



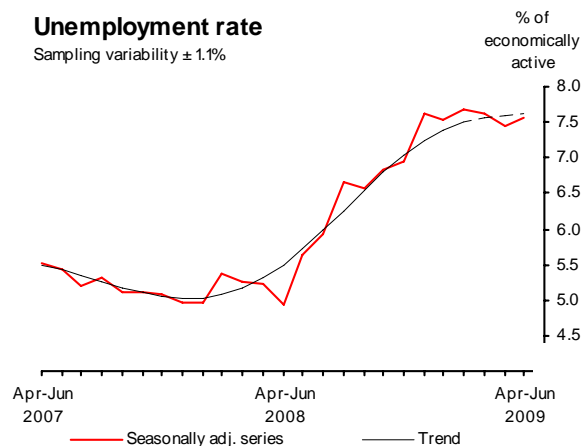
Labour market statistics

August 2009

Date: 12 August 2009

Coverage: Wales Theme: Labour Market

Labour Force Survey data for Wales indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, and the rate in the latest period is significantly lower than a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago. The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to July 2009.



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Levels		Changes on year		Sampling variability of changes	
		(thousands)	Rates (%)	Levels	Rates	Levels	Rates
Employment*	Apr-Jun 09	1,322	69.7	-44	-2.9	± 54	± 2.4
Unemployment**	Apr-Jun 09	108	7.6	37	2.6	± 19	± 1.3
Economically active*	Apr-Jun 09	1,430	75.6	-7	-0.9	± 53	± 2.3
Economically inactive***	Apr-Jun 09	437	24.4	17	0.9	± 55	± 2.3
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2009	1,314		-33		..	
Claimant count	Jul 2009	79.4	5.6	35.4	2.5		

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

*** Levels and rates are for those of working age.

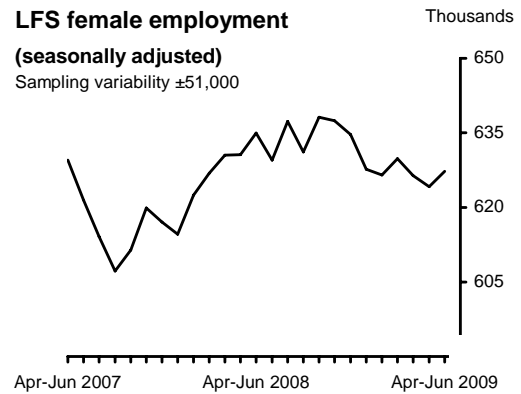
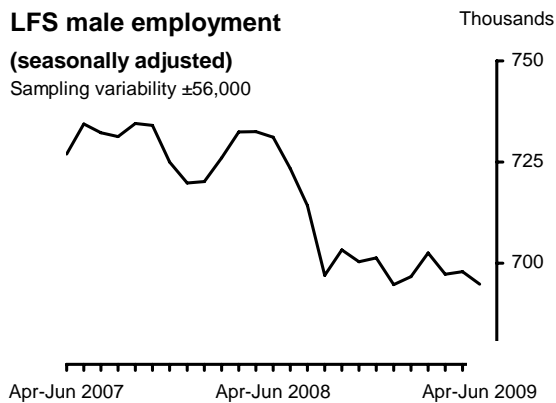
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Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in Wales was 69.7 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, down 2.9 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 1.32 million in the April to June 2009 period, down 44,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 36,000 on the same period a year earlier to 0.69 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 3.9 percentage points on a year earlier to 71.8 per cent.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of female employment, down 8,000 on the same period a year earlier to 0.63 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 1.8 percentage points on a year earlier to 67.3 per cent.

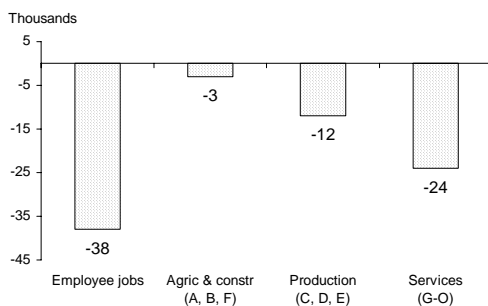


Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 16,000 in the quarter to March 2009.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 38,000 in the year to March 2009. This was mainly due to decreases in the services and manufacturing sectors.

Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from March 2008



SIC2003 groups shown in brackets

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Wales was 7.6 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, up 2.6 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in April to June 2009 were 9.3 and 5.5 per cent respectively.

Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in Wales was 1.43 million in the April to June 2009 period.

Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in Wales in April to June 2009 was 24.4 per cent, up 0.9 percentage points from a year earlier.

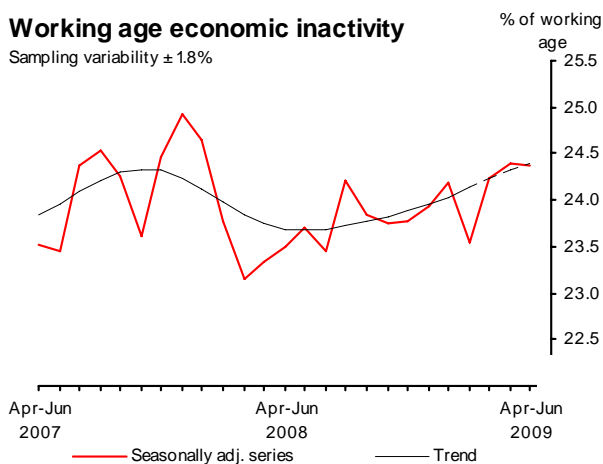
The level of economically inactive people in the April to June 2009 period was 986,000, with 437,000 of these of working age, up 17,000 on the same period a year earlier.

Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in July 2009 was 5.6 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from June 2009, and up 2.5 percentage points since July 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in July 2009 was 79,400, up 900 on June 2009, and up 35,400 since July 2008.

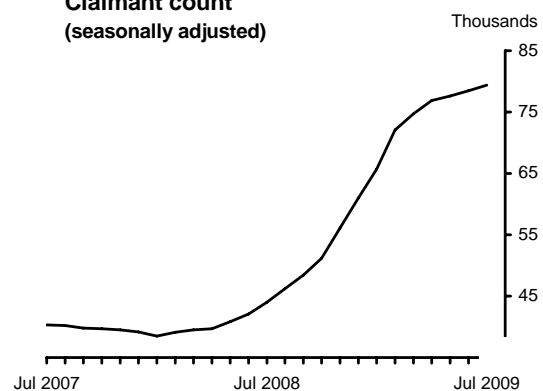
Working age economic inactivity

Sampling variability $\pm 1.8\%$



Claimant count (seasonally adjusted)

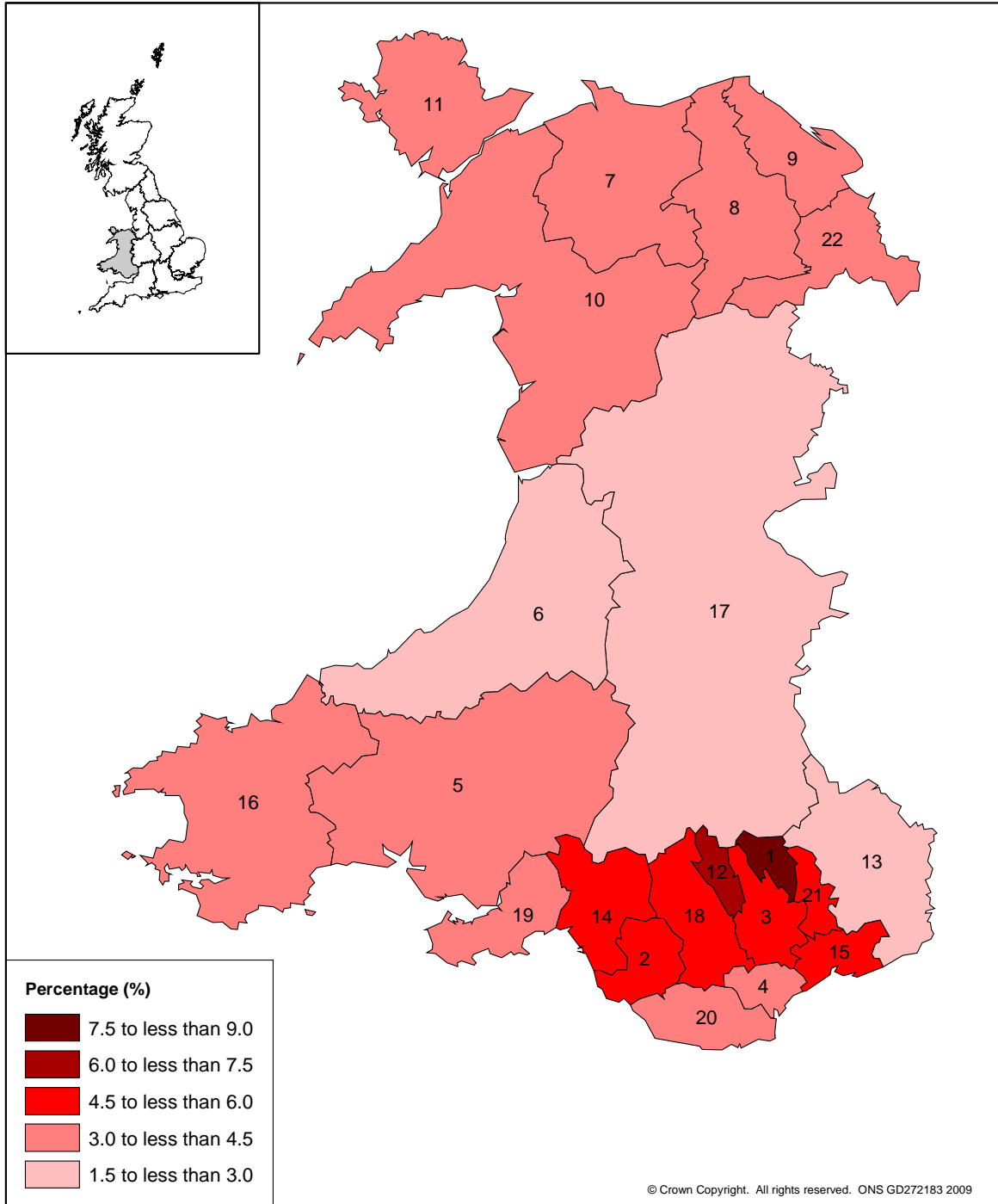
Thousands



Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Ceredigion, at 1.8 per cent. It was highest in Blaenau Gwent, at 7.9 per cent

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by UA
July 2009 - Wales



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1	Blaenau Gwent	7.9%	12	Merthyr Tydfil	7.1%
2	Bridgend	4.9%	13	Monmouthshire	2.9%
3	Caerphilly	5.8%	14	Neath Port Talbot	4.6%
4	Cardiff	4.3%	15	Newport	5.8%
5	Carmarthenshire	3.3%	16	Pembrokeshire	3.3%
6	Ceredigion	1.8%	17	Powys	2.8%
7	Conwy	4.0%	18	Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	5.1%
8	Denbighshire	4.0%	19	Swansea	4.2%
9	Flintshire	3.7%	20	The Vale of Glamorgan	4.2%
10	Gwynedd	3.0%	21	Torfaen	5.2%
11	Isle of Anglesey	4.2%	22	Wrexham	4.1%

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions to the data in this bulletin.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Bulletin can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this bulletin.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	69.7	60	-0.01	0.08
Unemployment rate (%)	7.6	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	79.4	60	-0.03	0.14

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	1,314	20	31.00 *	32.10

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website

(http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf).

More information about the revisions material in this bulletin can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2008 to December 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2008 to December 2008.

NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional Statistical Bulletin will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

NEXT QUARTER'S STATISTICAL BULLETIN

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next quarter's Statistical Bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the April 2008 to March 2009 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for April 2008 to March 2009 along with the latest mid-year population estimates.

SPECIAL

Workforce Jobs estimates

Workforce jobs estimates, shown at Table 5 of this Statistical Bulletin are mainly sourced from employer surveys. However estimates for Construction and for Agriculture, forestry and fishing are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates for self-employment jobs, for all sectors, are also sourced from the LFS. The estimates for employee jobs in the Construction and Agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors, and to a lesser degree for the whole economy, from March 2009 may not be entirely consistent with those for previous quarters. There may be similar inconsistencies for self-employment jobs for all sectors, but not for whole economy self-employment jobs as any sectoral inconsistencies would cancel each other out. This is because, from 2009, the sectoral breakdown of LFS data which feeds into Workforce jobs estimates has been collected according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 and then mapped to SIC 2003 according to the assumed relationship between the two classifications. ONS currently plans to convert the Workforce Jobs estimates to SIC 2007 in the June 2010 edition of this Statistical Bulletin.

Population estimates in the APS

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this bulletin will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this bulletin are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this bulletin and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Bulletins*.

April to June 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	1,279	1,322	1,365	-65	-10	44	-98	-44	10
Employment rate	67.7%	69.7%	71.6%	-3.2%	-0.7%	1.8%	-5.3%	-2.9%	-0.5%
Unemployment	93	108	124	-23	-2	18	18	37	56
Unemployment rate	6.5%	7.6%	8.7%	-1.5%	-0.1%	1.3%	1.3%	2.6%	4.0%
Economically active	1,388	1,430	1,472	-67	-13	41	-60	-7	46
Economic activity rate	73.8%	75.6%	77.4%	-3.2%	-0.8%	1.5%	-3.2%	-0.9%	1.4%
Economically inactive	393	437	481	-41	15	71	-38	17	72

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures April to June 2009

	Empl-oyment Level (000s)	Unem-employment Level (000s)	Econ-omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem-employment Rate (%)
North East	± 38	± 15	± 37	± 39	± 2.0	± 1.2
North West	± 63	± 24	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.9
East Midlands	± 44	± 18	± 44	± 46	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 24	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.8
East	± 55	± 21	± 55	± 51	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 73	± 31	± 70	± 71	± 1.3	± 0.8
South East	± 66	± 23	± 65	± 61	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 43	± 15	± 42	± 44	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 20	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this bulletin, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this bulletin is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this bulletin is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this bulletin.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: *See hours worked.*

Annual Population Survey: Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this bulletin have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the bulletin.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market Statistical Bulletin and on the DWP website: <http://research.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to

calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available

from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6(1), measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=13574>

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this bulletin, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

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Regional summary of labour market headline indicators¹

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for April - June 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,226	74.9	1,106	67.3	120	9.8	398	25.1
North West	3,419	77.8	3,129	71.1	290	8.5	935	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,638	78.4	2,405	71.2	233	8.8	701	21.6
East Midlands	2,333	81.3	2,163	75.2	170	7.3	512	18.7
West Midlands	2,699	78.8	2,414	70.3	285	10.6	692	21.2
East	2,999	82.4	2,805	76.9	194	6.5	609	17.6
London	4,033	75.8	3,673	68.9	359	8.9	1,234	24.2
South East	4,417	82.4	4,154	77.3	263	5.9	897	17.6
South West	2,701	82.1	2,529	76.7	172	6.4	557	17.9
England	26,465	79.5	24,379	73.0	2,086	7.9	6,535	20.5
Wales	1,430	75.6	1,322	69.7	108	7.6	437	24.4
Scotland	2,682	79.7	2,495	74.0	188	7.0	652	20.3
Great Britain	30,578	79.3	28,196	72.9	2,382	7.8	7,624	20.7
Northern Ireland	798	70.5	744	65.6	54	6.7	323	29.5
United Kingdom	31,368	79.0	28,933	72.7	2,435	7.8	7,955	21.0

Change on quarter (change since January - March 2009)⁴

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-27	-1.4	-42	-2.4	15	1.4	23	1.4
North West	3	0.0	-16	-0.4	19	0.5	-1	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	15	0.2	-9	-0.5	24	0.9	-6	-0.2
East Midlands	11	-0.1	5	-0.3	6	0.2	5	0.1
West Midlands	37	1.1	-2	0.0	39	1.3	-36	-1.1
East	-8	-0.3	-25	-0.7	16	0.6	11	0.3
London	-20	-1.0	-47	-1.5	27	0.7	52	1.0
South East	-13	-0.4	-40	-0.9	26	0.6	23	0.4
South West	-29	-0.7	-45	-1.3	15	0.6	23	0.7
England	-33	-0.3	-220	-0.9	188	0.7	95	0.3
Wales	-13	-0.8	-10	-0.7	-2	-0.1	15	0.8
Scotland	4	-0.1	-26	-0.9	31	1.1	2	0.1
Great Britain	-41	-0.3	-257	-0.9	216	0.7	112	0.3
Northern Ireland	-7	-0.9	-12	-1.3	5	0.7	10	0.9
United Kingdom	-52	-0.3	-271	-0.9	220	0.7	127	0.3

Change on year (change since April - June 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-25	-1.1	-51	-2.8	27	2.3	19	1.1
North West	42	0.6	-33	-1.2	75	2.1	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	19	0.1	-55	-2.2	74	2.8	3	-0.1
East Midlands	52	0.9	12	-0.5	40	1.6	-19	-0.9
West Midlands	52	1.2	-66	-2.2	118	4.2	-39	-1.2
East	45	0.9	-14	-0.8	59	1.9	-26	-0.9
London	-8	-1.1	-88	-2.6	80	2.0	66	1.1
South East	-8	-0.6	-86	-2.1	78	1.8	34	0.6
South West	29	0.1	-41	-2.1	70	2.6	0	-0.1
England	197	0.1	-424	-1.8	621	2.3	15	-0.1
Wales	-7	-0.9	-44	-2.9	37	2.6	17	0.9
Scotland	21	-0.3	-54	-2.5	75	2.7	10	0.3
Great Britain	211	0.0	-521	-1.9	732	2.4	42	0.0
Northern Ireland	-25	-2.8	-44	-4.5	19	2.6	32	2.8
United Kingdom	177	-0.1	-573	-2.0	750	2.4	83	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

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2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2009); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (July 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,152	617	535	86.7	7.2	66.5	10.2	20.2	3.6
North West	3,376	1,804	1,572	198.6	5.6	150.2	7.8	48.4	3.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,467	1,308	1,159	154.8	5.9	117.1	8.2	37.7	3.1
East Midlands	2,104	1,121	983	111.6	5.0	82.4	6.9	29.2	2.8
West Midlands	2,591	1,376	1,215	178.9	6.5	133.9	8.9	45.0	3.6
East	2,769	1,472	1,297	120.9	4.2	87.3	5.6	33.6	2.5
London	4,670	2,552	2,118	218.8	4.5	147.6	5.5	71.2	3.3
South East	4,282	2,213	2,069	155.0	3.4	111.8	4.7	43.2	2.0
South West	2,632	1,365	1,268	96.1	3.5	70.8	4.8	25.3	2.0
England	26,043	13,828	12,216	1321.4	4.8	967.6	6.5	353.8	2.8
Wales	1,314	675	639	79.4	5.6	60.2	8.1	19.2	2.9
Scotland	2,659	1,363	1,296	130.9	4.7	98.6	6.8	32.3	2.4
Great Britain	30,017	15,866	14,151	1531.7	4.8	1126.4	6.6	405.3	2.8
Northern Ireland	837	442	395	51.0	5.9	40.1	8.6	10.9	2.7
United Kingdom	30,854	16,308	14,546	1582.7	4.9	1166.5	6.7	416.2	2.8

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on June 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-4	3	-7	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
North West	-20	-11	-8	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-64	-37	-27	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.1
East Midlands	-76	-45	-30	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.1
West Midlands	-60	-41	-19	2.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.1
East	-25	-20	-5	1.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.1
London	-53	-40	-13	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	2.0	0.1
South East	-101	-89	-12	2.8	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.0	0.0
South West	-13	-19	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
England	-415	-299	-116	19.6	0.1	11.3	0.1	8.3	0.1
Wales	-33	-21	-12	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1
Scotland	-32	-23	-9	2.9	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1
Great Britain	-479	-343	-136	23.4	0.1	13.7	0.1	9.7	0.1
Northern Ireland	-6	-5	-1	1.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
United Kingdom	-485	-349	-137	24.9	0.1	14.8	0.1	10.1	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

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1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

REGIONAL DATA

Wales

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted

1 Summary of LFS¹ headline indicators

		All aged 16 & over								
		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHM	YCHZ	YCJZ	YCMZ	HKMY			YCNM	
People	Apr-Jun 2007	2,388	1,436	1,357	79	952	60.1	56.8	5.5	39.9
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,400	1,437	1,366	71	963	59.9	56.9	4.9	40.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,404	1,423	1,328	95	981	59.2	55.3	6.7	40.8
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,408	1,436	1,336	100	972	59.6	55.5	7.0	40.4
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,412	1,443	1,332	111	969	59.8	55.2	7.7	40.2
	Apr-Jun 2009	2,416	1,430	1,322	108	986	59.2	54.7	7.6	40.8
	Change on quarter	4	-13	-10	-2	17	-0.6	-0.5	-0.1	0.6
	Change %	0.2	-0.9	-0.8	-2.2	1.7				
	Change on year	16	-7	-44	37	22	-0.7	-2.2	2.6	0.7
	Change %	0.7	-0.5	-3.2	52.5	2.3				
Men	Apr-Jun 2007	1,155	772	727	45	383	66.8	62.9	5.8	33.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,163	770	731	39	393	66.2	62.9	5.1	33.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,165	756	697	59	409	64.9	59.8	7.8	35.1
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,167	766	701	64	402	65.6	60.1	8.4	34.4
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,170	778	703	75	392	66.5	60.1	9.7	33.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,172	766	695	71	406	65.4	59.3	9.3	34.6
	Change on quarter	2	-12	-8	-4	14	-1.1	-0.8	-0.4	1.1
	Change %	0.2	-1.5	-1.1	-5.3	3.6				
	Change on year	9	-4	-36	32	13	-0.9	-3.6	4.2	0.9
	Change %	0.8	-0.5	-5.0	82.5	3.4				
Women	Apr-Jun 2007	1,233	664	630	34	569	53.8	51.1	5.2	46.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,237	667	635	32	571	53.9	51.3	4.8	46.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,239	667	631	36	572	53.8	50.9	5.4	46.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,240	670	635	36	570	54.0	51.2	5.3	46.0
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,242	665	630	35	577	53.5	50.7	5.3	46.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,244	664	627	37	580	53.4	50.4	5.5	46.6
	Change on quarter	2	-1	-3	2	3	-0.1	-0.3	0.2	0.1
	Change %	0.1	-0.1	-0.4	4.4	0.4				
	Change on year	6	-3	-8	5	9	-0.5	-0.9	0.8	0.5
	Change %	0.5	-0.4	-1.2	15.5	1.6				

		All aged 16 to 59/64								
		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIM	YCKM		LWDX
People	Apr-Jun 2007	1,787	1,367	1,288	78	421	76.5	72.1	5.7	23.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,789	1,369	1,298	71	420	76.5	72.6	5.2	23.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,790	1,356	1,263	94	433	75.8	70.6	6.9	24.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,791	1,365	1,265	99	426	76.2	70.7	7.3	23.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,792	1,370	1,261	109	422	76.5	70.4	8.0	23.5
	Apr-Jun 2009	1,793	1,356	1,249	107	437	75.6	69.7	7.9	24.4
	Change on quarter	1	-14	-12	-3	15	-0.8	-0.7	-0.1	0.8
	Change %	0.1	-1.0	-0.9	-2.5	3.6				
	Change on year	4	-13	-49	36	17	-0.9	-2.9	2.7	0.9
	Change %	0.2	-0.9	-3.8	51.1	4.0				
Men	Apr-Jun 2007	930	750	705	45	180	80.6	75.8	6.0	19.4
	Apr-Jun 2008	934	746	707	39	188	79.9	75.7	5.2	20.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	935	734	676	58	200	78.6	72.3	8.0	21.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	936	742	678	64	194	79.3	72.5	8.6	20.7
	Jan-Mar 2009	937	755	681	75	181	80.7	72.7	9.9	19.3
	Apr-Jun 2009	937	744	673	71	193	79.4	71.8	9.5	20.6
	Change on quarter	1	-11	-7	-4	12	-1.3	-0.8	-0.4	1.3
	Change %	0.1	-1.5	-1.1	-5.7	6.8				
	Change on year	4	-2	-34	32	5	-0.5	-3.9	4.3	0.5
	Change %	0.4	-0.2	-4.7	81.9	2.8				
Women	Apr-Jun 2007	857	617	583	33	240	72.0	68.1	5.4	28.0
	Apr-Jun 2008	855	623	591	32	232	72.9	69.1	5.1	27.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	855	622	587	35	233	72.7	68.6	5.7	27.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	855	623	587	36	232	72.8	68.7	5.7	27.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	855	615	580	34	241	71.9	67.8	5.6	28.1
	Apr-Jun 2009	855	612	576	36	243	71.5	67.3	5.9	28.5
	Change on quarter	0	-3	-4	2	3	-0.3	-0.5	0.3	0.3
	Change %	0.0	-0.4	-0.8	4.7	1.2				
	Change on year	0	-11	-15	4	11	-1.3	-1.8	0.8	1.3
	Change %	0.0	-1.8	-2.6	13.5	4.9				

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+5; 2= 3+4; 6= 2/1; 7= 3/1; 8= 4/2

Source: Labour Force Survey

9= 5/1; 10= 11+14; 11= 12+13; 15= 11/10; 16= 12/10; 17= 13/11; 18= 14/10

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

REGIONAL DATA

Wales

1a Summary of other headline indicators

(thousands),
seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)		
		Levels		
		Total	Males	Females
		YXYK	YXYZ	YXZO
	Mar 06	1,346	704	642
	Mar 07	1,377	710	667
	Mar 08	1,347	696	651
	Jun 08	1,363	708	656
	Sep 08	1,346	691	656
	Dec 08	1,345	691	654
	Mar 09	1,314	675	639
	<i>Change on year</i>	-33	-21	-12
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.4	-3.0	-1.8

		Claimant count ¹					
		Levels			Rates (%) ²		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPBE	ZMQC	ZMQE	DPBP	ZMQD	ZMQF
2008							
	July	44.0	32.9	11.1	3.1	4.4	1.7
	August #	46.2	34.7	11.5	3.3	4.7	1.7
	September	48.4	36.5	11.9	3.4	4.9	1.8
	October	51.2	38.5	12.7	3.6	5.2	1.9
	November #	56.1	42.7	13.4	4.0	5.8	2.0
	December	61.0	46.5	14.5	4.3	6.3	2.2
2009							
	January	65.7	50.1	15.6	4.7	6.8	2.3
	February #	72.1	55.1	17.0	5.1	7.4	2.6
	March	74.7	57.1	17.6	5.3	7.7	2.6
	April	76.9	58.8	18.1	5.5	7.9	2.7
	May #	77.6	59.2	18.4	5.5	8.0	2.8
	June (r)	78.5	59.7	18.8	5.6	8.1	2.8
	July (p)	79.4	60.2	19.2	5.6	8.1	2.9
	<i>Change on period</i>	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.8	2.1			
	<i>Change on year</i>	35.4	27.3	8.1	2.5	3.7	1.2
	<i>Change %</i>	80.5	83.0	73.0			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Wales

2 Employment by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,308	1,262	28	173	261	496	305	46
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,318	1,267	25	171	257	504	309	52
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,329	1,270	27	179	254	502	308	59
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,333	1,274	27	179	255	504	309	60
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,339	1,278	27	179	255	506	312	61
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,338	1,276	25	180	253	504	314	62
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,329	1,267	23	174	254	502	314	62
<i>Change on year</i>	0	-3	-4	-5	0	-1	6	3	
<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-0.3	-13.1	-2.6	0.0	-0.1	1.8	5.8	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	697	681	13	90	140	260	178	16
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	702	686	13	91	139	263	180	16
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	707	689	13	94	136	261	185	19
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	710	690	14	93	137	261	185	20
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	712	692	13	94	137	261	187	20
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	709	689	12	94	135	260	188	20
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	702	681	11	90	135	258	188	20
<i>Change on year</i>	-6	-7	-3	-3	-1	-3	3	2	
<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-1.1	-21.0	-3.7	-0.8	-1.2	1.7	10.1	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	611	581	15	83	121	236	127	30
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	616	581	13	81	118	241	129	35
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	621	581	14	85	118	241	123	40
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	624	584	14	86	117	243	124	40
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	627	586	14	85	118	244	125	41
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	628	587	13	85	118	245	126	42
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	627	585	13	84	119	244	126	41
<i>Change on year</i>	6	4	-1	-1	1	3	3	2	
<i>Change %</i>	0.9	0.7	-5.4	-1.4	0.8	1.1	2.0	3.8	
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	55.6	71.3	34.9	64.7	78.2	80.9	63.9	7.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	55.6	71.1	31.9	62.3	77.9	81.6	64.5	8.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	55.7	71.1	33.7	63.0	77.6	81.3	64.7	9.7
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	55.7	71.3	34.0	62.9	77.7	81.6	64.8	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	55.8	71.5	33.2	62.7	77.5	81.9	65.5	10.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	55.7	71.3	31.2	63.0	76.7	81.7	65.7	10.1
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	55.2	70.7	29.2	60.9	76.7	81.4	65.8	10.1
<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.4	-4.6	-2.1	-0.9	0.1	1.1	0.3	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	61.4	74.2	32.0	66.3	85.4	86.9	64.0	7.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	61.3	74.3	31.2	65.1	85.4	87.6	64.4	7.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	61.4	74.3	32.0	65.2	84.4	86.9	65.8	8.3
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	61.4	74.3	32.8	64.5	85.0	87.1	65.6	8.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	61.5	74.3	31.5	64.8	84.3	87.1	66.3	8.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	61.1	73.9	29.5	64.8	82.8	86.6	66.6	8.8
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	60.2	72.9	25.4	61.6	82.4	86.1	66.4	8.9
<i>Change on year</i>	-1.1	-1.3	-6.6	-3.6	-2.0	-0.9	0.6	0.6	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	50.1	68.1	38.0	63.1	71.2	75.1	63.7	8.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	50.2	67.7	32.8	59.3	70.7	76.0	64.7	9.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	50.3	67.8	35.6	60.8	71.0	76.0	63.0	10.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	50.4	68.0	35.3	61.3	70.6	76.4	63.5	10.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	50.6	68.3	35.0	60.6	70.9	76.9	64.3	10.7
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	50.6	68.4	33.1	61.2	70.8	77.1	64.5	10.8
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	50.5	68.3	33.2	60.2	71.1	76.9	64.8	10.8
<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.6	-2.4	-0.6	0.1	0.9	1.8	0.2	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Wales

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,308	1,130	165	*	*	964	343	54	69
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,318	1,140	167	*	*	970	348	54	69
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,329	1,147	170	*	*	971	357	53	75
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,333	1,150	171	*	*	973	359	55	76
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,339	1,155	173	*	*	979	359	55	75
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,338	1,151	175	*	*	978	357	56	74
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,329	1,142	175	*	*	976	351	54	68
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	-5	4	*	*	5	-6	1	-7
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-0.5	2.6	*	*	0.5	-1.6	1.8	-9.1
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	697	568	123	*	*	618	78	24	31
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	702	574	123	*	*	628	74	24	32
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	707	575	126	*	*	624	83	24	36
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	710	578	126	*	*	625	84	23	36
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	712	580	127	*	*	627	85	23	35
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	709	577	127	*	*	625	84	24	33
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	702	570	126	*	*	620	81	23	31
	<i>Change on year</i>	-6	-5	-1	*	*	-4	-2	-1	-5
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-0.9	-0.6	*	*	-0.6	-2.2	-4.9	-14.2
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	611	562	42	*	*	346	265	31	38
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	616	566	44	*	*	342	274	30	37
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	621	572	44	*	*	347	274	29	39
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	624	572	46	*	*	348	275	32	40
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	627	575	46	*	*	352	274	31	40
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	628	575	48	*	*	354	273	32	41
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	627	571	49	*	*	356	270	31	37
	<i>Change on year</i>	6	0	5	*	*	9	-4	2	-2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	-0.1	11.8	*	*	2.5	-1.4	7.3	-4.4

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	69	18	18	32	335	33	240	60
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	69	18	17	34	341	34	247	57
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	75	19	19	37	351	38	250	61
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	76	19	20	37	352	38	248	64
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	75	18	21	36	352	38	247	65
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	74	18	21	35	351	40	245	65
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	68	18	18	32	343	40	241	61
	<i>Change on year</i>	-7	-1	0	-5	-8	2	-9	-1
	<i>Change %</i>	-9.1	-7.5	-2.5	-13.5	-2.2	5.7	-3.5	-1.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Wales

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2 3}

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYK			
All jobs	Mar 05	1,331	1,149	176	7
	Mar 06	1,346	1,164	176	6
	Mar 07	1,377	1,176	195	6
	Mar 08	1,347	1,154	187	6
	Jun 08	1,363	1,156	202	6
	Sep 08	1,346	1,152	189	6
	Dec 08	1,345	1,145	194	5
	Mar 09	1,314	1,116	193	5
<i>Change on year</i>		-33	-38	6	0
<i>Change %</i>		-2.4	-3.3	3.2	-7.7
		YXYZ			
Male jobs	Mar 05	681	551	126	4
	Mar 06	704	567	133	4
	Mar 07	710	563	144	4
	Mar 08	696	553	139	3
	Jun 08	708	556	148	3
	Sep 08	691	554	134	3
	Dec 08	691	548	140	3
	Mar 09	675	526	146	3
<i>Change on year</i>		-21	-27	6	0
<i>Change %</i>		-3.0	-4.8	4.4	-6.4
		YXZO			
Female jobs	Mar 05	650	597	50	3
	Mar 06	642	597	43	2
	Mar 07	667	613	51	3
	Mar 08	651	601	47	3
	Jun 08	656	599	54	2
	Sep 08	656	598	56	2
	Dec 08	654	597	55	2
	Mar 09	639	590	47	2
<i>Change on year</i>		-12	-11	0	0
<i>Change %</i>		-1.8	-1.9	-0.2	-9.4

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

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1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark. Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Wales

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Mar 06	1,170	1,164	7	6	165	60	483	443
	Mar 07	1,182	1,176	9	6	157	59	492	452
	Mar 08	1,160	1,154	9	7	158	41	491	448
	Jun 08	1,154	1,156	8	7	157	45	492	447
	Sep 08	1,150	1,152	8	7	155	50	486	445
	Dec 08	1,141	1,145	7	7	152	48	483	448
	Mar 09	1,124	1,116	8	7	146	40	466	450
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-16							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.4							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-35	-38	-2	0	-12	-1	-26	2
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.0	-3.3	-19.2	-0.3	-7.8	-2.3	-5.2	0.5
Male jobs	Mar 06	572	567	5	4	127	51	242	137
	Mar 07	569	563	7	5	120	51	243	136
	Mar 08	559	553	7	5	121	35	246	139
	Jun 08	554	556	7	5	120	38	247	139
	Sep 08	551	554	7	5	119	43	243	138
	Dec 08	545	548	6	5	116	41	241	139
	Mar 09	534	526	7	5	112	34	231	138
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-11							
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.1							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-25	-27	-1	0	-10	-1	-15	0
	<i>Change %</i>	-4.4	-4.8	-8.5	0.6	-8.0	-3.7	-6.0	-0.3
Female jobs	Mar 06	598	597	1	1	38	9	241	306
	Mar 07	613	613	2	1	38	8	248	316
	Mar 08	601	601	2	2	37	6	246	309
	Jun 08	600	599	2	2	37	6	245	308
	Sep 08	599	598	1	2	36	7	244	307
	Dec 08	595	597	1	2	35	7	243	309
	Mar 09	591	590	1	2	34	6	235	312
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-5							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-11	-11	-1	0	-3	0	-11	3
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.8	-1.9	-55.3	-3.2	-7.1	6.5	-4.4	0.9

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Wales

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹²	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹		Workers with second jobs	
			2	3	4	5
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	42	32.1	37.2	16.2	10.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	42	32.0	37.2	15.9	11.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	42	31.8	37.1	16.2	10.3
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	42	31.6	36.8	15.9	10.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	42	31.6	36.9	15.8	9.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	42	31.6	36.8	15.8	9.7
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	42	31.6	36.9	15.8	9.9
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.4
<i>Change %</i>		-0.7	-0.7	-0.5	-2.2	-4.0
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	26	37.2	39.4	16.1	11.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	26	37.0	39.0	15.9	12.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	26	36.7	39.0	16.0	12.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	26	36.4	38.8	15.9	11.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	26	36.6	39.0	15.7	11.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	26	36.6	38.9	16.0	11.4
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	26	36.6	39.0	15.7	11.8
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>		-1.2	-0.4	-0.2	-1.8	-2.1
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	16	26.3	33.2	16.2	9.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	16	26.3	33.8	15.9	9.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	16	26.3	33.5	16.2	8.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	16	26.0	33.3	15.9	8.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	16	26.1	33.3	15.9	8.5
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	16	26.0	33.2	15.7	8.5
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	16	26.1	33.3	15.9	8.5
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.4
<i>Change %</i>		0.1	-0.8	-0.7	-2.4	-4.2

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jan 07 - Dec 07									
Less than 6 Hours	1.6	0.8	2.4	1.4	0.7	2.0	2.0	1.0	4.7
6 up to 15 hours	6.8	3.4	10.7	6.8	3.3	10.4	6.3	3.5	14.4
16 up to 30 hours	20.0	9.0	32.5	20.3	8.0	32.7	17.5	13.2	29.7
31 up to 45 hours	52.7	58.2	46.4	54.8	61.9	47.7	38.8	41.9	30.1
Over 45 hours	19.0	28.5	8.1	16.7	26.1	7.1	35.4	40.4	21.1
Total (thousands)	1,329	707	621	1,147	575	572	170	126	44
Oct 07 - Sep 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	0.8	2.4	1.4	0.7	2.0	2.3	1.0	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.9	3.4	10.9	6.9	3.2	10.6	6.4	3.9	12.9
16 up to 30 hours	19.7	8.7	32.1	20.2	8.0	32.3	16.5	11.2	30.4
31 up to 45 hours	53.1	58.8	46.7	55.0	62.1	48.0	40.7	43.7	32.8
Over 45 hours	18.8	28.3	8.0	16.6	25.9	7.2	34.2	40.2	18.2
Total (thousands)	1,338	709	628	1,151	577	575	175	127	48
Jan 08 - Dec 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	0.7	2.3	1.2	0.6	1.8	2.2	0.9	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.7	3.3	10.5	6.6	3.2	10.1	6.4	3.4	14.1
16 up to 30 hours	19.6	8.6	32.0	20.0	7.8	32.2	16.9	11.5	30.8
31 up to 45 hours	53.6	59.7	46.8	55.8	63.2	48.4	39.6	43.2	30.4
Over 45 hours	18.6	27.8	8.4	16.4	25.2	7.6	34.8	41.0	19.2
Total (thousands)	1,329	702	627	1,142	570	571	175	126	49

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

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CLAIMANT COUNT

Wales

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2008	DPBE	DPBP			BCKI	DPAT
	July	44.0	3.1	13.2	11.4	43.1	3.1
	August #	46.2	3.3	13.4	11.7	46.1	3.3
	September	48.4	3.4	14.3	12.1	47.1	3.3
	October	51.2	3.6	15.0	12.1	48.4	3.4
	November #	56.1	4.0	16.3	12.0	53.9	3.8
	December	61.0	4.3	17.8	12.5	60.4	4.3
	2009						
	January	65.7	4.7	17.7	12.8	68.3	4.9
	February #	72.1	5.1	18.4	13.5	76.8	5.5
	March	74.7	5.3	18.2	14.6	78.9	5.6
	April	76.9	5.5	18.0	14.8	79.5	5.6
	May #	77.6	5.5	17.7	15.8	78.1	5.6
	June (r)	78.5	5.6	17.9	16.6	77.0	5.5
	July (p)	79.4	5.6	18.2	17.4	78.0	5.5
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>0.1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.1</i>		<i>1.7</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>1.4</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>35.4</i>	<i>2.5</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>6.0</i>	<i>34.9</i>	<i>2.5</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>80.5</i>		<i>37.9</i>	<i>52.6</i>	<i>81.1</i>	
	Men	2008	ZMQC	ZMQD			
July		32.9	4.4	9.5	8.1	31.9	4.3
August #		34.7	4.7	9.9	8.3	34.0	4.6
September		36.5	4.9	10.4	8.6	35.0	4.7
October		38.5	5.2	10.9	8.8	36.2	4.9
November #		42.7	5.8	12.0	8.6	41.2	5.6
December		46.5	6.3	13.0	9.0	46.6	6.3
2009							
January		50.1	6.8	12.8	9.1	52.3	7.1
February #		55.1	7.4	13.4	9.6	58.7	7.9
March		57.1	7.7	13.1	10.3	60.3	8.1
April		58.8	7.9	13.0	10.5	60.6	8.2
May #		59.2	8.0	12.8	11.5	59.7	8.1
June (r)		59.7	8.1	12.9	12.0	58.5	7.9
July (p)		60.2	8.1	13.1	12.6	58.7	7.9
<i>Change on month</i>		<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>0.8</i>		<i>1.6</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>0.3</i>	
<i>Change on year</i>		<i>27.3</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>4.5</i>	<i>26.8</i>	<i>3.6</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>83.0</i>		<i>37.9</i>	<i>55.6</i>	<i>84.2</i>	
Women		2008	ZMQE	ZMQF			
	July	11.1	1.7	3.7	3.3	11.2	1.7
	August #	11.5	1.7	3.5	3.4	12.1	1.8
	September	11.9	1.8	3.9	3.5	12.1	1.8
	October	12.7	1.9	4.1	3.3	12.2	1.8
	November #	13.4	2.0	4.3	3.4	12.8	1.9
	December	14.5	2.2	4.8	3.5	13.8	2.1
	2009						
	January	15.6	2.3	4.9	3.7	16.0	2.4
	February #	17.0	2.6	5.0	3.9	18.1	2.7
	March	17.6	2.6	5.1	4.3	18.6	2.8
	April	18.1	2.7	5.0	4.3	18.8	2.8
	May #	18.4	2.8	4.9	4.3	18.5	2.8
	June (r)	18.8	2.8	5.0	4.6	18.4	2.8
	July (p)	19.2	2.9	5.1	4.8	19.3	2.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>2.1</i>		<i>2.0</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>4.7</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>8.1</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.4</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>8.1</i>	<i>1.2</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>73.0</i>		<i>37.8</i>	<i>45.5</i>	<i>72.3</i>	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

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NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

Wales

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

People	All aged 16+							18-24						
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
2007														
July	39.6	39.5	28.3	6.1	5.1	13.0	1.8	14.3	12.0	1.8	0.4	2.9	0.1	
2008														
July	43.1	43.0	32.6	6.2	4.2	9.7	1.3	15.6	13.4	1.8	0.4	2.6	0.1	
August #	46.1	46.0	35.0	6.7	4.3	9.3	1.3	17.0	14.6	2.0	0.4	2.4	0.1	
September	47.1	47.0	35.9	6.7	4.3	9.2	1.3	17.6	15.3	1.9	0.4	2.4	0.1	
October	48.4	48.3	37.4	6.5	4.4	9.0	1.3	17.8	15.6	1.7	0.4	2.5	0.1	
November #	53.9	53.8	42.7	6.6	4.5	8.4	1.3	19.5	17.2	1.8	0.5	2.3	0.1	
December	60.4	60.1	48.2	7.2	4.7	7.8	1.3	21.3	18.9	1.9	0.5	2.2	0.1	
2009														
January	68.3	68.1	54.5	8.6	5.0	7.3	1.4	23.5	20.5	2.5	0.5	2.1	0.1	
February #	76.8	76.5	61.7	9.6	5.3	6.9	1.4	27.0	23.6	2.8	0.5	1.9	0.1	
March	78.9	78.5	62.0	11.0	5.5	7.0	1.4	27.6	23.6	3.5	0.5	1.9	0.1	
April	79.5	79.0	60.8	12.6	5.7	7.2	1.4	27.1	22.6	4.0	0.5	1.9	0.1	
May #	78.1	77.7	56.7	14.9	6.1	7.8	1.4	26.1	20.9	4.7	0.6	2.1	0.1	
June	77.0	76.7	53.9	16.4	6.5	8.4	1.5	25.7	20.1	5.0	0.6	2.3	0.2	
July	78.0	77.8	54.3	16.6	6.9	8.9	1.5	26.7	21.3	4.7	0.7	2.4	0.2	
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>34.9</i>	<i>34.8</i>	<i>21.7</i>	<i>10.4</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>11.1</i>	<i>8.0</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	
<i>Change %</i>	<i>81.1</i>	<i>81.1</i>	<i>66.6</i>	<i>167.1</i>	<i>66.4</i>		<i>14.3</i>	<i>71.6</i>	<i>59.6</i>	<i>165.0</i>	<i>58.2</i>		<i>28.1</i>	
Men														
2007														
July	29.0	28.9	20.2	4.6	4.1	14.3	1.5	9.7	8.1	1.3	0.3	3.1	0.1	
2008														
July	31.9	31.8	23.5	4.9	3.4	10.6	1.0	10.6	9.0	1.3	0.3	2.7	0.1	
August #	34.0	33.9	25.2	5.2	3.5	10.2	1.0	11.7	10.0	1.4	0.3	2.4	0.1	
September	35.0	34.9	26.1	5.3	3.5	10.0	1.1	12.2	10.6	1.4	0.3	2.5	0.1	
October	36.2	36.1	27.4	5.2	3.5	9.7	1.0	12.4	10.8	1.3	0.3	2.6	0.1	
November #	41.2	41.1	32.1	5.3	3.7	9.0	1.1	14.0	12.4	1.3	0.3	2.4	0.1	
December	46.6	46.4	36.8	5.7	3.9	8.3	1.1	15.6	13.8	1.4	0.3	2.2	0.1	
2009														
January	52.3	52.2	41.3	6.7	4.1	7.8	1.1	17.1	14.9	1.8	0.4	2.1	0.1	
February #	58.7	58.5	46.6	7.6	4.3	7.4	1.1	19.5	17.1	2.1	0.4	1.9	0.1	
March	60.3	60.0	46.9	8.6	4.5	7.5	1.1	20.0	17.1	2.5	0.4	1.9	0.1	
April	60.6	60.3	45.8	9.9	4.7	7.8	1.1	19.7	16.3	2.9	0.4	2.1	0.1	
May #	59.7	59.4	42.4	11.9	5.0	8.4	1.2	19.0	15.1	3.5	0.4	2.2	0.1	
June	58.5	58.4	39.9	13.2	5.3	9.1	1.2	18.6	14.4	3.8	0.4	2.4	0.1	
July	58.7	58.6	39.5	13.3	5.7	9.7	1.2	18.8	14.8	3.5	0.5	2.5	0.1	
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>26.8</i>	<i>26.8</i>	<i>16.0</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>8.2</i>	<i>5.8</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	
<i>Change %</i>	<i>84.2</i>	<i>84.2</i>	<i>68.2</i>	<i>171.4</i>	<i>68.8</i>		<i>16.9</i>	<i>77.9</i>	<i>64.1</i>	<i>180.1</i>	<i>63.9</i>		<i>40.0</i>	
Women														
2007														
July	10.6	10.5	8.1	1.4	1.0	9.6	0.3	4.5	3.9	0.5	0.1	2.6	0.0	
2008														
July	11.2	11.2	9.1	1.3	0.8	7.2	0.3	5.0	4.3	0.5	0.1	2.4	0.0	
August #	12.1	12.0	9.8	1.4	0.8	6.8	0.3	5.3	4.6	0.6	0.1	2.2	0.0	
September	12.1	12.0	9.8	1.4	0.8	6.9	0.3	5.4	4.8	0.5	0.1	2.3	0.0	
October	12.2	12.2	10.0	1.3	0.8	7.0	0.3	5.3	4.8	0.5	0.1	2.2	0.0	
November #	12.8	12.7	10.6	1.3	0.8	6.6	0.3	5.4	4.9	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.0	
December	13.8	13.8	11.4	1.5	0.9	6.3	0.3	5.8	5.1	0.5	0.1	2.2	0.0	
2009														
January	16.0	15.9	13.2	1.9	0.9	5.5	0.3	6.4	5.6	0.7	0.1	1.9	0.0	
February #	18.1	18.0	15.1	2.0	0.9	5.2	0.3	7.4	6.6	0.7	0.1	1.8	0.0	
March	18.6	18.5	15.2	2.4	1.0	5.3	0.3	7.6	6.5	0.9	0.1	1.8	0.0	
April	18.8	18.7	15.0	2.7	1.0	5.3	0.3	7.4	6.2	1.1	0.1	1.7	0.0	
May #	18.5	18.4	14.3	3.0	1.1	5.9	0.3	7.1	5.8	1.2	0.1	2.0	0.0	
June	18.4	18.4	14.0	3.2	1.2	6.3	0.3	7.1	5.7	1.2	0.1	2.0	0.0	
July	19.3	19.2	14.7	3.3	1.3	6.6	0.3	7.8	6.5	1.2	0.2	2.2	0.0	
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>8.1</i>	<i>8.1</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>-0.7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>2.9</i>	<i>2.2</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	
<i>Change %</i>	<i>72.3</i>	<i>72.3</i>	<i>62.4</i>	<i>151.2</i>	<i>56.3</i>		<i>4.7</i>	<i>58.1</i>	<i>50.2</i>	<i>128.2</i>	<i>44.2</i>		<i>4.9</i>	

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

Wales

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2007												
July	19.2	12.7	3.3	3.1	16.3	0.8	5.7	3.2	0.9	1.6	28.2	0.9
2008												
July	21.3	15.0	3.6	2.8	13.1	0.8	5.9	4.0	0.9	1.0	16.5	0.4
August #	22.7	16.0	3.8	2.9	13.0	0.8	6.1	4.2	0.9	1.0	15.7	0.4
September	23.1	16.3	3.8	3.0	12.8	0.8	6.0	4.1	1.0	0.9	15.5	0.4
October	23.9	17.2	3.7	3.0	12.5	0.8	6.4	4.5	1.0	0.9	14.8	0.4
November #	26.9	19.9	3.8	3.1	11.5	0.8	7.3	5.2	1.1	1.0	13.3	0.4
December	30.3	22.9	4.1	3.3	10.8	0.8	8.2	6.0	1.2	1.0	12.0	0.4
2009												
January	34.7	26.5	4.8	3.4	9.9	0.9	9.6	7.2	1.4	1.0	10.8	0.4
February #	38.6	29.7	5.3	3.6	9.4	0.9	10.6	8.0	1.4	1.1	10.7	0.4
March	39.8	30.0	6.0	3.8	9.5	0.9	10.8	8.1	1.6	1.2	10.9	0.4
April	40.5	29.8	6.7	3.9	9.7	0.9	11.2	8.1	1.8	1.2	11.0	0.4
May #	40.2	27.9	8.1	4.2	10.4	0.9	11.1	7.6	2.1	1.3	12.0	0.4
June	39.9	26.5	9.0	4.4	11.1	0.9	10.8	7.1	2.3	1.4	13.2	0.4
July	40.0	25.9	9.4	4.8	11.9	1.0	10.8	6.8	2.5	1.5	14.2	0.4
Change on year	18.7	10.9	5.8	2.0	-1.2	0.2	4.9	2.7	1.6	0.6	-2.3	0.0
Change %	87.9	73.1	163.2	70.5		22.7	83.7	67.2	189.3	57.9		-5.5
Men												
2007												
July	14.9	9.7	2.6	2.6	17.1	0.7	4.2	2.2	0.7	1.3	30.9	0.7
2008												
July	16.8	11.5	3.0	2.3	13.7	0.6	4.3	2.8	0.7	0.8	17.9	0.3
August #	17.7	12.2	3.1	2.4	13.8	0.6	4.4	2.9	0.7	0.7	17.0	0.3
September	18.2	12.6	3.1	2.5	13.5	0.7	4.4	2.9	0.8	0.7	16.8	0.3
October	18.9	13.3	3.1	2.5	13.0	0.7	4.7	3.2	0.8	0.7	15.8	0.3
November #	21.6	15.9	3.2	2.6	12.0	0.7	5.3	3.7	0.8	0.8	14.3	0.3
December	24.5	18.4	3.4	2.7	11.1	0.7	6.1	4.3	0.9	0.8	12.9	0.3
2009												
January	27.9	21.1	3.9	2.9	10.3	0.7	7.1	5.2	1.0	0.8	11.8	0.3
February #	31.1	23.6	4.4	3.0	9.8	0.7	7.8	5.8	1.1	0.9	11.7	0.3
March	31.8	23.7	4.9	3.2	10.0	0.7	8.0	5.8	1.2	0.9	11.9	0.3
April	32.3	23.4	5.6	3.3	10.2	0.7	8.3	5.9	1.4	1.0	11.9	0.3
May #	32.0	21.7	6.8	3.5	11.0	0.7	8.2	5.6	1.6	1.1	12.9	0.3
June	31.6	20.3	7.6	3.7	11.7	0.8	8.0	5.1	1.8	1.1	14.2	0.3
July	31.6	19.7	7.9	4.0	12.6	0.8	8.0	4.9	1.9	1.2	15.2	0.3
Change on year	14.7	8.1	4.9	1.7	-1.1	0.2	3.7	2.1	1.2	0.5	-2.7	0.0
Change %	87.6	70.6	165.1	72.4		24.7	87.9	72.8	183.4	59.8		-3.6
Women												
2007												
July	4.3	3.0	0.7	0.6	13.2	0.1	1.6	1.0	0.2	0.3	20.9	0.2
2008												
July	4.5	3.4	0.6	0.5	10.6	0.2	1.6	1.2	0.2	0.2	13.0	0.1
August #	4.9	3.8	0.7	0.5	10.1	0.1	1.7	1.3	0.2	0.2	12.2	0.1
September	4.9	3.7	0.7	0.5	10.3	0.2	1.7	1.3	0.2	0.2	12.0	0.1
October	5.0	3.8	0.6	0.5	10.5	0.2	1.8	1.3	0.2	0.2	11.9	0.1
November #	5.2	4.1	0.7	0.5	9.9	0.2	1.9	1.5	0.2	0.2	10.7	0.1
December	5.7	4.4	0.8	0.5	9.4	0.2	2.1	1.7	0.3	0.2	9.4	0.1
2009												
January	6.8	5.4	0.9	0.6	8.1	0.2	2.5	2.0	0.3	0.2	7.9	0.1
February #	7.6	6.1	0.9	0.6	7.7	0.2	2.8	2.3	0.3	0.2	7.9	0.1
March	7.9	6.3	1.1	0.6	7.6	0.2	2.9	2.2	0.4	0.2	8.3	0.1
April	8.2	6.4	1.2	0.6	7.6	0.2	2.9	2.2	0.4	0.2	8.4	0.1
May #	8.2	6.3	1.3	0.7	8.1	0.2	2.9	2.1	0.5	0.3	9.6	0.1
June	8.3	6.2	1.4	0.7	8.7	0.2	2.8	2.0	0.5	0.3	10.3	0.1
July	8.5	6.2	1.5	0.8	9.1	0.2	2.8	1.9	0.6	0.3	11.3	0.1
Change on year	4.0	2.8	0.9	0.3	-1.6	0.0	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.1	-1.6	0.0
Change %	89.0	81.7	153.8	61.4		14.6	72.5	54.3	209.8	50.7		-12.6

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Wales

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,380	1,333	37	198	274	511	313	47
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,391	1,339	34	195	272	519	318	53
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,407	1,348	37	203	271	520	316	60
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,413	1,352	37	204	271	522	317	61
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,417	1,355	36	204	271	524	321	62
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,420	1,357	35	207	269	522	323	63
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	1,418	1,356	35	205	270	522	324	63
	<i>Change on year</i>	11	8	-3	2	-1	1	8	3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.6	-6.8	0.9	-0.2	0.2	2.6	5.3
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	743	726	18	106	149	269	183	17
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	746	729	17	107	148	271	187	17
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	751	732	18	108	146	270	190	19
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	754	734	18	109	147	270	190	20
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	756	735	18	109	146	270	192	20
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	756	736	18	112	144	268	194	21
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	754	733	17	109	144	268	195	21
	<i>Change on year</i>	2	0	-2	1	-2	-2	5	2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.1	-10.0	1.0	-1.4	-0.6	2.5	10.1
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	637	607	19	92	125	242	130	30
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	645	610	17	88	124	249	131	36
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	656	615	19	95	125	251	126	41
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	659	618	19	95	124	252	127	41
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	662	620	18	95	125	253	129	41
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	663	621	18	95	125	254	129	42
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	665	623	18	96	126	254	129	42
	<i>Change on year</i>	9	8	-1	1	1	3	3	1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.2	-3.7	0.8	1.2	1.1	2.7	3.0

Economic activity rates (%)¹

People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	58.6	75.3	46.5	73.9	82.0	83.4	65.6	8.0
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	58.7	75.2	42.6	70.9	82.3	84.2	66.5	8.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	59.0	75.5	46.4	71.7	82.9	84.3	66.3	9.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	59.1	75.7	46.7	71.8	82.8	84.6	66.4	10.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	59.1	75.8	44.7	71.7	82.5	84.8	67.2	10.2
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	59.1	75.8	44.1	72.6	81.7	84.6	67.7	10.2
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	58.9	75.7	43.0	71.8	81.7	84.6	67.9	10.2
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.2	-3.4	0.1	-1.1	0.3	1.7	0.3
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	65.3	79.1	44.8	78.0	90.5	90.1	66.1	7.6
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	65.2	78.9	41.5	76.5	90.7	90.1	66.9	7.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	65.2	79.0	44.4	75.4	90.7	89.9	67.6	8.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	65.3	79.0	44.1	75.2	90.9	90.1	67.5	8.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	65.2	79.0	42.9	75.5	89.7	90.0	68.1	9.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	65.1	78.9	42.3	76.8	88.4	89.4	68.7	9.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	64.7	78.5	40.1	74.7	88.0	89.5	68.8	9.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.5	-0.5	-4.3	-0.7	-2.7	-0.3	1.2	0.6
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	52.3	71.2	48.3	69.6	73.8	77.1	65.1	8.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	52.6	71.1	43.7	65.1	74.2	78.6	65.9	9.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	53.1	71.7	48.5	67.9	75.3	79.0	64.3	10.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	53.3	72.1	49.4	68.3	75.0	79.4	64.9	10.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	53.4	72.3	46.7	67.8	75.4	79.8	65.9	10.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	53.5	72.5	46.0	68.2	75.2	80.1	66.1	11.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	53.5	72.7	46.0	68.7	75.6	79.9	66.6	10.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	1.0	-2.5	0.9	0.4	1.0	2.3	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Wales

10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically inactive									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	975	438	43	70	60	102	164	537
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	980	442	46	80	58	98	161	538
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	980	437	43	80	56	97	161	542
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	980	435	43	80	56	95	160	545
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	980	433	44	80	58	94	156	547
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	983	433	45	78	60	95	154	550
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	988	435	46	81	60	95	153	553
	<i>Change on year</i>	8	-2	3	0	4	-2	-8	11
<i>Change %</i>	0.9	-0.5	6.9	0.5	7.7	-2.3	-4.8	2.0	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	394	192	23	30	16	30	94	202
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	399	194	24	33	15	30	93	204
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	401	195	23	35	15	30	91	206
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	402	195	23	36	15	30	92	206
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	403	196	24	36	17	30	90	207
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	406	197	24	34	19	32	88	209
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	411	201	25	37	20	31	88	210
	<i>Change on year</i>	10	6	2	2	5	1	-3	4
<i>Change %</i>	2.6	3.2	7.4	5.1	30.6	3.2	-3.1	1.9	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	581	246	20	40	44	72	70	335
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	582	248	22	47	43	68	68	334
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	579	242	20	45	41	67	70	336
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	578	240	20	44	42	65	69	338
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	577	237	21	45	41	64	66	340
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	577	236	21	44	41	63	66	341
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	577	234	21	44	41	64	65	343
	<i>Change on year</i>	-2	-9	1	-1	0	-3	-5	7
<i>Change %</i>	-0.3	-3.6	6.4	-3.2	-0.7	-4.8	-7.1	2.0	
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	41.4	24.7	53.5	26.1	18.0	16.6	34.4	92.0
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	41.3	24.8	57.4	29.1	17.7	15.8	33.5	91.1
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	41.0	24.5	53.6	28.3	17.1	15.7	33.7	90.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	40.9	24.3	53.3	28.2	17.2	15.4	33.6	90.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	40.9	24.2	55.3	28.3	17.5	15.2	32.8	89.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	40.9	24.2	55.9	27.4	18.3	15.4	32.3	89.8
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	41.1	24.3	57.0	28.2	18.3	15.4	32.1	89.8
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	-0.2	3.4	-0.1	1.1	-0.3	-1.7	-0.3
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	34.7	20.9	55.2	22.0	9.5	9.9	33.9	92.4
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	34.8	21.1	58.5	23.5	9.3	9.9	33.1	92.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	34.8	21.0	55.6	24.6	9.3	10.1	32.4	91.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	34.7	21.0	55.9	24.8	9.1	9.9	32.5	91.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	34.8	21.0	57.1	24.5	10.3	10.0	31.9	91.0
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	34.9	21.1	57.7	23.2	11.6	10.6	31.3	91.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	35.3	21.5	59.9	25.3	12.0	10.5	31.2	91.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.5	0.5	4.3	0.7	2.7	0.3	-1.2	-0.6
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	47.7	28.8	51.7	30.4	26.2	22.9	34.9	91.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	47.4	28.9	56.3	34.9	25.8	21.4	34.1	90.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	46.9	28.3	51.5	32.1	24.7	21.0	35.7	89.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	46.7	27.9	50.6	31.7	25.0	20.6	35.1	89.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	46.6	27.7	53.3	32.2	24.6	20.2	34.1	89.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	46.5	27.5	54.0	31.8	24.8	19.9	33.9	89.0
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	46.5	27.3	54.0	31.3	24.4	20.1	33.4	89.1
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-1.0	2.5	-0.9	-0.4	-1.0	-2.3	-0.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Wales

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Economic Inactivity by reason										
		Total aged 16-59/64	Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	438	89	108	13	157	*	31	38	332	106	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	442	103	106	13	147	*	33	37	340	103	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	437	98	109	12	145	*	35	37	332	105	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	435	98	108	11	143	*	35	37	324	111	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	433	101	103	11	143	*	35	38	319	114	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	433	99	106	11	144	*	34	37	317	116	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	435	104	105	11	143	*	34	36	320	115	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-2	6	-4	-1	-2	*	-1	-1	-12	9	
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.5	6.3	-3.6	-10.0	-1.5	*	-3.9	-2.2	-3.5	8.9	
Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	192	44	11	*	88	*	24	18	145	48	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	194	51	12	*	82	*	25	17	149	45	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	195	51	13	*	81	*	27	16	143	52	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	195	52	14	*	80	*	27	15	142	53	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	196	53	14	*	80	*	26	15	141	54	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	197	51	14	*	82	*	25	17	142	55	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	201	56	14	*	83	*	25	16	146	55	
	<i>Change on year</i>	6	5	1	*	2	*	-1	1	3	3	
	<i>Change %</i>	3.2	9.3	4.7	*	2.5	*	-5.6	3.7	2.3	5.7	
Women	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	246	44	98	*	69	*	*	20	187	58	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	248	52	95	*	66	*	*	20	190	58	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	242	47	96	*	64	*	*	21	189	53	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	240	46	94	*	64	*	*	22	181	58	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	237	47	89	*	63	*	*	23	177	60	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	236	48	91	*	62	*	*	20	175	61	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	234	49	91	*	60	*	*	20	174	60	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9	1	-4	*	-4	*	*	-1	-15	6	
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.6	3.0	-4.7	*	-6.4	*	*	-6.7	-8.0	12.0	
Percentage of economically inactive (%)												
People	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	20.2	24.7	3.0	35.9	*	7.2	8.7	75.8	24.2	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	23.4	24.0	2.9	33.3	*	7.6	8.3	76.8	23.2	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	22.4	24.8	2.7	33.2	*	8.0	8.4	75.9	24.1	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	22.6	24.7	2.5	33.0	*	8.1	8.6	74.4	25.6	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	23.2	23.8	2.5	33.1	*	8.0	8.9	73.6	26.4	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	22.8	24.5	2.6	33.4	*	7.9	8.5	73.2	26.8	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	24.0	24.1	2.5	32.9	*	7.7	8.3	73.7	26.3	
	Men	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	23.1	5.6	*	45.6	*	12.5	9.3	75.2	24.8
		Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	26.2	6.0	*	41.9	*	13.0	8.7	76.9	23.1
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		100.0	26.1	6.6	*	41.4	*	13.7	8.1	73.4	26.6	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		100.0	26.6	7.1	*	40.8	*	13.7	7.8	73.0	27.0	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		100.0	27.2	6.9	*	41.0	*	13.2	7.8	72.2	27.8	
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008		100.0	25.9	7.4	*	41.8	*	12.5	8.5	71.9	28.1	
Jan 2008 - Dec 2008		100.0	27.6	6.7	*	41.1	*	12.5	8.2	72.7	27.3	
Women		Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	18.0	39.7	*	28.3	*	*	8.2	76.3	23.7
		Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	21.1	38.2	*	26.6	*	*	8.1	76.7	23.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	19.5	39.5	*	26.6	*	*	8.6	78.0	22.0	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	19.4	39.1	*	26.6	*	*	9.2	75.6	24.4	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	20.0	37.7	*	26.6	*	*	9.8	74.7	25.3	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	20.3	38.7	*	26.3	*	*	8.5	74.3	25.7	
	Jan 2008 - Dec 2008	100.0	20.8	39.0	*	25.8	*	*	8.3	74.4	25.6	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	1,797	1,329	70.7	90	6.3	435	24.3	45,750	2.5	1,359	0.76	
Blaenau Gwent	42	28	64.8	3	9.2	12	29.5	2,106	5.0	22	0.52	
Bridgend	81	58	70.2	4	6.7	19	23.7	2,016	2.5	62	0.76	
Caerphilly	105	71	65.1	6	7.8	31	29.5	3,511	3.4	56	0.54	
Cardiff	211	154	71.0	11	6.7	50	24.0	5,337	2.5	213	1.01	
Carmarthenshire	104	80	72.2	5	5.7	24	22.7	2,209	2.1	73	0.70	
Ceredigion	48	34	65.6	2	5.0	15	30.6	613	1.3	35	0.72	
Conwy	62	48	73.6	3	5.7	14	22.1	1,699	2.7	44	0.72	
Denbighshire	56	41	70.1	3	6.1	14	24.9	1,493	2.7	45	0.80	
Flintshire	92	76	78.8	4	4.6	17	18.3	1,857	2.0	74	0.81	
Gwynedd	70	52	71.1	3	5.5	18	25.3	1,620	2.3	57	0.82	
Isle of Anglesey	40	29	69.2	2	6.8	10	25.1	1,214	3.1	26	0.65	
Merthyr Tydfil	34	24	67.4	2	8.0	9	26.8	1,387	4.1	24	0.72	
Monmouthshire	51	42	77.2	2	4.2	10	19.8	747	1.5	39	0.76	
Neath Port Talbot	82	58	67.9	4	6.5	23	28.1	2,191	2.7	47	0.57	
Newport	85	60	68.3	5	8.0	21	24.7	2,685	3.2	81	0.96	
Pembrokeshire	67	53	72.9	3	4.8	15	23.0	1,145	1.7	52	0.78	
Powys	75	62	76.1	3	4.4	15	19.8	1,216	1.6	63	0.83	
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	143	101	69.0	8	7.0	37	25.6	4,022	2.8	88	0.61	
Swansea	139	98	67.4	8	7.2	36	26.3	3,371	2.4	116	0.83	
Torfaen	55	38	66.1	3	7.7	15	28.0	1,616	3.0	39	0.71	
The Vale of Glamorgan	74	57	73.4	4	6.1	16	21.4	1,795	2.4	43	0.58	
Wrexham	81	65	77.1	4	5.5	15	18.5	1,900	2.3	60	0.73	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.
2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.
4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Wales

13 (1) Local labour market indicators by UK Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	1,797	1,329	70.7	90	6.3	435	24.3	45,750	2.5	1,359	0.76
Aberavon	39	27	65.4	2	5.7	12	30.5	1,077	2.8	27	0.69
Alyn & Deeside	49	43	79.4	2	3.9	9	17.3	995	2.0	46	0.93
Blaenau Gwent	42	28	64.8	2	7.9	12	29.5	2,106	5.0	22	0.52
Brecon & Radnorshire	39	31	76.3	2	5.1	7	19.2	693	1.8	32	0.82
Bridgend	49	38	75.5	3	6.5	9	19.2	1,063	2.2	48	0.98
Caernarfon	35	29	76.9	1	2.1	8	21.4	740	2.1	26	0.75
Caerphilly	55	36	64.4	2	6.3	17	31.1	1,765	3.2	33	0.60
Cardiff Central	57	40	64.1	4	8.8	18	29.4	1,350	2.4	75	1.33
Cardiff North	54	42	74.6	2	4.0	12	22.2	822	1.5	52	0.95
Cardiff South & Penarth	57	45	75.0	3	5.7	12	20.4	1,891	3.3	66	1.15
Cardiff West	49	33	68.7	3	7.3	12	25.7	1,483	3.0	26	0.54
Carmarthen East & Dinefwr	41	34	75.8	2	5.6	8	19.4	696	1.7	25	0.62
Carmarthen West & South Pembrokeshire	43	33	73.1	2	5.5	9	22.4	676	1.6	38	0.89
Ceredigion	48	34	65.8	2	5.0	15	30.6	613	1.3	35	0.72
Clwyd South	45	36	75.4	2	5.8	9	19.7	984	2.2	19	0.43
Clwyd West	39	32	74.5	2	4.8	9	21.4	1,030	2.6	27	0.68
Conwy	42	28	67.5	2	6.7	11	27.4	1,103	2.6	39	0.94
Cynon Valley	38	25	67.0	2	7.3	10	27.6	1,180	3.1	19	0.50
Delyn	43	34	78.1	1	2.6	8	19.7	862	2.0	28	0.66
Gower	45	38	73.1	2	4.4	11	23.3	746	1.7	20	0.45
Islwyn	40	28	66.5	3	9.5	11	26.4	1,234	3.1	20	0.51
Llanelli	45	33	68.6	3	8.2	12	25.2	1,251	2.8	30	0.66
Meirionnydd Nant Conwy	24	18	71.9	1	6.2	6	23.0	529	2.2	15	0.64
Merthyr Tydfil & Rhymney	43	30	66.7	2	6.9	12	28.1	1,898	4.4	27	0.63
Monmouth	46	36	75.5	2	4.4	9	20.8	699	1.5	39	0.84
Montgomeryshire	35	30	76.0	1	4.3	7	20.4	507	1.4	30	0.86
Neath	44	31	70.2	2	5.3	11	25.7	1,115	2.5	20	0.46
Newport East	45	33	69.7	2	6.7	12	25.1	1,377	3.1	31	0.69
Newport West	50	36	69.9	4	9.0	11	22.8	1,469	2.9	56	1.11
Ogmore	43	29	66.6	3	8.9	11	26.6	1,187	2.8	20	0.45
Pontypridd	58	47	73.9	3	6.0	13	21.5	1,180	2.0	50	0.86
Preseli Pembrokeshire	41	31	72.9	1	4.0	9	23.8	731	1.8	32	0.79
Rhondda	42	26	62.9	2	8.1	12	31.4	1,484	3.5	18	0.43
Swansea East	48	32	66.7	4	10.8	12	25.0	1,362	2.9	46	0.97
Swansea West	46	28	61.7	3	10.3	13	31.0	1,263	2.7	50	1.07
Torfaen	49	34	65.5	3	8.6	14	28.4	1,502	3.1	34	0.69
Vale of Clwyd	42	30	67.7	2	6.6	11	27.2	1,300	3.1	35	0.84
Vale of Glamorgan	58	45	73.8	3	6.9	12	20.4	1,531	2.6	33	0.56
Wrexham	43	35	78.4	2	4.6	8	17.7	1,043	2.4	45	1.05
Ynys-Mon	40	29	69.2	2	7.2	10	25.1	1,214	3.0	26	0.64

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

- Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
 - Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 - Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 - Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 - Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 - Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 - Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Wales

13 (2) Local labour market indicators by National Assembly for Wales Constituencies

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	1,797	1,329	70.7	90	6.3	435	24.3	45,750	2.5	1,359	0.76
Aberavon	39	27	65.4	2	5.7	12	30.5	1,077	2.8	..	..
Aberconwy	49	23	73.9	1	5.7	6	21.4	753	1.5	..	..
Alyn and Deeside	42	43	79.4	2	3.9	9	17.3	995	2.4	..	..
Arfon	39	25	68.4	1	4.8	10	28.0	971	2.5	..	..
Blaenau Gwent	49	28	64.8	2	7.9	12	29.5	2,106	4.3	..	..
Brecon and Radnorshire	35	31	76.3	2	5.1	7	19.2	693	2.0	..	..
Bridgend	55	35	75.2	2	6.4	9	19.5	991	1.8	..	..
Caerphilly	57	33	64.0	2	6.4	16	31.4	1,624	2.9	..	..
Cardiff Central	54	40	64.1	4	8.8	18	29.4	1,350	2.5	..	..
Cardiff North	57	42	74.6	2	4.0	12	22.2	822	1.4	..	..
Cardiff South and Penarth	49	47	75.3	3	5.8	12	20.0	1,928	3.9	..	..
Cardiff West	41	37	70.5	3	6.5	12	24.4	1,524	3.7	..	..
Carmarthen East and Dinefwr	43	32	75.1	2	5.9	8	19.8	687	1.6	..	..
Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire	48	35	73.8	2	5.2	10	21.9	684	1.4	..	..
Ceredigion	45	34	65.6	2	5.0	15	30.6	609	1.4	..	..
Clwyd South	39	34	75.2	2	6.0	8	19.7	960	2.4	..	..
Clwyd West	42	33	74.7	2	4.8	9	21.3	1,034	2.5	..	..
Cynon Valley	38	27	65.4	3	8.7	12	28.2	1,307	3.5	..	..
Delyn	43	34	78.1	1	2.6	8	19.7	862	2.0	..	..
Dwyfor Meirionnydd	45	27	74.0	1	4.2	8	22.6	649	1.4	..	..
Gower	40	38	73.1	2	4.4	11	23.3	746	1.9	..	..
Islwyn	45	31	66.8	3	9.1	12	26.4	1,375	3.0	..	..
Llanelli	24	33	68.6	3	8.2	12	25.2	1,251	5.2	..	..
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	43	30	66.7	2	6.9	12	28.1	1,898	4.4	..	..
Monmouth	46	36	75.5	2	4.4	9	20.8	699	1.5	..	..
Montgomeryshire	35	31	75.9	1	4.4	8	20.4	522	1.5	..	..
Neath	44	31	70.2	2	5.3	11	25.7	1,115	2.5	..	..
Newport East	45	33	69.7	2	6.7	12	25.1	1,377	3.1	..	..
Newport West	50	36	69.9	4	9.0	11	22.8	1,469	2.9	..	..
Ogmore	43	31	67.1	3	8.9	12	26.1	1,235	2.9	..	..
Pontypridd	58	40	74.4	2	5.5	11	21.4	1,017	1.8	..	..
Preseli Pembrokeshire	41	32	72.9	1	3.9	10	23.9	736	1.8	..	..
Rhondda	42	26	62.9	2	8.1	12	31.4	1,484	3.5	..	..
Swansea East	48	32	66.7	4	10.8	12	25.0	1,362	2.9	..	..
Swansea West	46	28	61.7	3	10.3	13	31.0	1,263	2.7	..	..
Torfaen	49	34	65.5	3	8.6	14	28.4	1,502	3.1	..	..
Vale of Clwyd	42	30	67.9	2	6.5	11	27.1	1,305	3.1	..	..
Vale of Glamorgan	58	45	73.7	3	6.8	12	20.6	1,514	2.6	..	..
Wrexham	43	35	78.4	2	4.6	8	17.7	1,043	2.4	..	..
Ynys Mon	40	29	69.2	2	7.2	10	25.1	1,214	3.0	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83	
Regional total	1,797	1,329	70.7	90	6.3	435	24.3	45,750	2.5	1,359	0.76	
Aberystwyth & Lampeter	38	27	65.3	1	5.2	12	30.8	451	1.2	..	..
Bangor, Caernarfon & Llangefni	65	48	69.3	3	5.6	17	26.3	1,766	2.7	..	..
Brecon	15	12	80.3	1	4.2	2	15.7	191	1.2	..	..
Bridgend	94	69	71.7	5	7.0	21	22.7	2,226	2.4	..	..
Cardiff	450	328	70.0	23	6.6	113	24.9	12,293	2.7	..	..
Cardigan	18	17	75.6	1	3.7	4	21.2	283	1.5	..	..
Carmarthen & Llandovery	49	40	76.2	2	5.2	9	19.4	717	1.5	..	..
Dolgellau & Barmouth	9	7	70.8	1	7.3	2	23.2	183	2.1	..	..
Ebbw Vale & Abergavenny	63	45	67.8	3	7.0	17	26.9	2,542	4.0	..	..
Haverfordwest & Fishguard	41	32	73.6	1	3.8	9	23.3	721	1.8	..	..
Holyhead	13	9	64.4	1	8.3	4	29.4	494	3.8	..	..
Llandrindod Wells & Builth Wells	16	14	77.4	~	1.6	3	21.2	315	2.0	..	..
Llandudno & Colwyn Bay	48	38	74.5	2	5.2	10	21.3	1,313	2.7	..	..
Machynlleth & Tywyn	7	7	75.2	#	#	2	23.2	115	1.6	..	..
Merthyr Tydfil & Aberdare	63	41	66.1	3	7.2	17	28.6	2,425	3.9	..	..
Monmouth & Cinderford	54	40	72.9	1	3.1	13	24.7	1,052	2.0	..	..
Newport & Cwmbran	202	146	68.2	13	8.2	53	25.6	5,691	2.8	..	..
Newtown & Welshpool	29	24	77.1	1	4.6	5	19.1	410	1.4	..	..
Pembroke & Tenby	21	16	69.2	1	7.6	5	24.5	376	1.8	..	..
Porthmadog & Ffestiniog	11	8	75.8	~	3.5	2	21.4	260	2.5	..	..
Pwllheli	10	9	78.8	~	2.4	2	19.0	126	1.2	..	..
Rhyl & Denbigh	66	48	70.3	3	5.9	16	25.0	1,779	2.7	..	..
Swansea Bay	277	194	67.4	16	7.6	74	26.8	7,150	2.6	..	..
Wrexham & Whitchurch	96	75	77.5	4	4.9	17	18.3	2,204	2.3	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Wales

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴	Jobs ⁷		
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,270	74.0	1,766	5.7	8,068	21.4	912,024	2.4	31,517	0.83
Regional total	1,797	1,329	70.7	90	6.3	435	24.3	45,750	2.5	1,359	0.76
West Wales and The Valleys											
Isle of Anglesey	40	29	69.2	2	7.6	10	25.1	1,214	3.1	26	0.65
Gwynedd	70	52	71.1	2	4.8	18	25.3	1,620	2.3	57	0.82
Conwy & Denbighshire	118	90	71.9	5	6.1	27	23.4	3,192	2.7	89	0.76
South West Wales	219	166	71.0	10	6.1	53	24.5	3,967	1.8	160	0.73
Central Valleys	177	124	68.7	10	7.4	46	25.9	5,409	3.1	112	0.63
Gwent Valleys	201	137	65.4	11	8.0	58	29.0	7,232	3.6	117	0.58
Bridgend & Neath Port Talbot	164	116	69.0	8	6.8	42	25.9	4,208	2.6	109	0.66
Swansea	139	98	67.4	9	8.7	36	26.3	3,371	2.4	116	0.83
East Wales											
Monmouthshire & Newport	136	102	71.6	7	7.1	31	22.9	3,432	2.5	120	0.88
Cardiff & Vale of Glamorgan	285	211	71.6	14	6.6	66	23.3	7,132	2.5	256	0.90
Flintshire & Wrexham	174	142	78	6	4.4	32	18.4	3,757	2.2	134	0.77
Powys	75	62	76.1	3	5.2	15	19.8	1,216	1.6	63	0.83

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Wales

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	58,735	19,308	78,043	6.3	2.2	4.3	26,847	8,101	34,948	2.9	0.9	1.9
Blaenau Gwent	2,471	840	3,311	11.4	4.2	7.9	1,001	280	1,281	4.6	1.4	3.1
Bridgend	2,949	1,003	3,952	6.9	2.6	4.9	1,615	550	2,165	3.8	1.4	2.7
Caerphilly	4,606	1,449	6,055	8.5	2.9	5.8	2,133	569	2,702	3.9	1.1	2.6
Cardiff	6,842	2,308	9,150	6.3	2.2	4.3	2,907	1,084	3,991	2.7	1.1	1.9
Carmarthenshire	2,699	786	3,485	5.0	1.6	3.3	1,152	217	1,369	2.1	0.4	1.3
Ceredigion	627	248	875	2.5	1.1	1.8	227	96	323	0.9	0.4	0.7
Conwy	1,892	589	2,481	5.8	2.0	4.0	673	236	909	2.1	0.8	1.5
Denbighshire	1,754	506	2,260	6.0	1.9	4.0	694	200	894	2.4	0.7	1.6
Flintshire	2,502	911	3,413	5.2	2.1	3.7	1,286	415	1,701	2.6	0.9	1.8
Gwynedd	1,596	458	2,054	4.4	1.4	3.0	466	136	602	1.3	0.4	0.9
Isle of Anglesey	1,265	410	1,675	6.0	2.2	4.2	401	129	530	1.9	0.7	1.3
Merthyr Tydfil	1,844	558	2,402	10.6	3.4	7.1	851	224	1,075	4.9	1.4	3.2
Monmouthshire	1,079	419	1,498	4.0	1.7	2.9	590	237	827	2.2	1.0	1.6
Neath Port Talbot	2,853	981	3,834	6.6	2.5	4.6	1,324	394	1,718	3.1	1.0	2.1
Newport	3,736	1,205	4,941	8.5	3.0	5.8	1,828	519	2,347	4.2	1.3	2.8
Pembrokeshire	1,707	468	2,175	4.9	1.5	3.3	1,012	203	1,215	2.9	0.6	1.8
Powys	1,515	579	2,094	3.8	1.7	2.8	708	258	966	1.8	0.7	1.3
Rhondda, Cynon, Taff	5,496	1,794	7,290	7.4	2.6	5.1	2,765	747	3,512	3.7	1.1	2.4
Swansea	4,417	1,456	5,873	6.0	2.2	4.2	1,996	643	2,639	2.7	1.0	1.9
Torfaen	2,157	666	2,823	7.6	2.5	5.2	1,010	286	1,296	3.6	1.1	2.4
The Vale of Glamorgan	2,263	813	3,076	6.0	2.3	4.2	1,007	337	1,344	2.6	0.9	1.8
Wrexham	2,465	861	3,326	5.8	2.2	4.1	1,201	341	1,542	2.8	0.9	1.9

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

LOCAL AREA DATA

17(1) Claimant count¹ by UK Parliamentary Constituency

Wales

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	58,735	19,308	78,043	6.3	2.2	4.3	26,847	8,101	34,948	2.9	0.9	1.9
Aberavon	1,406	462	1,868	7.1	2.5	4.8	600	187	787	3.0	1.0	2.0
Alyn & Deeside	1,306	524	1,830	5.1	2.2	3.7	647	251	898	2.5	1.1	1.8
Blaenau Gwent	2,471	840	3,311	11.4	4.2	7.9	1,001	280	1,281	4.6	1.4	3.1
Brecon & Radnorshire	785	315	1,100	3.8	1.7	2.8	319	133	452	1.5	0.7	1.2
Bridgend	1,500	544	2,044	5.9	2.3	4.2	774	326	1,100	3.0	1.4	2.2
Caernarfon	721	190	911	3.9	1.2	2.6	220	39	259	1.2	0.2	0.7
Caerphilly	2,351	702	3,053	8.3	2.6	5.6	1,111	272	1,383	3.9	1.0	2.5
Cardiff Central	1,676	562	2,238	5.7	2.0	3.9	696	275	971	2.4	1.0	1.7
Cardiff North	1,107	396	1,503	4.0	1.5	2.8	529	159	688	1.9	0.6	1.3
Cardiff South & Penarth	2,413	804	3,217	8.3	2.8	5.6	1,011	387	1,398	3.5	1.4	2.4
Cardiff West	1,924	645	2,569	7.8	2.7	5.3	803	308	1,111	3.3	1.3	2.3
Carmarthen East & Dinefwr	834	296	1,130	3.9	1.5	2.7	368	103	471	1.7	0.5	1.1
Carmarthen West & South Pembrokeshire	979	258	1,237	4.4	1.2	2.9	546	119	665	2.5	0.6	1.6
Ceredigion	627	248	875	2.5	1.1	1.8	227	96	323	0.9	0.4	0.7
Clwyd South	1,328	452	1,780	5.6	2.1	4.0	684	173	857	2.9	0.8	1.9
Clwyd West	1,194	385	1,579	5.8	2.1	4.0	465	153	618	2.3	0.8	1.6
Conwy	1,235	367	1,602	5.7	1.8	3.8	415	155	570	1.9	0.8	1.4
Cynon Valley	1,574	543	2,117	8.1	3.0	5.6	738	225	963	3.8	1.2	2.5
Delyn	1,196	387	1,583	5.3	1.9	3.7	639	164	803	2.8	0.8	1.9
Gower	1,063	377	1,440	4.5	1.8	3.2	566	175	741	2.4	0.8	1.7
Islwyn	1,625	555	2,180	7.8	2.9	5.4	758	254	1,012	3.6	1.3	2.5
Llanelli	1,562	389	1,951	6.7	1.8	4.3	669	71	740	2.9	0.3	1.6
Meirionnydd Nant Conwy	459	151	610	3.6	1.4	2.5	110	42	152	0.9	0.4	0.6
Merthyr Tydfil & Rhymney	2,474	750	3,224	11.0	3.6	7.4	1,115	267	1,382	5.0	1.3	3.2
Monmouth	972	369	1,341	4.0	1.7	2.9	509	206	715	2.1	0.9	1.6
Montgomeryshire	720	255	975	3.8	1.6	2.8	390	122	512	2.1	0.7	1.5
Neath	1,447	519	1,966	6.4	2.5	4.5	724	207	931	3.2	1.0	2.1
Newport East	1,879	623	2,502	8.1	2.9	5.6	910	268	1,178	3.9	1.2	2.6
Newport West	2,106	679	2,785	8.2	2.8	5.6	1,058	306	1,364	4.1	1.3	2.7
Ogmore	1,825	591	2,416	8.2	2.9	5.6	1,073	308	1,381	4.8	1.5	3.2
Pontypridd	1,702	589	2,291	5.7	2.1	3.9	935	258	1,193	3.1	0.9	2.1
Preseli Pembrokeshire	1,031	311	1,342	4.9	1.6	3.3	581	127	708	2.7	0.6	1.7
Rhondda	1,932	570	2,502	8.8	2.8	6.0	916	208	1,124	4.2	1.0	2.7
Swansea East	1,775	551	2,326	7.3	2.4	4.9	777	224	1,001	3.2	1.0	2.1
Swansea West	1,579	528	2,107	6.4	2.4	4.5	653	244	897	2.7	1.1	1.9
Torfaen	2,015	619	2,634	7.9	2.6	5.4	951	262	1,213	3.7	1.1	2.5
Vale of Clwyd	1,514	424	1,938	7.1	2.1	4.7	577	174	751	2.7	0.9	1.8
Vale of Glamorgan	1,897	674	2,571	6.3	2.4	4.4	819	264	1,083	2.7	0.9	1.9
Wrexham	1,266	454	1,720	5.6	2.2	4.0	562	180	742	2.5	0.9	1.7
Ynys-Mon	1,265	410	1,675	6.0	2.2	4.2	401	129	530	1.9	0.7	1.3

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.

LOCAL AREA DATA

Wales

17(2) Claimant count¹ by National Assembly for Wales Constituencies

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,151,487	421,652	1,573,139	5.8	2.3	4.2	519,123	182,728	701,851	2.6	1.0	1.9
Regional total	58,735	19,308	78,043	6.3	2.2	4.3	26,847	8,101	34,948	2.9	0.9	1.9
Aberavon	1,406	462	1,868	..	..	..	600	187	787	..	..	..
Aberconwy	819	250	1,069	..	..	..	279	100	379	..	..	..
Alyn and Deeside	1,306	524	1,830	..	..	..	647	251	898	..	..	..
Arfon	1,028	287	1,315	..	..	..	300	90	390	..	..	..
Blaenau Gwent	2,471	840	3,311	..	..	..	1,001	280	1,281	..	..	..
Brecon and Radnorshire	785	315	1,100	..	..	..	319	133	452	..	..	..
Bridgend	1,405	510	1,915	..	..	..	722	305	1,027	..	..	..
Caerphilly	2,175	656	2,831	..	..	..	1,034	260	1,294	..	..	..
Cardiff Central	1,676	562	2,238	..	..	..	696	275	971	..	..	..
Cardiff North	1,107	396	1,503	..	..	..	529	159	688	..	..	..
Cardiff South and Penarth	2,455	830	3,285	..	..	..	1,026	396	1,422	..	..	..
Cardiff West	1,986	678	2,664	..	..	..	839	328	1,167	..	..	..
Carmarthen East and Dinefwr	823	288	1,111	..	..	..	363	96	459	..	..	..
Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire	988	261	1,249	..	..	..	549	121	670	..	..	..
Ceredigion	622	246	868	..	..	..	223	94	317	..	..	..
Clwyd South	1,305	443	1,748	..	..	..	675	174	849	..	..	..
Clwyd West	1,206	385	1,591	..	..	..	474	152	626	..	..	..
Cynon Valley	1,746	582	2,328	..	..	..	821	229	1,050	..	..	..
Delyn	1,196	387	1,583	..	..	..	639	164	803	..	..	..
Dwyfor Meirionnydd	568	171	739	..	..	..	166	46	212	..	..	..
Gower	1,063	377	1,440	..	..	..	566	175	741	..	..	..
Islwyn	1,801	601	2,402	..	..	..	835	266	1,101	..	..	..
Llanelli	1,562	389	1,951	..	..	..	669	71	740	..	..	..
Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney	2,474	750	3,224	..	..	..	1,115	267	1,382	..	..	..
Monmouth	972	369	1,341	..	..	..	509	206	715	..	..	..
Montgomeryshire	728	262	990	..	..	..	389	123	512	..	..	..
Neath	1,447	519	1,966	..	..	..	724	207	931	..	..	..
Newport East	1,879	623	2,502	..	..	..	910	268	1,178	..	..	..
Newport West	2,106	679	2,785	..	..	..	1,058	306	1,364	..	..	..
Ogmore	1,889	613	2,502	..	..	..	1,109	321	1,430	..	..	..
Pontypridd	1,470	521	1,991	..	..	..	814	235	1,049	..	..	..
Preseli Pembrokeshire	1,038	318	1,356	..	..	..	587	134	721	..	..	..
Rhondda	1,932	570	2,502	..	..	..	916	208	1,124	..	..	..
Swansea East	1,775	551	2,326	..	..	..	777	224	1,001	..	..	..
Swansea West	1,579	528	2,107	..	..	..	653	244	897	..	..	..
Torfaen	2,015	619	2,634	..	..	..	951	262	1,213	..	..	..
Vale of Clwyd	1,517	426	1,943	..	..	..	578	173	751	..	..	..
Vale of Glamorgan	1,884	656	2,540	..	..	..	822	262	1,084	..	..	..
Wrexham	1,266	454	1,720	..	..	..	562	180	742	..	..	..
Ynys Mon	1,265	410	1,675	..	..	..	401	129	530	..	..	..

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages not available for this geography.

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