- 1a Summary of other headline indicators (seasonally adjusted)

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

- 2 Employment by age
- 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary
- 4 Civilian workforce jobs
- 5 Employee jobs by industry
- 6 Actual and usual weekly hours of work

CLAIMANT COUNT

- 7 Claimant count levels and rates (seasonally adjusted)
- 8 Claimant count by age and duration - computerised claims only

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

- 9 Economic activity by age
- 10 Economic inactivity by age
- 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

LOCAL AREA DATA

- 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority
- 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency
- 14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area
- 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area
- 16 Claimant count by Unitary and Local Authority
- 17 Claimant count by Parliamentary Constituency

Regional summary of labour market headline indicators¹

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for April - June 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,226	74.9	1,106	67.3	120	9.8	398	25.1
North West	3,419	77.8	3,129	71.1	290	8.5	935	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,638	78.4	2,405	71.2	233	8.8	701	21.6
East Midlands	2,333	81.3	2,163	75.2	170	7.3	512	18.7
West Midlands	2,699	78.8	2,414	70.3	285	10.6	692	21.2
East	2,999	82.4	2,805	76.9	194	6.5	609	17.6
London	4,033	75.8	3,673	68.9	359	8.9	1,234	24.2
South East	4,417	82.4	4,154	77.3	263	5.9	897	17.6
South West	2,701	82.1	2,529	76.7	172	6.4	557	17.9
England	26,465	79.5	24,379	73.0	2,086	7.9	6,535	20.5
Wales	1,430	75.6	1,322	69.7	108	7.6	437	24.4
Scotland	2,682	79.7	2,495	74.0	188	7.0	652	20.3
Great Britain	30,578	79.3	28,196	72.9	2,382	7.8	7,624	20.7
Northern Ireland	798	70.5	744	65.6	54	6.7	323	29.5
United Kingdom	31,368	79.0	28,933	72.7	2,435	7.8	7,955	21.0

Change on quarter (change since January - March 2009)⁴

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-27	-1.4	-42	-2.4	15	1.4	23	1.4
North West	3	0.0	-16	-0.4	19	0.5	-1	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	15	0.2	-9	-0.5	24	0.9	-6	-0.2
East Midlands	11	-0.1	5	-0.3	6	0.2	5	0.1
West Midlands	37	1.1	-2	0.0	39	1.3	-36	-1.1
East	-8	-0.3	-25	-0.7	16	0.6	11	0.3
London	-20	-1.0	-47	-1.5	27	0.7	52	1.0
South East	-13	-0.4	-40	-0.9	26	0.6	23	0.4
South West	-29	-0.7	-45	-1.3	15	0.6	23	0.7
England	-33	-0.3	-220	-0.9	188	0.7	95	0.3
Wales	-13	-0.8	-10	-0.7	-2	-0.1	15	0.8
Scotland	4	-0.1	-26	-0.9	31	1.1	2	0.1
Great Britain	-41	-0.3	-257	-0.9	216	0.7	112	0.3
Northern Ireland	-7	-0.9	-12	-1.3	5	0.7	10	0.9
United Kingdom	-52	-0.3	-271	-0.9	220	0.7	127	0.3

Change on year (change since April - June 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-25	-1.1	-51	-2.8	27	2.3	19	1.1
North West	42	0.6	-33	-1.2	75	2.1	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	19	0.1	-55	-2.2	74	2.8	3	-0.1
East Midlands	52	0.9	12	-0.5	40	1.6	-19	-0.9
West Midlands	52	1.2	-66	-2.2	118	4.2	-39	-1.2
East	45	0.9	-14	-0.8	59	1.9	-26	-0.9
London	-8	-1.1	-88	-2.6	80	2.0	66	1.1
South East	-8	-0.6	-86	-2.1	78	1.8	34	0.6
South West	29	0.1	-41	-2.1	70	2.6	0	-0.1
England	197	0.1	-424	-1.8	621	2.3	15	-0.1
Wales	-7	-0.9	-44	-2.9	37	2.6	17	0.9
Scotland	21	-0.3	-54	-2.5	75	2.7	10	0.3
Great Britain	211	0.0	-521	-1.9	732	2.4	42	0.0
Northern Ireland	-25	-2.8	-44	-4.5	19	2.6	32	2.8
United Kingdom	177	-0.1	-573	-2.0	750	2.4	83	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2009); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (July 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,152	617	535	86.7	7.2	66.5	10.2	20.2	3.6
North West	3,376	1,804	1,572	198.6	5.6	150.2	7.8	48.4	3.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,467	1,308	1,159	154.8	5.9	117.1	8.2	37.7	3.1
East Midlands	2,104	1,121	983	111.6	5.0	82.4	6.9	29.2	2.8
West Midlands	2,591	1,376	1,215	178.9	6.5	133.9	8.9	45.0	3.6
East	2,769	1,472	1,297	120.9	4.2	87.3	5.6	33.6	2.5
London	4,670	2,552	2,118	218.8	4.5	147.6	5.5	71.2	3.3
South East	4,282	2,213	2,069	155.0	3.4	111.8	4.7	43.2	2.0
South West	2,632	1,365	1,268	96.1	3.5	70.8	4.8	25.3	2.0
England	26,043	13,828	12,216	1321.4	4.8	967.6	6.5	353.8	2.8
Wales	1,314	675	639	79.4	5.6	60.2	8.1	19.2	2.9
Scotland	2,659	1,363	1,296	130.9	4.7	98.6	6.8	32.3	2.4
Great Britain	30,017	15,866	14,151	1531.7	4.8	1126.4	6.6	405.3	2.8
Northern Ireland	837	442	395	51.0	5.9	40.1	8.6	10.9	2.7
United Kingdom	30,854	16,308	14,546	1582.7	4.9	1166.5	6.7	416.2	2.8

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on June 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-4	3	-7	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
North West	-20	-11	-8	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-64	-37	-27	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.1
East Midlands	-76	-45	-30	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.1
West Midlands	-60	-41	-19	2.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.1
East	-25	-20	-5	1.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.1
London	-53	-40	-13	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	2.0	0.1
South East	-101	-89	-12	2.8	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.0	0.0
South West	-13	-19	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
England	-415	-299	-116	19.6	0.1	11.3	0.1	8.3	0.1
Wales	-33	-21	-12	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1
Scotland	-32	-23	-9	2.9	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1
Great Britain	-479	-343	-136	23.4	0.1	13.7	0.1	9.7	0.1
Northern Ireland	-6	-5	-1	1.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
United Kingdom	-485	-349	-137	24.9	0.1	14.8	0.1	10.1	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

1 Summary of LFS¹ headline indicators

		All aged 16 & over								
		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People		YCHE	YCHR	YCJR	YCMR	HKMQ			YCNE	
	Apr-Jun 2007	4,131	2,564	2,422	142	1,567	62.1	58.6	5.5	37.9
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,167	2,619	2,460	159	1,548	62.9	59.0	6.1	37.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,177	2,640	2,460	180	1,537	63.2	58.9	6.8	36.8
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,188	2,605	2,432	173	1,584	62.2	58.1	6.6	37.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	4,199	2,623	2,414	209	1,576	62.5	57.5	8.0	37.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	4,210	2,638	2,405	233	1,572	62.7	57.1	8.8	37.3
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	11	15	-9	24	-4	0.2	-0.4	0.9	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.6	-0.4	11.6	-0.2				
	<i>Change on year</i>	43	19	-55	74	25	-0.2	-1.9	2.8	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	1.0	0.7	-2.2	46.3	1.6				
Men			YCIR	YCKR	YCNR	HMDA			YCOE	
	Apr-Jun 2007	2,018	1,407	1,319	88	611	69.7	65.4	6.2	30.3
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,041	1,434	1,338	96	608	70.2	65.5	6.7	29.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,048	1,442	1,330	111	606	70.4	65.0	7.7	29.6
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,054	1,434	1,327	107	620	69.8	64.6	7.5	30.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,061	1,436	1,309	127	625	69.7	63.5	8.8	30.3
	Apr-Jun 2009	2,067	1,446	1,292	153	622	69.9	62.5	10.6	30.1
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	7	10	-17	27	-4	0.3	-1.0	1.8	-0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.7	-1.3	21.1	-0.6				
	<i>Change on year</i>	26	12	-45	58	14	-0.3	-3.0	3.9	0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3	0.9	-3.4	60.1	2.3				
Women			YCJE	YCLR	YCOR	YCZO			YCPD	
	Apr-Jun 2007	2,113	1,157	1,102	55	956	54.8	52.2	4.7	45.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,125	1,186	1,122	63	940	55.8	52.8	5.4	44.2
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,129	1,198	1,129	69	931	56.3	53.0	5.8	43.7
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,134	1,171	1,105	66	963	54.9	51.8	5.6	45.1
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,138	1,187	1,105	82	951	55.5	51.7	6.9	44.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	2,143	1,192	1,112	80	951	55.6	51.9	6.7	44.4
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	4	5	7	-2	0	0.1	0.2	-0.2	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.4	0.6	-2.9	0.0				
	<i>Change on year</i>	17	6	-10	16	11	-0.2	-0.9	1.3	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.5	-0.9	25.4	1.2				

		All aged 16 to 59/64								
		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
People							YCIE	YCKE		YDPL
	Apr-Jun 2007	3,194	2,482	2,341	140	713	77.7	73.3	5.7	22.3
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,215	2,516	2,358	158	699	78.3	73.4	6.3	21.7
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,221	2,538	2,358	180	683	78.8	73.2	7.1	21.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,228	2,503	2,333	170	725	77.5	72.3	6.8	22.5
	Jan-Mar 2009	3,235	2,527	2,320	207	708	78.1	71.7	8.2	21.9
	Apr-Jun 2009	3,241	2,540	2,307	233	701	78.4	71.2	9.2	21.6
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	7	13	-13	25	-6	0.2	-0.5	1.0	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.5	-0.5	12.3	-0.9				
	<i>Change on year</i>	26	24	-51	75	3	0.1	-2.2	2.9	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.9	-2.2	47.8	0.4				
Men							HKLS	YCLE		LWEB
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,671	1,377	1,291	86	295	82.4	77.2	6.2	17.6
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,688	1,404	1,309	95	285	83.1	77.5	6.8	16.9
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,693	1,412	1,301	111	281	83.4	76.8	7.9	16.6
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,697	1,399	1,293	106	298	82.4	76.2	7.6	17.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,702	1,402	1,276	126	300	82.4	75.0	9.0	17.6
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,706	1,412	1,258	154	295	82.7	73.7	10.9	17.3
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	5	9	-18	28	-5	0.3	-1.3	1.9	-0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.7	-1.4	21.9	-1.6				
	<i>Change on year</i>	18	8	-51	59	10	-0.4	-3.8	4.1	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.6	-3.9	61.9	3.6				
Women							HKME	YCMD		LWEN
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,523	1,105	1,050	55	418	72.5	69.0	4.9	27.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,526	1,112	1,050	63	414	72.9	68.8	5.6	27.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,528	1,127	1,058	69	402	73.7	69.2	6.1	26.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,530	1,104	1,040	64	427	72.1	67.9	5.8	27.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,533	1,125	1,044	81	408	73.4	68.1	7.2	26.6
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,535	1,128	1,049	79	407	73.5	68.4	7.0	26.5
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	2	4	6	-2	-1	0.1	0.3	-0.2	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	0.3	0.6	-2.7	-0.3				
	<i>Change on year</i>	9	16	0	16	-8	0.6	-0.4	1.4	-0.6
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	1.5	0.0	26.3	-1.8				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

REGIONAL DATA

Yorkshire & The Humber

1a Summary of other headline indicators

(thousands),
seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)			Claimant count ¹		
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYC	YXYR	YXZG			
	Mar 06	2,513	1,347	1,166			
	Mar 07	2,537	1,344	1,193			
	Mar 08	2,530	1,345	1,186			
	Jun 08	2,532	1,355	1,178			
	Sep 08	2,525	1,346	1,179			
	Dec 08	2,501	1,326	1,175			
	Mar 09	2,467	1,308	1,159			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-64	-37	-27			
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.5	-2.7	-2.3			
		Levels			Rates (%) ²		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPAX	ZMPY	ZMQA	DPBI	ZMPZ	ZMQB
		2008					
	July	85.0	63.3	21.7	3.2	4.4	1.8
	August #	89.3	66.5	22.8	3.4	4.7	1.9
	September	93.9	70.2	23.7	3.6	4.9	2.0
	October	99.1	74.4	24.7	3.8	5.2	2.1
	November #	107.5	81.6	25.9	4.1	5.7	2.2
	December	116.5	89.1	27.4	4.4	6.2	2.3
2009							
	January	123.1	94.3	28.8	4.7	6.6	2.4
	February #	136.5	104.5	32.0	5.2	7.3	2.7
	March	142.1	108.6	33.5	5.4	7.6	2.8
	April	147.1	112.3	34.8	5.6	7.9	2.9
	May #	150.8	114.8	36.0	5.7	8.0	3.0
	June (r)	152.9	116.1	36.8	5.8	8.1	3.1
	July (p)	154.8	117.1	37.7	5.9	8.2	3.1
	<i>Change on period</i>	1.9	1.0	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	0.9	2.4			
	<i>Change on year</i>	69.8	53.8	16.0	2.7	3.8	1.3
	<i>Change %</i>	82.1	85.0	73.7			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Yorkshire & The Humber

2 Employment by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,395	2,325	55	326	490	915	538	70
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,416	2,337	47	338	484	923	545	79
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,432	2,343	43	349	495	920	536	90
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,453	2,363	44	353	506	919	541	90
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,448	2,356	47	342	508	920	538	92
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,455	2,367	48	343	510	923	544	88
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,448	2,355	44	341	511	912	548	93
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	12	1	-8	16	-8	12	3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	0.5	1.9	-2.3	3.3	-0.9	2.2	3.6
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,298	1,279	29	180	268	482	320	19
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,309	1,283	21	186	266	488	323	26
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,324	1,296	18	194	279	488	316	28
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,336	1,308	20	193	286	488	321	28
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,331	1,303	23	185	286	487	322	28
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,332	1,308	22	184	288	486	328	25
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,324	1,297	22	181	285	481	328	27
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	1	4	-13	6	-7	12	-1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	0.1	21.5	-6.7	2.1	-1.4	3.7	-3.6
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,097	1,046	26	146	222	433	218	51
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,107	1,053	25	152	218	436	222	54
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,108	1,047	25	155	215	432	220	61
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,118	1,055	24	160	220	431	220	62
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,117	1,053	24	157	222	433	216	64
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,123	1,059	26	159	222	437	215	63
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,124	1,058	21	160	226	431	221	65
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	11	-3	5	10	-1	0	4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.1	-12.7	3.1	4.8	-0.3	0.2	6.9
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	59.1	74.1	40.8	64.4	77.9	83.4	69.8	7.6
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	59.0	73.6	34.5	64.8	76.7	83.4	70.1	8.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	58.8	73.2	31.2	65.1	77.8	82.7	68.9	9.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	59.1	73.7	31.9	65.5	79.0	82.7	69.6	9.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	58.9	73.3	33.9	63.2	79.0	82.8	69.1	9.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	58.8	73.5	34.8	63.0	78.7	83.0	69.7	9.2
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	58.5	73.0	32.0	62.3	78.4	82.1	70.2	9.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.2	0.8	-2.8	0.7	-0.6	1.3	0.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	66.0	78.6	42.5	69.7	86.2	88.7	71.6	5.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	65.6	77.7	30.9	69.5	84.5	89.1	71.2	7.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	65.4	77.3	26.1	70.0	87.2	88.7	68.8	8.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	65.7	77.7	28.0	69.3	88.4	88.8	69.8	8.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	65.3	77.2	32.1	66.2	87.8	88.6	69.7	8.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	65.1	77.2	31.6	65.2	87.6	88.3	70.9	7.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	64.5	76.3	31.9	63.8	86.1	87.5	70.5	7.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.9	-0.9	5.8	-6.2	-1.1	-1.2	1.7	-0.5
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	52.6	69.2	39.0	59.0	69.7	78.2	67.3	8.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	52.7	69.3	38.2	59.9	69.0	77.8	68.6	9.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	52.5	68.8	36.6	59.9	68.2	76.9	69.1	10.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	52.8	69.3	35.9	61.5	69.4	76.7	69.3	10.5
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	52.7	69.0	35.7	60.0	70.0	77.1	68.2	10.7
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	52.8	69.4	38.2	60.6	69.6	77.9	68.0	10.6
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	52.8	69.3	32.1	60.7	70.5	76.8	69.8	10.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.5	-4.5	0.8	2.3	-0.1	0.7	0.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Yorkshire & The Humber

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,395	2,117	262	*	10	1,747	646	86	121
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,416	2,131	273	*	*	1,773	642	88	126
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,432	2,137	278	*	10	1,798	633	87	103
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,453	2,154	281	*	11	1,814	638	88	111
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,448	2,149	280	*	10	1,807	638	83	107
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,455	2,147	289	*	11	1,810	641	83	112
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,448	2,138	291	*	11	1,794	650	84	119
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	1	13	*	1	-4	17	-3	15
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	0.0	4.7	*	15.5	-0.2	2.6	-3.1	14.9
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,298	1,090	198	*	*	1,162	136	35	59
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,309	1,099	204	*	*	1,172	137	33	63
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,324	1,109	206	*	*	1,181	143	31	45
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,336	1,121	205	*	*	1,191	144	30	52
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,331	1,114	207	*	*	1,185	145	29	52
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,332	1,109	213	*	*	1,181	149	29	55
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,324	1,099	214	*	*	1,165	156	31	56
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	-10	8	*	*	-15	13	0	11
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-0.9	3.9	*	*	-1.3	9.4	0.1	25.0
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,097	1,026	64	*	*	586	510	52	62
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,107	1,032	69	*	*	601	506	54	64
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,108	1,027	73	*	*	617	491	56	59
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,118	1,033	76	*	*	623	494	58	58
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,117	1,035	73	*	*	622	494	54	55
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,123	1,038	76	*	*	629	492	54	57
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,124	1,038	78	*	*	629	494	53	63
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	11	5	*	*	11	3	-3	4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.1	6.8	*	*	1.8	0.7	-4.9	7.3

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	121	29	32	60	633	45	464	121
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	126	34	34	58	634	55	471	106
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	103	28	29	47	620	56	449	113
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	111	29	31	50	625	59	444	119
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	107	27	31	48	626	55	446	122
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	112	28	35	48	630	55	450	121
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	119	34	35	50	640	57	454	123
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	6	6	3	20	1	6	11
	<i>Change %</i>	14.9	22.9	22.0	6.2	3.2	1.8	1.2	9.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2 3}

Yorkshire & The Humber

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYC			
All jobs	Mar 05	2,504	2,220	273	11
	Mar 06	2,513	2,211	293	9
	Mar 07	2,537	2,219	312	5
	Mar 08	2,530	2,216	309	6
	Jun 08	2,532	2,220	307	5
	Sep 08	2,525	2,208	311	6
	Dec 08	2,501	2,187	309	6
	Mar 09	2,467	2,153	308	6
<i>Change on year</i>		-64	-63	-1	1
<i>Change %</i>		-2.5	-2.8	-0.3	10.0
		YXYR			
Male jobs	Mar 05	1,335	1,122	206	6
	Mar 06	1,347	1,131	211	5
	Mar 07	1,344	1,112	228	3
	Mar 08	1,345	1,120	221	3
	Jun 08	1,355	1,131	221	3
	Sep 08	1,346	1,119	224	3
	Dec 08	1,326	1,095	228	3
	Mar 09	1,308	1,077	228	3
<i>Change on year</i>		-37	-43	7	0
<i>Change %</i>		-2.7	-3.9	2.9	4.8
		YXZG			
Female jobs	Mar 05	1,169	1,098	67	4
	Mar 06	1,166	1,080	82	4
	Mar 07	1,193	1,107	84	2
	Mar 08	1,186	1,096	87	3
	Jun 08	1,178	1,089	87	2
	Sep 08	1,179	1,089	87	3
	Dec 08	1,175	1,092	80	3
	Mar 09	1,159	1,076	80	3
<i>Change on year</i>		-27	-20	-7	0
<i>Change %</i>		-2.3	-1.8	-8.6	16.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark. Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

Yorkshire & The Humber

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Mar 06	2,221	2,211	20	11	312	121	1,026	721
	Mar 07	2,229	2,219	20	11	306	120	1,041	722
	Mar 08	2,226	2,216	20	11	303	114	1,044	724
	Jun 08	2,221	2,220	19	12	303	114	1,048	724
	Sep 08	2,205	2,208	17	12	298	122	1,032	727
	Dec 08	2,178	2,187	18	12	291	108	1,026	733
	Mar 09	2,165	2,153	21	12	280	107	997	737
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-13							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.6							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-61	-63	1	0	-23	-7	-47	13
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.7	-2.8	4.8	2.3	-7.6	-6.4	-4.5	1.8
Male jobs	Mar 06	1,135	1,131	15	9	238	103	544	222
	Mar 07	1,117	1,112	15	9	233	102	539	216
	Mar 08	1,126	1,120	15	9	233	96	550	218
	Jun 08	1,131	1,131	14	9	233	96	557	222
	Sep 08	1,114	1,119	13	9	229	102	544	221
	Dec 08	1,093	1,095	14	9	222	90	538	221
	Mar 09	1,085	1,077	18	9	215	88	524	223
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-8							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-41	-43	3	0	-18	-8	-26	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.6	-3.9	23.3	3.5	-7.7	-7.8	-4.7	2.0
Female jobs	Mar 06	1,086	1,080	5	2	74	17	483	499
	Mar 07	1,111	1,107	5	2	73	18	503	506
	Mar 08	1,100	1,096	6	2	71	18	494	506
	Jun 08	1,090	1,089	5	2	70	18	491	502
	Sep 08	1,091	1,089	4	2	69	20	488	506
	Dec 08	1,085	1,092	4	2	68	18	488	512
	Mar 09	1,080	1,076	4	2	65	18	473	514
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-5							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.4							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-20	-20	-2	0	-5	0	-21	9
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.8	-1.8	-40.2	-2.0	-7.4	1.3	-4.2	1.7

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys
Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Yorkshire & The Humber

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹²	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹	Full-time ³	Workers with second jobs	
					Part-time ³	
		1	2	3	4	5
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	76	31.8	37.2	15.9	8.8
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	76	31.6	36.8	15.9	9.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	77	31.7	36.8	15.8	9.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	78	31.6	36.7	15.8	9.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	77	31.6	36.8	15.8	8.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	77	31.5	36.6	15.8	9.5
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	77	31.6	36.7	15.8	8.7
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.5
<i>Change %</i>		0.3	-0.3	-0.2	0.0	-5.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	48	36.8	38.8	16.2	9.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	47	36.2	38.2	16.4	10.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	48	36.3	38.4	15.9	9.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	49	36.4	38.6	15.7	10.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	48	36.2	38.5	15.1	9.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	48	35.9	38.3	15.7	10.5
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	48	36.2	38.5	15.1	9.8
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.1	0.0	-0.8	0.0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.2	-0.2	0.1	-4.9	0.3
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	28	25.8	33.8	15.8	8.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	29	26.1	34.0	15.8	8.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	29	26.2	33.6	15.8	8.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	29	26.0	33.3	15.8	8.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	29	26.1	33.4	16.0	8.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	29	26.1	33.4	15.8	9.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	29	26.1	33.4	16.0	8.0
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.0	-0.2	0.3	-0.8
<i>Change %</i>		1.2	-0.2	-0.5	1.6	-8.8

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jan 07 - Dec 07									
Less than 6 Hours	1.2	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.4	1.7	2.0	0.8	5.3
6 up to 15 hours	7.0	3.0	11.7	6.8	2.9	11.0	7.6	3.0	20.5
16 up to 30 hours	18.5	8.0	31.1	18.6	6.8	31.4	17.3	14.0	26.7
31 up to 45 hours	53.4	59.2	46.4	54.9	61.7	47.7	42.1	46.0	30.8
Over 45 hours	19.9	29.3	8.7	18.6	28.1	8.2	31.1	36.2	16.7
Total (thousands)	2,432	1,324	1,108	2,137	1,109	1,027	278	206	73
Oct 07 - Sep 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.2	0.8	1.8	1.0	0.5	1.6	1.9	1.5	3.3
6 up to 15 hours	6.8	2.9	11.3	6.7	2.9	10.8	6.8	3.0	17.4
16 up to 30 hours	19.3	8.6	32.0	19.4	7.5	32.1	18.3	13.8	31.0
31 up to 45 hours	52.8	58.5	45.9	54.6	61.4	47.3	39.7	43.5	28.9
Over 45 hours	19.9	29.2	8.9	18.3	27.6	8.2	33.3	38.3	19.4
Total (thousands)	2,455	1,332	1,123	2,147	1,109	1,038	289	213	76
Jan 08 - Dec 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	1.0	1.9	1.1	0.7	1.6	2.4	1.8	4.3
6 up to 15 hours	6.7	3.1	10.9	6.7	3.1	10.4	6.5	2.6	17.2
16 up to 30 hours	19.8	8.8	32.8	20.0	7.8	33.0	18.4	13.8	31.0
31 up to 45 hours	52.3	58.0	45.5	54.0	60.6	47.0	40.3	44.9	27.6
Over 45 hours	19.8	29.1	8.8	18.2	27.8	8.0	32.4	37.0	19.9
Total (thousands)	2,448	1,324	1,124	2,138	1,099	1,038	291	214	78

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

CLAIMANT COUNT

Yorkshire & The Humber

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2008	DPAX	DPBI			BCKB	DPAM
	July	85.0	3.2	24.1	21.0	84.7	3.2
	August #	89.3	3.4	25.0	21.1	90.0	3.4
	September	93.9	3.6	26.3	21.9	92.6	3.5
	October	99.1	3.8	27.6	22.0	95.6	3.6
	November #	107.5	4.1	29.1	22.0	103.8	3.9
	December	116.5	4.4	31.9	22.5	115.0	4.4
	2009						
	January	123.1	4.7	30.8	23.7	126.7	4.8
	February #	136.5	5.2	35.0	24.4	143.3	5.5
	March	142.1	5.4	34.2	26.5	148.4	5.6
	April	147.1	5.6	34.3	27.5	152.1	5.8
	May #	150.8	5.7	33.8	28.6	153.6	5.8
	June (r)	152.9	5.8	33.7	30.6	152.7	5.8
	July (p)	154.8	5.9	34.3	33.4	153.8	5.8
	<i>Change on month</i>	1.9	0.1	0.6	2.8	1.0	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2		1.8	9.2	0.7	
	<i>Change on year</i>	69.8	2.7	10.2	12.4	69.1	2.6
	<i>Change %</i>	82.1		42.3	59.0	81.6	
Men	2008	ZMPY	ZMPZ				
	July	63.3	4.4	17.6	14.9	62.6	4.4
	August #	66.5	4.7	18.3	15.2	66.1	4.6
	September	70.2	4.9	19.4	15.8	68.4	4.8
	October	74.4	5.2	20.4	15.9	71.3	5.0
	November #	81.6	5.7	21.7	15.9	79.0	5.5
	December	89.1	6.2	23.8	16.3	88.5	6.2
	2009						
	January	94.3	6.6	22.5	17.2	97.4	6.8
	February #	104.5	7.3	25.7	17.6	109.8	7.7
	March	108.6	7.6	24.9	19.1	113.6	7.9
	April	112.3	7.9	24.9	19.8	116.1	8.1
	May #	114.8	8.0	24.6	21.0	116.9	8.2
	June (r)	116.1	8.1	24.5	22.4	115.8	8.1
	July (p)	117.1	8.2	24.9	24.6	115.5	8.1
	<i>Change on month</i>	1.0	0.1	0.4	2.2	-0.4	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9		1.6	9.8	-0.3	
	<i>Change on year</i>	53.8	3.8	7.3	9.7	52.9	3.7
	<i>Change %</i>	85.0		41.5	65.1	84.4	
Women	2008	ZMQA	ZMQB				
	July	21.7	1.8	6.5	6.1	22.1	1.8
	August #	22.8	1.9	6.7	5.9	23.9	2.0
	September	23.7	2.0	6.9	6.1	24.2	2.0
	October	24.7	2.1	7.2	6.1	24.3	2.0
	November #	25.9	2.2	7.4	6.1	24.9	2.1
	December	27.4	2.3	8.1	6.2	26.4	2.2
	2009						
	January	28.8	2.4	8.3	6.5	29.4	2.4
	February #	32.0	2.7	9.3	6.8	33.6	2.8
	March	33.5	2.8	9.3	7.4	34.8	2.9
	April	34.8	2.9	9.4	7.7	36.1	3.0
	May #	36.0	3.0	9.2	7.6	36.7	3.1
	June (r)	36.8	3.1	9.2	8.2	36.9	3.1
	July (p)	37.7	3.1	9.4	8.8	38.3	3.2
	<i>Change on month</i>	0.9	0.1	0.2	0.6	1.4	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	2.4		2.2	7.3	3.9	
	<i>Change on year</i>	16.0	1.3	2.9	2.7	16.2	1.4
	<i>Change %</i>	73.7		44.6	44.3	73.5	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard $\frac{4}{3}$ week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

CLAIMANT COUNT

Yorkshire & The Humber

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24						
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months		All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months		All over 24 months
					12 months	24 months						12 months	24 months	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
People														
2007														
July	80.9	80.6	54.5	14.1	12.1	15.0	3.1	25.4	21.2	3.6	0.5	2.1	0.1	
2008														
July	84.7	84.5	62.9	13.3	8.3	9.8	1.5	27.3	23.9	3.1	0.4	1.3	0.1	
August #	90.0	89.8	67.6	14.0	8.2	9.2	1.4	29.7	26.1	3.2	0.4	1.3	0.1	
September	92.6	92.3	69.6	14.4	8.3	9.0	1.3	30.7	27.1	3.2	0.4	1.2	0.1	
October	95.6	95.3	72.6	14.4	8.3	8.7	1.3	30.9	27.5	3.0	0.4	1.2	0.1	
November #	103.8	103.6	80.1	15.0	8.5	8.2	1.3	33.0	29.6	3.0	0.4	1.2	0.1	
December	115.0	114.6	89.6	16.2	8.8	7.7	1.2	36.3	32.7	3.3	0.4	1.1	0.1	
2009														
January	126.7	126.3	98.4	18.6	9.3	7.4	1.2	39.1	34.6	4.1	0.4	1.0	0.1	
February #	143.3	143.0	112.2	21.0	9.9	6.9	1.2	45.2	40.0	4.8	0.4	0.9	0.1	
March	148.4	147.9	114.1	23.4	10.4	7.1	1.2	46.5	40.2	5.9	0.4	1.0	0.1	
April	152.1	151.6	114.4	26.3	10.9	7.2	1.2	46.9	39.8	6.7	0.4	0.9	0.1	
May #	153.6	153.1	110.7	30.4	11.9	7.8	1.2	46.7	38.4	7.8	0.5	1.1	0.1	
June	152.7	152.3	106.6	33.0	12.7	8.3	1.2	46.3	37.4	8.3	0.5	1.2	0.1	
July	153.8	153.3	107.0	32.7	13.6	8.9	1.2	47.7	39.4	7.7	0.6	1.3	0.1	
Change on year	69.1	68.8	44.1	19.3	5.3	-0.9	-0.3	20.4	15.5	4.6	0.2	-0.1	0.0	
Change %	81.6	81.5	70.2	145.4	64.5	-18.0		74.7	65.1	150.4	65.8		15.2	
Men														
2007														
July	59.4	59.2	38.9	10.7	9.6	16.2	2.5	17.1	14.3	2.5	0.4	2.1	0.1	
2008														
July	62.6	62.4	45.6	10.2	6.6	10.6	1.1	18.7	16.3	2.1	0.3	1.3	0.1	
August #	66.1	66.0	48.6	10.8	6.6	9.9	1.1	20.2	17.7	2.2	0.3	1.3	0.1	
September	68.4	68.2	50.5	11.1	6.6	9.6	1.0	20.9	18.4	2.2	0.3	1.2	0.1	
October	71.3	71.1	53.4	11.1	6.6	9.3	1.0	21.3	18.9	2.1	0.3	1.2	0.1	
November #	79.0	78.8	60.4	11.6	6.8	8.6	1.0	23.4	21.0	2.1	0.3	1.2	0.1	
December	88.5	88.3	68.7	12.6	7.0	8.0	0.9	26.3	23.7	2.3	0.3	1.1	0.1	
2009														
January	97.4	97.1	75.3	14.4	7.4	7.6	0.9	28.3	25.1	2.9	0.3	1.0	0.1	
February #	109.8	109.5	85.3	16.4	7.8	7.1	0.9	32.6	28.8	3.5	0.3	0.9	0.1	
March	113.6	113.2	86.6	18.3	8.3	7.3	0.9	33.6	29.1	4.2	0.3	0.9	0.1	
April	116.1	115.7	86.3	20.8	8.7	7.5	0.9	34.0	28.9	4.8	0.3	0.9	0.1	
May #	116.9	116.5	82.8	24.3	9.5	8.1	0.9	33.7	27.7	5.7	0.3	1.0	0.1	
June	115.8	115.5	78.9	26.4	10.1	8.8	0.9	33.1	26.6	6.1	0.4	1.1	0.1	
July	115.5	115.1	78.1	26.1	10.9	9.5	0.9	33.4	27.3	5.6	0.4	1.2	0.1	
Change on year	52.9	52.7	32.5	15.9	4.3	-1.1	-0.2	14.7	11.0	3.5	0.2	-0.1	0.0	
Change %	84.4	84.4	71.3	154.9	65.1	-19.7		78.4	67.5	163.5	61.5		2.4	
Women														
2007														
July	21.5	21.4	15.6	3.4	2.4	11.4	0.6	8.2	6.9	1.2	0.2	2.1	0.0	
2008														
July	22.1	22.0	17.3	3.1	1.7	7.7	0.3	8.6	7.5	0.9	0.1	1.3	0.0	
August #	23.9	23.8	18.9	3.2	1.7	7.1	0.3	9.5	8.4	1.0	0.1	1.2	0.0	
September	24.2	24.2	19.1	3.3	1.7	7.0	0.3	9.8	8.6	1.0	0.1	1.2	0.0	
October	24.3	24.2	19.2	3.3	1.7	7.1	0.3	9.6	8.6	0.9	0.1	1.1	0.0	
November #	24.9	24.8	19.7	3.4	1.7	7.0	0.3	9.6	8.6	0.9	0.1	1.1	0.0	
December	26.4	26.4	20.9	3.6	1.8	6.8	0.3	10.1	9.0	1.0	0.1	1.2	0.0	
2009														
January	29.4	29.3	23.1	4.2	1.9	6.6	0.3	10.8	9.5	1.2	0.1	1.1	0.0	
February #	33.6	33.5	26.8	4.6	2.0	6.1	0.3	12.7	11.2	1.4	0.1	1.0	0.0	
March	34.8	34.7	27.5	5.1	2.2	6.2	0.3	12.9	11.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.0	
April	36.1	36.0	28.1	5.6	2.3	6.3	0.3	13.0	11.0	1.9	0.1	1.1	0.0	
May #	36.7	36.5	27.9	6.2	2.4	6.6	0.3	12.9	10.7	2.1	0.2	1.2	0.0	
June	36.9	36.8	27.7	6.5	2.6	7.0	0.3	13.2	10.8	2.2	0.2	1.2	0.0	
July	38.3	38.2	28.9	6.5	2.7	7.2	0.3	14.3	12.1	2.1	0.2	1.3	0.0	
Change on year	16.2	16.2	11.6	3.5	1.1	-0.5	0.0	5.7	4.5	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	
Change %	73.5	73.3	67.3	113.5	62.2	-12.5		66.8	60.1	120.6	75.9		53.6	

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

Yorkshire & The Humber

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2007												
July	41.8	26.2	8.4	7.2	17.3	0.8	12.5	6.3	2.0	4.3	34.1	2.2
2008												
July	44.5	30.2	8.3	6.0	13.5	0.7	11.9	8.1	1.9	1.9	16.2	0.7
August #	46.9	32.2	8.7	6.0	12.8	0.6	12.6	8.6	2.1	1.9	14.8	0.6
September	48.3	33.3	8.9	6.1	12.7	0.6	12.8	8.8	2.3	1.8	13.9	0.6
October	50.4	35.2	9.0	6.2	12.2	0.6	13.5	9.3	2.4	1.8	13.2	0.6
November #	55.1	39.5	9.3	6.4	11.5	0.6	14.9	10.5	2.6	1.8	11.9	0.5
December	61.3	44.7	10.0	6.6	10.8	0.6	16.2	11.5	2.9	1.8	11.1	0.4
2009												
January	68.0	49.7	11.3	7.0	10.3	0.6	18.4	13.3	3.2	2.0	10.6	0.4
February #	76.2	56.3	12.6	7.3	9.6	0.7	20.5	14.9	3.5	2.1	10.3	0.4
March	79.0	57.5	13.7	7.7	9.8	0.7	21.4	15.3	3.7	2.3	10.6	0.4
April	81.4	57.8	15.5	8.1	9.9	0.7	22.3	15.7	4.2	2.4	10.7	0.4
May #	82.7	56.0	18.0	8.7	10.6	0.7	22.7	15.4	4.7	2.7	11.7	0.3
June	82.6	53.7	19.6	9.3	11.2	0.7	22.5	14.7	4.9	2.9	12.9	0.3
July	82.3	52.5	19.9	9.9	12.1	0.8	22.4	14.3	5.0	3.1	13.9	0.3
Change on year	37.8	22.3	11.5	3.9	-1.4	0.1	10.5	6.1	3.2	1.2	-2.3	-0.4
Change %	84.8	74.0	138.2	65.5		15.2	87.9	75.5	169.3	61.2		-54.5
Men												
2007												
July	32.5	20.0	6.7	5.8	18.0	0.6	9.1	4.2	1.5	3.4	37.4	1.8
2008												
July	34.9	23.3	6.7	4.9	14.0	0.5	8.5	5.6	1.4	1.5	17.4	0.5
August #	36.6	24.7	7.0	4.9	13.3	0.5	8.9	5.9	1.5	1.4	16.1	0.5
September	37.8	25.8	7.1	5.0	13.1	0.5	9.1	6.0	1.7	1.4	14.9	0.4
October	39.8	27.6	7.3	5.0	12.5	0.5	9.7	6.5	1.8	1.3	13.9	0.4
November #	44.2	31.5	7.5	5.2	11.7	0.5	10.8	7.6	1.9	1.3	12.3	0.4
December	49.5	36.0	8.1	5.4	10.9	0.5	12.0	8.5	2.1	1.3	11.2	0.3
2009												
January	54.7	39.8	9.2	5.7	10.4	0.5	13.6	9.8	2.4	1.5	10.7	0.3
February #	61.1	44.9	10.3	6.0	9.7	0.5	15.2	11.0	2.6	1.6	10.4	0.3
March	63.2	45.6	11.3	6.3	9.9	0.5	15.8	11.3	2.8	1.7	10.8	0.3
April	64.7	45.3	12.8	6.6	10.1	0.5	16.5	11.5	3.1	1.8	10.9	0.3
May #	65.4	43.3	15.0	7.1	10.9	0.5	16.8	11.3	3.5	2.0	12.0	0.2
June	65.2	41.2	16.4	7.6	11.6	0.6	16.7	10.7	3.8	2.2	13.2	0.2
July	64.6	39.9	16.6	8.1	12.6	0.6	16.7	10.4	3.9	2.4	14.2	0.2
Change on year	29.7	16.6	9.8	3.2	-1.4	0.1	8.2	4.8	2.5	0.9	-3.2	-0.3
Change %	85.1	71.4	145.9	66.6		12.3	97.2	85.3	186.3	60.5		-55.0
Women												
2007												
July	9.3	6.2	1.7	1.4	14.9	0.2	3.5	2.1	0.5	0.9	25.5	0.4
2008												
July	9.7	6.9	1.6	1.1	11.7	0.1	3.5	2.5	0.5	0.5	13.1	0.2
August #	10.3	7.5	1.7	1.1	11.0	0.1	3.7	2.7	0.6	0.4	11.6	0.2
September	10.4	7.5	1.7	1.2	11.1	0.1	3.7	2.7	0.6	0.4	11.4	0.1
October	10.5	7.6	1.8	1.2	11.1	0.1	3.8	2.8	0.6	0.4	11.6	0.1
November #	11.0	8.0	1.8	1.2	10.8	0.1	4.0	2.9	0.7	0.4	10.9	0.1
December	11.8	8.7	1.9	1.2	10.5	0.1	4.2	3.0	0.7	0.4	10.7	0.1
2009												
January	13.3	9.9	2.1	1.3	9.8	0.1	4.8	3.5	0.8	0.5	10.2	0.1
February #	15.1	11.4	2.3	1.4	9.1	0.1	5.3	3.9	0.9	0.5	10.0	0.1
March	15.8	11.9	2.4	1.4	9.1	0.1	5.5	4.0	1.0	0.6	10.3	0.1
April	16.7	12.5	2.6	1.5	9.1	0.1	5.8	4.2	1.1	0.6	10.2	0.1
May #	17.2	12.6	3.0	1.6	9.4	0.2	5.9	4.1	1.1	0.6	10.9	0.1
June	17.4	12.5	3.2	1.7	9.8	0.2	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.7	11.9	0.1
July	17.7	12.6	3.3	1.8	10.2	0.2	5.8	3.9	1.2	0.7	12.9	0.1
Change on year	8.1	5.7	1.7	0.7	-1.5	0.0	2.3	1.3	0.6	0.3	-0.1	-0.1
Change %	83.8	82.5	105.6	60.4		26.9	65.4	53.6	124.7	63.6		-53.2

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Yorkshire & The Humber

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,515	2,445	72	366	515	941	551	71
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,560	2,480	63	384	514	953	566	80
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,574	2,482	60	395	523	948	556	92
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,588	2,495	60	396	532	949	558	92
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,592	2,498	64	393	535	951	555	94
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,610	2,520	66	399	540	955	560	89
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,613	2,518	60	399	544	950	565	94
	<i>Change on year</i>	39	36	0	3	21	3	10	3
<i>Change %</i>	1.5	1.5	0.1	0.8	4.0	0.3	1.7	2.8	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,370	1,350	39	203	284	497	327	19
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,399	1,374	31	217	284	505	337	26
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,407	1,377	28	221	294	505	330	30
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,414	1,385	28	218	299	506	333	29
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,418	1,389	32	217	300	505	335	29
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,429	1,404	33	222	304	505	340	25
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,430	1,402	32	222	304	504	340	28
	<i>Change on year</i>	23	25	4	1	10	-1	10	-2
<i>Change %</i>	1.7	1.8	15.0	0.6	3.5	-0.2	3.1	-5.5	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,146	1,095	34	163	231	444	223	51
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,161	1,106	32	167	230	448	229	55
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,167	1,105	32	175	229	443	225	62
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,173	1,110	32	178	233	442	224	63
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,174	1,109	32	176	235	445	220	65
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,180	1,116	32	177	237	450	220	64
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,183	1,116	28	177	240	446	225	66
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	11	-4	2	10	4	-1	4
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.0	-12.6	1.1	4.5	0.8	-0.3	6.7	
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	62.1	77.9	53.5	72.2	81.8	85.7	71.5	7.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	62.5	78.2	46.2	73.6	81.5	86.0	72.9	8.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	62.2	77.6	43.6	73.8	82.3	85.2	71.4	9.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	62.4	77.8	43.7	73.6	83.2	85.3	71.7	9.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	62.3	77.7	46.8	72.6	83.1	85.5	71.3	10.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	62.6	78.3	48.0	73.4	83.5	86.0	71.8	9.4
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	62.5	78.1	43.9	72.9	83.5	85.6	72.4	9.8
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.5	0.3	-0.9	1.3	0.4	1.0	0.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	69.6	82.9	56.6	78.7	91.2	91.5	73.3	5.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	70.1	83.1	44.7	80.9	90.3	92.2	74.4	7.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	69.5	82.1	39.1	79.7	91.8	91.8	71.8	8.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.6	82.3	40.2	78.3	92.5	92.1	72.4	8.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.6	82.3	45.5	77.4	92.1	91.9	72.5	8.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	69.9	82.9	47.5	78.7	92.6	91.8	73.5	7.1
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	69.7	82.5	45.2	78.3	91.9	91.7	73.3	7.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.4	6.1	-1.4	0.1	-0.2	1.4	-0.6
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	55.0	72.4	50.3	65.5	72.6	80.1	69.0	8.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	55.3	72.7	47.8	65.9	72.6	80.0	70.8	9.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	55.2	72.6	48.4	67.6	72.7	78.7	70.8	10.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	55.4	72.8	47.4	68.5	73.7	78.7	70.6	10.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	55.4	72.7	48.3	67.4	73.9	79.3	69.5	10.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	55.5	73.1	48.5	67.6	74.1	80.2	69.3	10.7
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	55.5	73.1	42.5	67.1	74.9	79.6	71.1	11.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.5	-5.9	-0.4	2.3	0.8	0.3	0.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Yorkshire & The Humber

10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically inactive									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,538	695	63	141	115	157	220	843
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,535	693	73	138	117	155	211	842
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,563	717	78	140	113	164	222	846
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,561	711	77	142	108	163	221	850
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,567	715	73	149	109	161	224	852
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,562	699	71	145	107	156	220	863
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,570	708	77	148	107	160	215	862
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	-9	-1	8	-5	-4	-7	16
	<i>Change %</i>	0.4	-1.3	-0.9	5.6	-4.8	-2.5	-3.2	1.9
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	599	278	30	55	27	46	120	321
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	596	279	38	51	30	43	116	318
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	617	300	43	56	26	45	129	317
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	617	297	42	60	24	43	127	320
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	620	299	38	63	26	45	127	321
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	616	289	37	60	24	45	123	327
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	623	297	38	62	27	46	124	326
	<i>Change on year</i>	6	-3	-5	5	1	1	-5	9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	-1.0	-10.5	9.5	2.1	1.8	-4.0	2.7
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	939	417	33	86	87	111	100	522
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	939	415	35	87	87	112	95	524
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	946	417	35	84	86	120	93	529
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	944	414	35	82	83	120	93	530
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	947	416	35	85	83	117	97	531
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	946	410	34	85	83	111	97	535
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	947	411	38	87	80	115	91	536
	<i>Change on year</i>	1	-6	4	3	-6	-5	-2	7
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	-1.5	11.0	3.1	-7.0	-4.1	-1.9	1.4
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	37.9	22.1	46.5	27.8	18.2	14.3	28.5	92.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	37.5	21.8	53.8	26.4	18.5	14.0	27.1	91.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	37.8	22.4	56.4	26.2	17.7	14.8	28.6	90.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	37.6	22.2	56.3	26.4	16.8	14.7	28.3	90.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	37.7	22.3	53.2	27.4	16.9	14.5	28.7	90.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	37.4	21.7	52.0	26.6	16.5	14.0	28.2	90.6
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	37.5	21.9	56.1	27.1	16.5	14.4	27.6	90.2
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.5	-0.3	0.9	-1.3	-0.4	-1.0	-0.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	30.4	17.1	43.4	21.3	8.8	8.5	26.7	94.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	29.9	16.9	55.3	19.1	9.7	7.8	25.6	92.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30.5	17.9	60.9	20.3	8.2	8.2	28.2	91.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30.4	17.7	59.8	21.7	7.5	7.9	27.6	91.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30.4	17.7	54.5	22.6	7.9	8.1	27.5	91.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30.1	17.1	52.5	21.3	7.4	8.2	26.5	92.9
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	30.3	17.5	54.8	21.7	8.1	8.3	26.7	92.1
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	-0.4	-6.1	1.4	-0.1	0.2	-1.4	0.6
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	45.0	27.6	49.7	34.5	27.4	19.9	31.0	91.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	44.7	27.3	52.2	34.1	27.4	20.0	29.2	90.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	44.8	27.4	51.6	32.4	27.3	21.3	29.2	89.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	44.6	27.2	52.6	31.5	26.3	21.3	29.4	89.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	44.6	27.3	51.7	32.6	26.1	20.7	30.5	89.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	44.5	26.9	51.5	32.4	25.9	19.8	30.7	89.3
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	44.5	26.9	57.5	32.9	25.1	20.4	28.9	89.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.5	5.9	0.4	-2.3	-0.8	-0.3	-0.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Economic Inactivity by reason									
		Total aged 16-59/64								Does not want job	
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other		Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	695	158	209	16	190	*	51	68	532	163
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	693	165	201	17	185	*	50	72	508	185
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	717	170	203	16	191	*	53	79	552	165
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	711	171	198	16	189	*	54	78	550	162
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	715	170	200	15	188	*	61	79	548	167
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	699	168	196	13	182	*	61	76	531	168
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	708	179	197	12	180	*	63	74	533	175
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9	9	-6	-5	-11	*	10	-4	-19	10
<i>Change %</i>	-1.3	5.0	-3.2	-27.9	-5.9	*	18.6	-5.4	-3.5	6.0	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	278	74	18	*	113	*	35	28	206	71
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	279	83	17	*	102	*	37	30	200	79
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	300	88	17	*	112	*	40	32	230	70
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	297	87	15	*	111	*	39	35	227	71
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	299	85	18	*	107	*	43	35	226	73
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	289	82	18	*	105	*	43	33	216	73
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	297	87	20	*	104	*	44	35	219	78
	<i>Change on year</i>	-3	-1	3	*	-8	*	5	3	-11	8
<i>Change %</i>	-1.0	-1.2	18.7	*	-7.1	*	11.6	9.3	-4.7	11.0	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	417	83	191	*	77	*	16	40	326	91
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	415	82	184	*	83	*	13	43	309	106
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	417	82	187	*	79	*	14	46	323	95
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	414	84	184	*	79	*	15	43	323	91
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	416	84	182	*	80	*	18	44	322	94
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	410	86	178	*	77	*	18	43	315	95
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	411	92	177	*	76	*	19	39	314	97
	<i>Change on year</i>	-6	10	-10	*	-3	*	5	-7	-9	2
<i>Change %</i>	-1.5	11.6	-5.1	*	-4.1	*	38.7	-15.6	-2.7	2.3	

Percentage of economically inactive (%)

People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	22.7	30.1	2.3	27.3	*	7.3	9.8	76.6	23.4
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	23.8	29.0	2.4	26.7	*	7.3	10.4	73.3	26.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	23.7	28.3	2.2	26.6	*	7.4	10.9	77.0	23.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	24.1	27.9	2.2	26.6	*	7.6	11.0	77.3	22.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	23.7	27.9	2.0	26.2	*	8.6	11.0	76.7	23.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	24.1	28.0	1.8	26.0	*	8.7	10.9	76.0	24.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	25.3	27.8	1.6	25.4	*	8.9	10.5	75.3	24.7
	Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	26.7	6.4	*	40.5	*	12.5	10.1	74.3	25.7
Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	29.9	6.3	*	36.8	*	13.3	10.6	71.6	28.4	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	29.3	5.5	*	37.2	*	13.2	10.7	76.6	23.4	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	29.3	4.9	*	37.3	*	13.2	11.6	76.2	23.8	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	28.5	6.0	*	35.8	*	14.5	11.7	75.5	24.5	
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	28.3	6.1	*	36.2	*	15.0	11.5	74.6	25.4	
Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	29.3	6.6	*	34.9	*	14.9	11.8	73.7	26.3	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	20.0	45.8	*	18.5	*	3.8	9.7	78.1	21.9
Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	19.7	44.3	*	19.9	*	3.2	10.3	74.5	25.5	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	19.7	44.7	*	19.0	*	3.3	11.1	77.3	22.7	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	20.3	44.4	*	19.0	*	3.6	10.5	78.0	22.0	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	20.3	43.7	*	19.3	*	4.3	10.5	77.5	22.5	
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	21.1	43.3	*	18.8	*	4.4	10.5	76.9	23.1	
Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	22.4	43.1	*	18.5	*	4.7	9.5	76.4	23.6	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵	Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	3,225	2,448	73.0	165	6.3	708	21.9	88,669	2.7	2,550	0.79
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	197	162	77.8	7	4.3	38	19.3	3,815	1.9	132	0.67
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	167	106	62.3	12	9.8	53	31.7	8,817	5.3	131	0.79
North East Lincolnshire UA	95	73	73.2	6	7.5	19	20.0	3,571	3.7	75	0.79
North Lincolnshire UA	96	77	75.0	5	6.0	19	20.1	2,617	2.7	80	0.83
York UA	126	105	78.7	5	4.5	22	17.6	2,029	1.6	112	0.89
North Yorkshire	356	296	80.5			58	16.5	5,307	1.5	312	0.88
Craven	33	27	74.6	1	3.0	7	21.3	346	1.1	34	1.05
Hambleton	51	42	79.9	2	3.8	9	18.1	616	1.2	48	0.93
Harrogate	97	82	82.2	3	3.3	16	16.3	1,047	1.1	87	0.90
Richmondshire	32	26	85.3	1	3.5	4	13.6	344	1.1	28	0.88
Ryedale	31	25	79.9	1	3.8	6	18.5	378	1.2	30	0.99
Scarborough	62	50	78.2	3	5.7	10	15.6	1,756	2.8	49	0.78
Selby	50	42	82.3	2	4.4	7	13.5	820	1.6	36	0.71
Barnsley	138	98	68.2	7	7.1	36	25.9	4,065	2.9	82	0.59
Doncaster	177	128	70.8	10	7.2	41	23.4	5,712	3.2	129	0.73
Rotherham	155	114	70.4	9	7.6	34	21.9	4,497	2.9	116	0.75
Sheffield	339	248	70.4	18	6.6	83	24.5	9,184	2.7	278	0.82
Bradford	306	224	70.4	18	7.3	74	23.9	9,819	3.2	220	0.72
Calderdale	124	97	74.7	6	6.0	26	20.7	3,624	2.9	94	0.76
Kirklees	249	191	73.7	13	6.4	50	20.3	6,725	2.7	179	0.72
Leeds	499	377	72.4	27	6.6	112	22.3	13,855	2.8	449	0.90
Wakefield	200	154	74.5	10	5.9	42	21.0	5,031	2.5	160	0.80

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹	Labour supply					Working age benefits		Labour demand ⁶		
	16-59/64 (000s)	Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
		Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁵ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁹ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	3,225	2,448	73.0	165	6.3	708	21.9	88,669	2.7	2,550	0.79
Barnsley Central	49	35	67.3	3	8.7	13	26.1	1,673	3.4	42	0.86
Barnsley East & Mexborough	54	35	67.8	3	8.0	13	26.2	1,704	3.2	25	0.46
Barnsley West & Penistone	52	41	72.5	3	6.3	12	22.4	1,212	2.3	24	0.47
Batley & Spen	54	45	72.2	4	8.8	13	20.9	1,443	2.7	39	0.72
Beverley & Holderness	60	50	75.2	3	5.0	13	20.5	1,157	1.9	39	0.64
Bradford North	59	49	66.1	4	7.8	21	28.3	2,445	4.1	48	0.81
Bradford South	61	58	74.6	5	8.2	14	18.6	1,979	3.2	33	0.54
Bradford West	70	31	51.3	4	11.8	25	41.6	2,855	4.1	70	1.01
Brigg & Goole	52	44	76.9	2	3.3	11	20.2	1,163	2.2	33	0.64
Calder Valley	63	52	78.9	2	3.7	11	18.0	1,364	2.2	41	0.65
Cleethorpes	55	43	75.2	3	6.6	10	19.2	1,359	2.5	38	0.69
Colne Valley	61	54	79.6	3	4.6	11	16.4	1,306	2.1	33	0.54
Dewsbury	54	37	70.0	4	9.1	11	22.6	1,498	2.8	39	0.72
Don Valley	54	37	71.1	3	7.4	12	23.8	1,312	2.4	23	0.42
Doncaster Central	55	39	65.5	4	10.2	15	26.7	2,202	4.0	75	1.36
Doncaster North	50	39	73.9	2	5.7	11	21.6	1,675	3.3	22	0.45
East Yorkshire	57	51	80.0	1	2.8	11	17.6	1,276	2.2	36	0.63
Elmet	55	51	77.8	1	1.7	13	21.2	817	1.5	34	0.61
Great Grimsby	54	39	70.2	4	10.0	12	21.7	2,538	4.7	49	0.92
Halifax	60	45	70.3	4	7.7	14	23.6	2,260	3.8	53	0.89
Haltemprice & Howden	53	39	77.5	1	2.7	9	20.2	658	1.2	37	0.70
Harrogate & Knaresborough	53	44	80.9	#	#	9	17.2	725	1.4	55	1.03
Hemsworth	55	39	67.2	2	5.5	16	28.7	1,313	2.4	30	0.55
Huddersfield	55	38	67.7	4	9.5	13	24.8	2,213	4.0	57	1.04
Keighley	56	37	79.4	1	3.2	8	17.7	1,339	2.4	37	0.65
Kingston upon Hull East	58	37	69.5	3	7.9	13	24.4	2,854	4.9	44	0.77
Kingston upon Hull North	63	40	54.0	3	7.9	30	41.2	3,141	5.0	25	0.41
Kingston upon Hull West & Hessle	54	36	69.9	4	9.3	11	22.8	2,999	5.5	69	1.28
Leeds Central	72	49	67.5	5	9.6	18	25.3	3,919	5.4	208	2.88
Leeds East	51	35	66.9	4	9.6	13	25.7	2,307	4.5	30	0.59
Leeds North East	55	41	71.7	2	4.2	14	25.0	1,470	2.7	23	0.42
Leeds North West	71	50	65.9	5	9.3	20	27.1	1,149	1.6	36	0.50
Leeds West	61	47	69.5	4	7.3	17	25.4	2,066	3.4	31	0.51
Morley & Rothwell	64	52	78.2	5	8.0	9	14.8	1,328	2.1	46	0.71
Normanton	54	40	80.8	2	4.4	7	15.2	869	1.6	44	0.82
Pontefract & Castleford	51	42	76.1	2	5.2	11	19.7	1,644	3.2	43	0.85
Pudsey	59	52	83.5	2	3.3	8	13.5	800	1.4	42	0.71
Richmond	57	47	79.8	1	2.8	10	17.8	695	1.2	55	0.97
Rother Valley	55	41	73.7	3	7.8	11	19.8	1,370	2.5	27	0.48
Rotherham	48	33	62.9	5	12.1	14	28.2	1,755	3.7	49	1.03
Ryedale	51	43	80.3	1	2.3	9	17.7	637	1.3	48	0.96
Scarborough & Whitby	56	47	78.9	3	6.9	8	15.0	1,622	2.9	45	0.81
Scunthorpe	49	39	75.3	3	6.7	9	19.2	1,676	3.4	48	0.98
Selby	67	55	81.9	3	4.8	9	13.9	904	1.3	48	0.71
Sheffield, Attercliffe	56	41	67.9	2	5.4	16	28.1	1,354	2.4	46	0.83
Sheffield, Brightside	48	30	64.8	2	5.0	14	31.6	2,014	4.2	29	0.61
Sheffield, Central	70	43	61.8	5	11.1	21	30.3	2,612	3.7	119	1.70
Sheffield, Hallam	50	35	70.7	3	8.7	10	22.2	519	1.0	35	0.70
Sheffield, Heeley	49	46	74.9	3	6.0	12	20.2	1,553	3.1	21	0.41
Sheffield, Hillsborough	62	52	82.0	1	2.8	10	15.5	1,132	1.8	28	0.45
Shipley	57	49	83.3	3	5.8	7	11.4	1,202	2.1	32	0.57
Skipton & Ripon	62	52	80.7	2	3.3	10	16.4	587	1.0	53	0.87

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
	Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷		
	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16+ Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Vale of York	60	53	82.7	~	0.9	10	16.5	578	1.0	50	0.84
Wakefield	64	51	77.7	3	5.9	11	17.1	1,470	2.3	54	0.85
Wentworth	52	40	74.4	4	9.0	9	18.0	1,372	2.6	41	0.79
York, City of	73	60	76.0	3	5.4	15	19.5	1,588	2.2	68	0.94

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

- Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
 - Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 - Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 - Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 - Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 - Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 - Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶	
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴	Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁹ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	3,225	2,448	73.0	165	6.3	708	21.9	88,669	2.7	2,550	0.79
Barnsley	148	105	68.6	9	7.6	38	25.5	4,334	2.9	..	..
Bradford	308	231	70.3	19	7.6	76	23.8	10,137	3.3	..	..
Bridlington & Driffield	37	31	76.3	1	3.9	8	20.4	1,103	2.9	..	..
Calderdale	123	97	74.7	6	5.6	26	20.7	3,624	3.0	..	..
Craven	32	27	74.6	1	4.7	7	21.3	346	1.1	..	..
Doncaster	177	128	70.8	11	7.7	41	23.4	5,712	3.2	..	..
Grimsby	120	94	74.1	8	7.6	24	19.5	4,056	3.4	..	..
Harrogate & Ripon	89	75	82.9	1	1.9	13	15.5	1,005	1.1	..	..
Hawes & Leyburn	5	4	81.3	#	#	1	18.7	38	0.7	..	..
Huddersfield	146	115	76.0	7	6.0	27	18.9	3,882	2.7	..	..
Hull	307	218	68.9	14	6.2	80	26.4	11,371	3.7	..	..
Leeds	587	446	72.2	33	6.9	133	22.3	16,383	2.8	..	..
Malton & Pickering	27	21	79.3	#	#	5	18.8	334	1.2	..	..
Northallerton & Thirsk	38	33	80.0	#	#	7	18.3	462	1.2	..	..
Richmond & Catterick	23	17	86.0	#	#	2	12.4	274	1.2	..	..
Scarborough	48	36	74.3	4	9.7	8	17.3	1,496	3.1	..	..
Scunthorpe	85	71	77.0	4	5.1	17	18.7	2,338	2.7	..	..
Sheffield & Rotherham	509	383	71.2	29	7.0	120	23.2	13,858	2.7	..	..
Wakefield & Castleford	207	159	74.9	9	5.4	42	20.6	5,119	2.5	..	..
Whitby	15	16	87.7	#	#	2	12.3	281	1.8	..	..
York	199	176	80.3	7	3.8	34	16.4	3,017	1.5	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶	
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴	Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ^f (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ^g (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	3,225	2,448	73.0	165	6.3	708	21.9	88,669	2.7	2,550	0.79
East Riding and North Lincolnshire											
Kingston upon Hull, City of	167	106	62.3	10	8.9	53	31.7	8,817	5.3	131	0.79
East Riding of Yorkshire	197	162	77.8	6	3.6	38	19.3	3,815	1.9	132	0.67
North & North East Lincolnshire	191	149	74.1	11	7.3	39	20.1	6,188	3.2	155	0.81
North Yorkshire											
York	126	105	78.7	5	4.5	22	17.6	2,029	1.6	112	0.89
North Yorkshire CC	356	296	80.5	11	3.6	58	16.5	5,307	1.5	312	0.88
South Yorkshire											
Barnsley, Doncaster & Rotherham	471	340	69.9	31	8.6	111	23.6	14,274	3.0	327	0.70
Sheffield	339	248	70.4	17	6.7	83	24.5	9,184	2.7	278	0.82
West Yorkshire											
Bradford	306	224	70.4	18	7.6	74	23.9	9,819	3.2	220	0.72
Leeds	499	377	72.4	27	6.9	112	22.3	13,855	2.8	449	0.90
Calderdale, Kirklees & Wakefield	573	441	74.2	30	6.6	118	20.6	15,380	2.7	433	0.76

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

Allowance. Averaged over 12 month

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

includes jobs only. Suitable

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Yorkshire & The Humber

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	115,457	38,337	153,794	6.8	2.5	4.8	52,851	16,239	69,090	3.1	1.1	2.1
East Riding of Yorkshire UA	4,801	1,759	6,560	4.6	1.9	3.3	2,310	727	3,037	2.2	0.8	1.5
Kingston upon Hull, City of UA	10,110	3,015	13,125	11.3	3.9	7.9	3,637	999	4,636	4.1	1.3	2.8
North East Lincolnshire UA	4,425	1,421	5,846	8.9	3.1	6.1	1,876	540	2,416	3.8	1.2	2.5
North Lincolnshire UA	3,729	1,213	4,942	7.4	2.7	5.2	1,955	543	2,498	3.9	1.2	2.6
York UA	2,713	1,017	3,730	4.1	1.7	3.0	1,339	462	1,801	2.0	0.8	1.4
North Yorkshire	6,752	2,459	9,211	3.6	1.5	2.6	3,260	1,065	4,325	1.7	0.6	1.2
Craven	486	156	642	2.8	1.0	2.0	252	64	316	1.5	0.4	1.0
Hambleton	781	330	1,111	2.8	1.4	2.2	371	156	527	1.3	0.7	1.0
Harrogate	1,492	593	2,085	2.9	1.3	2.2	762	303	1,065	1.5	0.7	1.1
Richmondshire	434	149	583	2.4	1.1	1.8	220	49	269	1.2	0.3	0.8
Ryedale	479	189	668	2.9	1.3	2.2	243	78	321	1.5	0.5	1.0
Scarborough	1,912	566	2,478	5.9	1.9	4.0	714	175	889	2.2	0.6	1.4
Selby	1,168	476	1,644	4.5	2.0	3.3	698	240	938	2.7	1.0	1.9
Barnsley	5,613	1,869	7,482	7.8	2.8	5.4	2,759	859	3,618	3.8	1.3	2.6
Doncaster	7,793	2,446	10,239	8.3	2.9	5.8	3,827	1,046	4,873	4.1	1.2	2.7
Rotherham	6,420	2,141	8,561	7.9	2.9	5.5	3,303	1,062	4,365	4.1	1.4	2.8
Sheffield	12,332	3,695	16,027	6.8	2.3	4.7	5,583	1,519	7,102	3.1	1.0	2.1
Bradford	11,977	4,036	16,013	7.5	2.8	5.2	4,949	1,594	6,543	3.1	1.1	2.1
Calderdale	4,718	1,601	6,319	7.3	2.7	5.1	2,149	677	2,826	3.3	1.1	2.3
Kirklees	9,050	3,049	12,099	7.0	2.6	4.9	4,303	1,304	5,607	3.3	1.1	2.3
Leeds	18,214	6,242	24,456	7.0	2.6	4.9	8,328	2,744	11,072	3.2	1.1	2.2
Wakefield	6,810	2,374	9,184	6.5	2.5	4.6	3,273	1,098	4,371	3.1	1.1	2.2

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Yorkshire & The Humber

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	115,457	38,337	153,794	6.8	2.5	4.8	52,851	16,239	69,090	3.1	1.1	2.1
Barnsley Central	2,219	758	2,977	8.7	3.2	6.1	1,020	349	1,369	4.0	1.5	2.8
Barnsley East & Mexborough	2,418	769	3,187	8.6	3.0	5.9	1,258	343	1,601	4.5	1.3	3.0
Barnsley West & Penistone	1,745	564	2,309	6.4	2.3	4.4	896	264	1,160	3.3	1.1	2.2
Batley & Spen	2,002	647	2,649	7.2	2.5	4.9	985	298	1,283	3.5	1.1	2.4
Beverley & Holderness	1,437	502	1,939	4.5	1.8	3.2	648	169	817	2.0	0.6	1.4
Bradford North	2,902	926	3,828	9.5	3.3	6.5	1,077	319	1,396	3.5	1.1	2.4
Bradford South	2,651	874	3,525	8.4	2.9	5.7	1,303	384	1,687	4.1	1.3	2.7
Bradford West	3,032	1,089	4,121	8.2	3.3	5.9	943	396	1,339	2.5	1.2	1.9
Brigg & Goole	1,525	567	2,092	5.5	2.3	4.0	787	257	1,044	2.9	1.0	2.0
Calder Valley	1,898	686	2,584	5.9	2.3	4.1	946	306	1,252	2.9	1.0	2.0
Cleethorpes	1,815	613	2,428	6.3	2.3	4.4	918	237	1,155	3.2	0.9	2.1
Colne Valley	1,924	649	2,573	6.1	2.2	4.2	1,011	322	1,333	3.2	1.1	2.2
Dewsbury	2,006	719	2,725	7.2	2.8	5.1	972	335	1,307	3.5	1.3	2.4
Don Valley	1,852	566	2,418	6.4	2.2	4.5	946	252	1,198	3.3	1.0	2.2
Doncaster Central	2,913	828	3,741	10.1	3.2	6.8	1,300	328	1,628	4.5	1.3	3.0
Doncaster North	2,259	830	3,089	8.7	3.4	6.1	1,166	369	1,535	4.5	1.5	3.0
East Yorkshire	1,492	516	2,008	4.9	1.9	3.5	688	204	892	2.3	0.8	1.6
Elmet	1,219	442	1,661	4.2	1.7	3.0	663	250	913	2.3	0.9	1.6
Great Grimsby	3,035	956	3,991	10.9	3.7	7.4	1,172	354	1,526	4.2	1.4	2.8
Halifax	2,820	915	3,735	9.1	3.2	6.2	1,203	371	1,574	3.9	1.3	2.6
Haltemprece & Howden	970	386	1,356	3.4	1.6	2.6	537	197	734	1.9	0.8	1.4
Harrogate & Knaresborough	1,012	381	1,393	3.7	1.5	2.6	503	192	695	1.8	0.8	1.3
Hemsworth	1,685	612	2,297	5.9	2.3	4.2	747	274	1,021	2.6	1.0	1.9
Huddersfield	2,681	896	3,577	9.4	3.4	6.5	1,064	298	1,362	3.7	1.1	2.5
Keighley	1,677	592	2,269	5.8	2.2	4.1	731	243	974	2.5	0.9	1.7
Kingston upon Hull East	3,258	995	4,253	10.6	3.7	7.4	1,179	321	1,500	3.8	1.2	2.6
Kingston upon Hull North	3,605	1,083	4,688	11.0	3.6	7.5	1,299	365	1,664	4.0	1.2	2.7
Kingston upon Hull West & Hessle	3,525	1,040	4,565	12.1	4.2	8.4	1,318	364	1,682	4.5	1.5	3.1
Leeds Central	4,517	1,456	5,973	12.2	4.2	8.3	1,595	546	2,141	4.3	1.6	3.0
Leeds East	2,868	959	3,827	11.0	3.8	7.5	1,234	371	1,605	4.7	1.5	3.1
Leeds North East	1,734	665	2,399	6.2	2.5	4.4	679	265	944	2.4	1.0	1.7
Leeds North West	1,532	566	2,098	4.2	1.7	3.0	697	270	967	1.9	0.8	1.4
Leeds West	2,955	899	3,854	9.3	3.0	6.3	1,449	386	1,835	4.6	1.3	3.0
Morley & Rothwell	2,038	733	2,771	6.2	2.4	4.3	1,162	371	1,533	3.5	1.2	2.4
Normanton	1,461	490	1,951	5.3	1.9	3.6	854	273	1,127	3.1	1.1	2.1
Pontefract & Castleford	1,997	688	2,685	7.5	2.8	5.3	857	268	1,125	3.2	1.1	2.2
Pudsey	1,351	522	1,873	4.4	1.8	3.2	849	285	1,134	2.8	1.0	1.9
Richmond	896	324	1,220	2.9	1.2	2.1	434	133	567	1.4	0.5	1.0
Rother Valley	1,980	696	2,676	6.9	2.6	4.8	1,087	332	1,419	3.8	1.2	2.6
Rotherham	2,401	790	3,191	9.6	3.5	6.7	1,131	397	1,528	4.5	1.7	3.2
Ryedale	828	302	1,130	3.1	1.3	2.2	441	130	571	1.7	0.5	1.1
Scarborough & Whitby	1,765	525	2,290	6.0	1.9	4.1	641	160	801	2.2	0.6	1.4
Scunthorpe	2,403	750	3,153	9.4	3.2	6.5	1,232	341	1,573	4.8	1.5	3.2
Selby	1,319	538	1,857	3.8	1.7	2.8	800	273	1,073	2.3	0.8	1.6
Sheffield, Attercliffe	2,056	570	2,626	7.0	2.1	4.7	1,065	265	1,330	3.6	1.0	2.4
Sheffield, Brightside	2,657	753	3,410	10.8	3.3	7.1	1,211	280	1,491	4.9	1.2	3.1
Sheffield, Central	2,975	905	3,880	7.8	2.8	5.5	998	273	1,271	2.6	0.9	1.8
Sheffield, Hallam	754	294	1,048	2.9	1.2	2.1	377	151	528	1.4	0.6	1.1
Sheffield, Heeley	2,152	641	2,793	8.3	2.7	5.6	957	293	1,250	3.7	1.2	2.5
Sheffield, Hillsborough	1,738	532	2,270	5.3	1.8	3.7	975	257	1,232	3.0	0.9	2.0
Shipley	1,715	555	2,270	5.8	2.0	4.0	895	252	1,147	3.0	0.9	2.0
Skipton & Ripon	820	301	1,121	2.5	1.1	1.8	429	133	562	1.3	0.5	0.9
Vale of York	799	354	1,153	2.5	1.3	1.9	428	173	601	1.3	0.6	1.0
Wakefield	2,104	722	2,826	6.3	2.4	4.4	1,086	334	1,420	3.2	1.1	2.2
Wentworth	2,039	655	2,694	7.6	2.6	5.2	1,085	333	1,418	4.0	1.3	2.7
York, City of	2,026	751	2,777	5.4	2.1	3.8	923	333	1,256	2.5	1.0	1.7

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.

Next publication: Wednesday 11 November 2009

Issued by: Office for National Statistics, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport
NP10 8XG

Media contact:

Tel **Media Relations Office 0845 604 1858**

Emergency on-call 07867 906553

E-mail **press.office@ons.gov.uk**

Statistical contacts:

Tel **Nick Palmer 01633 455839** (Labour Force Survey)

Tel **Bob Watson 01633 455070** (Claimant count, regional and local data)

Tel **Nick Barford 01633 456783** (Workforce jobs)

E-mail **labour.market@ons.gov.uk**

Website: www.ons.gov.uk