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Labour market statistics February 2009: South West

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Labour Force Survey data for the South West indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, but the rate in the latest period is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago.

Data for the three months to December 2008 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 78.1 per cent, down 1.2 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.7 per cent, up 1.0 percentage point on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to January 2009.

Working age employment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 1.3\%$



Unemployment rate

Sampling variability $\pm 0.6\%$



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Oct-Dec 08	2,574	78.1	2	± 68	-1.2	± 1.6
Unemployment**	Oct-Dec 08	127	4.7	29	± 21	1.0	± 0.8
Economically active*	Oct-Dec 08	2,701	82.1	31	± 67	-0.3	± 1.5
Economically inactive+	Oct-Dec 08	555	17.9	14	± 64	0.3	± 1.5
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Sep 2008	2,676		29	..		
Claimant count	Jan 2009	71.5	2.6**	33.6		1.2	

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

.. Not available.

New this month:

October to December 2008 data: latest three-month average LFS results;
January 2009 data: claimant count.

Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the South West was 78.1 per cent in the October to December 2008 period, down 1.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.57 million in the October to December 2008 period, up 2,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 10,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.37 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 1.8 percentage points on a year earlier to 80.6 per cent.

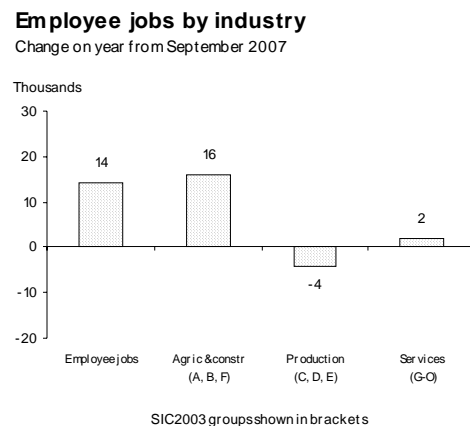
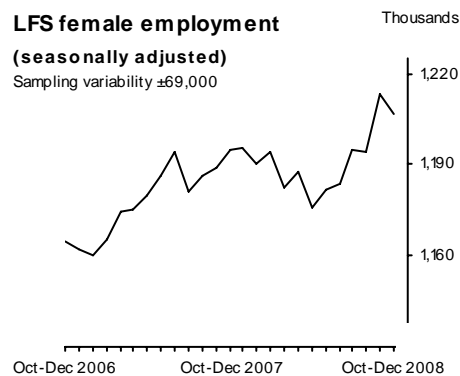
LFS estimates indicate an increase in the level of female employment, up 12,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.21 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 0.6 percentage points on a year earlier to 75.3 per cent.

Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were up 9,000 in the quarter to September 2008.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were up 14,000 in the year to September 2008. This was mainly due to a rise in construction sector jobs.

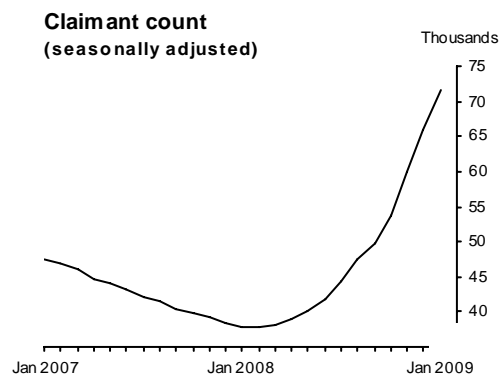
Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the South West was 4.7 per cent in the October to December 2008 period, up 1.0 percentage point on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in October to December 2008 were 5.5 per cent and 3.8 per cent respectively.



Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in January 2009 was 2.6 per cent, up 0.2 percentage points from December 2008, and up 1.2 percentage points since January 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in January 2009 was 71,500, up 5,500 on December 2008, and up 33,600 since January 2008.



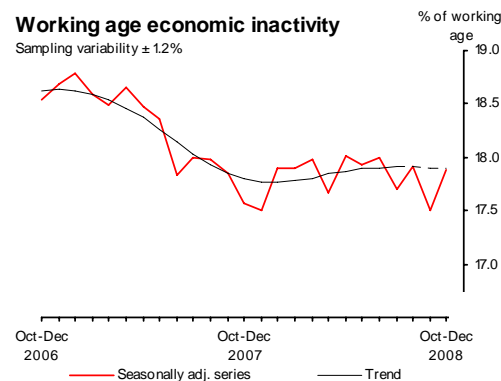
Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the South West was 2.70 million in the October to December 2008 period.

Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the South West in October to December 2008 was 17.9 per cent, up 0.3 percentage points from a year earlier.

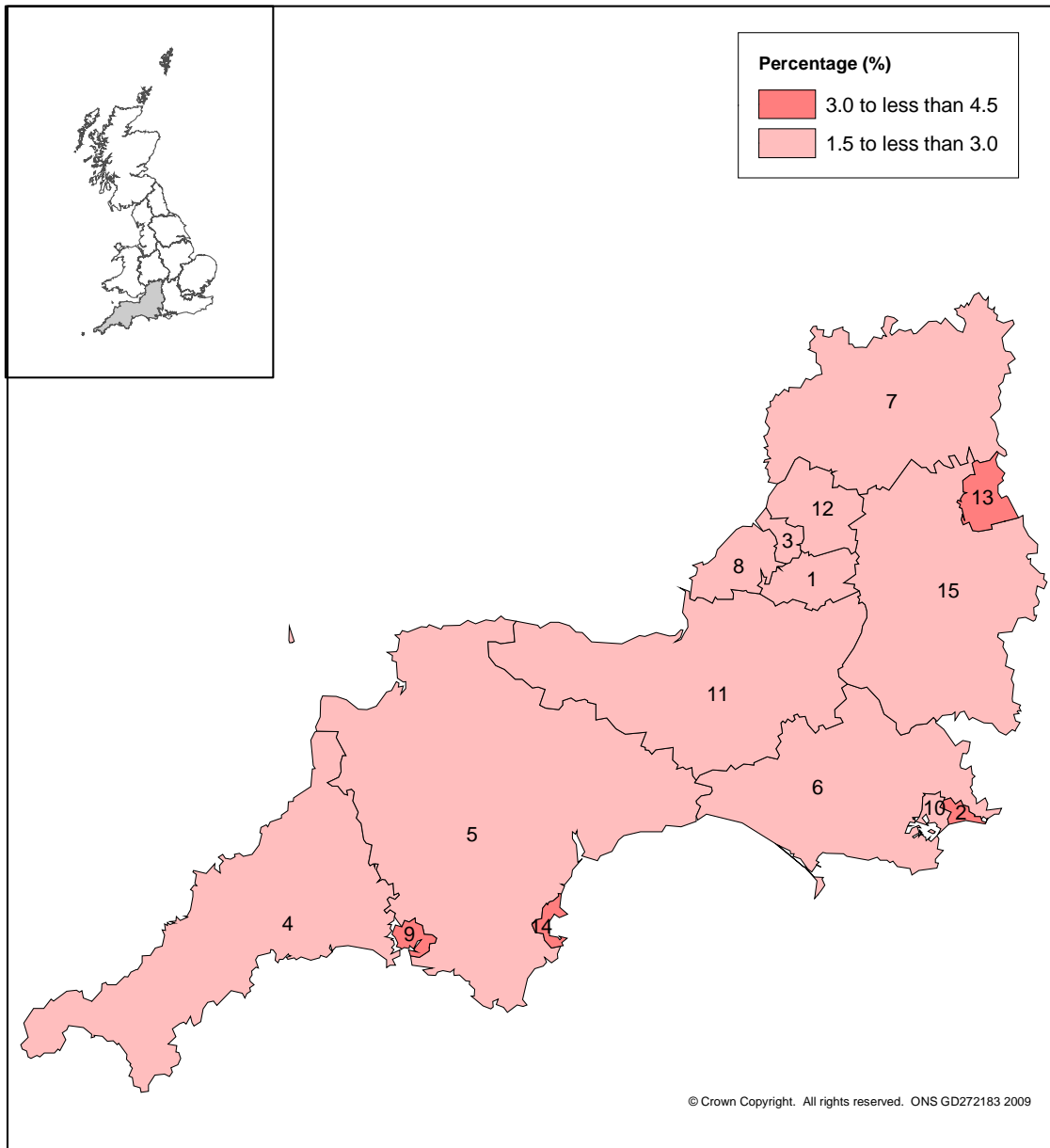
The level of economically inactive people in the October to December 2008 period was 1.53 million, with 555,000 of these of working age, up 14,000 on the same period a year earlier.



Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in the Isles of Scilly, at 0.7 per cent. It was highest in Torbay, at 4.2 per cent.

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA
January 2009 - South West



1	Bath and North East Somerset UA	1.6%
2	Bournemouth UA	3.1%
3	Bristol, City of UA	2.9%
4	Cornwall and Isles of Scilly	2.9%
5	Devon	2.2%
6	Dorset	1.8%
7	Gloucestershire	2.7%
8	North Somerset UA	2.0%
9	Plymouth UA	3.3%
10	Poole UA	2.4%
11	Somerset	2.2%
12	South Gloucestershire UA	1.7%
13	Swindon UA	3.6%
14	Torbay UA	4.2%
15	Wiltshire	1.9%

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions to the data in this release.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from August 2002 to July 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from September 2000 to June 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	78.1	60	-0.02	0.08
Unemployment rate (%)	4.7	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	71.5	60	- 0.02	0.17

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,676	20	41.10*	41.10

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S RELEASE

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, are updated in this month's release with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the July 2007 to June 2008 Annual Population survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; and claimant count levels and proportions for July 2007 to June 2008.

NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the Regional First Release will be available from the National Statistics website at:
<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

NEXT QUARTER'S FIRST RELEASE

There are no significant changes planned for next quarter's release.

SPECIAL

Population estimates in the LFS

On 21 August 2008 ONS published the 2007 based mid-year population estimates for the UK. These were followed by the 2008 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales on 29th September. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates published in Table 1 of this month's release. Consequently the estimates for the periods July-September 2006 onwards have been subject to revision.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include the new population estimates using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of Labour Market Trends, which is available on the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf

Population estimates in the APS

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this release will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table

represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

October to December 2008

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	2,520	2,574	2,627	-75	-6	62	-66	2	70
Employment rate	76.8%	78.1%	79.4%	-2.2%	-0.6%	1.0%	-2.8%	-1.2%	0.4%
Unemployment	111	127	144	-8	13	34	9	29	50
Unemployment rate	4.1%	4.7%	5.3%	-0.3%	0.5%	1.3%	0.3%	1.0%	1.8%
Economically active	2,648	2,701	2,754	-61	7	74	-36	31	98
Economic activity rate	80.9%	82.1%	83.3%	-1.7%	-0.2%	1.3%	-1.8%	-0.3%	1.2%
Economically inactive	504	555	606	-58	7	71	-49	14	78

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures October to December 2008

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 37	± 14	± 37	± 37	± 1.9	± 1.1
North West	± 62	± 23	± 61	± 61	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 53	± 19	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7
East Midlands	± 43	± 16	± 43	± 44	± 1.3	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 20	± 53	± 53	± 1.3	± 0.7
East	± 54	± 19	± 53	± 50	± 1.2	± 0.6
London	± 70	± 28	± 67	± 66	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 64	± 21	± 63	± 58	± 0.9	± 0.5
South West	± 54	± 16	± 53	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.6
Wales	± 42	± 15	± 41	± 42	± 1.9	± 1.0
Scotland	± 53	± 17	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.6

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this release is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: *See hours worked.*

Annual Population Survey Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's

Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available on the DWP website: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/tabtool.asp>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why

these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas, however, even the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on

the model-based estimates can be found at

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf.

A detailed user guide can be found at

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total less than 9,500		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (October to December 2008)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	2,081	1,260	76.7	687	573	1,154	70.1	623	73.7	531	66.2	105	8.4	63	9.2	42	7.4
North West	5,500	3,388	77.2	1,820	1,569	3,126	71.0	1,659	73.2	1,466	68.5	263	7.8	160	8.8	102	6.5
Yorkshire & The Humber	4,188	2,605	77.5	1,434	1,171	2,432	72.3	1,327	76.2	1,105	67.9	173	6.6	107	7.5	66	5.6
East Midlands	3,576	2,311	81.3	1,265	1,046	2,169	76.2	1,182	80.1	987	72.0	142	6.1	83	6.5	59	5.6
West Midlands	4,301	2,660	77.9	1,464	1,196	2,456	71.8	1,336	75.9	1,120	67.2	204	7.7	128	8.7	76	6.4
East	4,571	2,989	82.2	1,620	1,369	2,825	77.5	1,519	81.3	1,305	73.4	165	5.5	101	6.3	63	4.6
London	6,108	4,072	77.3	2,255	1,816	3,777	71.6	2,105	78.5	1,672	64.2	294	7.2	150	6.7	144	7.9
South East	6,676	4,429	82.9	2,393	2,036	4,211	78.7	2,265	82.8	1,946	74.1	218	4.9	127	5.3	91	4.5
South West	4,231	2,701	82.1	1,447	1,254	2,574	78.1	1,367	80.6	1,206	75.3	127	4.7	80	5.5	47	3.8
England	41,233	26,414	79.6	14,385	12,030	24,723	74.3	13,384	78.4	11,339	69.9	1,691	6.4	1,000	7.0	691	5.7
Wales	2,408	1,436	76.2	766	670	1,336	70.7	701	72.5	635	68.7	100	7.0	64	8.4	36	5.3
Scotland	4,195	2,669	79.7	1,415	1,254	2,532	75.4	1,332	78.6	1,201	72.1	137	5.1	83	5.9	54	4.3
Great Britain	47,835	30,519	79.4	16,565	13,954	28,591	74.3	15,417	78.1	13,174	70.0	1,928	6.3	1,148	6.9	780	5.6
Northern Ireland	1,374	816	72.6	446	370	774	68.8	413	72.0	361	65.5	42	5.1	32	7.3	9	2.5
United Kingdom	49,210	31,333	79.2	17,010	14,322	29,361	74.1	15,829	77.9	13,532	69.9	1,971	6.3	1,181	6.9	790	5.5

Change on quarter:⁴

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (October to December 2008)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	2	6	0.0	14	-7	1	-0.2	11	0.9	-10	-1.5	5	0.4	3	0.2	2	0.5
North West	8	15	0.2	-9	24	-18	-0.7	-36	-1.8	17	0.6	33	0.9	26	1.5	7	0.3
Yorkshire & The Humber	11	-36	-1.3	-8	-28	-28	-0.9	-3	-0.6	-25	-1.3	-8	-0.2	-5	-0.3	-3	-0.1
East Midlands	11	12	0.3	12	0	6	0.1	7	0.4	-1	-0.2	7	0.3	5	0.4	1	0.1
West Midlands	6	34	1.0	16	18	1	0.0	-3	-0.1	4	0.1	34	1.2	19	1.2	14	1.1
East	13	33	0.8	14	19	8	0.1	-8	-0.6	16	0.8	24	0.8	21	1.3	3	0.1
London	12	30	0.4	18	12	33	0.6	34	1.2	0	-0.1	-3	-0.1	-16	-0.8	12	0.6
South East	15	1	0.1	9	-7	-15	-0.3	-1	-0.2	-14	-0.4	16	0.4	9	0.4	7	0.4
South West	12	7	-0.2	0	7	-6	-0.6	-18	-1.4	11	0.3	13	0.5	17	1.2	-4	-0.4
England	90	102	0.2	64	38	-19	-0.2	-17	-0.3	-1	-0.1	121	0.4	82	0.5	39	0.3
Wales	4	13	0.4	10	3	8	0.1	4	0.2	4	0.0	5	0.3	5	0.6	0	-0.1
Scotland	5	-8	-0.5	-1	-7	-19	-0.9	-13	-0.8	-7	-0.9	11	0.4	12	0.9	-1	0.0
Great Britain	99	107	0.1	73	34	-30	-0.2	-26	-0.3	-4	-0.2	137	0.4	99	0.6	38	0.3
Northern Ireland	3	-5	-0.5	-1	-5	-14	-1.2	-7	-1.5	-6	-0.9	8	1.0	7	1.6	1	0.4
United Kingdom	103	101	0.1	73	28	-45	-0.3	-33	-0.3	-13	-0.2	146	0.4	106	0.6	40	0.3

Change on year:

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (October to December 2008)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	11	16	0.6	22	-5	-17	-1.5	1	-0.6	-18	-2.5	33	2.6	21	2.8	13	2.3
North West	26	2	-0.4	-19	20	-62	-1.9	-57	-3.0	-5	-0.6	64	1.9	38	2.2	26	1.6
Yorkshire & The Humber	39	12	-0.4	19	-7	-24	-1.5	0	-1.2	-24	-1.8	36	1.4	19	1.2	17	1.5
East Midlands	38	51	1.3	35	16	27	0.4	18	0.5	9	0.3	24	0.9	18	1.2	7	0.6
West Midlands	24	1	0.0	10	-9	-50	-1.5	-28	-1.7	-22	-1.3	51	1.9	37	2.5	13	1.2
East	47	50	0.4	28	22	15	-0.6	-3	-1.4	19	0.4	34	1.1	31	1.8	3	0.2
London	53	121	1.7	46	75	88	1.2	39	0.9	49	1.5	33	0.6	6	0.1	26	1.2
South East	59	28	0.1	36	-8	7	-0.3	14	-0.3	-6	-0.2	21	0.4	22	0.9	-1	-0.1
South West	49	31	-0.3	16	15	2	-1.2	-10	-1.8	12	-0.6	29	1.0	26	1.7	3	0.2
England	344	311	0.3	191	120	-14	-0.6	-26	-0.9	12	-0.3	325	1.2	218	1.4	107	0.8
Wales	13	22	0.7	4	18	-6	-0.9	-24	-2.9	18	1.2	28	1.9	28	3.6	0	-0.1
Scotland	24	2	-0.9	13	-12	-6	-1.1	2	-0.4	-7	-1.9	8	0.3	12	0.8	-4	-0.3
Great Britain	382	335	0.3	209	126	-26	-0.7	-49	-1.0	23	-0.4	361	1.1	257	1.5	104	0.7
Northern Ireland	14	-1	-0.4	0	-1	-9	-1.0	-11	-2.6	3	0.6	8	1.0	11	2.5	-3	-0.9
United Kingdom	395	332	0.2	206	127	-37	-0.7	-62	-1.0	25	-0.3	369	1.1	267	1.5	102	0.7

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (September 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (January 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,147	611	536	71.0	5.8	54.3	8.2	16.7	2.9
North West	3,409	1,840	1,569	158.7	4.5	121.6	6.4	37.1	2.3
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,523	1,345	1,178	121.9	4.6	93.2	6.5	28.7	2.3
East Midlands	2,144	1,148	996	87.6	4.0	65.3	5.5	22.3	2.2
West Midlands	2,628	1,398	1,230	142.6	5.1	107.5	7.1	35.1	2.7
East	2,816	1,506	1,310	91.7	3.2	67.2	4.3	24.5	1.8
London	4,729	2,585	2,144	168.3	3.5	115.6	4.4	52.7	2.5
South East	4,354	2,277	2,077	115.4	2.6	84.1	3.6	31.3	1.5
South West	2,676	1,392	1,284	71.5	2.6	52.8	3.7	18.7	1.4
England	26,426	14,101	12,325	1028.7	3.8	761.6	5.2	267.1	2.1
Wales	1,346	691	655	64.8	4.5	49.5	6.4	15.3	2.3
Scotland	2,698	1,384	1,314	101.1	3.7	76.6	5.3	24.5	1.9
Great Britain	30,469	16,176	14,294	1194.6	3.8	887.7	5.3	306.9	2.1
Northern Ireland	840	448	392	38.4	4.4	30.3	6.4	8.1	2.1
United Kingdom	31,309	16,624	14,686	1233.0	3.8	918.0	5.3	315.0	2.1

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on September 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on December 2008); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-13	-3	-10	3.6	0.3	2.7	0.4	0.9	0.2
North West	-9	15	-24	8.5	0.2	6.5	0.3	2.0	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-26	-23	-3	6.4	0.2	4.9	0.3	1.5	0.1
East Midlands	-36	-15	-21	6.2	0.3	4.7	0.4	1.5	0.1
West Midlands	-17	-15	-2	8.4	0.3	6.5	0.4	1.9	0.1
East	22	-6	28	7.5	0.3	5.5	0.4	2.0	0.1
London	23	15	8	7.6	0.2	5.0	0.2	2.6	0.1
South East	-26	-36	10	10.2	0.2	7.2	0.3	3.0	0.1
South West	29	17	13	5.5	0.2	3.9	0.3	1.6	0.1
England	-53	-50	-3	63.9	0.2	46.9	0.3	17.0	0.1
Wales	-16	-24	8	4.3	0.3	3.3	0.4	1.0	0.1
Scotland	2	-9	10	3.4	0.1	2.4	0.2	1.0	0.1
Great Britain	-68	-84	16	71.6	0.2	52.6	0.3	19.0	0.1
Northern Ireland	1	1	0	2.2	0.3	1.8	0.4	0.4	0.1
United Kingdom	-67	-83	16	73.8	0.2	54.4	0.3	19.4	0.1

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

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1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted1 Summary of LFS¹ headline indicators

		All aged 16 & over								
		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHK	YCHX	YCJX	YCMX	HKMW			YCNK	
People	Oct-Dec 2006	4,130	2,610	2,509	102	1,520	63.2	60.7	3.9	36.8
	Oct-Dec 2007	4,182	2,670	2,572	98	1,512	63.8	61.5	3.7	36.2
	Jan-Mar 2008	4,195	2,677	2,579	98	1,518	63.8	61.5	3.7	36.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,207	2,673	2,570	102	1,535	63.5	61.1	3.8	36.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,219	2,695	2,580	114	1,525	63.9	61.2	4.2	36.1
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,231	2,701	2,574	127	1,530	63.8	60.8	4.7	36.2
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	12	7	-6	13	5	0.0	-0.3	0.5	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.2	-0.3	11.5	0.3				
	<i>Change on year</i>	49	31	2	29	18	0.0	-0.7	1.0	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	1.2	0.1	29.8	1.2				
Men	Oct-Dec 2006	2,003	1,397	1,344	53	606	69.7	67.1	3.8	30.3
	Oct-Dec 2007	2,032	1,431	1,377	54	601	70.4	67.8	3.8	29.6
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,040	1,443	1,385	58	597	70.7	67.9	4.0	29.3
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,047	1,452	1,394	58	595	70.9	68.1	4.0	29.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,054	1,448	1,385	62	606	70.5	67.4	4.3	29.5
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,061	1,447	1,367	80	613	70.2	66.4	5.5	29.8
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	0	-18	17	7	-0.2	-1.1	1.2	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.0	-1.3	27.9	1.1				
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	16	-10	26	12	-0.2	-1.4	1.7	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.1	-0.7	47.8	2.0				
Women	Oct-Dec 2006	2,128	1,213	1,165	49	914	57.0	54.7	4.0	43.0
	Oct-Dec 2007	2,149	1,239	1,195	44	911	57.6	55.6	3.6	42.4
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,155	1,234	1,194	40	921	57.3	55.4	3.2	42.7
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,160	1,220	1,176	44	940	56.5	54.5	3.6	43.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,165	1,247	1,195	52	918	57.6	55.2	4.2	42.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,170	1,254	1,206	47	917	57.8	55.6	3.8	42.2
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	5	7	11	-4	-2	0.2	0.4	-0.4	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.6	0.9	-8.4	-0.2				
	<i>Change on year</i>	21	15	12	3	6	0.1	0.0	0.2	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.0	1.2	1.0	7.6	0.6				

		All aged 16 to 59/64								
		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIK	YCKK		LWDV
People	Oct-Dec 2006	3,051	2,485	2,385	101	566	81.5	78.2	4.0	18.5
	Oct-Dec 2007	3,077	2,537	2,440	96	541	82.4	79.3	3.8	17.6
	Jan-Mar 2008	3,083	2,531	2,436	95	552	82.1	79.0	3.8	17.9
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,090	2,533	2,433	100	557	82.0	78.8	3.9	18.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,095	2,547	2,437	111	548	82.3	78.7	4.3	17.7
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,101	2,546	2,422	124	555	82.1	78.1	4.9	17.9
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	-1	-15	13	7	-0.2	-0.6	0.5	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.0	-0.6	12.1	1.2				
	<i>Change on year</i>	24	10	-18	28	14	-0.3	-1.2	1.1	0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.4	-0.7	28.7	2.6				
Men	Oct-Dec 2006	1,596	1,357	1,304	53	239	85.0	81.7	3.9	15.0
	Oct-Dec 2007	1,617	1,386	1,331	54	231	85.7	82.4	3.9	14.3
	Jan-Mar 2008	1,621	1,391	1,334	57	230	85.8	82.3	4.1	14.2
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,626	1,401	1,344	57	225	86.2	82.7	4.1	13.8
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,630	1,399	1,337	62	231	85.8	82.0	4.4	14.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,633	1,395	1,316	79	238	85.4	80.6	5.7	14.6
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	3	-3	-20	17	7	-0.4	-1.4	1.2	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-0.2	-1.5	27.5	2.9				
	<i>Change on year</i>	17	10	-15	25	7	-0.3	-1.8	1.8	0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.0	0.7	-1.1	46.2	3.0				
Women	Oct-Dec 2006	1,455	1,128	1,081	47	327	77.5	74.3	4.2	22.5
	Oct-Dec 2007	1,461	1,151	1,109	42	309	78.8	75.9	3.7	21.2
	Jan-Mar 2008	1,462	1,140	1,102	38	322	78.0	75.4	3.4	22.0
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,464	1,132	1,089	43	332	77.3	74.4	3.8	22.7
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,465	1,149	1,100	49	317	78.4	75.1	4.2	21.6
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,468	1,151	1,106	45	317	78.4	75.3	3.9	21.6
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	2	2	6	-4	0	0.0	0.3	-0.3	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	0.2	0.5	-7.6	0.0				
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	0	-3	3	7	-0.4	-0.6	0.2	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5	0.0	-0.3	6.4	2.4				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

1a Summary of other headline indicators

Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)			
Levels			
	Total	Males	Females
	YXYI	YXYX	YXZM
Sep 05	2,575	1,331	1,243
Sep 06	2,589	1,328	1,261
Sep 07	2,647	1,375	1,272
Dec 07	2,663	1,391	1,272
Mar 08	2,645	1,383	1,262
Jun 08	2,665	1,392	1,273
Sep 08	2,676	1,392	1,284
<i>Change on year</i>	29	17	12
<i>Change %</i>	1.1	1.2	0.9

Claimant count ¹						
	Levels			Rates (%) ²		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
	DPBB	ZMOW	ZMOY	DPBM	ZMOX	ZMOZ
2008						
January	37.9	27.2	10.7	1.4	1.9	0.8
February #	37.8	27.2	10.6	1.4	1.9	0.8
March	38.0	27.4	10.6	1.4	1.9	0.8
April	39.1	28.1	11.0	1.4	2.0	0.8
May	40.2	28.9	11.3	1.5	2.0	0.9
June #	41.8	30.1	11.7	1.5	2.1	0.9
July	44.4	32.1	12.3	1.6	2.3	0.9
August #	47.5	34.4	13.1	1.7	2.4	1.0
September	49.8	36.2	13.6	1.8	2.6	1.0
October	53.6	39.2	14.4	2.0	2.8	1.1
November #	59.9	44.1	15.8	2.2	3.1	1.2
December (r)	66.0	48.9	17.1	2.4	3.5	1.3
2009						
January (p)	71.5	52.8	18.7	2.6	3.7	1.4
<i>Change on period</i>	5.5	3.9	1.6	0.2	0.3	0.1
<i>Change %</i>	8.3	8.0	9.4			
<i>Change on year</i>	33.6	25.6	8.0	1.2	1.8	0.6
<i>Change %</i>	88.7	94.1	74.8			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

2 Employment by age

South West

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	2,450	2,335	63	293	471	912	597	115
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	2,464	2,350	58	282	477	927	606	114
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	2,511	2,385	60	297	482	925	622	125
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,524	2,398	60	302	484	930	622	126
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,394	59	307	479	931	618	130
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,406	57	314	480	934	622	136
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,410	55	321	482	929	623	136
	<i>Change on year</i>	35	25	-5	24	0	4	2	11
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.0	-8.6	7.9	0.0	0.5	0.3	8.6
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,320	1,276	30	159	256	481	351	44
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,323	1,285	26	155	259	483	362	38
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,341	1,299	28	156	261	484	371	42
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,347	1,304	29	157	264	483	370	43
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,301	30	163	260	480	368	45
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,307	29	165	260	482	371	46
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,311	28	168	262	480	371	45
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	11	1	12	1	-4	1	3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.9	2.1	7.9	0.5	-0.7	0.2	8.3
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,131	1,060	33	134	215	431	247	71
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,141	1,065	31	127	218	444	245	76
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,170	1,086	32	141	221	441	251	83
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,177	1,094	31	145	220	447	252	82
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,093	29	144	219	451	250	85
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,099	28	149	220	451	251	90
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,099	26	152	220	449	252	91
	<i>Change on year</i>	20	13	-6	11	-1	8	1	7
	<i>Change %</i>	1.7	1.2	-17.9	7.9	-0.6	1.8	0.4	8.7
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	60.6	78.0	48.3	71.9	82.3	85.4	72.9	11.0
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	60.3	77.6	43.7	66.9	83.7	85.9	73.6	10.8
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	60.8	78.2	44.9	68.5	84.8	84.9	75.2	11.6
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	60.9	78.5	44.8	69.1	85.1	85.2	75.3	11.5
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	60.8	78.2	44.0	69.7	84.3	85.2	74.9	11.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	61.0	78.5	42.7	70.7	84.3	85.4	75.3	12.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	60.9	78.5	41.1	71.8	84.3	85.0	75.4	12.3
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.3	-3.7	3.3	-0.4	0.0	0.2	0.7
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	67.5	81.8	44.3	75.1	90.0	91.7	74.1	11.1
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	66.8	81.4	38.7	70.9	91.3	91.3	75.5	9.4
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	67.0	81.4	40.4	69.5	91.5	90.9	76.5	10.2
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	67.1	81.6	41.7	69.6	92.7	90.6	76.3	10.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	66.8	81.2	42.9	71.7	91.0	90.0	75.6	11.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	67.0	81.4	41.6	72.1	90.8	90.4	76.0	11.1
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	66.9	81.5	41.4	73.1	91.2	90.0	76.0	10.8
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.0	1.0	3.6	-0.3	-0.9	-0.5	0.6
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	54.2	73.8	52.5	68.5	74.7	79.3	71.3	10.9
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	54.1	73.5	49.0	62.7	76.1	80.7	70.8	11.6
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	54.9	74.6	49.7	67.4	78.0	79.2	73.3	12.4
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	55.1	75.1	48.0	68.6	77.6	80.1	74.0	12.1
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	55.1	75.0	45.1	67.6	77.4	80.7	73.8	12.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	55.4	75.3	43.8	69.3	77.6	80.6	74.2	13.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	55.3	75.2	40.9	70.5	77.4	80.2	74.6	13.1
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.6	-8.8	3.1	-0.5	0.9	1.2	0.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

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EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	2,450	2,075	355	12	*	1,726	723	117	118
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	2,464	2,097	347	12	*	1,747	716	112	125
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	2,511	2,118	372	14	*	1,767	742	113	121
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,524	2,135	372	10	*	1,771	752	123	121
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,525	2,133	374	10	*	1,764	761	133	123
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,543	2,130	392	11	10	1,773	769	137	120
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,546	2,141	384	12	*	1,783	762	144	116
	<i>Change on year</i>	35	23	12	-2	*	16	20	32	-5
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.1	3.2	-14.9	*	0.9	2.6	28.0	-4.0
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,320	1,059	251	*	*	1,150	169	47	53
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,323	1,073	242	*	*	1,163	160	46	56
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,341	1,076	257	*	*	1,166	174	49	61
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,347	1,082	259	*	*	1,172	175	52	63
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,346	1,078	261	*	*	1,167	179	52	63
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,353	1,070	274	*	*	1,177	175	54	60
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,356	1,079	268	*	*	1,184	172	56	56
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	3	11	*	*	17	-2	7	-6
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.2	4.3	*	*	1.5	-1.4	13.9	-9.3
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,131	1,016	103	*	*	576	554	70	64
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,141	1,025	106	*	*	584	557	66	69
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,170	1,042	115	*	*	601	568	64	60
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,177	1,053	113	*	*	600	576	71	58
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,179	1,055	113	*	*	596	582	81	60
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,190	1,059	118	*	*	595	594	83	61
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,190	1,062	116	*	*	599	590	89	61
	<i>Change on year</i>	20	20	1	*	*	-1	22	25	1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.7	1.9	0.6	*	*	-0.2	3.9	38.8	1.3

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	118	26	37	54	711	46	536	124
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	125	28	37	61	704	45	540	116
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	121	32	35	54	727	53	550	121
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	121	32	35	55	739	54	556	125
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	123	31	38	54	749	54	569	122
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	120	30	39	51	755	60	572	119
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	116	29	39	48	748	61	560	122
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-4	5	-6	22	8	10	2
	<i>Change %</i>	-4.0	-11.3	13.8	-11.1	3.0	15.0	1.8	1.6

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2}

South West

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYI			
All jobs	Sep 04	2,569	2,155	408	6
	Sep 05	2,575	2,189	381	5
	Sep 06	2,589	2,201	385	2
	Sep 07	2,647	2,220	425	2
	Dec 07	2,663	2,228	433	2
	Mar 08	2,645	2,208	435	2
	Jun 08	2,665	2,227	436	2
	Sep 08	2,676	2,234	440	2
	<i>Change on year</i>	29	14	15	0
<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.6	3.5	9.2	
		YXYX			
Male jobs	Sep 04	1,346	1,055	288	3
	Sep 05	1,331	1,070	259	3
	Sep 06	1,328	1,074	253	1
	Sep 07	1,375	1,088	287	1
	Dec 07	1,391	1,096	294	1
	Mar 08	1,383	1,084	298	1
	Jun 08	1,392	1,096	296	1
	Sep 08	1,392	1,098	293	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	17	10	6	0
<i>Change %</i>	1.2	0.9	2.3	9.7	
		YXZM			
Female jobs	Sep 04	1,223	1,100	120	3
	Sep 05	1,243	1,120	122	2
	Sep 06	1,261	1,128	132	1
	Sep 07	1,272	1,132	139	1
	Dec 07	1,272	1,132	139	1
	Mar 08	1,262	1,124	137	1
	Jun 08	1,273	1,131	141	1
	Sep 08	1,284	1,136	147	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	13	4	9	0
<i>Change %</i>	1.0	0.4	6.2	8.6	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark. Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
All jobs	Sep 05	2,188	2,189	24	15	252	102	1,086	711	
	Sep 06	2,200	2,201	28	17	253	99	1,078	727	
	Sep 07	2,218	2,220	29	18	252	107	1,095	720	
	Dec 07	2,222	2,228	25	18	252	111	1,102	721	
	Mar 08	2,220	2,208	29	18	250	106	1,088	718	
	Jun 08	2,223	2,227	32	18	248	111	1,098	720	
	Sep 08	2,232	2,234	31	18	247	121	1,090	726	
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		9							
	<i>Change %</i>		0.4							
	<i>Change on year</i>		14	14	2	0	-4	14	-4	6
	<i>Change %</i>		0.6	0.6	7.6	1.1	-1.7	13.2	-0.4	0.9
Male jobs	Sep 05	1,068	1,070	17	11	191	87	550	213	
	Sep 06	1,072	1,074	22	12	192	85	544	218	
	Sep 07	1,086	1,088	22	13	193	91	559	209	
	Dec 07	1,093	1,096	18	13	193	95	566	211	
	Mar 08	1,089	1,084	20	13	191	89	562	209	
	Jun 08	1,094	1,096	24	13	190	93	566	210	
	Sep 08	1,097	1,098	24	13	189	101	558	211	
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		2							
	<i>Change %</i>		0.2							
	<i>Change on year</i>		10	10	2	0	-4	10	-1	2
	<i>Change %</i>		0.9	0.9	11.1	1.6	-2.0	11.4	-0.2	0.9
Female jobs	Sep 05	1,120	1,120	7	3	60	15	537	498	
	Sep 06	1,128	1,128	6	5	61	15	533	509	
	Sep 07	1,132	1,132	7	5	59	16	535	510	
	Dec 07	1,129	1,132	7	5	59	16	537	509	
	Mar 08	1,131	1,124	8	5	59	16	526	509	
	Jun 08	1,128	1,131	8	5	59	17	533	510	
	Sep 08	1,135	1,136	7	5	58	19	532	515	
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		7							
	<i>Change %</i>		0.6							
	<i>Change on year</i>		4	4	0	0	-1	4	-3	4
	<i>Change %</i>		0.3	0.4	-3.0	-0.5	-1.0	23.2	-0.6	0.9

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South West

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹²	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹	Full-time ³	Part-time ³	Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	78	31.7	37.7	15.5	9.5
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	78	31.5	37.5	15.6	9.2
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	79	31.4	37.5	15.5	9.1
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	79	31.3	37.5	15.3	9.0
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	79	31.2	37.3	15.5	9.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	79	31.1	37.2	15.4	9.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	79	31.2	37.1	15.5	9.1
<i>Change on year</i>		1	-0.2	-0.5	0.1	0.0
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	-0.7	-1.2	0.3	-0.5
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	49	36.8	39.3	15.5	11.1
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	49	36.8	39.3	15.6	9.9
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	49	36.6	39.4	15.6	9.9
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	49	36.4	39.2	15.2	9.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	49	36.2	39.0	15.3	9.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	49	36.1	38.8	15.1	9.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	49	36.2	38.7	15.2	10.4
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.4	-0.7	-0.4	0.6
<i>Change %</i>		0.0	-1.1	-1.7	-2.7	5.9
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	29	25.8	34.6	15.4	8.3
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	29	25.4	33.9	15.6	8.7
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	30	25.4	34.0	15.4	8.6
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	30	25.4	34.1	15.4	8.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30	25.4	34.0	15.5	8.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30	25.3	33.9	15.5	8.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30	25.4	33.9	15.6	8.2
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	-0.3
<i>Change %</i>		1.9	0.1	-0.3	1.2	-4.0

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jul 06 - Jun 07									
Less than 6 Hours	2.0	1.1	3.0	1.5	0.9	2.1	4.0	2.3	7.9
6 up to 15 hours	8.5	4.2	13.6	8.5	4.0	13.1	8.4	4.8	16.3
16 up to 30 hours	19.3	8.3	31.9	19.2	6.7	32.0	20.1	14.7	32.2
31 up to 45 hours	49.5	55.9	42.1	51.9	59.5	44.1	36.7	40.9	27.5
Over 45 hours	20.7	30.5	9.4	19.0	28.9	8.8	30.7	37.3	16.1
Total (thousands)	2,511	1,341	1,170	2,118	1,076	1,042	372	257	115
Apr 07 - Mar 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.9	1.1	2.8	1.4	0.8	1.9	3.9	2.3	7.6
6 up to 15 hours	8.7	4.2	13.7	8.6	4.0	13.3	8.5	4.8	17.0
16 up to 30 hours	19.7	8.1	32.8	19.8	6.8	33.0	18.6	13.2	31.1
31 up to 45 hours	49.7	56.8	41.6	51.8	60.2	43.3	38.9	43.3	28.7
Over 45 hours	20.1	29.7	9.1	18.4	28.2	8.5	30.1	36.3	15.7
Total (thousands)	2,543	1,353	1,190	2,130	1,070	1,059	392	274	118
Jul 07 - Jun 08									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	0.9	2.7	1.3	0.7	1.9	3.6	1.8	7.9
6 up to 15 hours	8.5	4.2	13.3	8.3	3.9	12.8	8.8	4.9	17.9
16 up to 30 hours	19.6	7.6	33.3	19.8	6.4	33.4	18.1	12.3	31.7
31 up to 45 hours	50.4	57.7	42.0	52.4	61.0	43.8	39.4	44.5	27.8
Over 45 hours	19.8	29.6	8.7	18.1	28.0	8.0	30.0	36.6	14.7
Total (thousands)	2,546	1,356	1,190	2,141	1,079	1,062	384	268	116

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

CLAIMANT COUNT

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

South West

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2008	DPBB	DPBM			BCKF	DPAQ
	January	37.9	1.4	12.2	12.7	41.1	1.5
	February #	37.8	1.4	12.3	12.5	42.4	1.6
	March	38.0	1.4	12.2	12.0	41.4	1.5
	April	39.1	1.4	13.0	12.0	40.7	1.5
	May	40.2	1.5	13.3	12.1	40.7	1.5
	June #	41.8	1.5	13.9	12.2	41.0	1.5
	July	44.4	1.6	15.0	12.5	43.6	1.6
	August #	47.5	1.7	15.8	13.1	48.0	1.8
	September	49.8	1.8	16.7	14.5	49.2	1.8
	October	53.6	2.0	17.9	14.1	52.2	1.9
	November #	59.9	2.2	19.6	14.0	59.5	2.2
	December (r)	66.0	2.4	21.8	15.2	66.7	2.5
	2009						
	January (p)	71.5	2.6	22.1	16.3	76.8	2.8
	<i>Change on month</i>	5.5	0.2	0.3	1.1	10.1	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	8.3		1.4	7.2	15.1	
	<i>Change on year</i>	33.6	1.2	9.9	3.6	35.7	1.3
	<i>Change %</i>	88.7		81.1	28.3	86.8	
Men	2008	ZMOW	ZMOX				
	January	27.2	1.9	8.4	8.8	29.5	2.1
	February #	27.2	1.9	8.5	8.6	30.4	2.1
	March	27.4	1.9	8.4	8.3	29.8	2.1
	April	28.1	2.0	9.0	8.3	29.4	2.1
	May	28.9	2.0	9.2	8.3	29.5	2.1
	June #	30.1	2.1	9.6	8.4	29.6	2.1
	July	32.1	2.3	10.5	8.5	31.4	2.2
	August #	34.4	2.4	11.1	8.9	34.4	2.4
	September	36.2	2.6	11.8	10.0	35.3	2.5
	October	39.2	2.8	12.7	9.7	37.8	2.7
	November #	44.1	3.1	14.1	9.8	43.7	3.1
	December (r)	48.9	3.5	15.7	10.5	49.7	3.5
	2009						
	January (p)	52.8	3.7	15.6	11.3	56.8	4.0
	<i>Change on month</i>	3.9	0.3	-0.1	0.8	7.1	0.5
	<i>Change %</i>	8.0		-0.6	7.6	14.4	
	<i>Change on year</i>	25.6	1.8	7.2	2.5	27.3	1.9
	<i>Change %</i>	94.1		85.7	28.4	92.7	
Women	2008	ZMOY	ZMOZ				
	January	10.7	0.8	3.8	3.9	11.6	0.9
	February #	10.6	0.8	3.8	3.9	12.0	0.9
	March	10.6	0.8	3.8	3.7	11.6	0.9
	April	11.0	0.8	4.0	3.7	11.3	0.9
	May	11.3	0.9	4.1	3.8	11.2	0.9
	June #	11.7	0.9	4.3	3.8	11.3	0.9
	July	12.3	0.9	4.5	4.0	12.2	0.9
	August #	13.1	1.0	4.7	4.2	13.6	1.0
	September	13.6	1.0	4.9	4.5	14.0	1.1
	October	14.4	1.1	5.2	4.4	14.4	1.1
	November #	15.8	1.2	5.5	4.2	15.8	1.2
	December (r)	17.1	1.3	6.1	4.7	17.0	1.3
	2009						
	January (p)	18.7	1.4	6.5	5.0	20.0	1.5
	<i>Change on month</i>	1.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	3.0	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	9.4		6.6	6.4	17.4	
	<i>Change on year</i>	8.0	0.6	2.7	1.1	8.3	0.6
	<i>Change %</i>	74.8		71.1	28.2	71.7	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1		2		3				4		5		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
People													
2007													
January	51.0	50.8	37.4	7.4	6.0	11.8	1.5	14.9	12.8	1.7	0.4	2.7	0.1
2008													
January	41.1	41.0	32.1	4.8	4.1	10.0	1.2	12.1	10.9	1.0	0.3	2.5	0.1
February #	42.4	42.3	33.6	4.8	3.9	9.2	1.2	13.2	11.9	1.0	0.3	2.1	0.1
March	41.4	41.3	32.5	5.0	3.8	9.2	1.1	12.8	11.4	1.2	0.3	2.1	0.1
April	40.7	40.6	31.8	5.2	3.6	9.0	1.1	12.2	10.8	1.2	0.3	2.0	0.1
May	40.7	40.6	31.7	5.3	3.6	8.8	1.0	12.0	10.5	1.2	0.3	2.1	0.1
June #	41.0	40.7	31.8	5.4	3.5	8.6	1.0	11.9	10.5	1.2	0.3	2.1	0.1
July	43.6	43.5	34.5	5.6	3.4	7.9	1.0	13.4	11.9	1.3	0.2	1.9	0.1
August #	48.0	47.9	38.4	6.1	3.4	7.2	1.0	15.3	13.7	1.4	0.3	1.7	0.1
September	49.2	49.1	39.5	6.2	3.4	6.9	1.0	15.6	14.0	1.4	0.2	1.6	0.1
October	52.2	52.1	42.3	6.3	3.4	6.5	1.0	16.3	14.7	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.1
November #	59.5	59.4	49.1	6.7	3.5	5.9	0.9	18.2	16.6	1.4	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	66.7	66.6	55.6	7.4	3.6	5.3	0.9	20.2	18.5	1.5	0.2	1.2	0.1
2009													
January	76.8	76.7	64.3	8.6	3.8	5.0	0.9	22.7	20.5	1.9	0.3	1.2	0.1
Change on year	35.7	35.7	32.2	3.8	-0.3	-5.0	-0.3	10.6	9.7	0.9	0.0	-1.3	0.0
Change %	86.8	87.0	100.3	78.0	-6.6	-25.4	-25.4	86.8	88.9	93.9	-10.9	-2.4	-2.4
Men													
2007													
January	36.7	36.6	26.2	5.6	4.7	13.0	1.2	10.2	8.7	1.2	0.3	2.7	0.0
2008													
January	29.5	29.4	22.6	3.7	3.1	10.7	0.9	8.1	7.3	0.7	0.2	2.3	0.1
February #	30.4	30.3	23.6	3.7	3.0	10.0	0.9	8.9	8.0	0.7	0.2	2.1	0.1
March	29.8	29.7	23.1	3.7	2.9	9.9	0.8	8.6	7.7	0.8	0.2	2.0	0.1
April	29.4	29.3	22.6	3.9	2.8	9.6	0.8	8.3	7.4	0.8	0.2	1.9	0.1
May	29.5	29.4	22.6	4.0	2.8	9.4	0.8	8.2	7.2	0.8	0.2	1.9	0.1
June #	29.6	29.5	22.6	4.2	2.7	9.2	0.8	8.1	7.1	0.9	0.2	2.0	0.1
July	31.4	31.3	24.4	4.3	2.7	8.5	0.8	9.0	8.0	0.9	0.2	1.9	0.1
August #	34.4	34.3	27.0	4.7	2.7	7.8	0.7	10.3	9.1	1.0	0.2	1.8	0.1
September	35.3	35.2	27.8	4.8	2.7	7.6	0.7	10.5	9.3	1.0	0.2	1.7	0.1
October	37.8	37.8	30.2	4.9	2.6	7.0	0.7	11.1	10.0	1.0	0.2	1.4	0.0
November #	43.7	43.6	35.6	5.2	2.8	6.3	0.7	12.7	11.5	1.0	0.2	1.3	0.1
December	49.7	49.6	41.1	5.7	2.8	5.7	0.7	14.4	13.1	1.1	0.2	1.2	0.1
2009													
January	56.8	56.7	47.1	6.7	3.0	5.3	0.7	16.0	14.4	1.4	0.2	1.2	0.1
Change on year	27.3	27.3	24.4	3.0	-0.1	-5.4	-0.3	7.9	7.2	0.7	0.0	-1.1	0.0
Change %	92.7	92.8	108.0	82.4	-4.1	-28.0	-28.0	96.6	98.4	103.8	1.1	0.0	0.0
Women													
2007													
January	14.3	14.2	11.1	1.8	1.3	8.9	0.3	4.7	4.1	0.5	0.1	2.7	0.0
2008													
January	11.6	11.6	9.5	1.2	0.9	8.1	0.3	4.0	3.6	0.3	0.1	2.8	0.0
February #	12.0	12.0	9.9	1.2	0.9	7.4	0.3	4.3	3.9	0.3	0.1	2.3	0.0
March	11.6	11.6	9.5	1.2	0.9	7.4	0.3	4.2	3.7	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.0
April	11.3	11.3	9.2	1.3	0.8	7.2	0.3	3.9	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.3	0.0
May	11.2	11.2	9.1	1.3	0.8	7.2	0.3	3.8	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.4	0.0
June #	11.3	11.2	9.2	1.3	0.8	6.9	0.3	3.8	3.4	0.4	0.1	2.2	0.0
July	12.2	12.1	10.1	1.3	0.8	6.3	0.3	4.4	3.9	0.4	0.1	1.8	0.0
August #	13.6	13.6	11.4	1.4	0.8	5.5	0.3	5.0	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
September	14.0	13.9	11.7	1.4	0.7	5.3	0.3	5.1	4.6	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.0
October	14.4	14.3	12.1	1.4	0.7	5.2	0.3	5.2	4.7	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
November #	15.8	15.7	13.5	1.5	0.8	4.8	0.2	5.6	5.1	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
December	17.0	17.0	14.6	1.7	0.8	4.4	0.2	5.9	5.3	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.0
2009													
January	20.0	19.9	17.2	1.9	0.8	4.0	0.2	6.7	6.1	0.5	0.1	1.2	0.0
Change on year	8.3	8.4	7.7	0.8	-0.1	-4.1	0.0	2.7	2.5	0.2	0.0	-1.7	0.0
Change %	71.7	72.2	81.8	64.3	-14.9	-17.0	-17.0	67.2	69.7	73.2	-30.7	-6.5	-6.5

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

South West

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2007												
January	25.9	18.0	4.3	3.6	13.8	0.6	9.3	5.9	1.3	2.0	21.8	0.9
2008												
January	21.0	15.8	2.9	2.4	11.4	0.5	7.3	5.0	0.9	1.4	18.9	0.7
February #	21.3	16.1	2.9	2.3	11.0	0.5	7.2	5.0	0.9	1.3	17.7	0.6
March	21.0	15.8	2.9	2.3	11.0	0.5	7.0	4.8	0.9	1.2	17.4	0.5
April	20.8	15.6	3.0	2.2	10.7	0.5	7.1	5.0	0.9	1.2	16.4	0.5
May	21.0	15.7	3.1	2.2	10.4	0.5	7.1	5.0	1.0	1.1	15.8	0.5
June #	21.2	15.9	3.2	2.2	10.2	0.5	7.1	5.1	0.9	1.1	15.1	0.5
July	22.2	16.8	3.3	2.1	9.6	0.5	7.4	5.4	1.0	1.0	14.0	0.4
August #	24.2	18.5	3.6	2.2	9.0	0.5	8.0	5.9	1.1	1.0	12.5	0.4
September	25.0	19.2	3.7	2.2	8.7	0.5	8.2	6.1	1.1	1.0	12.0	0.4
October	26.6	20.7	3.7	2.2	8.2	0.5	8.8	6.6	1.3	1.0	10.9	0.4
November #	30.6	24.3	3.9	2.3	7.5	0.5	10.2	7.8	1.4	1.0	9.6	0.4
December	34.4	27.8	4.3	2.3	6.7	0.5	11.4	8.9	1.5	1.0	8.7	0.4
2009												
January	40.1	32.7	4.9	2.5	6.2	0.5	13.4	10.6	1.7	1.1	7.9	0.4
Change on year	19.0	16.9	2.0	0.1	-5.2	0.0	6.1	5.6	0.8	-0.3	-11.0	-0.3
Change %	90.4	107.2	70.9	3.5	0.2	83.8	113.4	84.0	-23.3			-46.4
Men												
2007												
January	19.7	13.3	3.4	2.9	14.8	0.5	6.3	3.8	1.0	1.5	24.4	0.7
2008												
January	16.0	11.8	2.3	1.9	12.0	0.4	5.0	3.3	0.7	1.0	20.7	0.5
February #	16.2	12.1	2.3	1.9	11.6	0.4	5.0	3.3	0.7	1.0	19.4	0.5
March	16.0	11.9	2.3	1.9	11.6	0.4	4.9	3.3	0.7	0.9	18.7	0.4
April	15.9	11.7	2.4	1.8	11.3	0.4	4.9	3.3	0.7	0.9	17.9	0.4
May	16.0	11.8	2.5	1.8	10.9	0.4	4.9	3.4	0.7	0.8	17.2	0.4
June #	16.3	12.0	2.6	1.7	10.6	0.4	4.9	3.4	0.7	0.8	16.7	0.4
July	17.0	12.6	2.7	1.7	10.1	0.4	5.1	3.6	0.7	0.8	15.1	0.3
August #	18.4	13.8	2.9	1.8	9.5	0.4	5.5	3.9	0.8	0.7	13.7	0.3
September	19.0	14.3	3.0	1.7	9.1	0.4	5.6	4.0	0.8	0.7	13.3	0.3
October	20.4	15.6	3.0	1.8	8.6	0.4	6.1	4.4	0.9	0.7	12.0	0.3
November #	23.6	18.6	3.2	1.8	7.8	0.4	7.1	5.4	1.0	0.7	10.5	0.3
December	26.9	21.5	3.5	1.9	7.0	0.3	8.1	6.2	1.1	0.8	9.4	0.3
2009												
January	31.0	25.0	4.0	2.0	6.5	0.3	9.5	7.4	1.3	0.8	8.5	0.3
Change on year	15.0	13.2	1.7	0.1	-5.5	0.0	4.5	4.1	0.6	-0.2	-12.2	-0.2
Change %	93.5	111.4	75.2	5.1	-4.9	89.3	125.2	86.4	-22.0			-47.6
Women												
2007												
January	6.3	4.7	0.9	0.7	10.7	0.1	2.9	2.1	0.4	0.5	16.0	0.2
2008												
January	5.0	3.9	0.6	0.5	9.7	0.1	2.3	1.7	0.3	0.3	14.8	0.2
February #	5.1	4.1	0.6	0.5	9.1	0.1	2.3	1.7	0.2	0.3	13.9	0.1
March	5.0	3.9	0.6	0.5	9.2	0.1	2.1	1.6	0.2	0.3	14.4	0.1
April	4.9	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.8	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	13.0	0.1
May	4.9	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.7	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	12.8	0.1
June #	5.0	3.9	0.6	0.4	8.7	0.1	2.2	1.7	0.2	0.3	11.6	0.1
July	5.2	4.2	0.6	0.4	8.1	0.1	2.3	1.8	0.3	0.3	11.5	0.1
August #	5.8	4.7	0.7	0.4	7.4	0.1	2.5	2.0	0.3	0.3	10.0	0.1
September	6.0	4.9	0.7	0.4	7.2	0.1	2.6	2.1	0.3	0.2	9.2	0.1
October	6.2	5.1	0.7	0.4	7.1	0.1	2.7	2.1	0.3	0.2	8.5	0.1
November #	6.9	5.8	0.7	0.4	6.4	0.1	3.1	2.5	0.4	0.2	7.6	0.1
December	7.5	6.3	0.8	0.4	5.9	0.1	3.3	2.7	0.4	0.2	6.9	0.1
2009												
January	9.1	7.7	0.9	0.5	5.2	0.1	3.9	3.2	0.5	0.2	6.3	0.1
Change on year	4.0	3.7	0.3	0.0	-4.5	0.0	1.6	1.5	0.2	-0.1	-8.5	-0.1
Change %	80.7	94.8	54.1	-2.5	19.4	71.8	90.6	77.7	-27.1			-42.2

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged						50 - 64 (m)	65+ (m)
		16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	2,539	2,422	75	315	488	934	610	117
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	2,559	2,443	69	309	492	950	623	116
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	2,610	2,483	71	330	500	949	632	127
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,624	2,496	73	332	501	955	634	128
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,629	2,496	72	338	498	956	633	133
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,643	2,504	71	339	497	958	639	139
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,646	2,507	68	345	497	957	640	139
	<i>Change on year</i>	36	24	-3	15	-3	7	8	12
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.0	-3.6	4.4	-0.7	0.8	1.3	9.1
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,373	1,328	37	174	266	492	360	45
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,377	1,338	34	171	268	494	371	39
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,396	1,354	33	177	271	495	377	42
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,402	1,358	35	177	272	495	379	44
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,404	1,359	35	184	268	492	379	46
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,411	1,364	36	183	268	494	383	47
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,411	1,365	35	184	269	494	383	46
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	11	2	7	-2	-2	6	4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.8	7.1	3.8	-0.7	-0.4	1.5	9.9
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,166	1,094	38	142	222	442	250	72
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,182	1,105	36	138	224	456	251	77
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,214	1,129	38	153	229	454	255	85
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,222	1,138	38	155	229	460	255	84
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,224	1,137	36	154	229	464	254	87
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,232	1,140	35	156	229	464	256	92
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,235	1,142	33	161	228	463	257	93
	<i>Change on year</i>	21	13	-5	8	-1	9	3	7
	<i>Change %</i>	1.7	1.2	-12.9	5.2	-0.6	2.0	1.0	8.7
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	62.8	80.9	57.4	77.5	85.3	87.5	74.5	11.1
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	62.6	80.7	52.3	73.5	86.3	88.0	75.6	10.9
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	63.2	81.4	53.1	76.2	88.0	87.2	76.4	11.8
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	63.3	81.7	54.6	76.0	88.1	87.6	76.7	11.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	63.3	81.5	53.5	76.7	87.5	87.4	76.7	12.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	63.4	81.7	52.9	76.5	87.2	87.6	77.3	12.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	63.3	81.6	51.4	77.3	86.9	87.5	77.5	12.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.3	-1.7	1.1	-1.0	0.3	1.0	0.8
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	70.2	85.1	55.0	82.1	93.7	93.8	76.0	11.4
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	69.5	84.8	49.3	78.4	94.4	93.3	77.5	9.7
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	69.7	84.9	48.2	79.0	95.0	93.0	77.9	10.3
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	69.8	84.9	50.4	78.4	95.3	93.0	78.0	10.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	69.7	84.8	51.2	80.9	94.0	92.2	77.8	11.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.9	85.0	51.7	79.9	93.7	92.6	78.5	11.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.7	84.8	51.8	79.9	93.5	92.5	78.4	11.1
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.9	-1.5	-0.6	0.5	0.8
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	55.9	76.2	60.0	72.6	77.1	81.3	72.5	11.0
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	56.1	76.3	55.4	68.3	78.3	82.9	72.8	11.7
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	57.0	77.5	58.3	73.1	80.9	81.6	74.4	12.6
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	57.2	78.1	59.2	73.4	80.9	82.4	75.0	12.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57.2	77.9	56.0	72.2	81.0	82.9	75.0	12.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	57.4	78.0	54.2	72.8	80.6	82.8	75.7	13.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57.4	78.1	50.9	74.5	80.3	82.7	76.1	13.4
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.6	-7.5	1.4	-0.6	1.1	1.7	0.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over					50 - 64 (m)		65+ (m)
		16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 59 (w)	60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Economically inactive									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	1,505	574	55	91	84	134	209	931
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	1,529	583	63	112	78	129	201	946
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	1,522	569	62	103	68	139	195	954
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,519	561	61	105	67	135	192	959
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,526	566	62	103	71	137	193	960
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,524	563	63	104	73	135	187	961
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,532	564	65	102	75	137	186	968
	<i>Change on year</i>	10	-5	2	-2	6	-2	-9	14
<i>Change %</i>	0.6	-0.8	3.4	-1.8	9.2	-1.8	-4.4	1.5	
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	584	232	30	38	18	32	114	351
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	603	240	35	47	16	35	108	363
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	606	241	36	47	14	37	107	365
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	606	241	34	49	13	37	107	365
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	609	244	34	43	17	42	108	365
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	609	242	33	46	18	39	105	367
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	614	244	33	46	19	40	106	371
	<i>Change on year</i>	8	3	-3	-1	4	3	-2	5
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	1.1	-7.5	-1.5	31.3	8.8	-1.6	1.4	
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	921	341	25	53	66	101	95	580
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	926	343	29	64	62	94	94	583
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	916	327	27	56	54	102	87	589
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	913	320	26	56	54	98	85	594
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	917	322	28	59	54	96	85	595
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	915	321	30	58	55	96	82	594
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	918	320	32	55	56	97	81	598
	<i>Change on year</i>	2	-7	5	-1	2	-6	-7	9
<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-2.2	17.8	-2.1	3.4	-5.6	-7.9	1.5	
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	37.2	19.1	42.6	22.5	14.7	12.5	25.5	88.9
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	37.4	19.3	47.7	26.5	13.7	12.0	24.4	89.1
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	36.8	18.6	46.9	23.8	12.0	12.8	23.6	88.2
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	36.7	18.3	45.4	24.0	11.9	12.4	23.3	88.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	36.7	18.5	46.5	23.3	12.5	12.6	23.3	87.8
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	36.6	18.3	47.1	23.5	12.8	12.4	22.7	87.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	36.7	18.4	48.6	22.7	13.1	12.5	22.5	87.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	-0.3	1.7	-1.1	1.0	-0.3	-1.0	-0.8
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	29.8	14.9	45.0	17.9	6.3	6.2	24.0	88.6
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	30.5	15.2	50.7	21.6	5.6	6.7	22.5	90.3
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	30.3	15.1	51.8	21.0	5.0	7.0	22.1	89.7
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	30.2	15.1	49.6	21.6	4.7	7.0	22.0	89.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	30.3	15.2	48.8	19.1	6.0	7.8	22.2	88.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	30.1	15.0	48.3	20.1	6.3	7.4	21.5	88.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	30.3	15.2	48.2	20.1	6.5	7.5	21.6	88.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.0	-3.6	-0.9	1.5	0.6	-0.5	-0.8
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	44.1	23.8	40.0	27.4	22.9	18.7	27.5	89.0
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	43.9	23.7	44.6	31.7	21.7	17.1	27.2	88.3
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	43.0	22.5	41.7	26.9	19.1	18.4	25.6	87.4
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	42.8	21.9	40.8	26.6	19.1	17.6	25.0	87.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	42.8	22.1	44.0	27.8	19.0	17.1	25.0	87.2
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	42.6	22.0	45.8	27.2	19.4	17.2	24.3	86.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	42.6	21.9	49.1	25.5	19.7	17.3	23.9	86.6
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.6	7.5	-1.4	0.6	-1.1	-1.7	-0.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South West

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic inactivity by reason								
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	574	121	168	11	137	*	68	65	428	146
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	583	145	153	12	140	*	59	72	432	151
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	569	134	151	14	147	*	56	64	421	147
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	561	133	147	14	144	*	54	68	412	149
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	566	132	148	16	147	*	56	65	412	154
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	563	134	148	15	145	*	55	64	406	157
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	564	137	150	14	142	*	54	66	405	159
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	2	-2	0	-5	*	-3	2	-16	12
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	1.8	-1.1	-0.3	-3.4	*	-5.0	2.4	-3.8	7.9
Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	232	60	15	*	76	*	48	27	172	60
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	240	73	13	*	77	*	42	27	175	65
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	241	72	13	*	84	*	39	26	176	65
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	241	70	14	*	83	*	38	28	172	69
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	244	67	12	*	89	*	40	27	172	72
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	242	70	12	*	85	*	40	26	172	70
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	244	72	12	*	86	*	40	27	172	72
	<i>Change on year</i>	3	-1	-2	*	2	*	0	1	-4	7
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	-0.7	-12.0	*	3.0	*	0.7	5.5	-2.5	10.8
Women	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	341	61	153	*	61	*	20	38	256	85
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	343	72	140	*	63	*	17	45	257	85
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	327	62	138	*	63	*	17	39	245	82
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	320	62	133	*	61	*	16	40	240	80
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	322	65	136	*	58	*	16	38	239	82
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	321	64	136	*	59	*	15	38	234	87
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	320	65	138	*	56	*	14	39	233	87
	<i>Change on year</i>	-7	3	0	*	-7	*	-3	0	-12	5
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.2	4.6	-0.1	*	-11.7	*	-18.3	0.4	-4.8	5.6

Percentage of economically inactive (%)

People	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	100.0	21.0	29.3	1.9	23.9	*	11.9	11.4	74.6	25.4	
	Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	100.0	24.9	26.2	2.0	24.0	*	10.1	12.4	74.1	25.9	
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	100.0	23.6	26.6	2.5	25.9	*	9.9	11.3	74.1	25.9	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	23.6	26.2	2.4	25.6	*	9.6	12.2	73.5	26.5	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	23.3	26.2	2.8	26.0	*	9.9	11.4	72.8	27.2	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	23.9	26.3	2.6	25.7	*	9.7	11.4	72.1	27.9	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	24.2	26.6	2.5	25.2	*	9.5	11.7	71.9	28.1	
	Men	Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	100.0	25.8	6.6	*	32.7	*	20.5	11.5	74.1	25.9
		Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	100.0	30.5	5.5	*	31.9	*	17.3	11.3	72.8	27.2
Jul 2006 - Jun 2007		100.0	29.9	5.5	*	34.7	*	16.3	10.7	73.1	26.9	
Oct 2006 - Sep 2007		100.0	29.2	5.7	*	34.4	*	15.8	11.8	71.3	28.7	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		100.0	27.6	4.9	*	36.4	*	16.5	11.0	70.7	29.3	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		100.0	29.1	5.0	*	35.3	*	16.4	10.8	71.2	28.8	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		100.0	29.3	4.8	*	35.3	*	16.2	11.1	70.6	29.4	
Women		Jul 2004 - Jun 2005	100.0	17.8	44.8	*	18.0	*	6.0	11.3	75.0	25.0
		Jul 2005 - Jun 2006	100.0	21.0	40.7	*	18.4	*	5.0	13.1	75.1	24.9
	Jul 2006 - Jun 2007	100.0	19.0	42.2	*	19.4	*	5.2	11.8	74.9	25.1	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	19.5	41.6	*	19.0	*	5.0	12.5	75.1	24.9	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	20.1	42.4	*	18.1	*	5.0	11.8	74.4	25.6	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	19.9	42.3	*	18.5	*	4.7	11.8	72.8	27.2	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	20.3	43.1	*	17.5	*	4.3	12.1	72.9	27.1	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008							2006		
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,315	74.4	1,594	5.2	8,066	21.4	828,410	2.2	33,175	0.88	
Regional total	3,112	2,546	78.5	100	3.8	564	18.4	40,173	1.3	2,772	0.89	
Bath and North East Somerset UA	113	91	78.1	3	3.4	21	18.9	985	0.9	106	0.94	
Bournemouth UA	101	77	74.1	4	4.7	21	22.0	1,591	1.6	96	0.95	
Bristol, City of UA	283	214	73.8	10	4.5	66	23.4	5,165	1.8	278	0.98	
North Somerset UA	121	105	82.9	3	3.0	18	15.1	1,168	1.0	97	0.80	
Plymouth UA	160	119	73.6	7	5.8	34	21.5	3,310	2.1	137	0.85	
Poole UA	81	65	78.5	2	3.3	15	19.3	827	1.0	87	1.08	
South Gloucestershire UA	159	139	83.2	4	2.9	22	14.2	1,249	0.8	163	1.02	
Swindon UA	121	101	82.2	4	4.0	17	14.2	1,978	1.6	131	1.09	
Torbay UA	76	59	74.0	3	5.5	16	21.0	1,715	2.3	69	0.90	
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	311	246	74.5			66	21.2	5,165	1.8	250	0.80	
Caradon	49	40	76.1	2	4.1	10	19.6	553	1.1	32	0.66	
Carrick	54	43	72.2	2	4.2	12	22.9	818	1.5	57	1.06	
Kerrier	58	43	72.3	2	4.6	13	21.6	837	1.4	42	0.72	
North Cornwall	49	44	84.0	1	3.2	7	13.5	587	1.2	41	0.82	
Penwith	37	30	71.8	1	4.6	9	23.9	705	1.9	29	0.77	
Restormel	61	46	71.4	2	4.7	15	25.2	991	1.6	47	0.78	
Isles of Scilly	1	#	#	#	#	#	#	5	0.4	1	1.15	
Devon	439	362	79.0			78	18.0	4,800	1.1	380	0.87	
East Devon	70	65	84.6	2	2.9	9	13.2	589	0.8	64	0.90	
Exeter	83	62	75.4	3	4.5	17	21.8	1,024	1.2	95	1.14	
Mid Devon	44	35	76.5	1	3.4	9	20.1	456	1.0	32	0.72	
North Devon	53	45	81.2	2	4.2	9	16.3	711	1.3	46	0.87	
South Hams	48	40	77.9	1	3.4	9	19.9	432	0.9	47	0.98	
Teignbridge	72	61	81.5	2	3.3	12	16.4	680	0.9	49	0.67	
Torridge	37	26	65.1	2	5.5	10	26.5	642	1.7	24	0.65	
West Devon	30	27	88.2	1	2.9	3	9.3	267	0.9	23	0.79	
Dorset	223	187	78.8			41	18.7	1,840	0.8	187	0.84	
Christchurch	23	16	67.7	1	4.3	6	25.5	217	0.9	21	0.93	
East Dorset	45	40	80.3	1	2.7	8	17.9	276	0.6	37	0.82	
North Dorset	38	30	79.2	1	2.6	7	18.8	234	0.6	31	0.82	
Purbeck	26	24	85.9	1	2.4	3	10.0	171	0.7	22	0.82	
West Dorset	52	46	81.1	1	2.7	9	17.4	359	0.7	54	1.03	
Weymouth and Portland	39	30	75.2	1	4.0	9	23.5	583	1.5	22	0.57	
Gloucestershire	352	303	82.7			51	14.7	5,195	1.5	301	0.86	
Cheltenham	70	58	81.6	3	4.7	9	13.2	1,343	1.9	61	0.86	
Cotswold	49	45	83.1	1	2.4	7	14.9	372	0.8	44	0.90	
Forest of Dean	49	39	75.8	2	4.2	11	22.3	745	1.5	32	0.65	
Gloucester	71	60	83.0	3	4.5	9	13.2	1,452	2.0	71	1.00	
Stroud	66	59	85.8	2	3.0	9	13.5	702	1.1	54	0.82	
Tewkesbury	47	43	86.3	1	3.2	6	12.4	581	1.2	39	0.84	
Somerset	303	255	79.9			52	17.2	3,339	1.1	257	0.85	
Mendip	65	57	81.7	2	3.5	10	15.8	696	1.1	50	0.78	
Sedgemoor	66	52	75.8	2	4.3	12	18.7	925	1.4	49	0.75	
South Somerset	91	78	81.8	2	3.1	14	15.9	790	0.9	81	0.89	
Taunton Deane	64	53	81.1	2	3.2	11	16.9	676	1.1	63	0.99	
West Somerset	19	15	74.3	1	4.2	4	24.1	252	1.3	14	0.76	

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008						2006			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Wiltshire	270	223	79.1			46	17.5	2,515	0.9	233	0.86	
Kennet	47	37	75.5	1	3.0	10	21.8	340	0.7	38	0.81	
North Wiltshire	81	65	79.0	2	3.2	13	16.3	718	0.9	68	0.85	
Salisbury	68	61	84.9	2	2.6	8	11.9	497	0.7	67	0.98	
West Wiltshire	74	60	76.4	3	4.1	16	21.3	961	1.3	60	0.81	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.
 4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008							2006	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷	
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵	Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,315	74.4	1,594	5.2	8,066	21.4	828,410	2.2	33,175	0.88
Regional total	3,112	2,546	78.5	100	3.8	564	18.4	40,173	1.3	2,772	0.89
Bath	64	51	76.1	1	2.7	14	21.7	654	1.0	71	1.11
Bournemouth East	49	38	77.1	2	4.2	9	19.4	780	1.6	41	0.83
Bournemouth West	50	39	71.5	2	5.3	12	24.3	810	1.6	55	1.10
Bridgwater	58	49	73.8	4	7.0	13	20.4	901	1.6	45	0.79
Bristol East	67	58	76.6	3	5.4	14	18.8	1,686	2.5	71	1.05
Bristol North West	71	57	75.9	3	5.1	15	20.0	1,083	1.5	77	1.09
Bristol South	64	59	74.5	2	2.5	18	23.5	1,233	1.9	47	0.73
Bristol West	91	60	72.2	1	1.2	21	26.9	1,133	1.2	114	1.25
Cheltenham	59	48	80.4	3	5.6	9	14.7	1,238	2.1	52	0.87
Christchurch	45	37	71.8	3	6.4	11	23.1	370	0.8	39	0.87
Cotswold	53	49	83.8	#	#	8	14.3	398	0.7	48	0.91
Devizes	70	56	75.2	2	3.6	15	21.7	634	0.9	55	0.78
East Devon	48	42	84.1	1	2.1	6	13.9	428	0.9	41	0.86
Exeter	81	62	75.4	2	3.5	17	21.8	1,024	1.3	95	1.18
Falmouth & Camborne	59	46	68.8	4	8.8	15	24.3	1,001	1.7	46	0.79
Forest of Dean	52	41	75.8	#	#	11	22.4	766	1.5	33	0.65
Gloucester	70	60	83.0	3	4.2	9	13.2	1,452	2.1	71	1.01
Kingswood	68	54	82.0	2	3.3	10	15.3	819	1.2	45	0.66
Mid Dorset & North Poole	51	45	82.8	2	3.4	7	14.4	368	0.7	35	0.69
North Cornwall	68	55	78.3	2	2.8	13	19.3	994	1.5	55	0.81
North Devon	56	48	79.5	2	3.1	10	17.8	731	1.3	48	0.86
North Dorset	55	44	81.1	1	2.1	9	17.5	327	0.6	49	0.88
North Swindon	61	54	85.6	2	3.1	7	11.6	824	1.4	59	0.97
North Wiltshire	65	52	78.9	4	6.4	10	15.5	552	0.8	58	0.89
Northavon	65	55	83.2	1	2.0	9	14.9	401	0.6	84	1.30
Plymouth, Devonport	61	41	72.6	3	6.9	12	22.3	1,345	2.2	55	0.91
Plymouth, Sutton	65	47	68.5	3	5.8	19	27.2	1,679	2.6	60	0.93
Poole	48	38	77.5	1	2.9	9	20.2	576	1.2	63	1.31
Salisbury	65	57	85.3	2	3.0	7	11.8	474	0.7	65	0.99
Somerton & Frome	60	54	81.0	2	2.9	10	16.4	501	0.8	43	0.72
South Dorset	54	43	76.5	1	2.0	12	21.9	686	1.3	36	0.68
South East Cornwall	61	51	78.2	3	4.8	11	18.4	682	1.1	41	0.68
South Swindon	61	51	78.9	3	5.0	11	17.1	1,176	1.9	64	1.04
South West Devon	55	47	81.8	3	5.5	8	13.8	442	0.8	44	0.80
St Ives	57	45	73.8	2	4.9	13	22.1	929	1.6	41	0.72
Stroud	61	54	85.6	#	#	8	13.6	676	1.1	50	0.81
Taunton	66	54	81.1	1	2.2	11	16.9	691	1.0	64	0.97
Teignbridge	64	55	80.9	1	2.6	11	16.8	617	1.0	44	0.69
Tewkesbury	54	52	87.0	2	2.9	6	10.7	664	1.2	47	0.85
Tiverton & Honiton	63	56	81.2	2	3.1	10	16.0	597	0.9	53	0.83
Torbay	57	43	74.2	2	5.2	12	21.7	1,362	2.4	54	0.94
Torrige & West Devon	64	53	75.0	4	6.8	13	19.1	898	1.4	46	0.72
Totnes	53	46	78.3	2	4.3	10	17.9	702	1.3	45	0.84
Truro & St Austell	63	49	73.4	3	5.4	14	22.0	888	1.4	66	1.03
Wansdyke	56	51	81.3	2	4.4	9	14.8	391	0.7	39	0.70
Wells	60	48	83.3	1	1.6	9	15.7	635	1.1	47	0.79
West Dorset	50	44	82.2	1	1.4	8	16.6	340	0.7	52	1.05

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008							2006	
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷	
	Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵			Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Westbury	65	54	77.3	2	2.9	14	20.6	832	1.3	53	0.81
Weston-Super-Mare	62	53	81.3	2	3.1	10	16.0	883	1.4	48	0.78
Woodspring	57	52	84.5	1	1.8	8	14.3	286	0.5	49	0.86
Yeovil	59	50	80.7	2	3.5	9	16.2	612	1.0	57	0.97

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
 2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
 3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
 4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
 5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
 6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
 7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.
~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008						2006			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,315	74.4	1,594	5.2	8,066	21.4	828,410	2.2	33,175	0.88	
Regional total	3,112	2,546	78.5	100	3.8	564	18.4	40,173	1.3	2,772	0.89	
Barnstaple	51	44	81.5	1	2.8	8	16.0	691	1.4	..	..
Bath	127	111	78.5	4	3.8	25	18.3	1,233	1.0	..	..
Bideford	30	21	65.4	3	11.5	8	25.6	578	1.9	..	..
Bournemouth	178	138	74.1	7	5.2	37	21.7	2,212	1.2	..	..
Bridgwater	56	46	75.3	3	6.8	11	19.0	866	1.6	..	..
Bridport & Lyme Regis	16	13	80.7	#	#	3	17.1	132	0.8	..	..
Bristol	588	488	78.8	15	3.0	111	18.7	7,846	1.3	..	..
Bude & Holsworthy	17	13	75.6	#	#	3	21.3	232	1.4	..	..
Cheltenham & Evesham	146	127	82.0	5	3.5	22	15.0	2,262	1.5	..	..
Dorchester & Weymouth	69	58	78.2	1	1.5	14	20.6	795	1.2	..	..
Exeter & Newton Abbot	203	164	79.3	4	2.6	36	18.5	2,123	1.0	..	..
Falmouth & Helston	40	31	69.5	3	9.1	10	23.2	626	1.6	..	..
Gloucester	108	91	82.9	3	3.0	15	14.4	1,827	1.7	..	..
Honiton & Axminster	28	29	84.4	1	4.0	4	11.7	246	0.9	..	..
Kingsbridge & Dartmouth	15	13	81.2	#	#	2	16.3	136	0.9	..	..
Launceston	14	16	93.6	#	#	#	6.4	157	1.1	..	..
Minehead	16	11	70.2	#	#	4	27.7	234	1.4	..	..
Okehampton	13	16	89.2	#	#	1	8.8	127	1.0	..	..
Paignton & Totnes	50	43	75.1	2	5.0	11	20.7	903	1.8	..	..
Penzance & Isles of Scilly	38	29	71.6	1	4.3	9	24.8	695	1.8	..	..
Plymouth	228	172	75.4	10	5.5	45	20.5	3,919	1.7	..	..
Poole	112	94	80.9	3	2.8	19	16.9	1,004	0.9	..	..
Salisbury	81	73	85.4	2	2.4	10	12.4	575	0.7	..	..
Shaftesbury & Blandford Forum	43	34	79.2	1	3.0	7	18.2	262	0.6	..	..
St Austell	91	70	72.4	4	5.7	21	23.2	1,397	1.5	..	..
Swindon	290	241	81.5	9	3.6	44	15.4	3,496	1.2	..	..
Taunton	70	61	82.3	1	2.0	11	16.0	714	1.0	..	..
Tiverton	29	25	76.7	1	4.6	6	19.3	330	1.2	..	..
Torquay	43	32	74.8	2	5.3	9	20.9	1,007	2.4	..	..
Trowbridge & Warminster	93	76	76.2	4	4.8	19	20.1	1,193	1.3	..	..
Truro, Redruth & Camborne	71	54	73.8	3	5.9	15	21.3	1,026	1.5	..	..
Wadebridge	15	11	72.1	#	#	3	22.5	118	0.8	..	..
Wells & Shepton Mallet	47	39	84.7	1	2.9	6	13.3	446	0.9	..	..
Yeovil & Chard	98	85	81.1	2	2.7	16	16.5	823	0.8	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		July 2007 to June 2008						2006		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ^f		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,904	29,315	74.4	1,594	5.2	8,066	21.4	828,410	2.2	33,175	0.88
Regional total	3,112	2,546	78.5	100	3.8	564	18.4	40,173	1.3	2,772	0.89
Gloucester, Wiltshire and North Somerset											
Bristol, City of	283	214	73.8	8	3.6	66	23.4	5,165	1.8	278	0.98
North & North East Somerset, South Gloucestershire	392	336	81.6	10	3.1	62	15.8	3,402	0.9	365	0.93
Gloucestershire	352	303	82.7	9	3.2	51	14.6	5,195	1.5	301	0.86
Swindon	121	101	82.2	4	4.2	17	14.2	1,978	1.6	131	1.09
Wiltshire CC	270	223	79.1	9	4.1	46	17.5	2,515	0.9	233	0.86
Dorset and Somerset											
Bournemouth & Poole	182	142	76.1	6	4.1	37	20.8	2,418	1.3	183	1.01
Dorset CC	223	187	78.8	6	3.2	41	18.7	1,840	0.8	187	0.84
Somerset	303	255	79.9	9	3.7	52	17.2	3,339	1.1	257	0.85
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly											
Cornwall & Isles of Scilly	311	246	74.5	14	5.6	66	21.2	4,495	1.4	250	0.80
Devon											
Plymouth	160	119	73.6	8	6.5	34	21.5	3,310	2.1	137	0.85
Torbay	76	59	74.0	4	6.4	16	21.0	1,715	2.3	69	0.90
Devon CC	439	362	79.0	13	3.7	78	18	4,800	1.1	380	0.87

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 JANUARY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	958,622	324,023	1,282,645	4.9	1.8	3.4	348,515	103,588	452,103	1.8	0.6	1.2
Regional total	56,839	19,975	76,814	3.5	1.4	2.5	27,345	8,343	35,688	1.7	0.6	1.1
Bath and North East Somerset UA	1,351	405	1,756	2.3	0.8	1.6	633	142	775	1.1	0.3	0.7
Bournemouth UA	2,342	750	3,092	4.4	1.6	3.1	1,120	364	1,484	2.1	0.8	1.5
Bristol, City of UA	6,235	1,937	8,172	4.2	1.4	2.9	2,593	614	3,207	1.7	0.5	1.1
North Somerset UA	1,737	630	2,367	2.7	1.1	2.0	878	346	1,224	1.4	0.6	1.0
Plymouth UA	4,035	1,288	5,323	4.8	1.7	3.3	1,596	419	2,015	1.9	0.6	1.3
Poole UA	1,396	517	1,913	3.3	1.3	2.4	810	268	1,078	1.9	0.7	1.3
South Gloucestershire UA	1,981	724	2,705	2.4	1.0	1.7	1,139	368	1,507	1.4	0.5	0.9
Swindon UA	3,241	1,109	4,350	5.1	2.0	3.6	1,962	593	2,555	3.1	1.0	2.1
Torbay UA	2,443	781	3,224	6.1	2.2	4.2	1,097	304	1,401	2.7	0.8	1.8
Cornwall and the Isles of Scilly	6,424	2,574	8,998	3.9	1.7	2.9	2,792	954	3,746	1.7	0.6	1.2
Caradon	795	344	1,139	3.1	1.5	2.3	400	123	523	1.5	0.5	1.1
Carrick	1,072	406	1,478	3.8	1.6	2.7	418	156	574	1.5	0.6	1.1
Kerrier	1,137	434	1,571	3.7	1.6	2.7	477	170	647	1.5	0.6	1.1
North Cornwall	906	392	1,298	3.5	1.7	2.6	442	123	565	1.7	0.5	1.1
Penwith	1,019	360	1,379	5.2	2.0	3.7	433	133	566	2.2	0.7	1.5
Restormel	1,488	636	2,124	4.6	2.2	3.5	620	250	870	1.9	0.9	1.4
Isles of Scilly	7	2	9	1.0	0.4	0.7	2	-1	1	0.3	-0.2	0.1
Devon	6,951	2,660	9,611	3.0	1.3	2.2	3,282	1,106	4,388	1.4	0.5	1.0
East Devon	940	329	1,269	2.5	1.0	1.8	480	126	606	1.3	0.4	0.9
Exeter	1,339	492	1,831	3.1	1.3	2.2	610	214	824	1.4	0.5	1.0
Mid Devon	675	244	919	2.9	1.2	2.1	344	89	433	1.5	0.4	1.0
North Devon	1,051	422	1,473	3.7	1.7	2.8	421	180	601	1.5	0.7	1.1
South Hams	630	286	916	2.5	1.3	1.9	306	132	438	1.2	0.6	0.9
Teignbridge	1,169	397	1,566	3.1	1.2	2.2	646	166	812	1.7	0.5	1.1
Torridge	809	344	1,153	4.1	2.0	3.1	322	141	463	1.6	0.8	1.2
West Devon	338	146	484	2.1	1.1	1.6	153	58	211	1.0	0.4	0.7
Dorset	2,933	1,094	4,027	2.5	1.0	1.8	1,504	480	1,984	1.3	0.5	0.9
Christchurch	405	138	543	3.4	1.3	2.4	239	69	308	2.0	0.6	1.3
East Dorset	486	212	698	2.1	1.0	1.5	292	122	414	1.2	0.6	0.9
North Dorset	363	137	500	1.8	0.8	1.3	202	38	240	1.0	0.2	0.6
Purbeck	319	128	447	2.3	1.0	1.7	195	69	264	1.4	0.6	1.0
West Dorset	527	209	736	1.9	0.8	1.4	236	87	323	0.9	0.4	0.6
Weymouth and Portland	833	270	1,103	4.0	1.5	2.9	340	95	435	1.6	0.5	1.1
Gloucestershire	7,161	2,337	9,498	3.9	1.4	2.7	3,423	921	4,344	1.9	0.6	1.2
Cheltenham	1,702	523	2,225	4.6	1.6	3.2	723	205	928	2.0	0.6	1.3
Cotswold	566	217	783	2.2	0.9	1.6	313	109	422	1.2	0.5	0.9
Forest of Dean	1,032	441	1,473	4.0	1.9	3.0	528	189	717	2.0	0.8	1.5
Gloucester	2,001	578	2,579	5.4	1.7	3.6	924	232	1,156	2.5	0.7	1.6
Stroud	1,042	327	1,369	3.0	1.1	2.1	525	127	652	1.5	0.4	1.0
Tewkesbury	818	251	1,069	3.3	1.1	2.3	410	59	469	1.7	0.3	1.0
Somerset	4,823	1,705	6,528	3.0	1.2	2.2	2,335	745	3,080	1.5	0.5	1.0
Mendip	1,058	393	1,451	3.1	1.3	2.2	579	177	756	1.7	0.6	1.2
Sedgemoor	1,327	488	1,815	3.9	1.6	2.8	599	230	829	1.7	0.7	1.3
South Somerset	1,158	396	1,554	2.4	0.9	1.7	597	170	767	1.2	0.4	0.8
Taunton Deane	976	316	1,292	3.0	1.0	2.0	480	146	626	1.5	0.5	1.0
West Somerset	304	112	416	3.1	1.3	2.2	80	22	102	0.8	0.2	0.5
Wiltshire	3,786	1,464	5,250	2.6	1.2	1.9	2,181	719	2,900	1.5	0.6	1.1
Kennet	553	210	763	2.2	1.0	1.6	331	110	441	1.3	0.5	0.9
North Wiltshire	1,157	453	1,610	2.7	1.2	2.0	710	233	943	1.7	0.6	1.2
Salisbury	767	303	1,070	2.1	0.9	1.6	430	156	586	1.2	0.5	0.9
West Wiltshire	1,309	498	1,807	3.4	1.4	2.4	710	220	930	1.8	0.6	1.3

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

LOCAL AREA DATA

South West

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 JANUARY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	958,622	324,023	1,282,645	4.9	1.8	3.4	348,515	103,588	452,103	1.8	0.6	1.2
Regional total	56,839	19,975	76,814	3.5	1.4	2.5	27,345	8,343	35,688	1.7	0.6	1.1
Bath	772	249	1,021	2.3	0.8	1.6	290	86	376	0.9	0.3	0.6
Bournemouth East	1,132	362	1,494	4.4	1.5	3.0	523	169	692	2.0	0.7	1.4
Bournemouth West	1,210	388	1,598	4.6	1.6	3.2	597	195	792	2.2	0.8	1.6
Bridgwater	1,226	435	1,661	4.1	1.6	2.9	510	191	701	1.7	0.7	1.2
Bristol East	1,880	579	2,459	5.3	1.8	3.6	685	140	825	1.9	0.4	1.2
Bristol North West	1,452	464	1,916	3.9	1.4	2.7	667	206	873	1.8	0.6	1.2
Bristol South	1,641	497	2,138	5.0	1.6	3.4	779	188	967	2.4	0.6	1.5
Bristol West	1,323	429	1,752	2.8	1.0	1.9	546	144	690	1.1	0.3	0.8
Cheltenham	1,533	482	2,015	4.9	1.7	3.4	627	195	822	2.0	0.7	1.4
Christchurch	667	254	921	2.9	1.2	2.1	387	141	528	1.7	0.7	1.2
Cotswold	617	231	848	2.2	0.9	1.6	350	115	465	1.3	0.5	0.9
Devizes	974	349	1,323	2.6	1.1	1.9	558	166	724	1.5	0.5	1.0
East Devon	670	241	911	2.6	1.1	1.9	333	86	419	1.3	0.4	0.9
Exeter	1,339	492	1,831	3.2	1.3	2.3	610	214	824	1.4	0.6	1.0
Falmouth & Camborne	1,310	479	1,789	4.3	1.7	3.0	534	187	721	1.8	0.7	1.2
Forest of Dean	1,054	456	1,510	3.9	1.9	2.9	540	190	730	2.0	0.8	1.4
Gloucester	2,001	578	2,579	5.5	1.7	3.7	924	232	1,156	2.5	0.7	1.6
Kingswood	1,160	398	1,558	3.3	1.2	2.3	589	167	756	1.7	0.5	1.1
Mid Dorset & North Poole	680	271	951	2.6	1.1	1.9	443	147	590	1.7	0.6	1.2
North Cornwall	1,513	674	2,187	4.2	2.1	3.2	682	224	906	1.9	0.7	1.3
North Devon	1,078	432	1,510	3.7	1.6	2.7	433	184	617	1.5	0.7	1.1
North Dorset	539	218	757	1.8	0.8	1.4	317	85	402	1.1	0.3	0.7
North Swindon	1,497	498	1,995	4.7	1.7	3.3	987	290	1,277	3.1	1.0	2.1
North Wiltshire	899	372	1,271	2.6	1.2	1.9	555	194	749	1.6	0.6	1.1
Northavon	649	244	893	1.9	0.8	1.4	394	114	508	1.1	0.4	0.8
Plymouth, Devonport	1,649	580	2,229	5.3	2.0	3.7	676	202	878	2.2	0.7	1.4
Plymouth, Sutton	2,014	567	2,581	5.7	1.9	4.0	738	175	913	2.1	0.6	1.4
Poole	943	325	1,268	3.8	1.4	2.6	508	162	670	2.0	0.7	1.4
Salisbury	724	292	1,016	2.1	1.0	1.6	407	148	555	1.2	0.5	0.9
Somerton & Frome	780	296	1,076	2.5	1.0	1.8	429	138	567	1.4	0.5	0.9
South Dorset	993	343	1,336	3.5	1.4	2.5	420	129	549	1.5	0.5	1.0
South East Cornwall	1,018	430	1,448	3.2	1.5	2.4	511	164	675	1.6	0.6	1.1
South Swindon	1,786	621	2,407	5.5	2.1	3.9	1,001	308	1,309	3.1	1.1	2.1
South West Devon	613	242	855	2.1	0.9	1.5	308	85	393	1.1	0.3	0.7
St Ives	1,344	504	1,848	4.4	1.9	3.2	572	185	757	1.9	0.7	1.3
Stroud	991	313	1,304	3.1	1.1	2.1	488	121	609	1.5	0.4	1.0
Taunton	981	326	1,307	2.9	1.0	2.0	479	150	629	1.4	0.5	1.0
Teignbridge	1,068	363	1,431	3.2	1.2	2.2	589	152	741	1.8	0.5	1.2
Tewkesbury	965	277	1,242	3.4	1.1	2.3	494	68	562	1.7	0.3	1.0
Tiverton & Honiton	918	322	1,240	2.8	1.1	2.0	479	125	604	1.4	0.4	1.0
Torbay	1,906	564	2,470	6.4	2.1	4.3	830	201	1,031	2.8	0.7	1.8
Torrige & West Devon	1,130	476	1,606	3.3	1.6	2.5	463	190	653	1.4	0.6	1.0
Totnes	1,044	450	1,494	3.7	1.8	2.8	516	215	731	1.9	0.9	1.4
Truro & St Austell	1,239	487	1,726	3.8	1.6	2.7	493	194	687	1.5	0.6	1.1
Wansdyke	690	206	896	2.4	0.8	1.6	415	79	494	1.4	0.3	0.9
Wells	952	359	1,311	3.0	1.3	2.2	475	135	610	1.5	0.5	1.0
West Dorset	507	200	707	1.9	0.8	1.4	239	84	323	0.9	0.4	0.6
Westbury	1,147	441	1,588	3.4	1.4	2.4	635	206	841	1.9	0.7	1.3
Weston-Super-Mare	1,186	445	1,631	3.6	1.5	2.6	527	231	758	1.6	0.8	1.2
Woodspring	551	185	736	1.8	0.7	1.3	351	115	466	1.2	0.4	0.8
Yeovil	884	289	1,173	2.9	1.0	2.0	442	131	573	1.4	0.5	1.0

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.