

16 January 2008

Coverage
South East
Theme
Labour Market

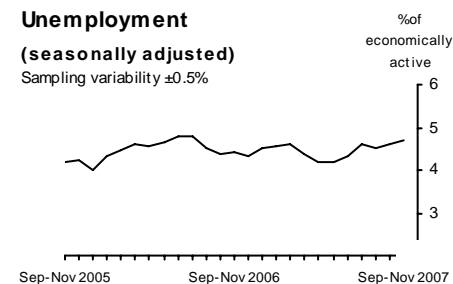
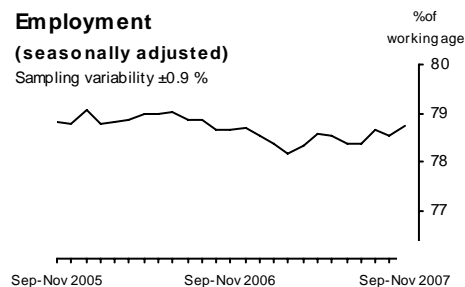
Labour market statistics January 2008: South East

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Labour Force Survey data for the South East indicate that the trend in the employment rate may be starting to increase, but the rate in the latest period is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment may be starting to increase, but the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago.

Data for the three months to November 2007 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 78.7 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.7 per cent, up 0.3 percentage points on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was down in the year to December 2007.



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Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Sep-Nov 07	4,191	78.7	43	± 79	0.1	± 1.2
Unemployment**	Sep-Nov 07	207	4.7	16	± 27	0.3	± 0.6
Economically active*	Sep-Nov 07	4,398	82.8	60	± 78	0.5	± 1.1
Economically inactive+	Sep-Nov 07	866	17.2	-20	± 73	-0.5	± 1.1
of which:							
Not wanting a job+	Sep-Nov 07	628		9	± 63		
Wanting a job+	Sep-Nov 07	238		-29	± 41		
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Sep 2007	4,350		62	..		
Claimant count	Dec 2007	66.0	1.5**	-13.4		-0.3	

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

.. Not available.

New this month:

September to November 2007 data: latest three-month average LFS results;

December 2007 data: claimant count;

September 2007 data: civilian workforce jobs.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Employment and Jobs (tables 1 to 6)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the South East was 78.7 per cent in the September to November 2007 period, up 0.1 percentage point on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 4.19 million in the September to November 2007 period, up 43,000 on the same period a year earlier.



LFS estimates suggest a decrease in the number of employees and an increase in the number of self employed over the past year.

LFS estimates indicate an increase in the number of full-time workers and a decrease in the number of part-time workers over the past year.

Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were up 7,000 in the quarter to September 2007.



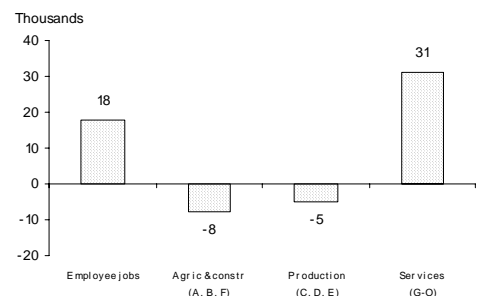
Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were up 18,000 in the year to September 2007. This was mainly due to a rise in service sector jobs, partly offset by falls in construction, and production industries.

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the South East was 4.7 per cent in the September to November 2007 period, up 0.3 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in September to November 2007 were 4.8 per cent and 4.6 per cent respectively.

Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from June 2006



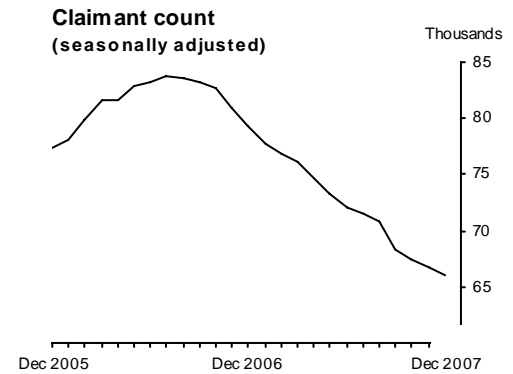
SIC92 groups shown in brackets

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in December 2007 was 1.5 per cent, unchanged from November 2007, and down 0.3 percentage points since December 2006. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in December 2007 was 66,000, down 700 on November 2007, and down 13,400 since December 2006.



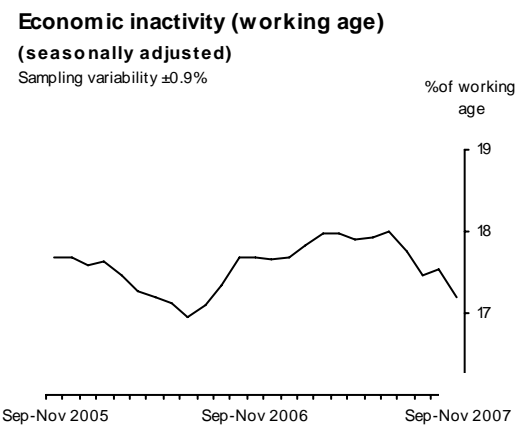
Economically active (tables 1 and 9)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the South East was 4.40 million in the September to November 2007 period.

Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the South East in September to November 2007 was 17.2 per cent, down 0.5 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the September to November 2007 period was 2.20 million, with 866,000 of these of working age, down 20,000 on the same period a year earlier.



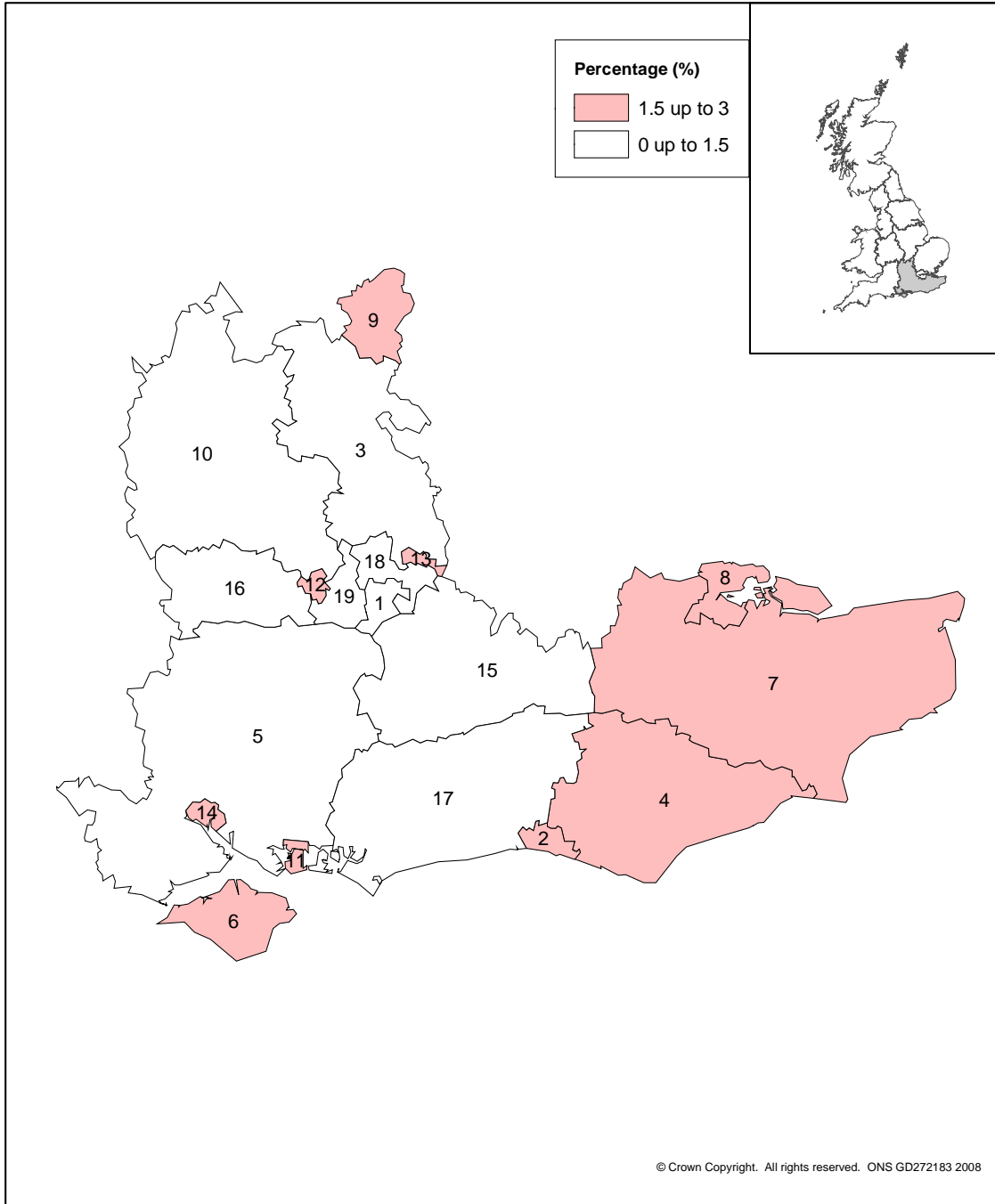
Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in a number of areas, at 0.5 per cent. It was highest in Hastings, at 3.3 per cent.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA

December 2007 - South East



1	Bracknell Forest UA	0.8%	11	Portsmouth UA	2.0%
2	Brighton and Hove UA	2.6%	12	Reading UA	1.8%
3	Buckinghamshire	0.9%	13	Slough UA	2.1%
4	East Sussex	1.8%	14	Southampton UA	1.9%
5	Hampshire	0.9%	15	Surrey	0.7%
6	Isle of Wight UA	2.4%	16	West Berkshire UA	0.8%
7	Kent	1.6%	17	West Sussex	1.1%
8	Medway UA	2.1%	18	Windsor and Maidenhead UA	0.9%
9	Milton Keynes UA	1.8%	19	Wokingham UA	0.6%
10	Oxfordshire	0.9%			

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There have been some revisions to Workforce Jobs data in this month's release. For further details, see under "This Month's Release" below.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from January 2002 to December 2006. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to October 2004.

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Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	78.7	60	-0.06	0.08
Unemployment rate (%)	4.7	60	0.01	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	66.0	60	0.00	0.31

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	4,350	20	67.45*	76.95

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH'S RELEASE

Workforce Jobs (WFJ)

There are revisions to WFJ data (tables 4 and 5) in this release going back to the start of the series. These revisions are mainly due to benchmarking the GB Employee Jobs series to the latest estimates from the Annual Business Inquiry (ABI/1) for December 2005 and September 2006. These ABI/1 estimates were released on 12 December 2007 on *Nomis*® at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>. They incorporate a number of improvements, moving towards the annual Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES), which has affected the continuity of WFJ between 2005 and 2006. Other WFJ sources have also been updated, including revisions to the public sector employment estimates and the self-employment estimates derived from the Labour Force Survey. Further details of the WFJ revisions at United Kingdom level are available in an article published on the website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

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NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE

Following a review of the Labour Market Regional First Releases, the publication will be moving from monthly to quarterly. The change is due to take place next month, with February 2008 seeing the publication of the last Regional First Releases on a monthly basis. The next Regional First Releases will be published a quarter later, in May 2008. The tables that accompany the Regional First Releases will continue to be available on a monthly basis from the National Statistics website.

Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next month's release with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the July 2006 to June 2007 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; and claimant count levels and proportions for July 2006 to June 2007.

SPECIAL

Population estimates in the LFS

On 22 August 2007 ONS published the 2006-based mid-year population estimates for the UK, along with revisions to the mid-year estimates for 2002 to 2005. These were followed by the 2007 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales on 13 September 2007. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates (from July-September 2000) from the November 2007 First Release. On 23 October 2007 ONS published 2006-based national population projections for the UK and its constituent countries. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates (from July-September 2007) from the December 2007 First Release.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include the new population estimates using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of *Labour Market Trends*, which is available on the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

These tables include data from the Annual Population Survey. These data are weighted to population estimates consistent with those released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the revised population data. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. See Concepts and Definitions.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

September to November 2007

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	4,129	4,191	4,253	-48	33	114	-36	43	123
Employment rate	77.8%	78.7%	79.7%	-0.8%	0.4%	1.6%	-1.1%	0.1%	1.3%
Unemployment	187	207	227	-19	7	34	-10	16	43
Unemployment rate	4.3%	4.7%	5.2%	-0.5%	0.1%	0.7%	-0.3%	0.3%	0.9%
Economically active	4,338	4,398	4,459	-39	40	120	-18	60	137
Economic activity rate	81.9%	82.8%	83.7%	-0.6%	0.5%	1.7%	-0.6%	0.5%	1.6%
Economically inactive	810	866	922	-100	-26	47	-93	-20	53

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures September to November 2007

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 36	± 12	± 36	± 37	± 1.9	± 1.0
North West	± 61	± 20	± 60	± 60	± 1.2	± 0.6
Yorks & Humber	± 52	± 17	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.7
East Midlands	± 42	± 14	± 42	± 45	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 54	± 19	± 53	± 53	± 1.3	± 0.6
East	± 53	± 17	± 52	± 49	± 1.2	± 0.6
London	± 70	± 27	± 67	± 67	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 62	± 20	± 61	± 56	± 0.9	± 0.5
South West	± 51	± 14	± 51	± 48	± 1.2	± 0.5
Wales	± 40	± 12	± 40	± 41	± 1.8	± 0.9
Scotland	± 52	± 16	± 51	± 49	± 1.3	± 0.6

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®], at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=14692>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this release is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email labour.market@ons.gov.uk) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2008.

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CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Actual hours worked: See *hours worked*.

Annual Population Survey: Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 12 to 15. The APS is a new survey which started in January 2004 and the first publication of APS data was on 28 July 2005. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data, which were re-weighted to population estimates released in February 2003. However, during this reweighting exercise, revised population estimates were released, in September 2003. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 12 to 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is similar to the annual LFS database in that it is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis[®] website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

Claimant count: The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series include all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-18 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

Claimant count proportion: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

Economically active: People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

Economically inactive: People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

Employment and jobs: There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Full-time: In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

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Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

Inflows and Outflows: The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a $4\frac{1}{3}$ week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

Jobs density: The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

Labour Force Survey: The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

Model-based estimates of unemployment: For estimates of unemployment for local areas, however, even the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf. A detailed user guide can be found at http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf.

Rates: Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

Sampling variability: Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each

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would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

Seasonal adjustment: A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

Unemployment: The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total less than 9,500		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey¹ (September to November 2007)

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	2,066	1,239	76.1	664	575	1,166	71.5	617	73.7	548	69.1	73	5.9	46	7.0	27	4.7
North West	5,480	3,383	77.2	1,837	1,546	3,180	72.5	1,710	75.9	1,470	68.7	203	6.0	127	6.9	76	4.9
Yorkshire & the Humber	4,149	2,591	78.0	1,418	1,174	2,450	73.6	1,329	77.4	1,122	69.5	141	5.4	89	6.3	52	4.4
East Midlands	3,537	2,263	80.2	1,234	1,029	2,143	75.8	1,169	79.7	974	71.5	120	5.3	64	5.2	55	5.4
West Midlands	4,273	2,663	78.0	1,456	1,207	2,497	72.9	1,365	77.5	1,132	67.9	166	6.2	91	6.2	75	6.2
East	4,516	2,940	81.8	1,599	1,341	2,806	78.0	1,525	82.7	1,281	72.8	134	4.6	74	4.6	60	4.5
London	6,062	3,952	75.4	2,210	1,742	3,686	70.3	2,059	77.2	1,628	62.8	265	6.7	152	6.9	114	6.5
South East	6,603	4,398	82.8	2,351	2,047	4,191	78.7	2,238	83.2	1,953	74.0	207	4.7	113	4.8	94	4.6
South West	4,166	2,654	82.2	1,420	1,234	2,555	79.0	1,365	82.2	1,190	75.5	99	3.7	55	3.9	44	3.6
England	40,850	26,084	79.2	14,189	11,895	24,675	74.8	13,378	79.2	11,297	69.9	1,409	5.4	811	5.7	598	5.0
Wales	2,392	1,423	76.1	767	656	1,350	72.1	730	76.1	620	67.8	73	5.1	37	4.9	36	5.5
Scotland	4,164	2,672	80.5	1,403	1,268	2,541	76.4	1,335	79.1	1,206	73.5	131	4.9	69	4.9	63	4.9
Great Britain	47,406	30,178	79.1	16,359	13,819	28,565	74.8	15,442	79.0	13,123	70.2	1,613	5.3	917	5.6	697	5.0
N Ireland	1,361	814	72.9	445	369	779	69.7	424	74.2	356	64.8	35	4.3	21	4.8	14	3.7
United Kingdom	48,767	31,004	79.0	16,811	14,194	29,355	74.7	15,872	78.9	13,484	70.0	1,649	5.3	939	5.6	710	5.0

Change on quarter:⁴

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
North East	3	4	0.0	-4	8	6	0.1	2	-0.2	4	0.5	-2	-0.2	-6	-0.9	4	0.6
North West	8	0	0.0	5	-4	-3	-0.1	3	0.1	-6	-0.3	4	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	11	15	0.3	6	10	25	0.5	10	0.6	15	0.4	-10	-0.4	-4	-0.3	-6	-0.5
East Midlands	11	-4	-0.2	0	-3	-3	-0.2	1	-0.1	-3	-0.2	-1	0.0	-1	-0.1	0	0.0
West Midlands	6	-8	-0.2	-8	0	2	0.1	0	0.1	1	0.0	-10	-0.4	-8	-0.5	-2	-0.1
East	13	37	0.7	1	37	56	1.3	3	0.2	53	2.5	-19	-0.7	-3	-0.2	-16	-1.3
London	15	36	0.4	30	6	21	0.1	21	0.6	0	-0.4	15	0.3	9	0.3	6	0.3
South East	16	40	0.5	27	13	33	0.4	25	0.7	8	0.0	7	0.1	3	0.1	5	0.2
South West	11	16	0.2	19	-3	22	0.4	23	1.2	-1	-0.4	-6	-0.3	-4	-0.3	-3	-0.2
England	93	137	0.2	75	62	159	0.3	87	0.4	72	0.2	-22	-0.1	-13	-0.1	-9	-0.1
Wales	5	3	0.4	-2	5	6	0.6	3	0.2	4	0.9	-3	-0.2	-4	-0.5	1	0.1
Scotland	6	10	0.0	-2	12	3	-0.2	-2	-0.5	5	0.1	7	0.2	0	0.0	7	0.5
Great Britain	105	150	0.2	71	80	168	0.3	88	0.3	81	0.2	-18	-0.1	-17	-0.1	-1	0.0
N Ireland	3	12	0.7	2	10	6	0.1	-2	-0.5	9	0.8	6	0.7	5	1.0	2	0.3
United Kingdom	108	162	0.2	72	89	175	0.3	85	0.3	89	0.2	-13	-0.1	-13	-0.1	0	0.0

Change on year:

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
North East	11	5	-0.2	3	1	13	0.4	5	-0.3	7	1.0	-8	-0.7	-2	-0.3	-6	-1.1
North West	30	19	0.0	35	-16	-11	-0.6	15	0.1	-26	-1.4	30	0.9	20	1.0	10	0.7
Yorkshire & the Humber	43	6	-0.9	4	3	20	-0.5	13	-0.3	7	-0.7	-14	-0.5	-9	-0.7	-5	-0.4
East Midlands	40	-33	-1.5	-20	-13	-24	-1.2	-14	-1.5	-10	-0.8	-9	-0.3	-6	-0.4	-3	-0.3
West Midlands	21	-8	-0.5	-17	9	-3	-0.4	-12	-0.8	9	0.0	-5	-0.2	-5	-0.3	0	0.0
East	49	55	0.9	21	33	61	1.2	24	0.8	36	1.6	-6	-0.3	-3	-0.3	-3	-0.3
London	53	19	-0.6	28	-9	46	0.0	40	0.7	6	-0.7	-27	-0.7	-12	-0.6	-15	-0.8
South East	60	60	0.5	26	33	43	0.1	15	-0.1	28	0.3	16	0.3	11	0.4	5	0.2
South West	46	43	0.6	26	18	45	0.7	23	0.4	21	0.9	-1	-0.1	2	0.1	-4	-0.3
England	352	165	-0.1	106	59	189	0.0	110	0.0	79	-0.1	-24	-0.1	-4	-0.1	-20	-0.2
Wales	17	7	0.2	10	-4	8	0.3	12	0.7	-4	-0.1	-1	-0.1	-2	-0.3	1	0.1
Scotland	27	47	0.9	22	25	54	1.1	35	1.0	19	1.1	-6	-0.3	-13	-1.0	6	0.4
Great Britain	396	219	0.0	139	81	250	0.1	157	0.1	94	0.0	-31	-0.1	-18	-0.2	-13	-0.1
N Ireland	19	10	0.4	4	6	9	0.3	4	0.1	6	0.5	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1
United Kingdom	415	234	0.0	144	90	263	0.1	162	0.1	101	0.1	-29	-0.1	-17	-0.2	-12	-0.1

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (September 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (December 2007); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,184	617	568	47.5	3.8	35.8	5.4	11.7	2.0
North West	3,409	1,808	1,601	106.3	3.1	79.6	4.3	26.7	1.7
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,551	1,359	1,192	76.0	2.9	56.5	3.9	19.5	1.6
East Midlands	2,146	1,156	991	53.8	2.5	38.6	3.3	15.2	1.5
West Midlands	2,691	1,437	1,254	96.5	3.5	71.0	4.7	25.5	2.0
East	2,814	1,499	1,316	56.2	2.0	39.8	2.6	16.4	1.3
London	4,689	2,559	2,130	132.4	2.7	92.1	3.4	40.3	1.9
South East	4,350	2,282	2,068	66.0	1.5	47.2	2.0	18.8	0.9
South West	2,642	1,353	1,288	38.5	1.4	27.5	1.9	11.0	0.9
England	26,476	14,069	12,407	673.2	2.5	488.1	3.3	185.1	1.5
Wales	1,389	737	652	39.3	2.7	29.2	3.8	10.1	1.5
Scotland	2,689	1,398	1,291	71.6	2.6	53.7	3.7	17.9	1.3
Great Britain	30,555	16,205	14,350	784.1	2.5	571.0	3.4	213.1	1.5
N Ireland	842	450	392	23.6	2.7	17.9	3.8	5.7	1.4
United Kingdom	31,397	16,655	14,742	807.7	2.5	588.9	3.4	218.8	1.5

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on September 2006); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on November 2007); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	12	6	6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
North West	29	9	20	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	18	9	9	-0.5	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	0.0
East Midlands	13	12	1	-0.9	0.0	-0.7	-0.1	-0.2	0.0
West Midlands	-19	-14	-6	-1.0	0.0	-0.8	-0.1	-0.2	0.0
East	0	-14	14	-0.4	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0
London	80	38	42	-1.5	0.0	-1.1	0.0	-0.4	0.0
South East	62	15	47	-0.7	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.2	0.0
South West	48	23	25	-0.6	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0
England	243	85	159	-6.0	0.0	-4.5	0.0	-1.5	0.0
Wales	9	18	-9	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Scotland	44	43	0	-0.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Great Britain	295	146	150	-6.6	0.0	-4.9	0.0	-1.7	0.0
N Ireland	5	-1	5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
United Kingdom	300	145	155	-6.4	0.0	-4.7	0.0	-1.7	0.0

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted

1 Summary of LFS data

All aged 16 & over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHJ	YCHW	YCJW	YCMW	HKMV			YCNJ	
People	Sep-Nov 2005	6,488	4,299	4,120	180	2,188	66.3	63.5	4.2	33.7
	Sep-Nov 2006	6,542	4,339	4,148	191	2,204	66.3	63.4	4.4	33.7
	Dec-Feb 2007	6,557	4,345	4,147	198	2,212	66.3	63.2	4.6	33.7
	Mar-May 2007	6,572	4,336	4,154	182	2,236	66.0	63.2	4.2	34.0
	Jun-Aug 2007	6,587	4,358	4,158	200	2,229	66.2	63.1	4.6	33.8
	Sep-Nov 2007	6,603	4,398	4,191	207	2,204	66.6	63.5	4.7	33.4
	Change on quarter	16	40	33	7	-25	0.5	0.3	0.1	-0.5
	Change %	0.2	0.9	0.8	3.7	-1.1				
	Change on year	60	60	43	16	1	0.3	0.1	0.3	-0.3
	Change %	0.9	1.4	1.0	8.6	0.0				
			YCIW	YCKW	YCNW	YCZH			YCOJ	
Men	Sep-Nov 2005	3,138	2,315	2,216	99	823	73.8	70.6	4.3	26.2
	Sep-Nov 2006	3,162	2,325	2,223	102	837	73.5	70.3	4.4	26.5
	Dec-Feb 2007	3,169	2,328	2,216	113	841	73.5	69.9	4.8	26.5
	Mar-May 2007	3,175	2,324	2,216	108	852	73.2	69.8	4.6	26.8
	Jun-Aug 2007	3,182	2,324	2,214	110	858	73.0	69.6	4.7	27.0
	Sep-Nov 2007	3,189	2,351	2,238	113	837	73.7	70.2	4.8	26.3
	Change on quarter	7	27	25	3	-21	0.7	0.6	0.1	-0.7
	Change %	0.2	1.2	1.1	2.4	-2.4				
	Change on year	26	26	15	11	0	0.2	-0.1	0.4	-0.2
	Change %	0.8	1.1	0.7	11.0	0.0				
			YCJJ	YCLW	YCOW	YCZT			YCPJ	
Women	Sep-Nov 2005	3,350	1,984	1,904	81	1,365	59.2	56.8	4.1	40.8
	Sep-Nov 2006	3,380	2,014	1,925	89	1,367	59.6	56.9	4.4	40.4
	Dec-Feb 2007	3,388	2,017	1,932	85	1,372	59.5	57.0	4.2	40.5
	Mar-May 2007	3,397	2,012	1,938	74	1,384	59.2	57.1	3.7	40.8
	Jun-Aug 2007	3,405	2,034	1,945	90	1,371	59.7	57.1	4.4	40.3
	Sep-Nov 2007	3,414	2,047	1,953	94	1,367	60.0	57.2	4.6	40.0
	Change on quarter	9	13	8	5	-4	0.2	0.1	0.2	-0.2
	Change %	0.3	0.6	0.4	5.2	-0.3				
	Change on year	34	33	28	5	0	0.4	0.3	0.2	-0.4
	Change %	1.0	1.7	1.5	5.8	0.0				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIJ	YCKJ		LWDU
People	Sep-Nov 2005	4,980	4,100	3,925	175	880	82.3	78.8	4.3	17.7
	Sep-Nov 2006	5,011	4,125	3,941	184	886	82.3	78.6	4.5	17.7
	Dec-Feb 2007	5,017	4,123	3,931	192	894	82.2	78.4	4.7	17.8
	Mar-May 2007	5,023	4,124	3,946	178	900	82.1	78.6	4.3	17.9
	Jun-Aug 2007	5,030	4,137	3,942	196	893	82.3	78.4	4.7	17.7
	Sep-Nov 2007	5,036	4,169	3,965	204	866	82.8	78.7	4.9	17.2
	Change on quarter	6	32	24	9	-26	0.5	0.4	0.2	-0.5
	Change %	0.1	0.8	0.6	4.4	-3.0				
	Change on year	24	45	25	20	-20	0.5	0.1	0.4	-0.5
	Change %	0.5	1.1	0.6	10.9	-2.3				
							HKLX	YCLJ		LWEG
Men	Sep-Nov 2005	2,575	2,245	2,148	97	329	87.2	83.4	4.3	12.8
	Sep-Nov 2006	2,592	2,260	2,160	100	332	87.2	83.3	4.4	12.8
	Dec-Feb 2007	2,596	2,257	2,147	110	339	86.9	82.7	4.9	13.1
	Mar-May 2007	2,600	2,256	2,150	106	344	86.8	82.7	4.7	13.2
	Jun-Aug 2007	2,605	2,256	2,148	108	348	86.6	82.5	4.8	13.4
	Sep-Nov 2007	2,607	2,281	2,169	112	326	87.5	83.2	4.9	12.5
	Change on quarter	3	25	21	4	-22	0.9	0.7	0.1	-0.9
	Change %	0.1	1.1	1.0	3.6	-6.3				
	Change on year	16	22	10	12	-6	0.3	-0.1	0.5	-0.3
	Change %	0.6	1.0	0.4	12.1	-1.8				
							HKMJ	YCMJ		LWES
Women	Sep-Nov 2005	2,405	1,854	1,777	77	551	77.1	73.9	4.2	22.9
	Sep-Nov 2006	2,419	1,865	1,781	84	554	77.1	73.6	4.5	22.9
	Dec-Feb 2007	2,421	1,866	1,785	81	555	77.1	73.7	4.4	22.9
	Mar-May 2007	2,423	1,868	1,796	72	556	77.1	74.1	3.8	22.9
	Jun-Aug 2007	2,425	1,881	1,793	88	544	77.6	73.9	4.7	22.4
	Sep-Nov 2007	2,428	1,888	1,796	92	540	77.8	74.0	4.9	22.2
	Change on quarter	3	7	3	5	-4	0.2	0.0	0.2	-0.2
	Change %	0.1	0.4	0.2	5.3	-0.8				
	Change on year	9	23	15	8	-14	0.7	0.3	0.4	-0.7
	Change %	0.4	1.2	0.8	9.6	-2.6				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;
9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)					
		Levels					
		Total	Males	Females			
		YXYH	YXYW	YXZL			
	Sep 04 (r)	4,269	2,252	2,017			
	Sep 05 (r)	4,339	2,286	2,053			
	Sep 06 (r)	4,288	2,268	2,021			
	Dec 06 (r)	4,337	2,288	2,049			
	Mar 07 (r)	4,291	2,251	2,040			
	Jun 07 (r)	4,322	2,250	2,072			
	Sep 07	4,350	2,282	2,068			
	<i>Change on year</i>	62	15	47			
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	0.7	2.3			
		Claimant count ¹					
		Levels			Rates (%) ²		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPDL	ZMOS	ZMOU	DPDR	ZMOT	ZMOV
2006							
	December #	79.4	57.5	21.9	1.8	2.4	1.1
2007							
	January	77.8	56.1	21.7	1.7	2.3	1.0
	February	76.8	55.4	21.4	1.7	2.3	1.0
	March	76.1	54.7	21.4	1.7	2.3	1.0
	April #	74.7	53.6	21.1	1.7	2.2	1.0
	May	73.3	52.5	20.8	1.6	2.2	1.0
	June #	72.0	51.6	20.4	1.6	2.1	1.0
	July	71.5	51.2	20.3	1.6	2.1	1.0
	August	70.8	50.5	20.3	1.6	2.1	1.0
	September #	68.3	48.8	19.5	1.5	2.0	0.9
	October	67.4	48.2	19.2	1.5	2.0	0.9
	November (r)	66.7	47.7	19.0	1.5	2.0	0.9
	December # (p)	66.0	47.2	18.8	1.5	2.0	0.9
	<i>Change on period</i>	-0.7	-0.5	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.0	-1.0	-1.1			
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13.4	-10.3	-3.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	-16.9	-17.9	-14.2			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

2 Employment by age

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	4,126	3,935	96	474	847	1,559	960	191
	Jul - Sep 2006	4,168	3,963	93	491	854	1,557	967	205
	Oct - Dec 2006	4,163	3,954	92	482	837	1,572	971	209
	Jan - Mar 2007	4,110	3,901	84	465	827	1,562	963	209
	Apr - Jun 2007	4,146	3,941	79	469	826	1,579	988	205
	Jul - Sep 2007	4,193	3,976	85	496	823	1,590	983	217
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	13	-8	5	-31	32	15	11
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	0.3	-8.4	1.0	-3.6	2.1	1.6	5.5
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,229	2,161	46	253	455	835	572	68
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,244	2,177	42	259	463	834	578	67
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,231	2,163	43	255	452	833	580	68
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,189	2,124	33	241	445	834	571	65
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,206	2,143	36	239	452	833	584	64
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,247	2,182	41	257	452	838	594	66
	<i>Change on year</i>	3	4	-2	-3	-11	4	16	-1
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	0.2	-4.0	-1.0	-2.5	0.5	2.7	-2.0
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,897	1,774	50	222	392	723	388	123
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,924	1,786	50	232	391	723	389	138
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,932	1,790	49	227	384	739	391	142
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,921	1,778	51	224	383	728	392	143
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,939	1,798	44	230	375	746	404	142
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,946	1,795	44	239	371	752	388	151
	<i>Change on year</i>	22	9	-6	7	-19	28	-1	13
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.5	-12.1	3.1	-5.0	3.9	-0.2	9.2
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	63.7	79.1	45.4	70.3	83.7	85.7	76.3	12.7
	Jul - Sep 2006	63.8	79.1	43.4	71.8	85.1	84.8	76.3	13.5
	Oct - Dec 2006	63.6	78.9	42.8	70.1	83.6	85.4	76.5	13.7
	Jan - Mar 2007	62.6	77.7	39.0	67.2	82.9	84.7	75.9	13.5
	Apr - Jun 2007	63.0	78.4	36.7	67.4	82.9	85.4	77.8	13.2
	Jul - Sep 2007	63.6	79.0	39.2	71.0	82.8	85.8	77.4	13.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	-0.1	-4.1	-0.8	-2.4	1.1	1.1	0.4
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	71.1	84.0	42.3	74.2	91.6	92.9	78.7	12.1
	Jul - Sep 2006	71.1	84.1	38.5	75.2	94.1	92.2	78.4	11.8
	Oct - Dec 2006	70.5	83.4	39.1	73.5	92.2	92.0	78.3	11.8
	Jan - Mar 2007	69.0	81.8	29.7	69.2	90.8	92.0	76.9	11.4
	Apr - Jun 2007	69.4	82.4	32.0	68.3	92.5	91.8	78.4	11.0
	Jul - Sep 2007	70.6	83.7	36.5	73.1	92.8	92.3	79.5	11.3
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.5	-0.4	-2.1	-2.1	-1.4	0.1	1.1	-0.4
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	56.7	73.9	48.7	66.4	76.1	78.7	72.9	13.1
	Jul - Sep 2006	57.0	73.8	48.5	68.4	76.5	77.5	73.3	14.5
	Oct - Dec 2006	57.1	74.0	46.8	66.5	75.4	78.9	74.0	14.7
	Jan - Mar 2007	56.6	73.4	48.9	65.2	75.2	77.5	74.5	14.8
	Apr - Jun 2007	57.0	74.2	41.7	66.5	73.7	79.2	77.1	14.5
	Jul - Sep 2007	57.1	74.0	42.2	68.9	73.1	79.6	74.4	15.4
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.1	0.1	-6.3	0.6	-3.3	2.1	1.0	0.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

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The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers ²	Part-time workers ²	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	4,126	3,512	594	13	*	3,018	1,106	169	202
	Jul - Sep 2006	4,168	3,573	571	17	*	3,058	1,109	156	203
	Oct - Dec 2006	4,163	3,558	579	18	*	3,034	1,129	180	194
	Jan - Mar 2007	4,110	3,493	582	23	11	3,003	1,106	163	195
	Apr - Jun 2007	4,146	3,540	574	20	12	3,037	1,107	179	205
	Jul - Sep 2007	4,193	3,560	605	17	11	3,085	1,108	159	203
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	-13	34	0	*	26	-1	2	0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	-0.4	6.0	-1.9	*	0.9	-0.1	1.4	0.0
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,229	1,803	419	*	*	1,970	259	77	100
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,244	1,827	406	*	*	2,001	243	63	85
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,231	1,806	412	*	*	1,980	251	74	83
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,189	1,765	406	12	*	1,950	238	65	85
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,206	1,797	395	*	*	1,968	239	72	89
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,247	1,823	413	*	*	1,999	248	60	85
	<i>Change on year</i>	3	-4	7	*	*	-3	6	-3	0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	-0.2	1.8	*	*	-0.1	2.5	-5.2	-0.3
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,897	1,709	175	*	*	1,049	847	92	102
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,924	1,746	165	11	*	1,057	866	93	118
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,932	1,751	167	10	*	1,054	878	106	111
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,921	1,728	177	12	*	1,053	867	99	111
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,939	1,743	179	11	*	1,069	868	107	116
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,946	1,737	192	10	*	1,086	860	99	118
	<i>Change on year</i>	22	-9	27	0	*	29	-7	5	0
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	-0.5	16.1	-1.7	*	2.7	-0.8	5.9	0.2

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ⁴			
		Total ³	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	#NAME?	Total ³	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	202	42	65	95	1,092	66	822	198
	Jul - Sep 2006	203	40	76	86	1,092	70	810	203
	Oct - Dec 2006	194	40	64	91	1,111	70	820	213
	Jan - Mar 2007	195	38	66	91	1,081	57	801	217
	Apr - Jun 2007	205	42	68	95	1,083	68	808	203
	Jul - Sep 2007	203	45	73	101	1,089	73	820	193
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	4	-4	15	-3	3	10	-11
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	10.6	-5.0	17.7	-0.3	3.8	1.2	-5.2

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

4 Civilian workforce jobs^{1 2}

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYH			
All jobs	Sep 03 (r)	4,244	3,600	639	4
	Sep 04 (r)	4,269	3,613	650	5
	Sep 05 (r)	4,339	3,680	654	5
	Sep 06 (r)	4,288	3,646	640	3
	Dec 06 (r)	4,337	3,672	663	3
	Mar 07 (r)	4,291	3,631	657	3
	Jun 07 (r)	4,322	3,657	663	2
	Sep 07	4,350	3,664	684	2
	<i>Change on year</i>	62	18	44	0
<i>Change %</i>	1.4	0.5	6.8	-6.9	
		YXYW			
Male jobs	Sep 03 (r)	2,242	1,794	446	2
	Sep 04 (r)	2,252	1,789	460	3
	Sep 05 (r)	2,286	1,826	457	3
	Sep 06 (r)	2,268	1,826	441	1
	Dec 06 (r)	2,288	1,825	461	2
	Mar 07 (r)	2,251	1,803	447	2
	Jun 07 (r)	2,250	1,808	441	1
	Sep 07	2,282	1,824	457	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	-2	17	0
<i>Change %</i>	0.7	-0.1	3.8	-6.8	
		YXZL			
Female jobs	Sep 03 (r)	2,002	1,806	194	2
	Sep 04 (r)	2,017	1,824	190	2
	Sep 05 (r)	2,053	1,854	197	2
	Sep 06 (r)	2,021	1,820	199	1
	Dec 06 (r)	2,049	1,847	201	1
	Mar 07 (r)	2,040	1,829	210	1
	Jun 07 (r)	2,072	1,848	222	1
	Sep 07	2,068	1,841	226	1
	<i>Change on year</i>	47	20	27	0
<i>Change %</i>	2.3	1.1	13.4	-7.1	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark.

Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

SIC 1992 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
								7	8
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Sep 04(r)	3,617	3,613	43	20	347	140	1,992	1,071
	Sep 05(r)	3,684	3,680	41	20	332	154	2,040	1,094
	Sep 06(r)	3,649	3,646	39	18	322	163	1,998	1,106
	Dec 06(r)	3,648	3,672	42	18	318	157	2,024	1,113
	Mar 07(r)	3,648	3,631	39	18	318	143	1,996	1,117
	Jun 07(r)	3,660	3,657	39	18	316	149	2,014	1,121
	Sep 07	3,667	3,664	39	19	316	155	2,018	1,118
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	7							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2							
	<i>Change on year</i>	18	18	0	1	-6	-8	20	11
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5	0.5	1.1	4.8	-1.9	-4.8	1.0	1.0
Male jobs	Sep 04(r)	1,789	1,789	25	14	256	117	1,045	332
	Sep 05(r)	1,826	1,826	23	13	245	127	1,076	342
	Sep 06(r)	1,825	1,826	25	12	233	133	1,083	340
	Dec 06(r)	1,812	1,825	26	12	230	126	1,089	342
	Mar 07(r)	1,811	1,803	23	12	230	117	1,077	342
	Jun 07(r)	1,814	1,808	23	12	229	120	1,081	342
	Sep 07	1,822	1,824	24	13	230	128	1,087	343
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	9							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-3	-2	-1	0	-4	-5	4	3
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.1	-0.1	-4.3	2.7	-1.5	-3.5	0.4	0.8
Female jobs	Sep 04(r)	1,828	1,824	18	6	91	23	947	739
	Sep 05(r)	1,858	1,854	18	6	87	27	964	752
	Sep 06(r)	1,824	1,820	14	5	89	31	915	766
	Dec 06(r)	1,836	1,847	16	6	88	30	935	772
	Mar 07(r)	1,837	1,829	16	6	87	26	919	774
	Jun 07(r)	1,847	1,848	16	6	87	28	933	779
	Sep 07	1,845	1,841	15	6	86	27	931	775
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-2							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.1							
	<i>Change on year</i>	20	20	1	1	-3	-3	16	9
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	1.1	10.6	9.3	-3.1	-10.2	1.7	1.1

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys
Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

South East

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ^{1,2}	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹	Full-time ³	Part-time ³	Workers with
						second jobs
		1	2	3	4	5
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	128	31.1	36.6	14.7	10.1
	Jul - Sep 2006	130	31.1	36.7	14.5	9.0
	Oct - Dec 2006	137	32.9	38.8	15.7	9.1
	Jan - Mar 2007	128	31.2	36.9	14.6	8.0
	Apr - Jun 2007	132	31.9	37.6	15.0	7.8
	Jul - Sep 2007	130	31.1	36.5	14.6	9.4
<i>Change on year</i>		1	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	0.3
<i>Change %</i>		0.4	-0.2	-0.5	0.2	3.8
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	80	36.1	38.3	15.3	12.0
	Jul - Sep 2006	82	36.5	38.8	14.5	10.5
	Oct - Dec 2006	85	38.1	40.7	14.9	9.3
	Jan - Mar 2007	79	36.0	38.4	13.6	8.2
	Apr - Jun 2007	81	36.6	39.0	14.8	8.2
	Jul - Sep 2007	81	36.1	38.4	14.8	10.0
<i>Change on year</i>		-1	-0.4	-0.4	0.4	-0.4
<i>Change %</i>		-0.9	-1.0	-1.0	2.4	-4.0
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	48	25.3	33.2	14.5	8.5
	Jul - Sep 2006	48	24.9	32.8	14.6	8.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	52	26.9	35.2	15.9	9.0
	Jan - Mar 2007	49	25.7	34.0	14.9	8.0
	Apr - Jun 2007	51	26.5	35.0	15.1	7.6
	Jul - Sep 2007	49	25.3	33.1	14.5	9.0
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0.4	0.3	-0.1	0.9
<i>Change %</i>		2.6	1.5	0.9	-0.5	11.3

1. Main and second job.

Source: Labour Force Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jul - Sep 2006									
Less than 6 Hours	2.1	1.2	3.2	1.6	0.7	2.4	4.7	2.7	9.7
6 up to 15 hours	7.5	3.3	12.3	7.2	3.1	11.5	8.9	4.3	20.0
16 up to 30 hours	17.1	6.8	29.2	16.9	5.6	28.8	18.1	12.2	32.7
31 up to 45 hours	52.1	58.2	45.1	54.4	61.1	47.5	37.9	44.9	20.8
Over 45 hours	21.2	30.6	10.2	19.8	29.5	9.7	30.4	36.0	16.7
Total (thousands)	4,168	2,244	1,924	3,573	1,827	1,746	571	406	165
Apr - Jun 2007									
Less than 6 Hours	2.1	1.2	3.1	1.6	0.9	2.3	4.3	2.3	8.7
6 up to 15 hours	8.0	3.4	13.3	7.8	3.1	12.6	8.7	3.7	19.7
16 up to 30 hours	16.4	6.7	27.3	16.1	5.5	26.9	18.3	12.3	31.5
31 up to 45 hours	51.6	57.1	45.4	54.0	60.5	47.4	37.2	41.8	26.9
Over 45 hours	21.9	31.6	11.0	20.5	30.0	10.8	31.5	39.9	13.2
Total (thousands)	4,146	2,206	1,939	3,540	1,797	1,743	574	395	179
Jul - Sep 2007									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	0.9	2.9	1.4	0.6	2.3	3.9	1.9	8.3
6 up to 15 hours	7.3	3.1	12.0	6.8	3.0	10.9	9.2	3.4	21.7
16 up to 30 hours	17.7	7.8	29.1	17.3	6.3	28.8	19.9	14.4	31.9
31 up to 45 hours	50.5	55.5	44.7	53.0	58.6	47.2	35.9	41.5	23.7
Over 45 hours	22.7	32.7	11.2	21.4	31.5	10.8	31.1	38.8	14.4
Total (thousands)	4,193	2,247	1,946	3,560	1,823	1,737	605	413	192

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

CLAIMANT COUNT

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

South East

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised ³)	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2006	DPDL	DPDR			DPCK	DPDF
	December #	79.4	1.8	18.6	20.1	78.2	1.7
	2007						
	January	77.8	1.7	20.1	21.4	81.7	1.8
	February	76.8	1.7	19.5	20.5	82.8	1.8
	March	76.1	1.7	18.8	20.0	81.0	1.8
	April #	74.7	1.7	18.6	19.5	77.9	1.7
	May	73.3	1.6	18.4	19.9	74.5	1.7
	June #	72.0	1.6	18.0	19.3	71.3	1.6
	July	71.5	1.6	19.3	20.1	70.7	1.6
	August	70.8	1.6	20.6	20.4	70.7	1.6
	September #	68.3	1.5	18.7	20.7	67.5	1.5
	October	67.4	1.5	18.3	19.5	65.5	1.5
	November (r)	66.7	1.5	18.2	19.0	64.5	1.4
	December # (p)	66.0	1.5	18.1	19.0	64.4	1.4
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.7	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.0		-0.5	0.0	-0.1	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13.4	-0.3	-0.5	-1.1	-13.8	-0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	-16.9		-2.7	-5.5	-17.6	
Men	2006	ZMOS	ZMOT				
	December #	57.5	2.4	12.7	14.1	56.9	2.4
	2007						
	January	56.1	2.3	13.7	14.9	59.2	2.4
	February	55.4	2.3	13.4	14.2	59.7	2.5
	March	54.7	2.3	12.8	13.9	58.3	2.4
	April #	53.6	2.2	12.7	13.6	55.9	2.3
	May	52.5	2.2	12.6	13.8	53.4	2.2
	June #	51.6	2.1	12.4	13.4	51.1	2.1
	July	51.2	2.1	13.3	13.9	50.3	2.1
	August	50.5	2.1	14.3	14.2	49.7	2.1
	September #	48.8	2.0	12.9	14.3	47.4	2.0
	October	48.2	2.0	12.7	13.4	46.3	1.9
	November (r)	47.7	2.0	12.5	13.1	45.8	1.9
	December # (p)	47.2	2.0	12.4	13.2	46.3	1.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.5	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.0		-0.8	0.8	1.0	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-10.3	-0.4	-0.3	-0.9	-10.6	-0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	-17.9		-2.4	-6.4	-18.6	
Women	2006	ZMOU	ZMOV				
	December #	21.9	1.1	5.9	6.0	21.3	1.0
	2007						
	January	21.7	1.0	6.4	6.5	22.5	1.1
	February	21.4	1.0	6.1	6.3	23.0	1.1
	March	21.4	1.0	6.0	6.1	22.7	1.1
	April #	21.1	1.0	5.9	5.9	22.0	1.1
	May	20.8	1.0	5.8	6.1	21.1	1.0
	June #	20.4	1.0	5.6	5.9	20.2	1.0
	July	20.3	1.0	6.0	6.2	20.5	1.0
	August	20.3	1.0	6.3	6.2	21.0	1.0
	September #	19.5	0.9	5.8	6.4	20.1	1.0
	October	19.2	0.9	5.6	6.1	19.2	0.9
	November (r)	19.0	0.9	5.7	5.9	18.6	0.9
	December # (p)	18.8	0.9	5.7	5.8	18.1	0.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.5	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.1		0.0	-1.7	-2.8	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-3.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-3.2	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	-14.2		-3.4	-3.3	-15.0	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4 1/3 week month.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4 1/3 week month but not seasonally adjusted, for December 2007 were 17,400 in total; 12,300 for men and 5,100 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 17,300 in total; 11,800 for men and 5,500 for women.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

CLAIMANT COUNT

South East

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
People													
2005													
December	76.2	75.8	53.7	12.6	9.6	12.6	2.9	19.7	16.5	2.6	0.7	3.4	0.1
2006													
December #	78.2	77.9	52.8	12.8	12.3	15.8	3.2	21.1	17.4	2.8	0.8	3.9	0.1
2007													
January	81.7	81.5	55.6	13.5	12.5	15.3	3.3	22.2	18.2	3.1	0.8	3.8	0.1
February	82.8	82.5	57.0	13.1	12.5	15.1	3.3	23.2	19.3	3.1	0.8	3.4	0.1
March	81.0	80.8	55.5	13.0	12.2	15.1	3.3	22.8	18.9	3.2	0.8	3.3	0.1
April #	77.9	77.7	52.3	13.5	11.9	15.3	3.3	21.5	17.4	3.4	0.7	3.2	0.1
May	74.5	74.3	49.5	13.3	11.5	15.5	3.3	20.3	16.3	3.3	0.7	3.3	0.1
June #	71.3	71.1	47.6	12.4	11.1	15.6	3.3	19.2	15.6	3.0	0.6	3.2	0.1
July	70.7	70.6	48.3	11.6	10.7	15.1	3.2	19.9	16.6	2.7	0.6	3.0	0.1
August	70.7	70.6	48.8	11.5	10.3	14.5	3.1	20.4	17.1	2.7	0.6	2.8	0.1
September #	67.5	67.3	46.9	10.7	9.8	14.5	3.0	19.4	16.5	2.3	0.5	2.7	0.1
October	65.5	65.3	46.3	9.8	9.3	14.2	2.9	18.4	15.9	2.0	0.5	2.8	0.1
November	64.5	64.3	46.4	9.2	8.7	13.6	2.8	17.8	15.6	1.8	0.5	2.6	0.1
December #	64.4	64.3	47.0	9.0	8.2	12.8	2.6	17.7	15.6	1.7	0.4	2.4	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	-13.8	-13.7	-5.8	-3.8	-4.1	-3.0	-0.7	-3.3	-1.8	-1.1	-0.4	-1.6	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	-17.6	-17.5	-11.0	-29.6	-33.2	-20.7	-15.8	-10.6	-38.3	-49.3			2.5
Men													
2005													
December	56.1	55.8	38.8	9.6	7.4	13.3	2.2	13.5	11.3	1.8	0.4	3.2	0.1
2006													
December #	56.9	56.7	37.5	9.6	9.7	17.0	2.5	14.3	11.9	1.9	0.5	3.8	0.1
2007													
January	59.2	59.1	39.2	10.0	9.8	16.6	2.6	15.0	12.3	2.1	0.6	3.8	0.1
February	59.7	59.6	40.0	9.8	9.8	16.4	2.7	15.6	12.9	2.1	0.5	3.5	0.1
March	58.3	58.1	38.9	9.6	9.6	16.6	2.6	15.3	12.6	2.1	0.5	3.5	0.1
April #	55.9	55.8	36.5	9.9	9.4	16.8	2.6	14.3	11.6	2.3	0.5	3.4	0.1
May	53.4	53.3	34.6	9.7	9.0	17.0	2.6	13.5	10.8	2.2	0.5	3.4	0.1
June #	51.1	50.9	33.2	9.1	8.7	17.0	2.6	12.7	10.3	2.0	0.4	3.3	0.1
July	50.3	50.2	33.4	8.4	8.3	16.6	2.6	13.0	10.8	1.8	0.4	3.1	0.1
August	49.7	49.6	33.4	8.3	7.9	16.0	2.5	13.1	11.0	1.7	0.4	2.9	0.1
September #	47.4	47.3	32.0	7.8	7.5	15.9	2.4	12.4	10.5	1.5	0.4	2.9	0.1
October	46.3	46.2	32.0	7.1	7.1	15.4	2.3	11.9	10.3	1.3	0.3	2.9	0.1
November	45.8	45.7	32.3	6.7	6.7	14.7	2.2	11.6	10.2	1.2	0.3	2.7	0.1
December #	46.3	46.2	33.3	6.7	6.3	13.6	2.0	11.8	10.3	1.2	0.3	2.3	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	-10.6	-10.5	-4.2	-2.9	-3.4	-3.4	-0.6	-2.5	-1.5	-0.8	-0.3	-1.5	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	-18.6	-18.5	-11.3	-30.5	-34.8	-22.0	-17.8	-12.7	-39.8	-50.5			2.5
Women													
2005													
December	20.1	20.0	14.9	3.0	2.1	10.7	0.6	6.1	5.1	0.8	0.2	3.8	0.0
2006													
December #	21.3	21.2	15.3	3.3	2.6	12.5	0.7	6.7	5.6	0.9	0.3	4.1	0.0
2007													
January	22.5	22.4	16.3	3.4	2.7	11.9	0.7	7.2	5.9	1.0	0.3	3.8	0.0
February	23.0	23.0	17.0	3.3	2.7	11.6	0.7	7.6	6.4	1.0	0.3	3.4	0.0
March	22.7	22.7	16.7	3.4	2.6	11.4	0.7	7.5	6.2	1.0	0.2	3.0	0.0
April #	22.0	21.9	15.8	3.6	2.5	11.6	0.7	7.2	5.8	1.1	0.2	2.9	0.0
May	21.1	21.0	15.0	3.6	2.5	11.9	0.7	6.8	5.5	1.1	0.2	3.0	0.0
June #	20.2	20.2	14.5	3.3	2.4	12.0	0.7	6.5	5.3	1.0	0.2	3.1	0.0
July	20.5	20.4	14.9	3.2	2.4	11.6	0.7	6.9	5.8	1.0	0.2	2.8	0.0
August	21.0	21.0	15.5	3.2	2.3	11.1	0.7	7.3	6.2	1.0	0.2	2.6	0.0
September #	20.1	20.1	14.9	2.9	2.2	11.1	0.6	7.0	6.0	0.8	0.2	2.4	0.0
October	19.2	19.1	14.3	2.7	2.1	11.2	0.6	6.5	5.6	0.7	0.2	2.7	0.0
November	18.6	18.6	14.0	2.5	2.0	11.0	0.6	6.2	5.4	0.6	0.2	2.5	0.0
December #	18.1	18.0	13.7	2.4	1.9	10.6	0.6	6.0	5.2	0.6	0.1	2.5	0.0
<i>Change on year</i>	-3.2	-3.2	-1.6	-0.9	-0.7	-1.8	-0.1	-0.8	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-1.7	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	-15.0	-14.9	-10.2	-26.9	-27.3	-15.6	-11.5	-6.1	-34.9	-47.0			2.4

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

South East

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2005												
December	40.5	27.5	7.4	5.6	13.9	1.2	14.7	8.9	2.5	3.3	22.3	1.5
2006												
December #	40.8	26.1	7.4	7.3	17.8	1.4	15.1	8.4	2.5	4.2	27.9	1.7
2007												
January	42.4	27.3	7.7	7.3	17.3	1.4	15.9	9.1	2.5	4.3	26.9	1.7
February	42.5	27.7	7.5	7.3	17.2	1.4	15.7	8.9	2.4	4.3	27.5	1.8
March	41.5	27.0	7.3	7.2	17.4	1.4	15.3	8.6	2.5	4.2	27.7	1.8
April #	40.3	25.8	7.5	7.0	17.3	1.3	14.8	8.1	2.5	4.2	28.4	1.8
May	38.6	24.5	7.4	6.7	17.4	1.3	14.4	7.8	2.5	4.1	28.8	1.9
June #	37.2	23.8	7.0	6.4	17.3	1.3	13.8	7.4	2.3	4.0	29.3	1.9
July	36.4	23.8	6.5	6.1	16.8	1.3	13.4	7.2	2.3	3.9	29.4	1.9
August	36.1	23.8	6.5	5.9	16.2	1.2	13.2	7.2	2.2	3.8	28.9	1.8
September #	34.8	23.0	6.2	5.6	16.1	1.1	12.5	6.8	2.0	3.6	29.2	1.8
October	33.9	22.8	5.8	5.3	15.7	1.1	12.3	7.0	1.9	3.4	27.7	1.7
November	33.7	23.1	5.5	5.1	15.0	1.0	12.1	7.1	1.8	3.2	26.5	1.6
December #	34.0	23.6	5.5	4.9	14.3	1.0	11.8	7.1	1.8	2.9	24.8	1.5
<i>Change on year</i>	-6.8	-2.5	-1.9	-2.4	-3.5	-0.4	-3.3	-1.2	-0.8	-1.3	-3.1	-0.3
<i>Change %</i>	-16.7	-9.5	-26.0	-33.0		-29.3	-21.9	-14.9	-30.6	-30.5		-15.3
Men												
2005												
December	31.1	20.8	5.9	4.5	14.3	1.0	10.7	6.2	1.9	2.5	23.8	1.2
2006												
December #	31.2	19.5	5.8	5.9	18.8	1.1	10.7	5.6	1.8	3.3	30.4	1.4
2007												
January	32.4	20.3	6.1	5.9	18.3	1.1	11.2	6.1	1.8	3.3	29.5	1.4
February	32.3	20.5	5.9	5.9	18.3	1.1	11.0	6.0	1.7	3.3	30.1	1.4
March	31.5	20.0	5.7	5.8	18.4	1.1	10.7	5.7	1.8	3.3	30.5	1.4
April #	30.5	19.1	5.8	5.6	18.4	1.1	10.4	5.4	1.8	3.3	31.4	1.5
May	29.3	18.1	5.7	5.4	18.4	1.0	10.1	5.1	1.7	3.2	31.8	1.5
June #	28.1	17.5	5.4	5.1	18.2	1.0	9.7	4.9	1.6	3.1	32.5	1.5
July	27.4	17.5	5.0	4.9	17.8	1.0	9.3	4.7	1.6	3.0	32.5	1.5
August	27.0	17.4	5.0	4.6	17.1	0.9	9.2	4.7	1.5	2.9	32.0	1.5
September #	25.9	16.7	4.8	4.4	16.8	0.9	8.7	4.5	1.4	2.8	32.3	1.4
October	25.4	16.7	4.5	4.1	16.3	0.8	8.6	4.6	1.3	2.6	30.5	1.4
November	25.3	17.1	4.3	3.9	15.6	0.8	8.4	4.8	1.2	2.4	28.9	1.3
December #	25.8	17.7	4.3	3.8	14.7	0.8	8.3	4.9	1.2	2.2	27.0	1.2
<i>Change on year</i>	-5.4	-1.8	-1.5	-2.1	-4.1	-0.4	-2.4	-0.8	-0.6	-1.0	-3.4	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>	-17.3	-9.3	-26.3	-35.3		-32.0	-22.6	-13.8	-34.3	-31.3		-15.3
Women												
2005												
December	9.3	6.7	1.5	1.1	12.3	0.3	4.1	2.6	0.7	0.7	18.4	0.3
2006												
December #	9.6	6.6	1.6	1.4	14.7	0.3	4.4	2.7	0.7	1.0	21.6	0.4
2007												
January	10.0	7.0	1.7	1.4	14.1	0.3	4.7	3.0	0.7	1.0	20.7	0.4
February	10.2	7.1	1.6	1.4	14.0	0.3	4.6	3.0	0.7	1.0	21.3	0.4
March	10.0	7.0	1.6	1.4	14.0	0.3	4.5	2.9	0.7	1.0	21.0	0.4
April #	9.8	6.7	1.7	1.4	13.9	0.3	4.4	2.7	0.7	1.0	21.5	0.4
May	9.4	6.4	1.7	1.3	14.4	0.3	4.3	2.6	0.7	0.9	21.7	0.4
June #	9.1	6.2	1.5	1.3	14.3	0.3	4.2	2.6	0.7	0.9	21.8	0.4
July	9.0	6.3	1.5	1.3	13.9	0.3	4.1	2.5	0.7	0.9	22.2	0.4
August	9.1	6.4	1.5	1.2	13.6	0.3	4.1	2.5	0.7	0.9	21.8	0.4
September #	8.9	6.3	1.4	1.2	13.8	0.2	3.8	2.3	0.6	0.8	22.0	0.4
October	8.6	6.1	1.3	1.2	13.6	0.2	3.7	2.3	0.6	0.8	21.3	0.3
November	8.4	6.0	1.3	1.1	13.4	0.2	3.6	2.3	0.6	0.8	21.1	0.3
December #	8.2	5.9	1.2	1.1	13.2	0.2	3.5	2.3	0.6	0.7	19.5	0.3
<i>Change on year</i>	-1.4	-0.7	-0.4	-0.3	-1.5	-0.1	-0.9	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3	-2.1	-0.1
<i>Change %</i>	-14.6	-10.2	-24.9	-23.3		-18.5	-20.3	-17.2	-21.6	-28.1		-15.4

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

9 Economic activity by age

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically active									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	4,305	4,109	129	523	874	1,595	987	196
	Jul - Sep 2006	4,370	4,158	124	548	886	1,604	996	212
	Oct - Dec 2006	4,344	4,129	115	531	867	1,618	998	215
	Jan - Mar 2007	4,315	4,100	108	513	867	1,611	1,001	214
	Apr - Jun 2007	4,324	4,115	103	520	854	1,623	1,015	209
	Jul - Sep 2007	4,399	4,180	122	558	857	1,635	1,008	219
	<i>Change on year</i>	29	22	-2	10	-29	31	12	7
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.5	-1.9	1.9	-3.3	1.9	1.2	3.4
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,330	2,259	64	279	472	853	591	70
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,350	2,280	57	294	477	855	597	70
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,333	2,263	59	282	468	858	596	70
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,310	2,242	49	274	467	857	595	68
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,309	2,243	48	270	464	857	604	66
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,357	2,290	60	295	466	858	611	66
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	10	3	1	-11	3	14	-4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.5	5.1	0.3	-2.2	0.4	2.3	-5.1
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,975	1,850	65	244	403	742	396	126
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,020	1,878	67	254	409	749	400	142
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,011	1,865	56	249	399	759	401	146
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,005	1,858	59	239	400	754	406	146
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,015	1,872	55	250	389	766	411	143
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,043	1,890	61	264	391	776	398	153
	<i>Change on year</i>	22	12	-5	9	-18	28	-2	11
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.6	-7.9	3.7	-4.4	3.7	-0.5	7.6
Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	66.4	82.6	60.9	77.5	86.5	87.7	78.4	13.0
	Jul - Sep 2006	66.9	83.0	57.9	80.1	88.3	87.3	78.6	13.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	66.3	82.4	53.6	77.2	86.7	87.9	78.7	14.0
	Jan - Mar 2007	65.8	81.7	50.3	74.2	86.8	87.3	78.9	13.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	65.7	81.9	47.8	74.8	85.7	87.8	80.0	13.5
	Jul - Sep 2007	66.7	83.1	56.1	79.9	86.2	88.3	79.4	14.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.2	0.0	-1.8	-0.2	-2.1	1.0	0.8	0.1
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	74.3	87.8	58.5	82.0	95.0	94.9	81.3	12.5
	Jul - Sep 2006	74.4	88.1	52.2	85.2	96.9	94.6	80.9	12.3
	Oct - Dec 2006	73.7	87.3	53.2	81.4	95.3	94.8	80.6	12.2
	Jan - Mar 2007	72.8	86.3	44.6	78.7	95.4	94.6	80.1	11.8
	Apr - Jun 2007	72.7	86.2	43.6	77.1	95.1	94.5	81.1	11.4
	Jul - Sep 2007	74.0	87.9	54.1	83.9	95.7	94.5	81.7	11.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.2	1.9	-1.3	-1.2	0.0	0.8	-0.8
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	59.1	77.0	63.4	73.0	78.3	80.7	74.5	13.3
	Jul - Sep 2006	59.9	77.7	64.0	74.9	80.1	80.2	75.3	14.8
	Oct - Dec 2006	59.4	77.1	54.0	72.9	78.3	81.2	75.9	15.1
	Jan - Mar 2007	59.1	76.7	56.4	69.7	78.6	80.3	77.1	15.1
	Apr - Jun 2007	59.3	77.2	52.4	72.5	76.7	81.3	78.5	14.7
	Jul - Sep 2007	59.9	77.9	58.3	75.9	77.0	82.3	76.1	15.6
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.1	0.2	-5.7	1.0	-3.1	2.0	0.8	0.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

10 Economic inactivity by age

South East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Economically inactive									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,174	865	83	152	136	223	271	1,309
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,162	849	90	136	117	234	272	1,314
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,204	885	100	157	134	224	271	1,319
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,248	919	107	178	132	234	268	1,329
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,253	910	113	175	143	226	254	1,343
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,193	852	95	140	138	217	262	1,341
	<i>Change on year</i>	31	3	5	4	20	-16	-10	28
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	0.3	5.7	2.9	17.4	-7.0	-3.8	2.1
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	805	313	45	61	25	46	136	492
	Jul - Sep 2006	808	309	53	51	16	49	141	499
	Oct - Dec 2006	832	330	52	64	23	47	143	502
	Jan - Mar 2007	861	355	61	74	23	49	148	506
	Apr - Jun 2007	869	358	63	80	24	50	141	510
	Jul - Sep 2007	828	315	51	57	21	50	137	512
	<i>Change on year</i>	20	6	-1	6	6	0	-4	13
	<i>Change %</i>	2.4	2.1	-2.5	11.1	35.7	0.7	-2.7	2.7
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,369	552	38	90	112	177	135	817
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,354	540	37	85	102	184	131	815
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,372	555	48	93	111	176	127	817
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,387	564	46	104	109	185	121	823
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,385	552	50	95	119	176	113	833
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,365	536	44	84	117	168	125	829
	<i>Change on year</i>	11	-4	6	-2	15	-17	-6	15
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	-0.7	17.2	-2.0	14.6	-9.1	-4.9	1.8
Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	33.6	17.4	39.1	22.5	13.5	12.3	21.6	87.0
	Jul - Sep 2006	33.1	17.0	42.1	19.9	11.7	12.7	21.4	86.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	33.7	17.6	46.4	22.8	13.3	12.1	21.3	86.0
	Jan - Mar 2007	34.2	18.3	49.7	25.8	13.2	12.7	21.1	86.1
	Apr - Jun 2007	34.3	18.1	52.2	25.2	14.3	12.2	20.0	86.5
	Jul - Sep 2007	33.3	16.9	43.9	20.1	13.8	11.7	20.6	86.0
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	0.0	1.8	0.2	2.1	-1.0	-0.8	-0.1
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	25.7	12.2	41.5	18.0	5.0	5.1	18.7	87.5
	Jul - Sep 2006	25.6	11.9	47.8	14.8	3.1	5.4	19.1	87.7
	Oct - Dec 2006	26.3	12.7	46.8	18.6	4.7	5.2	19.4	87.8
	Jan - Mar 2007	27.2	13.7	55.4	21.3	4.6	5.4	19.9	88.2
	Apr - Jun 2007	27.3	13.8	56.4	22.9	4.9	5.5	18.9	88.6
	Jul - Sep 2007	26.0	12.1	45.9	16.1	4.3	5.5	18.3	88.5
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.2	-1.9	1.3	1.2	0.0	-0.8	0.8
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	40.9	23.0	36.6	27.0	21.7	19.3	25.5	86.7
	Jul - Sep 2006	40.1	22.3	36.0	25.1	19.9	19.8	24.7	85.2
	Oct - Dec 2006	40.6	22.9	46.0	27.1	21.7	18.8	24.1	84.9
	Jan - Mar 2007	40.9	23.3	43.6	30.3	21.4	19.7	22.9	84.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	40.7	22.8	47.6	27.5	23.3	18.7	21.5	85.3
	Jul - Sep 2007	40.1	22.1	41.7	24.1	23.0	17.7	23.9	84.4
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	-0.2	5.7	-1.0	3.1	-2.0	-0.8	-0.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

South East

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Economic Inactivity by reason									
		Total aged 16-59/64	Looking after family / home							Does not want job	Wants a job
			Student	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	865	184	294	16	165	*	91	113	618	247
	Jul - Sep 2006	849	167	294	16	160	*	87	120	577	272
	Oct - Dec 2006	885	212	275	17	174	*	89	115	627	257
	Jan - Mar 2007	919	232	289	19	179	*	91	105	658	261
	Apr - Jun 2007	910	244	285	20	162	*	89	109	666	245
	Jul - Sep 2007	852	169	291	23	164	*	85	116	617	235
	<i>Change on year</i>	3	2	-2	7	5	*	-2	-4	40	-37
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	1.1	-0.8	43.6	3.0	*	-2.7	-3.4	7.0	-13.7
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	313	97	16	*	85	*	65	41	224	89
	Jul - Sep 2006	309	85	23	*	82	*	63	47	203	106
	Oct - Dec 2006	330	104	18	*	94	*	61	43	228	102
	Jan - Mar 2007	355	120	18	*	100	*	65	42	252	104
	Apr - Jun 2007	358	129	21	*	94	*	62	43	254	105
	Jul - Sep 2007	315	83	21	*	97	*	61	44	214	102
	<i>Change on year</i>	6	-3	-2	*	14	*	-2	-3	11	-4
	<i>Change %</i>	2.1	-3.3	-9.1	*	17.6	*	-2.7	-6.6	5.3	-4.1
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	552	87	279	*	80	*	26	72	394	159
	Jul - Sep 2006	540	82	271	10	77	*	24	73	374	166
	Oct - Dec 2006	555	108	257	10	80	*	28	71	400	155
	Jan - Mar 2007	564	112	272	11	79	*	26	63	406	157
	Apr - Jun 2007	552	115	264	13	68	*	27	65	412	140
	Jul - Sep 2007	536	86	270	16	68	*	24	72	403	133
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	5	0	6	-10	*	-1	-1	29	-33
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	5.7	0.0	55.7	-12.6	*	-2.7	-1.3	7.9	-19.9

Percentage of economically inactive (%)

People	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	21.2	34.0	1.8	19.1	*	10.5	13.1	71.4	28.6
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	19.7	34.6	1.9	18.8	*	10.3	14.2	67.9	32.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	24.0	31.1	1.9	19.7	*	10.1	12.9	70.9	29.1
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	25.3	31.5	2.1	19.4	*	9.9	11.4	71.6	28.4
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	26.8	31.3	2.2	17.8	*	9.8	11.9	73.1	26.9
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	19.8	34.2	2.7	19.3	*	9.9	13.6	72.4	27.6
Men	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	31.0	5.1	*	27.2	*	20.7	13.1	71.7	28.3
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	27.7	7.4	*	26.6	*	20.3	15.3	65.7	34.3
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	31.4	5.6	*	28.6	*	18.6	13.1	69.1	30.9
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	33.9	5.0	*	28.1	*	18.3	11.9	70.8	29.2
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	36.1	6.0	*	26.3	*	17.4	12.1	70.8	29.2
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	26.2	6.6	*	30.7	*	19.3	14.0	67.7	32.3
Women	Jul - Sep 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	15.7	50.4	*	14.5	*	4.8	13.1	71.3	28.7
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	15.1	50.1	1.9	14.3	*	4.5	13.5	69.2	30.8
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	19.5	46.3	1.8	14.4	*	5.1	12.8	72.0	28.0
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	19.8	48.2	2.0	14.0	*	4.6	11.1	72.1	27.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	20.7	47.8	2.3	12.3	*	4.9	11.8	74.6	25.4
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	16.1	50.4	3.0	12.6	*	4.4	13.4	75.2	24.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		April 2006 to March 2007						2005			
	Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand ⁷			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ³		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵		Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,707	28,317	74.1	1,583	5.3	7,933	21.7	953,970	2.5	31,377	0.84	
Regional total	5,066	4,119	78.3	190	4.4	900	18.0	81,912	1.6	4,423	0.88	
Bracknell Forest UA	73	64	82.2	2	3.4	11	15.3	828	1.1	69	0.96	
Brighton and Hove UA	168	128	73.1	9	6.5	37	21.7	5,208	3.1	149	0.90	
Isle of Wight UA	78	58	73.8	3	5.3	17	22.8	2,063	2.6	59	0.75	
Medway UA	159	125	76.5	7	5.5	30	19.0	4,462	2.8	108	0.68	
Milton Keynes UA	148	120	79.9	6	4.9	22	15.5	3,236	2.2	146	1.00	
Portsmouth UA	131	97	75.5	6	6.0	24	19.3	2,934	2.2	124	0.96	
Reading UA	96	79	78.7	4	5.1	17	17.7	2,273	2.4	111	1.17	
Slough UA	78	60	73.4	4	6.8	17	21.3	2,169	2.8	82	1.06	
Southampton UA	156	106	72.2	8	6.8	31	21.7	3,545	2.3	133	0.87	
West Berkshire UA	93	80	81.8	3	3.6	14	15.3	1,010	1.1	91	0.99	
Windsor and Maidenhead UA	86	71	78.6	3	3.7	16	18.5	1,101	1.3	89	1.05	
Wokingham UA	99	84	80.8	3	3.4	16	15.8	803	0.8	72	0.73	
Buckinghamshire	299	253	78.7			55	18.2	3,484	1.2	262	0.88	
Aylesbury Vale	109	88	77.0	3	3.5	22	20.8	1,043	1.0	86	0.80	
Chiltern	53	45	78.2	2	3.6	10	19.1	568	1.1	40	0.76	
South Bucks	38	32	80.1	1	3.8	5	14.3	360	1.0	35	0.92	
Wycombe	99	88	80.4	4	4.0	17	16.5	1,513	1.5	101	1.01	
East Sussex	284	234	76.7			55	19.2	5,898	2.1	205	0.72	
Eastbourne	54	42	74.9	3	5.8	12	22.0	1,477	2.7	46	0.87	
Hastings	52	39	74.3	3	6.5	11	22.0	1,899	3.7	37	0.71	
Lewes	52	41	74.7	2	5.2	10	18.6	922	1.8	39	0.75	
Rother	45	41	81.7	2	4.2	7	14.9	831	1.8	34	0.74	
Wealden	81	70	77.8	3	3.5	15	18.4	769	1.0	57	0.70	
Hampshire	768	665	81.6			122	15.8	9,222	1.2	639	0.83	
Basingstoke and Deane	101	86	86.1	3	3.7	11	11.5	1,204	1.2	92	0.91	
East Hampshire	66	61	78.0	2	3.4	13	18.7	635	1.0	61	0.92	
Eastleigh	74	63	77.8	3	3.9	15	19.7	918	1.2	73	0.99	
Fareham	65	55	80.1	2	3.8	12	18.0	764	1.2	54	0.83	
Gosport	48	41	82.3	2	4.1	8	16.9	768	1.6	26	0.56	
Hart	56	49	86.8	1	2.9	6	11.3	376	0.7	45	0.81	
Havant	68	56	81.8	3	5.1	11	15.8	1,533	2.3	48	0.70	
New Forest	97	81	77.1	3	3.9	18	18.3	954	1.0	78	0.81	
Rushmoor	58	49	83.9	2	4.1	8	13.1	779	1.3	57	0.99	
Test Valley	69	65	84.7	2	3.1	10	13.3	622	0.9	67	0.97	
Winchester	66	59	81.2	2	3.5	11	16.5	671	1.0	76	1.15	
Kent	831	639	75.9			158	19.7	17,097	2.1	641	0.78	
Ashford	67	51	75.1	3	5.1	11	17.9	998	1.5	57	0.86	
Canterbury	90	64	74.8	4	5.3	16	19.6	1,567	1.7	69	0.77	
Dartford	57	46	79.5	2	4.7	10	17.2	1,092	1.9	55	1.00	
Dover	62	48	72.0	3	5.8	14	22.9	1,731	2.8	46	0.74	
Gravesham	59	44	76.1	3	6.0	10	18.6	1,702	2.9	35	0.59	
Maidstone	88	70	77.8	3	4.2	16	19.1	1,321	1.5	86	0.99	
Sevenoaks	68	55	78.7	2	3.7	12	18.5	711	1.0	52	0.78	
Shepway	58	47	78.1	3	5.5	10	18.1	1,794	3.1	42	0.73	
Swale	78	59	75.3	4	5.7	16	20.8	2,036	2.6	54	0.69	
Thanet	72	51	68.7	4	6.9	17	24.3	2,651	3.7	50	0.69	
Tonbridge and Malling	69	53	77.6	2	3.9	13	20.3	822	1.2	64	0.94	
Tunbridge Wells	62	51	78.2	2	3.8	11	18.0	672	1.1	58	0.93	

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006			April 2006 to March 2007						2005	
	Population ¹			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁷	
				Employment ²		Unemployment ³	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁵	Jobs ⁸	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ⁴ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁶ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Oxfordshire	403	331	80.6			66	16.9	4,389	1.1	368	0.92
Cherwell	87	79	86.1	3	3.4	11	12.1	1,016	1.2	78	0.90
Oxford	107	64	66.5	4	6.4	27	29.7	1,733	1.6	108	1.01
South Oxfordshire	78	67	80.9	2	3.3	13	16.9	694	0.9	67	0.86
Vale of White Horse	71	64	84.6	2	2.9	10	13.6	547	0.8	65	0.91
West Oxfordshire	61	57	88.8	2	2.8	5	8.3	400	0.7	51	0.84
Surrey	669	549	79.1			113	17.2	6,067	0.9	569	0.86
Elmbridge	80	64	75.1	2	3.5	17	20.8	647	0.8	62	0.80
Epsom and Ewell	43	34	77.2	1	3.8	8	19.2	394	0.9	34	0.81
Guildford	86	71	83.5	3	3.6	12	14.2	802	0.9	85	1.00
Mole Valley	47	41	84.4	1	2.8	6	14.1	334	0.7	46	0.99
Reigate and Banstead	80	65	77.9	2	3.5	15	19.0	698	0.9	71	0.90
Runnymede	53	42	82.5	2	3.8	6	12.9	509	1.0	56	1.07
Spelthorne	56	42	73.5	2	4.7	11	21.0	733	1.3	49	0.89
Surrey Heath	51	46	84.6	2	3.3	4	7.4	421	0.8	49	0.96
Tandridge	48	40	78.6	1	3.2	9	19.4	372	0.8	36	0.75
Waverley	68	57	76.7	2	3.3	14	20.2	514	0.8	59	0.86
Woking	57	48	78.2	2	3.7	11	18.3	644	1.1	54	0.96
West Sussex	447	377	79.1			80	17.8	6,123	1.4	396	0.89
Adur	34	30	85.8	1	4.1	3	8.8	548	1.6	24	0.69
Arun	79	67	75.2	3	4.3	18	21.8	1,306	1.7	53	0.68
Chichester	61	49	76.3	2	4.5	11	18.7	843	1.4	63	1.04
Crawley	63	53	80.6	2	4.1	12	18.2	1,062	1.7	86	1.36
Horsham	76	64	78.7	2	3.7	14	17.7	823	1.1	59	0.78
Mid Sussex	77	66	81.6	2	3.4	12	15.9	656	0.9	66	0.86
Worthing	57	48	79.2	2	4.4	11	18.3	883	1.6	51	0.91

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		April 2006 to March 2007						2005			
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
United Kingdom total	37,707	28,317	74.1	1,583	5.3	7,933	21.7	953,970	2.5	31,377	0.84	
Regional total	5,066	4,119	78.3	190	4.4	900	18.0	81,912	1.6	4,423	0.88	
Aldershot	..	65	85.4	2	3.0	9	11.9	904	1.2	68	0.88	
Arundel & South Downs	..	43	76.5	2	5.3	10	18.8	491	1.0	37	0.71	
Ashford	..	51	75.1	5	8.4	11	17.9	998	1.6	57	0.91	
Aylesbury	..	49	73.1	2	4.1	16	24.2	813	1.2	64	0.92	
Banbury	..	63	86.3	1	2.1	8	11.8	898	1.2	66	0.92	
Basingstoke	..	60	87.5	1	2.4	7	10.8	973	1.4	71	1.05	
Beaconsfield	..	50	81.5	2	4.6	8	14.3	538	1.0	50	0.94	
Bexhill & Battle	..	43	83.3	3	5.8	6	12.4	795	1.8	34	0.75	
Bognor Regis & Littlehampton	..	39	74.2	2	3.7	11	22.6	1,030	2.1	33	0.68	
Bracknell	..	65	81.4	2	3.2	12	15.8	843	1.1	70	0.96	
Brighton, Kemptown	..	38	69.7	5	10.7	11	21.5	1,841	3.4	38	0.70	
Brighton, Pavilion	..	49	73.0	4	7.2	14	21.1	1,988	3.2	68	1.10	
Buckingham	..	55	82.1	1	1.7	10	16.4	383	0.7	37	0.65	
Canterbury	..	45	72.6	3	6.2	13	22.4	1,100	1.8	60	0.97	
Chatham & Aylesford	..	48	79.8	3	5.5	9	15.5	1,582	2.6	39	0.65	
Chesham & Amersham	..	46	78.8	2	4.3	10	17.4	559	1.0	39	0.73	
Chichester	..	46	76.9	3	0	10	18.3	812	1.5	60	1.09	
Crawley	..	53	80.6	1	1.4	12	18.2	1,062	1.7	86	1.37	
Dartford	..	51	78.7	3	4.9	11	17.1	1,149	2.0	58	1.00	
Dover	..	41	71.8	3	6.5	12	22.9	1,611	3.0	36	0.68	
East Hampshire	..	59	82.1	1	0	10	15.7	714	1.2	53	0.89	
East Surrey	..	49	78.9	1	1.9	12	19.6	489	0.8	49	0.80	
East Worthing & Shoreham	..	47	83.6	2	4.7	6	12.0	826	1.6	37	0.71	
Eastbourne	..	47	75.5	2	3.4	13	21.7	1,513	2.9	48	0.91	
Eastleigh	..	55	78.9	#	#	14	20.5	843	1.4	68	1.11	
Epsom & Ewell	..	50	75.8	3	5.5	12	19.4	552	0.9	44	0.74	
Esher & Walton	..	55	75.8	3	5.2	14	20.2	541	0.9	46	0.73	
Fareham	..	47	79.8	1	2.5	10	18.0	688	1.2	49	0.87	
Faversham & Mid Kent	..	45	71.9	3	5.8	14	23.4	850	1.6	40	0.74	
Folkestone & Hythe	..	47	78.1	2	4.4	10	18.1	1,794	3.2	42	0.76	
Gillingham	..	52	79.1	2	4.1	11	17.3	1,464	2.4	36	0.58	
Gosport	..	49	82.3	#	#	10	17.0	845	1.5	31	0.56	
Gravesham	..	44	76.1	3	0	10	18.6	1,702	2.9	35	0.60	
Guildford	..	58	81.6	3	5.0	10	14.6	668	1.0	77	1.20	
Hastings & Rye	..	43	73.9	2	4.2	12	22.7	2,025	3.5	42	0.73	
Havant	..	40	78.5	2	3.9	9	18.3	1,241	2.4	34	0.66	
Henley	..	46	82.7	2	4.2	7	13.9	409	0.7	48	0.87	
Horsham	..	56	80.4	2	3.2	11	16.8	696	1.1	52	0.81	
Hove	..	48	76.0	1	2.9	13	21.6	1,586	2.7	48	0.81	
Isle of Wight	..	58	73.8	3	4.3	17	22.8	2,063	2.7	59	0.79	
Lewes	..	38	74.7	3	0	9	19.0	792	1.7	39	0.85	
Maidenhead	..	48	79.1	2	4.4	10	17.5	721	1.3	54	0.98	
Maidstone & The Weald	..	53	83.2	2	3.3	9	14.7	872	1.4	65	1.07	
Medway	..	45	74.3	3	6.2	12	20.6	1,676	3.0	55	0.98	
Mid Sussex	..	48	80.9	2	3.6	10	16.9	502	0.9	52	0.91	
Milton Keynes South West	..	60	80.1	3	4.9	11	15.6	1,831	2.6	58	0.82	
Mole Valley	..	45	85.1	#	#	7	14.2	364	0.7	52	0.97	
New Forest East	..	48	78.3	3	5.6	10	16.9	561	1.1	39	0.75	
New Forest West	..	33	75.3	2	0	8	20.5	392	0.9	39	0.90	
Newbury	..	55	80.2	2	3.9	11	16.5	720	1.1	68	1.08	
North East Hampshire	..	52	81.9	2	3.0	9	15.4	463	0.8	55	0.93	
North East Milton Keynes	..	60	79.6	4	5.9	11	15.5	1,405	2.0	87	1.27	
North Thanet	..	42	72.0	5	9.9	11	19.8	1,902	3.7	31	0.61	
North West Hampshire	..	63	85.8	2	3.7	7	10.7	586	0.9	57	0.91	
Oxford East	..	47	65.9	3	5.8	21	30.5	1,502	2.3	55	0.82	
Oxford West & Abingdon	..	63	81.4	2	3.0	12	16.3	605	0.9	90	1.27	

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		April 2006 to March 2007						2005		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Portsmouth North	..	48	77.9	3	5.3	10	17.5	1,112	2.1	59	1.10
Portsmouth South	..	49	73.4	4	7.1	14	20.8	1,823	2.8	65	0.99
Reading East	..	55	79.6	3	4.5	11	16.6	1,306	1.9	91	1.29
Reading West	..	54	81.9	2	3.2	10	15.6	1,338	2.2	52	0.84
Reigate	..	44	79.1	1	3.0	10	18.3	473	0.9	54	0.99
Romsey	..	41	76.2	3	6.8	9	18.8	469	0.8	42	0.75
Runnymede & Weybridge	..	51	80.1	3	0	9	15.1	615	1.0	72	1.16
Sevenoaks	..	43	80.0	1	2.3	9	18.0	561	1.1	42	0.82
Sittingbourne & Sheppey	..	39	74.5	3	6.2	11	21.3	1,704	3.0	43	0.75
Slough	..	52	72.5	4	6.8	15	22.1	1,973	2.8	68	0.97
South Thanet	..	35	71.3	2	6.1	11	23.8	1,336	2.9	38	0.83
South West Surrey	..	48	77.6	1	2.9	12	19.9	434	0.7	49	0.84
Southampton, Itchen	..	47	71.3	5	9.9	13	20.6	1,859	2.8	61	0.94
Southampton, Test	..	54	73.6	3	5.1	16	22.3	1,558	2.3	65	0.95
Spelthorne	..	42	73.5	3	0	11	21.0	767	1.4	49	0.88
Surrey Heath	..	57	84.9	4	6.8	6	8.7	532	0.8	54	0.84
Tonbridge & Malling	..	41	73.8	#	#	13	25.5	654	1.3	48	0.92
Tunbridge Wells	..	43	78.3	2	3.8	10	18.4	604	1.1	51	0.95
Wantage	..	53	80.1	1	0	12	18.5	557	0.9	54	0.88
Wealden	..	55	77.2	2	0	13	19.5	566	0.9	46	0.75
Winchester	..	59	81.2	1	2.5	11	16.5	671	1.0	74	1.12
Windsor	..	55	80.4	2	2.8	11	17.2	689	1.1	67	1.09
Witney	..	59	87.8	2	2.9	6	9.4	418	0.7	49	0.81
Woking	..	50	78.1	2	0	11	18.5	665	1.1	63	1.03
Wokingham	..	54	79.7	2	4.1	11	16.8	530	0.9	47	0.75
Worthing West	..	45	78.5	1	2.6	10	19.3	703	1.5	47	0.99
Wycombe	..	53	78.8	2	3.7	11	17.9	1,219	1.9	67	1.04

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		April 2006 to March 2007						2005		
	Population ¹	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand ⁶			
	16-59/64 (000s)	Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
		Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,707	28,317	74.1	1,583	5.3	7,933	21.7	953,970	2.5	31,377	0.84
Regional total	5,066	4,119	78.3	190	4.4	900	18.0	81,912	1.6	4,423	0.88
Andover	..	49	86.0	1	2.3	7	11.9	451	..	..	..
Ashford	..	49	75.0	5	9.6	11	17.8	979	..	..	..
Banbury	..	67	84.7	1	1.8	10	13.6	932	..	..	..
Basingstoke	..	81	86.3	2	2.8	11	11.5	1,139	..	..	..
Brighton	..	195	75.2	13	6.2	49	19.6	6,492	..	..	..
Canterbury	..	91	75.0	6	5.9	23	20.2	1,993	..	..	..
Chichester & Bognor Regis	..	88	77.5	4	4.8	20	18.7	1,977	..	..	..
Crawley	..	267	80.0	8	3.0	56	17.6	3,368	..	..	..
Dover	..	39	72.6	3	6.9	11	21.8	1,559	..	..	..
Eastbourne	..	87	76.9	5	5.1	20	19.0	1,997	..	..	..
Folkestone	..	47	78.1	2	4.4	10	18.1	1,794	..	..	..
Guildford & Aldershot	..	377	81.8	17	4.2	64	14.5	4,291	..	..	..
Hastings	..	75	77.6	3	3.8	17	19.4	2,709	..	..	..
Isle of Wight	..	58	73.8	3	4.3	17	22.8	2,063	..	..	..
Maidstone & North Kent	..	274	77.1	14	4.8	65	18.9	8,026	..	..	..
Margate, Ramsgate & Sandwich	..	54	68.8	5	8.5	18	24.5	2,714	..	..	..
Milton Keynes & Aylesbury	..	218	78.3	10	4.4	49	18.2	4,619	..	..	..
Newbury	..	60	80.9	3	4.1	11	15.6	812	..	..	..
Oxford	..	265	80.0	9	3.3	55	17.3	3,347	..	..	..
Portsmouth	..	308	78.6	11	3.6	68	18.3	6,514	..	..	..
Reading & Bracknell	..	285	80.5	10	3.4	57	16.7	4,685	..	..	..
Southampton	..	325	76.8	17	5.0	77	19.1	6,194	..	..	..
Tunbridge Wells	..	127	78.4	3	2.6	29	19.4	1,555	..	..	..
Worthing	..	92	77.6	4	4.3	21	18.7	1,468	..	..	..
Wycombe & Slough	..	281	78.2	13	4.4	61	18.0	5,338	..	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		April 2006 to March 2007						2005		
	Population ¹		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶		
			Employment ²		Unemployment ²	Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total	37,707	28,317	74.1	1,583	5.3	7,933	21.7	953,970	2.5	31,377	0.84
Regional total	5,066	4,119	78.3	190	4.4	900	18.0	81,912	1.6	4,423	0.88
Berkshire, Buckinghamshire and Oxfordshire											
Berkshire	525	438	79.3	19	4.1	91	17.3	8,185	1.6	515	0.99
Milton Keynes	148	120	79.9	7	5.4	22	15.5	3,236	2.2	146	1.00
Buckinghamshire CC	299	253	78.7	10	3.6	55	18.2	3,484	1.2	262	0.88
Oxfordshire	403	331	80.6	11	3.2	66	16.9	4,389	1.1	368	0.92
Surrey, East and West Sussex											
Brighton & Hove	168	128	73.1	9	6.4	37	21.7	5,208	3.1	149	0.90
East Sussex CC	284	234	76.7	12	5.1	55	19.2	5,898	2.1	213	0.75
Surrey	669	549	79.1	25	4.4	113	17.2	6,067	0.9	601	0.91
West Sussex	447	377	79.1	15	3.9	80	17.8	6,123	1.4	402	0.90
Hampshire and the Isle of Wight											
Portsmouth	131	97	75.5	6	6.2	24	19.3	2,934	2.2	124	0.96
Southampton	156	106	72.2	9	7.5	31	21.7	3,545	2.3	133	0.87
Hampshire CC	768	665	81.6	21	3.1	122	15.8	9,222	1.2	676	0.88
Isle of Wight	78	58	73.8	3	4.3	17	22.8	2,063	2.6	59	0.75
Kent											
Medway	159	125	76.5	7	5.3	30	19.0	4,462	2.8	108	0.68
Kent CC	831	639	75.9	36	5.4	158	19.7	17,097	2.1	668	0.81

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

Sample size too small to provide estimates.

- less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 13 DECEMBER 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	580,359	210,011	790,370	3.0	1.2	2.1	-101,360	-31,730	-133,090	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Regional total	46,297	18,103	64,400	1.8	0.7	1.3	-10,574	-3,190	-13,764	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Bracknell Forest UA	428	170	598	1.1	0.5	0.8	-123	-36	-159	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Brighton and Hove UA	3,051	1,245	4,296	3.5	1.5	2.6	-557	-120	-677	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Isle of Wight UA	1,367	527	1,894	3.3	1.4	2.4	-294	-116	-410	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Medway UA	2,311	1,005	3,316	2.8	1.3	2.1	-739	-184	-923	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6
Milton Keynes UA	1,949	767	2,716	2.5	1.1	1.8	-200	-49	-249	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Portsmouth UA	1,959	685	2,644	2.9	1.1	2.0	-256	-60	-316	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
Reading UA	1,255	472	1,727	2.4	1.1	1.8	-339	-82	-421	-0.7	-0.2	-0.4
Slough UA	1,116	487	1,603	2.7	1.3	2.1	-406	-120	-526	-1.0	-0.3	-0.7
Southampton UA	2,252	748	3,000	2.7	1.0	1.9	-185	-10	-195	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
West Berkshire UA	540	226	766	1.1	0.5	0.8	-193	-36	-229	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
Windsor and Maidenhead UA	540	218	758	1.2	0.5	0.9	-264	-81	-345	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Wokingham UA	416	174	590	0.8	0.4	0.6	-132	-6	-138	-0.3	0.0	-0.1
Buckinghamshire	1,866	678	2,544	1.2	0.5	0.9	-575	-192	-767	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Aylesbury Vale	544	210	754	1.0	0.4	0.7	-165	-63	-228	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Chiltern	314	104	418	1.2	0.4	0.8	-110	-23	-133	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
South Bucks	182	71	253	0.9	0.4	0.7	-38	-31	-69	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Wycombe	826	293	1,119	1.6	0.6	1.1	-262	-75	-337	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
East Sussex	3,627	1,352	4,979	2.5	1.0	1.8	-562	-190	-752	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Eastbourne	880	311	1,191	3.2	1.2	2.2	-137	-37	-174	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Hastings	1,277	453	1,730	4.8	1.8	3.3	-178	-57	-235	-0.7	-0.2	-0.5
Lewes	505	202	707	1.9	0.8	1.3	-136	-38	-174	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Rother	568	223	791	2.4	1.0	1.8	-24	-12	-36	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Wealden	397	163	560	1.0	0.4	0.7	-87	-46	-133	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Hampshire	4,978	2,046	7,024	1.2	0.6	0.9	-1,347	-476	-1,823	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Basingstoke and Deane	634	255	889	1.2	0.5	0.9	-173	-39	-212	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
East Hampshire	343	134	477	1.0	0.4	0.7	-88	-54	-142	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Eastleigh	480	243	723	1.3	0.7	1.0	-121	-17	-138	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Fareham	336	122	458	1.0	0.4	0.7	-171	-86	-257	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Gosport	445	163	608	1.8	0.7	1.3	-98	-51	-149	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Hart	199	102	301	0.7	0.4	0.5	-26	-5	-31	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Havant	981	321	1,302	2.8	1.0	1.9	-161	-70	-231	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
New Forest	510	229	739	1.0	0.5	0.8	-138	-65	-203	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Rushmoor	422	180	602	1.4	0.7	1.0	-122	-9	-131	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Test Valley	314	159	473	0.9	0.5	0.7	-76	-45	-121	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Winchester	314	138	452	0.9	0.4	0.7	-173	-35	-208	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Kent	9,334	3,557	12,891	2.2	0.9	1.6	-2,333	-842	-3,175	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Ashford	551	226	777	1.6	0.7	1.2	-138	-52	-190	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Canterbury	775	293	1,068	1.7	0.7	1.2	-242	-115	-357	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Dartford	581	243	824	2.0	0.9	1.5	-111	-46	-157	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Dover	873	286	1,159	2.7	1.0	1.9	-355	-118	-473	-1.1	-0.4	-0.8
Gravesham	960	441	1,401	3.1	1.5	2.4	-79	-44	-123	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Maidstone	708	274	982	1.5	0.7	1.1	-190	-60	-250	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Sevenoaks	350	140	490	1.0	0.4	0.7	-119	-75	-194	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
Shepway	1,010	371	1,381	3.4	1.3	2.4	-320	-75	-395	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Swale	1,086	519	1,605	2.6	1.4	2.0	-306	-62	-368	-0.7	-0.2	-0.5
Thanet	1,604	489	2,093	4.3	1.4	2.9	-304	-109	-413	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6
Tonbridge and Malling	428	140	568	1.2	0.4	0.8	-113	-77	-190	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
Tunbridge Wells	408	135	543	1.3	0.5	0.9	-56	-9	-65	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Oxfordshire	2,490	940	3,430	1.2	0.5	0.9	-526	-203	-729	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Cherwell	568	221	789	1.2	0.5	0.9	-84	-63	-147	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Oxford	999	360	1,359	1.8	0.7	1.3	-248	-59	-307	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3

LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 13 DECEMBER 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
South Oxfordshire	396	146	542	1.0	0.4	0.7	-86	-35	-121	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Vale of White Horse	283	91	374	0.8	0.3	0.5	-85	-62	-147	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
West Oxfordshire	244	122	366	0.8	0.4	0.6	-23	16	-7	-0.1	0.1	0.0
Surrey	3,166	1,387	4,553	0.9	0.4	0.7	-1,042	-238	-1,280	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Elmbridge	289	127	416	0.7	0.3	0.5	-123	-43	-166	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Epsom and Ewell	199	91	290	0.9	0.4	0.7	-79	-37	-116	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Guildford	464	196	660	1.0	0.5	0.8	-109	-10	-119	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Mole Valley	154	85	239	0.6	0.4	0.5	-121	-17	-138	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Reigate and Banstead	398	190	588	1.0	0.5	0.7	-51	2	-49	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Runnymede	228	84	312	0.9	0.3	0.6	-133	-44	-177	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Spelthorne	369	178	547	1.3	0.7	1.0	-129	-15	-144	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Surrey Heath	209	90	299	0.8	0.4	0.6	-84	-25	-109	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Tandridge	217	96	313	0.9	0.4	0.6	-43	2	-41	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Waverley	286	118	404	0.8	0.4	0.6	-85	-11	-96	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Woking	353	132	485	1.2	0.5	0.8	-85	-40	-125	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
West Sussex	3,652	1,419	5,071	1.6	0.7	1.1	-501	-149	-650	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Adur	321	131	452	1.8	0.8	1.3	-39	-12	-51	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Arun	806	311	1,117	2.0	0.8	1.4	-137	-43	-180	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Chichester	518	218	736	1.7	0.7	1.2	-60	-4	-64	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Crawley	601	228	829	1.8	0.7	1.3	-91	-19	-110	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Horsham	470	185	655	1.2	0.5	0.9	-60	-48	-108	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Mid Sussex	350	148	498	0.9	0.4	0.6	-81	-3	-84	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Worthing	586	198	784	2.0	0.7	1.4	-33	-20	-53	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 13 DECEMBER 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	580,359	210,011	790,370	3.0	1.2	2.1	-101,360	-31,730	-133,090	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Regional total	46,297	18,103	64,400	1.8	0.7	1.3	-10,574	-3,190	-13,764	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Aldershot	480	213	693	1.2	0.6	0.9	-132	2	-130	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Arundel & South Downs	293	116	409	1.1	0.5	0.8	-55	-40	-95	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Ashford	551	226	777	1.7	0.8	1.3	-138	-52	-190	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Aylesbury	419	155	574	1.2	0.5	0.8	-165	-45	-210	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Banbury	511	199	710	1.4	0.6	1.0	-67	-53	-120	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Basingstoke	514	205	719	1.5	0.6	1.1	-156	-32	-188	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Beaconsfield	264	105	369	1.0	0.4	0.7	-82	-55	-137	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
Bexhill & Battle	516	200	716	2.2	0.9	1.6	-53	-25	-78	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Bognor Regis & Littlehampton	633	244	877	2.5	1.0	1.8	-100	-28	-128	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Bracknell	423	183	606	1.1	0.5	0.8	-146	-29	-175	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
Brighton, Kemptown	1,113	434	1,547	3.9	1.7	2.9	-193	1	-192	-0.7	0.0	-0.4
Brighton, Pavilion	1,100	463	1,563	3.4	1.6	2.5	-257	-72	-329	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5
Buckingham	213	78	291	0.7	0.3	0.5	-32	-33	-65	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Canterbury	568	212	780	1.8	0.7	1.3	-136	-61	-197	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Chatham & Aylesford	828	323	1,151	2.7	1.1	1.9	-247	-93	-340	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6
Chesham & Amersham	309	100	409	1.1	0.4	0.8	-105	-22	-127	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
Chichester	499	204	703	1.8	0.8	1.3	-64	-6	-70	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Crawley	601	228	829	1.9	0.8	1.3	-91	-19	-110	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Dartford	609	258	867	2.0	0.9	1.5	-125	-41	-166	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Dover	805	266	1,071	2.9	1.0	2.0	-350	-108	-458	-1.3	-0.4	-0.9
East Hampshire	437	144	581	1.4	0.5	1.0	-65	-50	-115	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
East Surrey	276	128	404	0.9	0.4	0.7	-63	8	-55	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
East Worthing & Shoreham	492	184	676	1.8	0.7	1.3	-51	-28	-79	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Eastbourne	894	319	1,213	3.3	1.2	2.3	-138	-45	-183	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Eastleigh	440	235	675	1.4	0.8	1.1	-103	-8	-111	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Epsom & Ewell	279	136	415	0.9	0.5	0.7	-103	-39	-142	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Esher & Walton	239	115	354	0.7	0.4	0.6	-102	-33	-135	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Fareham	308	106	414	1.1	0.4	0.7	-147	-77	-224	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Faversham & Mid Kent	464	185	649	1.7	0.7	1.2	-97	-58	-155	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Folkestone & Hythe	1,010	371	1,381	3.5	1.4	2.5	-320	-75	-395	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Gillingham	739	358	1,097	2.3	1.2	1.8	-233	-21	-254	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Gosport	473	179	652	1.6	0.7	1.2	-122	-60	-182	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Gravesham	960	441	1,401	3.2	1.6	2.4	-79	-44	-123	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Guildford	390	161	551	1.2	0.5	0.9	-107	-13	-120	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Hastings & Rye	1,375	496	1,871	4.7	1.8	3.3	-173	-47	-220	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Havant	777	261	1,038	3.0	1.0	2.0	-142	-58	-200	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Henley	241	94	335	0.8	0.4	0.6	-55	-19	-74	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Horsham	383	159	542	1.2	0.5	0.9	-58	-16	-74	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Hove	960	392	1,352	3.1	1.4	2.3	-125	-54	-179	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Isle of Wight	1,367	527	1,894	3.5	1.5	2.5	-294	-116	-410	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Lewes	427	180	607	1.8	0.8	1.3	-121	-30	-151	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Maidenhead	382	132	514	1.3	0.5	0.9	-163	-39	-202	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Maidstone & The Weald	474	180	654	1.5	0.6	1.1	-128	-33	-161	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Medway	873	375	1,248	3.0	1.4	2.2	-292	-88	-380	-1.0	-0.3	-0.7
Mid Sussex	281	114	395	1.0	0.4	0.7	-47	-12	-59	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Milton Keynes South West	1,074	449	1,523	2.9	1.3	2.1	-151	-35	-186	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Mole Valley	187	89	276	0.7	0.3	0.5	-94	-21	-115	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
New Forest East	289	127	416	1.1	0.5	0.8	-86	-37	-123	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
New Forest West	221	102	323	1.0	0.5	0.7	-52	-28	-80	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Newbury	418	174	592	1.3	0.6	0.9	-121	-8	-129	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
North East Hampshire	251	119	370	0.8	0.4	0.6	-58	-32	-90	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
North East Milton Keynes	875	318	1,193	2.4	1.0	1.7	-49	-14	-63	-0.1	0.0	-0.1

LOCAL AREA DATA

South East

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 13 DECEMBER 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
North Thanet	1,153	349	1,502	4.4	1.4	2.9	-195	-120	-315	-0.7	-0.5	-0.6
North West Hampshire	286	127	413	0.9	0.4	0.7	-67	-43	-110	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Oxford East	886	297	1,183	2.6	0.9	1.8	-195	-46	-241	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Oxford West & Abingdon	307	126	433	0.8	0.4	0.6	-94	-45	-139	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Portsmouth North	690	260	950	2.5	1.0	1.8	-121	-33	-154	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Portsmouth South	1,269	425	1,694	3.6	1.4	2.6	-135	-27	-162	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
Reading East	766	266	1,032	2.0	0.8	1.5	-188	-16	-204	-0.5	0.0	-0.3
Reading West	663	282	945	2.0	1.0	1.5	-218	-80	-298	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Reigate	287	127	414	1.0	0.5	0.8	-29	0	-29	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Romsey	269	120	389	0.9	0.5	0.7	-42	-16	-58	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Runnymede & Weybridge	278	96	374	0.9	0.3	0.6	-154	-54	-208	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Sevenoaks	278	106	384	1.0	0.4	0.7	-81	-68	-149	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3
Sittingbourne & Sheppey	903	436	1,339	3.0	1.6	2.4	-280	-39	-319	-0.9	-0.1	-0.6
Slough	1,017	445	1,462	2.8	1.3	2.1	-374	-105	-479	-1.0	-0.3	-0.7
South Thanet	726	241	967	3.1	1.1	2.1	-220	-53	-273	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6
South West Surrey	236	99	335	0.8	0.4	0.6	-74	-9	-83	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Southampton, Itchen	1,147	376	1,523	3.3	1.2	2.3	-115	-4	-119	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Southampton, Test	1,024	342	1,366	2.8	1.1	2.0	-72	-8	-80	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Spelthorne	385	185	570	1.3	0.7	1.0	-136	-23	-159	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Surrey Heath	265	122	387	0.8	0.4	0.6	-96	-21	-117	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Tonbridge & Malling	343	108	451	1.3	0.4	0.9	-104	-71	-175	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3
Tunbridge Wells	361	127	488	1.3	0.5	0.9	-47	-1	-48	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Wantage	296	100	396	0.9	0.3	0.6	-83	-55	-138	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Wealden	293	113	406	0.9	0.4	0.7	-59	-38	-97	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Winchester	314	138	452	0.9	0.4	0.7	-173	-35	-208	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Windsor	315	141	456	1.0	0.5	0.7	-150	-51	-201	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Witney	249	124	373	0.8	0.4	0.6	-32	15	-17	-0.1	0.1	0.0
Woking	360	136	496	1.1	0.5	0.8	-91	-41	-132	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Wokingham	281	112	393	0.9	0.4	0.6	-85	-17	-102	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Worthing West	470	170	640	1.9	0.7	1.4	-35	0	-35	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Wycombe	675	245	920	2.0	0.8	1.4	-196	-45	-241	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.