



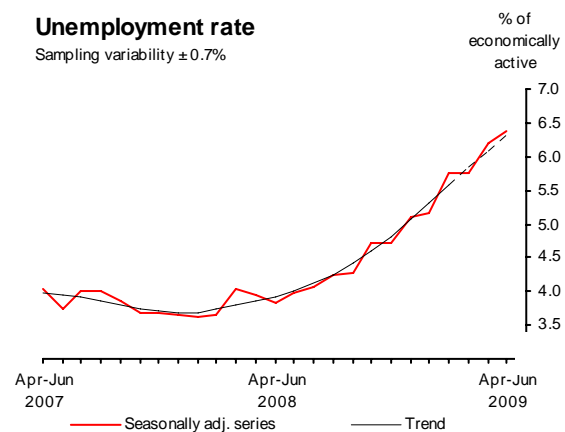
## Labour market statistics

August 2009

Date: 12 August 2009

Coverage: South West Theme: Labour Market

Labour Force Survey data for the South West indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, and the rate in the latest period is significantly lower than a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago. The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to July 2009.



**Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated**

		Levels		Changes on year		Sampling variability of changes	
		(thousands)	Rates (%)	Levels	Rates	Levels	Rates
Employment*	Apr-Jun 09	2,529	76.7	-41	-2.1	$\pm 69$	$\pm 1.7$
Unemployment**	Apr-Jun 09	172	6.4	70	2.6	$\pm 23$	$\pm 0.9$
Economically active*	Apr-Jun 09	2,701	82.1	29	0.1	$\pm 69$	$\pm 1.6$
Economically inactive***	Apr-Jun 09	557	17.9	0	-0.1	$\pm 66$	$\pm 1.6$
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2009	2,632		-13		..	
Claimant count	Jul 2009	96.1	3.5	51.2	1.9		

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

\*\*\* Levels and rates are for those of working age.

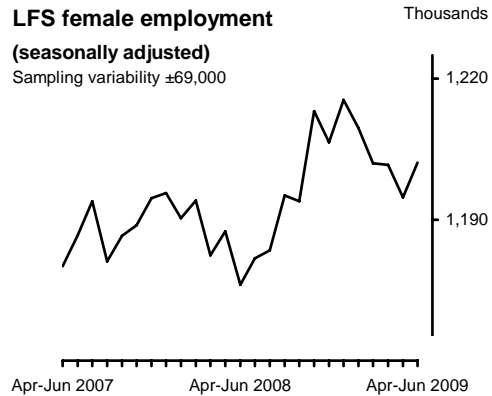
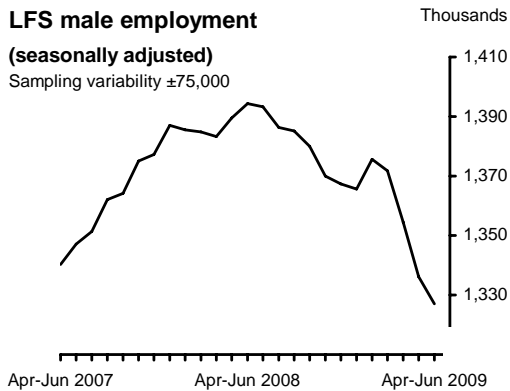
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### Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the South West was 76.7 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, down 2.1 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.53 million in the April to June 2009 period, down 41,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 67,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.33 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 4.3 percentage points on a year earlier to 78.3 per cent.

LFS estimates indicate an increase in the level of female employment, up 26,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.20 million. The female working age employment rate increased 0.4 percentage points on a year earlier to 74.8 per cent.

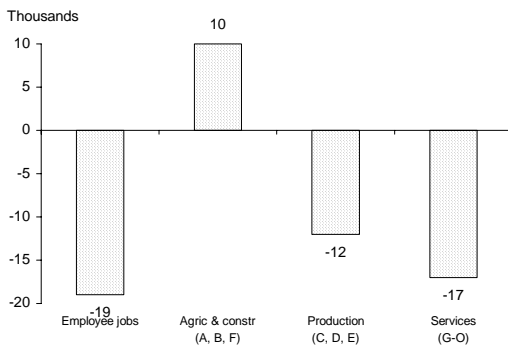


Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were up 1,000 in the quarter to March 2009.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 19,000 in the year to March 2009. This was mainly due to decreases in the services and manufacturing sectors partly offset by a rise in the construction, agriculture education, health and public administration sectors.

### Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from March 2008



SIC2003 groups shown in brackets

### Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the South West was 6.4 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, up 2.6 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in April to June 2009 were 7.5 and 5.1 per cent respectively.

### Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the South West was 2.70 million in the April to June 2009 period.

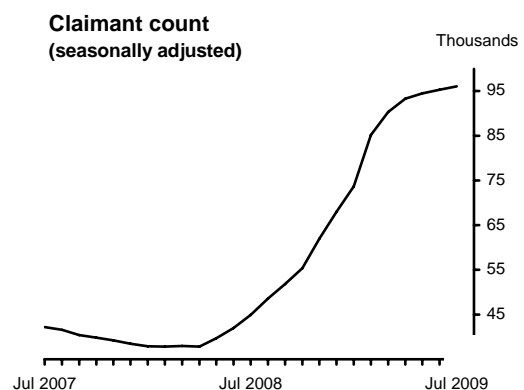
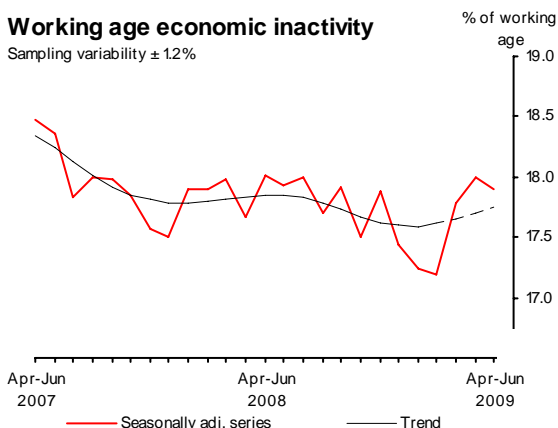
### Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the South West in April to June 2009 was 17.9 per cent, down 0.1 percentage point from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the April to June 2009 period was 1.55 million, with 557,000 of these of working age, unchanged on the same period a year earlier.

### Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

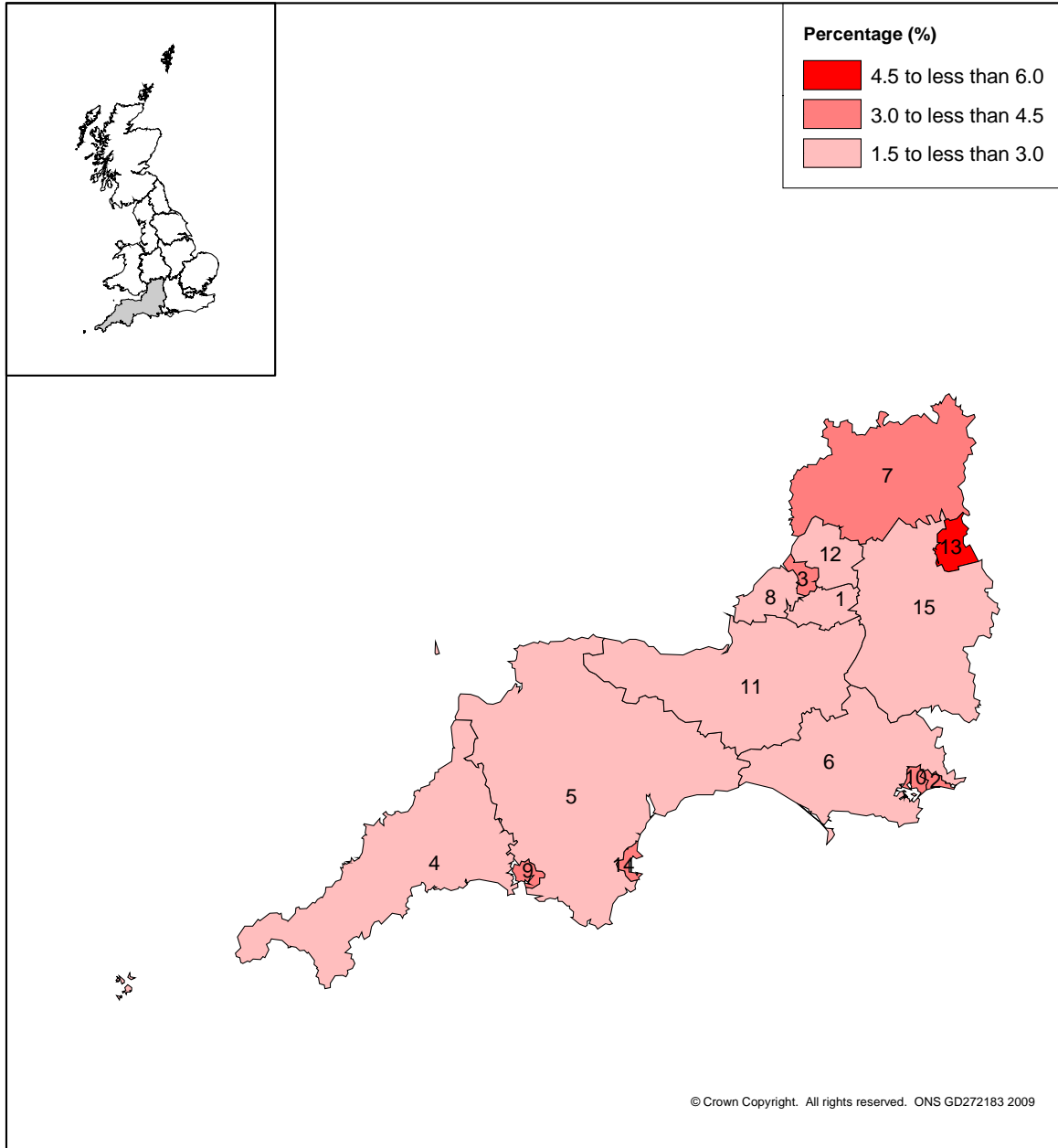
The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in July 2009 was 3.5 per cent, unchanged from June 2009, and up 1.9 percentage points since July 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in July 2009 was 96,100, up 800 on June 2009, and up 51,200 since July 2008.



### Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in the Isles of Scilly, at 0.2 per cent. It was highest in Swindon, at 5.3 per cent.

**Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA**  
**July 2009 - South West**



1	Bath and North East Somerset UA	2.2%
2	Bournemouth UA	3.9%
3	Bristol, City of UA	4.1%
4	Cornwall UA and The Isles of Scilly	2.6%
5	Devon	2.4%
6	Dorset	2.0%
7	Gloucestershire	3.5%
8	North Somerset UA	2.7%
9	Plymouth UA	4.2%
10	Poole UA	3.0%
11	Somerset	2.6%
12	South Gloucestershire UA	2.5%
13	Swindon UA	5.3%
14	Torbay UA	4.2%
15	Wiltshire UA	2.7%

## **BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION**

### **REVISIONS**

There are no significant revisions to the data in this bulletin.

### **KEY QUALITY ISSUES**

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

*Summary Quality Report:* A Summary Quality Report for this First Bulletin can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

*Common pitfalls in interpreting series:* Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this bulletin.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of ‘errors’ in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical ‘error’ but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable ‘errors’ such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

### **RELIABILITY**

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	76.7	60	0.01	0.05
Unemployment rate (%)	6.4	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	96.1	60	-0.05	0.20

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,632	20	41.00 *	41.00

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website

([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)).

More information about the revisions material in this bulletin can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

## THIS MONTH'S BULLETIN

### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2008 to December 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2008 to December 2008.

## NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional Statistical Bulletin will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

## NEXT QUARTER'S STATISTICAL BULLETIN

### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next quarter's Statistical Bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the April 2008 to March 2009 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for April 2008 to March 2009 along with the latest mid-year population estimates.

## SPECIAL

### **Workforce Jobs estimates**

Workforce jobs estimates, shown at Table 5 of this Statistical Bulletin are mainly sourced from employer surveys. However estimates for Construction and for Agriculture, forestry and fishing are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates for self-employment jobs, for all sectors, are also sourced from the LFS. The estimates for employee jobs in the Construction and Agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors, and to a lesser degree for the whole economy, from March 2009 may not be entirely consistent with those for previous quarters. There may be similar inconsistencies for self-employment jobs for all sectors, but not for whole economy self-employment jobs as any sectoral inconsistencies would cancel each other out. This is because, from 2009, the sectoral breakdown of LFS data which feeds into Workforce jobs estimates has been collected according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 and then mapped to SIC 2003 according to the assumed relationship between the two classifications. ONS currently plans to convert the Workforce Jobs estimates to SIC 2007 in the June 2010 edition of this Statistical Bulletin.

### **Population estimates in the APS**

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this bulletin will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

### **Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators**

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

## SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this bulletin are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this bulletin and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Bulletins*.

### April to June 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	2,474	2,529	2,584	-114	-45	25	-110	-41	28
<b>Employment rate</b>	75.3%	76.7%	78.0%	-3.0%	-1.3%	0.4%	-3.8%	-2.1%	-0.4%
<b>Unemployment</b>	153	172	191	-10	15	40	47	70	93
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	5.7%	6.4%	7.1%	-0.3%	0.6%	1.6%	1.7%	2.6%	3.4%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,647	2,701	2,756	-98	-29	40	-40	29	97
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	80.9%	82.1%	83.3%	-2.3%	-0.7%	0.8%	-1.5%	0.1%	1.7%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	505	557	609	-43	23	89	-66	0	66

### Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures April to June 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 38	± 15	± 37	± 39	± 2.0	± 1.2
North West	± 63	± 24	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.9
East Midlands	± 44	± 18	± 44	± 46	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 24	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.8
East	± 55	± 21	± 55	± 51	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 73	± 31	± 70	± 71	± 1.3	± 0.8
South East	± 66	± 23	± 65	± 61	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 43	± 15	± 42	± 44	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 20	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7

## **BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. In addition to the data in this bulletin, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup>, at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this bulletin is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this bulletin is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this bulletin.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

**Actual hours worked:** *See hours worked.*

**Annual Population Survey:** Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this bulletin have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the bulletin.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

**Claimant count:** The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market Statistical Bulletin and on the DWP website: <http://research.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to

calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

**Claimant count proportion:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

**Economically active:** People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

**Economically inactive:** People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs:** There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available

from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

**Full-time:** In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

#### **Hours worked:**

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6(1), measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

**Inflows and Outflows:** The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a  $4\frac{1}{3}$  week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

**Jobs density:** The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

**Labour Force Survey:** The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

**Model-based estimates of unemployment:** For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=13574>

**Rates:** Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

**Sampling variability:** Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this bulletin, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

**Seasonal adjustment:** A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

**Unemployment:** The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LMS\\_FR\\_HS\\_Concepts\\_Definitions.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf)

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# Regional summary of labour market headline indicators<sup>1</sup>

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

## Headline estimates for April - June 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,226	74.9	1,106	67.3	120	9.8	398	25.1
North West	3,419	77.8	3,129	71.1	290	8.5	935	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,638	78.4	2,405	71.2	233	8.8	701	21.6
East Midlands	2,333	81.3	2,163	75.2	170	7.3	512	18.7
West Midlands	2,699	78.8	2,414	70.3	285	10.6	692	21.2
East	2,999	82.4	2,805	76.9	194	6.5	609	17.6
London	4,033	75.8	3,673	68.9	359	8.9	1,234	24.2
South East	4,417	82.4	4,154	77.3	263	5.9	897	17.6
South West	2,701	82.1	2,529	76.7	172	6.4	557	17.9
<b>England</b>	<b>26,465</b>	<b>79.5</b>	<b>24,379</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>2,086</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>6,535</b>	<b>20.5</b>
Wales	1,430	75.6	1,322	69.7	108	7.6	437	24.4
Scotland	2,682	79.7	2,495	74.0	188	7.0	652	20.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,578</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>28,196</b>	<b>72.9</b>	<b>2,382</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7,624</b>	<b>20.7</b>
Northern Ireland	798	70.5	744	65.6	54	6.7	323	29.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,368</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>28,933</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>2,435</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7,955</b>	<b>21.0</b>

## Change on quarter (change since January - March 2009)<sup>4</sup>

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	-27	-1.4	-42	-2.4	15	1.4	23	1.4
North West	3	0.0	-16	-0.4	19	0.5	-1	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	15	0.2	-9	-0.5	24	0.9	-6	-0.2
East Midlands	11	-0.1	5	-0.3	6	0.2	5	0.1
West Midlands	37	1.1	-2	0.0	39	1.3	-36	-1.1
East	-8	-0.3	-25	-0.7	16	0.6	11	0.3
London	-20	-1.0	-47	-1.5	27	0.7	52	1.0
South East	-13	-0.4	-40	-0.9	26	0.6	23	0.4
South West	-29	-0.7	-45	-1.3	15	0.6	23	0.7
<b>England</b>	<b>-33</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-220</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Wales	-13	-0.8	-10	-0.7	-2	-0.1	15	0.8
Scotland	4	-0.1	-26	-0.9	31	1.1	2	0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>-41</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-257</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Northern Ireland	-7	-0.9	-12	-1.3	5	0.7	10	0.9
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>-52</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-271</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>0.3</b>

## Change on year (change since April - June 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	-25	-1.1	-51	-2.8	27	2.3	19	1.1
North West	42	0.6	-33	-1.2	75	2.1	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	19	0.1	-55	-2.2	74	2.8	3	-0.1
East Midlands	52	0.9	12	-0.5	40	1.6	-19	-0.9
West Midlands	52	1.2	-66	-2.2	118	4.2	-39	-1.2
East	45	0.9	-14	-0.8	59	1.9	-26	-0.9
London	-8	-1.1	-88	-2.6	80	2.0	66	1.1
South East	-8	-0.6	-86	-2.1	78	1.8	34	0.6
South West	29	0.1	-41	-2.1	70	2.6	0	-0.1
<b>England</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-424</b>	<b>-1.8</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Wales	-7	-0.9	-44	-2.9	37	2.6	17	0.9
Scotland	21	-0.3	-54	-2.5	75	2.7	10	0.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-521</b>	<b>-1.9</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Northern Ireland	-25	-2.8	-44	-4.5	19	2.6	32	2.8
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-573</b>	<b>-2.0</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2009); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (July 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,152	617	535	86.7	7.2	66.5	10.2	20.2	3.6
North West	3,376	1,804	1,572	198.6	5.6	150.2	7.8	48.4	3.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,467	1,308	1,159	154.8	5.9	117.1	8.2	37.7	3.1
East Midlands	2,104	1,121	983	111.6	5.0	82.4	6.9	29.2	2.8
West Midlands	2,591	1,376	1,215	178.9	6.5	133.9	8.9	45.0	3.6
East	2,769	1,472	1,297	120.9	4.2	87.3	5.6	33.6	2.5
London	4,670	2,552	2,118	218.8	4.5	147.6	5.5	71.2	3.3
South East	4,282	2,213	2,069	155.0	3.4	111.8	4.7	43.2	2.0
South West	2,632	1,365	1,268	96.1	3.5	70.8	4.8	25.3	2.0
<b>England</b>	<b>26,043</b>	<b>13,828</b>	<b>12,216</b>	<b>1321.4</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>967.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>353.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Wales	1,314	675	639	79.4	5.6	60.2	8.1	19.2	2.9
Scotland	2,659	1,363	1,296	130.9	4.7	98.6	6.8	32.3	2.4
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,017</b>	<b>15,866</b>	<b>14,151</b>	<b>1531.7</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>1126.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>405.3</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Northern Ireland	837	442	395	51.0	5.9	40.1	8.6	10.9	2.7
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>30,854</b>	<b>16,308</b>	<b>14,546</b>	<b>1582.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>1166.5</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>416.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on June 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-4	3	-7	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
North West	-20	-11	-8	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-64	-37	-27	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.1
East Midlands	-76	-45	-30	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.1
West Midlands	-60	-41	-19	2.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.1
East	-25	-20	-5	1.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.1
London	-53	-40	-13	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	2.0	0.1
South East	-101	-89	-12	2.8	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.0	0.0
South West	-13	-19	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>-415</b>	<b>-299</b>	<b>-116</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Wales	-33	-21	-12	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1
Scotland	-32	-23	-9	2.9	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>-479</b>	<b>-343</b>	<b>-136</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Northern Ireland	-6	-5	-1	1.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>-485</b>	<b>-349</b>	<b>-137</b>	<b>24.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted1 Summary of LFS<sup>1</sup> headline indicators

All aged 16 &amp; over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	YCHK	YCHX	YCJX	YCMX	HKMW			YCNK	
		4,156	2,626	2,520	106	1,530	63.2	60.6	4.0	36.8
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,207	2,673	2,570	102	1,535	63.5	61.1	3.8	36.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,219	2,695	2,580	114	1,525	63.9	61.2	4.2	36.1
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,231	2,701	2,574	127	1,530	63.8	60.8	4.7	36.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	4,243	2,731	2,574	157	1,512	64.4	60.7	5.7	35.6
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>4,254</b>	<b>2,701</b>	<b>2,529</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>1,553</b>	<b>63.5</b>	<b>59.4</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>36.5</b>
	Change on quarter	12	-29	-45	15	41	-0.9	-1.2	0.6	0.9
	Change %	0.3	-1.1	-1.7	9.7	2.7				
	Change on year	47	29	-41	70	18	0.0	-1.6	2.6	0.0
Change %	1.1	1.1	-1.6	68.6	1.2					
<b>Men</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	2,018	1,398	1,340	58	620	69.3	66.4	4.1	30.7
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,047	1,452	1,394	58	595	70.9	68.1	4.0	29.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,054	1,448	1,385	62	606	70.5	67.4	4.3	29.5
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,061	1,447	1,367	80	613	70.2	66.4	5.5	29.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,067	1,457	1,372	85	610	70.5	66.4	5.8	29.5
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>2,074</b>	<b>1,434</b>	<b>1,327</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>69.2</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>30.8</b>
	Change on quarter	6	-22	-45	23	29	-1.3	-2.4	1.7	1.3
	Change %	0.3	-1.5	-3.3	26.6	4.7				
	Change on year	26	-18	-67	50	44	-1.8	-4.1	3.5	1.8
	Change %	1.3	-1.2	-4.8	85.6	7.4				
<b>Women</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	2,139	1,228	1,180	48	910	57.4	55.2	3.9	42.6
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,160	1,220	1,176	44	940	56.5	54.5	3.6	43.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,165	1,247	1,195	52	918	57.6	55.2	4.2	42.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,170	1,254	1,206	47	917	57.8	55.6	3.8	42.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,176	1,274	1,202	72	902	58.6	55.2	5.7	41.4
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>2,181</b>	<b>1,267</b>	<b>1,202</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>41.9</b>
	Change on quarter	5	-7	0	-7	12	-0.5	-0.1	-0.6	0.5
	Change %	0.2	-0.6	0.0	-10.2	1.4				
	Change on year	21	47	26	21	-26	1.6	0.7	1.5	-1.6
	Change %	1.0	3.8	2.2	46.4	-2.7				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<b>People</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	3,064	2,498	2,394	104	566	81.5	78.1	4.2	18.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,090	2,533	2,433	100	557	82.0	78.8	3.9	18.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,095	2,547	2,437	111	548	82.3	78.7	4.3	17.7
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,101	2,546	2,422	124	555	82.1	78.1	4.9	17.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	3,107	2,573	2,422	151	534	82.8	78.0	5.9	17.2
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>2,555</b>	<b>2,386</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>17.9</b>
	Change on quarter	6	-18	-36	19	23	-0.7	-1.3	0.8	0.7
	Change %	0.2	-0.7	-1.5	12.3	4.3				
	Change on year	22	22	-48	70	0	0.1	-2.1	2.7	-0.1
	Change %	0.7	0.9	-2.0	70.0	0.1				
<b>Men</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	1,607	1,356	1,300	57	250	84.4	80.9	4.2	15.6
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,626	1,401	1,344	57	225	86.2	82.7	4.1	13.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,630	1,399	1,337	62	231	85.8	82.0	4.4	14.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,633	1,395	1,316	79	238	85.4	80.6	5.7	14.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,637	1,405	1,321	84	232	85.8	80.7	6.0	14.2
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>1,392</b>	<b>1,285</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>84.9</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>15.1</b>
	Change on quarter	3	-13	-36	23	16	-1.0	-2.4	1.7	1.0
	Change %	0.2	-0.9	-2.8	28.0	7.1				
	Change on year	14	-9	-59	50	23	-1.3	-4.3	3.6	1.3
	Change %	0.9	-0.7	-4.4	88.0	10.4				
<b>Women</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	1,458	1,142	1,095	47	316	78.3	75.1	4.1	21.7
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,464	1,132	1,089	43	332	77.3	74.4	3.8	22.7
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,465	1,149	1,100	49	317	78.4	75.1	4.2	21.6
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,468	1,151	1,106	45	317	78.4	75.3	3.9	21.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,470	1,168	1,101	67	302	79.4	74.9	5.7	20.6
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>1,472</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>21.0</b>
	Change on quarter	2	-5	0	-5	7	-0.4	-0.1	-0.4	0.4
	Change %	0.1	-0.4	0.0	-7.4	2.2				
	Change on year	8	31	12	20	-23	1.7	0.4	1.6	-1.7
	Change %	0.6	2.8	1.1	45.9	-6.9				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;  
9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)					
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYI	YXYX	YXZM			
	Mar 06	2,585	1,338	1,247			
	Mar 07	2,570	1,319	1,250			
	Mar 08	2,645	1,383	1,262			
	Jun 08	2,665	1,392	1,273			
	Sep 08	2,679	1,393	1,286			
	Dec 08	2,652	1,370	1,282			
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,632</b>	<b>1,365</b>	<b>1,268</b>			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13	-19	6			
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.5	-1.3	0.5			
		Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
		Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPBB	ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ
<b>2008</b>							
	July	44.9	32.8	12.1	1.6	2.2	0.9
	August #	48.6	35.5	13.1	1.8	2.4	1.0
	September	51.8	38.0	13.8	1.9	2.6	1.1
	October	55.4	40.7	14.7	2.0	2.8	1.1
	November #	62.0	45.7	16.3	2.3	3.1	1.3
	December	68.0	50.3	17.7	2.5	3.4	1.4
<b>2009</b>							
	January	73.7	54.2	19.5	2.7	3.7	1.5
	February #	85.2	62.8	22.4	3.1	4.3	1.7
	March	90.4	66.8	23.6	3.3	4.6	1.8
	April	93.3	69.0	24.3	3.4	4.7	1.9
	May #	94.5	69.8	24.7	3.4	4.8	1.9
	June (r)	95.3	70.4	24.9	3.5	4.8	1.9
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>96.1</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>2.0</b>
	<i>Change on period</i>	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.6	1.6			
	<i>Change on year</i>	51.2	38.0	13.2	1.9	2.6	1.0
	<i>Change %</i>	114.0	115.9	109.1			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 2 Employment by age

South West

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Employed</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,460	2,343	61	289	469	921	602	117
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,488	2,368	58	293	481	927	609	120
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,394	59	307	479	931	618	130
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,406	57	314	480	934	622	136
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,410	55	321	482	929	623	136
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,551	2,414	55	322	486	926	625	138
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>2,411</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>922</b>	<b>627</b>	<b>141</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	17	-6	16	8	-9	9	11
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.7	-10.5	5.1	1.6	-1.0	1.4	8.1
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,327	1,285	30	159	256	484	357	42
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,331	1,290	26	155	261	485	362	41
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,301	30	163	260	480	368	45
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,307	29	165	260	482	371	46
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,311	28	168	262	480	371	45
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,356	1,312	27	171	262	480	373	44
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>1,310</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>47</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	12	10	-3	4	5	-2	6	2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	0.7	-9.9	2.6	1.8	-0.5	1.6	4.8
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,133	1,058	31	130	213	437	246	75
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,157	1,078	32	138	220	442	247	79
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,093	29	144	219	451	250	85
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,099	28	149	220	451	251	90
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,099	26	152	220	449	252	91
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,195	1,101	28	151	224	446	252	94
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>94</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	7	-3	12	3	-7	3	8
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3	0.7	-11.1	8.0	1.4	-1.5	1.2	9.9
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	60.5	77.8	46.6	69.7	82.1	85.7	73.4	11.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	60.5	77.9	43.9	68.5	84.6	85.5	73.6	11.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	60.8	78.2	44.0	69.7	84.3	85.2	74.9	11.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	61.0	78.5	42.7	70.7	84.3	85.4	75.3	12.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	60.9	78.5	41.1	71.8	84.3	85.0	75.4	12.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	60.9	78.5	41.2	71.7	84.8	84.6	75.7	12.4
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>60.8</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>39.9</b>	<b>71.3</b>	<b>84.8</b>	<b>84.2</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>12.6</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.1	-4.0	1.6	0.5	-1.0	1.1	0.7
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	67.4	81.9	44.6	73.6	90.2	91.8	74.9	10.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	66.8	81.3	38.2	70.2	91.9	91.4	75.1	10.1
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	66.8	81.2	42.9	71.7	91.0	90.0	75.6	11.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	67.0	81.4	41.6	72.1	90.8	90.4	76.0	11.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	66.9	81.5	41.4	73.1	91.2	90.0	76.0	10.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	66.8	81.4	39.5	73.7	91.0	89.8	76.2	10.5
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>66.7</b>	<b>81.2</b>	<b>39.4</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>91.5</b>	<b>89.5</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>11.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	0.0	-3.5	0.1	0.5	-0.5	0.7	0.2
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	54.0	73.3	48.8	65.4	74.2	79.9	71.2	11.4
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	54.6	74.2	50.0	66.8	77.3	79.8	71.5	11.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	55.1	75.0	45.1	67.6	77.4	80.7	73.8	12.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	55.4	75.3	43.8	69.3	77.6	80.6	74.2	13.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	55.3	75.2	40.9	70.5	77.4	80.2	74.6	13.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	55.4	75.2	43.0	69.5	78.6	79.7	75.0	13.5
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>40.5</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>77.9</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>13.4</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.1	-4.6	3.2	0.5	-1.5	1.5	0.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

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# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,460	2,080	360	12	*	1,729	729	120	123
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,488	2,116	354	12	*	1,769	718	106	118
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,133	374	10	*	1,764	761	133	123
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,130	392	11	10	1,773	769	137	120
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,141	384	12	*	1,783	762	144	116
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,551	2,146	383	13	*	1,794	757	142	117
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>2,146</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1,798</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>108</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	13	10	5	*	35	-9	-1	-15
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.6	2.7	57.2	*	2.0	-1.1	-0.9	-11.9
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,327	1,065	254	*	*	1,156	170	50	52
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,331	1,080	243	*	*	1,167	164	42	56
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,078	261	*	*	1,167	179	52	63
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,070	274	*	*	1,177	175	54	60
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,079	268	*	*	1,184	172	56	56
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,356	1,081	265	*	*	1,191	165	58	54
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,358</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1,185</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>47</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	12	2	5	*	*	18	-7	4	-16
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	0.2	2.0	*	*	1.5	-4.1	8.3	-25.3
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,133	1,015	106	*	*	573	559	70	71
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,157	1,036	111	*	*	602	555	64	62
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,055	113	*	*	596	582	81	60
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,059	118	*	*	595	594	83	61
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,062	116	*	*	599	590	89	61
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,195	1,065	118	*	*	603	592	84	63
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,195</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>61</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	11	5	*	*	17	-1	-5	1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.0	4.3	*	*	2.8	-0.2	-6.7	2.2

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>4</sup>			
		Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	123	28	34	60	716	43	549	121
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	118	26	38	53	705	50	533	119
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	123	31	38	54	749	54	569	122
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	120	30	39	51	755	60	572	119
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	116	29	39	48	748	61	560	122
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	117	29	39	49	743	62	555	121
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>543</b>	<b>120</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-15	-6	-2	-7	-12	16	-26	-2
	<i>Change %</i>	-11.9	-19.3	-5.2	-12.3	-1.6	28.8	-4.6	-1.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1 2 3</sup>

South West

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYI			
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 05	2,566	2,158	402	6
	Mar 06	2,585	2,207	373	4
	Mar 07	2,570	2,174	394	2
	Mar 08	2,645	2,208	435	2
	Jun 08	2,665	2,227	436	2
	Sep 08	2,679	2,237	440	2
	Dec 08	2,652	2,209	441	2
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,632</b>	<b>2,188</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-13	-19	6	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.5	-0.9	1.4	18.3
		YXYX			
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 05	1,344	1,057	283	3
	Mar 06	1,338	1,079	256	2
	Mar 07	1,319	1,053	265	1
	Mar 08	1,383	1,084	298	1
	Jun 08	1,392	1,096	296	1
	Sep 08	1,393	1,099	293	1
	Dec 08	1,370	1,078	291	1
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,365</b>	<b>1,074</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-19	-10	-8	0
<i>Change %</i>		-1.3	-0.9	-2.8	-7.0
		YXZM			
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 05	1,222	1,101	118	3
	Mar 06	1,247	1,128	117	2
	Mar 07	1,250	1,121	129	1
	Mar 08	1,262	1,124	137	1
	Jun 08	1,273	1,131	141	1
	Sep 08	1,286	1,138	147	1
	Dec 08 (r)	1,282	1,131	150	1
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,268</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		6	-9	14	1
<i>Change %</i>		0.5	-0.8	10.4	51.2

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

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1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark. Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 06	2,220	2,207	34	15	250	104	1,071	733
	Mar 07	2,186	2,174	27	17	251	91	1,071	717
	Mar 08	2,220	2,208	29	18	250	106	1,088	718
	Jun 08	2,223	2,227	32	18	248	111	1,098	720
	Sep 08	2,232	2,237	31	18	247	121	1,093	727
	Dec 08	2,203	2,209	27	18	243	110	1,080	731
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,204</b>	<b>2,188</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>1,056</b>	<b>733</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		1						
	<i>Change %</i>		0.0						
	<i>Change on year</i>	-16	-19	4	0	-12	6	-32	15
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.9	13.6	-1.8	-4.8	5.8	-2.9	2.1
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 06	1,084	1,079	26	12	190	89	545	217
	Mar 07	1,058	1,053	20	13	191	78	542	209
	Mar 08	1,089	1,084	20	13	191	89	562	209
	Jun 08	1,094	1,096	24	13	190	93	566	210
	Sep 08	1,094	1,099	24	13	189	101	560	211
	Dec 08	1,076	1,078	21	13	185	92	554	212
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>1,074</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>214</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		4						
	<i>Change %</i>		0.4						
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9	-10	7	0	-9	4	-17	5
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-0.9	34.2	-0.8	-4.8	4.2	-3.0	2.6
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 06	1,136	1,128	9	4	60	15	526	515
	Mar 07	1,128	1,121	7	5	60	13	529	507
	Mar 08	1,131	1,124	8	5	59	16	526	509
	Jun 08	1,128	1,131	8	5	59	17	533	510
	Sep 08	1,137	1,138	7	5	58	19	533	515
	Dec 08	1,127	1,131	6	5	58	18	526	519
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>519</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		-3						
	<i>Change %</i>		-0.3						
	<i>Change on year</i>	-8	-9	-3	0	-3	2	-15	10
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.8	-35.2	-4.5	-5.0	14.0	-2.9	2.0

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

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1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>1,2</sup>	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time <sup>3</sup>	Part-time <sup>3</sup>	Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	78	31.6	37.5	15.6	9.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	78	31.4	37.4	15.3	9.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	79	31.2	37.3	15.5	9.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	79	31.1	37.2	15.4	9.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	79	31.2	37.1	15.5	9.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	80	31.3	37.2	15.5	8.9
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>37.1</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>9.2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.2
<i>Change %</i>		1.1	0.0	-0.6	0.2	2.5
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	49	36.8	39.3	15.8	11.0
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	49	36.5	39.2	15.1	10.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	49	36.2	39.0	15.3	9.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	49	36.1	38.8	15.1	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	49	36.2	38.7	15.2	10.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	49	36.5	38.9	15.2	10.1
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>36.2</b>	<b>38.7</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>10.4</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	0.9
<i>Change %</i>		1.0	0.1	-0.6	-0.7	9.2
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	29	25.5	34.0	15.5	8.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	29	25.5	34.0	15.3	8.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30	25.4	34.0	15.5	8.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30	25.3	33.9	15.5	8.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30	25.4	33.9	15.6	8.2
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30	25.3	33.8	15.5	8.1
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>33.9</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>8.2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.0	-0.1	0.1	-0.3
<i>Change %</i>		1.3	-0.1	-0.3	0.4	-4.0

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Jan 07 - Dec 07</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	2.0	1.1	3.0	1.4	0.8	2.1	4.3	2.4	8.7
6 up to 15 hours	8.5	4.3	13.4	8.4	4.0	12.9	9.0	5.3	17.5
16 up to 30 hours	19.7	8.4	32.6	19.7	7.1	32.7	19.3	14.0	31.4
31 up to 45 hours	49.7	56.3	42.1	52.0	59.9	43.9	36.7	40.9	27.2
Over 45 hours	20.1	29.9	9.0	18.4	28.2	8.4	30.7	37.3	15.3
Total (thousands)	2,525	1,346	1,179	2,133	1,078	1,055	374	261	113
<b>Oct 07 - Sep 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	0.9	2.8	1.5	0.8	2.2	3.0	1.6	6.2
6 up to 15 hours	8.4	4.0	13.4	8.2	3.8	12.7	9.1	4.9	18.6
16 up to 30 hours	19.6	7.6	33.1	19.8	6.6	33.1	18.2	11.4	33.4
31 up to 45 hours	50.5	58.0	41.9	52.5	61.0	43.9	40.0	46.0	26.5
Over 45 hours	19.8	29.4	8.8	18.1	27.9	8.2	29.7	36.1	15.3
Total (thousands)	2,551	1,356	1,195	2,146	1,081	1,065	383	265	118
<b>Jan 08 - Dec 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	1.1	2.6	1.4	0.8	2.1	2.9	1.7	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	8.0	4.0	12.5	7.7	3.7	11.8	8.8	4.8	17.7
16 up to 30 hours	20.0	8.1	33.6	20.1	7.1	33.3	19.6	12.0	36.7
31 up to 45 hours	50.6	57.6	42.6	52.9	60.9	44.8	38.8	45.0	24.9
Over 45 hours	19.6	29.2	8.7	17.8	27.5	8.0	29.9	36.5	15.1
Total (thousands)	2,552	1,358	1,195	2,146	1,080	1,065	384	266	118

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

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# CLAIMANT COUNT

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

South West

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2008</b>	DPBB	DPBM			BCKF	DPAQ
	July	44.9	1.6	15.4	12.8	43.6	1.6
	August #	48.6	1.8	16.4	13.4	48.0	1.7
	September	51.8	1.9	17.2	14.6	49.2	1.8
	October	55.4	2.0	18.4	14.3	52.2	1.9
	November #	62.0	2.3	19.9	14.1	59.5	2.2
	December	68.0	2.5	22.0	15.2	66.7	2.4
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	73.7	2.7	22.6	16.3	76.8	2.8
	February #	85.2	3.1	24.9	16.3	91.5	3.3
	March	90.4	3.3	24.6	18.1	96.0	3.5
	April	93.3	3.4	24.1	19.6	97.4	3.5
	May #	94.5	3.4	23.8	21.3	96.5	3.5
	June (r)	95.3	3.5	24.0	22.8	94.3	3.4
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>96.1</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>24.2</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>94.3</b>	<b>3.4</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.8</i>		<i>0.8</i>	<i>3.5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>51.2</i>	<i>1.9</i>	<i>8.8</i>	<i>10.8</i>	<i>50.7</i>	<i>1.8</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>114.0</i>		<i>57.1</i>	<i>84.4</i>	<i>116.3</i>	
<b>Men</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOW	ZMOX				
	July	32.8	2.2	10.8	8.7	31.4	2.1
	August #	35.5	2.4	11.5	9.1	34.4	2.3
	September	38.0	2.6	12.1	10.1	35.3	2.4
	October	40.7	2.8	13.0	9.8	37.8	2.6
	November #	45.7	3.1	14.2	9.9	43.7	3.0
	December	50.3	3.4	15.8	10.5	49.7	3.4
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	54.2	3.7	15.9	11.2	56.8	3.9
	February #	62.8	4.3	17.5	11.2	67.6	4.6
	March	66.8	4.6	17.2	12.5	71.0	4.8
	April	69.0	4.7	16.8	13.5	72.0	4.9
	May #	69.8	4.8	16.6	15.0	71.5	4.9
	June (r)	70.4	4.8	16.7	15.9	69.7	4.8
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>69.3</b>	<b>4.7</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.6</i>		<i>0.6</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>-0.6</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>38.0</i>	<i>2.6</i>	<i>6.0</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>37.8</i>	<i>2.6</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>115.9</i>		<i>55.6</i>	<i>88.5</i>	<i>120.4</i>	
<b>Women</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOY	ZMOZ				
	July	12.1	0.9	4.6	4.1	12.2	0.9
	August #	13.1	1.0	4.9	4.3	13.6	1.1
	September	13.8	1.1	5.1	4.5	14.0	1.1
	October	14.7	1.1	5.4	4.5	14.4	1.1
	November #	16.3	1.3	5.7	4.2	15.8	1.2
	December	17.7	1.4	6.2	4.7	17.0	1.3
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	19.5	1.5	6.7	5.1	20.0	1.6
	February #	22.4	1.7	7.4	5.1	24.0	1.9
	March	23.6	1.8	7.4	5.6	25.0	1.9
	April	24.3	1.9	7.3	6.1	25.4	2.0
	May #	24.7	1.9	7.2	6.3	25.1	1.9
	June (r)	24.9	1.9	7.3	6.9	24.6	1.9
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>25.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.6</i>		<i>1.4</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>1.8</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>12.9</i>	<i>1.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>109.1</i>		<i>60.9</i>	<i>75.6</i>	<i>105.9</i>	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

## 8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1		2						3			
<b>People</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	41.0	40.9	29.1	6.4	5.4	13.1	1.5	12.2	10.3	1.5	0.4	3.0	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
July	43.6	43.5	34.5	5.6	3.4	7.9	1.0	13.4	11.9	1.3	0.2	1.9	0.1
August #	48.0	47.9	38.4	6.1	3.4	7.2	1.0	15.3	13.7	1.4	0.3	1.7	0.1
September	49.2	49.1	39.5	6.2	3.4	6.9	1.0	15.6	14.0	1.4	0.2	1.6	0.1
October	52.2	52.1	42.3	6.3	3.4	6.5	1.0	16.3	14.7	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.1
November #	59.5	59.4	49.1	6.7	3.5	5.9	0.9	18.2	16.6	1.4	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	66.7	66.6	55.6	7.4	3.6	5.3	0.9	20.2	18.5	1.5	0.2	1.2	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	76.8	76.7	64.3	8.6	3.8	5.0	0.9	22.7	20.5	1.9	0.3	1.2	0.1
February #	91.5	91.4	77.2	10.0	4.1	4.5	0.9	28.2	25.6	2.3	0.3	0.9	0.1
March	96.0	95.8	79.7	11.8	4.4	4.6	0.9	29.5	26.4	2.9	0.3	1.0	0.1
April	97.4	97.2	78.7	13.8	4.7	4.8	0.9	29.1	25.4	3.4	0.3	1.0	0.1
May #	96.5	96.3	74.5	16.6	5.2	5.4	0.9	28.1	23.7	4.0	0.3	1.2	0.1
June	94.3	94.2	70.4	18.2	5.6	6.0	0.9	27.2	22.5	4.4	0.4	1.3	0.1
July	<b>94.3</b>	<b>94.2</b>	<b>69.3</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>28.2</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	50.7	50.7	34.8	13.2	2.7	-1.4	-0.1	14.8	11.7	2.9	0.2	-0.4	0.0
Change %	116.3	116.5	101.0	236.4	77.5	-11.4	-11.4	110.2	98.2	233.8	62.2	-11.6	-11.6
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	29.4	29.4	20.4	4.8	4.2	14.3	1.2	8.2	6.9	1.1	0.2	3.0	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
July	31.4	31.3	24.4	4.3	2.7	8.5	0.8	9.0	8.0	0.9	0.2	1.9	0.1
August #	34.4	34.3	27.0	4.7	2.7	7.8	0.7	10.3	9.1	1.0	0.2	1.8	0.1
September	35.3	35.2	27.8	4.8	2.7	7.6	0.7	10.5	9.3	1.0	0.2	1.7	0.1
October	37.8	37.8	30.2	4.9	2.6	7.0	0.7	11.1	10.0	1.0	0.2	1.4	0.0
November #	43.7	43.6	35.6	5.2	2.8	6.3	0.7	12.7	11.5	1.0	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	49.7	49.6	41.1	5.7	2.8	5.7	0.7	14.4	13.1	1.1	0.2	1.2	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	56.8	56.7	47.1	6.7	3.0	5.3	0.7	16.0	14.4	1.4	0.2	1.2	0.1
February #	67.6	67.5	56.4	7.8	3.3	4.9	0.7	19.8	17.9	1.6	0.2	1.0	0.1
March	71.0	70.9	58.3	9.1	3.5	5.0	0.7	20.8	18.5	2.1	0.2	1.0	0.1
April	72.0	71.9	57.4	10.7	3.8	5.2	0.7	20.6	17.9	2.5	0.2	1.0	0.1
May #	71.5	71.3	54.2	12.9	4.1	5.8	0.7	20.0	16.8	2.9	0.2	1.2	0.1
June	69.7	69.6	50.7	14.4	4.5	6.4	0.7	19.3	15.9	3.2	0.3	1.3	0.1
July	<b>69.3</b>	<b>69.1</b>	<b>49.5</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	37.8	37.8	25.1	10.5	2.2	-1.4	-0.1	10.6	8.3	2.2	0.1	-0.4	0.0
Change %	120.4	120.6	102.9	242.7	84.3	-8.9	-8.9	117.6	104.1	249.2	65.9	3.6	3.6
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	11.6	11.5	8.7	1.6	1.2	10.2	0.3	4.0	3.4	0.4	0.1	3.0	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
July	12.2	12.1	10.1	1.3	0.8	6.3	0.3	4.4	3.9	0.4	0.1	1.8	0.0
August #	13.6	13.6	11.4	1.4	0.8	5.5	0.3	5.0	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
September	14.0	13.9	11.7	1.4	0.7	5.3	0.3	5.1	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
October	14.4	14.3	12.1	1.4	0.7	5.2	0.3	5.2	4.7	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
November #	15.8	15.7	13.5	1.5	0.8	4.8	0.2	5.6	5.1	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
December	17.0	17.0	14.6	1.7	0.8	4.4	0.2	5.9	5.3	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
<b>2009</b>													
January	20.0	19.9	17.2	1.9	0.8	4.0	0.2	6.7	6.1	0.5	0.1	1.2	0.0
February #	24.0	23.9	20.8	2.2	0.9	3.6	0.2	8.4	7.7	0.6	0.1	0.9	0.0
March	25.0	25.0	21.4	2.7	0.9	3.5	0.2	8.7	7.8	0.8	0.1	0.9	0.0
April	25.4	25.3	21.2	3.1	0.9	3.7	0.2	8.5	7.5	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.0
May #	25.1	25.0	20.3	3.7	1.0	4.2	0.2	8.1	6.9	1.1	0.1	1.2	0.0
June	24.6	24.6	19.6	3.8	1.1	4.6	0.2	7.9	6.7	1.1	0.1	1.4	0.0
July	<b>25.1</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Change on year	12.9	12.9	9.8	2.7	0.4	-1.6	0.0	4.2	3.4	0.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0
Change %	105.9	106.2	96.5	214.7	54.0	-18.6	-18.6	95.0	86.3	196.7	54.4	-32.5	-32.5

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

## 8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	20.8	14.0	3.7	3.1	14.9	0.5	7.4	4.3	1.2	1.9	25.9	0.9
<b>2008</b>												
July	22.2	16.8	3.3	2.1	9.6	0.5	7.4	5.4	1.0	1.0	14.0	0.4
August #	24.2	18.5	3.6	2.2	9.0	0.5	8.0	5.9	1.1	1.0	12.5	0.4
September	25.0	19.2	3.7	2.2	8.7	0.5	8.2	6.1	1.1	1.0	12.0	0.4
October	26.6	20.7	3.7	2.2	8.2	0.5	8.8	6.6	1.3	1.0	10.9	0.4
November #	30.6	24.3	3.9	2.3	7.5	0.5	10.2	7.8	1.4	1.0	9.6	0.4
December	34.4	27.8	4.3	2.3	6.7	0.5	11.4	8.9	1.5	1.0	8.7	0.4
<b>2009</b>												
January	40.1	32.7	4.9	2.5	6.2	0.5	13.4	10.6	1.7	1.1	7.9	0.4
February #	47.0	38.6	5.7	2.7	5.8	0.5	15.6	12.5	2.0	1.1	7.3	0.4
March	49.3	39.7	6.7	2.9	5.9	0.5	16.4	13.0	2.2	1.2	7.5	0.3
April	50.6	39.7	7.8	3.1	6.1	0.5	16.9	13.0	2.6	1.3	7.8	0.3
May #	50.7	37.9	9.4	3.4	6.7	0.5	16.9	12.4	3.1	1.4	8.4	0.3
June	49.8	35.7	10.4	3.7	7.4	0.5	16.5	11.6	3.3	1.6	9.5	0.3
<b>July</b>	<b>49.2</b>	<b>34.2</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Change on year	27.0	17.5	7.7	1.9	-1.5	0.0	8.8	5.6	2.6	0.6	-3.7	-0.1
Change %	121.9	104.4	232.9	87.9		1.9	117.8	103.1	257.6	59.9		-25.3
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	15.7	10.4	2.8	2.5	15.8	0.4	5.1	2.8	0.8	1.5	28.3	0.7
<b>2008</b>												
July	17.0	12.6	2.7	1.7	10.1	0.4	5.1	3.6	0.7	0.8	15.1	0.3
August #	18.4	13.8	2.9	1.8	9.5	0.4	5.5	3.9	0.8	0.7	13.7	0.3
September	19.0	14.3	3.0	1.7	9.1	0.4	5.6	4.0	0.8	0.7	13.3	0.3
October	20.4	15.6	3.0	1.8	8.6	0.4	6.1	4.4	0.9	0.7	12.0	0.3
November #	23.6	18.6	3.2	1.8	7.8	0.4	7.1	5.4	1.0	0.7	10.5	0.3
December	26.9	21.5	3.5	1.9	7.0	0.3	8.1	6.2	1.1	0.8	9.4	0.3
<b>2009</b>												
January	31.0	25.0	4.0	2.0	6.5	0.3	9.5	7.4	1.3	0.8	8.5	0.3
February #	36.3	29.4	4.7	2.2	6.1	0.4	11.1	8.7	1.5	0.9	7.9	0.3
March	38.0	30.2	5.4	2.4	6.2	0.4	11.7	9.2	1.6	1.0	8.2	0.3
April	38.9	30.0	6.3	2.5	6.5	0.4	12.1	9.2	1.9	1.0	8.4	0.3
May #	38.9	28.3	7.7	2.8	7.3	0.4	12.1	8.8	2.3	1.1	8.9	0.3
June	38.0	26.4	8.6	3.0	8.0	0.4	11.8	8.2	2.5	1.2	10.1	0.3
<b>July</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Change on year	20.6	12.6	6.3	1.6	-1.2	0.0	6.5	4.1	1.9	0.5	-4.2	-0.1
Change %	121.4	100.4	237.5	95.2		3.3	126.6	113.3	257.6	64.3		-24.2
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	5.0	3.6	0.8	0.6	11.9	0.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	0.5	20.4	0.2
<b>2008</b>												
July	5.2	4.2	0.6	0.4	8.1	0.1	2.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	11.5	0.1
August #	5.8	4.7	0.7	0.4	7.4	0.1	2.5	2.0	0.3	0.3	10.0	0.1
September	6.0	4.9	0.7	0.4	7.2	0.1	2.6	2.1	0.3	0.2	9.2	0.1
October	6.2	5.1	0.7	0.4	7.1	0.1	2.7	2.1	0.3	0.2	8.5	0.1
November #	6.9	5.8	0.7	0.4	6.4	0.1	3.1	2.5	0.4	0.2	7.6	0.1
December	7.5	6.3	0.8	0.4	5.9	0.1	3.3	2.7	0.4	0.2	6.9	0.1
<b>2009</b>												
January	9.1	7.7	0.9	0.5	5.2	0.1	3.9	3.2	0.5	0.2	6.3	0.1
February #	10.7	9.1	1.1	0.5	4.8	0.1	4.5	3.7	0.5	0.3	5.8	0.1
March	11.3	9.5	1.3	0.5	4.6	0.1	4.7	3.8	0.6	0.3	5.9	0.1
April	11.7	9.7	1.4	0.5	4.6	0.1	4.8	3.8	0.7	0.3	6.4	0.1
May #	11.9	9.5	1.7	0.6	5.0	0.1	4.8	3.6	0.8	0.3	7.2	0.1
June	11.7	9.3	1.8	0.6	5.4	0.1	4.7	3.5	0.9	0.4	8.0	0.1
<b>July</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	6.4	4.9	1.3	0.2	-2.4	0.0	2.3	1.5	0.7	0.1	-2.9	0.0
Change %	123.3	116.4	213.3	58.2		-2.8	98.1	82.7	257.6	47.2		-28.6

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

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2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged						50 - 64 (m)	65+ (m)
		16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically active</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,547	2,428	73	314	484	942	616	118
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,586	2,464	70	322	496	953	622	122
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,629	2,496	72	338	498	956	633	133
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,643	2,504	71	339	497	958	639	139
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,646	2,507	68	345	497	957	640	139
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,654	2,514	66	348	501	954	644	141
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,663</b>	<b>2,518</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>144</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	34	22	-7	14	7	-4	13	12
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3	0.9	-9.9	4.2	1.3	-0.4	2.0	8.7
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,377	1,335	37	173	265	494	365	43
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,385	1,343	33	173	270	497	370	42
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,404	1,359	35	184	268	492	379	46
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,411	1,364	36	183	268	494	383	47
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,411	1,365	35	184	269	494	383	46
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,414	1,369	35	187	269	493	385	45
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,420</b>	<b>1,371</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>48</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	13	-1	1	5	1	7	3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.9	-3.4	0.4	2.0	0.2	1.8	5.9
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,169	1,094	35	141	219	448	251	76
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,201	1,120	37	149	226	456	252	80
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,224	1,137	36	154	229	464	254	87
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,232	1,140	35	156	229	464	256	92
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,235	1,142	33	161	228	463	257	93
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,240	1,145	31	161	232	461	259	96
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>1,147</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>459</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>96</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	19	10	-6	14	1	-5	6	9
	<i>Change %</i>	1.5	0.9	-16.3	8.8	0.6	-1.1	2.3	10.2
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	62.6	80.6	55.0	75.6	84.8	87.7	75.0	11.2
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	62.9	81.0	52.7	75.3	87.2	87.9	75.2	11.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	63.3	81.5	53.5	76.7	87.5	87.4	76.7	12.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	63.4	81.7	52.9	76.5	87.2	87.6	77.3	12.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	63.3	81.6	51.4	77.3	86.9	87.5	77.5	12.5
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	63.4	81.7	50.1	77.4	87.5	87.2	78.0	12.6
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>63.4</b>	<b>81.8</b>	<b>48.9</b>	<b>77.8</b>	<b>87.8</b>	<b>86.9</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>12.9</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.1	0.2	-4.6	1.1	0.3	-0.6	1.5	0.7
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	69.9	85.0	54.7	80.4	93.3	93.8	76.7	10.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	69.6	84.6	48.2	78.1	94.8	93.7	76.8	10.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	69.7	84.8	51.2	80.9	94.0	92.2	77.8	11.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.9	85.0	51.7	79.9	93.7	92.6	78.5	11.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.7	84.8	51.8	79.9	93.5	92.5	78.4	11.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	69.6	85.0	51.4	80.5	93.5	92.3	78.7	10.7
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>85.0</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>94.7</b>	<b>92.3</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>11.4</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.2	-0.8	-1.6	0.7	0.1	0.9	0.3
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	55.7	75.8	55.4	70.5	76.3	81.9	72.6	11.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	56.7	77.1	57.6	72.2	79.6	82.3	73.1	12.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57.2	77.9	56.0	72.2	81.0	82.9	75.0	12.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	57.4	78.0	54.2	72.8	80.6	82.8	75.7	13.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57.4	78.1	50.9	74.5	80.3	82.7	76.1	13.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	57.5	78.2	48.6	74.0	81.5	82.3	77.0	13.8
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>57.4</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>47.4</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>77.4</b>	<b>13.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.3	-8.6	4.0	-0.1	-1.2	2.4	1.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m)	65+ (m)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)
								7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,522	585	59	101	87	132	205	937
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,525	578	63	106	73	132	205	947
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,526	566	62	103	71	137	193	960
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,524	563	63	104	73	135	187	961
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,532	564	65	102	75	137	186	968
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,535	561	66	102	71	140	182	973
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,538</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>976</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	12	-4	5	-2	-1	6	-12	16
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	-0.7	8.2	-2.2	-1.4	4.7	-6.4	1.6
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	592	235	31	42	19	33	111	356
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	606	244	36	48	15	34	112	362
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	609	244	34	43	17	42	108	365
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	609	242	33	46	18	39	105	367
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	614	244	33	46	19	40	106	371
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	617	242	33	45	19	41	104	375
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>374</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	8	-1	0	5	-2	-1	-4	9
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	-0.6	-0.3	11.0	-9.9	-1.4	-3.5	2.4
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	930	349	29	59	68	99	95	581
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	919	334	27	57	58	98	93	585
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	917	322	28	59	54	96	85	595
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	915	321	30	58	55	96	82	594
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	918	320	32	55	56	97	81	598
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	917	319	33	57	53	99	78	598
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>602</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	4	-3	5	-7	1	7	-9	7
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5	-0.8	18.3	-11.9	1.3	7.3	-10.2	1.2
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	37.4	19.4	45.0	24.4	15.2	12.3	25.0	88.8
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	37.1	19.0	47.3	24.7	12.8	12.1	24.8	88.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	36.7	18.5	46.5	23.3	12.5	12.6	23.3	87.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	36.6	18.3	47.1	23.5	12.8	12.4	22.7	87.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	36.7	18.4	48.6	22.7	13.1	12.5	22.5	87.5
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	36.6	18.3	49.9	22.6	12.5	12.8	22.0	87.4
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>87.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	-0.2	4.6	-1.1	-0.3	0.6	-1.5	-0.7
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	30.1	15.0	45.3	19.6	6.7	6.2	23.3	89.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	30.4	15.4	51.8	21.9	5.2	6.3	23.2	89.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30.3	15.2	48.8	19.1	6.0	7.8	22.2	88.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30.1	15.0	48.3	20.1	6.3	7.4	21.5	88.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30.3	15.2	48.2	20.1	6.5	7.5	21.6	88.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30.4	15.0	48.6	19.5	6.5	7.7	21.3	89.3
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>30.3</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>88.6</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	-0.2	0.8	1.6	-0.7	-0.1	-0.9	-0.3
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	44.3	24.2	44.6	29.5	23.7	18.1	27.4	88.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	43.3	22.9	42.4	27.8	20.4	17.7	26.9	88.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	42.8	22.1	44.0	27.8	19.0	17.1	25.0	87.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	42.6	22.0	45.8	27.2	19.4	17.2	24.3	86.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	42.6	21.9	49.1	25.5	19.7	17.3	23.9	86.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	42.5	21.8	51.4	26.0	18.5	17.7	23.0	86.2
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>52.6</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>86.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.3	8.6	-4.0	0.1	1.2	-2.4	-1.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic inactivity by reason								
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	585	128	168	12	133	*	71	68	434	151
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	578	141	150	10	146	*	57	72	430	147
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	566	132	148	16	147	*	56	65	412	154
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	563	134	148	15	145	*	55	64	406	157
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	564	137	150	14	142	*	54	66	405	159
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	561	136	150	14	145	*	55	59	408	154
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>154</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-4	9	-3	-2	-4	*	0	-5	-4	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.7	6.9	-2.0	-13.1	-2.8	*	-0.1	-8.4	-1.1	0.3
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	235	63	15	*	74	*	48	28	171	64
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	244	75	13	*	80	*	41	29	185	59
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	244	67	12	*	89	*	40	27	172	72
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	242	70	12	*	85	*	40	26	172	70
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	244	72	12	*	86	*	40	27	172	72
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	242	71	13	*	87	*	41	24	174	69
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>69</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	7	4	*	-9	*	1	-2	1	-3
<i>Change %</i>		-0.6	9.7	32.6	*	-10.5	*	2.4	-8.4	0.7	-3.5
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	349	66	153	*	59	*	23	40	262	87
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	334	65	138	*	66	*	16	43	245	88
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	322	65	136	*	58	*	16	38	239	82
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	321	64	136	*	59	*	15	38	234	87
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	320	65	138	*	56	*	14	39	233	87
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	319	65	137	*	58	*	14	35	234	85
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>85</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-3	3	-7	*	5	*	-1	-3	-6	3
<i>Change %</i>		-0.8	4.0	-5.1	*	8.9	*	-6.5	-8.4	-2.3	3.5
		Percentage of economically inactive (%)									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	22.0	28.8	2.1	22.8	*	12.2	11.7	74.2	25.8
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	24.4	26.0	1.8	25.2	*	9.9	12.4	74.5	25.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	23.3	26.2	2.8	26.0	*	9.9	11.4	72.8	27.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	23.9	26.3	2.6	25.7	*	9.7	11.4	72.1	27.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	24.2	26.6	2.5	25.2	*	9.5	11.7	71.9	28.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	24.2	26.7	2.5	25.9	*	9.8	10.5	72.6	27.4
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>25.1</b>	<b>25.9</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>72.5</b>	<b>27.5</b>
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	26.6	6.5	*	31.5	*	20.5	11.9	72.7	27.3
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	30.9	5.2	*	32.7	*	17.0	11.7	75.8	24.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	27.6	4.9	*	36.4	*	16.5	11.0	70.7	29.3
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	29.1	5.0	*	35.3	*	16.4	10.8	71.2	28.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	29.3	4.8	*	35.3	*	16.2	11.1	70.6	29.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	29.2	5.5	*	35.9	*	16.8	9.8	71.7	28.3
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>30.5</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>28.4</b>
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	18.9	43.8	*	16.9	*	6.6	11.5	75.1	24.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	19.6	41.2	*	19.8	*	4.7	12.9	73.5	26.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	20.1	42.4	*	18.1	*	5.0	11.8	74.4	25.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	19.9	42.3	*	18.5	*	4.7	11.8	72.8	27.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	20.3	43.1	*	17.5	*	4.3	12.1	72.9	27.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	20.5	42.8	*	18.2	*	4.5	11.1	73.3	26.7
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>26.8</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

## 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007	January 2008 to December 2008								2007	
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply				Working age benefits				Labour demand <sup>7</sup>	
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>47,216</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,685</b>	<b>0.86</b>
<b>Bath and North East Somerset UA</b>	113	91	77.8	3	3.6	22	19.5	1,150	1.0	95	0.84
<b>Bournemouth UA</b>	101	77	74.4	4	5.2	21	21.3	1,903	1.9	89	0.88
<b>Bristol, City of UA</b>	283	215	73.8	11	5.0	65	23.0	5,759	2.0	261	0.92
<b>North Somerset UA</b>	121	105	82.2	4	3.6	18	14.7	1,428	1.2	86	0.71
<b>Plymouth UA</b>	160	120	73.3	7	5.7	36	22.6	3,751	2.3	128	0.80
<b>Poole UA</b>	81	66	79.1	3	3.9	14	17.8	1,047	1.3	80	1.00
<b>South Gloucestershire UA</b>	159	140	84.1	5	3.2	21	13.1	1,516	1.0	148	0.93
<b>Swindon UA</b>	121	99	79.9	5	4.9	19	15.5	2,471	2.0	123	1.02
<b>Torbay UA</b>	76	59	74.2	4	6.0	15	20.0	2,011	2.6	59	0.78
<b>Cornwall UA and the Isles of Scilly</b>	311	247	74.8			64	20.8	5,759	2	259	0.84
Caradon	49	40	77.0	2	4.3	8	16.8	676	1.4	35	0.71
Carrick	54	45	74.4	2	4.3	12	21.6	920	1.7	59	1.09
Kerrier	58	41	68.8	2	4.8	15	25.4	976	1.7	44	0.75
North Cornwall	49	42	80.4	2	3.6	8	16.9	680	1.4	41	0.83
Penwith	37	33	78.0	1	4.3	7	17.3	782	2.1	31	0.84
Restormel	61	46	72.7	3	5.2	15	24.2	1,166	1.9	47	0.77
Isles of Scilly	1	#	#	#	#	#	#	5	0.4	1	1.16
<b>Devon</b>	439	368	80.1			75	17.2	5,654	1.3	372	0.86
East Devon	70	62	84.1	2	3.1	10	14.5	694	1.0	61	0.87
Exeter	83	64	77.1	3	4.8	15	19.2	1,215	1.5	93	1.12
Mid Devon	44	38	81.4	1	3.8	7	15.5	559	1.3	30	0.68
North Devon	53	45	79.5	2	4.4	10	19.0	826	1.6	50	0.93
South Hams	48	40	76.1	1	3.6	10	22.0	513	1.1	44	0.91
Teignbridge	72	64	85.0	2	3.2	10	13.4	826	1.1	50	0.69
Torridge	37	29	72.4	2	5.1	7	19.6	718	1.9	21	0.57
West Devon	30	26	81.8	1	3.1	5	16.6	304	1.0	24	0.80
<b>Dorset</b>	223	185	78.0			41	18.8	2,230	1.0	186	0.84
Christchurch	23	17	71.6	1	4.4	5	23.0	276	1.2	21	0.92
East Dorset	45	38	77.6	1	3.3	8	18.8	368	0.8	37	0.83
North Dorset	38	33	82.3	1	2.7	6	15.9	274	0.7	31	0.81
Purbeck	26	23	83.0	1	2.6	3	12.2	223	0.9	20	0.76
West Dorset	52	45	78.3	1	3.0	10	19.2	424	0.8	54	1.04
Weymouth and Portland	39	30	74.3	1	4.4	9	23.0	665	1.7	22	0.58
<b>Gloucestershire</b>	352	298	79.9			58	16.7	6,032	1.7	305	0.87
Cheltenham	70	57	80.4	3	5.2	10	14.5	1,507	2.1	61	0.87
Cotswold	49	45	82.4	1	2.9	8	16.5	441	0.9	45	0.92
Forest of Dean	49	38	71.9	2	4.7	13	25.7	890	1.8	31	0.64
Gloucester	71	56	75.9	3	5.6	14	19.9	1,701	2.4	71	0.99
Stroud	66	59	84.7	2	3.4	8	12.0	819	1.2	55	0.84
Tewkesbury	47	43	83.9	2	3.5	6	12.5	674	1.4	41	0.88
<b>Somerset</b>	303	258	80.3			51	17.0	3,888	1.3	257	0.85
Mendip	65	56	79.8	2	3.7	12	18.4	870	1.3	50	0.77
Sedgemoor	66	53	76.9	3	4.6	11	16.9	1,060	1.6	48	0.73
South Somerset	91	82	85.0	3	3.2	12	13.3	883	1.0	84	0.92
Taunton Deane	64	54	82.0	2	3.8	10	16.3	805	1.3	63	0.98
West Somerset	19	13	64.7	1	4.7	6	33.5	271	1.4	13	0.71

# 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>Wiltshire</b>	270	224	79.7			43	16.1	3,171	1.2	236	0.88	
Kennet	47	40	84.4	1	2.9	6	12.4	422	0.9	39	0.83	
North Wiltshire	81	64	77.8	2	3.7	14	17.2	905	1.1	64	0.80	
Salisbury	68	58	82.6	2	3.1	10	14.8	632	0.9	70	1.03	
West Wiltshire	74	61	76.4	3	4.9	14	18.5	1,211	1.6	62	0.84	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

## 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007	
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>	
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>	Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>47,216</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,685</b>	<b>0.86</b>
Bath	64	48	74.3	1	2.0	15	24.2	740	1.2	64	1.00
Bournemouth East	49	37	75.6	2	4.9	9	20.3	944	1.9	33	0.67
Bournemouth West	50	40	73.3	2	5.3	11	22.3	959	1.9	56	1.11
Bridgwater	58	48	72.9	4	7.4	13	20.9	1,014	1.8	42	0.74
Bristol East	67	56	70.2	4	6.4	19	24.8	1,826	2.7	70	1.04
Bristol North West	71	60	75.8	3	5.5	16	19.8	1,279	1.8	68	0.96
Bristol South	64	57	79.7	#	#	13	19.4	1,408	2.2	43	0.67
Bristol West	91	65	74.7	3	4.1	18	21.9	1,243	1.4	106	1.16
Cheltenham	59	44	78.9	3	6.2	9	15.9	1,383	2.3	53	0.88
Christchurch	45	39	73.5	2	5.2	11	22.1	475	1.1	39	0.87
Cotswold	53	49	82.8	#	#	9	16.2	474	0.9	49	0.92
Devizes	70	58	81.1	2	3.9	10	15.4	776	1.1	56	0.80
East Devon	48	41	84.1	1	2.4	6	13.7	487	1.0	38	0.79
Exeter	81	64	77.1	3	4.5	15	19.2	1,215	1.5	93	1.15
Falmouth & Camborne	59	42	66.4	4	7.8	17	28.6	1,162	2.0	47	0.80
Forest of Dean	52	38	71.0	1	3.0	13	26.7	914	1.8	33	0.64
Gloucester	70	56	75.9	3	5.5	14	19.9	1,701	2.4	71	1.01
Kingswood	68	56	83.2	2	2.7	9	14.6	962	1.4	42	0.62
Mid Dorset & North Poole	51	41	79.5	2	5.3	8	15.9	484	1.0	33	0.64
North Cornwall	68	53	75.2	2	2.8	15	22.5	1,156	1.7	56	0.81
North Devon	56	48	78.5	1	2.4	11	19.4	851	1.5	52	0.92
North Dorset	55	44	81.4	2	3.4	8	15.9	405	0.7	48	0.87
North Swindon	61	52	82.6	2	4.6	8	13.4	1,064	1.8	54	0.89
North Wiltshire	65	52	77.6	4	6.8	10	16.5	701	1.1	55	0.84
Northavon	65	52	82.6	1	2.3	9	15.3	487	0.8	78	1.20
Plymouth, Devonport	61	44	72.9	3	5.8	13	22.9	1,513	2.5	49	0.80
Plymouth, Sutton	65	48	69.2	3	5.4	18	26.8	1,900	2.9	59	0.90
Poole	48	41	80.5	1	3.0	8	17.0	719	1.5	59	1.22
Salisbury	65	56	83.2	1	2.4	9	14.6	604	0.9	67	1.03
Somerton & Frome	60	54	82.8	1	2.4	9	15.4	642	1.1	44	0.73
South Dorset	54	43	76.0	2	3.6	11	21.4	787	1.5	35	0.66
South East Cornwall	61	51	78.3	4	6.8	10	16.1	840	1.4	44	0.72
South Swindon	61	50	77.5	3	6.1	11	17.5	1,437	2.3	66	1.08
South West Devon	55	47	80.7	2	3.3	9	16.4	536	1.0	41	0.75
St Ives	57	47	76.8	3	5.2	11	18.6	1,038	1.8	45	0.78
Stroud	61	55	84.5	2	3.8	7	11.9	786	1.3	52	0.85
Taunton	66	55	81.8	1	1.8	11	16.6	818	1.2	64	0.97
Teignbridge	64	59	83.7	1	1.9	10	14.6	753	1.2	45	0.70
Tewkesbury	54	55	85.3	2	4.1	6	10.7	774	1.4	48	0.89
Tiverton & Honiton	63	57	83.4	1	1.7	10	15.1	740	1.2	51	0.81
Torbay	57	44	74.8	3	6.4	11	20.1	1,594	2.8	47	0.82
Torrige & West Devon	64	55	76.3	3	6.0	12	18.4	1,004	1.6	44	0.68
Totnes	53	43	76.7	2	4.7	10	19.1	825	1.6	41	0.77
Truro & St Austell	63	54	77.3	3	5.9	11	17.9	1,009	1.6	67	1.06
Wansdyke	56	53	83.0	2	4.2	8	13.1	480	0.9	33	0.60
Wells	60	48	80.9	1	1.7	10	17.6	740	1.2	47	0.79

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007	
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>	
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>	Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
West Dorset	50	43	79.0	1	2.5	9	18.8	406	0.8	53	1.06
Westbury	65	56	77.0	4	6.2	12	17.9	1,060	1.6	55	0.85
Weston-Super-Mare	62	53	81.2	2	4.4	9	14.9	1,046	1.7	43	0.70
Woodspring	57	52	83.3	2	3.1	8	14.4	383	0.7	43	0.75
Yeovil	59	53	83.4	1	2.5	9	14.3	674	1.1	60	1.01

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply							Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>7</sup>	
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>		
		16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>47,216</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,685</b>	<b>0.86</b>	
Barnstaple	51	43	79.6	#	#	10	18.9	801	1.6	..	..	
Bath	127	109	77.0	4	3.5	27	20.1	1,477	1.2	..	..	
Bideford	30	25	74.4	2	8.4	6	18.4	640	2.1	..	..	
Bournemouth	178	142	74.9	8	5.1	37	20.8	2,713	1.5	..	..	
Bridgwater	56	48	76.7	4	7.3	10	16.9	988	1.8	..	..	
Bridport & Lyme Regis	16	12	75.5	1	4.1	3	20.9	148	0.9	..	..	
Bristol	588	491	78.9	19	3.7	107	18.0	9,027	1.5	..	..	
Bude & Holsworthy	17	14	70.9	1	8.5	3	21.0	258	1.5	..	..	
Cheltenham & Evesham	146	129	82.9	5	3.7	20	13.8	2,585	1.8	..	..	
Dorchester & Weymouth	69	59	76.5	2	3.2	15	21.0	916	1.3	..	..	
Exeter & Newton Abbot	203	169	81.2	5	2.8	32	16.4	2,554	1.3	..	..	
Falmouth & Helston	40	26	67.6	2	6.4	10	27.5	722	1.8	..	..	
Gloucester	108	86	77.1	4	4.6	20	19.2	2,133	2.0	..	..	
Honiton & Axminster	28	28	84.7	#	#	4	13.1	282	1.0	..	..	
Kingsbridge & Dartmouth	15	16	81.5	#	#	3	17.1	148	1.0	..	..	
Launceston	14	13	90.8	#	#	1	6.4	172	1.2	..	..	
Minehead	16	9	59.3	#	#	6	38.4	252	1.5	..	..	
Okehampton	13	13	85.4	#	#	2	14.6	142	1.1	..	..	
Paignton & Totnes	50	39	73.8	2	5.8	11	21.5	1,071	2.1	..	..	
Penzance & Isles of Scilly	38	32	78.0	2	5.3	7	17.3	769	2.0	..	..	
Plymouth	228	175	74.3	9	5.1	49	21.7	4,513	2.0	..	..	
Poole	112	91	79.4	4	4.6	18	16.8	1,284	1.1	..	..	
Salisbury	81	70	84.0	2	2.4	11	13.8	735	0.9	..	..	
Shaftesbury & Blandford Forum	43	37	80.9	1	2.7	7	16.7	309	0.7	..	..	
St Austell	91	71	73.8	4	5.1	21	22.3	1,640	1.8	..	..	
Swindon	290	242	81.5	11	4.4	42	14.8	4,318	1.5	..	..	
Taunton	70	61	82.5	1	1.6	11	16.1	848	1.2	..	..	
Tiverton	29	26	81.3	1	3.7	4	15.3	402	1.4	..	..	
Torquay	43	33	75.8	2	7.0	8	18.4	1,170	2.7	..	..	
Trowbridge & Warminster	93	78	77.1	6	6.8	16	17.1	1,489	1.6	..	..	
Truro, Redruth & Camborne	71	58	73.6	4	6.8	16	21.8	1,175	1.7	..	..	
Wadebridge	15	10	73.8	#	#	3	23.6	149	1.0	..	..	
Wells & Shepton Mallet	47	37	82.3	#	#	7	16.3	539	1.1	..	..	
Yeovil & Chard	98	88	84.4	2	2.3	13	13.7	930	1.0	..	..	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

## 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>f</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,112</b>	<b>2,552</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>562</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>47,216</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,685</b>	<b>0.86</b>
Gloucester, Wiltshire and North Somerset											
Bristol, City of	283	215	73.8	9	4.2	65	23.0	5,759	2.0	261	0.92
North & North East Somerset, South Gloucestershire	392	336	81.7	12	3.5	60	15.4	4,094	1.0	329	0.84
Gloucestershire	352	298	79.9	12	4.3	58	16.7	6,032	1.7	305	0.87
Swindon	121	99	79.9	6	5.6	19	15.5	2,471	2.0	123	1.02
Wiltshire CC	270	224	79.7	11	5.0	43	16.1	3,171	1.2	236	0.87
Dorset and Somerset											
Bournemouth & Poole	182	142	76.5	7	4.7	35	19.8	2,950	1.6	169	0.93
Dorset CC	223	185	78.0	7	4.2	41	18.8	2,230	1.0	186	0.83
Somerset	303	258	80.3	8	3.3	51	17	3,888	1.3	257	0.85
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly											
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly	311	247	74.8	15	6.0	64	20.8	5,205	1.7	259	0.83
Devon											
Plymouth	160	120	73.3	7	5.4	36	22.6	3,751	2.3	128	0.80
Torbay	76	59	74.2	5	7.6	15	20.0	2,011	2.6	59	0.78
Devon CC	439	368	80.1	12	3.3	75	17.2	5,654	1.3	372	0.85

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,151,487</b>	<b>421,652</b>	<b>1,573,139</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>519,123</b>	<b>182,728</b>	<b>701,851</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>69,257</b>	<b>25,089</b>	<b>94,346</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>37,835</b>	<b>12,901</b>	<b>50,736</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>Bath and North East Somerset UA</b>	1,764	673	2,437	3.0	1.3	2.2	1,006	378	1,384	1.7	0.7	1.2
<b>Bournemouth UA</b>	2,960	1,002	3,962	5.6	2.1	3.9	1,690	536	2,226	3.2	1.1	2.2
<b>Bristol, City of UA</b>	8,499	3,009	11,508	5.7	2.2	4.1	4,378	1,529	5,907	2.9	1.1	2.1
<b>North Somerset UA</b>	2,374	850	3,224	3.7	1.5	2.7	1,428	482	1,910	2.2	0.9	1.6
<b>Plymouth UA</b>	5,058	1,686	6,744	6.0	2.2	4.2	2,305	716	3,021	2.7	0.9	1.9
<b>Poole UA</b>	1,764	670	2,434	4.2	1.7	3.0	1,106	380	1,486	2.6	1.0	1.8
<b>South Gloucestershire UA</b>	2,798	1,133	3,931	3.3	1.5	2.5	1,804	728	2,532	2.1	1.0	1.6
<b>Swindon UA</b>	4,618	1,738	6,356	7.2	3.1	5.3	2,775	1,014	3,789	4.3	1.8	3.1
<b>Torbay UA</b>	2,420	775	3,195	6.0	2.2	4.2	1,095	348	1,443	2.7	1.0	1.9
<b>Cornwall UA and the Isles of Scilly</b>	5,976	2,126	8,102	3.7	1.4	2.6	2,828	953	3,781	1.7	0.6	1.2
Caradon	843	294	1,137	3.2	1.3	2.3	405	111	516	1.6	0.5	1.0
Carrick	998	420	1,418	3.6	1.6	2.6	428	224	652	1.5	0.9	1.2
Kerrier	1,144	390	1,534	3.7	1.4	2.6	486	166	652	1.6	0.6	1.1
North Cornwall	820	253	1,073	3.2	1.1	2.2	445	87	532	1.7	0.4	1.1
Penwith	802	269	1,071	4.1	1.5	2.9	350	106	456	1.8	0.6	1.2
Restormel	1,367	499	1,866	4.2	1.7	3.1	714	258	972	2.2	0.9	1.6
Isles of Scilly	..	..	3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0	1	1	0.0	0.2	0.1
<b>Devon</b>	7,543	2,844	10,387	3.3	1.4	2.4	4,007	1,413	5,420	1.7	0.7	1.2
East Devon	981	389	1,370	2.6	1.2	1.9	547	230	777	1.5	0.7	1.1
Exeter	1,616	662	2,278	3.7	1.7	2.7	800	340	1,140	1.8	0.9	1.4
Mid Devon	757	282	1,039	3.2	1.3	2.3	372	123	495	1.6	0.6	1.1
North Devon	922	317	1,239	3.3	1.3	2.3	455	118	573	1.6	0.5	1.1
South Hams	695	266	961	2.7	1.2	2.0	404	119	523	1.6	0.5	1.1
Teignbridge	1,347	457	1,804	3.6	1.3	2.5	838	266	1,104	2.2	0.8	1.5
Torrige	807	317	1,124	4.1	1.8	3.0	360	161	521	1.8	0.9	1.4
West Devon	418	154	572	2.6	1.1	1.9	231	56	287	1.4	0.4	1.0
<b>Dorset</b>	3,342	1,195	4,537	2.8	1.1	2.0	2,037	625	2,662	1.7	0.6	1.2
Christchurch	453	159	612	3.8	1.5	2.7	309	89	398	2.6	0.8	1.7
East Dorset	649	246	895	2.7	1.1	2.0	432	140	572	1.8	0.7	1.3
North Dorset	425	177	602	2.1	1.0	1.6	274	90	364	1.3	0.5	0.9
Purbeck	352	131	483	2.5	1.1	1.8	231	68	299	1.7	0.6	1.1
West Dorset	566	217	783	2.1	0.9	1.5	305	117	422	1.1	0.5	0.8
Weymouth and Portland	897	265	1,162	4.3	1.5	3.0	486	121	607	2.3	0.7	1.6
<b>Gloucestershire</b>	9,217	3,236	12,453	5.0	1.9	3.5	5,089	1,650	6,739	2.8	1.0	1.9
Cheltenham	2,143	740	2,883	5.8	2.2	4.1	1,063	358	1,421	2.9	1.1	2.0
Cotswold	750	290	1,040	2.9	1.3	2.1	470	176	646	1.8	0.8	1.3
Forest of Dean	1,269	467	1,736	4.9	2.0	3.6	740	191	931	2.9	0.8	1.9
Gloucester	2,511	794	3,305	6.8	2.3	4.6	1,266	354	1,620	3.4	1.0	2.3
Stroud	1,494	543	2,037	4.3	1.8	3.1	955	349	1,304	2.8	1.1	2.0
Tewkesbury	1,050	402	1,452	4.3	1.8	3.1	595	222	817	2.4	1.0	1.7
<b>Somerset</b>	5,739	2,135	7,874	3.6	1.5	2.6	3,232	1,094	4,326	2.0	0.8	1.4
Mendip	1,234	477	1,711	3.7	1.5	2.7	642	233	875	1.9	0.8	1.4
Sedgemoor	1,520	527	2,047	4.4	1.7	3.1	888	251	1,139	2.6	0.8	1.7
South Somerset	1,432	587	2,019	3.0	1.4	2.2	864	346	1,210	1.8	0.8	1.3
Taunton Deane	1,259	438	1,697	3.8	1.4	2.7	721	225	946	2.2	0.7	1.5
West Somerset	294	106	400	3.0	1.2	2.1	117	39	156	1.2	0.4	0.8
<b>Wiltshire UA</b>	5,185	2,017	7,202	3.6	1.6	2.7	3,055	1,055	4,110	2.1	0.8	1.5
Kennet	780	284	1,064	3.1	1.3	2.3	520	159	679	2.0	0.7	1.4
North Wiltshire	1,619	639	2,258	3.8	1.7	2.8	1,017	365	1,382	2.4	1.0	1.7
Salisbury	1,052	399	1,451	2.9	1.2	2.1	640	196	836	1.8	0.6	1.2
West Wiltshire	1,734	695	2,429	4.5	2.0	3.3	878	335	1,213	2.3	0.9	1.6

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally  
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,151,487</b>	<b>421,652</b>	<b>1,573,139</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>519,123</b>	<b>182,728</b>	<b>701,851</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>69,257</b>	<b>25,089</b>	<b>94,346</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>37,835</b>	<b>12,901</b>	<b>50,736</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Bath	1,034	414	1,448	3.1	1.4	2.3	537	224	761	1.6	0.7	1.2
Bournemouth East	1,445	515	1,960	5.7	2.2	4.0	800	308	1,108	3.1	1.3	2.2
Bournemouth West	1,515	487	2,002	5.7	2.1	4.0	890	228	1,118	3.3	1.0	2.2
Bridgwater	1,406	469	1,875	4.7	1.7	3.3	782	199	981	2.6	0.7	1.7
Bristol East	2,548	895	3,443	7.2	2.8	5.1	1,288	390	1,678	3.6	1.2	2.5
Bristol North West	2,022	707	2,729	5.4	2.1	3.8	1,083	390	1,473	2.9	1.2	2.1
Bristol South	2,322	793	3,115	7.0	2.6	4.9	1,317	442	1,759	4.0	1.4	2.8
Bristol West	1,728	662	2,390	3.6	1.5	2.6	813	346	1,159	1.7	0.8	1.3
Cheltenham	1,936	680	2,616	6.2	2.4	4.4	938	340	1,278	3.0	1.2	2.2
Christchurch	813	292	1,105	3.5	1.4	2.5	542	168	710	2.3	0.8	1.6
Cotswold	838	323	1,161	3.0	1.3	2.2	533	202	735	1.9	0.8	1.4
Devizes	1,362	530	1,892	3.7	1.6	2.7	869	289	1,158	2.3	0.9	1.6
East Devon	689	270	959	2.7	1.2	2.0	396	161	557	1.6	0.7	1.2
Exeter	1,616	662	2,278	3.8	1.7	2.8	800	340	1,140	1.9	0.9	1.4
Falmouth & Camborne	1,323	462	1,785	4.4	1.6	3.0	546	203	749	1.8	0.7	1.3
Forest of Dean	1,299	486	1,785	4.8	2.0	3.5	759	197	956	2.8	0.8	1.9
Gloucester	2,511	794	3,305	6.9	2.4	4.7	1,266	354	1,620	3.5	1.0	2.3
Kingswood	1,610	608	2,218	4.6	1.8	3.3	945	364	1,309	2.7	1.1	1.9
Mid Dorset & North Poole	861	344	1,205	3.3	1.4	2.4	572	199	771	2.2	0.8	1.5
North Cornwall	1,278	429	1,707	3.5	1.3	2.5	673	173	846	1.9	0.5	1.2
North Devon	960	334	1,294	3.3	1.3	2.3	474	126	600	1.6	0.5	1.1
North Dorset	648	260	908	2.2	1.0	1.6	429	131	560	1.5	0.5	1.0
North Swindon	2,168	818	2,986	6.8	2.9	4.9	1,384	495	1,879	4.3	1.7	3.1
North Wiltshire	1,276	498	1,774	3.7	1.6	2.7	807	296	1,103	2.4	1.0	1.7
Northavon	945	423	1,368	2.7	1.4	2.1	651	286	937	1.9	0.9	1.4
Plymouth, Devonport	2,006	681	2,687	6.4	2.3	4.4	904	299	1,203	2.9	1.0	2.0
Plymouth, Sutton	2,539	796	3,335	7.2	2.6	5.1	1,100	324	1,424	3.1	1.1	2.2
Poole	1,171	426	1,597	4.7	1.8	3.3	717	232	949	2.9	1.0	2.0
Salisbury	1,010	382	1,392	2.9	1.2	2.1	615	188	803	1.8	0.6	1.2
Somerton & Frome	903	362	1,265	2.9	1.3	2.1	433	162	595	1.4	0.6	1.0
South Dorset	1,063	335	1,398	3.7	1.3	2.6	582	160	742	2.0	0.6	1.4
South East Cornwall	1,060	373	1,433	3.3	1.3	2.3	513	156	669	1.6	0.5	1.1
South Swindon	2,506	944	3,450	7.7	3.3	5.6	1,428	534	1,962	4.4	1.8	3.2
South West Devon	819	341	1,160	2.8	1.3	2.1	495	164	659	1.7	0.6	1.2
St Ives	1,064	392	1,456	3.5	1.4	2.5	465	169	634	1.5	0.6	1.1
Stroud	1,406	510	1,916	4.4	1.7	3.1	892	323	1,215	2.8	1.1	2.0
Taunton	1,276	452	1,728	3.7	1.4	2.6	728	232	960	2.1	0.7	1.5
Teignbridge	1,221	419	1,640	3.7	1.4	2.6	759	243	1,002	2.3	0.8	1.6
Tewkesbury	1,227	443	1,670	4.3	1.7	3.1	701	234	935	2.5	0.9	1.7
Tiverton & Honiton	1,011	384	1,395	3.1	1.3	2.2	504	184	688	1.5	0.6	1.1
Torbay	1,917	595	2,512	6.4	2.2	4.4	826	253	1,079	2.8	0.9	1.9
Torrige & West Devon	1,208	459	1,667	3.5	1.5	2.6	582	214	796	1.7	0.7	1.2
Totnes	1,035	364	1,399	3.7	1.4	2.6	567	169	736	2.0	0.7	1.4
Truro & St Austell	1,251	470	1,721	3.8	1.5	2.7	631	252	883	1.9	0.8	1.4
Wansdyke	852	313	1,165	2.9	1.2	2.1	554	193	747	1.9	0.7	1.3
Wells	1,050	404	1,454	3.4	1.4	2.4	621	228	849	2.0	0.8	1.4
West Dorset	550	208	758	2.1	0.9	1.5	301	115	416	1.2	0.5	0.8
Westbury	1,481	583	2,064	4.3	1.9	3.2	727	267	994	2.1	0.9	1.5
Weston-Super-Mare	1,591	573	2,164	4.9	2.0	3.5	884	307	1,191	2.7	1.0	1.9
Woodspring	783	277	1,060	2.6	1.0	1.9	544	175	719	1.8	0.7	1.3
Yeovil	1,104	448	1,552	3.6	1.6	2.6	668	273	941	2.2	1.0	1.6

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.

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