



13 May 2009

CORRECTION

First release: Regional labour market statistics May 2009

An error has been detected in Tables 16 and 17 of the regional labour market statistics release, originally published on 12 May 2009, affecting all regions identically. In the UK line, at the top of these pages, the rate for men was repeated in the column for women, while the correct figure for women appeared in the column for people.

A corrected version of the release is attached.

ONS apologises for any inconvenience caused.

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Coverage
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Labour market statistics May 2009: South West

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

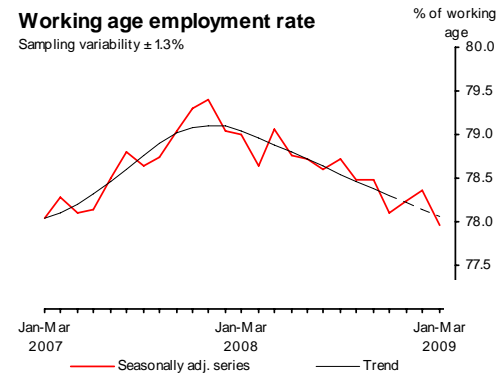
Labour Force Survey data for the South West indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, but the rate in the latest period is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago.

Data for the three months to March 2009 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 78.0 per cent, down 1.0 percentage point on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.7 per cent, up 2.1 percentage points on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to April 2009.

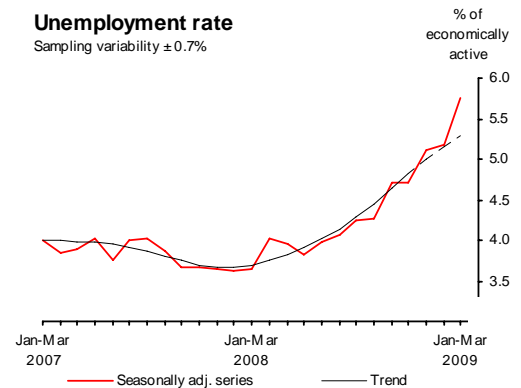
Working age employment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 1.3\%$



Unemployment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 0.7\%$



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Jan-Mar 09	2,574	78.0	-5	± 68	-1.0	± 1.6
Unemployment**	Jan-Mar 09	157	5.7	59	± 22	2.1	± 0.8
Economically active*	Jan-Mar 09	2,731	82.8	54	± 68	0.7	± 1.5
Economically inactive+	Jan-Mar 09	534	17.2	-18	± 65	-0.7	± 1.5
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Dec 2008	2,653		-10	..		
Claimant count	Apr 2009	93.7	3.4**	55.9		2.0	

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

.. Not available.

New this month:

January to March 2009 data: latest three-month average LFS results;

April 2009 data: claimant count.

Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the South West was 78.0 per cent in the January to March 2009 period, down 1.0 percentage point on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.57 million in the January to March 2009 period, down 5,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 13,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.37 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 1.6 percentage points on a year earlier to 80.7 per cent.

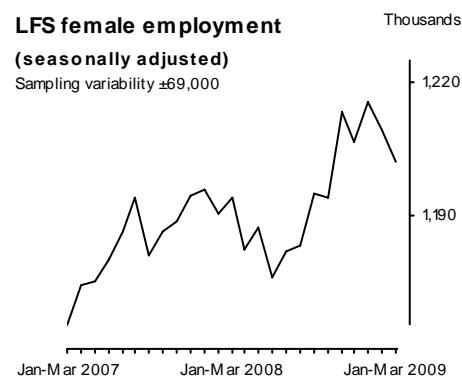
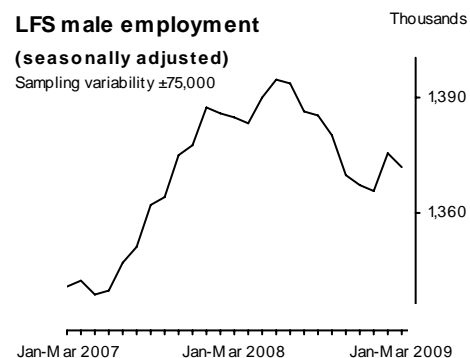
LFS estimates indicate an increase in the level of female employment, up 8,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.20 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 0.5 percentage points on a year earlier to 74.9 per cent.

Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 26,000 in the quarter to December 2008.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 18,000 in the year to December 2008. This was due to decreases in most sectors partly offset by a small increase in the agricultural sector.

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the South West was 5.7 per cent in the January to March 2009 period, up 2.1 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in January to March 2009 were 5.8 per cent and 5.7 per cent respectively.



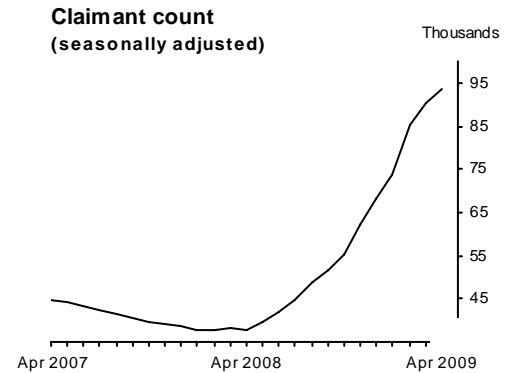
Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from December 2007



Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in April 2009 was 3.4 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from March 2009, and up 2 percentage points since April 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in April 2009 was 93,700, up 3,300 on March 2009, and up 55,900 since April 2008.



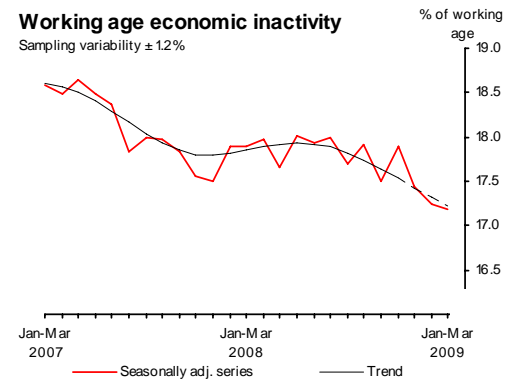
Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the South West was 2.73 million in the January to March 2009 period.

Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the South West in January to March 2009 was 17.2 per cent, down 0.7 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the January to March 2009 period was 1.51 million, with 534,000 of these of working age, down 18,000 on the same period a year earlier.

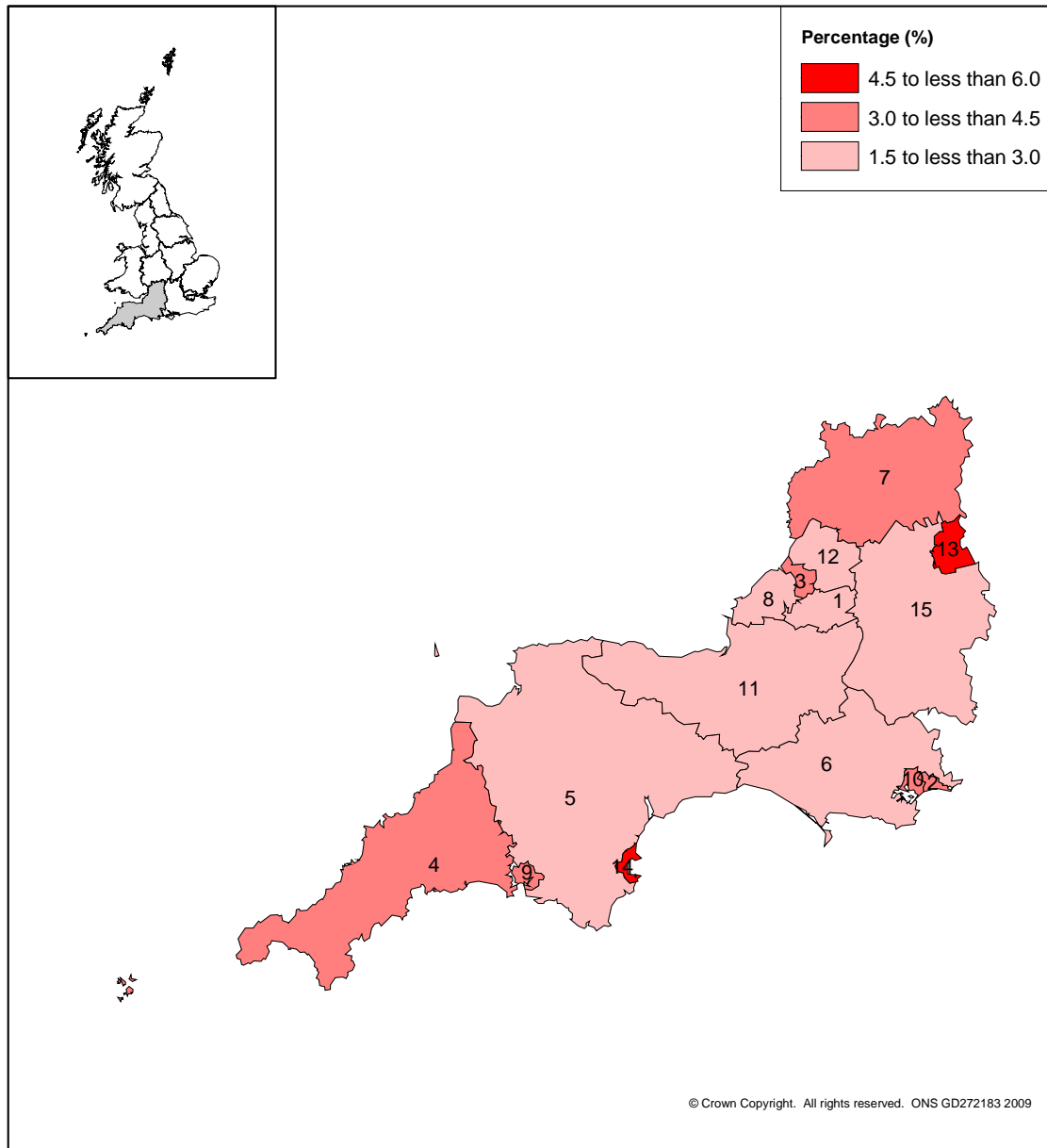


Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in the Isles of Scilly, at 0.7 per cent. It was highest in Swindon, at 5.4 per cent.

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA

April 2009 - South West



1	Bath and North East Somerset UA	2.1%
2	Bournemouth UA	3.8%
3	Bristol, City of UA	3.9%
4	Cornwall UA and The Isles of Scilly	3.0%
5	Devon	2.6%
6	Dorset	2.2%
7	Gloucestershire	3.6%
8	North Somerset UA	2.6%
9	Plymouth UA	4.1%
10	Poole UA	3.1%
11	Somerset	2.7%
12	South Gloucestershire UA	2.4%
13	Swindon UA	5.4%
14	Torbay UA	4.7%
15	Wiltshire UA	2.7%

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions to the data in this release.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	78.0	60	0.01	0.05
Unemployment rate (%)	5.7	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	93.7	60	-0.04	0.18

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,653	20	41.25 *	41.25

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S RELEASE

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's release with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the October 2007 to September 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for October 2007 to September 2008; and job density estimates for 2007. Table 12 has also been updated to reflect the latest local government reorganisation.

NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional First Release will be available from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

NEXT QUARTER'S FIRST RELEASE

Model-Based Estimates of Unemployment for Parliamentary Constituencies

Since July 2006 ONS has published model-based estimates of unemployment for Unitary and Local Authorities. Details of the methodology for these estimates is available at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf

This methodology has now been extended to produce modelled estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies. The ONS intends to publish these alongside the July 2009 release of the Local Area Labour Market: Statistical Indicators publication as experimental statistics (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk14160>) and from August 2009, in the regional first releases.

SPECIAL

Population estimates in the LFS

On 21 August 2008 ONS published the 2007 based mid-year population estimates for the UK. These were followed by the 2008 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales on 29th September. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates published in Table 1 of this month's release. Consequently the estimates for the periods July-September 2006 onwards have been subject to revision.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include the new population estimates using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of Labour Market Trends, which is available on the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf

Population estimates in the APS

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this release will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour

accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

January to March 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	2,520	2,574	2,628	-69	0	69	-73	-5	63
Employment rate	76.7%	78.0%	79.3%	-1.8%	-0.2%	1.5%	-2.7%	-1.0%	0.6%
Unemployment	139	157	175	7	30	53	37	59	81
Unemployment rate	5.1%	5.7%	6.4%	0.2%	1.0%	1.9%	1.3%	2.1%	2.9%
Economically active	2,677	2,731	2,784	-39	30	98	-14	54	122
Economic activity rate	81.6%	82.8%	84.0%	-0.8%	0.7%	2.2%	-0.8%	0.7%	2.3%
Economically inactive	483	534	585	-86	-21	44	-83	-18	46

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures January to March 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 37	± 14	± 37	± 38	± 1.9	± 1.1
North West	± 62	± 23	± 61	± 61	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 21	± 52	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.8
East Midlands	± 43	± 17	± 43	± 45	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.7
East	± 55	± 21	± 54	± 50	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 72	± 30	± 68	± 68	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 65	± 22	± 64	± 60	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 54	± 18	± 53	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 42	± 15	± 42	± 43	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 18	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.7

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this release is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: *See hours worked.*

Annual Population Survey Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's

Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market First Release and on the DWP website: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/tabtool.asp>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why

these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-

based estimates can be found at

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf.

A detailed user guide can be found at

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total less than 9,500		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

Regional summary of labour market headline indicators¹

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Headline estimates for January - March 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,253	76.3	1,149	69.8	105	8.3	375	23.7
North West	3,416	77.8	3,145	71.5	271	7.9	936	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,623	78.1	2,414	71.7	209	8.0	708	21.9
East Midlands	2,323	81.5	2,159	75.5	164	7.1	507	18.5
West Midlands	2,662	77.7	2,416	70.3	246	9.3	727	22.3
East	3,007	82.7	2,829	77.7	178	5.9	598	17.3
London	4,053	76.8	3,720	70.4	333	8.2	1,182	23.2
South East	4,430	82.8	4,194	78.2	236	5.3	873	17.2
South West	2,731	82.8	2,574	78.0	157	5.7	534	17.2
England	26,498	79.7	24,599	73.8	1,899	7.2	6,440	20.3
Wales	1,443	76.5	1,332	70.4	111	7.7	422	23.5
Scotland	2,678	79.8	2,521	74.9	157	5.9	650	20.2
Great Britain	30,619	79.6	28,453	73.8	2,166	7.1	7,512	20.4
Northern Ireland	805	71.4	756	66.9	49	6.1	313	28.6
United Kingdom	31,419	79.3	29,204	73.6	2,215	7.1	7,828	20.7

Change on quarter (change since October - December 2008)⁴

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	-6	-0.4	-6	-0.4	-1	0.0	6	0.4
North West	27	0.6	19	0.5	8	0.2	-26	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	18	0.6	-18	-0.6	36	1.3	-17	-0.6
East Midlands	12	0.1	-11	-0.7	23	0.9	-2	-0.1
West Midlands	3	-0.2	-40	-1.5	42	1.6	7	0.2
East	18	0.5	5	0.1	13	0.4	-16	-0.5
London	-18	-0.5	-57	-1.2	38	1.0	26	0.5
South East	1	-0.1	-17	-0.5	18	0.4	6	0.1
South West	30	0.7	0	-0.2	30	1.0	-21	-0.7
England	84	0.1	-124	-0.5	207	0.8	-38	-0.1
Wales	7	0.3	-4	-0.3	11	0.7	-4	-0.3
Scotland	9	0.1	-11	-0.5	20	0.7	-3	-0.1
Great Britain	100	0.2	-138	-0.5	238	0.8	-45	-0.2
Northern Ireland	-11	-1.3	-18	-1.9	7	1.0	14	1.3
United Kingdom	87	0.1	-157	-0.5	244	0.8	-29	-0.1

Change on year (change since January - March 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ²
North East	18	1.1	-7	-0.5	24	1.8	-17	-1.1
North West	45	0.6	-23	-1.0	68	1.9	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	18	0.1	-59	-2.2	77	2.9	2	-0.1
East Midlands	34	0.7	-5	-0.7	39	1.6	-15	-0.7
West Midlands	-8	-0.6	-88	-3.0	80	3.0	20	0.6
East	63	1.2	18	0.0	44	1.4	-36	-1.2
London	43	0.3	-14	-0.7	57	1.3	-6	-0.3
South East	27	-0.1	-37	-1.3	63	1.4	7	0.1
South West	54	0.7	-5	-1.0	59	2.1	-18	-0.7
England	294	0.4	-219	-1.2	513	1.9	-86	-0.4
Wales	13	0.2	-21	-1.6	34	2.3	-4	-0.2
Scotland	13	-0.6	-22	-1.6	34	1.3	20	0.6
Great Britain	320	0.3	-261	-1.2	581	1.8	-70	-0.3
Northern Ireland	-18	-1.8	-29	-2.7	11	1.5	21	1.8
United Kingdom	296	0.2	-295	-1.3	592	1.8	-43	-0.2

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

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2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (December 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (April 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,174	623	551	83.0	6.9	64.1	9.9	18.9	3.4
North West	3,402	1,819	1,582	189.4	5.4	144.6	7.5	44.8	2.8
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,502	1,327	1,175	147.7	5.6	112.9	7.9	34.8	2.9
East Midlands	2,146	1,157	989	108.6	4.9	80.7	6.7	27.9	2.7
West Midlands	2,629	1,398	1,230	173.6	6.3	130.4	8.7	43.2	3.4
East	2,815	1,499	1,316	116.7	4.0	84.9	5.5	31.8	2.4
London	4,737	2,581	2,156	206.3	4.2	140.6	5.2	65.7	3.0
South East	4,331	2,256	2,075	148.3	3.3	107.7	4.5	40.6	1.9
South West	2,653	1,370	1,283	93.7	3.4	69.2	4.7	24.5	1.9
England	26,388	14,031	12,358	1267.3	4.6	935.1	6.3	332.2	2.6
Wales	1,345	691	654	77.3	5.5	59.1	8.0	18.2	2.7
Scotland	2,692	1,384	1,308	122.3	4.4	92.9	6.4	29.4	2.2
Great Britain	30,426	16,105	14,320	1466.9	4.6	1087.1	6.4	379.8	2.6
Northern Ireland	839	446	394	46.1	5.3	36.3	7.8	9.8	2.4
United Kingdom	31,265	16,551	14,714	1513.0	4.7	1123.4	6.4	389.6	2.6

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on December 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on March 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-1	-3	2	2.7	0.2	2.1	0.3	0.6	0.1
North West	-28	-16	-13	6.5	0.2	4.8	0.3	1.7	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-54	-31	-23	5.6	0.2	4.3	0.3	1.3	0.1
East Midlands	-48	-13	-35	4.4	0.2	3.1	0.3	1.3	0.1
West Midlands	-36	-21	-14	7.1	0.3	5.3	0.4	1.8	0.1
East	5	-9	15	4.5	0.2	3.0	0.2	1.5	0.1
London	-17	-13	-4	8.8	0.2	6.0	0.2	2.8	0.1
South East	-79	-61	-17	6.0	0.1	4.5	0.2	1.5	0.1
South West	-10	-21	11	3.3	0.1	2.4	0.2	0.9	0.1
England	-267	-188	-78	48.9	0.2	35.5	0.2	13.4	0.1
Wales	-14	-21	7	2.6	0.2	2.0	0.3	0.6	0.1
Scotland	-16	-16	0	3.6	0.1	2.8	0.2	0.8	0.1
Great Britain	-297	-225	-71	55.1	0.2	40.3	0.2	14.8	0.1
Northern Ireland	-9	-5	-4	2.0	0.2	1.6	0.3	0.4	0.1
United Kingdom	-305	-230	-75	57.1	0.2	41.9	0.2	15.2	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

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1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted1 Summary of LFS¹ headline indicators

All aged 16 & over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People		YCHK	YCHX	YCJX	YCMX	HKMW			YCNK	
	Jan-Mar 2007	4,143	2,611	2,507	104	1,532		63.0	60.5	4.0
	Jan-Mar 2008	4,195	2,677	2,579	98	1,518		63.8	61.5	3.7
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,207	2,673	2,570	102	1,535		63.5	61.1	3.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,219	2,695	2,580	114	1,525		63.9	61.2	4.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,231	2,701	2,574	127	1,530		63.8	60.8	4.7
	Jan-Mar 2009	4,243	2,731	2,574	157	1,512		64.4	60.7	5.7
	Change on quarter	12	30	0	30	-18		0.5	-0.2	1.0
	Change %	0.3	1.1	0.0	23.3	-1.2				-0.5
	Change on year	48	54	-5	59	-6		0.5	-0.8	2.1
	Change %	1.1	2.0	-0.2	60.7	-0.4				-0.5
Men			YCIX	YCKX	YCNX	YCZI			YCOK	
	Jan-Mar 2007	2,010	1,396	1,341	55	614		69.5	66.7	3.9
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,040	1,443	1,385	58	597		70.7	67.9	4.0
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,047	1,452	1,394	58	595		70.9	68.1	4.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,054	1,448	1,385	62	606		70.5	67.4	4.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,061	1,447	1,367	80	613		70.2	66.4	5.5
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,067	1,457	1,372	85	610		70.5	66.4	5.8
	Change on quarter	6	9	4	5	-3		0.2	0.0	0.3
	Change %	0.3	0.6	0.3	6.2	-0.5				-0.2
	Change on year	27	14	-13	27	13		-0.3	-1.5	1.8
	Change %	1.3	1.0	-0.9	46.9	2.2				0.3
Women			YCJK	YCLX	YCOX	YCUZU			YCPK	
	Jan-Mar 2007	2,133	1,215	1,165	50	918		57.0	54.6	4.1
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,155	1,234	1,194	40	921		57.3	55.4	3.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,160	1,220	1,176	44	940		56.5	54.5	3.6
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,165	1,247	1,195	52	918		57.6	55.2	4.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,170	1,254	1,206	47	917		57.8	55.6	3.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,176	1,274	1,202	72	902		58.6	55.2	5.7
	Change on quarter	5	20	-4	25	-15		0.8	-0.3	1.9
	Change %	0.2	1.6	-0.4	52.1	-1.6				-0.8
	Change on year	21	40	8	32	-19		1.3	-0.2	2.4
	Change %	1.0	3.2	0.7	80.7	-2.1				-1.3

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
People								YCIK	YCKK	LWDV
	Jan-Mar 2007	3,058	2,490	2,386	103	568		81.4	78.0	4.2
	Jan-Mar 2008	3,083	2,531	2,436	95	552		82.1	79.0	3.8
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,090	2,533	2,433	100	557		82.0	78.8	3.9
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,095	2,547	2,437	111	548		82.3	78.7	4.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,101	2,546	2,422	124	555		82.1	78.1	4.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	3,107	2,573	2,422	151	534		82.8	78.0	5.9
	Change on quarter	6	26	0	27	-21		0.7	-0.2	1.0
	Change %	0.2	1.0	0.0	21.5	-3.8				-0.7
	Change on year	23	41	-14	56	-18		0.7	-1.0	2.1
	Change %	0.7	1.6	-0.6	58.4	-3.3				-0.7
Men								HKLY	YCLK	LWEH
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,601	1,358	1,303	55	243		84.8	81.4	4.0
	Jan-Mar 2008	1,621	1,391	1,334	57	230		85.8	82.3	4.1
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,626	1,401	1,344	57	225		86.2	82.7	4.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,630	1,399	1,337	62	231		85.8	82.0	4.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,633	1,395	1,316	79	238		85.4	80.6	5.7
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,637	1,405	1,321	84	232		85.8	80.7	6.0
	Change on quarter	3	10	5	5	-6		0.4	0.1	0.3
	Change %	0.2	0.7	0.4	5.8	-2.6				-0.4
	Change on year	15	14	-13	27	1		0.0	-1.6	1.9
	Change %	1.0	1.0	-1.0	47.2	0.6				0.0
Women								HKMK	YCMK	LWET
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,456	1,131	1,083	49	325		77.7	74.4	4.3
	Jan-Mar 2008	1,462	1,140	1,102	38	322		78.0	75.4	3.4
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,464	1,132	1,089	43	332		77.3	74.4	3.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,465	1,149	1,100	49	317		78.4	75.1	4.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,468	1,151	1,106	45	317		78.4	75.3	3.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,470	1,168	1,101	67	302		79.4	74.9	5.7
	Change on quarter	2	17	-5	22	-15		1.0	-0.5	1.8
	Change %	0.1	1.5	-0.5	49.1	-4.6				-1.0
	Change on year	8	27	-1	29	-20		1.4	-0.5	2.4
	Change %	0.5	2.4	-0.1	74.9	-6.1				-1.4

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;
9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)					
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYI	YXYX	YXZM			
	Dec 05	2,597	1,351	1,246			
	Dec 06	2,609	1,331	1,278			
	Dec 07	2,663	1,391	1,272			
	Mar 08	2,645	1,383	1,262			
	Jun 08	2,665	1,392	1,273			
	Sep 08	2,679	1,393	1,286			
	Dec 08	2,653	1,370	1,283			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-10	-21	11			
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-1.5	0.9			
		Claimant count ¹					
		Levels			Rates (%) ²		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPBB	ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ
	2008						
	April	37.8	27.0	10.8	1.4	1.8	0.8
	May	39.7	28.6	11.1	1.4	2.0	0.9
	June#	42.0	30.5	11.5	1.5	2.1	0.9
	July	44.9	32.8	12.1	1.6	2.2	0.9
	August#	48.6	35.5	13.1	1.8	2.4	1.0
	September	51.8	38.0	13.8	1.9	2.6	1.1
	October	55.4	40.7	14.7	2.0	2.8	1.1
	November#	62.0	45.7	16.3	2.3	3.1	1.3
	December	68.0	50.3	17.7	2.5	3.4	1.4
	2009						
	January	73.7	54.2	19.5	2.7	3.7	1.5
	February#	85.2	62.8	22.4	3.1	4.3	1.7
	March (r)	90.4	66.8	23.6	3.3	4.6	1.8
	April (p)	93.7	69.2	24.5	3.4	4.7	1.9
	<i>Change on period</i>	3.3	2.4	0.9	0.1	0.2	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	3.7	3.6	3.8			
	<i>Change on year</i>	55.9	42.2	13.7	2.0	2.9	1.1
	<i>Change %</i>	147.9	156.3	126.9			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

2 Employment by age

South West

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,446	2,330	62	287	469	915	597	116
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,468	2,350	55	287	474	925	609	118
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,524	2,398	60	302	484	930	622	126
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,394	59	307	479	931	618	130
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,406	57	314	480	934	622	136
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,410	55	321	482	929	623	136
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,551	2,414	55	322	486	926	625	138
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	15	-5	20	2	-4	3	12
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.6	-8.8	6.6	0.3	-0.4	0.5	9.8
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,321	1,277	30	158	255	482	352	44
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,324	1,283	25	155	258	483	362	41
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,347	1,304	29	157	264	483	370	43
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,301	30	163	260	480	368	45
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,307	29	165	260	482	371	46
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,311	28	168	262	480	371	45
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,356	1,312	27	171	262	480	373	44
	<i>Change on year</i>	9	8	-2	13	-2	-3	3	1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.6	-6.4	8.6	-0.9	-0.7	0.7	1.7
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,125	1,053	32	129	214	433	245	72
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,143	1,066	30	133	215	442	247	77
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,177	1,094	31	145	220	447	252	82
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,093	29	144	219	451	250	85
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,099	28	149	220	451	251	90
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,099	26	152	220	449	252	91
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,195	1,101	28	151	224	446	252	94
	<i>Change on year</i>	18	7	-3	6	4	-1	1	12
	<i>Change %</i>	1.6	0.6	-11.0	4.5	1.8	-0.1	0.2	14.0
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	60.3	77.6	47.3	69.8	82.1	85.5	72.8	11.0
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	60.2	77.5	41.4	67.7	83.2	85.5	73.8	11.1
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	60.9	78.5	44.8	69.1	85.1	85.2	75.3	11.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	60.8	78.2	44.0	69.7	84.3	85.2	74.9	11.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	61.0	78.5	42.7	70.7	84.3	85.4	75.3	12.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	60.9	78.5	41.1	71.8	84.3	85.0	75.4	12.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	60.9	78.5	41.2	71.7	84.8	84.6	75.7	12.4
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.0	-3.6	2.5	-0.3	-0.6	0.4	0.8
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	67.3	81.6	44.0	74.0	89.9	91.8	74.2	11.1
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	66.7	81.1	36.7	70.4	91.0	91.2	75.4	10.2
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	67.1	81.6	41.7	69.6	92.7	90.6	76.3	10.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	66.8	81.2	42.9	71.7	91.0	90.0	75.6	11.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	67.0	81.4	41.6	72.1	90.8	90.4	76.0	11.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	66.9	81.5	41.4	73.1	91.2	90.0	76.0	10.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	66.8	81.4	39.5	73.7	91.0	89.8	76.2	10.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.1	-2.2	4.1	-1.7	-0.8	0.0	-0.1
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	53.8	73.2	50.9	65.3	74.4	79.4	71.0	11.0
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	54.1	73.5	46.4	64.9	75.6	80.0	71.6	11.6
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	55.1	75.1	48.0	68.6	77.6	80.1	74.0	12.1
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	55.1	75.0	45.1	67.6	77.4	80.7	73.8	12.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	55.4	75.3	43.8	69.3	77.6	80.6	74.2	13.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	55.3	75.2	40.9	70.5	77.4	80.2	74.6	13.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	55.4	75.2	43.0	69.5	78.6	79.7	75.0	13.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.2	-5.0	0.9	1.0	-0.4	1.0	1.4

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

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EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,446	2,070	356	12	*	1,718	728	114	119
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,468	2,094	356	12	*	1,750	718	110	115
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,524	2,135	372	10	*	1,771	752	123	121
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,133	374	10	*	1,764	761	133	123
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,130	392	11	10	1,773	769	137	120
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,141	384	12	*	1,783	762	144	116
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,551	2,146	383	13	*	1,794	757	142	117
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	12	11	2	*	22	5	19	-4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.5	3.0	21.0	*	1.3	0.7	15.7	-3.5
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,321	1,060	251	*	*	1,150	171	45	51
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,324	1,069	248	*	*	1,157	167	44	52
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,347	1,082	259	*	*	1,172	175	52	63
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,078	261	*	*	1,167	179	52	63
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,070	274	*	*	1,177	175	54	60
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,079	268	*	*	1,184	172	56	56
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,356	1,081	265	*	*	1,191	165	58	54
	<i>Change on year</i>	9	-1	6	*	*	19	-11	6	-9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	-0.1	2.4	*	*	1.7	-6.0	12.1	-14.2
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,125	1,009	105	*	*	568	557	69	68
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,143	1,026	108	*	*	593	550	66	63
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,177	1,053	113	*	*	600	576	71	58
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,055	113	*	*	596	582	81	60
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,059	118	*	*	595	594	83	61
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,062	116	*	*	599	590	89	61
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,195	1,065	118	*	*	603	592	84	63
	<i>Change on year</i>	18	12	5	*	*	3	16	13	5
	<i>Change %</i>	1.6	1.2	4.4	*	*	0.5	2.7	18.4	8.0

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	119	29	35	55	716	47	549	117
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	115	23	36	56	706	47	538	118
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	121	32	35	55	739	54	556	125
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	123	31	38	54	749	54	569	122
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	120	30	39	51	755	60	572	119
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	116	29	39	48	748	61	560	122
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	117	29	39	49	743	62	555	121
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	-2	4	-6	4	7	-1	-4
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.5	-6.9	11.0	-11.3	0.5	13.5	-0.2	-3.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2}

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYI			
All jobs	Dec 04	2,584	2,171	407	6
	Dec 05	2,597	2,196	397	4
	Dec 06	2,609	2,217	390	2
	Dec 07	2,663	2,228	433	2
	Mar 08	2,645	2,208	435	2
	Jun 08	2,665	2,227	436	2
	Sep 08	2,679	2,237	440	2
	Dec 08	2,653	2,210	441	2
	<i>Change on year</i>	-10	-18	8	0
<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-0.8	1.8	3.8	
		YXYP			
Male jobs	Dec 04	1,344	1,057	284	3
	Dec 05	1,351	1,073	276	2
	Dec 06	1,331	1,067	263	1
	Dec 07	1,391	1,096	294	1
	Mar 08	1,383	1,084	298	1
	Jun 08	1,392	1,096	296	1
	Sep 08	1,393	1,099	293	1
	Dec 08	1,370	1,078	291	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	-21	-18	-3	0
<i>Change %</i>	-1.5	-1.6	-1.1	6.6	
		YXZE			
Female jobs	Dec 04	1,240	1,114	123	3
	Dec 05	1,246	1,123	121	2
	Dec 06	1,278	1,149	127	1
	Dec 07	1,272	1,132	139	1
	Mar 08	1,262	1,124	137	1
	Jun 08	1,273	1,131	141	1
	Sep 08	1,286	1,138	147	1
	Dec 08	1,283	1,132	150	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	11	0	11	0
<i>Change %</i>	0.9	0.0	7.9	0.2	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark. Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Dec 05	2,190	2,196	24	14	250	99	1,094	715
	Dec 06	2,210	2,217	29	17	249	101	1,088	733
	Dec 07	2,222	2,228	25	18	252	111	1,102	721
	Mar 08	2,220	2,208	29	18	250	106	1,088	718
	Jun 08	2,223	2,227	32	18	248	111	1,098	720
	Sep 08	2,232	2,237	31	18	247	121	1,093	727
	Dec 08	2,206	2,210	27	18	243	110	1,081	732
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-26							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.2							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-16	-18	3	0	-9	-2	-21	11
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.8	10.6	-0.4	-3.5	-1.4	-1.9	1.5
Male jobs	Dec 05	1,070	1,073	18	11	190	85	555	213
	Dec 06	1,065	1,067	22	12	189	85	544	215
	Dec 07	1,093	1,096	18	13	193	95	566	211
	Mar 08	1,089	1,084	20	13	191	89	562	209
	Jun 08	1,094	1,096	24	13	190	93	566	210
	Sep 08	1,094	1,099	24	13	189	101	560	211
	Dec 08	1,077	1,078	21	13	185	92	554	212
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-17							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.6							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-16	-18	3	0	-8	-3	-11	1
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.5	-1.6	18.5	-0.7	-4.1	-3.0	-2.0	0.4
Female jobs	Dec 05	1,120	1,123	6	3	60	14	539	502
	Dec 06	1,146	1,149	7	5	61	15	544	517
	Dec 07	1,129	1,132	7	5	59	16	537	509
	Mar 08	1,131	1,124	8	5	59	16	526	509
	Jun 08	1,128	1,131	8	5	59	17	533	510
	Sep 08	1,137	1,138	7	5	58	19	533	515
	Dec 08	1,129	1,132	6	5	58	18	527	519
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-9							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8							
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	0	-1	0	-1	1	-10	10
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	0.0	-10.6	0.4	-1.8	8.2	-1.9	2.0

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹²	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹	Full-time ³	Part-time ³	Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	77	31.6	37.6	15.4	9.7
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	78	31.4	37.4	15.5	9.0
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	79	31.3	37.5	15.3	9.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	79	31.2	37.3	15.5	9.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	79	31.1	37.2	15.4	9.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	79	31.2	37.1	15.5	9.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	80	31.3	37.2	15.5	8.9
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0.0	-0.3	0.2	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>		1.0	-0.1	-0.8	1.0	-1.1
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	48	36.7	39.2	15.4	11.3
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	48	36.6	39.2	15.7	9.8
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	49	36.4	39.2	15.2	9.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	49	36.2	39.0	15.3	9.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	49	36.1	38.8	15.1	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	49	36.2	38.7	15.2	10.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	49	36.5	38.9	15.2	10.1
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.3
<i>Change %</i>		0.9	0.2	-0.8	0.2	3.3
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	29	25.6	34.3	15.5	8.6
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	29	25.5	33.9	15.4	8.4
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	30	25.4	34.1	15.4	8.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30	25.4	34.0	15.5	8.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30	25.3	33.9	15.5	8.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30	25.4	33.9	15.6	8.2
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30	25.3	33.8	15.5	8.1
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.1	-0.3	0.2	-0.4
<i>Change %</i>		1.3	-0.3	-0.9	1.2	-4.3

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Oct 06 - Sep 07									
Less than 6 Hours	2.1	1.2	3.1	1.5	0.9	2.1	4.7	2.5	9.7
6 up to 15 hours	8.5	4.3	13.4	8.4	4.1	12.9	8.4	5.0	16.4
16 up to 30 hours	19.4	8.2	32.2	19.4	6.8	32.4	19.5	14.3	31.5
31 up to 45 hours	49.7	56.3	42.1	52.3	60.3	44.0	35.7	39.3	27.3
Over 45 hours	20.3	30.0	9.1	18.4	28.0	8.6	31.7	39.0	15.1
Total (thousands)	2,524	1,347	1,177	2,135	1,082	1,053	372	259	113
Jul 07 - Jun 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	0.9	2.7	1.3	0.7	1.9	3.6	1.8	7.9
6 up to 15 hours	8.5	4.2	13.3	8.3	3.9	12.8	8.8	4.9	17.9
16 up to 30 hours	19.6	7.6	33.3	19.8	6.4	33.4	18.1	12.3	31.7
31 up to 45 hours	50.4	57.7	42.0	52.4	61.0	43.8	39.4	44.5	27.8
Over 45 hours	19.8	29.6	8.7	18.1	28.0	8.0	30.0	36.6	14.7
Total (thousands)	2,546	1,356	1,190	2,141	1,079	1,062	384	268	116
Oct 07 - Sep 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	0.9	2.8	1.5	0.8	2.2	3.0	1.6	6.2
6 up to 15 hours	8.4	4.0	13.4	8.2	3.8	12.7	9.1	4.9	18.6
16 up to 30 hours	19.6	7.6	33.1	19.8	6.6	33.1	18.2	11.4	33.4
31 up to 45 hours	50.5	58.0	41.9	52.5	61.0	43.9	40.0	46.0	26.5
Over 45 hours	19.8	29.4	8.8	18.1	27.9	8.2	29.7	36.1	15.3
Total (thousands)	2,551	1,356	1,195	2,146	1,081	1,065	383	265	118

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

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CLAIMANT COUNT

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

South West

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2008	DPBB	DPBM			BCKF	DPAQ
	April	37.8	1.4	13.1	12.2	40.7	1.5
	May	39.7	1.4	13.6	12.4	40.7	1.5
	June#	42.0	1.5	14.2	12.4	41.0	1.5
	July	44.9	1.6	15.4	12.8	43.6	1.6
	August#	48.6	1.8	16.4	13.4	48.0	1.7
	September	51.8	1.9	17.2	14.6	49.2	1.8
	October	55.4	2.0	18.4	14.3	52.2	1.9
	November#	62.0	2.3	19.9	14.1	59.5	2.2
	December	68.0	2.5	22.0	15.2	66.7	2.4
	2009						
	January	73.7	2.7	22.6	16.3	76.8	2.8
	February#	85.2	3.1	24.9	16.3	91.5	3.3
	March (r)	90.4	3.3	24.6	18.1	96.0	3.5
	April (p)	93.7	3.4	24.3	19.4	97.4	3.5
	<i>Change on month</i>	3.3	0.1	-0.3	1.3	1.3	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	3.7		-1.2	7.2	1.4	
	<i>Change on year</i>	55.9	2.0	11.2	7.2	56.7	2.1
	<i>Change %</i>	147.9		85.5	59.0	139.1	
Men	2008	ZMOW	ZMOX				
	April	27.0	1.8	9.1	8.4	29.4	2.0
	May	28.6	2.0	9.4	8.5	29.5	2.0
	June#	30.5	2.1	9.8	8.5	29.6	2.0
	July	32.8	2.2	10.8	8.7	31.4	2.1
	August#	35.5	2.4	11.5	9.1	34.4	2.3
	September	38.0	2.6	12.1	10.1	35.3	2.4
	October	40.7	2.8	13.0	9.8	37.8	2.6
	November#	45.7	3.1	14.2	9.9	43.7	3.0
	December	50.3	3.4	15.8	10.5	49.7	3.4
	2009						
	January	54.2	3.7	15.9	11.2	56.8	3.9
	February#	62.8	4.3	17.5	11.2	67.6	4.6
	March (r)	66.8	4.6	17.2	12.5	71.0	4.8
	April (p)	69.2	4.7	16.9	13.2	72.0	4.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	2.4	0.2	-0.3	0.7	1.0	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	3.6		-1.7	5.6	1.4	
	<i>Change on year</i>	42.2	2.9	7.8	4.8	42.6	2.9
	<i>Change %</i>	156.3		85.7	57.1	145.1	
Women	2008	ZMOY	ZMOZ				
	April	10.8	0.8	4.0	3.8	11.3	0.9
	May	11.1	0.9	4.2	3.9	11.2	0.9
	June#	11.5	0.9	4.4	3.9	11.3	0.9
	July	12.1	0.9	4.6	4.1	12.2	0.9
	August#	13.1	1.0	4.9	4.3	13.6	1.1
	September	13.8	1.1	5.1	4.5	14.0	1.1
	October	14.7	1.1	5.4	4.5	14.4	1.1
	November#	16.3	1.3	5.7	4.2	15.8	1.2
	December	17.7	1.4	6.2	4.7	17.0	1.3
	2009						
	January	19.5	1.5	6.7	5.1	20.0	1.6
	February#	22.4	1.7	7.4	5.1	24.0	1.9
	March (r)	23.6	1.8	7.4	5.6	25.0	1.9
	April (p)	24.5	1.9	7.4	6.2	25.4	2.0
	<i>Change on month</i>	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	3.8		0.0	10.7	1.3	
	<i>Change on year</i>	13.7	1.1	3.4	2.4	14.0	1.1
	<i>Change %</i>	126.9		85.0	63.2	123.7	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

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NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month. Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1												2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
People													
2007													
April#	46.5	46.3	33.1	7.4	5.9	12.6	1.5	13.8	11.5	1.9	0.4	2.8	0.1
2008													
April	40.7	40.6	31.8	5.2	3.6	9.0	1.1	12.2	10.8	1.2	0.3	2.0	0.1
May	40.7	40.6	31.7	5.3	3.6	8.8	1.0	12.0	10.5	1.2	0.3	2.1	0.1
June#	41.0	40.7	31.8	5.4	3.5	8.6	1.0	11.9	10.5	1.2	0.3	2.1	0.1
July	43.6	43.5	34.5	5.6	3.4	7.9	1.0	13.4	11.9	1.3	0.2	1.9	0.1
August#	48.0	47.9	38.4	6.1	3.4	7.2	1.0	15.3	13.7	1.4	0.3	1.7	0.1
September	49.2	49.1	39.5	6.2	3.4	6.9	1.0	15.6	14.0	1.4	0.2	1.6	0.1
October	52.2	52.1	42.3	6.3	3.4	6.5	1.0	16.3	14.7	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.1
November#	59.5	59.4	49.1	6.7	3.5	5.9	0.9	18.2	16.6	1.4	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	66.7	66.6	55.6	7.4	3.6	5.3	0.9	20.2	18.5	1.5	0.2	1.2	0.1
2009													
January	76.8	76.7	64.3	8.6	3.8	5.0	0.9	22.7	20.5	1.9	0.3	1.2	0.1
February#	91.5	91.4	77.2	10.0	4.1	4.5	0.9	28.2	25.6	2.3	0.3	0.9	0.1
March	96.0	95.8	79.7	11.8	4.4	4.6	0.9	29.5	26.4	2.9	0.3	1.0	0.1
April	97.4	97.2	78.7	13.8	4.7	4.8	0.9	29.1	25.4	3.4	0.3	1.0	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	56.7	56.6	46.9	8.6	1.1	-4.1	-0.2	16.9	14.6	2.2	0.1	-1.0	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	139.1	139.5	147.7	167.0	29.3		-17.5	138.2	135.4	187.8	20.0		-15.8
Men													
2007													
April#	33.6	33.5	23.3	5.5	4.6	13.7	1.2	9.5	7.9	1.3	0.3	2.8	0.0
2008													
April	29.4	29.3	22.6	3.9	2.8	9.6	0.8	8.3	7.4	0.8	0.2	1.9	0.1
May	29.5	29.4	22.6	4.0	2.8	9.4	0.8	8.2	7.2	0.8	0.2	1.9	0.1
June#	29.6	29.5	22.6	4.2	2.7	9.2	0.8	8.1	7.1	0.9	0.2	2.0	0.1
July	31.4	31.3	24.4	4.3	2.7	8.5	0.8	9.0	8.0	0.9	0.2	1.9	0.1
August#	34.4	34.3	27.0	4.7	2.7	7.8	0.7	10.3	9.1	1.0	0.2	1.8	0.1
September	35.3	35.2	27.8	4.8	2.7	7.6	0.7	10.5	9.3	1.0	0.2	1.7	0.1
October	37.8	37.8	30.2	4.9	2.6	7.0	0.7	11.1	10.0	1.0	0.2	1.4	0.0
November#	43.7	43.6	35.6	5.2	2.8	6.3	0.7	12.7	11.5	1.0	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	49.7	49.6	41.1	5.7	2.8	5.7	0.7	14.4	13.1	1.1	0.2	1.2	0.1
2009													
January	56.8	56.7	47.1	6.7	3.0	5.3	0.7	16.0	14.4	1.4	0.2	1.2	0.1
February#	67.6	67.5	56.4	7.8	3.3	4.9	0.7	19.8	17.9	1.6	0.2	1.0	0.1
March	71.0	70.9	58.3	9.1	3.5	5.0	0.7	20.8	18.5	2.1	0.2	1.0	0.1
April	72.0	71.9	57.4	10.7	3.8	5.2	0.7	20.6	17.9	2.5	0.2	1.0	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	42.6	42.6	34.9	6.8	0.9	-4.4	-0.2	12.3	10.5	1.7	0.1	-0.9	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	145.1	145.4	154.3	174.8	33.1		-18.3	147.8	143.5	212.0	32.1		-10.3
Women													
2007													
April#	12.9	12.9	9.7	1.9	1.3	9.8	0.3	4.3	3.6	0.6	0.1	2.9	0.0
2008													
April	11.3	11.3	9.2	1.3	0.8	7.2	0.3	3.9	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.3	0.0
May	11.2	11.2	9.1	1.3	0.8	7.2	0.3	3.8	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.4	0.0
June#	11.3	11.2	9.2	1.3	0.8	6.9	0.3	3.8	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.0
July	12.2	12.1	10.1	1.3	0.8	6.3	0.3	4.4	3.9	0.4	0.1	1.8	0.0
August#	13.6	13.6	11.4	1.4	0.8	5.5	0.3	5.0	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
September	14.0	13.9	11.7	1.4	0.7	5.3	0.3	5.1	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
October	14.4	14.3	12.1	1.4	0.7	5.2	0.3	5.2	4.7	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
November#	15.8	15.7	13.5	1.5	0.8	4.8	0.2	5.6	5.1	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
December	17.0	17.0	14.6	1.7	0.8	4.4	0.2	5.9	5.3	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
2009													
January	20.0	19.9	17.2	1.9	0.8	4.0	0.2	6.7	6.1	0.5	0.1	1.2	0.0
February#	24.0	23.9	20.8	2.2	0.9	3.6	0.2	8.4	7.7	0.6	0.1	0.9	0.0
March	25.0	25.0	21.4	2.7	0.9	3.5	0.2	8.7	7.8	0.8	0.1	0.9	0.0
April	25.4	25.3	21.2	3.1	0.9	3.7	0.2	8.5	7.5	0.9	0.1	1.0	0.0
<i>Change on year</i>	14.0	14.0	12.1	1.8	0.1	-3.5	0.0	4.6	4.0	0.5	0.0	-1.2	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	123.7	124.3	131.3	143.2	15.7		-14.9	117.6	118.2	138.9	-2.3		-24.3

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2007												
April#	23.5	15.9	4.1	3.5	14.8	0.6	8.4	5.0	1.4	2.0	23.7	0.9
2008												
April	20.8	15.6	3.0	2.2	10.7	0.5	7.1	5.0	0.9	1.2	16.4	0.5
May	21.0	15.7	3.1	2.2	10.4	0.5	7.1	5.0	1.0	1.1	15.8	0.5
June#	21.2	15.9	3.2	2.2	10.2	0.5	7.1	5.1	0.9	1.1	15.1	0.5
July	22.2	16.8	3.3	2.1	9.6	0.5	7.4	5.4	1.0	1.0	14.0	0.4
August#	24.2	18.5	3.6	2.2	9.0	0.5	8.0	5.9	1.1	1.0	12.5	0.4
September	25.0	19.2	3.7	2.2	8.7	0.5	8.2	6.1	1.1	1.0	12.0	0.4
October	26.6	20.7	3.7	2.2	8.2	0.5	8.8	6.6	1.3	1.0	10.9	0.4
November#	30.6	24.3	3.9	2.3	7.5	0.5	10.2	7.8	1.4	1.0	9.6	0.4
December	34.4	27.8	4.3	2.3	6.7	0.5	11.4	8.9	1.5	1.0	8.7	0.4
2009												
January	40.1	32.7	4.9	2.5	6.2	0.5	13.4	10.6	1.7	1.1	7.9	0.4
February#	47.0	38.6	5.7	2.7	5.8	0.5	15.6	12.5	2.0	1.1	7.3	0.4
March	49.3	39.7	6.7	2.9	5.9	0.5	16.4	13.0	2.2	1.2	7.5	0.3
April	50.6	39.7	7.8	3.1	6.1	0.5	16.9	13.0	2.6	1.3	7.8	0.3
Change on year	29.8	24.2	4.8	0.8	-4.6	0.0	9.8	8.0	1.6	0.2	-8.5	-0.2
Change %	143.0	155.2	157.9	37.7		1.1	139.2	161.7	173.6	14.6		-34.2
Men												
2007												
April#	17.9	11.9	3.2	2.8	15.7	0.5	5.8	3.3	1.0	1.5	26.3	0.7
2008												
April	15.9	11.7	2.4	1.8	11.3	0.4	4.9	3.3	0.7	0.9	17.9	0.4
May	16.0	11.8	2.5	1.8	10.9	0.4	4.9	3.4	0.7	0.8	17.2	0.4
June#	16.3	12.0	2.6	1.7	10.6	0.4	4.9	3.4	0.7	0.8	16.7	0.4
July	17.0	12.6	2.7	1.7	10.1	0.4	5.1	3.6	0.7	0.8	15.1	0.3
August#	18.4	13.8	2.9	1.8	9.5	0.4	5.5	3.9	0.8	0.7	13.7	0.3
September	19.0	14.3	3.0	1.7	9.1	0.4	5.6	4.0	0.8	0.7	13.3	0.3
October	20.4	15.6	3.0	1.8	8.6	0.4	6.1	4.4	0.9	0.7	12.0	0.3
November#	23.6	18.6	3.2	1.8	7.8	0.4	7.1	5.4	1.0	0.7	10.5	0.3
December	26.9	21.5	3.5	1.9	7.0	0.3	8.1	6.2	1.1	0.8	9.4	0.3
2009												
January	31.0	25.0	4.0	2.0	6.5	0.3	9.5	7.4	1.3	0.8	8.5	0.3
February#	36.3	29.4	4.7	2.2	6.1	0.4	11.1	8.7	1.5	0.9	7.9	0.3
March	38.0	30.2	5.4	2.4	6.2	0.4	11.7	9.2	1.6	1.0	8.2	0.3
April	38.9	30.0	6.3	2.5	6.5	0.4	12.1	9.2	1.9	1.0	8.4	0.3
Change on year	23.0	18.3	4.0	0.7	-4.8	0.0	7.2	5.9	1.2	0.1	-9.4	-0.1
Change %	145.1	156.8	165.7	41.2		-1.4	147.2	177.5	166.6	16.6		-35.0
Women												
2007												
April#	5.6	4.0	0.9	0.7	12.0	0.1	2.6	1.8	0.4	0.5	17.9	0.2
2008												
April	4.9	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.8	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	13.0	0.1
May	4.9	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.7	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	12.8	0.1
June#	5.0	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.7	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	11.6	0.1
July	5.2	4.2	0.6	0.4	8.1	0.1	2.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	11.5	0.1
August#	5.8	4.7	0.7	0.4	7.4	0.1	2.5	2.0	0.3	0.3	10.0	0.1
September	6.0	4.9	0.7	0.4	7.2	0.1	2.6	2.1	0.3	0.2	9.2	0.1
October	6.2	5.1	0.7	0.4	7.1	0.1	2.7	2.1	0.3	0.2	8.5	0.1
November#	6.9	5.8	0.7	0.4	6.4	0.1	3.1	2.5	0.4	0.2	7.6	0.1
December	7.5	6.3	0.8	0.4	5.9	0.1	3.3	2.7	0.4	0.2	6.9	0.1
2009												
January	9.1	7.7	0.9	0.5	5.2	0.1	3.9	3.2	0.5	0.2	6.3	0.1
February#	10.7	9.1	1.1	0.5	4.8	0.1	4.5	3.7	0.5	0.3	5.8	0.1
March	11.3	9.5	1.3	0.5	4.6	0.1	4.7	3.8	0.6	0.3	5.9	0.1
April	11.7	9.7	1.4	0.5	4.6	0.1	4.8	3.8	0.7	0.3	6.4	0.1
Change on year	6.7	5.8	0.8	0.1	-4.2	0.0	2.7	2.2	0.5	0.0	-6.6	0.0
Change %	136.3	150.2	128.5	23.6		10.3	121.2	129.9	193.5	8.4		-31.5

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged						50 - 64 (m)	65+ (m)
		16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,533	2,415	73	312	484	936	611	117
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,567	2,448	67	317	491	949	624	120
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,624	2,496	73	332	501	955	634	128
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,629	2,496	72	338	498	956	633	133
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,643	2,504	71	339	497	958	639	139
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,646	2,507	68	345	497	957	640	139
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,654	2,514	66	348	501	954	644	141
	<i>Change on year</i>	30	18	-7	16	0	-2	10	12
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.7	-9.2	4.7	0.0	-0.2	1.6	9.7
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,372	1,327	36	174	264	492	361	45
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,380	1,338	32	172	268	494	371	42
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,402	1,358	35	177	272	495	379	44
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,404	1,359	35	184	268	492	379	46
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,411	1,364	36	183	268	494	383	47
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,411	1,365	35	184	269	494	383	46
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,414	1,369	35	187	269	493	385	45
	<i>Change on year</i>	12	11	0	9	-3	-3	6	1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	0.8	0.9	5.3	-0.9	-0.5	1.6	2.5
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,161	1,088	37	138	220	443	250	72
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,187	1,110	34	145	222	455	253	78
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,222	1,138	38	155	229	460	255	84
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,224	1,137	36	154	229	464	254	87
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,232	1,140	35	156	229	464	256	92
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,235	1,142	33	161	228	463	257	93
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,240	1,145	31	161	232	461	259	96
	<i>Change on year</i>	18	7	-7	6	3	1	4	11
	<i>Change %</i>	1.5	0.6	-18.3	4.0	1.2	0.2	1.5	13.4
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	62.5	80.4	55.8	76.0	84.7	87.4	74.5	11.2
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	62.6	80.7	50.3	74.8	86.2	87.7	75.6	11.2
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	63.3	81.7	54.6	76.0	88.1	87.6	76.7	11.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	63.3	81.5	53.5	76.7	87.5	87.4	76.7	12.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	63.4	81.7	52.9	76.5	87.2	87.6	77.3	12.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	63.3	81.6	51.4	77.3	86.9	87.5	77.5	12.5
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	63.4	81.7	50.1	77.4	87.5	87.2	78.0	12.6
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.1	-4.6	1.4	-0.6	-0.4	1.2	0.8
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	69.9	84.8	54.1	81.3	93.1	93.7	76.0	11.3
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	69.5	84.6	47.4	78.4	94.4	93.3	77.2	10.5
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	69.8	84.9	50.4	78.4	95.3	93.0	78.0	10.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	69.7	84.8	51.2	80.9	94.0	92.2	77.8	11.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.9	85.0	51.7	79.9	93.7	92.6	78.5	11.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.7	84.8	51.8	79.9	93.5	92.5	78.4	11.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	69.6	85.0	51.4	80.5	93.5	92.3	78.7	10.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	0.0	1.1	2.1	-1.8	-0.7	0.7	0.0
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	55.4	75.6	57.5	70.2	76.4	81.3	72.3	11.1
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	56.2	76.5	53.3	70.9	78.0	82.3	73.4	11.7
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	57.2	78.1	59.2	73.4	80.9	82.4	75.0	12.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57.2	77.9	56.0	72.2	81.0	82.9	75.0	12.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	57.4	78.0	54.2	72.8	80.6	82.8	75.7	13.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57.4	78.1	50.9	74.5	80.3	82.7	76.1	13.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	57.5	78.2	48.6	74.0	81.5	82.3	77.0	13.8
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.3	0.1	-10.6	0.6	0.6	-0.2	2.0	1.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over					50 - 64 (m)		65+ (m)
		16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Economically inactive									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,523	589	58	99	88	135	209	934
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,531	585	66	107	78	133	201	946
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,519	561	61	105	67	135	192	959
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,526	566	62	103	71	137	193	960
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,524	563	63	104	73	135	187	961
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,532	564	65	102	75	137	186	968
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,535	561	66	102	71	140	182	973
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	1	5	-3	4	5	-10	14
<i>Change %</i>	1.0	0.2	9.1	-3.1	5.8	3.7	-5.3	1.5	
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	590	238	31	40	20	33	114	353
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	605	244	36	47	16	36	110	361
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	606	241	34	49	13	37	107	365
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	609	244	34	43	17	42	108	365
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	609	242	33	46	18	39	105	367
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	614	244	33	46	19	40	106	371
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	617	242	33	45	19	41	104	375
	<i>Change on year</i>	11	2	-1	-4	5	4	-3	10
<i>Change %</i>	1.8	0.6	-3.4	-7.5	39.3	9.8	-2.4	2.6	
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	933	351	27	59	68	102	96	581
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	926	341	30	59	63	97	92	585
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	913	320	26	56	54	98	85	594
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	917	322	28	59	54	96	85	595
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	915	321	30	58	55	96	82	594
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	918	320	32	55	56	97	81	598
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	917	319	33	57	53	99	78	598
	<i>Change on year</i>	4	-1	7	0	-1	1	-8	5
<i>Change %</i>	0.4	-0.2	25.2	0.7	-2.5	1.3	-9.0	0.8	
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	37.5	19.6	44.2	24.0	15.3	12.6	25.5	88.8
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	37.4	19.3	49.7	25.2	13.8	12.3	24.4	88.8
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	36.7	18.3	45.4	24.0	11.9	12.4	23.3	88.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	36.7	18.5	46.5	23.3	12.5	12.6	23.3	87.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	36.6	18.3	47.1	23.5	12.8	12.4	22.7	87.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	36.7	18.4	48.6	22.7	13.1	12.5	22.5	87.5
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	36.6	18.3	49.9	22.6	12.5	12.8	22.0	87.4
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	-0.1	4.6	-1.4	0.6	0.4	-1.2	-0.8
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	30.1	15.2	45.9	18.7	6.9	6.3	24.0	88.7
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	30.5	15.4	52.6	21.6	5.6	6.7	22.8	89.5
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	30.2	15.1	49.6	21.6	4.7	7.0	22.0	89.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30.3	15.2	48.8	19.1	6.0	7.8	22.2	88.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30.1	15.0	48.3	20.1	6.3	7.4	21.5	88.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30.3	15.2	48.2	20.1	6.5	7.5	21.6	88.9
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	30.4	15.0	48.6	19.5	6.5	7.7	21.3	89.3
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.0	-1.1	-2.1	1.8	0.7	-0.7	0.0
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	44.6	24.4	42.5	29.8	23.6	18.7	27.7	88.9
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	43.8	23.5	46.7	29.1	22.0	17.7	26.6	88.3
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	42.8	21.9	40.8	26.6	19.1	17.6	25.0	87.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	42.8	22.1	44.0	27.8	19.0	17.1	25.0	87.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	42.6	22.0	45.8	27.2	19.4	17.2	24.3	86.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	42.6	21.9	49.1	25.5	19.7	17.3	23.9	86.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	42.5	21.8	51.4	26.0	18.5	17.7	23.0	86.2
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.3	-0.1	10.6	-0.6	-0.6	0.2	-2.0	-1.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic inactivity by reason								
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	589	128	170	10	137	*	73	68	439	149
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	585	146	154	12	143	*	58	71	435	150
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	561	133	147	14	144	*	54	68	412	149
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	566	132	148	16	147	*	56	65	412	154
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	563	134	148	15	145	*	55	64	406	157
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	564	137	150	14	142	*	54	66	405	159
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	561	136	150	14	145	*	55	59	408	154
<i>Change on year</i>		1	4	3	0	2	*	1	-9	-4	5
<i>Change %</i>		0.2	2.6	2.2	3.6	1.1	*	2.0	-13.9	-1.0	3.4
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	238	61	16	*	76	*	50	29	174	64
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	244	77	13	*	78	*	42	28	182	62
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	241	70	14	*	83	*	38	28	172	69
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	244	67	12	*	89	*	40	27	172	72
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	242	70	12	*	85	*	40	26	172	70
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	244	72	12	*	86	*	40	27	172	72
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	242	71	13	*	87	*	41	24	174	69
<i>Change on year</i>		2	0	0	*	4	*	3	-5	2	-1
<i>Change %</i>		0.6	0.6	-3.4	*	5.1	*	7.0	-16.8	1.2	-0.8
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	351	67	154	*	61	*	23	39	266	85
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	341	69	141	*	65	*	16	44	253	88
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	320	62	133	*	61	*	16	40	240	80
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	322	65	136	*	58	*	16	38	239	82
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	321	64	136	*	59	*	15	38	234	87
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	320	65	138	*	56	*	14	39	233	87
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	319	65	137	*	58	*	14	35	234	85
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	3	4	*	-3	*	-2	-5	-6	6
<i>Change %</i>		-0.2	4.9	2.8	*	-4.3	*	-9.9	-11.8	-2.6	7.0
		Percentage of economically inactive (%)									
People	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	21.7	28.9	1.7	23.3	*	12.4	11.5	74.6	25.4
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	100.0	24.9	26.3	2.0	24.4	*	9.9	12.2	74.3	25.7
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	23.6	26.2	2.4	25.6	*	9.6	12.2	73.5	26.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	23.3	26.2	2.8	26.0	*	9.9	11.4	72.8	27.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	23.9	26.3	2.6	25.7	*	9.7	11.4	72.1	27.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	24.2	26.6	2.5	25.2	*	9.5	11.7	71.9	28.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	24.2	26.7	2.5	25.9	*	9.8	10.5	72.6	27.4
Men	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	25.5	6.7	*	32.1	*	21.0	12.1	73.1	26.9
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	100.0	31.4	5.3	*	32.0	*	17.3	11.3	74.7	25.3
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	29.2	5.7	*	34.4	*	15.8	11.8	71.3	28.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	27.6	4.9	*	36.4	*	16.5	11.0	70.7	29.3
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	29.1	5.0	*	35.3	*	16.4	10.8	71.2	28.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	29.3	4.8	*	35.3	*	16.2	11.1	70.6	29.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	29.2	5.5	*	35.9	*	16.8	9.8	71.7	28.3
Women	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	19.1	44.0	*	17.3	*	6.6	11.1	75.7	24.3
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	100.0	20.3	41.3	*	18.9	*	4.6	12.8	74.1	25.9
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	19.5	41.6	*	19.0	*	5.0	12.5	75.1	24.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	20.1	42.4	*	18.1	*	5.0	11.8	74.4	25.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	19.9	42.3	*	18.5	*	4.7	11.8	72.8	27.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	20.3	43.1	*	17.5	*	4.3	12.1	72.9	27.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	20.5	42.8	*	18.2	*	4.5	11.1	73.3	26.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008							2006		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,350	74.4	1,643	5.3	8,048	21.3	845,136	2.2	33,580	0.89	
Regional total	3,112	2,551	78.5	103	3.9	561	18.3	41,814	1.3	2,813	0.90	
Bath and North East Somerset UA	113	91	77.6	4	3.7	21	18.9	1,021	0.9	109	0.97	
Bournemouth UA	101	77	74.7	4	4.9	20	20.8	1,679	1.7	98	0.97	
Bristol, City of UA	283	214	73.9	11	4.7	65	23.1	5,264	1.9	289	1.02	
North Somerset UA	121	104	82.6	4	3.3	18	14.9	1,236	1.0	100	0.83	
Plymouth UA	160	121	74.0	7	5.5	34	21.7	3,420	2.1	137	0.86	
Poole UA	81	66	79.3	2	3.4	15	18.4	885	1.1	88	1.09	
South Gloucestershire UA	159	138	83.2	4	3.1	22	14.0	1,302	0.8	163	1.03	
Swindon UA	121	100	81.2	5	4.3	18	15.2	2,122	1.8	131	1.09	
Torbay UA	76	59	74.7	3	5.5	15	19.8	1,776	2.3	69	0.91	
Cornwall UA and the Isles of Scilly	311	245	74.1			68	21.8	5,264	1.9	260	0.84	
Caradon	49	40	77.2	2	4.0	9	17.4	590	1.2	35	0.72	
Carrick	54	46	75.9	2	3.8	11	20.5	837	1.5	59	1.10	
Kerrier	58	42	68.9	2	4.5	15	25.7	877	1.5	44	0.75	
North Cornwall	49	43	81.6	2	3.4	7	15.0	605	1.2	41	0.83	
Penwith	37	31	72.2	1	4.2	9	24.2	717	1.9	32	0.85	
Restormel	61	44	70.1	2	4.8	16	26.8	1,031	1.7	47	0.78	
Isles of Scilly	1	#	#	#	#	#	#	5	0.4	1	1.16	
Devon	439	363	79.1			77	17.9	4,967	1.1	374	0.86	
East Devon	70	64	84.2	2	2.9	9	13.5	611	0.9	61	0.87	
Exeter	83	62	75.7	3	4.8	16	20.5	1,061	1.3	93	1.12	
Mid Devon	44	37	80.8	1	3.6	7	15.4	486	1.1	30	0.68	
North Devon	53	43	75.9	2	4.1	12	22.0	729	1.4	50	0.93	
South Hams	48	40	78.8	1	3.3	9	19.7	452	0.9	46	0.94	
Teignbridge	72	64	84.1	2	3.2	10	13.9	704	1.0	50	0.69	
Torridge	37	27	67.5	1	5.0	10	25.8	649	1.7	21	0.57	
West Devon	30	26	83.0	1	2.9	4	14.6	276	0.9	24	0.80	
Dorset	223	185	77.9			42	19.4	1,925	0.9	190	0.86	
Christchurch	23	17	68.3	1	4.4	6	24.3	227	1.0	21	0.93	
East Dorset	45	38	78.6	1	3.0	9	19.3	304	0.7	40	0.88	
North Dorset	38	31	80.5	1	2.7	6	17.5	245	0.6	32	0.83	
Purbeck	26	23	85.1	1	2.5	3	10.2	184	0.7	21	0.80	
West Dorset	52	45	78.3	1	2.8	10	19.7	371	0.7	54	1.04	
Weymouth and Portland	39	30	74.7	1	4.1	9	24.0	594	1.5	22	0.58	
Gloucestershire	352	306	82.3			52	14.9	5,382	1.5	308	0.88	
Cheltenham	70	58	80.0	3	4.9	10	14.7	1,367	1.9	61	0.88	
Cotswold	49	45	82.9	1	2.6	8	16.2	384	0.8	45	0.93	
Forest of Dean	49	40	75.9	2	4.3	11	22.4	776	1.6	32	0.66	
Gloucester	71	60	82.7	3	4.8	10	14.1	1,524	2.1	71	1.00	
Stroud	66	61	86.8	2	3.1	7	11.3	727	1.1	56	0.85	
Tewkesbury	47	43	84.6	1	3.3	6	12.7	604	1.3	42	0.89	
Somerset	303	258	80.6			51	16.8	3,458	1.1	259	0.86	
Mendip	65	57	81.2	2	3.5	11	17.4	746	1.2	50	0.78	
Sedgemoor	66	53	77.6	2	4.2	11	16.9	943	1.4	48	0.74	
South Somerset	91	80	83.1	3	3.1	13	14.6	796	0.9	84	0.93	
Taunton Deane	64	55	82.9	2	3.4	10	15.8	716	1.1	63	0.99	
West Somerset	19	13	68.6	1	4.7	5	29.6	257	1.4	14	0.72	

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008							2006		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Wiltshire	270	225	80.1			43	16.3	2,718	1.0	238	0.88	
Kennet	47	39	80.0	1	2.9	7	16.0	359	0.8	40	0.84	
North Wiltshire	81	66	79.5	2	3.3	13	15.9	769	1.0	65	0.81	
Salisbury	68	61	84.5	2	2.7	9	13.1	540	0.8	71	1.04	
West Wiltshire	74	60	76.8	3	4.5	15	19.7	1,051	1.4	62	0.84	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008							2006	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷	
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵	Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,350	74.4	1,643	5.3	8,048	21.3	845,136	2.2	33,580	0.89
Regional total	3,112	2,551	78.5	103	3.9	561	18.3	41,814	1.3	2,813	0.90
Bath	64	49	75.6	1	3.0	14	22.1	674	1.1	70	1.09
Bournemouth East	49	38	76.5	2	5.2	9	19.1	832	1.7	36	0.73
Bournemouth West	50	39	73.1	2	5.4	11	22.5	847	1.7	59	1.17
Bridgwater	58	48	74.0	4	7.2	12	19.9	919	1.6	43	0.75
Bristol East	67	59	74.6	3	5.2	16	21.2	1,694	2.5	74	1.09
Bristol North West	71	58	74.1	3	5.0	17	21.9	1,139	1.6	75	1.05
Bristol South	64	57	76.0	1	1.9	16	22.5	1,273	2.0	46	0.72
Bristol West	91	62	74.5	2	3.7	18	22.5	1,139	1.3	109	1.20
Cheltenham	59	47	79.3	3	5.9	9	15.6	1,258	2.1	52	0.88
Christchurch	45	38	71.7	3	7.0	11	22.9	395	0.9	42	0.93
Cotswold	53	47	83.0	#	#	8	16.2	410	0.8	47	0.88
Devizes	70	58	78.4	3	4.9	12	17.3	672	1.0	55	0.79
East Devon	48	42	83.8	1	2.9	6	13.4	436	0.9	41	0.86
Exeter	81	62	75.7	3	4.7	16	20.5	1,061	1.3	91	1.13
Falmouth & Camborne	59	44	66.9	3	7.3	17	27.9	1,048	1.8	46	0.79
Forest of Dean	52	41	75.2	#	#	12	23.1	797	1.5	34	0.67
Gloucester	70	60	82.7	3	4.1	10	14.1	1,524	2.2	71	1.01
Kingswood	68	55	82.5	2	3.2	9	14.8	844	1.2	48	0.70
Mid Dorset & North Poole	51	43	81.1	2	4.5	8	14.9	397	0.8	36	0.71
North Cornwall	68	52	75.3	2	3.6	14	21.8	1,024	1.5	56	0.82
North Devon	56	47	75.0	1	2.9	13	22.5	750	1.3	49	0.88
North Dorset	55	44	81.6	1	2.1	9	17.0	350	0.6	49	0.88
North Swindon	61	54	84.6	2	3.0	8	12.7	892	1.5	60	0.98
North Wiltshire	65	51	79.3	3	6.2	9	15.2	592	0.9	58	0.89
Northavon	65	52	83.2	1	1.9	9	15.1	419	0.6	85	1.31
Plymouth, Devonport	61	43	72.4	3	5.6	14	23.7	1,381	2.3	55	0.90
Plymouth, Sutton	65	47	70.3	3	5.6	17	25.5	1,737	2.7	63	0.96
Poole	48	40	79.9	1	2.0	9	18.4	615	1.3	63	1.31
Salisbury	65	57	84.7	1	2.1	8	13.3	516	0.8	67	1.03
Somerton & Frome	60	55	83.5	1	1.6	9	15.4	552	0.9	44	0.73
South Dorset	54	43	76.2	1	2.0	12	22.2	701	1.3	36	0.68
South East Cornwall	61	50	78.2	3	5.5	11	17.4	729	1.2	42	0.68
South Swindon	61	50	78.0	3	5.3	11	17.8	1,254	2.0	66	1.08
South West Devon	55	49	82.1	2	4.2	8	14.1	469	0.9	46	0.83
St Ives	57	46	72.7	2	4.6	14	23.5	947	1.7	44	0.76
Stroud	61	57	87.1	1	2.1	7	10.9	701	1.1	52	0.85
Taunton	66	56	82.6	#	#	10	16.1	730	1.1	64	0.97
Teignbridge	64	58	83.8	1	2.4	9	14.0	640	1.0	44	0.69
Tewkesbury	54	52	85.3	2	3.7	6	11.2	693	1.3	49	0.90
Tiverton & Honiton	63	55	83.6	2	3.0	9	13.7	639	1.0	54	0.85
Torbay	57	44	75.6	3	5.5	11	19.8	1,414	2.5	54	0.94
Torrige & West Devon	64	53	74.1	3	5.7	14	21.1	911	1.4	46	0.72
Totnes	53	43	77.1	2	4.2	10	19.3	724	1.4	45	0.84
Truro & St Austell	63	53	77.0	3	4.9	12	18.7	914	1.4	66	1.04
Wansdyke	56	51	80.8	3	5.3	9	14.4	405	0.7	39	0.70
Wells	60	48	82.1	1	1.6	9	17.0	644	1.1	48	0.81
West Dorset	50	44	79.1	1	1.8	9	19.2	351	0.7	54	1.08

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008							2006	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷	
	Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵			Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Westbury	65	55	78.0	2	3.9	13	19.1	913	1.4	55	0.84
Weston-Super-Mare	62	53	81.3	2	3.7	10	15.5	927	1.5	49	0.80
Woodspring	57	51	83.8	1	2.6	8	14.4	309	0.5	48	0.84
Yeovil	59	51	80.8	2	3.9	9	15.7	612	1.0	60	1.02

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population ¹	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand ⁷			
		Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,350	74.4	1,643	5.3	8,048	21.3	845,136	2.2	33,580	0.89
Regional total	3,112	2,551	78.5	103	3.9	561	18.3	41,814	1.3	2,813	0.90
Barnstaple	51	42	76.1	1	2.5	11	21.8	708	1.4	..	..
Bath	127	110	78.3	4	3.7	25	18.7	1,303	1.0	..	..
Bideford	30	23	70.2	2	7.2	8	24.1	579	1.9	..	..
Bournemouth	178	140	74.3	8	5.7	37	21.0	2,354	1.3	..	..
Bridgwater	56	47	77.1	3	6.6	10	17.2	883	1.6	..	..
Bridport & Lyme Regis	16	14	78.9	#	#	3	18.6	134	0.8	..	..
Bristol	588	486	78.7	17	3.4	110	18.5	8,080	1.4	..	..
Bude & Holsworthy	17	14	73.9	1	8.0	3	18.1	235	1.4	..	..
Cheltenham & Evesham	146	127	82.2	5	3.5	21	14.6	2,318	1.6	..	..
Dorchester & Weymouth	69	56	76.0	1	1.8	15	22.4	814	1.2	..	..
Exeter & Newton Abbot	203	166	80.0	5	3.0	34	17.4	2,210	1.1	..	..
Falmouth & Helston	40	30	67.9	2	7.4	11	26.2	652	1.6	..	..
Gloucester	108	92	83.0	3	3.2	15	14.4	1,913	1.8	..	..
Honiton & Axminster	28	30	85.2	1	4.1	4	10.8	251	0.9	..	..
Kingsbridge & Dartmouth	15	16	86.3	#	#	2	13.7	136	0.9	..	..
Launceston	14	14	94.0	#	#	#	6.0	159	1.2	..	..
Minehead	16	11	65.2	#	#	5	32.7	238	1.5	..	..
Okehampton	13	14	87.5	#	#	1	10.3	130	1.0	..	..
Paignton & Totnes	50	40	73.8	2	5.7	11	21.5	938	1.9	..	..
Penzance & Isles of Scilly	38	30	71.7	1	4.4	9	24.6	704	1.9	..	..
Plymouth	228	174	74.9	9	5.2	47	21.0	4,078	1.8	..	..
Poole	112	94	80.9	3	3.1	18	16.6	1,076	1.0	..	..
Salisbury	81	72	85.0	2	2.0	10	13.1	626	0.8	..	..
Shaftesbury & Blandford Forum	43	35	79.8	1	2.9	7	17.6	274	0.6	..	..
St Austell	91	69	72.7	4	5.0	22	23.7	1,453	1.6	..	..
Swindon	290	242	81.8	9	3.6	43	15.0	3,716	1.3	..	..
Taunton	70	62	83.8	#	#	11	15.1	752	1.1	..	..
Tiverton	29	25	82.0	1	5.1	4	13.2	350	1.2	..	..
Torquay	43	33	76.4	2	5.9	8	18.7	1,043	2.4	..	..
Trowbridge & Warminster	93	76	77.0	5	5.7	17	18.3	1,294	1.4	..	..
Truro, Redruth & Camborne	71	56	74.5	3	5.0	15	21.7	1,063	1.5	..	..
Wadebridge	15	8	65.8	#	#	4	28.4	123	0.8	..	..
Wells & Shepton Mallet	47	37	82.5	1	3.0	6	15.4	461	1.0	..	..
Yeovil & Chard	98	87	82.3	3	2.8	15	15.3	833	0.9	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
 - less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ^f		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,350	74.4	1,643	5.3	8,048	21.3	845,136	2.2	33,580	0.89
Regional total	3,112	2,551	78.5	103	3.9	561	18.3	41,814	1.3	2,813	0.90
Gloucester, Wiltshire and North Somerset											
Bristol, City of	283	214	73.9	8	3.9	65	23.1	5,264	1.9	289	1.02
North & North East Somerset, South Gloucestershire	392	334	81.4	12	3.6	61	15.7	3,559	0.9	372	0.95
Gloucestershire	352	305	82.3	10	3.4	52	14.9	5,382	1.5	308	0.88
Swindon	121	100	81.2	4	4.4	18	15.2	2,122	1.8	131	1.09
Wiltshire CC	270	225	80.1	10	4.5	43	16.3	2,718	1.0	238	0.88
Dorset and Somerset											
Bournemouth & Poole	182	143	76.8	6	4.4	35	19.8	2,564	1.4	186	1.02
Dorset CC	223	185	77.9	6	3.6	42	19.4	1,925	0.9	190	0.85
Somerset	303	258	80.6	8	3.3	51	16.8	3,458	1.1	259	0.85
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly											
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly	311	245	74.1	13	5.5	68	21.8	4,661	1.5	260	0.84
Devon											
Plymouth	160	121	74.0	7	5.8	34	21.7	3,420	2.1	137	0.86
Torbay	76	59	74.7	4	6.9	15	19.8	1,776	2.3	69	0.91
Devon CC	439	363	79.1	13	3.6	77	17.9	4,967	1.1	374	0.85

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,156,895	400,721	1,557,616	5.9	2.2	4.1	545,223	177,208	722,431	2.8	1.0	1.9
Regional total	72,014	25,362	97,376	4.4	1.7	3.1	42,628	14,025	56,653	2.6	1.0	1.8
Bath and North East Somerset UA	1,749	642	2,391	2.9	1.2	2.1	1,030	376	1,406	1.7	0.7	1.2
Bournemouth UA	2,954	931	3,885	5.5	1.9	3.8	1,645	531	2,176	3.1	1.1	2.1
Bristol, City of UA	8,353	2,714	11,067	5.6	2.0	3.9	4,522	1,413	5,935	3.0	1.1	2.1
North Somerset UA	2,297	811	3,108	3.6	1.4	2.6	1,413	519	1,932	2.2	0.9	1.6
Plymouth UA	4,972	1,615	6,587	5.9	2.1	4.1	2,496	792	3,288	3.0	1.0	2.1
Poole UA	1,788	674	2,462	4.3	1.7	3.1	1,195	409	1,604	2.9	1.1	2.0
South Gloucestershire UA	2,791	1,044	3,835	3.3	1.4	2.4	1,922	663	2,585	2.3	0.9	1.6
Swindon UA	4,892	1,682	6,574	7.7	3.0	5.4	3,347	1,090	4,437	5.2	1.9	3.7
Torbay UA	2,733	860	3,593	6.8	2.4	4.7	1,408	416	1,824	3.5	1.2	2.4
Cornwall UA and the Isles of Scilly	6,919	2,506	9,425	4.2	1.7	3.0	3,599	1,127	4,726	2.2	0.8	1.5
Caradon	943	320	1,263	3.6	1.4	2.6	541	148	689	2.1	0.6	1.4
Carrick	1,087	460	1,547	3.9	1.8	2.9	454	225	679	1.6	0.9	1.3
Kerrier	1,297	439	1,736	4.2	1.6	3.0	677	175	852	2.2	0.6	1.5
North Cornwall	968	327	1,295	3.7	1.4	2.6	608	124	732	2.3	0.5	1.5
Penwith	1,005	333	1,338	5.1	1.9	3.6	458	148	606	2.3	0.8	1.6
Restormel	1,612	625	2,237	5.0	2.2	3.7	858	306	1,164	2.7	1.1	1.9
Isles of Scilly	..	..	9	1.0	0.4	0.7	3	1	4	0.4	0.2	0.3
Devon	8,345	3,154	11,499	3.6	1.5	2.6	5,116	1,791	6,907	2.2	0.9	1.6
East Devon	1,141	403	1,544	3.1	1.2	2.2	755	239	994	2.0	0.7	1.4
Exeter	1,748	657	2,405	4.0	1.7	2.9	1,012	379	1,391	2.3	1.0	1.7
Mid Devon	826	304	1,130	3.5	1.5	2.5	506	164	670	2.2	0.8	1.5
North Devon	1,132	439	1,571	4.0	1.8	3.0	659	240	899	2.3	1.0	1.7
South Hams	774	321	1,095	3.0	1.4	2.3	513	194	707	2.0	0.9	1.5
Teignbridge	1,395	494	1,889	3.7	1.4	2.6	928	326	1,254	2.4	0.9	1.7
Torrige	904	378	1,282	4.6	2.2	3.5	481	181	662	2.5	1.0	1.8
West Devon	425	158	583	2.6	1.1	1.9	262	68	330	1.6	0.5	1.1
Dorset	3,588	1,337	4,925	3.0	1.3	2.2	2,282	791	3,073	1.9	0.8	1.4
Christchurch	478	172	650	4.0	1.6	2.8	313	98	411	2.6	0.9	1.8
East Dorset	646	278	924	2.7	1.3	2.0	474	181	655	2.0	0.8	1.5
North Dorset	476	188	664	2.3	1.1	1.7	314	107	421	1.5	0.6	1.1
Purbeck	413	150	563	3.0	1.2	2.2	295	100	395	2.1	0.8	1.5
West Dorset	610	270	880	2.2	1.1	1.7	363	164	527	1.3	0.7	1.0
Weymouth and Portland	965	279	1,244	4.6	1.6	3.2	523	141	664	2.5	0.8	1.7
Gloucestershire	9,435	3,259	12,694	5.1	2.0	3.6	5,676	1,819	7,495	3.1	1.1	2.1
Cheltenham	2,165	695	2,860	5.9	2.1	4.1	1,185	373	1,558	3.2	1.1	2.2
Cotswold	819	275	1,094	3.2	1.2	2.2	566	154	720	2.2	0.7	1.5
Forest of Dean	1,332	529	1,861	5.2	2.3	3.8	848	276	1,124	3.3	1.2	2.3
Gloucester	2,601	840	3,441	7.0	2.5	4.8	1,514	455	1,969	4.1	1.3	2.8
Stroud	1,442	510	1,952	4.2	1.6	3.0	922	330	1,252	2.7	1.1	1.9
Tewkesbury	1,076	410	1,486	4.4	1.8	3.2	641	231	872	2.6	1.0	1.9
Somerset	5,947	2,111	8,058	3.7	1.5	2.7	3,542	1,136	4,678	2.2	0.8	1.5
Mendip	1,276	477	1,753	3.8	1.5	2.7	808	251	1,059	2.4	0.8	1.6
Sedgemoor	1,623	568	2,191	4.7	1.8	3.3	936	296	1,232	2.7	1.0	1.9
South Somerset	1,481	533	2,014	3.1	1.2	2.2	909	322	1,231	1.9	0.8	1.4
Taunton Deane	1,254	425	1,679	3.8	1.4	2.6	775	223	998	2.3	0.7	1.6
West Somerset	313	108	421	3.2	1.2	2.3	114	44	158	1.2	0.5	0.8
Wiltshire UA	5,251	2,022	7,273	3.7	1.6	2.7	3,435	1,152	4,587	2.4	0.9	1.7
Kennet	806	299	1,105	3.2	1.4	2.3	581	179	760	2.3	0.8	1.6
North Wiltshire	1,597	640	2,237	3.8	1.7	2.8	1,104	408	1,512	2.6	1.1	1.9
Salisbury	1,064	403	1,467	2.9	1.3	2.2	704	246	950	1.9	0.8	1.4
West Wiltshire	1,784	680	2,464	4.6	1.9	3.3	1,046	319	1,365	2.7	0.9	1.8

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	1,156,895	400,721	1,557,616	5.9	2.2	4.1	545,223	177,208	722,431	2.8	1.0	1.9
Regional total	72,014	25,362	97,376	4.4	1.7	3.1	42,628	14,025	56,653	2.6	1.0	1.8
Bath	1,023	386	1,409	3.0	1.3	2.2	521	216	737	1.5	0.7	1.2
Bournemouth East	1,440	448	1,888	5.6	1.9	3.8	785	267	1,052	3.1	1.1	2.1
Bournemouth West	1,514	483	1,997	5.7	2.0	4.0	860	264	1,124	3.2	1.1	2.2
Bridgwater	1,514	496	2,010	5.0	1.8	3.5	812	231	1,043	2.7	0.8	1.8
Bristol East	2,451	822	3,273	6.9	2.6	4.9	1,194	388	1,582	3.4	1.2	2.3
Bristol North West	2,006	630	2,636	5.4	1.9	3.7	1,152	346	1,498	3.1	1.0	2.1
Bristol South	2,291	692	2,983	6.9	2.2	4.7	1,371	365	1,736	4.2	1.2	2.7
Bristol West	1,722	603	2,325	3.6	1.4	2.6	926	348	1,274	1.9	0.8	1.4
Cheltenham	1,949	633	2,582	6.3	2.2	4.3	1,040	349	1,389	3.3	1.2	2.3
Christchurch	829	318	1,147	3.6	1.5	2.6	572	198	770	2.5	0.9	1.7
Cotswold	895	313	1,208	3.2	1.2	2.3	627	189	816	2.2	0.7	1.5
Devizes	1,401	525	1,926	3.8	1.6	2.7	977	292	1,269	2.6	0.9	1.8
East Devon	798	279	1,077	3.1	1.2	2.2	527	163	690	2.1	0.7	1.4
Exeter	1,748	657	2,405	4.1	1.7	3.0	1,012	379	1,391	2.4	1.0	1.7
Falmouth & Camborne	1,462	500	1,962	4.8	1.8	3.3	674	198	872	2.2	0.7	1.5
Forest of Dean	1,365	554	1,919	5.0	2.3	3.7	872	290	1,162	3.2	1.2	2.3
Gloucester	2,601	840	3,441	7.1	2.5	4.9	1,514	455	1,969	4.1	1.3	2.8
Kingswood	1,595	591	2,186	4.6	1.8	3.2	1,015	364	1,379	2.9	1.1	2.0
Mid Dorset & North Poole	931	394	1,325	3.6	1.6	2.6	671	282	953	2.6	1.2	1.9
North Cornwall	1,579	576	2,155	4.4	1.8	3.2	907	234	1,141	2.5	0.7	1.7
North Devon	1,175	463	1,638	4.0	1.8	2.9	692	257	949	2.3	1.0	1.7
North Dorset	695	291	986	2.4	1.1	1.8	472	170	642	1.6	0.7	1.2
North Swindon	2,302	798	3,100	7.2	2.8	5.1	1,653	546	2,199	5.2	1.9	3.6
North Wiltshire	1,247	510	1,757	3.6	1.7	2.7	869	342	1,211	2.5	1.1	1.9
Northavon	938	373	1,311	2.7	1.2	2.0	671	237	908	1.9	0.8	1.4
Plymouth, Devonport	2,037	685	2,722	6.5	2.3	4.5	1,036	352	1,388	3.3	1.2	2.3
Plymouth, Sutton	2,443	739	3,182	6.9	2.4	4.9	1,174	345	1,519	3.3	1.1	2.3
Poole	1,169	397	1,566	4.7	1.7	3.3	756	212	968	3.0	0.9	2.0
Salisbury	1,023	389	1,412	3.0	1.3	2.2	682	239	921	2.0	0.8	1.4
Somerton & Frome	974	364	1,338	3.1	1.3	2.2	657	203	860	2.1	0.7	1.4
South Dorset	1,163	348	1,511	4.0	1.4	2.8	651	179	830	2.3	0.7	1.5
South East Cornwall	1,183	418	1,601	3.7	1.4	2.6	680	213	893	2.1	0.7	1.5
South Swindon	2,653	902	3,555	8.2	3.1	5.8	1,739	557	2,296	5.4	1.9	3.7
South West Devon	794	326	1,120	2.8	1.2	2.0	493	183	676	1.7	0.7	1.2
St Ives	1,324	459	1,783	4.4	1.7	3.1	635	200	835	2.1	0.7	1.5
Stroud	1,366	472	1,838	4.3	1.6	3.0	861	295	1,156	2.7	1.0	1.9
Taunton	1,268	435	1,703	3.7	1.4	2.6	780	232	1,012	2.3	0.7	1.5
Teignbridge	1,277	450	1,727	3.8	1.5	2.7	854	296	1,150	2.6	1.0	1.8
Tewkesbury	1,259	447	1,706	4.4	1.7	3.1	762	241	1,003	2.7	0.9	1.8
Tiverton & Honiton	1,126	404	1,530	3.4	1.3	2.4	701	223	924	2.1	0.7	1.5
Torbay	2,136	673	2,809	7.1	2.5	4.9	1,075	319	1,394	3.6	1.2	2.4
Torrige & West Devon	1,311	525	1,836	3.8	1.7	2.9	734	242	976	2.1	0.8	1.5
Totnes	1,205	428	1,633	4.3	1.7	3.1	722	240	962	2.6	1.0	1.8
Truro & St Austell	1,371	553	1,924	4.2	1.8	3.0	703	282	985	2.1	0.9	1.6
Wansdyke	867	303	1,170	3.0	1.1	2.1	624	188	812	2.1	0.7	1.5
Wells	1,079	419	1,498	3.4	1.5	2.5	642	240	882	2.1	0.8	1.5
West Dorset	589	263	852	2.3	1.1	1.7	355	159	514	1.4	0.7	1.0
Westbury	1,517	580	2,097	4.5	1.9	3.2	862	266	1,128	2.5	0.9	1.7
Weston-Super-Mare	1,473	522	1,995	4.5	1.8	3.2	784	288	1,072	2.4	1.0	1.7
Woodspring	824	289	1,113	2.7	1.1	2.0	629	231	860	2.1	0.9	1.5
Yeovil	1,112	397	1,509	3.6	1.4	2.6	651	230	881	2.1	0.8	1.5

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

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2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.