



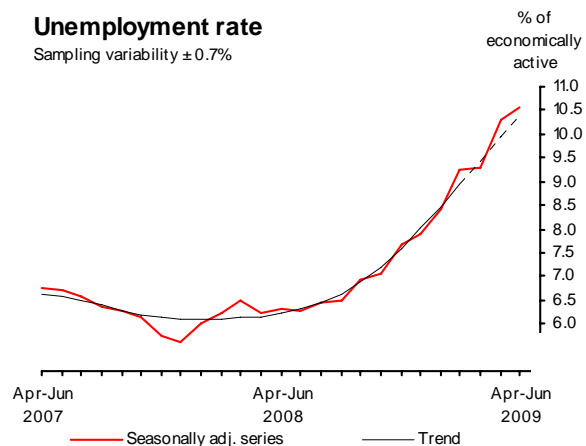
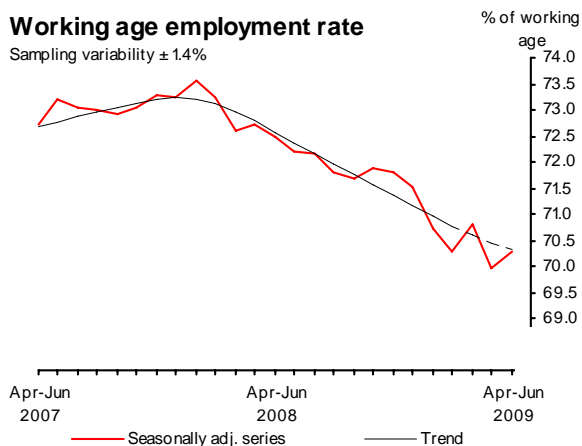
Labour market statistics

August 2009

Date: 12 August 2009

Coverage: West Midlands Theme: Labour Market

Labour Force Survey data for the West Midlands indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, and the rate in the latest period is significantly lower than a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago. The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to July 2009.



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Levels		Changes on year		Sampling variability of changes	
		(thousands)	Rates (%)	Levels	Rates	Levels	Rates
Employment*	Apr-Jun 09	2,414	70.3	-66	-2.2	± 70	± 1.7
Unemployment**	Apr-Jun 09	285	10.6	118	4.2	± 29	± 1.0
Economically active*	Apr-Jun 09	2,699	78.8	52	1.2	± 68	± 1.6
Economically inactive***	Apr-Jun 09	692	21.2	-39	-1.2	± 68	± 1.6
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2009	2,591		-60		..	
Claimant count	Jul 2009	178.9	6.5	76.7	2.8		

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

*** Levels and rates are for those of working age.

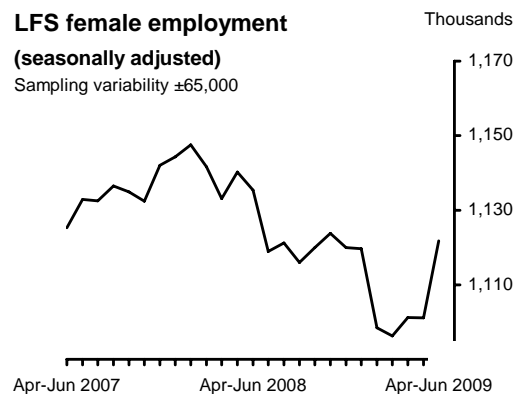
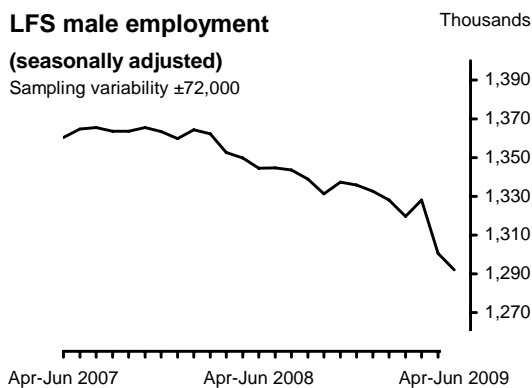
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Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the West Midlands was 70.3 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, down 2.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.41 million in the April to June 2009 period, down 66,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 66,000 on the same period a year earlier to 2.41 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 3.2 percentage points on a year earlier to 73.1 per cent.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of female employment, down 14,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.12 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 1.1 percentage points on a year earlier to 67.1 per cent.



Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 29,000 in the quarter to March 2009.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 82,000 in the year to March 2009. This was mainly due to decreases in the services and manufacturing sectors partly offset by a rise in the education, health and public administration sector.

Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from March 2008



SIC2003 groups shown in brackets

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the West Midlands was 10.6 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, up 4.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in April to June 2009 were 12.4 and 8.3 per cent respectively.

Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the West Midlands was 2.70 million in the April to June 2009 period.

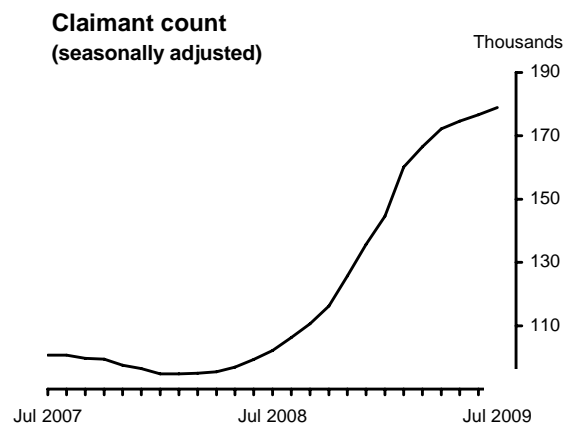
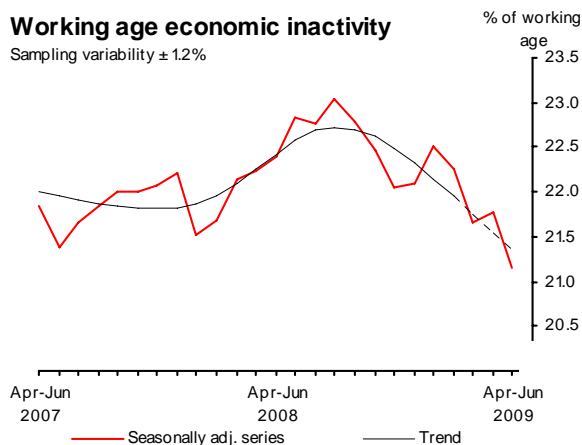
Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the West Midlands in April to June 2009 was 21.2 per cent, down 1.2 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the April to June 2009 period was 1.61 million, with 692,000 of these of working age, down 39,000 on the same period a year earlier.

Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in July 2009 was 6.5 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from June 2009, and up 2.8 percentage points since July 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in July 2009 was 178,900, up 2,200 on June 2009, and up 76,700 since July 2008.

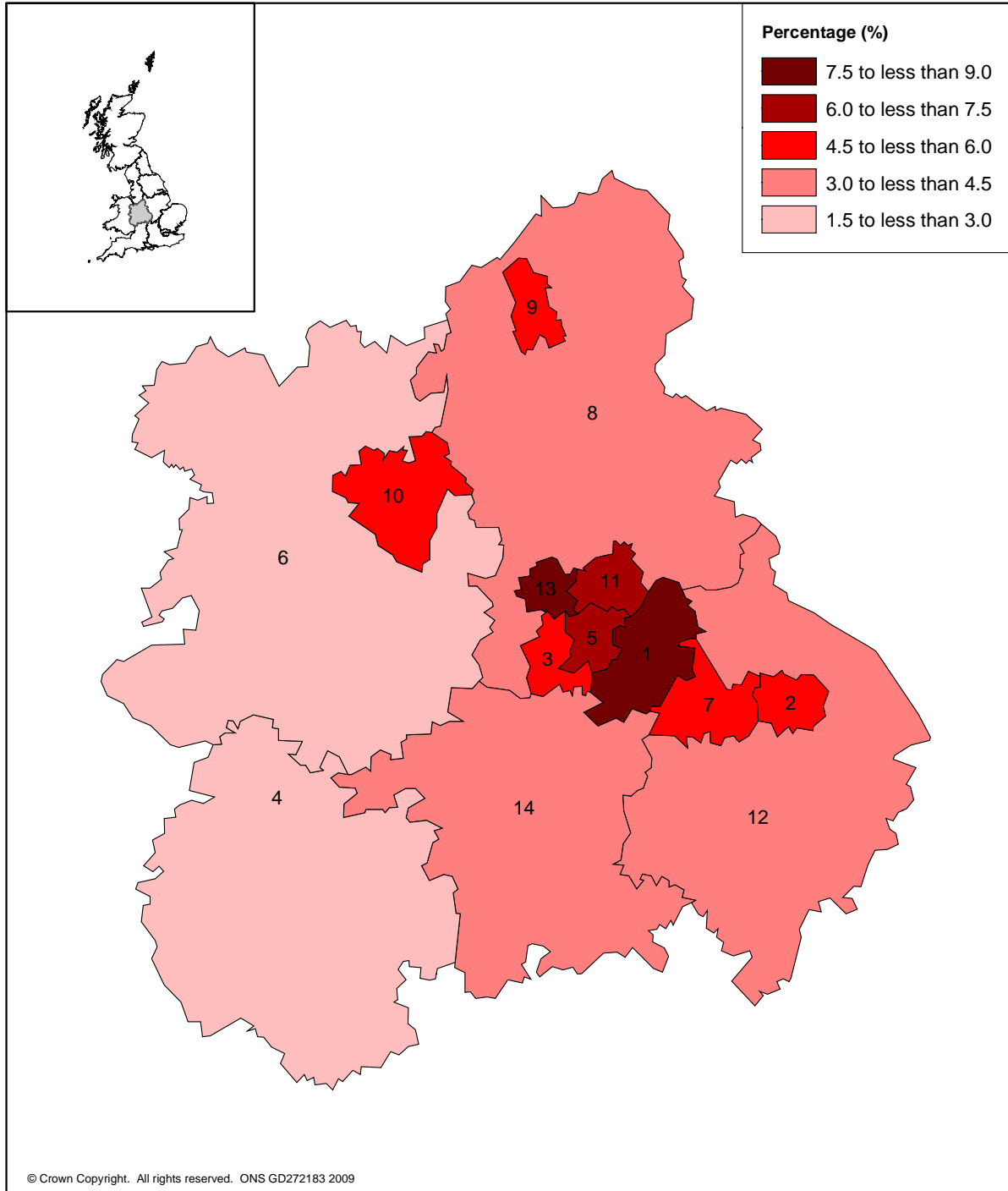


Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in South Shropshire, at 2.4 per cent. It was highest in Wolverhampton, at 7.9 per cent.

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA

July 2009 - West Midlands



1	Birmingham	7.8%	8	Staffordshire	3.7%
2	Coventry	5.7%	9	Stoke-on-Trent UA	5.9%
3	Dudley	5.8%	10	Telford and Wrekin UA	4.8%
4	Herefordshire, County of UA	2.9%	11	Walsall	7.2%
5	Sandwell	7.4%	12	Warwickshire	3.8%
6	Shropshire UA	2.9%	13	Wolverhampton	7.9%
7	Solihull	4.5%	14	Worcestershire	4.1%

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions to the data in this bulletin.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Bulletin can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this bulletin.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of ‘errors’ in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical ‘error’ but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable ‘errors’ such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	70.3	60	-0.02	0.06
Unemployment rate (%)	10.6	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	178.9	60	-0.07	0.27

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,591	20	21.15 *	22.15

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website

(http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf).

More information about the revisions material in this bulletin can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2008 to December 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2008 to December 2008.

NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional Statistical Bulletin will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

NEXT QUARTER'S STATISTICAL BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next quarter's Statistical Bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the April 2008 to March 2009 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for April 2008 to March 2009 along with the latest mid-year population estimates.

SPECIAL

Workforce Jobs estimates

Workforce jobs estimates, shown at Table 5 of this Statistical Bulletin are mainly sourced from employer surveys. However estimates for Construction and for Agriculture, forestry and fishing are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates for self-employment jobs, for all sectors, are also sourced from the LFS. The estimates for employee jobs in the Construction and Agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors, and to a lesser degree for the whole economy, from March 2009 may not be entirely consistent with those for previous quarters. There may be similar inconsistencies for self-employment jobs for all sectors, but not for whole economy self-employment jobs as any sectoral inconsistencies would cancel each other out. This is because, from 2009, the sectoral breakdown of LFS data which feeds into Workforce jobs estimates has been collected according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 and then mapped to SIC 2003 according to the assumed relationship between the two classifications. ONS currently plans to convert the Workforce Jobs estimates to SIC 2007 in the June 2010 edition of this Statistical Bulletin.

Population estimates in the APS

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this bulletin will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this bulletin are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this bulletin and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Bulletins*.

April to June 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	2,360	2,414	2,468	-72	-2	68	-136	-66	4
Employment rate	68.9%	70.3%	71.6%	-1.8%	0.0%	1.7%	-4.0%	-2.2%	-0.5%
Unemployment	261	285	309	8	39	70	89	118	146
Unemployment rate	9.8%	10.6%	11.3%	0.2%	1.3%	2.4%	3.2%	4.2%	5.2%
Economically active	2,646	2,699	2,752	-32	37	106	-17	52	120
Economic activity rate	77.6%	78.8%	80.1%	-0.5%	1.1%	2.7%	-0.4%	1.2%	2.8%
Economically inactive	639	692	744	-105	-36	34	-107	-39	29

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures April to June 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 38	± 15	± 37	± 39	± 2.0	± 1.2
North West	± 63	± 24	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.9
East Midlands	± 44	± 18	± 44	± 46	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 24	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.8
East	± 55	± 21	± 55	± 51	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 73	± 31	± 70	± 71	± 1.3	± 0.8
South East	± 66	± 23	± 65	± 61	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 43	± 15	± 42	± 44	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 20	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this bulletin, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this bulletin is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this bulletin is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this bulletin.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: *See hours worked.*

Annual Population Survey: Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this bulletin have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the bulletin.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market Statistical Bulletin and on the DWP website: <http://research.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to

calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available

from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6(1), measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=13574>

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this bulletin, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

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Media contact:

Tel **Media Relations Office 0845 604 1858**

Emergency on-call 07867 906553

E-mail **press.office@ons.gov.uk**

Statistical contacts:

Tel **Nick Palmer 01633 455839** (Labour Force Survey)

Tel **Bob Watson 01633 455070** (Claimant count, regional and local data)

Tel **Nick Barford 01633 456783** (Workforce jobs)

E-mail **labour.market@ons.gov.uk**

Website: www.ons.gov.uk

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Regional summary of labour market headline indicators¹

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for April - June 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,226	74.9	1,106	67.3	120	9.8	398	25.1
North West	3,419	77.8	3,129	71.1	290	8.5	935	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,638	78.4	2,405	71.2	233	8.8	701	21.6
East Midlands	2,333	81.3	2,163	75.2	170	7.3	512	18.7
West Midlands	2,699	78.8	2,414	70.3	285	10.6	692	21.2
East	2,999	82.4	2,805	76.9	194	6.5	609	17.6
London	4,033	75.8	3,673	68.9	359	8.9	1,234	24.2
South East	4,417	82.4	4,154	77.3	263	5.9	897	17.6
South West	2,701	82.1	2,529	76.7	172	6.4	557	17.9
England	26,465	79.5	24,379	73.0	2,086	7.9	6,535	20.5
Wales	1,430	75.6	1,322	69.7	108	7.6	437	24.4
Scotland	2,682	79.7	2,495	74.0	188	7.0	652	20.3
Great Britain	30,578	79.3	28,196	72.9	2,382	7.8	7,624	20.7
Northern Ireland	798	70.5	744	65.6	54	6.7	323	29.5
United Kingdom	31,368	79.0	28,933	72.7	2,435	7.8	7,955	21.0

Change on quarter (change since January - March 2009)⁴

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-27	-1.4	-42	-2.4	15	1.4	23	1.4
North West	3	0.0	-16	-0.4	19	0.5	-1	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	15	0.2	-9	-0.5	24	0.9	-6	-0.2
East Midlands	11	-0.1	5	-0.3	6	0.2	5	0.1
West Midlands	37	1.1	-2	0.0	39	1.3	-36	-1.1
East	-8	-0.3	-25	-0.7	16	0.6	11	0.3
London	-20	-1.0	-47	-1.5	27	0.7	52	1.0
South East	-13	-0.4	-40	-0.9	26	0.6	23	0.4
South West	-29	-0.7	-45	-1.3	15	0.6	23	0.7
England	-33	-0.3	-220	-0.9	188	0.7	95	0.3
Wales	-13	-0.8	-10	-0.7	-2	-0.1	15	0.8
Scotland	4	-0.1	-26	-0.9	31	1.1	2	0.1
Great Britain	-41	-0.3	-257	-0.9	216	0.7	112	0.3
Northern Ireland	-7	-0.9	-12	-1.3	5	0.7	10	0.9
United Kingdom	-52	-0.3	-271	-0.9	220	0.7	127	0.3

Change on year (change since April - June 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-25	-1.1	-51	-2.8	27	2.3	19	1.1
North West	42	0.6	-33	-1.2	75	2.1	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	19	0.1	-55	-2.2	74	2.8	3	-0.1
East Midlands	52	0.9	12	-0.5	40	1.6	-19	-0.9
West Midlands	52	1.2	-66	-2.2	118	4.2	-39	-1.2
East	45	0.9	-14	-0.8	59	1.9	-26	-0.9
London	-8	-1.1	-88	-2.6	80	2.0	66	1.1
South East	-8	-0.6	-86	-2.1	78	1.8	34	0.6
South West	29	0.1	-41	-2.1	70	2.6	0	-0.1
England	197	0.1	-424	-1.8	621	2.3	15	-0.1
Wales	-7	-0.9	-44	-2.9	37	2.6	17	0.9
Scotland	21	-0.3	-54	-2.5	75	2.7	10	0.3
Great Britain	211	0.0	-521	-1.9	732	2.4	42	0.0
Northern Ireland	-25	-2.8	-44	-4.5	19	2.6	32	2.8
United Kingdom	177	-0.1	-573	-2.0	750	2.4	83	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

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2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2009); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (July 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,152	617	535	86.7	7.2	66.5	10.2	20.2	3.6
North West	3,376	1,804	1,572	198.6	5.6	150.2	7.8	48.4	3.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,467	1,308	1,159	154.8	5.9	117.1	8.2	37.7	3.1
East Midlands	2,104	1,121	983	111.6	5.0	82.4	6.9	29.2	2.8
West Midlands	2,591	1,376	1,215	178.9	6.5	133.9	8.9	45.0	3.6
East	2,769	1,472	1,297	120.9	4.2	87.3	5.6	33.6	2.5
London	4,670	2,552	2,118	218.8	4.5	147.6	5.5	71.2	3.3
South East	4,282	2,213	2,069	155.0	3.4	111.8	4.7	43.2	2.0
South West	2,632	1,365	1,268	96.1	3.5	70.8	4.8	25.3	2.0
England	26,043	13,828	12,216	1321.4	4.8	967.6	6.5	353.8	2.8
Wales	1,314	675	639	79.4	5.6	60.2	8.1	19.2	2.9
Scotland	2,659	1,363	1,296	130.9	4.7	98.6	6.8	32.3	2.4
Great Britain	30,017	15,866	14,151	1531.7	4.8	1126.4	6.6	405.3	2.8
Northern Ireland	837	442	395	51.0	5.9	40.1	8.6	10.9	2.7
United Kingdom	30,854	16,308	14,546	1582.7	4.9	1166.5	6.7	416.2	2.8

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on June 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-4	3	-7	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
North West	-20	-11	-8	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-64	-37	-27	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.1
East Midlands	-76	-45	-30	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.1
West Midlands	-60	-41	-19	2.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.1
East	-25	-20	-5	1.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.1
London	-53	-40	-13	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	2.0	0.1
South East	-101	-89	-12	2.8	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.0	0.0
South West	-13	-19	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
England	-415	-299	-116	19.6	0.1	11.3	0.1	8.3	0.1
Wales	-33	-21	-12	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1
Scotland	-32	-23	-9	2.9	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1
Great Britain	-479	-343	-136	23.4	0.1	13.7	0.1	9.7	0.1
Northern Ireland	-6	-5	-1	1.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
United Kingdom	-485	-349	-137	24.9	0.1	14.8	0.1	10.1	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

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1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted

1 Summary of LFS¹ headline indicators

All aged 16 & over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHG	YCHT	YCJT	YCMT				YCNG	
People	Apr-Jun 2007	4,266	2,665	2,486	179	1,601	62.5	58.3	6.7	37.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,288	2,648	2,480	168	1,641	61.7	57.8	6.3	38.3
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,294	2,625	2,455	170	1,669	61.1	57.2	6.5	38.9
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,301	2,660	2,456	204	1,641	61.8	57.1	7.7	38.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	4,307	2,662	2,416	246	1,645	61.8	56.1	9.3	38.2
	Apr-Jun 2009	4,313	2,699	2,414	285	1,614	62.6	56.0	10.6	37.4
	Change on quarter	6	37	-2	39	-30	0.8	-0.1	1.3	-0.8
	Change %	0.1	1.4	-0.1	15.8	-1.9				
	Change on year	25	52	-66	118	-26	0.8	-1.9	4.2	-0.8
	Change %	0.6	1.9	-2.7	70.1	-1.6				
Men	Apr-Jun 2007	2,083	1,463	1,360	102	620	70.2	65.3	7.0	29.8
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,095	1,454	1,345	109	641	69.4	64.2	7.5	30.6
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,099	1,447	1,339	108	651	69.0	63.8	7.5	31.0
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,102	1,464	1,336	128	639	69.6	63.5	8.7	30.4
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,106	1,475	1,320	155	631	70.0	62.7	10.5	30.0
	Apr-Jun 2009	2,109	1,475	1,292	183	634	69.9	61.3	12.4	30.1
	Change on quarter	4	1	-28	28	3	-0.1	-1.4	1.9	0.1
	Change %	0.2	0.0	-2.1	18.1	0.5				
	Change on year	14	21	-52	74	-7	0.5	-2.9	4.9	-0.5
	Change %	0.7	1.5	-3.9	67.5	-1.1				
Women	Apr-Jun 2007	2,183	1,202	1,125	77	981	55.1	51.5	6.4	44.9
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,193	1,194	1,135	58	999	54.4	51.8	4.9	45.6
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,196	1,178	1,116	62	1,018	53.7	50.8	5.3	46.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,199	1,196	1,120	76	1,002	54.4	50.9	6.4	45.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,201	1,188	1,096	91	1,014	54.0	49.8	7.7	46.0
	Apr-Jun 2009	2,204	1,224	1,122	102	980	55.5	50.9	8.3	44.5
	Change on quarter	3	36	25	11	-33	1.6	1.1	0.7	-1.6
	Change %	0.1	3.1	2.3	11.8	-3.3				
	Change on year	11	30	-14	44	-19	1.1	-0.9	3.5	-1.1
	Change %	0.5	2.5	-1.2	74.8	-1.9				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIG	YCKG		LWDR
People	Apr-Jun 2007	3,260	2,548	2,371	177	712	78.2	72.7	6.9	21.8
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,262	2,532	2,365	167	731	77.6	72.5	6.6	22.4
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,264	2,512	2,343	169	752	77.0	71.8	6.7	23.0
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,265	2,545	2,344	201	720	77.9	71.8	7.9	22.1
	Jan-Mar 2009	3,267	2,540	2,296	244	727	77.7	70.3	9.6	22.3
	Apr-Jun 2009	3,269	2,577	2,297	281	692	78.8	70.3	10.9	21.2
	Change on quarter	2	37	0	37	-36	1.1	0.0	1.3	-1.1
	Change %	0.1	1.5	0.0	15.1	-4.9				
	Change on year	6	45	-68	114	-39	1.2	-2.2	4.3	-1.2
	Change %	0.2	1.8	-2.9	68.2	-5.3				
Men	Apr-Jun 2007	1,707	1,422	1,320	102	285	83.3	77.3	7.2	16.7
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,711	1,415	1,306	109	296	82.7	76.3	7.7	17.3
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,712	1,410	1,302	108	302	82.3	76.0	7.7	17.7
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,713	1,426	1,300	126	287	83.2	75.9	8.8	16.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,714	1,433	1,279	154	281	83.6	74.6	10.7	16.4
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,715	1,435	1,254	181	280	83.7	73.1	12.6	16.3
	Change on quarter	1	2	-25	27	-1	0.0	-1.5	1.9	0.0
	Change %	0.1	0.1	-2.0	17.6	-0.2				
	Change on year	4	20	-52	72	-15	0.9	-3.2	4.9	-0.9
	Change %	0.3	1.4	-4.0	65.8	-5.2				
Women	Apr-Jun 2007	1,553	1,126	1,051	75	427	72.5	67.7	6.6	27.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,551	1,117	1,059	58	435	72.0	68.2	5.2	28.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,552	1,102	1,042	61	449	71.0	67.1	5.5	29.0
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,552	1,119	1,044	75	433	72.1	67.2	6.7	27.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,553	1,107	1,017	90	446	71.3	65.5	8.1	28.7
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,553	1,142	1,043	100	411	73.5	67.1	8.7	26.5
	Change on quarter	1	36	26	10	-35	2.3	1.6	0.6	-2.3
	Change %	0.0	3.2	2.5	10.9	-7.8				
	Change on year	2	26	-16	42	-24	1.6	-1.1	3.6	-1.6
	Change %	0.1	2.3	-1.5	72.5	-5.5				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2; 9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)					
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYE	YXYT	YXZI			
	Mar 06	2,657	1,425	1,232			
	Mar 07	2,643	1,396	1,247			
	Mar 08	2,650	1,416	1,234			
	Jun 08	2,656	1,418	1,239			
	Sep 08	2,629	1,398	1,231			
	Dec 08	2,628	1,398	1,230			
	Mar 09	2,591	1,376	1,215			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-60	-41	-19			
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.3	-2.9	-1.6			
		Claimant count ¹					
		Levels			Rates (%) ²		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPBC	ZMPE	ZMPG	DPBN	ZMPF	ZMPH
2008							
	July	102.2	75.4	26.8	3.7	5.0	2.1
	August #	106.3	78.5	27.8	3.8	5.2	2.2
	September	110.6	81.8	28.8	4.0	5.5	2.3
	October	116.2	86.3	29.9	4.2	5.8	2.4
	November #	125.7	94.1	31.6	4.5	6.3	2.5
	December	135.7	101.9	33.8	4.9	6.8	2.7
2009							
	January	144.6	108.6	36.0	5.2	7.3	2.8
	February #	160.1	120.3	39.8	5.8	8.0	3.1
	March	166.5	125.1	41.4	6.0	8.4	3.3
	April	172.2	129.5	42.7	6.2	8.6	3.4
	May #	174.6	131.0	43.6	6.3	8.7	3.4
	June (r)	176.7	132.5	44.2	6.4	8.8	3.5
	July (p)	178.9	133.9	45.0	6.5	8.9	3.6
	<i>Change on period</i>	2.2	1.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	1.1	1.8			
	<i>Change on year</i>	76.7	58.5	18.2	2.8	3.9	1.4
	<i>Change %</i>	75.0	77.6	67.9			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

2 Employment by age

West Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,477	2,380	52	308	509	937	573	97
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,481	2,375	39	303	504	939	589	107
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,473	2,363	37	298	498	944	586	110
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,477	2,363	37	302	501	940	583	114
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,477	2,362	40	303	499	935	584	115
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,464	2,351	40	303	496	929	583	114
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,454	2,343	40	302	494	924	582	111
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-20	3	4	-3	-20	-5	2
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.8	8.5	1.4	-0.7	-2.1	-0.8	1.4
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,355	1,323	24	169	283	502	346	31
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,361	1,325	18	164	281	506	355	36
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,354	1,318	17	163	273	509	355	36
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,351	1,314	16	165	274	505	354	37
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,350	1,310	17	164	272	501	356	40
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,347	1,310	17	165	271	499	357	37
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,336	1,299	18	162	268	495	356	37
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-19	1	0	-6	-14	1	0
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.4	-1.4	4.9	-0.2	-2.0	-2.8	0.2	0.9
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,122	1,057	29	140	226	434	228	65
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,121	1,050	21	139	223	434	233	71
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,118	1,045	20	135	224	434	231	73
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,126	1,049	21	136	228	435	229	76
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,128	1,052	23	139	228	435	228	75
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,118	1,041	23	138	224	430	225	76
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,118	1,044	22	140	227	429	226	75
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	-1	2	4	2	-5	-5	1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-0.1	11.7	3.3	1.0	-1.3	-2.2	1.7
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	58.6	73.3	36.0	63.8	77.4	81.8	70.5	9.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	58.4	72.9	27.1	61.6	77.7	81.3	72.1	10.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57.9	72.4	25.1	59.6	77.3	81.5	72.1	10.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	58.0	72.4	25.2	60.2	77.8	81.2	71.7	11.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57.9	72.4	27.4	60.3	77.4	80.9	71.9	11.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	57.5	72.0	27.4	60.1	76.7	80.4	71.8	11.2
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	57.2	71.7	27.6	59.7	76.4	80.0	71.7	10.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.7	-0.7	2.5	0.1	-0.9	-1.5	-0.3	-0.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	65.8	78.1	31.9	68.4	86.5	88.2	72.6	8.6
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	65.7	77.8	24.6	65.4	87.3	87.9	74.0	9.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	65.0	77.1	22.9	63.9	85.5	88.4	73.6	9.7
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	64.8	76.9	21.1	64.7	85.5	87.7	73.3	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	64.6	76.6	22.8	64.2	84.8	87.0	73.7	10.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	64.4	76.5	22.2	64.3	84.7	86.8	73.9	9.8
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	63.8	75.9	24.5	63.0	83.5	86.2	73.5	9.6
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.2	1.6	-0.9	-2.0	-2.3	-0.1	-0.1
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	51.8	68.1	40.2	58.9	68.4	75.4	67.6	10.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	51.5	67.5	29.7	57.6	68.2	74.7	69.4	11.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	51.2	67.3	27.4	55.2	69.3	74.6	69.8	11.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	51.5	67.5	29.5	55.4	70.2	74.8	69.3	12.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	51.5	67.7	32.2	56.3	70.1	74.8	69.2	11.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	51.0	67.0	32.8	55.8	68.9	74.0	68.6	12.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	50.9	67.1	30.8	56.3	69.4	73.9	69.1	11.6
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.1	3.4	1.1	0.1	-0.7	-0.8	0.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

West Midlands

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment					Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,477	2,176	284	*	10	1,838	635	78	105
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,481	2,166	297	*	12	1,835	646	85	114
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,473	2,163	293	*	*	1,846	625	86	115
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,477	2,169	293	*	*	1,841	633	83	110
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,477	2,164	300	*	*	1,846	627	82	104
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,464	2,153	297	*	*	1,836	624	81	103
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,454	2,151	288	*	*	1,829	620	83	105
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-13	-5	*	*	-17	-5	-2	-10
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.6	-1.6	*	*	-0.9	-0.8	-2.7	-9.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,355	1,137	211	*	*	1,211	142	31	54
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,361	1,130	219	*	*	1,215	145	32	56
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,354	1,125	222	*	*	1,210	143	38	58
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,351	1,119	226	*	*	1,202	147	35	55
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,350	1,111	231	*	*	1,203	144	34	53
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,347	1,112	228	*	*	1,203	142	35	53
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,336	1,107	221	*	*	1,192	141	35	50
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-18	-1	*	*	-18	-2	-3	-8
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.4	-1.6	-0.4	*	*	-1.5	-1.4	-7.0	-13.1
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,122	1,039	73	*	*	627	493	47	51
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,121	1,035	77	*	*	619	501	53	59
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,118	1,039	71	*	*	636	482	48	58
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,126	1,051	67	*	*	639	486	48	54
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,128	1,053	68	*	*	643	483	49	50
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,118	1,041	69	*	*	634	482	46	51
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,118	1,044	67	*	*	637	479	48	55
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	5	-4	*	*	1	-3	0	-3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	0.5	-5.2	*	*	0.2	-0.6	0.8	-5.0

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	105	29	34	41	625	50	467	102
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	114	26	38	51	631	55	480	95
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	115	30	34	51	613	57	472	83
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	110	29	30	50	623	59	476	86
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	104	27	29	47	619	62	468	88
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	103	25	31	48	615	61	463	89
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	105	23	33	49	611	57	460	92
	<i>Change on year</i>	-10	-7	-1	-2	-2	0	-12	9
	<i>Change %</i>	-9.1	-23.2	-3.7	-4.5	-0.3	0.6	-2.5	10.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.
2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.
3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.
4. Employees and self-employed.

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EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

West Midlands

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2 3}

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYE			
All jobs	Mar 05	2,652	2,325	317	10
	Mar 06	2,657	2,328	322	8
	Mar 07	2,643	2,322	317	5
	Mar 08	2,650	2,339	306	5
	Jun 08	2,656	2,346	306	5
	Sep 08	2,629	2,326	298	5
	Dec 08	2,628	2,319	304	5
	Mar 09	2,591	2,258	319	14
	<i>Change on year</i>	-60	-82	13	9
<i>Change %</i>	-2.3	-3.5	4.1	178.8	
		YXYT			
Male jobs	Mar 05	1,405	1,170	229	5
	Mar 06	1,425	1,186	235	4
	Mar 07	1,396	1,167	227	3
	Mar 08	1,416	1,186	228	3
	Jun 08	1,418	1,193	222	3
	Sep 08	1,398	1,179	217	3
	Dec 08	1,398	1,165	231	3
	Mar 09	1,376	1,127	240	9
	<i>Change on year</i>	-41	-59	13	6
<i>Change %</i>	-2.9	-5.0	5.6	215.5	
		YXZI			
Female jobs	Mar 05	1,246	1,155	87	4
	Mar 06	1,232	1,142	87	3
	Mar 07	1,247	1,155	90	2
	Mar 08	1,234	1,153	78	2
	Jun 08	1,239	1,153	84	2
	Sep 08	1,231	1,148	81	2
	Dec 08	1,230	1,154	73	2
	Mar 09	1,215	1,131	78	6
	<i>Change on year</i>	-19	-23	0	3
<i>Change %</i>	-1.6	-2.0	0.1	135.6	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark.

Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

West Midlands

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries	Manufacturing Industries	Construction	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services	Education, health, public admin & other services	
		All jobs A-O	A,B	C,E	D	F	G-K	L-O	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Mar 06	2,338	2,328	14	13	358	99	1,105	738
	Mar 07	2,332	2,322	10	12	335	109	1,116	740
	Mar 08	2,350	2,339	22	13	324	118	1,133	729
	Jun 08	2,349	2,346	25	13	322	116	1,138	732
	Sep 08	2,328	2,326	25	13	314	117	1,123	734
	Dec 08	2,301	2,319	23	13	304	125	1,116	738
	Mar 09	2,271	2,258	18	13	289	121	1,077	740
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-29							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.3							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-79	-82	-4	0	-35	2	-56	11
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.4	-3.5	-19.1	2.3	-10.8	1.8	-5.0	1.5
Male jobs	Mar 06	1,192	1,186	10	9	276	83	594	214
	Mar 07	1,173	1,167	7	8	257	92	588	214
	Mar 08	1,193	1,186	15	8	250	100	604	208
	Jun 08	1,194	1,193	18	9	248	99	609	212
	Sep 08	1,177	1,179	18	9	243	99	598	212
	Dec 08	1,156	1,165	17	8	234	105	590	210
	Mar 09	1,136	1,127	14	9	222	101	570	210
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-20							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.7							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-57	-59	0	0	-28	0	-34	2
	<i>Change %</i>	-4.8	-5.0	-2.0	2.9	-11.0	0.1	-5.6	0.9
Female jobs	Mar 06	1,146	1,142	4	4	82	16	511	524
	Mar 07	1,159	1,155	3	4	79	16	528	525
	Mar 08	1,157	1,153	8	4	74	18	529	521
	Jun 08	1,154	1,153	7	4	74	18	529	520
	Sep 08	1,152	1,148	7	4	72	18	525	522
	Dec 08	1,145	1,154	6	4	71	20	526	528
	Mar 09	1,135	1,131	4	4	67	20	506	530
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-10							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.9							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-22	-23	-4	0	-7	2	-22	9
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.9	-2.0	-52.0	1.1	-10.0	10.9	-4.3	1.8

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

West Midlands

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹²	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work				
			All workers ¹		Full-time ³		Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5	
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	80	32.1	37.3	15.8	9.5	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	80	32.0	37.3	15.8	9.3	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	80	32.4	37.5	15.8	10.1	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	80	32.3	37.5	15.8	9.9	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	80	32.3	37.5	15.9	10.0	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	79	32.2	37.3	15.9	10.1	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	79	32.3	37.5	15.9	10.0	
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	
<i>Change %</i>		-1.0	-0.2	-0.2	0.7	-1.3	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	50	36.7	38.8	15.9	11.0	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	50	36.8	39.0	16.1	9.2	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	50	37.2	39.3	16.1	10.6	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	50	37.0	39.3	16.3	11.0	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	50	37.1	39.3	16.4	11.2	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	50	36.9	39.0	16.1	10.9	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	50	37.1	39.3	16.4	11.2	
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	-0.1	0.0	0.3	0.6	
<i>Change %</i>		-1.5	-0.2	-0.1	1.6	6.0	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	30	26.6	34.3	15.8	8.6	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	29	26.2	33.9	15.7	9.5	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30	26.6	34.2	15.7	9.8	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30	26.6	34.2	15.7	9.1	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30	26.6	34.1	15.8	9.1	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30	26.5	34.0	15.8	9.5	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	30	26.6	34.1	15.8	9.1	
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.0	-0.1	0.1	-0.7	
<i>Change %</i>		-0.1	0.0	-0.3	0.4	-6.8	

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jan 07 - Dec 07									
Less than 6 Hours	1.0	0.6	1.5	0.8	0.4	1.3	1.5	0.9	3.2
6 up to 15 hours	6.8	2.9	11.6	6.6	2.7	10.9	7.5	3.3	20.7
16 up to 30 hours	18.2	7.7	31.0	18.3	6.5	31.1	17.4	13.4	30.0
31 up to 45 hours	53.8	59.4	47.0	55.7	62.7	48.2	40.0	43.0	30.6
Over 45 hours	20.2	29.5	8.9	18.5	27.7	8.5	33.6	39.3	15.5
Total (thousands)	2,473	1,354	1,118	2,163	1,125	1,039	293	222	71
Oct 07 - Sep 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.1	0.5	1.7	0.9	0.3	1.5	2.2	1.5	4.8
6 up to 15 hours	6.7	2.9	11.3	6.5	2.8	10.5	7.3	3.0	21.5
16 up to 30 hours	18.3	8.1	30.6	18.6	7.1	30.9	16.1	12.7	27.5
31 up to 45 hours	54.1	59.3	47.7	55.7	62.0	48.9	43.1	47.0	30.1
Over 45 hours	19.9	29.1	8.7	18.4	27.9	8.2	31.2	35.8	16.1
Total (thousands)	2,464	1,347	1,118	2,153	1,112	1,041	297	228	69
Jan 08 - Dec 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.7	1.9	1.0	0.4	1.7	2.4	1.8	4.4
6 up to 15 hours	6.4	2.7	10.9	6.3	2.5	10.3	6.9	3.0	19.4
16 up to 30 hours	18.2	8.1	30.3	18.6	7.2	30.6	16.0	12.3	28.1
31 up to 45 hours	54.4	59.5	48.2	55.8	61.9	49.3	44.2	47.7	32.5
Over 45 hours	19.7	29.0	8.5	18.3	27.9	8.1	30.6	35.2	15.7
Total (thousands)	2,454	1,336	1,118	2,151	1,107	1,044	288	221	67

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

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CLAIMANT COUNT

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

West Midlands

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2008	DPBC	DPBN			BCKG	DPAR
	July	102.2	3.7	26.0	23.2	102.4	3.7
	August #	106.3	3.8	27.1	23.4	108.3	3.9
	September	110.6	4.0	28.2	23.9	110.8	4.0
	October	116.2	4.2	29.5	24.1	112.4	4.1
	November #	125.7	4.5	31.8	23.1	121.5	4.4
	December	135.7	4.9	34.9	24.4	132.7	4.8
	2009						
	January	144.6	5.2	35.2	24.9	146.8	5.3
	February #	160.1	5.8	38.8	26.5	166.4	6.0
	March	166.5	6.0	37.5	28.8	173.1	6.3
	April	172.2	6.2	37.6	30.2	178.1	6.4
	May #	174.6	6.3	36.7	33.0	177.5	6.4
	June (r)	176.7	6.4	36.1	33.4	176.6	6.4
	July (p)	178.9	6.5	36.3	34.6	177.8	6.4
	Change on month	2.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	1.1	0.0
	Change %	1.2		0.6	3.6	0.6	
	Change on year	76.7	2.8	10.3	11.4	75.4	2.7
	Change %	75.0		39.6	49.1	73.7	
Men	2008	ZMPE	ZMPF				
	July	75.4	5.0	18.6	16.3	75.1	5.0
	August #	78.5	5.2	19.4	16.4	78.9	5.3
	September	81.8	5.5	20.3	16.9	80.8	5.4
	October	86.3	5.8	21.3	17.0	82.6	5.5
	November #	94.1	6.3	23.2	16.3	90.7	6.1
	December	101.9	6.8	25.4	17.4	100.4	6.7
	2009						
	January	108.6	7.3	25.2	17.6	110.8	7.4
	February #	120.3	8.0	27.8	18.7	125.4	8.4
	March	125.1	8.4	26.8	20.3	130.4	8.7
	April	129.5	8.6	26.7	21.1	133.9	8.9
	May #	131.0	8.7	26.2	23.7	133.5	8.9
	June (r)	132.5	8.8	25.7	23.8	132.6	8.9
	July (p)	133.9	8.9	25.8	24.6	132.4	8.8
	Change on month	1.4	0.1	0.1	0.8	-0.2	0.0
	Change %	1.1		0.4	3.4	-0.1	
	Change on year	58.5	3.9	7.2	8.3	57.3	3.8
	Change %	77.6		38.7	50.9	76.4	
Women	2008	ZMPG	ZMPH				
	July	26.8	2.1	7.4	6.9	27.3	2.2
	August #	27.8	2.2	7.7	7.0	29.4	2.3
	September	28.8	2.3	7.9	7.0	30.0	2.4
	October	29.9	2.4	8.2	7.1	29.8	2.4
	November #	31.6	2.5	8.6	6.8	30.7	2.4
	December	33.8	2.7	9.5	7.0	32.3	2.6
	2009						
	January	36.0	2.8	10.0	7.3	36.0	2.8
	February #	39.8	3.1	11.0	7.8	41.0	3.2
	March	41.4	3.3	10.7	8.5	42.7	3.4
	April	42.7	3.4	10.9	9.1	44.2	3.5
	May #	43.6	3.4	10.5	9.3	44.0	3.5
	June (r)	44.2	3.5	10.4	9.6	44.1	3.5
	July (p)	45.0	3.6	10.5	10.0	45.4	3.6
	Change on month	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.4	1.3	0.1
	Change %	1.8		1.0	4.2	3.0	
	Change on year	18.2	1.4	3.1	3.1	18.1	1.4
	Change %	67.9		41.9	44.9	66.1	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

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NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis@ at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

West Midlands

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
People													
2007													
July	101.1	100.4	60.3	19.1	20.9	20.9	7.2	30.6	23.7	5.3	1.6	5.4	0.4
2008													
July	102.4	101.8	69.8	16.7	15.3	15.0	5.2	32.2	26.9	4.2	1.1	3.5	0.3
August #	108.3	107.9	74.9	17.8	15.2	14.1	5.0	34.7	28.9	4.7	1.1	3.2	0.4
September	110.8	110.2	77.1	17.9	15.2	13.8	4.9	35.9	30.2	4.6	1.1	3.2	0.3
October	112.4	111.9	79.2	17.7	15.0	13.4	4.8	35.4	30.1	4.2	1.1	3.1	0.3
November #	121.5	120.9	88.0	18.0	14.9	12.3	4.7	37.5	32.3	4.1	1.1	3.0	0.3
December	132.7	132.2	97.9	19.0	15.2	11.5	4.7	40.4	35.0	4.3	1.1	2.8	0.3
2009													
January	146.8	146.3	108.9	21.8	15.6	10.7	4.7	43.6	37.3	5.2	1.1	2.6	0.3
February #	166.4	165.9	125.6	24.0	16.2	9.8	4.7	49.9	43.0	5.8	1.2	2.3	0.3
March	173.1	172.5	129.0	26.8	16.7	9.7	4.6	51.4	43.2	7.0	1.1	2.2	0.3
April	178.1	177.4	130.4	30.0	17.1	9.6	4.6	51.7	42.8	7.8	1.2	2.2	0.3
May #	177.5	177.0	124.6	34.5	17.9	10.1	4.6	50.8	40.8	8.8	1.2	2.4	0.3
June	176.6	176.0	120.1	37.2	18.6	10.6	4.7	50.4	40.0	9.1	1.3	2.5	0.3
July	177.8	177.2	120.2	37.4	19.6	11.1	4.7	52.2	42.6	8.3	1.4	2.6	0.3
Change on year	75.4	75.4	50.3	20.7	4.3	-3.9	-0.4	20.0	15.7	4.0	0.2	-0.9	0.0
Change %	73.7	74.1	72.1	124.2	28.5		-8.6	62.1	58.6	95.0	20.7		-6.5
Men													
2007													
July	74.1	73.7	42.6	14.4	16.7	22.6	5.9	20.4	15.8	3.5	1.1	5.6	0.3
2008													
July	75.1	74.6	50.0	12.6	12.0	16.1	4.1	21.7	18.1	2.9	0.7	3.4	0.2
August #	78.9	78.6	53.2	13.5	11.9	15.1	4.0	23.2	19.3	3.2	0.7	3.1	0.2
September	80.8	80.4	54.8	13.7	11.9	14.8	3.9	24.0	20.1	3.2	0.7	3.1	0.2
October	82.6	82.3	57.0	13.6	11.7	14.2	3.8	23.9	20.3	3.0	0.7	2.9	0.2
November #	90.7	90.4	64.8	13.9	11.7	13.0	3.7	25.9	22.2	2.9	0.7	2.8	0.2
December	100.4	100.1	73.4	14.7	12.0	12.0	3.7	28.5	24.7	3.0	0.7	2.6	0.2
2009													
January	110.8	110.4	81.3	16.7	12.3	11.2	3.7	30.8	26.4	3.6	0.8	2.5	0.2
February #	125.4	125.0	93.7	18.4	12.9	10.3	3.7	35.2	30.4	4.0	0.8	2.2	0.2
March	130.4	129.9	96.2	20.5	13.2	10.2	3.6	36.4	30.8	4.8	0.8	2.1	0.2
April	133.9	133.4	96.7	23.1	13.6	10.2	3.6	36.6	30.4	5.4	0.8	2.1	0.2
May #	133.5	133.1	91.8	27.0	14.3	10.7	3.7	36.1	28.9	6.3	0.8	2.3	0.2
June	132.6	132.1	87.8	29.5	14.9	11.3	3.7	35.6	28.1	6.6	0.9	2.5	0.2
July	132.4	132.0	86.8	29.5	15.7	11.9	3.7	36.2	29.3	6.0	1.0	2.6	0.2
Change on year	57.3	57.3	36.8	16.9	3.7	-4.2	-0.4	14.5	11.1	3.1	0.2	-0.8	0.0
Change %	76.4	76.8	73.6	133.4	30.6		-10.0	66.7	61.5	108.9	29.1		-10.0
Women													
2007													
July	26.9	26.7	17.7	4.7	4.3	16.0	1.3	10.1	7.9	1.7	0.5	4.9	0.1
2008													
July	27.3	27.1	19.8	4.0	3.2	11.9	1.0	10.5	8.8	1.4	0.4	3.6	0.1
August #	29.4	29.2	21.7	4.3	3.3	11.2	1.0	11.5	9.6	1.5	0.4	3.4	0.1
September	30.0	29.8	22.3	4.2	3.3	11.2	1.0	11.9	10.1	1.4	0.4	3.4	0.1
October	29.8	29.6	22.2	4.1	3.3	11.1	1.0	11.5	9.8	1.3	0.4	3.5	0.1
November #	30.7	30.5	23.3	4.1	3.2	10.5	1.0	11.6	10.0	1.2	0.4	3.3	0.1
December	32.3	32.1	24.5	4.4	3.2	10.1	1.0	11.9	10.2	1.3	0.4	3.2	0.1
2009													
January	36.0	35.9	27.5	5.1	3.3	9.2	1.0	12.8	10.9	1.6	0.4	3.0	0.1
February #	41.0	40.9	31.9	5.6	3.4	8.3	1.0	14.7	12.5	1.7	0.4	2.6	0.1
March	42.7	42.5	32.8	6.3	3.5	8.1	1.0	15.0	12.5	2.1	0.4	2.6	0.1
April	44.2	44.0	33.6	6.9	3.5	8.0	1.0	15.1	12.4	2.3	0.4	2.4	0.1
May #	44.0	43.9	32.8	7.4	3.6	8.3	1.0	14.7	11.9	2.5	0.4	2.6	0.1
June	44.1	43.9	32.3	7.8	3.8	8.6	1.0	14.8	11.9	2.5	0.4	2.6	0.1
July	45.4	45.2	33.4	7.9	3.9	8.6	1.0	16.0	13.4	2.2	0.4	2.5	0.1
Change on year	18.1	18.1	13.6	3.9	0.7	-3.3	0.0	5.5	4.6	0.9	0.0	-1.1	0.0
Change %	66.1	66.7	68.3	95.4	20.7		-2.6	52.5	52.6	65.4	4.2		0.9

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

West Midlands

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2007												
July	52.9	28.5	10.9	13.5	25.5	3.8	16.1	7.5	2.8	5.8	36.0	3.0
2008												
July	54.1	33.5	10.0	10.6	19.6	3.2	14.8	8.9	2.4	3.5	23.9	1.6
August #	56.9	35.8	10.5	10.7	18.7	3.1	15.6	9.7	2.5	3.4	21.9	1.5
September	58.0	36.6	10.7	10.7	18.5	3.1	15.9	9.9	2.6	3.4	21.2	1.5
October	59.5	38.2	10.7	10.6	17.8	3.1	16.5	10.5	2.7	3.3	19.9	1.4
November #	64.6	43.1	11.0	10.6	16.3	3.0	18.3	12.2	2.8	3.3	17.8	1.4
December	71.0	48.6	11.6	10.8	15.3	3.0	20.2	13.8	3.2	3.2	16.0	1.3
2009												
January	78.9	54.8	13.0	11.2	14.2	3.0	23.2	16.3	3.6	3.3	14.3	1.3
February #	89.0	63.1	14.3	11.6	13.0	3.1	26.3	18.9	3.9	3.5	13.2	1.3
March	92.8	65.4	15.5	11.9	12.8	3.0	27.5	19.6	4.3	3.6	13.1	1.3
April	96.2	66.6	17.3	12.2	12.7	3.0	28.8	20.2	4.9	3.7	13.0	1.2
May #	96.6	63.8	20.0	12.8	13.2	3.1	28.9	19.4	5.6	3.9	13.5	1.2
June	96.2	61.0	21.9	13.3	13.8	3.1	28.8	18.5	6.2	4.1	14.3	1.2
July	96.0	59.5	22.6	14.0	14.5	3.2	28.3	17.5	6.5	4.3	15.2	1.2
Change on year	41.9	26.0	12.5	3.4	-5.0	0.0	13.5	8.6	4.2	0.7	-8.8	-0.4
Change %	77.6	77.8	125.3	31.8	-0.9	-0.9	91.0	96.1	176.4	21.1	-8.8	-24.0
Men												
2007												
July	41.2	21.4	8.7	11.0	26.8	3.2	11.6	5.1	2.1	4.5	38.6	2.4
2008												
July	42.0	25.5	8.0	8.6	20.4	2.6	10.6	6.1	1.7	2.7	25.8	1.3
August #	44.0	27.0	8.4	8.6	19.4	2.5	11.0	6.6	1.8	2.6	23.8	1.2
September	44.8	27.7	8.6	8.6	19.1	2.5	11.3	6.8	1.9	2.6	22.9	1.2
October	46.3	29.2	8.6	8.5	18.3	2.5	11.8	7.3	2.0	2.5	21.3	1.1
November #	50.9	33.5	8.8	8.5	16.7	2.4	13.4	8.8	2.1	2.5	18.7	1.1
December	56.3	38.3	9.3	8.7	15.5	2.4	14.9	10.1	2.3	2.5	16.7	1.0
2009												
January	62.2	42.8	10.4	9.0	14.5	2.5	17.1	11.9	2.7	2.6	15.0	1.1
February #	70.1	49.2	11.5	9.4	13.4	2.5	19.3	13.7	2.9	2.7	13.9	1.1
March	72.9	50.7	12.5	9.7	13.3	2.4	20.3	14.4	3.2	2.8	13.7	1.0
April	75.2	51.2	14.1	9.9	13.2	2.4	21.2	14.8	3.6	2.9	13.5	1.0
May #	75.4	48.5	16.4	10.4	13.8	2.5	21.3	14.0	4.2	3.0	14.1	1.0
June	75.1	46.1	18.1	10.8	14.4	2.5	21.1	13.2	4.7	3.2	15.1	1.0
July	74.7	44.7	18.6	11.4	15.3	2.5	20.8	12.6	4.9	3.3	16.0	1.0
Change on year	32.6	19.2	10.6	2.9	-5.1	-0.1	10.2	6.5	3.2	0.6	-9.9	-0.3
Change %	77.7	75.4	132.2	33.5	-2.8	-2.8	96.9	106.1	183.4	21.8	-9.9	-24.5
Women												
2007												
July	11.7	7.1	2.2	2.5	21.0	0.6	4.4	2.4	0.7	1.3	29.0	0.6
2008												
July	12.1	8.0	2.0	2.0	16.9	0.6	4.3	2.8	0.6	0.8	19.1	0.3
August #	12.9	8.7	2.1	2.1	16.3	0.6	4.6	3.1	0.7	0.8	17.3	0.3
September	13.1	8.9	2.1	2.1	16.4	0.6	4.6	3.1	0.7	0.8	17.0	0.3
October	13.2	9.0	2.1	2.1	16.1	0.6	4.7	3.2	0.7	0.8	16.4	0.3
November #	13.8	9.5	2.1	2.1	15.0	0.6	4.9	3.5	0.7	0.8	15.4	0.3
December	14.7	10.3	2.3	2.1	14.4	0.6	5.2	3.7	0.8	0.7	14.1	0.3
2009												
January	16.7	12.0	2.5	2.2	12.9	0.6	6.1	4.5	0.9	0.8	12.3	0.3
February #	18.9	14.0	2.8	2.2	11.6	0.6	7.0	5.1	1.0	0.8	11.4	0.2
March	20.0	14.7	3.0	2.2	11.2	0.6	7.2	5.3	1.1	0.8	11.4	0.2
April	21.0	15.4	3.3	2.3	10.9	0.6	7.6	5.5	1.3	0.9	11.4	0.2
May #	21.2	15.3	3.6	2.3	11.1	0.6	7.7	5.4	1.4	0.9	11.8	0.2
June	21.2	14.9	3.8	2.4	11.4	0.6	7.7	5.2	1.5	0.9	12.4	0.3
July	21.4	14.8	4.0	2.5	11.9	0.6	7.5	4.9	1.7	1.0	12.9	0.3
Change on year	9.3	6.8	2.0	0.5	-5.0	0.0	3.3	2.1	1.0	0.2	-6.3	-0.1
Change %	77.1	85.3	97.7	24.5	-0.9	-0.9	76.2	74.5	157.7	18.5	-6.3	-21.8

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

West Midlands

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,610	2,511	69	349	534	967	592	99
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,627	2,519	60	344	532	976	607	109
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,627	2,516	56	343	530	978	609	111
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,642	2,528	55	350	534	981	608	115
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,641	2,525	57	351	532	977	608	116
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,627	2,511	52	351	527	974	607	115
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	2,637	2,525	53	361	532	972	607	113
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>-6</i>	<i>-2</i>	<i>2</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-6.2</i>	<i>5.2</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>-0.6</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>1.4</i>
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,435	1,403	34	192	297	521	359	32
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,446	1,409	31	187	298	526	367	37
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,446	1,409	28	191	292	528	370	37
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,449	1,412	25	195	294	528	371	38
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,448	1,408	26	193	293	523	372	40
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,443	1,405	23	194	291	524	374	38
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,447	1,410	25	196	293	523	373	37
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-12.2</i>	<i>2.5</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>2.2</i>
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,175	1,108	35	157	238	446	233	67
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,181	1,109	30	157	234	450	240	72
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,182	1,107	28	152	238	450	239	75
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,193	1,116	30	155	240	453	238	77
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,194	1,117	31	157	239	454	236	76
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,184	1,107	29	157	236	450	233	77
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,190	1,115	28	165	239	449	234	75
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>8.5</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-2.2</i>	<i>1.0</i>
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	61.8	77.4	47.4	72.2	81.3	84.4	72.8	10.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	61.9	77.3	41.4	69.8	82.0	84.5	74.3	11.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	61.6	77.1	38.0	68.7	82.3	84.4	74.8	11.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	61.8	77.5	37.3	69.8	82.9	84.7	74.9	11.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	61.7	77.4	38.9	69.7	82.5	84.4	74.9	11.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	61.3	76.9	35.7	69.6	81.6	84.2	74.8	11.3
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	61.5	77.3	36.1	71.4	82.2	84.1	74.8	11.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-1.9</i>	<i>2.7</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.1</i>
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	69.7	82.9	45.5	77.9	90.9	91.5	75.4	8.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	69.8	82.8	41.2	74.5	92.7	91.6	76.4	10.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	69.4	82.5	36.8	75.2	91.4	91.6	76.6	9.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.5	82.6	32.9	76.2	91.8	91.7	76.8	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.3	82.3	34.5	75.5	91.6	90.9	77.1	10.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	68.9	82.1	30.5	75.4	90.8	91.0	77.3	9.9
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	69.1	82.4	32.9	76.1	91.5	91.0	77.0	9.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-3.9</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.7</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	54.3	71.4	49.5	66.3	71.8	77.4	69.1	10.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	54.3	71.3	41.5	65.0	71.5	77.5	71.3	11.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	54.1	71.3	39.4	62.0	73.4	77.3	72.3	11.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	54.6	71.8	42.0	63.1	74.0	77.9	72.0	12.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	54.5	71.9	43.5	63.6	73.7	78.0	71.7	12.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	54.0	71.2	41.3	63.5	72.6	77.5	71.1	12.1
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	54.2	71.7	39.6	66.4	73.1	77.4	71.5	11.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>-0.1</i>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

West Midlands

10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically inactive									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,616	734	76	134	123	179	221	882
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,620	740	85	148	117	179	210	881
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,641	746	92	156	114	180	205	894
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,630	735	92	152	110	177	204	895
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,638	739	90	153	113	180	204	899
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,658	753	94	154	119	182	205	905
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,653	741	93	145	115	183	205	912
	<i>Change on year</i>	13	-5	2	-12	2	3	0	18
<i>Change %</i>	0.8	-0.7	1.8	-7.4	1.6	1.7	-0.1	2.0	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	625	290	40	54	30	49	117	335
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	626	293	44	64	24	49	113	333
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	638	300	48	63	28	48	113	338
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	637	298	51	61	26	48	112	340
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	642	302	49	63	27	52	111	340
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	650	306	52	63	30	52	110	344
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	648	302	50	61	27	52	111	346
	<i>Change on year</i>	10	2	2	-2	0	4	-2	8
<i>Change %</i>	1.6	0.7	4.3	-2.8	-0.7	7.8	-1.6	2.4	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	990	443	36	80	93	130	104	547
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	994	446	42	84	93	131	97	547
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,002	447	43	93	86	132	92	556
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	993	438	41	91	84	129	92	555
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	996	437	40	90	86	128	93	559
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,008	447	42	90	89	131	95	561
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,005	439	43	84	88	131	93	566
	<i>Change on year</i>	3	-7	0	-10	2	-1	2	10
<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-1.6	-1.0	-10.4	2.3	-0.6	1.8	1.8	
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	38.2	22.6	52.6	27.8	18.7	15.6	27.2	89.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	38.1	22.7	58.6	30.2	18.0	15.5	25.7	89.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	38.4	22.9	62.0	31.3	17.7	15.6	25.2	88.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	38.2	22.5	62.7	30.2	17.1	15.3	25.1	88.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	38.3	22.6	61.1	30.3	17.5	15.6	25.1	88.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	38.7	23.1	64.3	30.4	18.4	15.8	25.2	88.7
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	38.5	22.7	63.9	28.6	17.8	15.9	25.2	89.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.1	-0.2	1.9	-2.7	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	30.3	17.1	54.5	22.1	9.1	8.5	24.6	91.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	30.2	17.2	58.8	25.5	7.3	8.4	23.6	90.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30.6	17.5	63.2	24.8	8.6	8.4	23.4	90.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30.5	17.4	67.1	23.8	8.2	8.3	23.2	90.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30.7	17.7	65.5	24.5	8.4	9.1	22.9	89.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	31.1	17.9	69.5	24.6	9.2	9.0	22.7	90.1
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	30.9	17.6	67.1	23.9	8.5	9.0	23.0	90.3
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.1	3.9	-1.0	-0.1	0.7	-0.4	0.0
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	45.7	28.6	50.5	33.7	28.2	22.6	30.9	89.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	45.7	28.7	58.5	35.0	28.5	22.5	28.7	88.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	45.9	28.7	60.6	38.0	26.6	22.7	27.7	88.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	45.4	28.2	58.0	36.9	26.0	22.1	28.0	87.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	45.5	28.1	56.5	36.4	26.3	22.0	28.3	88.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	46.0	28.8	58.7	36.5	27.4	22.5	28.9	87.9
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	45.8	28.3	60.4	33.6	26.9	22.6	28.5	88.3
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	-0.5	-0.2	-4.4	0.4	-0.1	0.8	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

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ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

West Midlands

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic inactivity by reason								
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	734	166	227	16	188	*	59	72	585	149
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	740	194	225	13	181	*	51	68	575	165
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	746	198	228	21	173	*	54	66	584	163
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	735	202	226	17	170	*	54	61	575	160
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	739	201	225	16	178	*	52	61	579	160
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	753	209	231	17	180	*	49	63	581	172
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	741	202	227	17	174	*	54	63	571	170
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	3	0	-5	2	*	1	-3	-13	8
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	1.7	-0.2	-22.2	0.9	*	1.2	-5.2	-2.2	4.8
	Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	290	77	20	*	107	*	41	35	223	67
Jan 2006 - Dec 2006		293	97	21	*	98	*	36	32	225	68
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		300	100	21	*	95	*	38	32	231	69
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		298	103	21	*	96	*	39	27	229	69
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		302	106	22	*	100	*	37	27	232	70
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008		306	111	22	11	99	*	33	28	233	73
Jan 2008 - Dec 2008		302	107	19	10	96	*	38	28	230	72
<i>Change on year</i>		2	7	-2	*	1	*	0	-4	-1	3
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	7.4	-9.6	*	1.1	*	0.2	-11.4	-0.3	4.0
Women		Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	443	89	208	*	81	*	19	37	362	82
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	446	97	204	*	83	*	16	36	350	97
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	447	99	206	12	78	*	15	35	353	94
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	438	98	205	10	74	*	15	34	346	91
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	437	96	204	*	79	*	15	33	347	90
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	447	98	209	*	81	*	17	35	348	99
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	439	95	208	*	78	*	16	35	340	99
	<i>Change on year</i>	-7	-4	2	*	1	*	1	0	-12	5
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.6	-4.1	0.8	*	0.7	*	3.7	0.5	-3.5	5.4

Percentage of economically inactive (%)

People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	22.6	31.0	2.2	25.6	*	8.1	9.8	79.7	20.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	26.3	30.4	1.8	24.5	*	6.9	9.3	77.7	22.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	26.6	30.5	2.8	23.1	*	7.2	8.9	78.2	21.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	27.4	30.7	2.4	23.2	*	7.3	8.3	78.2	21.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	27.3	30.5	2.2	24.2	*	7.0	8.2	78.4	21.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	27.7	30.6	2.3	23.8	*	6.6	8.3	77.1	22.9
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	27.2	30.6	2.2	23.5	*	7.3	8.5	77.0	23.0
	Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	26.5	6.7	*	37.0	*	14.0	12.0	77.0	23.0
Jan 2006 - Dec 2006		100.0	33.1	7.0	*	33.3	*	12.2	10.9	76.7	23.3
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		100.0	33.3	7.1	*	31.7	*	12.7	10.6	77.1	22.9
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		100.0	34.8	7.1	*	32.3	*	13.2	8.9	76.8	23.2
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		100.0	34.9	7.1	*	33.0	*	12.2	9.1	76.9	23.1
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008		100.0	36.3	7.1	3.5	32.2	*	10.7	9.1	76.2	23.8
Jan 2008 - Dec 2008		100.0	35.5	6.4	3.3	31.9	*	12.7	9.3	76.3	23.7
Women		Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	20.0	46.9	*	18.2	*	4.2	8.4	81.6	18.4
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	21.8	45.8	*	18.6	*	3.5	8.2	78.4	21.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	22.1	46.2	2.7	17.4	*	3.5	7.7	79.0	21.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	22.4	46.8	2.2	17.0	*	3.3	7.9	79.1	20.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	22.0	46.7	*	18.1	*	3.5	7.7	79.4	20.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	21.8	46.8	*	18.1	*	3.7	7.9	77.8	22.2
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	21.5	47.3	*	17.8	*	3.6	7.9	77.5	22.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey
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12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	3,285	2,454	71.7	183	6.9	741	22.7	106,663	3.2	2,674	0.81	
Herefordshire, County of UA	103	86	78.3	4	4.2	20	19.0	1,647	1.6	96	0.93	
Stoke-on-Trent UA	149	106	69.3	8	7.4	38	25.3	5,205	3.5	112	0.76	
Telford and Wrekin UA	101	80	76.3	5	5.5	20	19.7	2,499	2.5	89	0.89	
Shropshire	171	139	77.7			31	18.7	2,701	1.6	135	0.79	
Bridgnorth	31	24	77.8	1	4.3	6	19.1	419	1.4	22	0.70	
North Shropshire	35	27	74.1	1	5.0	7	21.4	608	1.7	28	0.80	
Oswestry	24	19	72.5	1	5.0	6	25.1	486	2.0	17	0.73	
Shrewsbury and Atcham	57	48	82.1	2	4.2	8	14.2	882	1.5	50	0.87	
South Shropshire	23	20	77.7	1	3.6	4	18.8	306	1.3	18	0.78	
Staffordshire	506	411	78.3			90	17.9	9,472	1.9	373	0.74	
Cannock Chase	59	43	70.0	3	6.3	15	25.4	1,461	2.5	40	0.67	
East Staffordshire	66	54	79.3	3	4.9	12	18.4	1,264	1.9	60	0.91	
Lichfield	58	52	82.7	2	4.1	8	13.5	929	1.6	47	0.81	
Newcastle-under-Lyme	78	58	76.2	3	5.4	14	19.2	1,583	2.0	47	0.61	
South Staffordshire	64	55	79.7	2	4.1	10	15.9	1,174	1.8	35	0.55	
Stafford	76	60	78.1	3	4.9	13	17.7	1,212	1.6	72	0.95	
Staffordshire Moorlands	57	48	79.6	2	4.0	11	19.4	776	1.4	37	0.65	
Tamworth	48	41	82.0	2	5.2	6	12.9	1,075	2.2	35	0.73	
Warwickshire	322	272	79.2			54	16.8	6,249	1.9	290	0.91	
North Warwickshire	38	33	79.9	2	4.5	6	15.0	711	1.8	39	1.02	
Nuneaton and Bedworth	74	61	77.5	4	5.8	13	17.2	2,110	2.8	44	0.59	
Rugby	54	46	80.3	2	4.6	9	16.2	1,171	2.2	49	0.89	
Stratford-on-Avon	69	63	82.4	2	3.2	9	13.8	782	1.1	75	1.09	
Warwick	86	70	77.3	3	4.7	17	20.2	1,475	1.7	84	0.98	
Birmingham	630	401	61.5	49	10.9	191	30.6	34,862	5.5	532	0.85	
Coventry	194	137	68.1	12	7.9	50	25.9	6,930	3.6	156	0.80	
Dudley	184	138	72.5	11	7.3	39	21.4	5,991	3.3	136	0.74	
Sandwell	175	112	62.9	13	10.7	49	28.1	7,926	4.5	138	0.79	
Solihull	121	95	74.2	6	6.0	24	20.1	2,840	2.3	108	0.89	
Walsall	150	110	69.4	10	8.5	34	22.8	6,216	4.1	115	0.76	
Wolverhampton	144	94	63.6	11	10.1	41	28.7	7,616	5.3	121	0.85	
Worcestershire	336	275	78.4			60	18.0	6,509	1.9	270	0.81	
Bromsgrove	55	47	83.9	2	4.2	7	12.5	1,054	1.9	42	0.76	
Malvern Hills	42	35	78.0	1	3.8	8	20.2	505	1.2	33	0.80	
Redditch	51	39	71.2	3	6.2	11	21.9	1,250	2.5	46	0.91	
Worcester	59	47	78.6	3	5.4	12	19.5	1,393	2.3	56	0.94	
Wychavon	69	60	81.8	3	4.1	10	15.1	1,065	1.5	57	0.82	
Wyre Forest	59	47	75.8	3	5.3	12	19.9	1,243	2.1	37	0.62	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

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2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	3,285	2,454	71.7	183	6.9	741	22.7	106,663	3.2	2,674	0.81	
Aldridge - Brownhills	46	40	77.8	3	7.0	8	16.0	1,225	2.7	27	0.58	
Birmingham, Edgbaston	57	34	68.7	4	11.5	10	21.8	2,493	4.4	43	0.75	
Birmingham, Erdington	57	38	66.3	4	8.7	16	27.3	3,516	6.2	38	0.66	
Birmingham, Hall Green	48	39	65.6	5	11.2	15	26.2	2,036	4.3	17	0.36	
Birmingham, Hodge Hill	46	25	44.9	4	14.7	26	47.1	3,357	7.3	19	0.42	
Birmingham, Ladywood	75	38	51.4	10	20.8	25	34.9	6,956	9.3	202	2.69	
Birmingham, Northfield	47	36	67.9	4	9.4	12	24.6	1,964	4.2	26	0.55	
Birmingham, Perry Barr	63	41	61.3	5	10.1	20	31.5	3,498	5.5	30	0.47	
Birmingham, Selly Oak	63	34	59.5	5	11.7	18	32.8	2,347	3.7	45	0.72	
Birmingham, Sparkbrook & Small Heath	72	28	43.2	4	12.9	32	50.3	5,412	7.5	40	0.56	
Birmingham, Yardley	43	35	70.3	4	10.2	10	21.5	2,330	5.4	31	0.74	
Bromsgrove	55	47	83.9	2	4.0	7	12.5	1,054	1.9	42	0.76	
Burton	63	52	78.8	1	2.8	12	18.9	1,246	2.0	58	0.93	
Cannock Chase	62	44	68.0	4	8.3	16	25.6	1,537	2.5	41	0.66	
Coventry North East	65	45	64.0	5	10.7	19	27.9	2,872	4.4	41	0.63	
Coventry North West	65	49	74.6	3	5.7	13	20.8	2,000	3.1	34	0.52	
Coventry South	64	43	66.0	3	7.0	18	28.9	2,057	3.2	81	1.27	
Dudley North	54	37	67.4	4	9.6	14	25.5	2,159	4.0	39	0.72	
Dudley South	52	35	73.5	3	7.0	10	20.8	1,663	3.2	50	0.96	
Halesowen & Rowley Regis	50	42	71.5	4	9.1	12	20.9	1,764	3.5	41	0.81	
Hereford	56	46	78.7	2	3.5	10	18.2	1,033	1.8	59	1.05	
Leominster	53	43	77.8	1	3.0	10	19.6	673	1.3	41	0.76	
Lichfield	51	43	82.9	2	4.0	7	13.4	804	1.6	38	0.76	
Ludlow	46	38	77.3	2	4.5	8	18.9	621	1.4	34	0.73	
Meriden	63	50	73.0	4	8.2	13	20.3	1,954	3.1	48	0.76	
Mid Worcestershire	57	52	82.1	2	3.3	9	14.9	894	1.6	48	0.84	
Newcastle-under-Lyme	55	42	74.4	2	4.2	12	22.2	1,202	2.2	39	0.71	
North Shropshire	59	46	73.5	2	4.5	13	22.9	1,094	1.9	46	0.78	
North Warwickshire	60	54	78.1	4	7.1	10	15.5	1,324	2.2	53	0.88	
Nuneaton	59	44	78.7	2	4.5	9	17.3	1,562	2.7	36	0.62	
Redditch	53	41	72.3	4	7.9	11	21.1	1,264	2.4	48	0.90	
Rugby & Kenilworth	65	55	79.8	2	3.3	12	17.4	1,262	1.9	56	0.87	
Shrewsbury & Atcham	57	48	82.1	2	4.2	8	14.2	882	1.5	50	0.87	
Solihull	58	46	75.5	3	5.4	11	19.9	886	1.5	60	1.03	
South Staffordshire	53	46	82.4	2	3.2	8	14.7	979	1.8	28	0.52	
Stafford	55	48	77.4	2	4.7	11	18.6	1,009	1.8	59	1.06	
Staffordshire Moorlands	53	41	79.1	2	4.1	9	18.0	816	1.6	30	0.57	
Stoke-on-Trent Central	49	35	63.6	4	10.5	15	28.8	2,026	4.1	63	1.27	
Stoke-on-Trent North	47	31	69.0	3	8.4	11	24.5	1,568	3.3	24	0.52	
Stoke-on-Trent South	57	42	75.8	1	2.6	12	22.1	1,655	2.9	27	0.48	
Stone	53	42	81.1	1	3.3	8	16.0	617	1.2	33	0.63	
Stourbridge	50	41	74.6	3	5.9	11	20.6	1,417	2.8	26	0.52	
Stratford-on-Avon	64	59	81.3	3	4.3	9	14.6	747	1.2	70	1.09	
Sutton Coldfield	55	53	84.8	2	3.8	7	11.6	954	1.7	40	0.73	
Tamworth	59	52	82.4	3	5.3	8	12.7	1,217	2.1	46	0.77	
Telford	52	42	76.2	2	5.0	11	19.6	1,614	3.1	54	1.02	
Walsall North	54	35	66.9	5	12.8	11	22.9	2,474	4.6	31	0.57	
Walsall South	51	35	63.9	4	9.1	15	29.2	2,518	5.0	57	1.12	
Warley	49	31	62.7	5	13.3	14	27.5	2,269	4.7	31	0.65	
Warwick & Leamington	72	60	78.3	2	3.0	14	19.1	1,354	1.9	75	1.03	
West Bromwich East	48	29	61.5	5	14.3	13	27.9	2,082	4.3	37	0.76	
West Bromwich West	55	34	62.9	4	10.3	16	29.7	2,564	4.6	50	0.91	
West Worcestershire	48	40	77.9	1	2.1	10	20.3	622	1.3	38	0.80	
Wolverhampton North East	48	35	64.6	4	11.1	14	27.1	2,501	5.2	36	0.75	
Wolverhampton South East	42	23	55.3	3	12.3	15	36.7	2,529	6.0	27	0.63	
Wolverhampton South West	54	36	69.3	3	8.5	12	23.9	2,585	4.8	59	1.09	

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Worcester	59	47	78.6	1	2.3	12	19.5	1,393	2.4	56	0.94
Wrekin, The	58	45	77.0	2	3.9	11	19.8	988	1.7	42	0.73
Wyre Forest	58	44	75.2	3	5.3	11	20.3	1,224	2.1	36	0.62

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	3,285	2,454	71.7	183	6.9	741	22.7	106,663	3.2	2,674	0.81	
Birmingham	1,000	688	66.3	74	9.7	260	26.3	44,462	4.4	..	..
Burton upon Trent	105	81	75.4	4	4.3	22	21.0	1,850	1.8	..	..
Coventry	335	252	72.0	19	7.1	74	22.3	10,081	3.0	..	..
Dudley & Sandwell	285	205	69.2	19	8.6	68	24.0	10,774	3.8	..	..
Hereford & Leominster	88	71	78.9	2	3.1	16	18.4	1,414	1.6	..	..
Kidderminster	65	51	76.0	3	5.0	12	19.7	1,313	2.0	..	..
Ludlow	24	20	77.4	1	2.9	5	20.1	293	1.2	..	..
Oswestry	37	30	73.7	1	4.0	9	22.9	713	1.9	..	..
Rugby	51	41	80.1	2	3.9	8	16.6	1,110	2.2	..	..
Shrewsbury	74	60	80.2	3	4.3	11	16.0	1,084	1.5	..	..
Stafford	76	65	78.7	3	4.1	14	17.8	1,208	1.6	..	..
Stoke-on-Trent	320	238	74.1	13	5.3	68	21.7	8,070	2.5	..	..
Telford & Bridgnorth	137	109	75.9	6	4.9	27	20.0	3,055	2.2	..	..
Walsall & Cannock	218	166	72.1	16	8.7	45	20.7	6,845	3.1	..	..
Warwick & Stratford-upon-Avon	141	122	78.2	5	4.0	27	18.3	2,131	1.5	..	..
Wolverhampton	233	163	67.8	14	7.8	60	26.2	10,270	4.4	..	..
Worcester & Malvern	155	133	80.4	4	2.6	28	17.3	2,743	1.8	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

West Midlands

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	3,285	2,454	71.7	183	6.9	741	22.7	106,663	3.2	2,674	0.81	
Herefordshire, Worcestershire and Warwickshire												
Herefordshire, County of	103	86	78.3	3	3.4	20	19.0	1,647	1.6	96	0.93	
Worcestershire	336	275	78.4	12	4.4	60	18.0	6,509	1.9	270	0.81	
Warwickshire	322	272	79.2	13	4.7	54	16.8	6,249	1.9	290	0.90	
Shropshire and Staffordshire												
Telford & Wrekin	101	80	76.3	4	5.0	20	19.7	2,499	2.5	89	0.89	
Shropshire CC	171	139	77.7	6	4.5	31	18.7	2,701	1.6	135	0.79	
Stoke-on-Trent	149	106	69.3	8	7.2	38	25.3	5,205	3.5	112	0.76	
Staffordshire CC	506	411	78.3	19	4.6	90	17.9	9,472	1.9	373	0.74	
West Midlands												
Birmingham	630	401	61.5	50	11.6	191	30.6	34,862	5.5	532	0.85	
Solihull	121	95	74.2	7	7.2	24	20.1	2,840	2.3	108	0.89	
Coventry	194	137	68.1	12	8.1	50	25.9	6,930	3.6	156	0.80	
Dudley & Sandwell	358	250	67.8	27	10.0	88	24.7	13,917	3.9	274	0.76	
Walsall & Wolverhampton	294	204	66.6	23	10.4	75	25.7	13,832	4.7	236	0.80	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

West Midlands

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	132,396	45,368	177,764	7.7	2.9	5.4	57,346	18,057	75,403	3.3	1.2	2.3
Herefordshire, County of UA	2,215	794	3,009	4.0	1.6	2.9	1,183	321	1,504	2.2	0.7	1.5
Stoke-on-Trent UA	6,652	2,126	8,778	8.5	3.0	5.9	2,881	905	3,786	3.7	1.3	2.5
Telford and Wrekin UA	3,597	1,234	4,831	6.8	2.5	4.8	1,874	592	2,466	3.6	1.2	2.4
Shropshire UA	3,671	1,326	4,997	4.0	1.7	2.9	1,865	597	2,462	2.0	0.8	1.4
Bridgnorth	616	221	837	3.7	1.6	2.7	355	97	452	2.1	0.7	1.5
North Shropshire	776	274	1,050	4.0	1.7	3.0	364	103	467	1.9	0.6	1.3
Oswestry	583	241	824	4.6	2.1	3.4	279	113	392	2.2	1.0	1.6
Shrewsbury and Atcham	1,305	431	1,736	4.3	1.6	3.0	672	222	894	2.2	0.8	1.6
South Shropshire	391	159	550	3.1	1.5	2.4	195	62	257	1.6	0.6	1.1
Staffordshire	13,829	4,881	18,710	5.2	2.0	3.7	7,639	2,297	9,936	2.9	1.0	2.0
Cannock Chase	2,287	750	3,037	7.4	2.6	5.1	1,411	313	1,724	4.6	1.1	2.9
East Staffordshire	1,776	695	2,471	5.1	2.2	3.8	894	365	1,259	2.6	1.2	1.9
Lichfield	1,492	534	2,026	4.8	2.0	3.5	893	270	1,163	2.9	1.0	2.0
Newcastle-under-Lyme	2,174	674	2,848	5.3	1.8	3.7	1,103	259	1,362	2.7	0.7	1.8
South Staffordshire	1,586	601	2,187	4.7	2.0	3.4	787	287	1,074	2.3	1.0	1.7
Stafford	1,638	562	2,200	4.0	1.6	2.9	819	259	1,078	2.0	0.7	1.4
Staffordshire Moorlands	1,177	392	1,569	3.9	1.5	2.7	710	172	882	2.3	0.6	1.5
Tamworth	1,699	673	2,372	6.8	2.9	4.9	1,022	372	1,394	4.1	1.6	2.9
Warwickshire	8,952	3,183	12,135	5.2	2.1	3.8	4,658	1,479	6,137	2.7	1.0	1.9
North Warwickshire	1,117	418	1,535	5.5	2.3	4.0	692	213	905	3.4	1.2	2.4
Nuneaton and Bedworth	2,972	996	3,968	7.6	2.8	5.3	1,490	460	1,950	3.8	1.3	2.6
Rugby	1,655	622	2,277	5.7	2.4	4.2	830	313	1,143	2.9	1.2	2.1
Stratford-on-Avon	1,257	436	1,693	3.4	1.3	2.5	748	197	945	2.1	0.6	1.4
Warwick	1,951	711	2,662	4.3	1.8	3.1	898	296	1,194	2.0	0.7	1.4
Birmingham	37,018	12,133	49,151	11.4	4.0	7.8	11,305	3,597	14,902	3.5	1.2	2.4
Coventry	8,449	2,727	11,176	8.1	3.0	5.7	3,301	1,077	4,378	3.2	1.2	2.3
Dudley	8,054	2,628	10,682	8.3	3.0	5.8	3,958	1,080	5,038	4.1	1.2	2.7
Sandwell	9,628	3,324	12,952	10.6	3.9	7.4	4,169	1,217	5,386	4.6	1.4	3.1
Solihull	3,928	1,501	5,429	6.2	2.6	4.5	1,981	725	2,706	3.1	1.2	2.2
Walsall	8,078	2,806	10,884	10.3	3.9	7.2	3,844	1,196	5,040	4.9	1.7	3.4
Wolverhampton	8,383	3,002	11,385	11.1	4.4	7.9	2,995	1,010	4,005	4.0	1.5	2.8
Worcestershire	9,942	3,703	13,645	5.6	2.3	4.1	5,693	1,964	7,657	3.2	1.2	2.3
Bromsgrove	1,542	582	2,124	5.3	2.2	3.9	843	304	1,147	2.9	1.2	2.1
Malvern Hills	785	305	1,090	3.5	1.6	2.6	447	157	604	2.0	0.8	1.5
Redditch	1,989	768	2,757	7.5	3.1	5.4	1,165	430	1,595	4.4	1.8	3.1
Worcester	2,023	673	2,696	6.6	2.4	4.5	1,065	350	1,415	3.5	1.2	2.4
Wychavon	1,682	668	2,350	4.6	2.1	3.4	1,021	368	1,389	2.8	1.1	2.0
Wyre Forest	1,921	707	2,628	6.1	2.5	4.4	1,152	355	1,507	3.7	1.3	2.5

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

LOCAL AREA DATA

West Midlands

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	132,396	45,368	177,764	7.7	2.9	5.4	57,346	18,057	75,403	3.3	1.2	2.3
Aldridge - Brownhills	1,896	632	2,528	7.8	2.9	5.5	1,089	315	1,404	4.5	1.4	3.1
Birmingham, Edgbaston	2,650	848	3,498	9.3	3.0	6.1	809	223	1,032	2.8	0.8	1.8
Birmingham, Erdington	4,039	1,302	5,341	13.9	4.7	9.4	1,416	464	1,880	4.9	1.7	3.3
Birmingham, Hall Green	2,335	818	3,153	9.6	3.5	6.6	880	260	1,140	3.6	1.1	2.4
Birmingham, Hodge Hill	3,708	1,146	4,854	15.9	5.1	10.6	1,176	388	1,564	5.0	1.7	3.4
Birmingham, Ladywood	6,503	2,014	8,517	16.5	5.6	11.3	1,205	431	1,636	3.1	1.2	2.2
Birmingham, Northfield	2,238	718	2,956	9.5	3.1	6.3	868	212	1,080	3.7	0.9	2.3
Birmingham, Perry Barr	3,607	1,294	4,901	11.1	4.2	7.7	995	459	1,454	3.1	1.5	2.3
Birmingham, Selly Oak	2,473	887	3,360	7.6	2.9	5.4	864	265	1,129	2.7	0.9	1.8
Birmingham, Sparkbrook & Small Heath	5,390	1,657	7,047	14.4	4.7	9.8	1,349	320	1,669	3.6	0.9	2.3
Birmingham, Yardley	2,661	916	3,577	12.0	4.5	8.4	976	304	1,280	4.4	1.5	3.0
Bromsgrove	1,542	582	2,124	5.3	2.3	3.9	843	304	1,147	2.9	1.2	2.1
Burton	1,751	671	2,422	5.3	2.3	3.9	876	348	1,224	2.6	1.2	2.0
Cannock Chase	2,400	773	3,173	7.5	2.6	5.2	1,486	312	1,798	4.6	1.1	2.9
Coventry North East	3,358	1,089	4,447	9.7	3.6	6.8	1,222	395	1,617	3.5	1.3	2.5
Coventry North West	2,583	843	3,426	7.5	2.8	5.3	1,081	361	1,442	3.2	1.2	2.2
Coventry South	2,508	795	3,303	7.2	2.7	5.1	998	321	1,319	2.9	1.1	2.1
Dudley North	2,627	853	3,480	9.3	3.3	6.4	1,135	307	1,442	4.0	1.2	2.7
Dudley South	2,347	746	3,093	8.5	3.1	6.0	1,210	307	1,517	4.4	1.3	2.9
Halesowen & Rowley Regis	2,240	741	2,981	8.5	3.1	5.9	1,026	294	1,320	3.9	1.2	2.6
Hereford	1,451	502	1,953	4.9	1.9	3.5	792	223	1,015	2.7	0.8	1.8
Leominster	850	327	1,177	3.0	1.3	2.2	448	114	562	1.6	0.5	1.1
Lichfield	1,277	486	1,763	4.8	2.0	3.5	773	262	1,035	2.9	1.1	2.0
Ludlow	825	323	1,148	3.4	1.5	2.5	427	136	563	1.8	0.6	1.2
Meriden	2,578	949	3,527	8.0	3.1	5.6	1,240	425	1,665	3.8	1.4	2.6
Mid Worcestershire	1,449	569	2,018	4.8	2.1	3.5	905	308	1,213	3.0	1.1	2.1
Newcastle-under-Lyme	1,619	502	2,121	5.7	1.9	3.8	792	198	990	2.8	0.7	1.8
North Shropshire	1,359	515	1,874	4.3	1.9	3.2	643	216	859	2.0	0.8	1.5
North Warwickshire	2,055	730	2,785	6.5	2.6	4.7	1,206	381	1,587	3.8	1.3	2.7
Nuneaton	2,159	735	2,894	6.9	2.7	4.9	1,061	320	1,381	3.4	1.2	2.3
Redditch	2,009	778	2,787	7.3	3.1	5.3	1,181	436	1,617	4.3	1.7	3.1
Rugby & Kenilworth	1,749	650	2,399	5.1	2.1	3.7	860	314	1,174	2.5	1.0	1.8
Shrewsbury & Atcham	1,305	431	1,736	4.3	1.6	3.0	672	222	894	2.2	0.8	1.6
Solihull	1,350	552	1,902	4.4	2.0	3.3	741	300	1,041	2.4	1.1	1.8
South Staffordshire	1,312	529	1,841	4.7	2.1	3.5	636	275	911	2.3	1.1	1.7
Stafford	1,312	449	1,761	4.4	1.8	3.2	621	186	807	2.1	0.7	1.5
Staffordshire Moorlands	1,226	392	1,618	4.4	1.6	3.1	725	164	889	2.6	0.7	1.7
Stoke-on-Trent Central	2,460	742	3,202	9.5	3.2	6.5	919	282	1,201	3.5	1.2	2.4
Stoke-on-Trent North	2,072	648	2,720	8.4	2.9	5.8	983	267	1,250	4.0	1.2	2.7
Stoke-on-Trent South	2,177	748	2,925	7.4	2.7	5.2	1,006	352	1,358	3.4	1.3	2.4
Stone	936	322	1,258	3.3	1.3	2.4	543	159	702	1.9	0.6	1.3
Stourbridge	2,051	665	2,716	7.7	2.8	5.4	1,088	294	1,382	4.1	1.2	2.7
Stratford-on-Avon	1,184	416	1,600	3.5	1.4	2.5	695	190	885	2.1	0.6	1.4
Sutton Coldfield	1,414	533	1,947	5.0	2.0	3.5	767	271	1,038	2.7	1.0	1.9
Tamworth	1,939	745	2,684	6.2	2.6	4.5	1,160	397	1,557	3.7	1.4	2.6
Telford	2,268	750	3,018	8.4	2.9	5.8	1,133	360	1,493	4.2	1.4	2.8
Walsall North	3,145	1,089	4,234	11.3	4.2	7.9	1,460	470	1,930	5.3	1.8	3.6
Walsall South	3,037	1,085	4,122	11.6	4.4	8.1	1,295	411	1,706	4.9	1.7	3.4
Warley	2,513	925	3,438	9.9	4.0	7.1	902	336	1,238	3.6	1.4	2.6
Warwick & Leamington	1,805	652	2,457	4.7	1.9	3.4	836	274	1,110	2.2	0.8	1.5
West Bromwich East	2,649	926	3,575	10.6	4.0	7.4	1,227	357	1,584	4.9	1.5	3.3
West Bromwich West	3,255	1,096	4,351	11.4	4.1	7.9	1,539	402	1,941	5.4	1.5	3.5
West Worcestershire	946	370	1,316	3.7	1.7	2.8	516	200	716	2.0	0.9	1.5
Wolverhampton North East	2,823	980	3,803	11.2	4.2	7.9	1,108	307	1,415	4.4	1.3	2.9
Wolverhampton South East	2,782	1,068	3,850	12.7	5.4	9.2	1,026	381	1,407	4.7	1.9	3.4
Wolverhampton South West	2,778	954	3,732	9.7	3.8	6.9	861	322	1,183	3.0	1.3	2.2
Worcester	2,023	673	2,696	6.6	2.4	4.5	1,065	350	1,415	3.5	1.2	2.4
Wrekin, The	1,511	541	2,052	4.9	2.0	3.6	864	255	1,119	2.8	0.9	1.9
Wyre Forest	1,887	696	2,583	6.2	2.6	4.5	1,126	350	1,476	3.7	1.3	2.6

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.

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Issued by: Office for National Statistics, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport
NP10 8XG

Media contact:

Tel **Media Relations Office 0845 604 1858**

Emergency on-call 07867 906553

E-mail **press.office@ons.gov.uk**

Statistical contacts:

Tel **Nick Palmer 01633 455839** (Labour Force Survey)

Tel **Bob Watson 01633 455070** (Claimant count, regional and local data)

Tel **Nick Barford 01633 456783** (Workforce jobs)

E-mail **labour.market@ons.gov.uk**

Website: www.ons.gov.uk