



13 May 2009

## **CORRECTION**

### **First release: Regional labour market statistics May 2009**

An error has been detected in Tables 16 and 17 of the regional labour market statistics release, originally published on 12 May 2009, affecting all regions identically. In the UK line, at the top of these pages, the rate for men was repeated in the column for women, while the correct figure for women appeared in the column for people.

A corrected version of the release is attached.

ONS apologises for any inconvenience caused.

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Coverage  
South East

Theme  
Labour Market



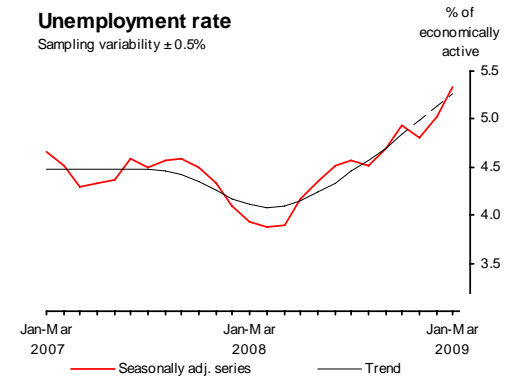
## Labour market statistics May 2009: South East

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Labour Force Survey data for the South East indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, and the rate in the latest period is significantly lower than a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago.

Data for the three months to March 2009 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 78.2 per cent, down 1.3 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.3 per cent, up 1.4 percentage points on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to April 2009.



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Jan-Mar 09	4,194	78.2	-37	± 82	-1.3	± 1.2
Unemployment**	Jan-Mar 09	236	5.3	63	± 28	1.4	± 0.6
Economically active*	Jan-Mar 09	4,430	82.8	27	± 80	-0.1	± 1.1
Economically inactive+	Jan-Mar 09	873	17.2	7	± 75	0.1	± 1.1
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Dec 2008	4,331		-79	..		
Claimant count	Apr 2009	148.3	3.3**	82.3		1.8	

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

.. Not available.

### New this month:

January to March 2009 data: latest three-month average LFS results;  
April 2009 data: claimant count.

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12 August 2009

**Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the South East was 78.2 per cent in the January to March 2009 period, down 1.3 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 4.19 million in the January to March 2009 period, down 37,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 23,000 on the same period a year earlier to 2.26 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 1.7 percentage points on a year earlier to 82.4 per cent.



LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of female employment, down 14,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.93 million. The female working age employment rate decreased 0.8 percentage points on a year earlier to 73.6 per cent.



Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 42,000 in the quarter to December 2008.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 31,000 in the year to December 2008. This was due to decreases in production and service sector partly offset by an increase in construction jobs.

**Employee jobs by industry**  
Change on year from December 2007

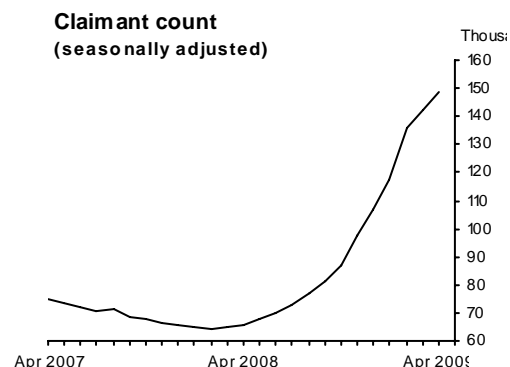


**Unemployment (table 1)**

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the South East was 5.3 per cent in the January to March 2009 period, up 1.4 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in January to March 2009 were 5.5 per cent and 5.2 per cent respectively.

### Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in April 2009 was 3.3 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from March 2009, and up 1.8 percentage points since April 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in April 2009 was 148,300, up 6,000 on March 2009, and up 82,300 since April 2008.



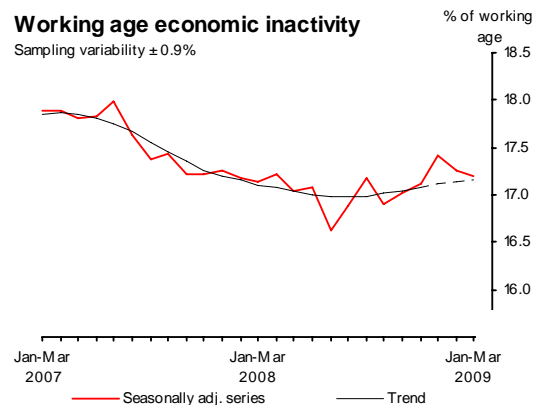
### Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the South East was 4.43 million in the January to March 2009 period.

### Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the South East in January to March 2009 was 17.2 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the January to March 2009 period was 2.26 million, with 873,000 of these of working age, up 7,000 on the same period a year earlier.

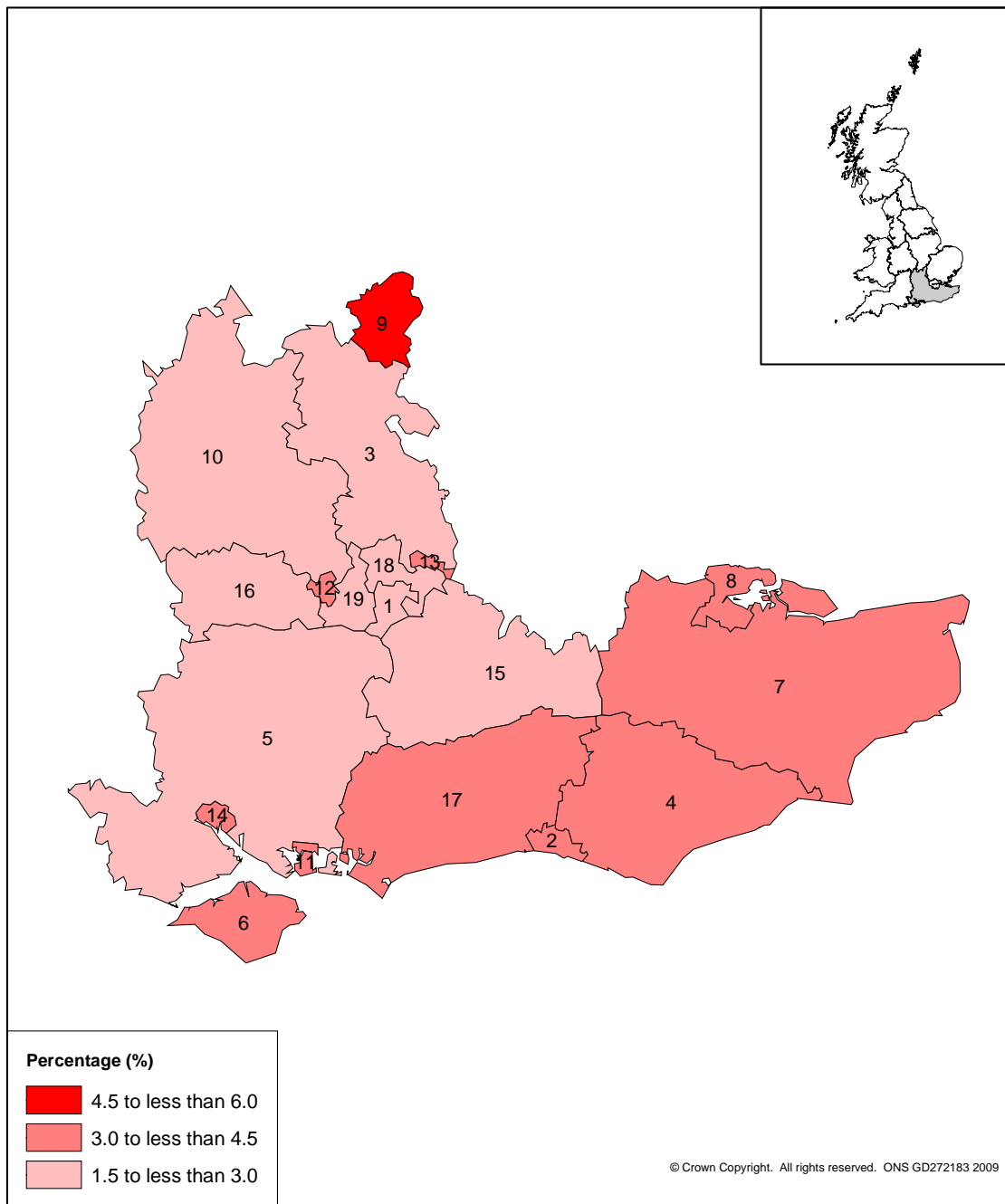


### Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Hart and Winchester, both at 1.7 per cent. It was highest in Hastings, at 5.7 per cent.

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA

April 2009 - South East



1	Bracknell Forest UA	2.5%	11	Portsmouth UA	3.9%
2	Brighton and Hove UA	4.3%	12	Reading UA	4.3%
3	Buckinghamshire	2.4%	13	Slough UA	4.2%
4	East Sussex	3.7%	14	Southampton UA	4.0%
5	Hampshire	2.5%	15	Surrey	2.0%
6	Isle of Wight UA	4.1%	16	West Berkshire UA	2.6%
7	Kent	3.3%	17	West Sussex	3.0%
8	Medway UA	4.3%	18	Windsor and Maidenhead UA	2.5%
9	Milton Keynes UA	4.9%	19	Wokingham UA	2.0%
10	Oxfordshire	2.4%			

## **BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION**

### **REVISIONS**

There are no significant revisions to the data in this release.

### **KEY QUALITY ISSUES**

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

*Summary Quality Report:* A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

*Common pitfalls in interpreting series:* Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

### **RELIABILITY**

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	78.2	60	0.01	0.04
Unemployment rate (%)	5.3	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	148.3	60	-0.02	0.29

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	4,331	20	46.90 *	53.10

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

## THIS MONTH'S RELEASE

### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's release with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the October 2007 to September 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for October 2007 to September 2008; and job density estimates for 2007. Table 12 has also been updated to reflect the latest local government reorganisation.

### NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional First Release will be available from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

## **NEXT QUARTER'S FIRST RELEASE**

### **Model-Based Estimates of Unemployment for Parliamentary Constituencies**

Since July 2006 ONS has published model-based estimates of unemployment for Unitary and Local Authorities. Details of the methodology for these estimates is available at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/User\\_Guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf)

This methodology has now been extended to produce modelled estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies. The ONS intends to publish these alongside the July 2009 release of the Local Area Labour Market: Statistical Indicators publication as experimental statistics (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk14160>) and from August 2009, in the regional first releases.

## **SPECIAL**

### **Population estimates in the LFS**

On 21 August 2008 ONS published the 2007 based mid-year population estimates for the UK. These were followed by the 2008 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales on 29th September. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates published in Table 1 of this month's release. Consequently the estimates for the periods July-September 2006 onwards have been subject to revision.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include the new population estimates using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of Labour Market Trends, which is available on the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour\\_market\\_trends/Interim\\_ifs\\_estimates\\_Dec2002.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_ifs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf)

### **Population estimates in the APS**

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this release will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

## **Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators**

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour

accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

## SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

### January to March 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	4,129	4,194	4,259	-101	-17	67	-119	-37	46
<b>Employment rate</b>	77.2%	78.2%	79.2%	-1.7%	-0.5%	0.8%	-2.5%	-1.3%	-0.1%
<b>Unemployment</b>	214	236	258	-11	18	47	36	63	91
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	4.8%	5.3%	5.8%	-0.2%	0.4%	1.1%	0.8%	1.4%	2.0%
<b>Economically active</b>	4,367	4,430	4,494	-82	1	84	-54	27	107
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	81.9%	82.8%	83.7%	-1.3%	-0.1%	1.1%	-1.2%	-0.1%	1.1%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	814	873	933	-71	6	83	-68	7	82

## Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures January to March 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 37	± 14	± 37	± 38	± 1.9	± 1.1
North West	± 62	± 23	± 61	± 61	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 21	± 52	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.8
East Midlands	± 43	± 17	± 43	± 45	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.7
East	± 55	± 21	± 54	± 50	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 72	± 30	± 68	± 68	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 65	± 22	± 64	± 60	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 54	± 18	± 53	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 42	± 15	± 42	± 43	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 18	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.7

### **BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup>, at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this release is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

**Actual hours worked:** *See hours worked.*

**Annual Population Survey:** Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

**Claimant count:** The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the

claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market First Release and on the DWP website: <http://www.dwp.gov.uk/asd/tabtool.asp>

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

**Claimant count proportion:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

**Economically active:** People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

**Economically inactive:** People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs:** There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why

these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

**Full-time:** In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

### **Hours worked:**

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

**Inflows and Outflows:** The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a  $4\frac{1}{3}$  week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

**Jobs density:** The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

**Labour Force Survey:** The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

**Model-based estimates of unemployment:** For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on

the model-based estimates can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LALM\\_Brief\\_guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf). A detailed user guide can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/User\\_Guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf)

**Rates:** Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

**Sampling variability:** Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

**Seasonal adjustment:** A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

**Unemployment:** The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LMS\\_FR\\_HS\\_Concepts\\_Definitions.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf)

## INDEX OF TABLES

### NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey (LFS) data (seasonally adjusted)

Summary of other headline indicators

### REGIONAL DATA

Summary of LFS headline indicators (seasonally adjusted) .....1

Summary of other headline indicators (seasonally adjusted) .....1a

### EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Employment by age.....2

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers .....3

Civilian workforce jobs .....4

Employee jobs by industry .....5

Actual and usual weekly hours of work.....6

### CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count levels and rates (seasonally adjusted).....7

Claimant count by age and duration - computerised claims only .....8

### ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity by age.....9

Economic inactivity by age .....10

Economic inactivity: reasons.....11

### LOCAL AREA DATA

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority .....12

Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency .....13

Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area.....14

Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area .....15

Claimant count by Unitary and Local Authority .....16

Claimant count by Parliamentary Constituency .....17

The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total less than 9,500		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

# Regional summary of labour market headline indicators<sup>1</sup>

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

## Headline estimates for January - March 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,253	76.3	1,149	69.8	105	8.3	375	23.7
North West	3,416	77.8	3,145	71.5	271	7.9	936	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,623	78.1	2,414	71.7	209	8.0	708	21.9
East Midlands	2,323	81.5	2,159	75.5	164	7.1	507	18.5
West Midlands	2,662	77.7	2,416	70.3	246	9.3	727	22.3
East	3,007	82.7	2,829	77.7	178	5.9	598	17.3
London	4,053	76.8	3,720	70.4	333	8.2	1,182	23.2
South East	4,430	82.8	4,194	78.2	236	5.3	873	17.2
South West	2,731	82.8	2,574	78.0	157	5.7	534	17.2
<b>England</b>	<b>26,498</b>	<b>79.7</b>	<b>24,599</b>	<b>73.8</b>	<b>1,899</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>6,440</b>	<b>20.3</b>
Wales	1,443	76.5	1,332	70.4	111	7.7	422	23.5
Scotland	2,678	79.8	2,521	74.9	157	5.9	650	20.2
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,619</b>	<b>79.6</b>	<b>28,453</b>	<b>73.8</b>	<b>2,166</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7,512</b>	<b>20.4</b>
Northern Ireland	805	71.4	756	66.9	49	6.1	313	28.6
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,419</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>29,204</b>	<b>73.6</b>	<b>2,215</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7,828</b>	<b>20.7</b>

## Change on quarter (change since October - December 2008)<sup>4</sup>

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	-6	-0.4	-6	-0.4	-1	0.0	6	0.4
North West	27	0.6	19	0.5	8	0.2	-26	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	18	0.6	-18	-0.6	36	1.3	-17	-0.6
East Midlands	12	0.1	-11	-0.7	23	0.9	-2	-0.1
West Midlands	3	-0.2	-40	-1.5	42	1.6	7	0.2
East	18	0.5	5	0.1	13	0.4	-16	-0.5
London	-18	-0.5	-57	-1.2	38	1.0	26	0.5
South East	1	-0.1	-17	-0.5	18	0.4	6	0.1
South West	30	0.7	0	-0.2	30	1.0	-21	-0.7
<b>England</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-124</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-38</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Wales	7	0.3	-4	-0.3	11	0.7	-4	-0.3
Scotland	9	0.1	-11	-0.5	20	0.7	-3	-0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-138</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-45</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Northern Ireland	-11	-1.3	-18	-1.9	7	1.0	14	1.3
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-157</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>-0.1</b>

## Change on year (change since January - March 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	18	1.1	-7	-0.5	24	1.8	-17	-1.1
North West	45	0.6	-23	-1.0	68	1.9	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	18	0.1	-59	-2.2	77	2.9	2	-0.1
East Midlands	34	0.7	-5	-0.7	39	1.6	-15	-0.7
West Midlands	-8	-0.6	-88	-3.0	80	3.0	20	0.6
East	63	1.2	18	0.0	44	1.4	-36	-1.2
London	43	0.3	-14	-0.7	57	1.3	-6	-0.3
South East	27	-0.1	-37	-1.3	63	1.4	7	0.1
South West	54	0.7	-5	-1.0	59	2.1	-18	-0.7
<b>England</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-219</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>-86</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Wales	13	0.2	-21	-1.6	34	2.3	-4	-0.2
Scotland	13	-0.6	-22	-1.6	34	1.3	20	0.6
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-261</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>-70</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
Northern Ireland	-18	-1.8	-29	-2.7	11	1.5	21	1.8
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-295</b>	<b>-1.3</b>	<b>592</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>-43</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (December 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (April 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,174	623	551	83.0	6.9	64.1	9.9	18.9	3.4
North West	3,402	1,819	1,582	189.4	5.4	144.6	7.5	44.8	2.8
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,502	1,327	1,175	147.7	5.6	112.9	7.9	34.8	2.9
East Midlands	2,146	1,157	989	108.6	4.9	80.7	6.7	27.9	2.7
West Midlands	2,629	1,398	1,230	173.6	6.3	130.4	8.7	43.2	3.4
East	2,815	1,499	1,316	116.7	4.0	84.9	5.5	31.8	2.4
London	4,737	2,581	2,156	206.3	4.2	140.6	5.2	65.7	3.0
South East	4,331	2,256	2,075	148.3	3.3	107.7	4.5	40.6	1.9
South West	2,653	1,370	1,283	93.7	3.4	69.2	4.7	24.5	1.9
<b>England</b>	<b>26,388</b>	<b>14,031</b>	<b>12,358</b>	<b>1267.3</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>935.1</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>332.2</b>	<b>2.6</b>
Wales	1,345	691	654	77.3	5.5	59.1	8.0	18.2	2.7
Scotland	2,692	1,384	1,308	122.3	4.4	92.9	6.4	29.4	2.2
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,426</b>	<b>16,105</b>	<b>14,320</b>	<b>1466.9</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>1087.1</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>379.8</b>	<b>2.6</b>
Northern Ireland	839	446	394	46.1	5.3	36.3	7.8	9.8	2.4
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,265</b>	<b>16,551</b>	<b>14,714</b>	<b>1513.0</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>1123.4</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>389.6</b>	<b>2.6</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on December 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on March 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-1	-3	2	2.7	0.2	2.1	0.3	0.6	0.1
North West	-28	-16	-13	6.5	0.2	4.8	0.3	1.7	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-54	-31	-23	5.6	0.2	4.3	0.3	1.3	0.1
East Midlands	-48	-13	-35	4.4	0.2	3.1	0.3	1.3	0.1
West Midlands	-36	-21	-14	7.1	0.3	5.3	0.4	1.8	0.1
East	5	-9	15	4.5	0.2	3.0	0.2	1.5	0.1
London	-17	-13	-4	8.8	0.2	6.0	0.2	2.8	0.1
South East	-79	-61	-17	6.0	0.1	4.5	0.2	1.5	0.1
South West	-10	-21	11	3.3	0.1	2.4	0.2	0.9	0.1
<b>England</b>	<b>-267</b>	<b>-188</b>	<b>-78</b>	<b>48.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>35.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Wales	-14	-21	7	2.6	0.2	2.0	0.3	0.6	0.1
Scotland	-16	-16	0	3.6	0.1	2.8	0.2	0.8	0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>-297</b>	<b>-225</b>	<b>-71</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>40.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Northern Ireland	-9	-5	-4	2.0	0.2	1.6	0.3	0.4	0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>-305</b>	<b>-230</b>	<b>-75</b>	<b>57.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>41.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted1 Summary of LFS<sup>1</sup> headline indicators

		All aged 16 & over								
		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHJ	YCHW	YCJW	YCMW	HKMV			YCNJ	
<b>People</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	6,571	4,341	4,138	203	2,231	66.1	63.0	4.7	33.9
	Jan-Mar 2008	6,632	4,404	4,231	173	2,228	66.4	63.8	3.9	33.6
	Apr-Jun 2008	6,647	4,425	4,241	184	2,221	66.6	63.8	4.2	33.4
	Jul-Sep 2008	6,661	4,428	4,226	202	2,233	66.5	63.4	4.6	33.5
	Oct-Dec 2008	6,676	4,429	4,211	218	2,247	66.3	63.1	4.9	33.7
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>6,691</b>	<b>4,430</b>	<b>4,194</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>2,260</b>	<b>66.2</b>	<b>62.7</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>33.8</b>
	Change on quarter	15	1	-17	18	13	-0.1	-0.4	0.4	0.1
	Change %	0.2	0.0	-0.4	8.3	0.6				
	Change on year	59	27	-37	63	32	-0.2	-1.1	1.4	0.2
	Change %	0.9	0.6	-0.9	36.6	1.4				
<b>Men</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	3,182	2,331	2,211	120	851	73.3	69.5	5.1	26.7
	Jan-Mar 2008	3,221	2,373	2,282	91	847	73.7	70.9	3.8	26.3
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,230	2,371	2,272	98	859	73.4	70.3	4.2	26.6
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,238	2,384	2,266	118	854	73.6	70.0	5.0	26.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,246	2,393	2,265	127	853	73.7	69.8	5.3	26.3
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>3,253</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>2,260</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>863</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>26.5</b>
	Change on quarter	8	-2	-6	3	10	-0.2	-0.3	0.1	0.2
	Change %	0.2	-0.1	-0.2	2.7	1.1				
	Change on year	32	17	-23	40	15	-0.2	-1.4	1.6	0.2
	Change %	1.0	0.7	-1.0	43.8	1.8				
<b>Women</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	3,389	2,009	1,927	83	1,379	59.3	56.9	4.1	40.7
	Jan-Mar 2008	3,411	2,030	1,948	82	1,381	59.5	57.1	4.0	40.5
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,417	2,055	1,969	86	1,362	60.1	57.6	4.2	39.9
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,423	2,044	1,960	84	1,380	59.7	57.3	4.1	40.3
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,430	2,036	1,946	91	1,394	59.4	56.7	4.5	40.6
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>3,438</b>	<b>2,040</b>	<b>1,934</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>1,398</b>	<b>59.3</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>40.7</b>
	Change on quarter	7	3	-11	15	4	0.0	-0.4	0.7	0.0
	Change %	0.2	0.2	-0.6	16.1	0.3				
	Change on year	26	10	-14	23	17	-0.2	-0.8	1.1	0.2
	Change %	0.8	0.5	-0.7	28.6	1.2				

		All aged 16 to 59/64								
		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIJ	YCKJ		LWDU
<b>People</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	5,024	4,125	3,928	197	899	82.1	78.2	4.8	17.9
	Jan-Mar 2008	5,049	4,183	4,013	170	866	82.9	79.5	4.1	17.1
	Apr-Jun 2008	5,055	4,192	4,012	180	863	82.9	79.4	4.3	17.1
	Jul-Sep 2008	5,061	4,192	3,999	193	869	82.8	79.0	4.6	17.2
	Oct-Dec 2008	5,068	4,201	3,987	213	867	82.9	78.7	5.1	17.1
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>5,074</b>	<b>4,201</b>	<b>3,968</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>82.8</b>	<b>78.2</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>17.2</b>
	Change on quarter	7	1	-19	20	6	-0.1	-0.5	0.5	0.1
	Change %	0.1	0.0	-0.5	9.4	0.7				
	Change on year	25	18	-45	63	7	-0.1	-1.3	1.5	0.1
	Change %	0.5	0.4	-1.1	36.9	0.9				
<b>Men</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	2,607	2,262	2,144	117	346	86.7	82.2	5.2	13.3
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,633	2,302	2,213	88	331	87.4	84.1	3.8	12.6
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,639	2,298	2,202	95	341	87.1	83.5	4.2	12.9
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,643	2,308	2,196	112	335	87.3	83.1	4.9	12.7
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,647	2,317	2,193	124	330	87.5	82.8	5.4	12.5
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>2,650</b>	<b>2,311</b>	<b>2,183</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>87.2</b>	<b>82.4</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>12.8</b>
	Change on quarter	4	-5	-10	4	9	-0.3	-0.5	0.2	0.3
	Change %	0.1	-0.2	-0.4	3.4	2.7				
	Change on year	18	9	-30	40	8	-0.2	-1.7	1.7	0.2
	Change %	0.7	0.4	-1.4	45.1	2.5				
<b>Women</b>	Jan-Mar 2007	2,416	1,863	1,783	80	553	77.1	73.8	4.3	22.9
	Jan-Mar 2008	2,416	1,881	1,799	82	535	77.9	74.5	4.4	22.1
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,416	1,894	1,810	84	522	78.4	74.9	4.5	21.6
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,418	1,884	1,803	81	534	77.9	74.6	4.3	22.1
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,421	1,884	1,795	89	537	77.8	74.1	4.7	22.2
	<b>Jan-Mar 2009</b>	<b>2,424</b>	<b>1,890</b>	<b>1,785</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>78.0</b>	<b>73.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>22.0</b>
	Change on quarter	3	6	-10	16	-3	0.2	-0.5	0.8	-0.2
	Change %	0.1	0.3	-0.5	17.7	-0.6				
	Change on year	8	9	-14	23	-1	0.1	-0.8	1.2	-0.1
	Change %	0.3	0.5	-0.8	28.1	-0.1				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)					
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYH	YXYW	YXZL			
	Dec 05	4,383	2,323	2,059			
	Dec 06	4,325	2,281	2,043			
	Dec 07	4,409	2,317	2,092			
	Mar 08	4,383	2,302	2,082			
	Jun 08	4,400	2,306	2,093			
	Sep 08	4,354	2,277	2,078			
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>4,331</b>	<b>2,256</b>	<b>2,075</b>			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-79	-61	-17			
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.8	-2.7	-0.8			
		Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
		Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPDL	ZMOS	ZMOU	DPDR	ZMOT	ZMOV
<b>2008</b>							
	April	66.0	47.2	18.8	1.5	2.0	0.9
	May	67.6	48.5	19.1	1.5	2.0	0.9
	June#	70.1	50.3	19.8	1.6	2.1	0.9
	July	72.9	52.4	20.5	1.6	2.2	1.0
	August#	77.0	55.4	21.6	1.7	2.3	1.0
	September	81.2	58.6	22.6	1.8	2.4	1.1
	October	86.8	62.8	24.0	1.9	2.6	1.1
	November#	97.4	70.7	26.7	2.2	2.9	1.3
	December	106.7	77.8	28.9	2.4	3.2	1.4
<b>2009</b>							
	January	117.8	85.4	32.4	2.6	3.6	1.5
	February#	135.7	98.3	37.4	3.0	4.1	1.8
	March	(r) 142.3	103.2	39.1	3.1	4.3	1.8
	<b>April</b>	<b>(p) 148.3</b>	<b>107.7</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>
	<i>Change on period</i>	6.0	4.5	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	4.2	4.4	3.8			
	<i>Change on year</i>	82.3	60.5	21.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	<i>Change %</i>	124.7	128.2	116.0			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 2 Employment by age

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<b>Employed</b>										
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	4,111	3,927	102	476	849	1,542	958	184	
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	4,123	3,928	95	469	848	1,552	963	196	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	4,149	3,941	86	468	832	1,576	978	208	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	4,157	3,944	85	475	834	1,572	978	213	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	4,162	3,953	80	474	832	1,584	983	208	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	4,174	3,961	80	473	837	1,585	985	213	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>3,960</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>835</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>985</b>	<b>218</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	29	20	-7	10	3	6	7	10	
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.5	-7.7	2.2	0.4	0.4	0.7	4.7	
	<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,215	2,151	48	247	458	829	569	64
Oct 2005 - Sep 2006		2,218	2,155	44	247	456	832	576	63	
Oct 2006 - Sep 2007		2,217	2,155	40	240	450	838	587	62	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		2,220	2,155	39	240	451	838	588	64	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		2,230	2,165	39	242	451	842	591	65	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		2,228	2,161	37	238	450	843	593	67	
<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>		<b>2,233</b>	<b>2,163</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>70</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		16	8	-2	0	-1	5	6	8	
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	0.4	-4.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.7	1.0	13.0	
<b>Women</b>		Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,896	1,776	54	230	392	713	388	120
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,905	1,773	51	222	392	720	387	132	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,932	1,786	47	228	383	738	391	146	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,938	1,789	46	235	384	734	390	149	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,932	1,788	42	232	381	742	392	144	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,946	1,800	43	235	388	742	392	146	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>1,945</b>	<b>1,798</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>148</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	13	11	-5	11	4	1	1	2	
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.6	-10.8	4.6	1.0	0.1	0.2	1.2	
	<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	63.6	79.2	48.2	71.0	83.9	85.1	76.3	12.3	
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	63.3	78.6	44.5	69.0	84.3	84.7	76.1	12.9	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	63.1	78.4	40.0	67.4	83.5	85.3	77.1	13.4	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	63.1	78.4	39.1	68.1	83.9	84.9	77.0	13.7	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	63.0	78.5	37.1	67.6	83.7	85.5	77.4	13.3	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	63.1	78.6	36.9	67.2	84.2	85.5	77.4	13.5	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>36.8</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>84.1</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>77.4</b>	<b>13.7</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	0.0	-3.2	0.1	0.6	-0.1	0.3	0.3	
	<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	70.9	83.8	44.3	72.6	92.0	92.5	78.6	11.5
		Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	70.4	83.4	39.9	71.9	92.4	92.2	78.5	11.1
Oct 2006 - Sep 2007		69.8	82.8	35.9	68.8	92.1	92.3	78.9	10.8	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		69.8	82.7	34.6	68.5	92.5	92.2	78.7	11.2	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		69.9	83.0	34.7	68.6	92.6	92.8	79.0	11.1	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		69.7	82.8	33.5	67.2	92.6	92.9	78.9	11.4	
<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>		<b>69.7</b>	<b>82.8</b>	<b>34.3</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>92.9</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>11.9</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		-0.1	-0.1	-1.6	-1.3	0.4	0.5	-0.1	1.1	
<b>Women</b>		Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	56.9	74.1	52.3	69.3	76.1	77.8	73.1	12.8
		Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	56.6	73.5	49.3	65.9	76.6	77.5	72.8	13.9
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	56.9	73.7	44.4	66.0	75.2	78.5	74.5	15.0	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	56.9	73.8	44.0	67.7	75.6	77.8	74.6	15.2	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	56.6	73.7	39.7	66.6	75.1	78.5	75.1	14.6	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	56.8	74.0	40.5	67.2	76.2	78.3	75.3	14.8	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>73.8</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>76.0</b>	<b>77.9</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>14.8</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	0.1	-5.0	1.5	0.8	-0.6	0.9	-0.2	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	4,111	3,508	579	15	10	2,984	1,125	184	203
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	4,123	3,533	568	14	*	3,002	1,119	169	195
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	4,149	3,519	600	18	11	3,041	1,106	177	195
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	4,157	3,530	599	18	11	3,054	1,102	177	199
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	4,162	3,538	602	14	*	3,062	1,098	185	203
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	4,174	3,550	602	14	*	3,074	1,098	177	197
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>3,569</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>3,059</b>	<b>1,116</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>190</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	29	50	-12	-5	*	18	10	4	-5
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	1.4	-2.0	-27.7	*	0.6	0.9	2.5	-2.3
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,215	1,792	413	*	*	1,956	258	80	88
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,218	1,804	404	*	*	1,966	251	72	86
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,217	1,783	421	*	*	1,975	242	68	83
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,220	1,792	416	*	*	1,977	243	68	85
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,230	1,807	413	*	*	1,987	242	75	91
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,228	1,803	416	*	*	1,986	241	69	90
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>2,233</b>	<b>1,818</b>	<b>407</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1,982</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>88</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	35	-14	*	*	7	8	4	6
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	2.0	-3.4	*	*	0.4	3.3	5.4	6.7
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,896	1,716	166	*	*	1,028	868	105	115
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,905	1,729	165	*	*	1,036	868	97	110
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,932	1,736	179	12	*	1,067	865	109	112
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,938	1,738	183	11	*	1,077	860	108	113
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,932	1,731	188	*	*	1,075	856	110	112
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,946	1,746	186	10	*	1,088	857	108	107
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>1,945</b>	<b>1,751</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>102</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	13	15	2	*	*	11	2	1	-10
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.8	1.3	*	*	1.0	0.2	0.7	-9.0

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>4</sup>			
		Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	#NAME?	Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	203	39	65	98	1,101	68	823	203
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	195	38	69	88	1,104	74	815	204
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	195	43	66	87	1,085	68	811	202
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	199	43	72	84	1,082	71	816	192
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	203	43	70	90	1,083	74	818	187
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	197	38	66	92	1,083	75	815	188
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>1,101</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>193</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-5	1	-1	15	11	13	-9
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.3	-11.4	2.0	-1.5	1.4	16.2	1.5	-4.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.
2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.
3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.
4. Employees and self-employed.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1 2</sup>

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYH			
<b>All jobs</b>	Dec 04	4,305	3,653	647	5
	Dec 05	4,383	3,733	645	5
	Dec 06	4,325	3,673	649	3
	Dec 07	4,409	3,744	663	3
	Mar 08	4,383	3,720	660	3
	Jun 08	4,400	3,743	653	3
	Sep 08	4,354	3,732	620	3
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>4,331</b>	<b>3,713</b>	<b>615</b>	<b>3</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-79	-31	-48	0
<i>Change %</i>	-1.8	-0.8	-7.2	6.5	
		YXYP			
<b>Male jobs</b>	Dec 04	2,289	1,825	461	3
	Dec 05	2,323	1,867	453	3
	Dec 06	2,281	1,829	451	2
	Dec 07	2,317	1,870	446	1
	Mar 08	2,302	1,856	444	2
	Jun 08	2,306	1,868	436	2
	Sep 08	2,277	1,862	413	2
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>2,256</b>	<b>1,843</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-61	-27	-34	0
<i>Change %</i>	-2.7	-1.5	-7.7	9.1	
		YXZE			
<b>Female jobs</b>	Dec 04	2,016	1,828	186	2
	Dec 05	2,059	1,866	191	2
	Dec 06	2,043	1,844	198	1
	Dec 07	2,092	1,874	217	1
	Mar 08	2,082	1,865	216	1
	Jun 08	2,093	1,875	217	1
	Sep 08	2,078	1,870	206	1
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>2,075</b>	<b>1,870</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-17	-4	-14	0
<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-0.2	-6.2	3.3	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark.

Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
								7	8
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Dec 05	3,710	3,733	42	20	330	163	2,074	1,104
	Dec 06	3,648	3,673	40	18	319	157	2,025	1,114
	Dec 07	3,719	3,744	41	18	318	175	2,056	1,136
	Mar 08	3,736	3,720	41	18	317	178	2,025	1,142
	Jun 08	3,745	3,743	42	18	317	180	2,037	1,149
	Sep 08	3,734	3,732	43	18	313	185	2,020	1,153
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>3,692</b>	<b>3,713</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>2,009</b>	<b>1,159</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-42							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.1							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-26	-31	-4	1	-10	6	-47	23
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-0.8	-10.0	3.7	-3.0	3.5	-2.3	2.0
<b>Male jobs</b>	Dec 05	1,855	1,867	27	14	241	135	1,104	346
	Dec 06	1,817	1,829	27	12	230	126	1,090	343
	Dec 07	1,858	1,870	26	11	229	143	1,105	357
	Mar 08	1,865	1,856	25	11	228	143	1,094	355
	Jun 08	1,873	1,868	27	12	227	144	1,099	359
	Sep 08	1,857	1,862	30	12	225	148	1,088	361
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>1,834</b>	<b>1,843</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>361</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-23							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.2							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-24	-27	0	0	-8	2	-25	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.3	-1.5	-0.9	3.3	-3.7	1.3	-2.2	1.1
<b>Female jobs</b>	Dec 05	1,855	1,866	14	7	89	28	969	759
	Dec 06	1,832	1,844	13	6	88	30	935	771
	Dec 07	1,861	1,874	15	6	89	33	951	780
	Mar 08	1,871	1,865	17	6	89	35	931	786
	Jun 08	1,872	1,875	15	6	90	36	938	790
	Sep 08	1,877	1,870	14	6	88	37	932	792
	<b>Dec 08</b>	<b>1,858</b>	<b>1,870</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>798</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-19							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.0							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-3	-4	-4	0	-1	4	-22	19
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.2	-0.2	-25.3	4.6	-1.4	13.0	-2.3	2.4

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys  
Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 456776

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>2</sup>	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work				
			All workers <sup>1</sup>		Full-time <sup>3</sup>		Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5	
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	131	31.8	37.3	15.2	9.5	
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	131	31.8	37.5	15.0	9.0	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	133	32.2	37.8	15.2	9.4	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	134	32.3	37.9	15.3	9.2	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	134	32.1	37.6	15.3	9.0	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	134	32.2	37.8	15.2	9.5	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>9.6</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.2	
<i>Change %</i>		0.5	-0.2	-0.3	0.2	2.4	
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	81	36.6	38.9	15.3	11.0	
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	82	36.9	39.3	14.7	9.5	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	82	37.1	39.5	15.1	10.1	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	83	37.2	39.6	15.3	9.9	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	83	37.1	39.3	15.5	9.7	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	83	37.4	39.7	15.4	10.5	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>37.4</b>	<b>39.8</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>10.9</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.8	
<i>Change %</i>		1.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	7.7	
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	50	26.2	34.4	15.2	8.4	
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	49	25.8	34.0	15.1	8.6	
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	51	26.5	34.7	15.2	8.9	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	52	26.6	34.8	15.3	8.7	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	51	26.5	34.5	15.3	8.6	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	51	26.3	34.2	15.1	8.8	
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>26.0</b>	<b>33.8</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>8.7</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	-0.5	-0.9	0.0	-0.2	
<i>Change %</i>		-1.1	-1.8	-2.6	0.0	-1.8	

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Oct 06 - Sep 07</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	2.1	1.1	3.3	1.6	0.7	2.4	4.5	2.3	9.8
6 up to 15 hours	7.6	3.5	12.3	7.4	3.4	11.4	8.2	3.1	20.3
16 up to 30 hours	16.9	7.0	28.3	16.8	5.7	28.2	17.9	12.9	29.8
31 up to 45 hours	51.1	56.4	44.9	53.3	59.3	47.1	38.8	44.4	25.8
Over 45 hours	22.3	32.0	11.1	21.0	30.9	10.9	30.5	37.4	14.4
Total (thousands)	4,149	2,217	1,932	3,519	1,783	1,736	600	421	179
<b>Jul 07 - Jun 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	1.0	2.7	1.4	0.7	2.1	3.8	2.2	7.4
6 up to 15 hours	7.5	3.3	12.3	7.3	3.2	11.4	8.6	3.5	20.0
16 up to 30 hours	17.3	7.1	28.8	17.0	5.9	28.3	19.2	12.4	34.2
31 up to 45 hours	51.6	56.8	45.5	53.8	59.8	47.7	38.3	44.1	25.2
Over 45 hours	21.9	31.6	10.7	20.5	30.3	10.4	30.2	37.8	13.2
Total (thousands)	4,174	2,228	1,946	3,550	1,803	1,746	602	416	186
<b>Oct 07 - Sep 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.7	0.9	2.7	1.3	0.6	2.0	3.8	2.2	7.3
6 up to 15 hours	7.8	3.5	12.7	7.4	3.5	11.5	9.6	3.7	22.8
16 up to 30 hours	17.4	7.2	29.2	17.3	6.1	28.9	18.3	11.8	32.8
31 up to 45 hours	51.6	57.3	45.1	53.7	59.8	47.4	39.0	45.8	23.7
Over 45 hours	21.5	31.1	10.4	20.3	30.0	10.2	29.4	36.5	13.4
Total (thousands)	4,178	2,233	1,945	3,569	1,818	1,751	588	407	182

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

South East

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2008</b>	DPDL	DPDR			DPCK	DPDF
	April	66.0	1.5	20.1	18.7	69.1	1.5
	May	67.6	1.5	19.7	18.4	68.8	1.5
	June#	70.1	1.6	21.2	19.1	69.4	1.5
	July	72.9	1.6	22.9	19.9	72.8	1.6
	August#	77.0	1.7	24.4	19.7	78.3	1.7
	September	81.2	1.8	25.9	21.7	80.6	1.8
	October	86.8	1.9	27.6	21.9	84.0	1.9
	November#	97.4	2.2	30.1	21.2	94.8	2.1
	December	106.7	2.4	32.9	23.3	104.3	2.3
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	117.8	2.6	34.5	23.6	119.8	2.6
	February#	135.7	3.0	40.0	26.3	142.3	3.1
	March (r)	142.3	3.1	39.9	30.8	149.9	3.3
	<b>April (p)</b>	<b>148.3</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>40.2</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>153.6</b>	<b>3.4</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	6.0	0.1	0.3	1.2	3.7	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	4.2		0.8	3.9	2.5	
	<i>Change on year</i>	82.3	1.8	20.1	13.3	84.5	1.9
	<i>Change %</i>	124.7		100.0	71.1	122.3	
<b>Men</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOS	ZMOT				
	April	47.2	2.0	13.9	13.0	49.6	2.1
	May	48.5	2.0	13.7	12.5	49.5	2.1
	June#	50.3	2.1	14.7	13.2	49.8	2.1
	July	52.4	2.2	15.9	13.7	51.8	2.2
	August#	55.4	2.3	17.1	13.5	55.4	2.3
	September	58.6	2.4	18.1	15.0	57.2	2.4
	October	62.8	2.6	19.2	15.0	60.1	2.5
	November#	70.7	2.9	21.3	14.7	68.8	2.9
	December	77.8	3.2	23.2	16.1	76.7	3.2
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	85.4	3.6	23.9	16.3	87.3	3.6
	February#	98.3	4.1	27.8	18.1	103.1	4.3
	March (r)	103.2	4.3	27.7	21.1	108.8	4.5
	<b>April (p)</b>	<b>107.7</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>111.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	4.5	0.2	-0.1	0.3	2.7	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	4.4		-0.4	1.4	2.5	
	<i>Change on year</i>	60.5	2.5	13.7	8.4	61.9	2.6
	<i>Change %</i>	128.2		98.6	64.6	124.9	
<b>Women</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOU	ZMOV				
	April	18.8	0.9	6.2	5.7	19.5	0.9
	May	19.1	0.9	6.0	5.9	19.2	0.9
	June#	19.8	0.9	6.5	5.9	19.6	0.9
	July	20.5	1.0	7.0	6.2	21.0	1.0
	August#	21.6	1.0	7.3	6.2	22.9	1.1
	September	22.6	1.1	7.8	6.7	23.4	1.1
	October	24.0	1.1	8.4	6.9	23.9	1.1
	November#	26.7	1.3	8.8	6.5	26.0	1.2
	December	28.9	1.4	9.7	7.2	27.7	1.3
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	32.4	1.5	10.6	7.3	32.5	1.5
	February#	37.4	1.8	12.2	8.2	39.2	1.9
	March (r)	39.1	1.8	12.2	9.7	41.1	1.9
	<b>April (p)</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	1.5	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.0	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	3.8		3.3	9.3	2.4	
	<i>Change on year</i>	21.8	1.0	6.4	4.9	22.6	1.1
	<i>Change %</i>	116.0		103.2	86.0	115.5	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month.

Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis@ at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

South East

## 8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>People</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
April#	77.9	77.7	52.3	13.5	11.9	15.3	3.3	21.5	17.4	3.4	0.7	3.2	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
April	69.1	69.0	51.6	10.2	7.1	10.3	2.0	19.4	16.8	2.3	0.4	1.9	0.1
May	68.8	68.6	51.1	10.5	7.0	10.2	1.9	19.1	16.4	2.3	0.4	1.9	0.1
June#	69.4	69.1	51.7	10.6	6.8	9.9	1.8	19.1	16.4	2.3	0.4	2.0	0.1
July	72.8	72.6	55.3	10.6	6.8	9.3	1.7	20.9	18.4	2.1	0.4	1.9	0.1
August#	78.3	78.2	60.1	11.3	6.8	8.7	1.7	23.5	20.7	2.4	0.4	1.8	0.1
September	80.6	80.5	62.4	11.4	6.7	8.4	1.6	24.2	21.5	2.3	0.4	1.7	0.1
October	84.0	83.9	65.8	11.3	6.8	8.1	1.6	24.6	22.1	2.1	0.4	1.6	0.1
November#	94.8	94.7	75.8	11.8	7.1	7.5	1.6	27.1	24.6	2.1	0.4	1.5	0.1
December	104.3	104.1	84.2	12.6	7.4	7.1	1.5	29.3	26.6	2.2	0.4	1.5	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	119.8	119.6	97.2	14.6	7.8	6.5	1.5	32.9	29.6	2.8	0.5	1.4	0.1
February#	142.3	142.2	117.3	16.6	8.3	5.8	1.4	41.0	37.0	3.5	0.5	1.2	0.1
March	149.9	149.7	122.3	18.8	8.6	5.8	1.4	42.9	38.2	4.2	0.5	1.1	0.1
<b>April</b>	<b>153.6</b>	<b>153.4</b>	<b>122.7</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>37.6</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	84.5	84.5	71.1	11.4	1.9	-4.4	-0.6	23.6	20.9	2.6	0.1	-0.7	0.0
Change %	122.3	122.5	137.7	111.7	27.3	-29.5	-29.5	121.4	124.6	111.5	36.7	-7.5	-7.5
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
April#	55.9	55.8	36.5	9.9	9.4	16.8	2.6	14.3	11.6	2.3	0.5	3.4	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
April	49.6	49.5	36.5	7.5	5.4	11.0	1.5	13.0	11.2	1.5	0.2	1.7	0.1
May	49.5	49.4	36.3	7.7	5.3	10.8	1.5	12.8	11.0	1.5	0.2	1.8	0.1
June#	49.8	49.6	36.5	7.9	5.2	10.5	1.4	12.7	11.0	1.5	0.2	1.9	0.1
July	51.8	51.7	38.7	7.9	5.1	9.9	1.3	13.7	12.1	1.4	0.3	1.9	0.1
August#	55.4	55.3	41.7	8.5	5.1	9.3	1.3	15.3	13.4	1.6	0.3	1.8	0.1
September	57.2	57.1	43.4	8.6	5.1	8.9	1.2	15.8	14.0	1.6	0.3	1.7	0.1
October	60.1	60.0	46.3	8.5	5.2	8.6	1.2	16.2	14.5	1.4	0.3	1.5	0.1
November#	68.8	68.7	54.4	8.9	5.4	7.8	1.2	18.4	16.6	1.5	0.3	1.4	0.1
December	76.7	76.5	61.4	9.5	5.6	7.4	1.1	20.2	18.4	1.5	0.3	1.4	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	87.3	87.2	70.1	11.0	6.0	6.9	1.1	22.6	20.4	1.9	0.3	1.3	0.1
February#	103.1	103.0	84.1	12.6	6.4	6.2	1.0	28.1	25.4	2.3	0.3	1.1	0.1
March	108.8	108.6	87.7	14.2	6.7	6.1	1.1	29.5	26.4	2.8	0.3	1.1	0.1
<b>April</b>	<b>111.5</b>	<b>111.3</b>	<b>87.8</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>29.8</b>	<b>26.1</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	61.9	61.9	51.3	9.1	1.6	-4.7	-0.5	16.8	14.9	1.9	0.1	-0.6	0.0
Change %	124.9	125.1	140.3	121.1	28.7	-32.5	-32.5	129.7	132.3	123.4	43.3	-11.0	-11.0
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
April#	22.0	21.9	15.8	3.6	2.5	11.6	0.7	7.2	5.8	1.1	0.2	2.9	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
April	19.5	19.5	15.1	2.7	1.7	8.6	0.5	6.5	5.5	0.8	0.1	2.1	0.0
May	19.2	19.2	14.8	2.8	1.6	8.6	0.4	6.3	5.3	0.8	0.1	2.2	0.0
June#	19.6	19.5	15.2	2.7	1.6	8.3	0.4	6.3	5.4	0.8	0.1	2.2	0.0
July	21.0	20.9	16.6	2.7	1.6	7.7	0.4	7.2	6.3	0.7	0.1	2.0	0.1
August#	22.9	22.9	18.4	2.9	1.6	7.2	0.4	8.2	7.3	0.8	0.1	1.8	0.0
September	23.4	23.4	18.9	2.8	1.6	7.0	0.4	8.4	7.5	0.7	0.2	1.8	0.1
October	23.9	23.9	19.5	2.8	1.6	6.8	0.4	8.4	7.6	0.7	0.1	1.8	0.0
November#	26.0	25.9	21.4	2.9	1.7	6.4	0.4	8.8	7.9	0.7	0.2	1.8	0.0
December	27.7	27.6	22.8	3.1	1.7	6.3	0.4	9.1	8.2	0.7	0.2	1.8	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	32.5	32.5	27.1	3.6	1.8	5.6	0.4	10.3	9.3	0.9	0.2	1.7	0.1
February#	39.2	39.2	33.2	4.1	1.9	4.8	0.4	12.9	11.6	1.1	0.2	1.3	0.1
March	41.1	41.1	34.6	4.5	2.0	4.7	0.4	13.3	11.8	1.4	0.2	1.2	0.0
<b>April</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>34.9</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Change on year	22.6	22.6	19.8	2.4	0.4	-3.7	-0.1	6.8	6.0	0.7	0.0	-0.8	0.0
Change %	115.5	115.7	131.4	86.0	22.9	-19.7	-19.7	104.7	108.8	89.6	25.7	-2.1	-2.1

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

South East

8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
April#	40.3	25.8	7.5	7.0	17.3	1.3	14.8	8.1	2.5	4.2	28.4	1.8
<b>2008</b>												
April	36.3	25.9	6.0	4.4	12.2	0.9	12.3	8.1	1.9	2.3	18.6	1.0
May	36.4	25.8	6.2	4.4	12.1	0.9	12.4	8.2	1.9	2.2	17.8	0.9
June#	36.9	26.2	6.4	4.3	11.8	0.8	12.4	8.4	2.0	2.1	16.7	0.8
July	38.2	27.5	6.3	4.4	11.4	0.8	12.8	8.8	2.1	2.0	15.6	0.8
August#	40.6	29.5	6.7	4.4	10.8	0.8	13.5	9.3	2.2	2.0	14.6	0.7
September	41.9	30.7	6.8	4.4	10.5	0.8	13.8	9.6	2.3	1.9	13.7	0.7
October	44.1	32.8	6.7	4.5	10.2	0.8	14.7	10.4	2.4	1.9	12.9	0.7
November#	50.2	38.5	7.1	4.7	9.3	0.8	16.8	12.3	2.5	2.0	11.7	0.6
December	55.8	43.3	7.6	4.9	8.8	0.8	18.4	13.7	2.7	2.0	10.9	0.6
<b>2009</b>												
January	64.7	50.8	8.7	5.2	8.0	0.8	21.3	16.2	3.0	2.2	10.1	0.6
February#	75.7	60.4	9.8	5.5	7.2	0.8	24.5	19.0	3.3	2.3	9.2	0.5
March	79.9	63.2	10.9	5.8	7.2	0.8	26.0	19.9	3.7	2.4	9.1	0.5
<b>April</b>	<b>82.5</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>20.3</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Change on year	46.1	38.0	6.4	1.6	-4.9	-0.1	14.7	12.1	2.4	0.2	-9.5	-0.5
Change %	126.9	146.7	107.7	36.8	-10.7	-10.7	119.2	148.7	127.2	7.8	-49.7	-49.7
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
April#	30.5	19.1	5.8	5.6	18.4	1.1	10.4	5.4	1.8	3.3	31.4	1.5
<b>2008</b>												
April	27.6	19.4	4.6	3.5	12.6	0.7	8.5	5.5	1.3	1.7	20.3	0.8
May	27.6	19.3	4.9	3.5	12.5	0.7	8.6	5.6	1.3	1.7	19.2	0.7
June#	27.8	19.4	5.0	3.4	12.2	0.6	8.7	5.7	1.4	1.6	17.9	0.7
July	28.7	20.3	4.9	3.4	11.9	0.6	8.9	6.0	1.5	1.5	16.5	0.6
August#	30.4	21.8	5.2	3.4	11.2	0.6	9.3	6.2	1.6	1.4	15.6	0.6
September	31.5	22.7	5.4	3.4	10.9	0.6	9.6	6.5	1.7	1.4	14.6	0.6
October	33.2	24.4	5.3	3.5	10.5	0.6	10.3	7.2	1.7	1.4	13.7	0.5
November#	38.2	28.9	5.6	3.7	9.6	0.6	11.9	8.6	1.8	1.5	12.4	0.5
December	42.8	33.0	6.0	3.9	9.0	0.6	13.2	9.7	2.0	1.5	11.3	0.5
<b>2009</b>												
January	49.1	38.1	6.9	4.1	8.4	0.6	15.1	11.3	2.2	1.6	10.7	0.4
February#	57.1	45.0	7.8	4.3	7.6	0.6	17.3	13.2	2.4	1.7	9.8	0.4
March	60.1	46.8	8.7	4.6	7.6	0.6	18.5	14.0	2.7	1.8	9.5	0.4
<b>April</b>	<b>61.8</b>	<b>47.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Change on year	34.2	27.5	5.4	1.3	-4.8	-0.1	10.7	8.8	1.8	0.1	-10.7	-0.4
Change %	124.2	141.6	115.4	38.7	-13.2	-13.2	126.2	160.5	140.5	6.8	-51.5	-51.5
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
April#	9.8	6.7	1.7	1.4	13.9	0.3	4.4	2.7	0.7	1.0	21.5	0.4
<b>2008</b>												
April	8.8	6.5	1.3	1.0	10.9	0.2	3.8	2.7	0.6	0.6	14.8	0.2
May	8.8	6.5	1.4	1.0	10.9	0.2	3.7	2.6	0.6	0.5	14.6	0.2
June#	9.1	6.8	1.4	1.0	10.5	0.2	3.8	2.7	0.6	0.5	13.9	0.2
July	9.5	7.2	1.4	1.0	10.0	0.2	3.9	2.8	0.6	0.5	13.4	0.2
August#	10.1	7.8	1.4	1.0	9.5	0.2	4.2	3.1	0.6	0.5	12.3	0.2
September	10.4	8.1	1.4	1.0	9.4	0.2	4.3	3.1	0.6	0.5	11.8	0.1
October	10.8	8.4	1.4	1.0	9.1	0.2	4.4	3.3	0.7	0.5	11.1	0.1
November#	12.0	9.5	1.5	1.0	8.4	0.2	4.9	3.7	0.7	0.5	10.0	0.1
December	13.0	10.4	1.6	1.0	8.1	0.2	5.3	4.0	0.8	0.5	9.8	0.1
<b>2009</b>												
January	15.6	12.7	1.8	1.1	7.0	0.2	6.2	4.8	0.8	0.5	8.7	0.1
February#	18.6	15.5	2.0	1.1	6.2	0.2	7.2	5.8	0.9	0.6	7.8	0.1
March	19.8	16.5	2.2	1.2	6.0	0.2	7.5	5.9	1.0	0.6	7.9	0.1
<b>April</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>17.0</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	11.9	10.5	1.1	0.3	-4.9	0.0	4.0	3.4	0.6	0.1	-6.8	-0.1
Change %	135.3	162.0	81.0	30.1	-2.8	-2.8	103.7	124.8	96.8	10.7	-42.5	-42.5

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South East

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically active</b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	4,269	4,082	121	520	878	1,580	983	187
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	4,315	4,112	117	522	882	1,599	992	203
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	4,329	4,117	108	519	860	1,623	1,007	212
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	4,339	4,123	108	527	860	1,623	1,004	216
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	4,340	4,128	101	528	861	1,631	1,007	212
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	4,358	4,142	101	532	869	1,632	1,009	216
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>4,364</b>	<b>4,141</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>1,627</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>222</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	35	24	-8	19	8	4	1	10
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.6	-7.0	3.6	1.0	0.3	0.1	4.8
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,303	2,238	59	272	473	847	587	65
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,322	2,255	56	276	472	854	596	67
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,321	2,258	54	273	466	859	606	63
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,325	2,259	54	274	465	860	605	66
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,326	2,260	51	275	464	863	606	66
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,323	2,254	48	273	465	862	607	68
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>2,327</b>	<b>2,255</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>72</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	6	-3	-6	1	-3	5	1	9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-0.1	-12.0	0.2	-0.7	0.6	0.2	13.8
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,966	1,844	61	248	406	733	396	122
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,993	1,857	60	246	409	745	396	137
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,008	1,859	54	245	394	764	401	149
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,014	1,864	54	253	395	762	399	151
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,013	1,868	50	253	396	768	401	145
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,035	1,887	54	259	404	769	402	148
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>2,037</b>	<b>1,886</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>151</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	29	27	-1	18	11	-1	0	2
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	1.5	-2.1	7.3	2.9	-0.1	-0.1	1.0
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	66.1	82.3	57.1	77.5	86.8	87.2	78.3	12.5
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	66.2	82.3	54.6	76.7	87.6	87.3	78.4	13.4
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	65.9	82.0	50.0	74.7	86.3	87.9	79.3	13.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	65.9	82.0	50.1	75.5	86.5	87.6	79.1	13.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	65.7	82.0	46.6	75.4	86.5	88.0	79.2	13.5
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	65.8	82.1	46.7	75.4	87.4	88.0	79.3	13.7
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>65.8</b>	<b>82.0</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>87.4</b>	<b>87.7</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>14.0</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	0.1	-3.7	1.2	1.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.3
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	73.7	87.2	54.5	80.1	95.0	94.6	81.1	11.7
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	73.7	87.3	51.2	80.3	95.7	94.6	81.3	11.8
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	73.1	86.8	48.5	78.2	95.3	94.7	81.5	10.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	73.1	86.7	48.7	78.1	95.5	94.7	81.1	11.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	73.0	86.7	45.5	78.2	95.5	95.1	80.9	11.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	72.7	86.4	42.6	77.0	95.6	95.0	80.8	11.7
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>86.3</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>77.1</b>	<b>95.3</b>	<b>95.1</b>	<b>80.7</b>	<b>12.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.5	-5.9	-1.2	0.0	0.5	-0.8	1.2
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	59.0	77.0	59.9	74.9	78.9	80.1	74.6	13.0
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	59.2	76.9	58.2	72.9	79.9	80.2	74.5	14.3
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	59.1	76.7	51.6	71.2	77.6	81.3	76.3	15.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	59.2	76.9	51.6	73.0	77.9	80.8	76.3	15.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	59.0	76.9	47.8	72.5	78.0	81.2	76.8	14.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	59.5	77.6	51.0	73.8	79.4	81.2	77.1	14.9
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>59.3</b>	<b>77.5</b>	<b>50.4</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>80.5</b>	<b>77.0</b>	<b>15.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.7	-1.3	3.5	2.2	-0.8	0.6	-0.2

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South East

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	2,190	879	90	151	134	231	272	1,311
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	2,200	885	97	159	124	232	273	1,315
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	2,243	907	108	175	137	224	262	1,337
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,248	907	108	171	134	229	265	1,341
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,263	908	116	173	134	222	264	1,355
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,261	901	116	173	126	223	263	1,360
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>2,271</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>1,365</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	28	0	8	-5	-12	5	3	28
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	0.0	7.7	-2.7	-8.4	2.1	1.1	2.1
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	823	328	49	68	25	49	137	495
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	829	328	53	67	21	49	137	500
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	855	342	57	76	23	48	138	512
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	857	346	57	77	22	48	141	512
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	862	347	61	77	22	45	143	515
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	873	356	64	81	21	46	144	517
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>518</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	21	15	7	6	0	-4	7	5
	<i>Change %</i>	2.4	4.4	11.8	7.3	-1.1	-8.8	5.3	1.1
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	1,367	551	41	83	109	182	135	817
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	1,372	557	43	91	103	184	136	815
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	1,389	564	51	99	114	176	124	825
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,391	561	51	94	112	181	124	829
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,401	561	55	96	112	178	121	840
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,388	545	52	92	104	178	119	844
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>1,396</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>847</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	-15	2	-10	-11	9	-4	23
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5	-2.7	3.1	-10.3	-9.9	5.1	-3.6	2.7
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	33.9	17.7	42.9	22.5	13.2	12.8	21.7	87.5
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	33.8	17.7	45.4	23.3	12.4	12.7	21.6	86.6
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	34.1	18.0	50.0	25.3	13.7	12.1	20.7	86.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	34.1	18.0	49.9	24.5	13.5	12.4	20.9	86.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	34.3	18.0	53.4	24.6	13.5	12.0	20.8	86.5
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	34.2	17.9	53.3	24.6	12.6	12.0	20.7	86.3
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>34.2</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>53.7</b>	<b>24.1</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>86.0</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.1	-0.1	3.7	-1.2	-1.1	0.2	0.2	-0.3
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	26.3	12.8	45.5	19.9	5.0	5.4	18.9	88.3
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	26.3	12.7	48.8	19.7	4.3	5.4	18.7	88.2
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	26.9	13.2	51.5	21.8	4.7	5.3	18.5	89.1
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	26.9	13.3	51.3	21.9	4.5	5.3	18.9	88.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	27.0	13.3	54.5	21.8	4.5	4.9	19.1	88.6
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	27.3	13.6	57.4	23.0	4.4	5.0	19.2	88.3
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>57.4</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>87.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.5	5.9	1.2	0.0	-0.5	0.8	-1.2
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	41.0	23.0	40.1	25.1	21.1	19.9	25.4	87.0
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	40.8	23.1	41.8	27.1	20.1	19.8	25.5	85.7
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	40.9	23.3	48.4	28.8	22.4	18.7	23.7	84.7
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	40.8	23.1	48.4	27.0	22.1	19.2	23.7	84.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	41.0	23.1	52.2	27.5	22.0	18.8	23.2	85.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	40.5	22.4	49.0	26.2	20.6	18.8	22.9	85.1
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>40.7</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>84.9</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	-0.7	1.3	-3.5	-2.2	0.8	-0.6	0.2

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South East

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic Inactivity by reason								
			Looking after family / home		Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	Student 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	879	204	291	17	163	*	88	112	643	236
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	885	210	290	20	162	*	84	114	615	270
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	907	228	285	21	171	*	88	112	659	248
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	907	230	286	20	174	*	85	110	663	244
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	908	241	283	20	166	*	84	112	660	248
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	901	244	278	21	169	*	82	105	651	250
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>257</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>-2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-7</i>	<i>-9</i>	<i>-10</i>	<i>10</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>8.5</i>	<i>-1.7</i>	<i>-10.7</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-8.1</i>	<i>-8.0</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	<i>3.9</i>	
<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	328	106	19	*	89	*	62	42	239	89
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	328	108	21	*	85	*	61	43	217	111
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	342	117	18	10	92	*	63	41	245	98
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	346	119	17	*	96	*	62	41	250	96
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	347	122	18	*	92	*	62	44	250	98
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	356	128	19	10	94	*	61	43	252	104
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>105</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-4</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>8</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>4.4</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-6.1</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>7.7</i>	
<b>Women</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	551	98	272	*	74	*	27	70	404	147
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	557	103	269	12	77	*	24	70	398	159
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	564	111	267	11	79	*	24	70	414	150
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	561	112	269	11	78	*	22	68	413	148
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	561	119	265	12	74	*	22	68	410	151
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	545	117	259	11	74	*	21	62	399	146
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>152</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-15</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>-11</i>	<i>-17</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>-2.7</i>	<i>6.9</i>	<i>-1.8</i>	<i>-13.4</i>	<i>-3.8</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-13.3</i>	<i>-15.9</i>	<i>-4.2</i>	<i>1.3</i>	

### Percentage of economically inactive (%)

<b>People</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	23.2	33.1	1.9	18.6	*	10.0	12.8	73.1	26.9
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	100.0	23.7	32.7	2.2	18.3	*	9.5	12.8	69.5	30.5
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	25.1	31.5	2.3	18.9	*	9.7	12.3	72.7	27.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	25.4	31.5	2.2	19.2	*	9.3	12.1	73.1	26.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	26.5	31.1	2.2	18.3	*	9.3	12.4	72.6	27.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	27.1	30.9	2.3	18.7	*	9.1	11.7	72.2	27.8
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>30.9</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>28.4</b>
	<b>Men</b>	Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	32.4	5.8	*	27.3	*	18.8	12.9	72.8
Oct 2005 - Sep 2006		100.0	32.7	6.4	*	25.8	*	18.4	13.2	66.1	33.9
Oct 2006 - Sep 2007		100.0	34.1	5.3	2.9	26.7	*	18.4	12.1	71.5	28.5
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		100.0	34.4	4.8	*	27.8	*	18.0	12.0	72.2	27.8
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		100.0	35.1	5.1	*	26.5	*	17.8	12.7	71.8	28.2
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		100.0	35.8	5.4	2.7	26.5	*	17.1	12.2	70.7	29.3
<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>		<b>100.0</b>	<b>35.9</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>70.6</b>	<b>29.4</b>
<b>Women</b>		Oct 2004 - Sep 2005	100.0	17.7	49.3	*	13.4	*	4.8	12.7	73.3
	Oct 2005 - Sep 2006	100.0	18.4	48.3	2.2	13.8	*	4.3	12.7	71.5	28.5
	Oct 2006 - Sep 2007	100.0	19.7	47.3	2.0	14.1	*	4.3	12.5	73.4	26.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	19.9	48.0	2.0	13.9	*	4.0	12.2	73.6	26.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	21.2	47.3	2.1	13.2	*	4.0	12.1	73.2	26.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	21.4	47.6	2.1	13.6	*	3.8	11.4	73.2	26.8
	<b>Oct 2007 - Sep 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>47.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>72.3</b>	<b>27.7</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008							2006	
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply					Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>7</sup>		
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
		16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,350</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8,048</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>845,136</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>33,580</b>	<b>0.89</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>5,096</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>70,041</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>0.90</b>
<b>Bracknell Forest UA</b>	74	64	84.9	2	3.5	9	11.8	660	0.9	81	1.10
<b>Brighton and Hove UA</b>	170	131	74.6	9	6.4	34	20.2	4,492	2.6	163	0.96
<b>Isle of Wight UA</b>	79	60	72.0	4	5.7	18	23.0	1,680	2.1	70	0.89
<b>Medway UA</b>	159	123	75.5	8	6.1	30	19.2	3,634	2.3	117	0.74
<b>Milton Keynes UA</b>	150	125	79.4	6	4.9	25	16.8	3,254	2.2	161	1.08
<b>Portsmouth UA</b>	132	101	74.8	6	5.9	27	20.7	2,818	2.1	129	0.98
<b>Reading UA</b>	97	78	77.9	4	5.2	17	18.0	1,775	1.8	116	1.19
<b>Slough UA</b>	78	59	73.5	4	6.0	17	21.8	1,632	2.1	88	1.12
<b>Southampton UA</b>	158	121	74.3	8	5.9	34	21.3	3,338	2.1	142	0.90
<b>West Berkshire UA</b>	94	85	84.9	3	3.2	11	11.7	826	0.9	101	1.08
<b>Windsor and Maidenhead UA</b>	87	74	80.0	3	3.4	15	17.2	816	0.9	99	1.14
<b>Wokingham UA</b>	100	83	80.7	3	2.9	17	17.0	632	0.6	86	0.86
<b>Buckinghamshire</b>	299	247	78.8			53	17.8	2,882	1.0	256	0.86
Aylesbury Vale	110	89	79.1	3	3.2	20	18.6	919	0.8	82	0.75
Chiltern	53	46	82.1	2	3.2	8	15.4	441	0.8	40	0.75
South Bucks	38	31	77.1	1	3.0	7	18.6	286	0.8	36	0.96
Wycombe	99	80	77.3	4	4.5	18	17.9	1,236	1.2	98	0.99
<b>East Sussex</b>	283	233	77.4			53	18.9	5,344	1.9	218	0.77
Eastbourne	54	43	75.6	3	5.8	10	19.1	1,333	2.5	45	0.84
Hastings	52	39	73.2	3	6.7	12	23.9	1,818	3.5	39	0.75
Lewes	53	45	79.9	2	4.3	9	18.0	763	1.4	40	0.75
Rother	45	38	77.1	2	4.4	8	18.6	795	1.8	35	0.78
Wealden	80	68	79.7	3	3.6	13	16.2	635	0.8	59	0.74
<b>Hampshire</b>	772	645	80.5			125	16.5	8,225	1.1	663	0.86
Basingstoke and Deane	102	86	81.1	3	3.8	16	15.4	1,096	1.1	92	0.90
East Hampshire	66	53	78.4	2	3.5	13	19.5	560	0.8	55	0.83
Eastleigh	75	63	80.6	2	3.6	13	16.7	878	1.2	67	0.89
Fareham	65	53	77.6	2	3.9	12	18.7	586	0.9	57	0.88
Gosport	49	40	82.5	2	4.8	6	12.2	716	1.5	27	0.55
Hart	56	50	85.8	1	2.8	7	13.1	342	0.6	48	0.86
Havant	68	53	73.7	3	5.9	16	23.4	1,340	2.0	45	0.67
New Forest	97	82	78.1	3	3.5	18	19.0	850	0.9	81	0.83
Rushmoor	58	46	79.3	2	4.6	8	14.8	745	1.3	52	0.89
Test Valley	69	63	85.9	2	3.2	8	11.8	575	0.8	61	0.87
Winchester	67	57	83.9	2	3.1	9	14.0	538	0.8	79	1.19
<b>Kent</b>	835	665	75.9			163	19.6	13,635	1.6	673	0.81
Ashford	67	61	84.4	2	3.8	8	12.2	833	1.2	58	0.87
Canterbury	91	69	73.8	3	4.3	20	22.1	1,185	1.3	72	0.78
Dartford	57	40	66.9	2	5.4	14	23.8	869	1.5	59	1.04
Dover	62	51	80.3	3	4.9	11	17.6	1,250	2.0	46	0.75
Gravesham	59	48	77.8	3	5.9	9	15.3	1,400	2.4	33	0.55
Maidstone	88	67	74.7	3	4.3	19	21.6	1,025	1.2	87	0.98
Sevenoaks	68	57	78.5	2	3.4	12	17.6	526	0.8	52	0.77
Shepway	58	47	78.1	3	5.6	10	17.9	1,440	2.5	43	0.75
Swale	79	64	75.3	4	5.3	16	20.8	1,625	2.1	51	0.65
Thanet	72	55	72.5	4	6.6	15	20.6	2,257	3.1	51	0.71
Tonbridge and Malling	70	55	73.4	2	3.8	17	23.8	654	0.9	66	0.95
Tunbridge Wells	63	50	76.1	2	3.9	12	20.2	572	0.9	53	0.85

## 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>Oxfordshire</b>	404	343	80.3			67	16.7	3,798	0.9	379	0.94
Cherwell	86	79	85.6	3	3.4	11	13.1	918	1.1	78	0.90
Oxford	109	81	72.5	5	5.3	25	23.5	1,481	1.4	115	1.06
South Oxfordshire	77	65	78.1	2	3.4	13	17.5	572	0.7	67	0.87
Vale of White Horse	71	64	86.1	2	2.7	9	12.6	447	0.6	62	0.88
West Oxfordshire	61	54	82.2	2	2.9	8	13.4	379	0.6	57	0.94
<b>Surrey</b>	675	565	80.1			118	17.6	5,062	0.7	623	0.93
Elmbridge	80	66	78.0	2	2.7	16	19.7	478	0.6	64	0.80
Epsom and Ewell	44	37	79.9	1	3.3	7	16.2	342	0.8	33	0.76
Guildford	87	74	81.5	3	3.3	15	17.3	710	0.8	93	1.07
Mole Valley	47	40	80.2	1	2.6	8	17.6	270	0.6	51	1.09
Reigate and Banstead	82	69	81.3	2	3.3	14	16.9	653	0.8	72	0.88
Runnymede	54	44	78.0	2	3.4	11	20.7	354	0.7	56	1.04
Spelthorne	56	45	77.4	2	3.8	9	17.1	582	1.0	50	0.89
Surrey Heath	51	47	89.5	1	2.7	5	10.5	347	0.7	48	0.94
Tandridge	49	42	81.6	1	3.4	7	14.0	356	0.7	42	0.85
Waverley	68	54	75.4	2	3.0	15	22.6	440	0.6	59	0.86
Woking	57	48	79.7	2	3.3	10	18.2	530	0.9	55	0.95
<b>West Sussex</b>	449	375	79.8			75	16.8	5,539	1.2	400	0.89
Adur	35	31	84.1	1	4.1	4	12.0	509	1.5	23	0.67
Arun	79	68	81.5	3	4.0	12	15.7	1,214	1.5	53	0.67
Chichester	60	50	77.3	2	4.2	12	19.4	724	1.2	63	1.04
Crawley	64	49	77.2	2	4.7	12	18.5	964	1.5	85	1.34
Horsham	77	66	80.2	2	3.2	14	18.2	687	0.9	59	0.77
Mid Sussex	77	68	85.7	2	3.1	9	11.4	558	0.7	64	0.82
Worthing	58	44	71.8	2	5.1	12	22.1	882	1.5	53	0.92

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,350</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8,048</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>845,136</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>33,580</b>	<b>0.89</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>5,096</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>70,041</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>0.90</b>
Aldershot	75	60	80.2	4	6.5	11	14.7	850	1.1	64	0.85
Arundel & South Downs	53	42	80.9	1	1.7	8	18.1	433	0.8	37	0.70
Ashford	67	61	84.4	2	3.7	8	12.2	833	1.2	57	0.86
Aylesbury	70	54	83.4	#	#	9	15.4	692	1.0	57	0.82
Banbury	75	66	84.5	1	1.7	10	13.9	826	1.1	68	0.91
Basingstoke	69	55	81.9	2	3.4	10	15.1	892	1.3	69	1.00
Beaconsfield	54	44	78.5	3	5.7	9	16.9	418	0.8	53	0.99
Bexhill & Battle	47	39	80.4	2	4.1	7	15.9	748	1.6	33	0.71
Bognor Regis & Littlehampton	50	44	78.9	2	3.8	9	17.8	942	1.9	34	0.67
Bracknell	76	64	83.7	3	4.1	9	12.5	656	0.9	82	1.08
Brighton, Kemptown	56	47	75.8	3	5.6	12	19.7	1,608	2.9	42	0.74
Brighton, Pavilion	64	50	73.6	3	5.9	14	21.5	1,610	2.5	74	1.16
Buckingham	59	53	77.5	2	3.8	13	19.3	351	0.6	36	0.61
Canterbury	69	50	72.7	3	5.3	16	23.2	855	1.2	59	0.86
Chatham & Aylesford	61	49	71.1	4	7.6	15	22.6	1,237	2.0	43	0.71
Chesham & Amersham	53	47	82.9	1	2.7	8	15.2	430	0.8	39	0.73
Chichester	56	44	77.5	2	4.3	10	18.8	695	1.2	62	1.10
Crawley	63	49	77.2	3	5.2	12	18.5	964	1.5	84	1.33
Dartford	62	44	67.8	5	10.8	14	23.5	915	1.5	61	0.99
Dover	54	44	82.0	1	2.8	8	15.5	1,159	2.2	36	0.68
East Hampshire	59	44	77.7	1	1.9	11	20.7	658	1.1	49	0.83
East Surrey	62	53	81.4	3	4.7	9	14.3	452	0.7	52	0.83
East Worthing & Shoreham	54	44	78.2	3	5.4	9	17.0	772	1.4	38	0.71
Eastbourne	58	47	75.7	3	6.6	11	18.6	1,362	2.4	46	0.80
Eastleigh	64	53	79.8	2	3.1	11	17.5	814	1.3	63	0.98
Epsom & Ewell	61	53	82.1	2	3.0	9	15.2	465	0.8	43	0.71
Esher & Walton	67	54	79.7	1	2.7	12	18.0	406	0.6	48	0.71
Fareham	56	47	76.5	3	5.4	11	19.3	539	1.0	50	0.89
Faversham & Mid Kent	54	42	67.3	2	4.8	17	29.2	678	1.3	40	0.73
Folkestone & Hythe	58	47	78.1	3	5.2	10	17.9	1,440	2.5	42	0.73
Gillingham	63	51	76.9	3	5.1	12	19.1	1,246	2.0	41	0.66
Gosport	57	46	83.0	2	5.1	7	12.4	763	1.3	30	0.54
Gravesham	59	48	77.8	4	7.9	9	15.3	1,400	2.4	33	0.56
Guildford	66	60	79.3	1	1.8	13	19.1	577	0.9	81	1.23
Hastings & Rye	59	47	73.1	2	4.4	14	23.8	1,945	3.3	43	0.73
Havant	52	41	72.9	2	4.0	13	24.3	1,064	2.1	33	0.64
Henley	53	40	75.9	2	5.1	9	19.6	344	0.7	48	0.90
Horsham	65	62	83.1	2	3.0	10	14.1	583	0.9	51	0.79
Hove	60	47	75.8	3	5.9	11	19.2	1,461	2.4	52	0.87
Isle of Wight	78	60	72.0	4	6.1	18	23.0	1,680	2.1	69	0.88
Lewes	47	38	80.3	1	3.5	7	17.0	641	1.4	36	0.77
Maidenhead	56	51	78.8	2	3.1	11	18.6	570	1.0	64	1.14
Maidstone & The Weald	62	49	81.7	2	3.4	9	15.4	691	1.1	67	1.09
Medway	58	40	76.8	2	4.8	10	19.1	1,364	2.4	56	0.97
Mid Sussex	57	51	85.1	1	2.5	7	12.7	431	0.8	49	0.87
Milton Keynes South West	76	61	78.3	2	3.8	14	18.5	1,822	2.4	67	0.89
Mole Valley	53	41	79.7	1	2.5	9	18.1	308	0.6	56	1.06
New Forest East	52	47	81.8	1	2.5	9	16.0	492	0.9	41	0.78
New Forest West	45	35	73.6	2	4.2	10	22.8	358	0.8	40	0.88
Newbury	65	58	86.4	2	3.0	7	10.8	622	1.0	75	1.15
North East Hampshire	61	57	83.6	1	2.2	9	14.4	414	0.7	58	0.94
North East Milton Keynes	72	64	80.6	3	4.9	11	14.9	1,432	2.0	95	1.32
North Thanet	54	44	74.9	4	8.3	10	18.0	1,632	3.0	30	0.56
North West Hampshire	65	62	84.3	2	3.6	9	12.4	520	0.8	53	0.81
Oxford East	77	65	76.2	3	5.0	16	19.6	1,300	1.7	60	0.78
Oxford West & Abingdon	74	55	77.5	2	3.0	13	19.9	480	0.6	90	1.22

## 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Portsmouth North	56	50	79.0	2	4.2	11	17.4	1,040	1.8	61	1.09
Portsmouth South	75	51	71.1	4	6.6	16	23.6	1,778	2.4	68	0.91
Reading East	71	57	78.5	2	4.1	12	18.1	1,040	1.5	100	1.42
Reading West	60	52	79.0	3	4.8	11	16.8	999	1.7	58	0.96
Reigate	56	47	80.0	1	2.6	10	18.2	475	0.8	58	1.04
Romsey	57	52	81.4	2	3.8	9	15.2	460	0.8	40	0.71
Runnymede & Weybridge	66	55	76.4	1	1.9	15	22.0	426	0.6	72	1.10
Sevenoaks	53	44	76.9	3	5.7	10	18.1	409	0.8	41	0.77
Sittingbourne & Sheppey	60	49	77.3	3	6.5	10	17.3	1,338	2.2	40	0.67
Slough	71	53	72.9	3	6.1	16	22.2	1,477	2.1	72	1.01
South Thanet	47	37	71.7	2	4.9	12	24.4	1,045	2.2	38	0.81
South West Surrey	57	42	76.2	#	#	12	22.6	369	0.6	51	0.89
Southampton, Itchen	73	55	75.2	3	5.9	14	20.1	1,713	2.4	63	0.87
Southampton, Test	72	56	73.5	3	4.5	17	22.9	1,486	2.1	69	0.96
Spelthorne	56	45	77.4	3	6.4	9	17.1	611	1.1	50	0.89
Surrey Heath	64	61	88.2	#	#	7	11.3	456	0.7	56	0.89
Tonbridge & Malling	56	47	76.9	2	3.5	12	20.2	512	0.9	50	0.89
Tunbridge Wells	53	43	75.3	2	3.9	11	21.5	515	1.0	47	0.88
Wantage	62	60	83.9	1	2.0	9	14.3	456	0.7	55	0.88
Wealden	62	51	78.2	3	4.9	11	17.6	462	0.7	48	0.78
Winchester	66	57	83.9	2	2.8	9	14.0	538	0.8	80	1.20
Windsor	63	54	82.0	2	2.8	10	15.5	490	0.8	71	1.13
Witney	63	56	82.9	3	4.5	8	12.9	392	0.6	61	0.96
Woking	62	54	79.6	2	2.7	12	18.1	546	0.9	56	0.89
Wokingham	63	55	81.7	2	3.3	10	15.5	437	0.7	50	0.80
Worthing West	49	39	75.9	2	5.9	9	19.0	719	1.5	46	0.95
Wycombe	63	49	72.4	4	7.3	14	21.5	1,014	1.6	68	1.08

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,350</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8,048</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>845,136</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>33,580</b>	<b>0.89</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>5,096</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>70,041</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>0.90</b>	
Andover	49	44	87.3	1	2.3	5	10.6	390	0.8	..	..	
Ashford	66	61	85.3	2	3.7	8	11.2	824	1.3	..	..	
Banbury	76	66	81.7	1	1.7	13	16.8	867	1.1	..	..	
Basingstoke	93	79	80.4	3	4.2	15	16.0	1,053	1.1	..	..	
Brighton	250	199	76.4	11	5.4	48	19.2	5,563	2.2	..	..	
Canterbury	116	91	73.3	4	3.9	28	23.6	1,551	1.3	..	..	
Chichester & Bognor Regis	116	96	80.0	3	3.0	19	17.3	1,764	1.5	..	..	
Crawley	320	281	81.2	9	3.1	53	16.1	2,987	0.9	..	..	
Dover	51	40	81.9	1	3.0	7	15.4	1,119	2.2	..	..	
Eastbourne	98	82	80.0	4	5.1	15	15.5	1,750	1.8	..	..	
Folkestone	58	47	78.1	3	5.2	10	17.9	1,440	2.5	..	..	
Guildford & Aldershot	453	387	81.4	10	2.6	75	16.5	3,649	0.8	..	..	
Hastings	93	74	74.1	4	4.7	21	22.3	2,594	2.8	..	..	
Isle of Wight	78	60	72.0	4	6.1	18	23.0	1,680	2.1	..	..	
Maidstone & North Kent	355	278	75.5	15	5.2	71	20.3	6,419	1.8	..	..	
Margate, Ramsgate & Sandwich	76	59	72.6	5	7.7	16	21.0	2,300	3.0	..	..	
Milton Keynes & Aylesbury	273	227	79.0	9	3.7	49	17.8	4,450	1.6	..	..	
Newbury	77	68	85.5	2	2.5	9	12.1	685	0.9	..	..	
Oxford	315	278	80.3	10	3.5	54	16.6	2,862	0.9	..	..	
Portsmouth	369	289	76.3	13	4.4	73	20.1	5,928	1.6	..	..	
Reading & Bracknell	338	285	80.3	11	3.7	56	16.6	3,598	1.1	..	..	
Southampton	408	340	78.9	14	3.9	74	17.9	5,704	1.4	..	..	
Tunbridge Wells	161	127	75.5	7	5.5	32	19.9	1,265	0.8	..	..	
Worthing	106	87	76.8	5	5.7	19	18.2	1,455	1.4	..	..	
Wycombe & Slough	327	272	77.4	14	5.0	61	18.5	4,179	1.3	..	..	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

## 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		October 2007 to September 2008						2006		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>	Jobs <sup>7</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,350</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,643</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8,048</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>845,136</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>33,580</b>	<b>0.89</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>5,096</b>	<b>4,178</b>	<b>78.5</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>70,041</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>0.90</b>
Berkshire, Buckinghamshire and Oxfordshire											
Berkshire	530	444	80.3	18	4.1	86	16.3	6,340	1.2	571	1.08
Milton Keynes	150	125	79.4	6	4.6	25	16.8	3,254	2.2	161	1.08
Buckinghamshire CC	299	247	78.8	11	4.4	53	17.8	2,882	1.0	256	0.86
Oxfordshire	404	343	80.3	12	3.7	67	16.7	3,798	0.9	379	0.94
Surrey, East and West Sussex											
Brighton & Hove	170	131	74.6	9	6.6	34	20.2	4,492	2.6	163	0.96
East Sussex CC	283	233	77.4	11	4.9	53	18.9	5,344	1.9	218	0.77
Surrey	675	565	80.1	16	2.9	118	17.6	5,062	0.7	623	0.92
West Sussex	449	375	79.8	15	4.1	75	16.8	5,539	1.2	400	0.89
Hampshire and the Isle of Wight											
Portsmouth	132	101	74.8	6	5.7	27	20.7	2,818	2.1	129	0.98
Southampton	158	121	74.3	7	5.6	34	21.3	3,338	2.1	142	0.90
Hampshire CC	772	645	80.5	25	3.9	125	16.5	8,225	1.1	663	0.86
Isle of Wight	79	60	72.0	4	6.6	18	23.0	1,680	2.1	70	0.89
Kent											
Medway	159	123	75.5	9	6.7	30	19.2	3,634	2.3	117	0.74
Kent CC	835	665	75.9	38	5.7	163	19.6	13,635	1.6	673	0.81

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,156,895</b>	<b>400,721</b>	<b>1,557,616</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>545,223</b>	<b>177,208</b>	<b>722,431</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>111,480</b>	<b>42,128</b>	<b>153,608</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>61,920</b>	<b>22,583</b>	<b>84,503</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>
<b>Bracknell Forest UA</b>	1,281	547	1,828	3.3	1.5	2.5	828	359	1,187	2.1	1.0	1.6
<b>Brighton and Hove UA</b>	5,222	2,050	7,272	5.9	2.5	4.3	2,066	743	2,809	2.3	0.9	1.6
<b>Isle of Wight UA</b>	2,376	848	3,224	5.7	2.3	4.1	1,233	412	1,645	2.9	1.1	2.1
<b>Medway UA</b>	5,009	1,799	6,808	6.0	2.4	4.3	2,425	702	3,127	2.9	0.9	2.0
<b>Milton Keynes UA</b>	5,276	2,012	7,288	6.7	2.9	4.9	2,835	1,085	3,920	3.6	1.5	2.6
<b>Portsmouth UA</b>	3,893	1,335	5,228	5.6	2.1	3.9	1,891	572	2,463	2.7	0.9	1.9
<b>Reading UA</b>	3,000	1,141	4,141	5.7	2.6	4.3	1,803	657	2,460	3.4	1.5	2.5
<b>Slough UA</b>	2,260	990	3,250	5.4	2.7	4.2	1,157	499	1,656	2.8	1.4	2.1
<b>Southampton UA</b>	4,865	1,456	6,321	5.7	2.0	4.0	2,315	616	2,931	2.7	0.8	1.9
<b>West Berkshire UA</b>	1,702	717	2,419	3.4	1.6	2.6	1,126	480	1,606	2.3	1.1	1.7
<b>Windsor and Maidenhead UA</b>	1,516	681	2,197	3.4	1.6	2.5	946	444	1,390	2.1	1.1	1.6
<b>Wokingham UA</b>	1,349	628	1,977	2.6	1.3	2.0	923	453	1,376	1.8	0.9	1.4
<b>Buckinghamshire</b>	5,184	2,000	7,184	3.3	1.4	2.4	3,108	1,295	4,403	2.0	0.9	1.5
Aylesbury Vale	1,830	636	2,466	3.2	1.2	2.2	1,157	408	1,565	2.0	0.8	1.4
Chiltern	767	310	1,077	2.9	1.2	2.0	451	194	645	1.7	0.8	1.2
South Bucks	538	243	781	2.7	1.3	2.1	339	166	505	1.7	0.9	1.3
Wycombe	2,049	811	2,860	4.0	1.7	2.9	1,161	527	1,688	2.3	1.1	1.7
<b>East Sussex</b>	7,738	2,676	10,414	5.3	2.0	3.7	3,925	1,189	5,114	2.7	0.9	1.8
Eastbourne	1,818	613	2,431	6.6	2.3	4.5	852	249	1,101	3.1	0.9	2.0
Hastings	2,247	716	2,963	8.3	2.9	5.7	912	241	1,153	3.4	1.0	2.2
Lewes	1,300	464	1,764	4.7	1.8	3.4	772	242	1,014	2.8	1.0	1.9
Rother	1,144	400	1,544	4.8	1.9	3.4	585	165	750	2.5	0.8	1.7
Wealden	1,229	483	1,712	3.0	1.3	2.1	804	292	1,096	1.9	0.8	1.4
<b>Hampshire</b>	13,718	5,374	19,092	3.4	1.5	2.5	7,947	2,892	10,839	2.0	0.8	1.4
Basingstoke and Deane	1,828	772	2,600	3.4	1.6	2.6	1,038	451	1,489	1.9	0.9	1.5
East Hampshire	993	384	1,377	2.9	1.2	2.1	618	215	833	1.8	0.7	1.3
Eastleigh	1,373	503	1,876	3.5	1.4	2.5	763	240	1,003	2.0	0.7	1.3
Fareham	948	419	1,367	2.8	1.4	2.1	529	247	776	1.5	0.8	1.2
Gosport	1,085	454	1,539	4.3	2.0	3.2	573	232	805	2.3	1.0	1.7
Hart	657	308	965	2.2	1.2	1.7	421	204	625	1.4	0.8	1.1
Havant	2,075	734	2,809	5.9	2.2	4.1	1,086	368	1,454	3.1	1.1	2.1
New Forest	1,661	546	2,207	3.3	1.2	2.3	1,096	286	1,382	2.2	0.6	1.4
Rushmoor	1,285	548	1,833	4.2	2.0	3.2	747	324	1,071	2.4	1.2	1.9
Test Valley	958	403	1,361	2.7	1.2	2.0	606	185	791	1.7	0.6	1.1
Winchester	855	303	1,158	2.4	0.9	1.7	470	140	610	1.3	0.4	0.9
<b>Kent</b>	20,556	7,368	27,924	4.7	1.8	3.3	10,922	3,624	14,546	2.5	0.9	1.7
Ashford	1,471	554	2,025	4.2	1.7	3.0	903	328	1,231	2.6	1.0	1.8
Canterbury	1,824	608	2,432	3.9	1.4	2.7	960	286	1,246	2.1	0.6	1.4
Dartford	1,341	560	1,901	4.6	2.0	3.3	783	298	1,081	2.7	1.1	1.9
Dover	1,724	587	2,311	5.4	2.0	3.7	802	267	1,069	2.5	0.9	1.7
Gravesham	1,838	745	2,583	5.9	2.6	4.3	844	345	1,189	2.7	1.2	2.0
Maidstone	1,786	627	2,413	3.8	1.5	2.7	1,098	347	1,445	2.4	0.8	1.6
Sevenoaks	1,054	444	1,498	3.0	1.4	2.2	695	300	995	2.0	0.9	1.5
Shepway	1,820	633	2,453	6.1	2.3	4.3	789	234	1,023	2.6	0.8	1.8
Swale	2,363	794	3,157	5.6	2.1	4.0	1,268	288	1,556	3.0	0.8	2.0
Thanet	3,064	994	4,058	8.3	2.8	5.6	1,389	452	1,841	3.7	1.3	2.5
Tonbridge and Malling	1,219	441	1,660	3.4	1.3	2.4	756	260	1,016	2.1	0.8	1.5
Tunbridge Wells	1,052	381	1,433	3.2	1.3	2.3	635	219	854	1.9	0.7	1.4
<b>Oxfordshire</b>	7,116	2,517	9,633	3.4	1.3	2.4	4,278	1,535	5,813	2.0	0.8	1.4
Cherwell	1,777	697	2,474	3.9	1.7	2.9	1,071	474	1,545	2.4	1.2	1.8
Oxford	2,247	667	2,914	3.9	1.3	2.7	1,090	298	1,388	1.9	0.6	1.3

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
South Oxfordshire	1,198	456	1,654	2.9	1.2	2.1	803	297	1,100	2.0	0.8	1.4
Vale of White Horse	1,084	374	1,458	2.9	1.1	2.1	762	257	1,019	2.1	0.8	1.4
West Oxfordshire	810	323	1,133	2.5	1.1	1.9	552	209	761	1.7	0.7	1.2
<b>Surrey</b>	9,586	4,201	13,787	2.7	1.3	2.0	6,142	2,755	8,897	1.8	0.8	1.3
Elmbridge	1,014	476	1,490	2.4	1.2	1.9	687	346	1,033	1.7	0.9	1.3
Epsom and Ewell	651	291	942	2.9	1.4	2.2	422	190	612	1.9	0.9	1.4
Guildford	1,146	508	1,654	2.5	1.2	1.9	630	300	930	1.4	0.7	1.1
Mole Valley	580	247	827	2.4	1.1	1.8	411	169	580	1.7	0.8	1.2
Reigate and Banstead	1,253	515	1,768	2.9	1.3	2.2	814	322	1,136	1.9	0.8	1.4
Runnymede	675	305	980	2.5	1.2	1.8	437	199	636	1.6	0.8	1.2
Spelthorne	951	437	1,388	3.3	1.6	2.5	555	264	819	1.9	1.0	1.5
Surrey Heath	764	328	1,092	2.9	1.3	2.1	530	245	775	2.0	1.0	1.5
Tandridge	686	320	1,006	2.7	1.4	2.1	449	213	662	1.8	0.9	1.4
Waverley	872	381	1,253	2.5	1.1	1.8	561	266	827	1.6	0.8	1.2
Woking	994	393	1,387	3.3	1.4	2.4	646	241	887	2.2	0.9	1.5
<b>West Sussex</b>	9,833	3,788	13,621	4.2	1.8	3.0	6,050	2,271	8,321	2.6	1.1	1.9
Adur	937	300	1,237	5.2	1.8	3.6	574	161	735	3.2	1.0	2.1
Arun	1,971	685	2,656	4.8	1.8	3.4	1,112	354	1,466	2.7	1.0	1.9
Chichester	1,138	445	1,583	3.6	1.5	2.6	670	226	896	2.1	0.8	1.5
Crawley	1,777	787	2,564	5.4	2.6	4.0	1,115	526	1,641	3.4	1.7	2.6
Horsham	1,288	522	1,810	3.2	1.4	2.4	828	330	1,158	2.1	0.9	1.5
Mid Sussex	1,125	464	1,589	2.8	1.2	2.1	788	323	1,111	2.0	0.9	1.4
Worthing	1,597	585	2,182	5.3	2.1	3.8	963	351	1,314	3.2	1.3	2.3

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally  
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,156,895</b>	<b>400,721</b>	<b>1,557,616</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>545,223</b>	<b>177,208</b>	<b>722,431</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>111,480</b>	<b>42,128</b>	<b>153,608</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>61,920</b>	<b>22,583</b>	<b>84,503</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>
Aldershot	1,501	646	2,147	3.8	1.8	2.9	879	385	1,264	2.2	1.1	1.7
Arundel & South Downs	776	313	1,089	2.8	1.2	2.1	487	187	674	1.8	0.7	1.3
Ashford	1,471	554	2,025	4.3	1.7	3.0	903	328	1,231	2.6	1.0	1.8
Aylesbury	1,282	414	1,696	3.6	1.2	2.4	799	246	1,045	2.2	0.7	1.5
Banbury	1,588	626	2,214	4.0	1.8	2.9	955	418	1,373	2.4	1.2	1.8
Basingstoke	1,418	597	2,015	3.9	1.8	2.9	774	340	1,114	2.2	1.0	1.6
Beaconsfield	795	371	1,166	2.9	1.4	2.2	501	254	755	1.8	1.0	1.4
Bexhill & Battle	1,086	406	1,492	4.5	1.8	3.2	559	181	740	2.3	0.8	1.6
Bognor Regis & Littlehampton	1,497	499	1,996	5.7	2.1	4.0	825	258	1,083	3.2	1.1	2.2
Bracknell	1,280	538	1,818	3.3	1.5	2.4	833	351	1,184	2.1	1.0	1.6
Brighton, Kemptown	1,913	702	2,615	6.5	2.6	4.7	779	273	1,052	2.7	1.0	1.9
Brighton, Pavilion	1,938	766	2,704	5.9	2.5	4.3	835	303	1,138	2.5	1.0	1.8
Buckingham	803	308	1,111	2.6	1.1	1.9	536	228	764	1.7	0.8	1.3
Canterbury	1,264	425	1,689	3.6	1.2	2.4	642	189	831	1.8	0.6	1.2
Chatham & Aylesford	1,850	642	2,492	5.9	2.2	4.1	965	278	1,243	3.1	0.9	2.0
Chesham & Amersham	760	311	1,071	2.8	1.2	2.0	449	194	643	1.7	0.7	1.2
Chichester	1,082	418	1,500	3.8	1.5	2.7	632	207	839	2.2	0.8	1.5
Crawley	1,777	787	2,564	5.4	2.6	4.1	1,115	526	1,641	3.4	1.7	2.6
Dartford	1,425	597	2,022	4.5	2.0	3.3	837	319	1,156	2.6	1.1	1.9
Dover	1,593	542	2,135	5.7	2.1	4.0	739	238	977	2.7	0.9	1.8
East Hampshire	1,060	401	1,461	3.4	1.4	2.5	583	226	809	1.9	0.8	1.4
East Surrey	927	406	1,333	2.9	1.3	2.1	625	266	891	2.0	0.9	1.4
East Worthing & Shoreham	1,428	484	1,912	5.2	1.9	3.6	878	280	1,158	3.2	1.1	2.2
Eastbourne	1,864	630	2,494	6.3	2.2	4.3	879	256	1,135	3.0	0.9	2.0
Eastleigh	1,250	463	1,713	3.8	1.5	2.7	689	214	903	2.1	0.7	1.4
Epsom & Ewell	876	395	1,271	2.8	1.3	2.1	569	262	831	1.8	0.9	1.4
Esher & Walton	841	397	1,238	2.5	1.2	1.9	566	286	852	1.7	0.9	1.3
Fareham	862	381	1,243	3.0	1.4	2.2	468	220	688	1.6	0.8	1.2
Faversham & Mid Kent	1,153	390	1,543	4.1	1.5	2.9	704	180	884	2.5	0.7	1.6
Folkestone & Hythe	1,820	633	2,453	6.1	2.3	4.2	789	234	1,023	2.6	0.8	1.8
Gillingham	1,740	672	2,412	5.3	2.2	3.8	868	264	1,132	2.7	0.9	1.8
Gosport	1,171	492	1,663	4.0	1.8	2.9	634	259	893	2.1	1.0	1.6
Gravesham	1,838	745	2,583	6.0	2.6	4.3	844	345	1,189	2.7	1.2	2.0
Guildford	930	394	1,324	2.7	1.2	2.0	502	248	750	1.5	0.8	1.1
Hastings & Rye	2,430	771	3,201	7.9	2.7	5.4	1,006	263	1,269	3.3	0.9	2.2
Havant	1,653	593	2,246	6.2	2.4	4.4	875	289	1,164	3.3	1.2	2.3
Henley	722	258	980	2.6	1.0	1.9	496	156	652	1.8	0.6	1.2
Horsham	1,110	460	1,570	3.3	1.5	2.4	737	298	1,035	2.2	0.9	1.6
Hove	1,681	694	2,375	5.5	2.4	4.0	621	232	853	2.0	0.8	1.4
Isle of Wight	2,376	848	3,224	5.7	2.3	4.1	1,233	412	1,645	3.0	1.1	2.1
Lewes	1,109	393	1,502	4.6	1.7	3.2	681	206	887	2.8	0.9	1.9
Maidenhead	1,073	457	1,530	3.7	1.7	2.7	659	299	958	2.3	1.1	1.7
Maidstone & The Weald	1,191	424	1,615	3.7	1.4	2.6	713	235	948	2.2	0.8	1.5
Medway	1,837	637	2,474	6.1	2.3	4.3	864	235	1,099	2.9	0.8	1.9
Mid Sussex	865	342	1,207	3.0	1.2	2.1	598	232	830	2.1	0.8	1.5
Milton Keynes South West	2,816	1,110	3,926	7.1	3.1	5.2	1,469	577	2,046	3.7	1.6	2.7
Mole Valley	640	273	913	2.3	1.1	1.7	455	177	632	1.7	0.7	1.2
New Forest East	934	292	1,226	3.4	1.2	2.3	603	143	746	2.2	0.6	1.4
New Forest West	727	254	981	3.1	1.2	2.2	493	143	636	2.1	0.7	1.4
Newbury	1,213	494	1,707	3.5	1.6	2.6	772	322	1,094	2.2	1.0	1.7
North East Hampshire	796	334	1,130	2.5	1.1	1.8	535	211	746	1.7	0.7	1.2
North East Milton Keynes	2,460	902	3,362	6.4	2.6	4.7	1,366	508	1,874	3.6	1.5	2.6

# LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally  
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 09 APRIL 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
North Thanet	2,246	711	2,957	8.1	2.7	5.4	1,024	305	1,329	3.7	1.1	2.4
North West Hampshire	960	417	1,377	2.8	1.3	2.1	634	229	863	1.9	0.7	1.3
Oxford East	2,012	571	2,583	5.1	1.5	3.4	990	257	1,247	2.5	0.7	1.6
Oxford West & Abingdon	885	323	1,208	2.3	0.9	1.6	532	202	734	1.4	0.6	1.0
Portsmouth North	1,530	562	2,092	5.3	2.0	3.7	791	258	1,049	2.7	0.9	1.9
Portsmouth South	2,363	773	3,136	6.0	2.2	4.2	1,100	314	1,414	2.8	0.9	1.9
Reading East	1,762	653	2,415	4.6	2.0	3.4	1,056	390	1,446	2.8	1.2	2.0
Reading West	1,834	743	2,577	5.7	2.6	4.3	1,175	437	1,612	3.7	1.5	2.7
Reigate	857	363	1,220	2.9	1.4	2.2	531	227	758	1.8	0.8	1.4
Romsey	735	268	1,003	2.5	1.0	1.8	401	117	518	1.4	0.4	0.9
Runnymede & Weybridge	848	384	1,232	2.5	1.2	1.9	558	259	817	1.7	0.8	1.2
Sevenoaks	818	348	1,166	3.0	1.3	2.2	546	235	781	2.0	0.9	1.5
Sittingbourne & Sheppey	1,927	651	2,578	6.1	2.3	4.3	1,030	248	1,278	3.3	0.9	2.1
Slough	2,034	881	2,915	5.4	2.6	4.1	1,032	452	1,484	2.7	1.3	2.1
South Thanet	1,509	511	2,020	6.3	2.2	4.3	746	273	1,019	3.1	1.2	2.2
South West Surrey	748	329	1,077	2.6	1.2	1.9	487	230	717	1.7	0.8	1.3
Southampton, Itchen	2,512	726	3,238	6.5	2.1	4.4	1,220	307	1,527	3.2	0.9	2.1
Southampton, Test	2,149	663	2,812	5.6	2.0	3.9	1,004	285	1,289	2.6	0.8	1.8
Spelthorne	993	458	1,451	3.4	1.7	2.6	582	272	854	2.0	1.0	1.5
Surrey Heath	951	411	1,362	2.9	1.3	2.1	638	283	921	1.9	0.9	1.4
Tonbridge & Malling	953	348	1,301	3.3	1.3	2.3	579	229	808	2.0	0.9	1.4
Tunbridge Wells	930	337	1,267	3.3	1.3	2.4	554	191	745	2.0	0.7	1.4
Wantage	1,074	405	1,479	3.4	1.4	2.4	740	284	1,024	2.3	1.0	1.7
Wealden	939	364	1,303	2.9	1.2	2.1	631	218	849	2.0	0.7	1.4
Winchester	855	303	1,158	2.5	0.9	1.7	470	140	610	1.4	0.4	0.9
Windsor	955	462	1,417	3.0	1.5	2.3	641	311	952	2.0	1.0	1.5
Witney	835	334	1,169	2.5	1.1	1.9	565	218	783	1.7	0.7	1.2
Woking	1,017	412	1,429	3.1	1.4	2.3	656	253	909	2.0	0.9	1.5
Wokingham	878	436	1,314	2.7	1.4	2.1	568	310	878	1.7	1.0	1.4
Worthing West	1,298	485	1,783	5.1	2.1	3.6	778	283	1,061	3.0	1.2	2.2
Wycombe	1,581	615	2,196	4.8	2.0	3.5	843	385	1,228	2.6	1.3	1.9

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.