

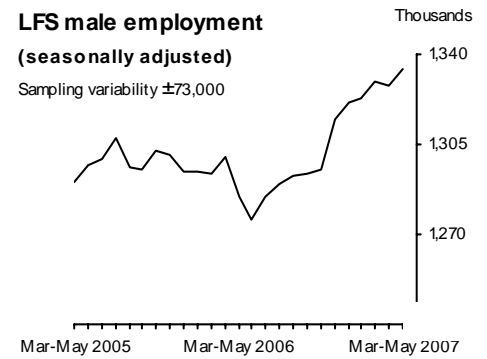


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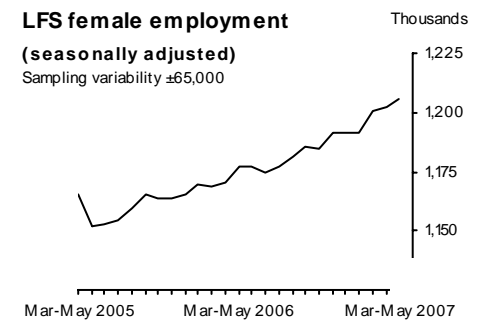
**Employment and Jobs (tables 1 to 6)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in Scotland was 76.7 per cent in the March to May 2007 period, up 1.5 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.54 million in the March to May 2007 period, up 78,000 on the same period a year earlier.



LFS estimates indicate an increase in the number of employees and an increase in the number of self employed over the past year.

LFS estimates suggest an increase in both the number of full-time workers and in the number of part-time workers over the past year.



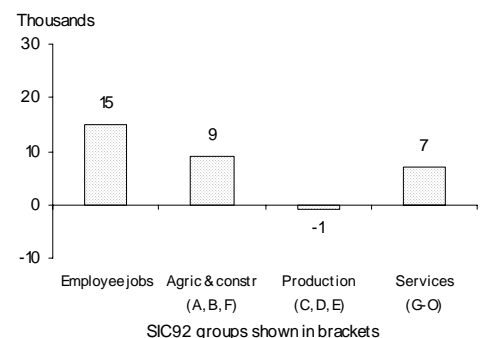
Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 6,000 in the quarter to March 2007.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were up 15,000 in the year to March 2007. This was due to rises in agriculture and construction, and service sector jobs.

**Unemployment (table 1)**

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Scotland was 4.8 per cent in the March to May 2007 period, down 0.8 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in March to May 2007 were 4.9 per cent and 4.6 per cent respectively.

**Employee jobs by industry**  
Change on year from March 2006

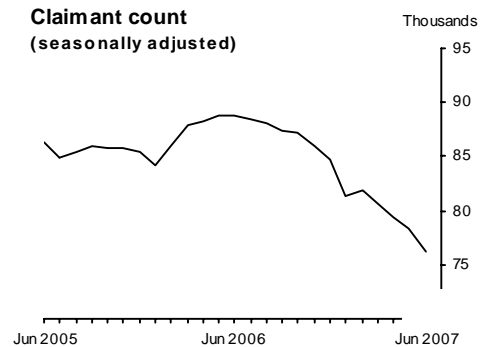


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**Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)**

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in June 2007 was 2.8 per cent, down 0.1 percentage point from May 2007, and down 0.5 percentage points since June 2006. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in June 2007 was 76,200, down 1,700 on May 2007, and down 12,600 since June 2006.



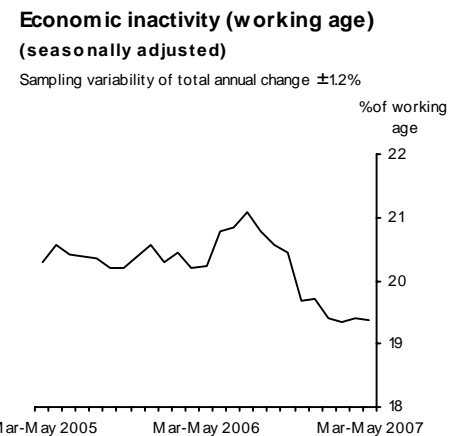
**Economically active (tables 1 and 9)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in Scotland was 2.67 million in the March to May 2007 period.

**Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)**

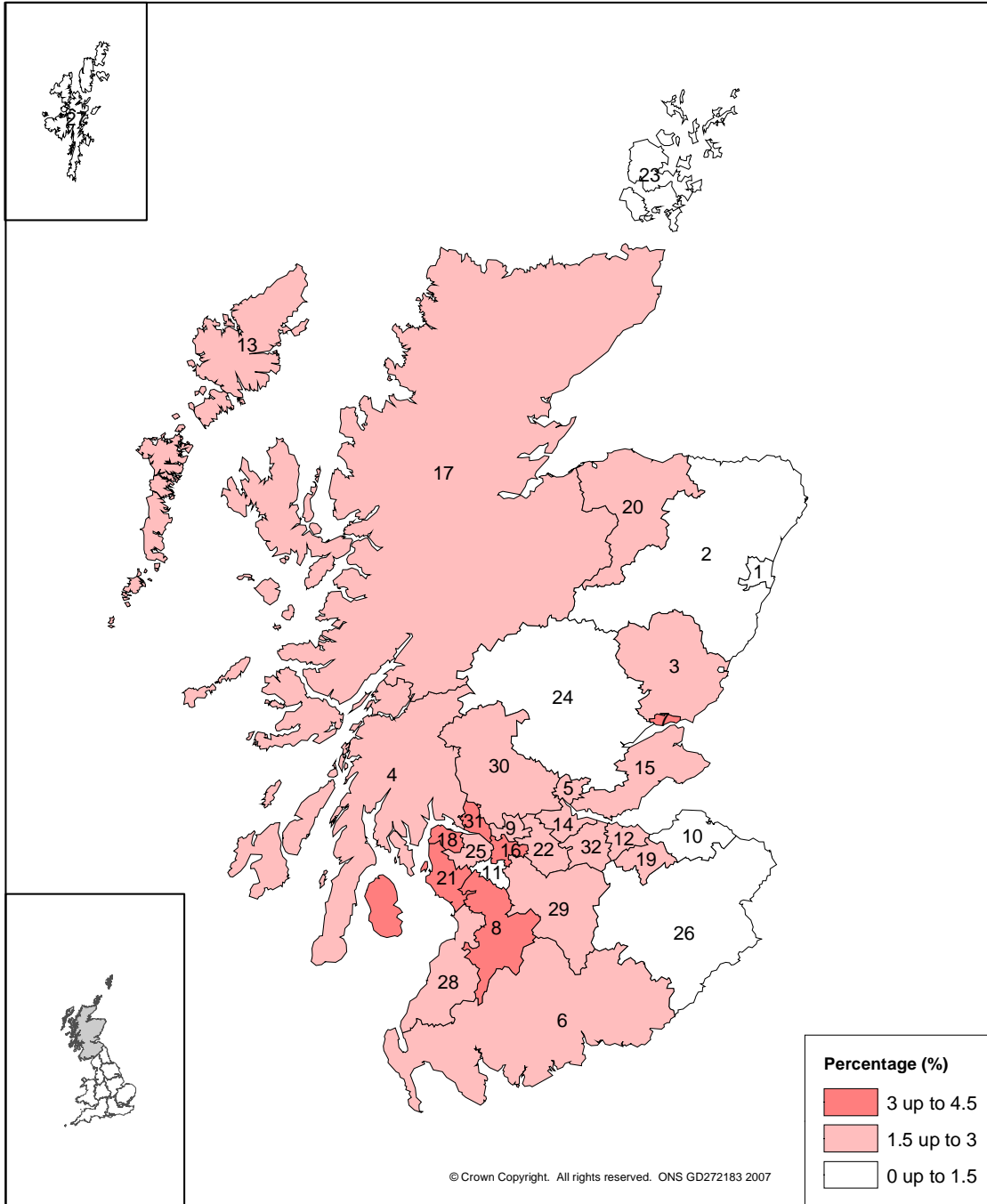
The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in Scotland in March to May 2007 was 19.4 per cent, down 0.9 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the March to May 2007 period was 1.47 million, with 618,000 of these of working age, down 24,000 on the same period a year earlier.



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Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by UA  
June 2007 - Scotland



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1 Aberdeen City	1.3%	12 Edinburgh, City of	1.9%	23 Orkney Islands	0.9%
2 Aberdeenshire	0.8%	13 Eilean Siar	2.5%	24 Perth & Kinross	1.4%
3 Angus	2.2%	14 Falkirk	2.3%	25 Renfrewshire	2.6%
4 Argyll & Bute	2.1%	15 Fife	2.9%	26 Scottish Borders	1.3%
5 Clackmannanshire	2.8%	16 Glasgow City	3.7%	27 Shetland Islands	1.1%
6 Dumfries & Galloway	2.3%	17 Highland	1.7%	28 South Ayrshire	2.7%
7 Dundee City	3.9%	18 Inverclyde	4.1%	29 South Lanarkshire	2.1%
8 East Ayrshire	3.5%	19 Midlothian	1.5%	30 Stirling	1.7%
9 East Dunbartonshire	1.5%	20 Moray	2.0%	31 West Dunbartonshire	3.9%
10 East Lothian	1.2%	21 North Ayrshire	4.0%	32 West Lothian	2.2%
11 East Renfrewshire	1.1%	22 North Lanarkshire	2.6%		

## **BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION**

### **REVISIONS**

In the May 2007 release, ONS announced that a production error had been discovered in the data for Nov-Jan 2007 and Dec-Feb 2007 in Table 1: Summary of LFS data. The corrected data for Dec-Feb 2007 appears in this First Release and there have therefore been some revisions to figures for this time period in Table 1, compared with the April 2007 First Release (when the initial estimates for Dec-Feb 2007 were published).

### **KEY QUALITY ISSUES**

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

*Summary Quality Report:* A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

*Common pitfalls in interpreting series:* Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

### **RELIABILITY**

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from July 2001 to June 2006. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from

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January 2000 to July 2004. As more data are published a full five years worth of comparisons will be included for all series.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	76.7	60	-0.05	0.13
Unemployment rate (%)	4.8	60	0.01	0.06
Claimant count (000s)	76.2	60	0.08	0.39

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,673	19	85.84*	85.84

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

**THIS MONTH'S RELEASE**

There are no significant changes in this month's release.

**NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE**

**Local labour market indicators**

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next month's release with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2006 to December 2006 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2006 to December 2006.

## SPECIAL

### Population estimates in the LFS

On 24 August 2006 ONS published the 2005-based mid-year population estimates for the UK. On 7 September 2006 ONS published the 2006 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates (from July to September 2004 to date) from the October 2006 First Release.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include these new population estimates, using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of *Labour Market Trends*, which is available on the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour\\_market\\_trends/Interim\\_lfs\\_estimates\\_Dec2002.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf)

ONS is currently planning the timetable to incorporate the 2006-based mid-year estimates for the UK and the 2007 Quarter 2 experimental population estimates for England and Wales into the main LFS aggregates from this autumn. Plans are also being drawn up to weight the LFS microdata to these latest population estimates. Currently the LFS microdata are consistent with the UK population estimates published in February and March 2003. They do not incorporate the more recent population estimates that are used in the headline LFS series published in the Labour market statistics First Releases.

### Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

These tables include data from the Annual Population Survey. These data are weighted to population estimates consistent with those released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the revised population data. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. See Concepts and Definitions.

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### SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

#### March to May 2007 Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	2,488	2,540	2,591	-42	25	91	12	78	145
<b>Employment rate</b>	75.4%	76.7%	78.0%	-1.2%	0.4%	2.0%	-0.2%	1.5%	3.1%
<b>Unemployment</b>	111	127	143	-33	-11	10	-41	-19	4
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	4.2%	4.8%	5.4%	-1.3%	-0.4%	0.4%	-1.7%	-0.8%	0.0%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,617	2,667	2,717	-52	14	79	-5	60	124
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	79.5%	80.6%	81.8%	-1.4%	0.1%	1.6%	-0.7%	0.9%	2.4%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	570	618	666	-65	-2	60	-86	-24	38

#### Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures March to May 2007

	Empl-oyment	Unemplo-ym-ent	Econ-omically Active	Working age Economically Inactive	Employment	Unemplo-ym-ent
	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Rate (%)	Rate (%)
North East	± 37	± 12	± 37	± 37	± 1.9	± 1.0
North West	± 62	± 19	± 61	± 61	± 1.2	± 0.6
Yorks & Humber	± 51	± 16	± 50	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.7
East Midlands	± 42	± 14	± 42	± 45	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 54	± 1.4	± 0.6
East	± 53	± 17	± 52	± 50	± 1.2	± 0.6
London	± 70	± 27	± 67	± 68	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 62	± 18	± 61	± 57	± 0.9	± 0.4
South West	± 52	± 14	± 52	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.5
Wales	± 39	± 12	± 39	± 40	± 1.7	± 0.9
Scotland	± 51	± 16	± 50	± 48	± 1.3	± 0.6

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## **BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup>, at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=14692>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
3. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2007.

## **CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS**

**Actual hours worked:** See *hours worked*.

**Annual Population Survey:** Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 12 to 15. The APS is a new survey which started in January 2004 and the first publication of APS data was on 28 July 2005. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data, which were re-weighted to population estimates released in February 2003. However, during this reweighting exercise, revised population estimates were released, in September 2003. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 12 to 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is similar to the annual LFS database in that it is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

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These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

**Claimant count:** The number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance benefits.

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

**Claimant count proportion:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

**Economically active:** People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

**Economically inactive:** People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs:** There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why

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these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=9539>

**Full-time:** In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

### Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

**Inflows and Outflows:** The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a  $4\frac{1}{3}$  week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

**Jobs density:** The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

**Labour Force Survey:** The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

**Model-based estimates of unemployment:** For estimates of unemployment for local areas, however, even the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on

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the model-based estimates can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LALM\\_Brief\\_guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf). A detailed user guide can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/User\\_Guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf)

**Rates:** Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

**Sampling variability:** Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

**Seasonal adjustment:** A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

**Unemployment:** The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LMS\\_FR\\_HS\\_Concepts\\_Definitions.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf)

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

- .. not available                      - nil or negligible
- p provisional                         r revised
- \* grossed up total  
less than 9,500

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (March to May 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	2,078	1,251	76.2	680	572	1,170	71.1	626	75.1	544	66.9	81	6.5	54	7.9	28	4.8
North West	5,471	3,404	77.6	1,825	1,579	3,208	73.0	1,704	76.2	1,505	69.6	196	5.8	121	6.7	74	4.7
Yorkshire & the Humber	4,064	2,499	77.2	1,359	1,140	2,357	72.7	1,274	76.8	1,083	68.4	142	5.7	85	6.3	56	5.0
East Midlands	3,468	2,219	80.2	1,210	1,009	2,102	76.0	1,150	80.5	952	71.1	117	5.3	60	4.9	57	5.7
West Midlands	4,298	2,683	77.8	1,468	1,214	2,500	72.4	1,363	76.9	1,137	67.4	182	6.8	105	7.2	77	6.4
East	4,449	2,874	81.1	1,592	1,282	2,748	77.4	1,523	83.5	1,224	70.7	126	4.4	69	4.3	57	4.5
London	6,136	4,006	75.4	2,241	1,765	3,706	69.6	2,072	76.7	1,634	62.1	299	7.5	168	7.5	131	7.4
South East	6,527	4,308	82.1	2,318	1,990	4,127	78.6	2,210	82.7	1,917	74.1	181	4.2	108	4.7	73	3.7
South West	4,114	2,584	81.1	1,374	1,210	2,484	77.9	1,321	80.9	1,163	74.7	100	3.9	53	3.8	48	3.9
<b>England</b>	<b>40,605</b>	<b>25,828</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>14,066</b>	<b>11,762</b>	<b>24,403</b>	<b>74.3</b>	<b>13,243</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>11,160</b>	<b>69.3</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>602</b>	<b>5.1</b>
Wales	2,386	1,438	76.7	766	672	1,359	72.4	721	75.7	638	68.8	79	5.5	45	5.9	34	5.0
Scotland	4,139	2,667	80.6	1,403	1,264	2,540	76.7	1,334	79.9	1,206	73.4	127	4.8	68	4.9	59	4.6
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>47,129</b>	<b>29,932</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>16,235</b>	<b>13,698</b>	<b>28,302</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>15,299</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>13,003</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>1,630</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>5.1</b>
N Ireland	1,343	820	74.2	447	373	786	71.0	426	75.4	360	66.3	35	4.2	21	4.7	14	3.6
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>48,471</b>	<b>30,735</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>16,689</b>	<b>14,046</b>	<b>29,075</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>15,734</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>13,341</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>1,660</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>955</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>5.0</b>

### Change on quarter:<sup>4</sup>

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (March to May 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
North East	4	5	0.0	6	-1	6	0.1	6	0.5	0	-0.4	-1	-0.1	0	-0.1	-1	-0.1
North West	8	61	1.1	39	22	52	0.9	29	1.0	23	0.8	9	0.2	11	0.4	-2	-0.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	8	-29	-0.9	-21	-8	-17	-0.5	-10	-0.6	-7	-0.5	-12	-0.4	-11	-0.7	0	0.0
East Midlands	7	-5	-0.2	1	-6	-1	0.1	4	0.3	-5	-0.1	-4	-0.2	-3	-0.3	-1	-0.1
West Midlands	8	-3	-0.3	-1	-2	-19	-0.8	-5	-0.4	-14	-1.2	16	0.6	4	0.3	12	1.0
East	9	12	0.1	21	-9	18	0.4	23	1.0	-5	-0.4	-6	-0.2	-2	-0.2	-4	-0.3
London	17	-5	-0.4	10	-16	-6	-0.3	5	0.1	-10	-0.7	0	0.0	6	0.2	-6	-0.2
South East	11	-10	-0.1	-5	-5	6	0.2	0	0.0	6	0.4	-16	-0.4	-5	-0.2	-11	-0.5
South West	9	8	0.0	-5	13	12	0.2	-3	-0.3	15	0.7	-4	-0.2	-2	-0.1	-2	-0.2
<b>England</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-17</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-15</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Wales	4	11	0.5	5	5	11	0.4	6	0.3	5	0.5	0	-0.1	-1	-0.2	1	0.0
Scotland	6	14	0.1	4	10	25	0.4	11	0.1	14	0.7	-11	-0.4	-7	-0.5	-4	-0.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
N Ireland	3	16	1.1	8	8	19	1.4	9	1.3	10	1.5	-3	-0.4	-1	-0.3	-2	-0.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-2</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-35</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-20</b>	<b>-0.1</b>

### Change on year:

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (March to May 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
16	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
North East	16	13	-0.1	14	-1	6	-0.4	8	0.5	-2	-1.5	7	0.5	6	0.7	1	0.2
North West	30	41	0.1	30	10	18	-0.4	10	-0.4	8	-0.5	22	0.6	20	1.0	2	0.1
Yorkshire & the Humber	31	-20	-1.2	-1	-19	-21	-1.2	-5	-1.0	-16	-1.4	1	0.1	3	0.2	-2	-0.1
East Midlands	26	-22	-1.1	-4	-18	-15	-0.8	11	0.1	-25	-1.7	-7	-0.3	-15	-1.2	7	0.8
West Midlands	33	14	-0.3	7	7	-24	-1.4	-14	-1.6	-10	-1.3	38	1.4	21	1.4	18	1.4
East	35	11	-0.2	28	-16	29	0.4	40	1.5	-11	-0.9	-18	-0.6	-13	-0.9	-5	-0.3
London	73	56	0.0	38	18	68	0.3	48	0.9	20	-0.3	-12	-0.4	-11	-0.6	-2	-0.2
South East	41	-9	-0.7	-6	-3	6	-0.4	-4	-0.7	11	-0.2	-15	-0.3	-2	-0.1	-14	-0.7
South West	37	19	0.0	-7	26	16	-0.1	-4	-0.9	20	0.7	4	0.1	-3	-0.2	6	0.4
<b>England</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Wales	15	46	1.6	27	19	38	1.2	27	2.1	11	0.2	8	0.4	0	-0.2	8	1.0
Scotland	22	60	0.9	33	26	78	1.5	50	2.1	29	0.8	-19	-0.8	-17	-1.3	-2	-0.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0.1</b>
N Ireland	14	25	1.5	9	16	26	1.6	13	1.4	13	1.9	-1	-0.3	-4	-1.0	3	0.6
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-16</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

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2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (June 2007); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,180	618	562	49.6	4.0	37.5	5.7	12.1	2.1
North West	3,319	1,755	1,564	108.3	3.1	81.0	4.3	27.3	1.7
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,566	1,360	1,206	81.9	3.1	60.9	4.2	21.0	1.7
East Midlands	2,163	1,164	999	59.0	2.7	42.5	3.6	16.5	1.6
West Midlands	2,662	1,409	1,253	102.1	3.7	75.2	4.9	26.9	2.1
East	2,766	1,498	1,268	61.7	2.2	43.6	2.8	18.1	1.4
London	4,715	2,593	2,122	145.2	3.0	101.1	3.8	44.1	2.0
South East	4,377	2,305	2,072	72.0	1.6	51.5	2.1	20.5	1.0
South West	2,594	1,339	1,256	43.1	1.6	30.9	2.2	12.2	1.0
<b>England</b>	<b>26,342</b>	<b>14,040</b>	<b>12,303</b>	<b>722.9</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>524.2</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>198.7</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Wales	1,424	744	679	40.6	2.8	29.9	3.9	10.7	1.6
Scotland	2,673	1,373	1,300	76.2	2.8	56.9	4.0	19.3	1.4
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,439</b>	<b>16,157</b>	<b>14,282</b>	<b>839.7</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>611.0</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>228.7</b>	<b>1.6</b>
N Ireland	843	452	392	24.4	2.8	18.3	3.9	6.1	1.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,282</b>	<b>16,608</b>	<b>14,673</b>	<b>864.1</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>629.3</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>234.8</b>	<b>1.6</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on Mar 2006); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on May 2007); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	2	5	-3	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
North West	-25	-17	-8	-1.7	0.0	-1.3	-0.1	-0.4	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	31	3	28	-0.8	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-0.2	0.0
East Midlands	52	47	5	-0.7	0.0	-0.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
West Midlands	-5	-22	18	-1.2	0.0	-1.0	-0.1	-0.2	0.0
East	27	23	3	-0.9	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-0.2	0.0
London	44	64	-19	-3.7	-0.1	-2.7	-0.1	-1.0	0.0
South East	14	1	14	-1.3	0.0	-1.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0
South West	26	3	23	-0.9	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-0.2	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-11.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-8.8</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-2.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	57	30	27	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scotland	17	18	0	-1.7	-0.1	-1.3	-0.1	-0.4	0.0
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>-13.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-10.3</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-3.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
N Ireland	16	10	6	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>-13.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-10.6</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-3.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

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1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

# REGIONAL DATA

Scotland

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted

## 1 Summary of LFS data

All aged 16 & over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHN	YCIA	YCKA	YCNA	HKMZ			YCNN	
<b>People</b>	Mar-May 2005	4,096	2,602	2,456	146	1,494	63.5	60.0	5.6	36.5
	Mar-May 2006	4,116	2,607	2,461	146	1,509	63.3	59.8	5.6	36.7
	Jun-Aug 2006	4,121	2,592	2,467	125	1,530	62.9	59.9	4.8	37.1
	Sep-Nov 2006	4,127	2,617	2,480	137	1,510	63.4	60.1	5.2	36.6
	Dec-Feb 2007	4,133	2,653	2,515	138	1,480	64.2	60.9	5.2	35.8
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>4,139</b>	<b>2,667</b>	<b>2,540</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>1,472</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>61.4</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>35.6</b>
	Change on quarter	6	14	25	-11	-8	0.2	0.5	-0.4	-0.2
	Change %	0.1	0.5	1.0	-8.1	-0.5				
	Change on year	22	60	78	-19	-37	1.1	1.6	-0.8	-1.1
	Change %	0.5	2.3	3.2	-12.9	-2.5				
			YCJA	YCLA	YCOA	YCZL			YCON	
<b>Men</b>	Mar-May 2005	1,949	1,374	1,291	84	574	70.5	66.2	6.1	29.5
	Mar-May 2006	1,960	1,369	1,284	85	591	69.9	65.5	6.2	30.1
	Jun-Aug 2006	1,963	1,355	1,290	66	608	69.1	65.7	4.9	30.9
	Sep-Nov 2006	1,966	1,376	1,295	81	590	70.0	65.9	5.9	30.0
	Dec-Feb 2007	1,969	1,399	1,323	76	571	71.0	67.2	5.4	29.0
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>1,973</b>	<b>1,403</b>	<b>1,334</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>71.1</b>	<b>67.6</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>28.9</b>
	Change on quarter	3	4	11	-7	0	0.1	0.4	-0.5	-0.1
	Change %	0.2	0.3	0.8	-9.7	-0.1				
	Change on year	13	33	50	-17	-21	1.2	2.1	-1.3	-1.2
	Change %	0.6	2.4	3.9	-19.4	-3.5				
			YCJN	YCMA	YCPA	YCZX			YCPN	
<b>Women</b>	Mar-May 2005	2,147	1,228	1,166	62	920	57.2	54.3	5.0	42.8
	Mar-May 2006	2,156	1,238	1,177	61	918	57.4	54.6	4.9	42.6
	Jun-Aug 2006	2,158	1,236	1,177	59	922	57.3	54.5	4.8	42.7
	Sep-Nov 2006	2,161	1,241	1,185	56	920	57.4	54.8	4.5	42.6
	Dec-Feb 2007	2,163	1,254	1,192	62	909	58.0	55.1	5.0	42.0
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>2,166</b>	<b>1,264</b>	<b>1,206</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>58.4</b>	<b>55.7</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>41.6</b>
	Change on quarter	3	10	14	-4	-7	0.4	0.6	-0.3	-0.4
	Change %	0.1	0.8	1.2	-6.2	-0.8				
	Change on year	10	26	29	-2	-16	1.0	1.1	-0.3	-1.0
	Change %	0.5	2.1	2.4	-3.8	-1.8				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YGIN	YCKN		LWDY
<b>People</b>	Mar-May 2005	3,164	2,522	2,378	144	642	79.7	75.2	5.7	20.3
	Mar-May 2006	3,177	2,535	2,390	145	642	79.8	75.2	5.7	20.2
	Jun-Aug 2006	3,180	2,509	2,387	122	671	78.9	75.1	4.9	21.1
	Sep-Nov 2006	3,184	2,532	2,398	134	651	79.5	75.3	5.3	20.5
	Dec-Feb 2007	3,187 (r)	2,568	2,432	135	620 (r)	80.6	76.3	5.3	19.4
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,573</b>	<b>2,448</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>80.6</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>19.4</b>
	Change on quarter	4	6	15	-10	-2	0.1	0.4	-0.4	-0.1
	Change %	0.1	0.2	0.6	-7.0	-0.3				
	Change on year	14	39	58	-19	-24	0.9	1.5	-0.8	-0.9
	Change %	0.5	1.5	2.4	-13.3	-3.8				
							HKMB	YCLN		LWEK
<b>Men</b>	Mar-May 2005	1,616	1,345	1,262	83	271	83.2	78.1	6.2	16.8
	Mar-May 2006	1,623	1,348	1,263	86	275	83.1	77.8	6.3	16.9
	Jun-Aug 2006	1,625	1,332	1,267	65	293	82.0	78.0	4.9	18.0
	Sep-Nov 2006	1,627	1,352	1,272	80	275	83.1	78.2	5.9	16.9
	Dec-Feb 2007	1,629 (r)	1,376	1,301	75	253 (r)	84.4 (r)	79.8 (r)	5.5	15.6 (r)
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>1,632</b>	<b>1,372</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>84.1</b>	<b>79.9</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>15.9</b>
	Change on quarter	2	-4	3	-7	6	-0.3	0.1	-0.5	0.3
	Change %	0.1	-0.3	0.2	-8.9	2.3				
	Change on year	8	24	41	-17	-16	1.1	2.1	-1.3	-1.1
	Change %	0.5	1.8	3.2	-19.7	-5.7				
							HKMN	YCMN		LWEW
<b>Women</b>	Mar-May 2005	1,548	1,178	1,117	61	371	76.1	72.1	5.2	23.9
	Mar-May 2006	1,554	1,186	1,127	59	367	76.4	72.6	5.0	23.6
	Jun-Aug 2006	1,555	1,177	1,119	57	378	75.7	72.0	4.9	24.3
	Sep-Nov 2006	1,556	1,181	1,126	55	376	75.9	72.3	4.6	24.1
	Dec-Feb 2007	1,558	1,192	1,132	60	367	76.5	72.6	5.0	23.5
	<b>Mar-May 2007</b>	<b>1,560</b>	<b>1,201</b>	<b>1,144</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>77.0</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>23.0</b>
	Change on quarter	2	10	12	-3	-8	0.5	0.7	-0.3	-0.5
	Change %	0.1	0.8	1.1	-4.7	-2.2				
	Change on year	6	15	17	-2	-8	0.6	0.8	-0.3	-0.6
	Change %	0.4	1.2	1.5	-4.1	-2.3				

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+5; 2= 3+4; 6= 2/1; 7= 3/1; 8= 4/2

Source: Labour Force Survey

9= 5/1; 10= 11+14; 11= 12+13; 15= 11/10; 16= 12/10; 17= 13/11; 18= 14/10

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)		
		Levels		
		Total	Males	Females
		YXYL	YXZA	A4FD
	Mar 04	2,564	1,298	1,265
	Mar 05	2,612	1,326	1,287
	Mar 06	2,655	1,355	1,301
	Jun 06	2,664	1,350	1,314
	Sep 06	2,671	1,364	1,307
	Dec 06	2,687	1,375	1,311
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>2,673</b>	<b>1,373</b>	<b>1,300</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		18	18	-1
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	1.3	-0.1

		Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
		Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPBF	ZMQG	ZMQI	DPBQ	ZMQH	ZMQJ
<b>2006</b>							
	June	88.8	67.3	21.5	3.2	4.7	1.6
	July #	88.5	67.0	21.5	3.2	4.7	1.6
	August	88.0	66.5	21.5	3.2	4.6	1.6
	September #	87.4	66.1	21.3	3.2	4.6	1.6
	October	87.2	65.9	21.3	3.1	4.6	1.6
	November	86.0	64.9	21.1	3.1	4.5	1.6
	December #	84.8	64.0	20.8	3.1	4.5	1.6
<b>2007</b>							
	January	81.4	61.1	20.3	2.9	4.3	1.5
	February	81.9	61.6	20.3	3.0	4.3	1.5
	March	80.5	60.3	20.2	2.9	4.2	1.5
	April #	79.2	59.2	20.0	2.9	4.1	1.5
	May (r)	77.9	58.2	19.7	2.8	4.1	1.5
	<b>June # (p)</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>56.9</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>
<i>Change on period</i>		-1.7	-1.3	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
<i>Change %</i>		-2.2	-2.2	-2.0			
<i>Change on year</i>		-12.6	-10.4	-2.2	-0.5	-0.7	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>		-14.2	-15.5	-10.2			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 2 Employment by age

Scotland

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Employed</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,451	2,372	58	309	511	948	547	79
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,452	2,379	56	311	499	966	548	73
	Apr - Jun 2006	2,443	2,367	53	305	494	961	554	76
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,492	2,408	54	327	495	966	567	84
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,513	2,430	60	318	496	973	583	83
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>2,525</b>	<b>2,438</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>981</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>87</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	73	59	-1	11	-9	16	42	14
	<i>Change %</i>	3.0	2.5	-1.1	3.5	-1.8	1.6	7.7	19.1
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,286	1,259	30	160	266	480	324	27
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,286	1,262	26	160	260	497	320	24
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,268	1,246	24	154	254	491	322	22
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,304	1,280	26	170	260	497	326	24
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,321	1,298	29	163	263	498	344	23
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,325</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>26</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	40	38	3	4	1	5	24	2
	<i>Change %</i>	3.1	3.0	12.8	2.5	0.4	1.0	7.6	8.4
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,165	1,112	28	149	245	468	223	53
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,166	1,117	30	151	239	469	228	49
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,175	1,122	29	151	240	470	232	53
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,188	1,128	27	157	234	469	241	60
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,193	1,132	30	155	234	475	239	60
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>1,138</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>61</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	33	21	-4	7	-10	10	18	12
	<i>Change %</i>	2.8	1.9	-13.2	4.6	-4.1	2.2	7.7	24.3
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	59.9	75.0	44.6	67.6	81.6	82.0	68.9	8.5
	Jan - Mar 2006	59.6	74.9	43.7	67.4	80.4	83.3	68.0	7.8
	Apr - Jun 2006	59.3	74.5	41.6	65.9	79.8	82.8	68.5	8.0
	Jul - Sep 2006	60.4	75.7	42.1	70.4	80.2	83.1	69.9	8.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	60.9	76.3	47.0	68.2	80.7	83.7	71.6	8.8
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>61.1</b>	<b>76.5</b>	<b>43.7</b>	<b>68.9</b>	<b>79.9</b>	<b>84.2</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>9.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.4	1.5	-0.1	1.5	-0.5	1.0	4.2	1.4
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	66.1	78.0	45.4	69.6	87.1	86.1	71.0	8.0
	Jan - Mar 2006	65.7	77.8	39.4	69.1	85.5	89.0	69.1	7.0
	Apr - Jun 2006	64.6	76.7	37.2	66.3	83.9	87.9	69.3	6.6
	Jul - Sep 2006	66.4	78.7	40.2	72.7	86.1	89.0	70.0	7.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	67.1	79.7	45.1	69.6	87.0	89.2	73.6	6.7
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>79.7</b>	<b>44.9</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>86.5</b>	<b>89.7</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>7.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.6	1.9	5.5	0.9	1.0	0.7	4.2	0.5
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	54.3	71.9	43.8	65.5	76.4	78.2	66.0	8.8
	Jan - Mar 2006	54.1	71.9	48.3	65.6	75.4	78.0	66.5	8.2
	Apr - Jun 2006	54.5	72.2	46.2	65.6	75.9	78.1	67.6	8.9
	Jul - Sep 2006	55.0	72.5	44.1	68.1	74.6	77.7	69.8	9.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	55.2	72.7	49.1	66.8	74.6	78.6	68.9	10.0
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>55.4</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>42.3</b>	<b>67.8</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>70.7</b>	<b>10.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.3	1.1	-6.0	2.2	-2.0	1.2	4.2	1.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Scotland

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,451	2,200	233	*	11	1,839	612	98	135
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,452	2,181	255	*	12	1,848	603	87	124
	Apr - Jun 2006	2,443	2,178	247	*	12	1,820	622	91	126
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,492	2,217	251	10	14	1,854	636	87	133
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,513	2,247	247	*	10	1,867	645	91	136
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>2,525</b>	<b>2,242</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1,883</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>128</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	73	61	3	*	0	34	38	8	4
	<i>Change %</i>	3.0	2.8	1.4	*	-2.1	1.9	6.2	9.2	3.0
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,286	1,107	171	*	*	1,151	135	41	67
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,286	1,094	183	*	*	1,159	126	38	54
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,268	1,085	173	*	*	1,145	122	35	53
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,304	1,116	177	*	*	1,171	132	35	60
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,321	1,134	176	*	*	1,183	137	41	55
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,325</b>	<b>1,128</b>	<b>185</b>	*	*	<b>1,180</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>57</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	40	34	1	*	*	21	19	0	3
	<i>Change %</i>	3.1	3.1	0.8	*	*	1.8	15.0	0.9	4.9
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,165	1,093	63	*	*	688	477	56	69
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,166	1,087	72	*	*	689	477	49	70
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,175	1,093	73	*	*	674	500	56	73
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,188	1,101	74	*	*	684	504	52	73
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,193	1,113	72	*	*	684	508	50	80
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>1,115</b>	<b>74</b>	*	*	<b>703</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>71</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	33	28	2	*	*	13	19	8	1
	<i>Change %</i>	2.8	2.5	2.8	*	*	2.0	3.9	15.7	1.5

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>4</sup>			
		Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	135	42	27	66	600	62	417	119
	Jan - Mar 2006	124	42	24	58	595	62	403	126
	Apr - Jun 2006	126	41	27	58	613	61	425	124
	Jul - Sep 2006	133	33	39	61	623	64	437	121
	Oct - Dec 2006	136	34	37	65	635	63	440	130
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>133</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	4	-8	11	1	30	-4	30	7
	<i>Change %</i>	3.0	-18.7	43.9	1.7	5.0	-6.2	7.5	5.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Scotland

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYL			
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 03	2,546	2,263	272	11
	Mar 04	2,564	2,284	271	8
	Mar 05	2,612	2,346	259	7
	Mar 06	2,655	2,368	281	6
	Jun 06	2,664	2,383	277	4
	Sep 06	2,671	2,384	282	5
	Dec 06	2,687	2,409	272	6
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>2,673</b>	<b>2,383</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>6</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		17	15	3	0
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	0.6	0.9	4.7
		YXZA			
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 03	1,317	1,112	198	7
	Mar 04	1,298	1,098	196	5
	Mar 05	1,326	1,135	186	5
	Mar 06	1,355	1,151	200	4
	Jun 06	1,350	1,159	190	2
	Sep 06	1,364	1,166	194	3
	Dec 06	1,375	1,181	190	4
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>1,373</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>4</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		18	20	-3	0
<i>Change %</i>		1.3	1.8	-1.3	3.5
		A4FD			
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 03	1,229	1,151	74	4
	Mar 04	1,265	1,187	76	3
	Mar 05	1,287	1,211	73	3
	Mar 06	1,301	1,218	81	2
	Jun 06	1,314	1,224	87	2
	Sep 06	1,307	1,217	87	2
	Dec 06	1,311	1,227	82	2
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>1,212</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-6	5	0
<i>Change %</i>		0.0	-0.5	6.3	6.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Scotland

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

SIC 1992 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 04	2,291	2,284	28	37	238	122	1,049	811
	Mar 05	2,352	2,346	32	37	234	127	1,080	836
	Mar 06	2,375	2,368	29	35	226	135	1,094	849
	Jun 06	2,386	2,383	30	36	227	140	1,098	852
	Sep 06	2,384	2,384	32	37	226	141	1,098	850
	Dec 06	2,398	2,409	33	37	224	146	1,116	853
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>2,383</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>853</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-6							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.3							
	<i>Change on year</i>	16	15	2	2	-3	7	3	4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	0.6	6.5	5.8	-1.2	5.1	0.2	0.5
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 04	1,102	1,098	24	28	171	107	515	252
	Mar 05	1,139	1,135	24	29	169	112	542	259
	Mar 06	1,156	1,151	22	28	163	117	553	267
	Jun 06	1,160	1,159	23	29	163	121	555	267
	Sep 06	1,166	1,166	26	30	162	123	557	268
	Dec 06	1,175	1,181	26	30	161	127	567	269
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>1,177</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>559</b>	<b>270</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	1							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1							
	<i>Change on year</i>	21	20	1	2	-1	8	6	4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.8	1.8	6.7	6.3	-0.6	6.9	1.2	1.3
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 04	1,189	1,187	4	8	67	15	534	558
	Mar 05	1,213	1,211	8	7	65	15	538	577
	Mar 06	1,220	1,218	7	7	63	18	541	582
	Jun 06	1,226	1,224	7	7	64	19	543	585
	Sep 06	1,218	1,217	7	7	63	18	541	582
	Dec 06	1,222	1,227	7	7	62	19	549	583
	<b>Mar 07</b>	<b>1,215</b>	<b>1,212</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>582</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-7							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.6							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-6	0	0	-2	-1	-4	0
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-0.5	6.0	3.6	-2.9	-6.4	-0.7	0.1

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys  
Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

Scotland

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

	Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>12</sup>	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
		All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time <sup>3</sup>	Part-time <sup>3</sup>	Workers with
					second jobs
	1	2	3	4	5
<b>People</b>					
Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005	76	31.1	35.6	16.0	8.8
Jan - Mar 2006	77	31.5	36.1	15.9	10.6
Apr - Jun 2006	80	32.8	37.7	16.7	10.5
Jul - Sep 2006	78	31.2	35.8	16.2	10.0
Oct - Dec 2006	83	33.0	38.0	17.0	10.2
<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>31.3</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>9.1</b>
Change on year	2	-0.2	-0.1	0.2	-1.6
Change %	2.2	-0.8	-0.4	1.4	-14.9
<b>Men</b>					
Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005	46	35.7	37.6	16.1	9.6
Jan - Mar 2006	46	35.7	37.7	14.8	11.1
Apr - Jun 2006	48	37.9	39.9	15.2	11.3
Jul - Sep 2006	46	35.6	37.6	15.8	8.8
Oct - Dec 2006	50	37.7	39.9	16.0	11.0
<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>35.6</b>	<b>37.7</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>
Change on year	1	-0.2	0.1	0.7	-2.3
Change %	2.6	-0.5	0.2	4.7	-20.7
<b>Women</b>					
Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005	30	26.0	32.3	16.0	8.3
Jan - Mar 2006	31	26.9	33.5	16.2	10.3
Apr - Jun 2006	32	27.3	34.0	17.1	10.1
Jul - Sep 2006	31	26.3	32.8	16.2	10.7
Oct - Dec 2006	33	27.7	34.8	17.3	9.5
<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>33.0</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>9.2</b>
Change on year	1	-0.3	-0.5	0.1	-1.0
Change %	1.6	-1.2	-1.5	0.7	-10.2

1. Main and second job.

Source: Labour Force Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Jan - Mar 2006</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.0	0.5	1.6	0.9	0.5	1.4	1.3	0.5	3.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.4	3.6	9.4	6.3	3.5	9.2	6.4	4.1	12.6
16 up to 30 hours	18.1	7.0	30.4	18.5	6.5	30.5	15.0	9.4	30.0
31 up to 45 hours	55.1	59.3	50.3	57.0	62.3	51.6	38.4	40.1	33.7
Over 45 hours	19.4	29.6	8.2	17.3	27.1	7.4	39.0	45.9	20.1
Total (thousands)	2,452	1,286	1,166	2,181	1,094	1,087	255	183	72
<b>Oct - Dec 2006</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.0	0.5	1.6	0.8	0.5	1.1	1.8	0.3	5.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.3	3.2	9.7	6.5	3.2	9.8	4.7	2.8	9.4
16 up to 30 hours	18.9	6.8	32.3	18.8	5.8	32.1	19.2	13.1	34.3
31 up to 45 hours	55.5	61.4	48.9	57.4	64.6	50.0	38.8	40.2	35.5
Over 45 hours	18.3	28.1	7.5	16.5	25.9	7.0	35.4	43.6	15.1
Total (thousands)	2,513	1,321	1,193	2,247	1,134	1,113	247	176	72
<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.7	0.3	1.0	1.3	0.7	2.6
6 up to 15 hours	6.8	3.9	9.9	6.7	4.0	9.5	7.1	3.5	15.9
16 up to 30 hours	18.6	6.8	31.6	18.6	6.0	31.4	18.3	10.9	36.7
31 up to 45 hours	54.4	59.8	48.5	56.5	63.0	49.9	37.4	40.5	29.8
Over 45 hours	19.3	29.0	8.7	17.5	26.7	8.3	35.9	44.4	14.9
Total (thousands)	2,525	1,325	1,199	2,242	1,128	1,115	258	185	74

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

Scotland

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count		Inflows	Outflows	Claimant count	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	(standardised <sup>3</sup> )	(standardised <sup>3</sup> )	(not seasonally adjusted)	
				Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2006</b>	DPBF	DPBQ			BCKJ	DPAU
	June	88.8	3.2	20.4	20.1	90.1	3.3
	July #	88.5	3.2	20.0	20.2	92.1	3.3
	August	88.0	3.2	20.3	21.0	92.2	3.3
	September #	87.4	3.2	20.3	20.5	85.9	3.1
	October	87.2	3.1	20.1	20.7	84.1	3.0
	November	86.0	3.1	20.1	21.4	83.3	3.0
	December #	84.8	3.1	19.4	20.5	82.8	3.0
	<b>2007</b>						
	January	81.4	2.9	19.9	21.9	88.6	3.2
	February	81.9	3.0	20.4	21.0	89.8	3.2
	March	80.5	2.9	19.9	20.9	87.4	3.2
	April #	79.2	2.9	19.6	21.1	82.8	3.0
	May (r)	77.9	2.8	20.0	21.1	79.5	2.9
	<b>June # (p)</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>76.4</b>	<b>2.8</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-1.7	-0.1	-0.3	0.1	-3.1	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.2		-1.5	0.5	-3.9	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-12.6	-0.5	-0.7	1.1	-13.7	-0.5
	<i>Change %</i>	-14.2		-3.4	5.5	-15.2	
<b>Men</b>	<b>2006</b>	ZMQG	ZMQH				
	June	67.3	4.7	14.7	14.5	67.6	4.7
	July #	67.0	4.7	14.4	14.6	67.9	4.7
	August	66.5	4.6	14.6	15.2	67.7	4.7
	September #	66.1	4.6	14.6	14.8	63.8	4.4
	October	65.9	4.6	14.5	14.9	62.9	4.4
	November	64.9	4.5	14.4	15.4	62.6	4.4
	December #	64.0	4.5	13.9	14.8	62.9	4.4
	<b>2007</b>						
	January	61.1	4.3	14.2	15.9	67.0	4.7
	February	61.6	4.3	14.7	15.2	67.4	4.7
	March	60.3	4.2	14.2	15.2	65.5	4.6
	April #	59.2	4.1	14.0	15.4	61.7	4.3
	May (r)	58.2	4.1	14.3	15.0	59.4	4.1
	<b>June # (p)</b>	<b>56.9</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-1.3	-0.1	-0.2	0.2	-2.7	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.2		-1.4	1.3	-4.5	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-10.4	-0.7	-0.6	0.7	-10.9	-0.8
	<i>Change %</i>	-15.5		-4.1	4.8	-16.2	
<b>Women</b>	<b>2006</b>	ZMQI	ZMQJ				
	June	21.5	1.6	5.7	5.6	22.5	1.7
	July #	21.5	1.6	5.6	5.6	24.2	1.8
	August	21.5	1.6	5.7	5.8	24.5	1.8
	September #	21.3	1.6	5.7	5.7	22.1	1.7
	October	21.3	1.6	5.6	5.8	21.2	1.6
	November	21.1	1.6	5.7	6.0	20.7	1.5
	December #	20.8	1.6	5.5	5.7	19.9	1.5
	<b>2007</b>						
	January	20.3	1.5	5.7	6.0	21.6	1.6
	February	20.3	1.5	5.7	5.8	22.4	1.7
	March	20.2	1.5	5.7	5.7	21.9	1.6
	April #	20.0	1.5	5.6	5.7	21.1	1.6
	May (r)	19.7	1.5	5.7	6.1	20.2	1.5
	<b>June # (p)</b>	<b>19.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>1.5</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.4	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.0		-1.8	-1.6	-2.2	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-2.2	-0.2	-0.1	0.4	-2.8	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	-10.2		-1.8	7.1	-12.3	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month but not seasonally adjusted, for June 2007 were 19,800 in total; 14,000 for men and 5,800 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 22,200 in total; 16,100 for men and 6,100 for women.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

Scotland

8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All ages							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>People</b>													
<b>2005</b>													
June	87.0	86.3	58.5	15.0	12.8	14.8	4.2	24.0	20.0	3.4	0.5	2.0	0.1
<b>2006</b>													
June	90.1	89.6	58.4	17.7	13.5	15.0	4.3	25.6	20.4	4.5	0.7	2.7	0.1
July #	92.1	91.6	60.7	17.1	13.8	15.0	4.3	27.2	22.2	4.3	0.8	2.8	0.1
August	92.2	91.7	60.5	17.3	13.8	15.1	4.3	27.4	22.2	4.4	0.7	2.7	0.1
September #	85.9	85.4	55.6	16.0	13.8	16.1	4.2	24.4	19.9	3.9	0.7	2.9	0.1
October	84.1	83.6	54.8	15.1	13.7	16.4	4.2	23.6	19.5	3.5	0.7	2.9	0.1
November	83.3	82.8	55.4	13.9	13.5	16.3	4.1	23.1	19.3	3.1	0.7	2.9	0.1
December #	82.8	82.4	55.6	13.5	13.4	16.2	4.1	22.8	19.3	2.9	0.6	2.7	0.1
<b>2007</b>													
January	88.6	88.2	60.1	14.6	13.6	15.4	4.1	24.7	20.7	3.4	0.6	2.5	0.1
February	89.8	89.4	61.9	14.1	13.4	15.0	4.1	25.7	21.8	3.3	0.6	2.4	0.1
March	87.4	87.0	59.9	14.0	13.1	15.1	4.0	25.2	21.3	3.3	0.6	2.4	0.1
April #	82.8	82.3	55.5	13.9	12.9	15.7	3.9	23.5	19.6	3.3	0.6	2.4	0.1
May	79.5	79.1	52.9	13.7	12.5	15.8	3.9	22.6	18.9	3.2	0.5	2.3	0.1
June #	<b>76.4</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>50.9</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	-13.7	-13.5	-7.4	-4.7	-1.4	0.9	-0.4	-3.6	-1.9	-1.5	-0.2	-0.5	0.0
Change %	-15.2	-15.1	-12.7	-26.4	-10.1	0.9	-9.5	-14.2	-9.3	-33.7	-31.3	-0.5	27.6
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2005</b>													
June	65.7	65.1	42.9	11.6	10.5	16.2	3.6	17.0	14.2	2.5	0.3	2.0	0.0
<b>2006</b>													
June	67.6	67.2	42.3	13.9	11.0	16.3	3.6	18.0	14.2	3.3	0.5	2.7	0.1
July #	67.9	67.5	43.0	13.4	11.2	16.6	3.6	18.7	15.0	3.1	0.5	2.8	0.1
August	67.7	67.3	42.7	13.4	11.3	16.7	3.6	18.6	15.0	3.1	0.5	2.8	0.1
September #	63.8	63.4	39.8	12.4	11.2	17.7	3.5	16.9	13.7	2.7	0.5	3.0	0.1
October	62.9	62.5	39.6	11.8	11.1	17.8	3.5	16.4	13.5	2.5	0.5	2.9	0.1
November	62.6	62.3	40.5	10.9	11.0	17.6	3.4	16.2	13.6	2.1	0.5	2.9	0.1
December #	62.9	62.6	41.2	10.4	11.0	17.5	3.4	16.2	13.7	2.0	0.5	2.8	0.1
<b>2007</b>													
January	67.0	66.7	44.4	11.2	11.1	16.6	3.4	17.5	14.7	2.4	0.5	2.6	0.1
February	67.4	67.1	45.3	10.8	11.0	16.4	3.4	18.1	15.3	2.3	0.4	2.5	0.1
March	65.5	65.2	43.7	10.7	10.8	16.5	3.3	17.7	14.9	2.4	0.4	2.4	0.1
April #	61.7	61.4	40.2	10.7	10.5	17.2	3.3	16.4	13.6	2.3	0.4	2.5	0.1
May	59.4	59.1	38.4	10.5	10.2	17.3	3.2	15.8	13.2	2.2	0.4	2.5	0.1
June #	<b>56.7</b>	<b>56.4</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>17.4</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	-10.9	-10.8	-5.7	-3.9	-1.1	1.1	-0.4	-2.9	-1.6	-1.2	-0.1	-0.4	0.0
Change %	-16.2	-16.0	-13.6	-27.9	-10.5	1.1	-11.1	-16.2	-11.3	-36.0	-27.6	-0.4	42.0
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2005</b>													
June	21.4	21.2	15.6	3.3	2.2	10.6	0.7	6.9	5.8	0.9	0.2	2.3	0.0
<b>2006</b>													
June	22.5	22.4	16.0	3.8	2.5	11.2	0.7	7.6	6.1	1.2	0.2	2.9	0.0
July #	24.2	24.0	17.7	3.8	2.6	10.7	0.7	8.6	7.2	1.2	0.2	2.7	0.0
August	24.5	24.4	17.9	3.9	2.6	10.6	0.7	8.8	7.2	1.3	0.2	2.6	0.0
September #	22.1	22.0	15.8	3.5	2.6	11.7	0.7	7.6	6.2	1.1	0.2	2.7	0.0
October	21.2	21.1	15.2	3.3	2.6	12.2	0.7	7.2	5.9	1.0	0.2	2.7	0.0
November	20.7	20.6	15.0	3.1	2.5	12.2	0.7	6.9	5.8	0.9	0.2	2.9	0.0
December #	19.9	19.8	14.4	3.0	2.4	12.1	0.7	6.6	5.5	0.9	0.2	2.6	0.0
<b>2007</b>													
January	21.6	21.5	15.6	3.4	2.5	11.4	0.7	7.2	5.9	1.1	0.2	2.3	0.0
February	22.4	22.3	16.6	3.3	2.4	10.9	0.7	7.6	6.5	1.0	0.2	2.3	0.0
March	21.9	21.8	16.2	3.2	2.4	10.9	0.7	7.5	6.4	1.0	0.2	2.2	0.0
April #	21.1	20.9	15.3	3.2	2.4	11.3	0.7	7.1	6.0	1.0	0.2	2.1	0.0
May	20.2	20.0	14.5	3.2	2.3	11.5	0.7	6.8	5.7	0.9	0.1	2.1	0.0
June #	<b>19.7</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Change on year	-2.8	-2.7	-1.7	-0.8	-0.2	0.4	0.0	-0.7	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-1.0	0.0
Change %	-12.3	-12.2	-10.6	-20.8	-8.8	0.4	-1.4	-9.3	-4.7	-27.3	-39.4	-1.0	0.0

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

Scotland

8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2005</b>												
June	44.7	28.6	8.8	7.3	16.3	1.4	14.9	7.4	2.5	5.0	33.4	2.8
<b>2006</b>												
June	46.3	28.4	10.2	7.7	16.6	1.4	15.0	7.2	2.8	5.0	33.3	2.8
July #	46.9	29.0	10.0	8.0	17.0	1.4	14.9	7.2	2.7	5.0	33.8	2.8
August	46.9	29.0	9.9	8.0	17.1	1.4	14.8	7.1	2.7	5.1	34.1	2.8
September #	44.3	27.0	9.3	8.0	18.0	1.4	14.4	6.7	2.5	5.1	35.5	2.7
October	43.5	26.7	8.9	7.9	18.2	1.4	14.3	6.8	2.5	5.1	35.5	2.7
November	43.4	27.2	8.4	7.8	18.0	1.4	14.2	6.9	2.3	5.0	35.1	2.7
December #	43.4	27.5	8.2	7.7	17.8	1.3	14.0	6.9	2.2	5.0	35.6	2.7
<b>2007</b>												
January	46.5	29.9	8.7	7.9	17.0	1.3	15.0	7.6	2.3	5.0	33.6	2.7
February	46.6	30.4	8.4	7.8	16.7	1.3	14.8	7.6	2.2	5.0	33.6	2.6
March	45.1	29.3	8.2	7.6	16.8	1.3	14.4	7.3	2.2	4.9	34.2	2.6
April #	42.9	27.3	8.2	7.4	17.3	1.2	13.8	6.6	2.2	4.9	35.5	2.6
May	41.3	26.0	8.1	7.2	17.4	1.2	13.3	6.3	2.2	4.8	35.9	2.6
<b>June #</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>2.5</b>
Change on year	-6.6	-3.5	-2.4	-0.7	0.9	-0.2	-2.3	-1.3	-0.7	-0.4	3.1	-0.2
Change %	-14.3	-12.2	-23.8	-9.6		-15.3	-15.5	-17.4	-24.8	-7.7		-7.5
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2005</b>												
June	35.5	22.1	7.2	6.1	17.3	1.2	11.1	5.2	1.8	4.0	36.6	2.3
<b>2006</b>												
June	36.8	21.9	8.4	6.4	17.5	1.2	11.0	5.0	2.1	4.0	36.3	2.3
July #	36.7	21.9	8.2	6.7	18.1	1.2	10.8	4.8	2.0	4.0	36.9	2.3
August	36.5	21.7	8.1	6.7	18.3	1.2	10.8	4.7	2.0	4.0	37.5	2.3
September #	34.9	20.5	7.7	6.7	19.1	1.2	10.4	4.5	1.9	4.0	38.6	2.3
October	34.4	20.4	7.4	6.6	19.2	1.2	10.5	4.7	1.8	4.0	38.2	2.2
November	34.5	21.0	6.9	6.5	18.9	1.1	10.5	4.8	1.7	4.0	37.8	2.2
December #	34.8	21.5	6.7	6.5	18.7	1.1	10.4	4.9	1.6	4.0	38.2	2.2
<b>2007</b>												
January	37.0	23.3	7.0	6.6	17.9	1.1	11.1	5.4	1.7	4.0	36.1	2.2
February	36.9	23.6	6.8	6.6	17.8	1.1	10.9	5.3	1.6	3.9	36.3	2.2
March	35.7	22.6	6.6	6.4	18.0	1.1	10.6	5.1	1.6	3.9	36.9	2.1
April #	33.8	21.0	6.6	6.2	18.4	1.0	10.1	4.6	1.6	3.9	38.5	2.1
May	32.5	20.0	6.5	6.0	18.5	1.0	9.7	4.3	1.6	3.8	38.9	2.1
<b>June #</b>	<b>31.2</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>18.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>39.6</b>	<b>2.1</b>
Change on year	-5.5	-2.7	-2.2	-0.7	1.0	-0.2	-1.8	-0.9	-0.5	-0.3	3.3	-0.2
Change %	-15.1	-12.5	-25.5	-10.1		-17.1	-16.1	-18.5	-25.1	-8.5		-9.1
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2005</b>												
June	9.2	6.4	1.6	1.1	12.4	0.2	3.8	2.2	0.7	0.9	24.1	0.5
<b>2006</b>												
June	9.6	6.5	1.8	1.3	13.2	0.2	4.0	2.3	0.7	1.0	24.9	0.5
July #	10.2	7.1	1.8	1.3	12.9	0.2	4.0	2.3	0.7	1.0	25.2	0.5
August	10.4	7.3	1.8	1.3	12.8	0.2	4.1	2.3	0.7	1.0	25.0	0.5
September #	9.4	6.5	1.6	1.3	13.8	0.2	3.9	2.2	0.7	1.1	27.0	0.5
October	9.1	6.3	1.5	1.3	14.3	0.2	3.8	2.1	0.6	1.1	27.9	0.5
November	8.9	6.2	1.4	1.3	14.2	0.2	3.7	2.1	0.6	1.0	27.4	0.5
December #	8.7	6.0	1.5	1.2	14.0	0.2	3.6	2.0	0.6	1.0	28.0	0.5
<b>2007</b>												
January	9.5	6.6	1.7	1.2	13.1	0.2	3.9	2.2	0.6	1.0	26.4	0.5
February	9.7	6.9	1.6	1.2	12.5	0.2	3.9	2.3	0.6	1.0	26.0	0.5
March	9.4	6.7	1.6	1.2	12.4	0.2	3.8	2.2	0.6	1.0	26.7	0.5
April #	9.1	6.4	1.6	1.2	13.2	0.2	3.7	2.1	0.6	1.0	27.3	0.5
May	8.8	6.0	1.6	1.2	13.4	0.2	3.5	2.0	0.6	1.0	27.4	0.5
<b>June #</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Change on year	-1.1	-0.7	-0.3	-0.1	0.7	0.0	-0.6	-0.3	-0.2	0.0	2.8	0.0
Change %	-11.4	-11.1	-15.8	-7.1		-4.5	-14.0	-15.1	-24.1	-4.2		-0.2

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Scotland

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically active</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,595	2,515	72	348	537	990	567	80
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,591	2,516	73	356	523	995	569	75
	Apr - Jun 2006	2,590	2,513	71	352	525	990	575	77
	Jul - Sep 2006	2,626	2,541	70	369	522	994	585	86
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,643	2,557	73	353	525	1,007	599	86
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>2,656</b>	<b>2,566</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>1,017</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>90</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	65	51	-3	1	-1	22	31	15
	<i>Change %</i>	2.5	2.0	-4.1	0.4	-0.2	2.2	5.4	19.7
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,372	1,345	37	185	280	506	337	27
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,366	1,342	37	187	273	511	334	24
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,354	1,332	35	181	273	506	337	22
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,380	1,355	32	197	276	512	338	25
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,397	1,374	36	188	278	518	354	24
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,396</b>	<b>1,371</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>26</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	30	28	-1	-2	7	7	17	2
	<i>Change %</i>	2.2	2.1	-1.7	-1.1	2.5	1.4	5.1	6.8
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,223	1,170	36	163	257	484	230	53
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,225	1,174	36	169	250	484	235	51
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,236	1,181	36	171	252	484	238	55
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,246	1,186	38	172	246	483	247	61
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,246	1,183	37	165	247	489	245	63
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>64</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	35	22	-2	3	-8	15	14	13
	<i>Change %</i>	2.9	1.9	-6.5	2.0	-3.1	3.2	5.8	25.8
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	63.4	79.5	55.8	76.3	85.8	85.7	71.5	8.6
	Jan - Mar 2006	63.0	79.2	56.9	77.2	84.3	85.8	70.6	8.0
	Apr - Jun 2006	62.9	79.1	55.8	76.1	84.8	85.4	71.1	8.2
	Jul - Sep 2006	63.7	79.9	55.2	79.6	84.5	85.6	72.1	9.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	64.0	80.3	57.6	75.8	85.3	86.6	73.6	9.1
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>64.2</b>	<b>80.5</b>	<b>55.2</b>	<b>76.6</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>9.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.2	1.2	-1.8	-0.6	0.8	1.5	2.8	1.5
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	70.5	83.3	55.2	80.6	91.8	90.7	74.0	8.2
	Jan - Mar 2006	69.8	82.7	56.4	80.6	89.9	91.6	72.2	7.1
	Apr - Jun 2006	69.0	82.0	53.5	77.7	90.0	90.7	72.5	6.6
	Jul - Sep 2006	70.3	83.3	49.3	84.4	91.1	91.7	72.6	7.4
	Oct - Dec 2006	71.0	84.4	55.8	80.2	92.1	92.7	75.6	6.9
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>70.8</b>	<b>84.1</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>92.9</b>	<b>92.6</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>7.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.1	1.3	-0.4	-1.8	3.0	1.0	2.6	0.4
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	57.0	75.6	56.5	71.8	80.1	81.0	68.0	8.9
	Jan - Mar 2006	56.8	75.6	57.5	73.8	79.0	80.4	68.5	8.5
	Apr - Jun 2006	57.3	76.0	58.2	74.4	79.8	80.4	69.2	9.1
	Jul - Sep 2006	57.7	76.2	61.5	74.7	78.2	80.0	71.4	10.0
	Oct - Dec 2006	57.6	76.0	59.5	71.4	78.7	81.0	70.8	10.4
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>58.2</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>54.3</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>77.7</b>	<b>82.4</b>	<b>71.4</b>	<b>10.6</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.4	1.1	-3.2	0.6	-1.2	2.0	3.0	2.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Scotland

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,497	647	57	108	89	166	226	850
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,522	659	55	105	97	165	237	863
	Apr - Jun 2006	1,528	665	56	111	94	170	233	863
	Jul - Sep 2006	1,497	641	57	95	95	167	226	856
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,486	628	54	113	90	156	215	858
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>1,479</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>856</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-43	-37	2	4	-6	-17	-19	-7
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.9	-5.6	3.0	3.8	-6.5	-10.4	-8.1	-0.8
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	575	270	30	44	25	52	119	305
	Jan - Mar 2006	592	280	29	45	31	47	129	312
	Apr - Jun 2006	607	292	30	52	30	52	128	315
	Jul - Sep 2006	584	271	33	36	27	47	128	313
	Oct - Dec 2006	570	254	29	46	24	41	114	316
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>315</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-20	0	5	-9	-6	-10	3
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.0	-7.3	-0.2	10.7	-29.8	-12.1	-8.0	0.8
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	922	377	27	64	64	114	108	545
	Jan - Mar 2006	930	379	26	60	67	118	108	551
	Apr - Jun 2006	921	372	26	59	64	118	106	548
	Jul - Sep 2006	913	370	24	58	68	120	99	543
	Oct - Dec 2006	916	374	25	66	67	115	101	542
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>542</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-26	-16	2	-1	3	-11	-9	-9
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.8	-4.3	6.6	-1.3	4.2	-9.7	-8.1	-1.7
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	36.6	20.5	44.2	23.7	14.2	14.3	28.5	91.4
	Jan - Mar 2006	37.0	20.8	43.1	22.8	15.7	14.2	29.4	92.0
	Apr - Jun 2006	37.1	20.9	44.2	23.9	15.2	14.6	28.9	91.8
	Jul - Sep 2006	36.3	20.1	44.8	20.4	15.5	14.4	27.9	90.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	36.0	19.7	42.4	24.2	14.7	13.4	26.4	90.9
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>44.8</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>90.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.2	1.8	0.6	-0.8	-1.5	-2.8	-1.5
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	29.5	16.7	44.8	19.4	8.2	9.3	26.0	91.8
	Jan - Mar 2006	30.2	17.3	43.6	19.4	10.1	8.4	27.8	92.9
	Apr - Jun 2006	31.0	18.0	46.5	22.3	10.0	9.3	27.5	93.4
	Jul - Sep 2006	29.7	16.7	50.7	15.6	8.9	8.3	27.4	92.6
	Oct - Dec 2006	29.0	15.6	44.2	19.8	7.9	7.3	24.4	93.1
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>92.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.1	-1.3	0.4	1.8	-3.0	-1.0	-2.6	-0.4
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	43.0	24.4	43.5	28.2	19.9	19.0	32.0	91.1
	Jan - Mar 2006	43.2	24.4	42.5	26.2	21.0	19.6	31.5	91.5
	Apr - Jun 2006	42.7	24.0	41.8	25.6	20.2	19.6	30.8	90.9
	Jul - Sep 2006	42.3	23.8	38.5	25.3	21.8	20.0	28.6	90.0
	Oct - Dec 2006	42.4	24.0	40.5	28.6	21.3	19.0	29.2	89.6
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>41.8</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>45.7</b>	<b>25.6</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>17.6</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>89.4</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.4	-1.1	3.2	-0.6	1.2	-2.0	-3.0	-2.1

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Scotland

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Economic Inactivity by reason									
		Total aged 16-59/64	Looking after family / home							Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	Student 2	Temp sick 3	Long-term sick 4	Discouraged workers 5	Retired 6	Other 7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	647	145	151	14	226	*	46	60	462	184
	Jan - Mar 2006	659	148	164	18	228	*	47	49	453	206
	Apr - Jun 2006	665	144	156	15	238	*	52	55	461	203
	Jul - Sep 2006	641	128	164	15	228	*	48	57	460	180
	Oct - Dec 2006	628	151	156	15	212	*	44	47	458	170
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>173</b>
	Change on year	-37	1	-13	2	-21	*	-5	2	-4	-33
	Change %	-5.6	0.3	-7.9	8.4	-9.2	*	-11.3	3.7	-0.8	-16.1
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	270	75	15	*	117	*	31	26	195	75
	Jan - Mar 2006	280	73	16	10	122	*	34	21	184	96
	Apr - Jun 2006	292	73	16	*	124	*	36	30	200	92
	Jul - Sep 2006	271	63	17	*	123	*	34	29	193	78
	Oct - Dec 2006	254	72	16	*	106	*	34	21	181	73
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>77</b>
	Change on year	-20	0	1	1	-21	*	-2	2	-1	-19
	Change %	-7.3	0.4	5.7	14.5	-16.9	*	-6.1	10.1	-0.7	-19.8
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	377	71	136	10	109	*	15	33	267	110
	Jan - Mar 2006	379	75	149	*	106	*	14	28	270	109
	Apr - Jun 2006	372	71	139	*	115	*	15	25	261	112
	Jul - Sep 2006	370	65	147	11	105	*	13	29	267	102
	Oct - Dec 2006	374	79	140	11	106	*	10	25	277	97
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>95</b>
	Change on year	-16	0	-14	*	0	*	-3	0	-2	-14
	Change %	-4.3	0.3	-9.3	*	-0.2	*	-24.3	-1.0	-0.9	-12.8

### Percentage of economically inactive (%)

<b>People</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	22.5	23.3	2.2	35.0	*	7.1	9.2	71.5	28.5
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	22.4	24.9	2.8	34.6	*	7.2	7.5	68.8	31.2
	Apr - Jun 2006	100.0	21.6	23.4	2.3	35.9	*	7.8	8.2	69.4	30.6
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	19.9	25.6	2.4	35.6	*	7.5	9.0	71.9	28.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	24.1	24.8	2.4	33.8	*	7.1	7.5	72.9	27.1
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>33.3</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>27.8</b>
<b>Men</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	27.7	5.6	*	43.3	*	11.4	9.7	72.4	27.6
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	26.1	5.6	3.5	43.7	*	12.0	7.6	65.5	34.5
	Apr - Jun 2006	100.0	25.0	5.6	*	42.4	*	12.4	10.3	68.6	31.4
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	23.3	6.2	*	45.5	*	12.7	10.6	71.3	28.7
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	28.2	6.1	*	41.8	*	13.5	8.4	71.2	28.8
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>9.0</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>29.8</b>
<b>Women</b>	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	18.7	36.0	2.6	29.0	*	4.0	8.8	70.9	29.1
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	19.7	39.2	*	27.9	*	3.6	7.4	71.1	28.9
	Apr - Jun 2006	100.0	18.9	37.4	*	30.8	*	4.1	6.6	70.1	29.9
	Jul - Sep 2006	100.0	17.5	39.8	3.0	28.3	*	3.6	7.7	72.3	27.7
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	21.3	37.5	3.0	28.4	*	2.7	6.8	74.1	25.9
	<b>Jan - Mar 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>29.1</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>73.7</b>	<b>26.3</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,368</b>	<b>28,165</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>7,970</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>944,539</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,427</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>89,616</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>0.84</b>	
Aberdeen City	133	108	79.8	5	4.0	22	16.8	2,180	1.6	179	1.34	
Aberdeenshire	146	120	80.7	4	3.1	24	16.7	1,501	1.0	96	0.66	
Angus	65	52	79.2	3	5.1	10	16.5	1,786	2.7	44	0.68	
Argyll & Bute	54	43	79.6	2	4.2	9	17.4	1,371	2.5	47	0.88	
Clackmannanshire	30	21	72.0	1	5.6	7	23.5	974	3.2	16	0.51	
Dumfries & Galloway	87	69	79.1	3	4.6	2	17.5	2,287	2.6	69	0.80	
Dundee City	89	61	71.0	5	7.0	15	23.8	3,745	4.2	83	0.93	
East Ayrshire	74	52	70.6	4	6.6	20	24.1	3,015	4.1	44	0.59	
East Dunbartonshire	64	56	82.0	2	3.6	17	14.7	1,099	1.7	30	0.47	
East Lothian	54	46	78.1	2	3.6	10	18.7	784	1.4	31	0.57	
East Renfrewshire	54	46	78.7	2	3.4	11	18.5	744	1.4	22	0.41	
Edinburgh, City of	309	233	77.2	11	4.7	10	19.2	7,027	2.3	348	1.13	
Eilean Siar	15	13	81.9	1	5.1	57	13.5	481	3.1	13	0.84	
Falkirk	93	71	76.6	4	5.8	16	18.2	2,510	2.7	64	0.69	
Fife	221	173	76.6	11	5.8	40	18.3	7,949	3.6	158	0.71	
Glasgow City	382	246	64.3	20	7.7	113	30.2	15,739	4.1	441	1.16	
Highland	130	102	78.9	4	3.9	23	18.4	2,905	2.2	117	0.90	
Inverclyde	51	37	72.2	3	6.8	11	22.2	2,343	4.6	35	0.70	
Midlothian	49	42	80.5	2	4.8	7	14.4	1,029	2.1	31	0.63	
Moray	54	42	78.2	2	4.4	9	18.2	1,209	2.3	44	0.83	
North Ayrshire	82	59	70.2	5	8.0	19	22.9	3,874	4.7	47	0.57	
North Lanarkshire	204	146	71.4	10	6.2	47	23.5	6,204	3.0	135	0.66	
Orkney Islands	12	10	83.6	~	3.1	2	15.6	169	1.4	12	0.99	
Perth & Kinross	82	64	78.2	3	3.9	15	18.7	1,505	1.8	71	0.87	
Renfrewshire	106	82	76.3	4	4.7	21	20.2	3,024	2.8	81	0.76	
Scottish Borders	65	52	78.8	2	3.8	12	18.2	1,088	1.7	53	0.82	
Shetland Islands	13	11	84.8	~	3.9	1	11.3	235	1.7	16	1.17	
South Ayrshire	67	50	74.0	3	5.9	14	20.7	2,179	3.3	51	0.77	
South Lanarkshire	191	146	75.5	7	4.7	40	21.0	4,646	2.4	136	0.71	
Stirling	54	42	75.4	2	4.3	11	20.8	1,070	2.0	51	0.96	
West Dunbartonshire	57	43	73.5	3	7.3	11	20.1	2,491	4.3	34	0.60	
West Lothian	105	87	78.5	4	4.8	19	17.3	2,455	2.3	80	0.76	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 13 (1) Local labour market indicators by UK Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>8</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>	Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ Rate (%)	Total 16+ Rate (%)	Total 16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,368</b>	<b>28,165</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>7,970</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>944,539</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,427</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>89,616</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>0.84</b>
Aberdeen North	..	45	75.7	3	6.1	11	19.1	1,278	2.1	72	1.19
Aberdeen South	..	44	80.1	1	3.0	9	17.4	771	1.3	66	1.13
Airdrie & Shotts	..	34	71.3	2	5.9	11	24.2	1,709	3.3	30	0.58
Angus	..	36	75.8	2	6.3	9	18.9	1,551	3.2	36	0.74
Argyll & Bute	..	43	79.6	2	3.6	9	17.4	1,376	2.5	47	0.87
Ayr, Carrick & Cumnock	..	40	70.4	4	8.3	13	23.0	2,200	3.9	40	0.72
Banff & Buchan	..	40	77.0	2	3.8	10	20.1	833	1.6	38	0.71
Berwickshire, Roxburgh & Selkirk	..	43	78.8	1	3.2	10	18.6	961	1.8	46	0.87
Caithness, Sutherland & Easter Ross	..	28	73.9	1	4.4	8	22.5	1,101	3.1	29	0.80
Central Ayrshire	..	39	71.6	4	9.3	11	21.0	2,080	3.8	39	0.72
Coatbridge, Chryston & Bellshill	..	43	69.4	3	6.6	16	25.6	1,630	2.9	45	0.82
Cumbernauld, Kilsyth & Kirkintilloch East	..	47	80.5	2	4.0	9	16.0	1,402	2.5	32	0.58
Dumfries & Galloway	..	41	75.1	2	5.0	11	20.8	1,626	2.9	44	0.79
Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale & Tweeddale	..	45	83.9	2	3.3	7	13.2	966	2.0	36	0.74
Dundee East	..	42	78.4	2	4.4	9	18.0	1,662	3.3	41	0.82
Dundee West	..	36	69.2	3	7.4	12	25.0	2,336	4.2	50	0.89
Dunfermline & West Fife	..	45	79.2	2	4.9	9	16.6	1,824	3.3	52	0.92
East Dunbartonshire	..	43	82.0	2	4.2	7	14.3	669	1.3	24	0.48
East Kilbride, Strathaven & Lesmahagow	..	50	78.3	2	4.1	11	18.2	1,239	2.0	47	0.77
East Lothian	..	46	78.1	2	3.9	11	18.6	784	1.5	31	0.58
East Renfrewshire	..	46	78.7	2	3.2	10	18.5	762	1.4	22	0.41
Edinburgh East	..	34	71.1	2	5.9	12	24.4	1,760	2.9	82	1.33
Edinburgh North & Leith	..	48	77.1	1	2.1	13	21.2	1,824	2.9	118	1.90
Edinburgh South	..	53	80.7	2	3.9	10	15.9	856	1.5	31	0.56
Edinburgh South West	..	50	77.7	3	5.8	11	17.4	1,527	2.4	65	1.03
Edinburgh West	..	48	77.5	2	4.5	11	18.7	1,056	2.0	52	0.98
Falkirk	..	51	76.4	3	6.3	12	18.5	1,636	2.6	43	0.68
Glasgow Central	..	22	45.9	5	18.2	21	43.8	2,328	4.3	224	4.11
Glasgow East	..	37	61.4	1	3.8	21	36.1	2,502	4.6	35	0.66
Glasgow North	..	30	65.0	3	7.7	13	29.4	1,651	3.3	38	0.77
Glasgow North East	..	27	60.1	3	9.3	15	33.7	2,983	5.5	37	0.68
Glasgow North West	..	47	73.0	3	6.8	14	21.6	2,085	4.2	32	0.64
Glasgow South	..	47	77.1	2	3.2	12	20.3	1,742	3.1	30	0.54
Glasgow South West	..	36	62.5	4	9.7	17	30.5	2,353	4.8	45	0.91
Glenrothes	..	44	72.0	5	9.5	12	20.3	2,538	4.7	38	0.70
Gordon	..	53	86.7	2	3.1	6	10.6	427	0.7	64	1.11
Inverclyde	..	37	72.2	3	7.0	11	22.2	2,343	4.6	35	0.69
Inverness, Nairn, Badenoch & Strathspey	..	44	79.9	2	3.3	9	17.2	1,036	1.9	58	1.07
Kilmarnock & Loudoun	..	40	71.6	2	5.8	13	24.0	2,297	4.0	36	0.63
Kirkcaldy & Cowdenbeath	..	47	76.2	3	6.7	11	18.1	2,733	4.9	37	0.65
Lanark & Hamilton East	..	45	75.9	2	3.8	12	21.1	1,445	2.4	47	0.78
Linlithgow & East Falkirk	..	50	77.3	3	5.7	11	17.9	1,738	2.8	41	0.65
Livingston	..	56	79.1	3	4.9	12	16.8	1,591	2.4	60	0.90
Midlothian	..	42	80.5	3	5.9	7	14.5	1,033	2.1	31	0.62
Moray	..	42	78.2	2	4.3	9	18.2	1,209	2.3	44	0.84
Motherwell & Wishaw	..	36	67.3	3	8.4	13	26.3	1,892	3.5	33	0.63
Na h-Eileanan an Iar	..	13	81.9	1	5.8	2	13.5	481	3.1	13	0.84
North Ayrshire & Arran	..	42	72.2	3	6.8	13	22.6	2,490	4.4	27	0.49
North East Fife	..	38	79.9	1	2.5	8	17.9	855	1.8	31	0.64
Ochil & South Perthshire	..	43	74.8	2	4.5	12	21.6	1,300	2.3	35	0.62
Orkney & Shetland	..	21	84.3	1	2.7	3	13.3	404	1.6	27	1.09
Paisley & Renfrewshire North	..	43	75.8	2	5.3	11	19.8	1,290	2.3	46	0.84
Paisley & Renfrewshire South	..	39	76.8	1	3.2	10	20.5	1,732	3.3	35	0.66

## 13 (1) Local labour market indicators by UK Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>8</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Perth & North Perthshire	..	43	78.5	2	3.9	9	18.3	1,162	2.2	52	0.96	
Ross, Skye & Lochaber	..	30	82.6	1	1.7	6	16.0	768	2.0	31	0.81	
Rutherglen & Hamilton West	..	45	71.4	3	5.3	15	24.5	1,865	3.1	39	0.65	
Stirling	..	42	75.4	2	4.6	11	20.8	1,070	2.0	51	0.95	
West Aberdeenshire & Kincardine	..	45	81.6	1	1.8	9	16.9	372	0.7	34	0.67	
West Dunbartonshire	..	43	73.5	4	7.8	12	20.2	2,487	4.3	34	0.60	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 13(2) Local labour market indicators by constituencies of the Scottish Parliament

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>	Jobs <sup>7</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,368</b>	<b>28,165</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>7,970</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>944,539</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,427</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>89,616</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Central Scotland</b>											
Airdrie & Shotts	..	31	71.2	2	6.5	10	23.8	1,608	3.3	25	0.51
Coatbridge & Chryston	..	32	69.7	1	4.1	12	27.3	1,244	2.9	21	0.49
Cumbernauld & Kilsyth	..	33	79.8	2	4.7	7	16.1	986	2.4	24	0.58
East Kilbride	..	41	79.8	2	3.8	9	17.0	1,058	2.0	42	0.79
Falkirk East	..	36	78.7	2	5.4	8	16.9	1,234	2.6	28	0.59
Falkirk West	..	35	74.3	3	7.4	9	19.6	1,276	3.0	37	0.86
Hamilton North & Bellshill	..	35	71.1	3	8.4	11	22.3	1,442	3.3	49	1.11
Hamilton South	..	33	76.5	1	3.9	8	20.3	1,129	3.0	18	0.47
Kilmarnock & Loudoun	..	34	73.2	2	5.5	10	22.6	1,938	3.9	32	0.65
Motherwell & Wishaw	..	29	69.6	2	7.3	10	24.6	1,333	3.3	28	0.70
<b>Glasgow</b>											
Glasgow Anniesland	..	32	69.9	2	6.3	11	25.3	1,581	4.2	22	0.58
Glasgow Baillieston	..	28	59.0	1	4.0	18	38.5	1,624	4.2	15	0.40
Glasgow Cathcart	..	32	77.9	1	3.8	7	18.9	1,225	3.1	19	0.48
Glasgow Govan	..	24	57.6	2	7.9	16	37.4	1,816	4.6	50	1.26
Glasgow Kelvin	..	30	62.8	4	10.6	14	29.6	1,624	3.3	210	4.29
Glasgow Maryhill	..	23	61.4	3	10.6	12	31.2	2,201	5.4	24	0.60
Glasgow Pollok	..	30	63.3	3	8.2	14	30.8	1,636	4.4	18	0.49
Glasgow Rutherglen	..	27	67.9	2	6.9	10	27.0	1,124	2.8	28	0.71
Glasgow Shettleston	..	20	61.6	2	9.6	10	31.7	1,740	4.8	34	0.93
Glasgow Springburn	..	22	63.2	2	9.0	10	30.4	2,018	4.8	25	0.59
<b>Highlands &amp; Islands</b>											
Argyll & Bute	..	29	79.4	1	3.8	6	17.5	1,044	2.8	33	0.91
Caithness, Sutherland & Easter Ross	..	24	75.8	1	4.4	6	20.5	953	3.1	26	0.84
Inverness East, Nairn & Lochaber	..	42	79.8	1	3.2	9	17.5	943	1.8	60	1.15
Moray	..	38	78.8	2	4.5	8	17.3	1,095	2.3	42	0.88
Orkney & Shetland	..	21	84.3	1	2.7	3	13.3	404	1.6	26	1.05
Ross, Skye & Inverness West	..	36	80.1	1	2.3	8	18.0	1,009	2.3	29	0.66
Western Isles	..	13	81.9	1	5.8	2	13.5	481	3.1	13	0.86
<b>Lothians</b>											
Edinburgh Central	..	38	74.7	3	6.8	10	19.8	1,351	2.4	91	1.59
Edinburgh East & Musselburgh	..	35	79.4	1	3.9	8	17.5	1,248	2.7	35	0.76
Edinburgh North & Leith	..	40	77.8	1	1.9	10	20.6	1,785	3.4	90	1.72
Edinburgh Pentlands	..	43	77.9	1	3.3	10	19.4	946	1.9	44	0.91
Edinburgh South	..	44	78.6	2	5.2	9	16.9	833	1.6	39	0.73
Edinburgh West	..	41	75.8	2	5.2	10	19.8	985	2.1	52	1.08
Linlithgow	..	39	76.9	2	4.9	9	19.1	1,175	2.6	29	0.65
Livingston	..	48	80.0	3	5.2	9	15.7	1,280	2.2	50	0.87
Midlothian	..	34	79.8	2	5.9	6	15.2	860	2.2	26	0.66
<b>Mid Scotland &amp; Fife</b>											
Central Fife	..	34	70.9	4	9.9	10	21.0	2,042	4.4	39	0.85
Dunfermline East	..	31	73.4	3	8.9	8	19.3	1,703	4.1	23	0.55
Dunfermline West	..	36	80.8	1	3.8	7	15.9	1,329	3.1	38	0.89
Kirkcaldy	..	34	77.6	2	5.4	8	17.9	2,134	5.5	28	0.74
North East Fife	..	37	80.4	1	2.6	8	17.4	741	1.6	28	0.61

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 13(2) Local labour market indicators by constituencies of the Scottish Parliament

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
North Tayside	..	36	77.3	2	5.2	8	18.4	957	2.1	33	0.72
Ochil	..	33	72.6	2	5.3	10	23.2	1,282	2.7	28	0.60
Perth	..	37	79.5	1	3.4	8	17.7	935	2.0	46	0.96
Stirling	..	37	75.5	2	5.1	10	20.3	867	2.0	41	0.95
<b>North East Scotland</b>											
Aberdeen Central	..	31	75.7	2	6.5	8	18.9	951	2.0	83	1.76
Aberdeen North	..	39	82.6	1	2.7	7	15.2	554	1.3	50	1.14
Aberdeen South	..	37	80.8	1	3.3	7	16.4	675	1.4	45	0.93
Angus	..	39	80.2	2	3.9	8	16.4	1,294	2.8	28	0.60
Banff & Buchan	..	35	76.6	2	4.4	9	20.1	757	1.6	34	0.73
Dundee East	..	33	72.8	2	6.1	10	22.4	2,047	4.7	36	0.83
Dundee West	..	28	68.6	2	7.6	10	25.5	1,698	3.7	44	0.96
Gordon	..	45	83.0	1	3.2	7	14.1	482	1.0	33	0.68
West Aberdeenshire & Kincardine	..	44	81.1	1	1.8	9	17.4	376	0.7	36	0.71
<b>South of Scotland</b>											
Ayr	..	32	73.7	2	7.0	9	20.6	1,452	3.5	38	0.92
Carrick, Cumnock & Doon Valley	..	36	70.2	3	7.4	12	24.0	1,804	3.6	27	0.55
Clydesdale	..	40	74.9	2	4.3	11	21.7	1,239	2.4	22	0.44
Cunninghame South	..	29	67.9	4	11.6	10	23.4	2,109	5.1	26	0.63
Dumfries	..	39	82.3	2	4.2	6	14.1	1,223	2.5	42	0.86
East Lothian	..	39	77.2	1	3.6	10	19.8	664	1.5	25	0.56
Galloway & Upper Nithsdale	..	30	75.1	1	4.0	8	21.6	1,064	2.8	26	0.69
Roxburgh & Berwickshire	..	27	76.7	1	4.0	7	20.1	632	1.9	27	0.78
Tweeddale, Ettrick & Lauderdale	..	33	81.7	1	3.8	6	14.9	624	1.6	28	0.71
<b>West of Scotland</b>											
Clydebank & Milngavie	..	32	78.1	2	5.4	7	17.3	1,318	3.3	25	0.61
Cunninghame North	..	29	72.7	2	6.4	9	22.5	1,765	4.3	21	0.50
Dumbarton	..	36	75.5	3	6.7	9	18.9	1,650	3.5	29	0.61
Eastwood	..	46	78.7	2	3.2	10	18.5	744	1.4	22	0.41
Greenock & Inverclyde	..	29	73.4	2	6.5	8	21.3	1,740	4.6	29	0.77
Paisley North	..	28	75.7	2	5.6	7	19.7	1,297	3.4	45	1.19
Paisley South	..	30	76.9	1	3.8	8	20.0	1,351	3.3	24	0.58
Strathkelvin & Bearsden	..	42	81.0	2	4.1	8	15.6	912	1.8	22	0.44
West Renfrewshire	..	32	74.1	2	4.7	9	22.1	979	2.3	19	0.43

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>	Jobs <sup>7</sup>		
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,368</b>	<b>28,165</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>7,970</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>944,539</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,427</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>89,616</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>0.84</b>
Aberdeen	..	176	81.2	6	3.5	33	15.8	2,665	1.2	233	1.07
Annan	..	13	85.1	1	4.8	2	10.8	317	2.1	10	0.69
Argyll Islands	..	4	80.5	#	#	1	18.5	92	2.1	4	0.92
Ayr	..	46	74.7	3	6.3	12	20.1	2,015	3.3	50	0.82
Badenoch	..	7	73.6	#	#	2	24.6	115	1.6	7	0.96
Banff	..	11	74.9	#	#	4	25.1	268	1.6	12	0.74
Berwickshire	..	9	75.8	~	5.1	2	20.3	176	1.5	7	0.64
Brechin and Montrose	..	20	78.1	1	4.3	4	18.3	710	3.0	16	0.66
Campbeltown	..	4	80.4	~	6.3	1	14.6	186	3.2	5	0.87
Crieff	..	8	75.0	~	2.5	2	22.9	137	1.2	8	0.72
Dingwall	..	15	74.8	1	3.4	4	22.5	494	2.4	14	0.69
Dufftown	..	4	76.9	~	5.2	1	18.6	76	1.8	5	1.09
Dumbarton	..	36	75.5	3	6.7	9	18.9	1,650	3.5	29	0.61
Dumfries	..	36	80.4	1	2.9	7	17.0	1,212	2.7	39	0.86
Dundee	..	93	73.4	6	5.6	27	22.1	4,729	3.7	102	0.79
Dunfermline	..	70	77.2	5	6.1	16	17.7	2,934	3.4	65	0.74
Dunoon and Rothesay	..	9	77.1	1	5.1	2	18.9	469	3.7	10	0.82
East Ayrshire	..	52	70.7	4	6.8	17	24.0	3,015	4.1	44	0.60
Edinburgh	..	409	77.9	20	4.6	94	18.3	11,306	2.3	485	0.97
Elgin and Forres	..	26	79.2	1	4.1	5	17.2	746	2.1	31	0.89
Falkirk	..	71	76.4	5	6.4	17	18.3	2,510	2.8	65	0.72
Forfar	..	21	75.5	1	6.3	5	19.2	577	2.2	20	0.74
Fraserburgh	..	14	76.9	1	5.7	3	18.4	198	1.4	11	0.80
Galashiels and Peebles	..	25	81.6	1	3.1	5	15.7	493	1.6	26	0.86
Girvan	..	4	65.5	~	7.8	1	28.4	164	2.7	4	0.58
Glasgow	..	603	71.0	37	5.8	202	24.5	27,068	3.3	704	0.85
Greenock	..	37	72.2	3	7.0	11	22.2	2,343	4.6	34	0.67
Hawick	..	9	73.0	1	5.5	3	22.6	274	2.4	9	0.81
Huntly	..	5	75.6	#	#	1	18.0	78	1.6	4	0.76
Inverness	..	44	81.2	2	3.7	8	15.5	1,022	1.9	54	0.98
Keith and Buckie	..	12	76.3	1	4.2	3	20.1	386	2.8	10	0.71
Kelso and Jedburgh	..	7	80.0	#	#	2	18.6	134	1.5	8	0.88
Kirkcaldy	..	83	75.7	6	6.9	20	18.5	4,576	4.6	75	0.76
Kirkcudbright	..	9	76.0	~	3.3	2	21.1	186	1.9	7	0.75
Lewis and Harris	..	10	79.6	1	6.6	2	15.4	373	3.1	10	0.85
Lochaber	..	10	81.8	#	#	2	16.9	245	2.1	11	0.96
Lochgilphead	..	5	81.7	~	3.5	1	15.2	106	2.2	5	1.07
Motherwell and Lanark	..	146	72.5	9	5.8	45	22.9	5,627	2.9	126	0.65
Newton Stewart	..	4	65.9	~	5.6	2	29.8	175	2.9	4	0.60
North Ayrshire	..	59	70.2	6	9.1	19	22.9	3,874	4.7	47	0.57
Oban	..	7	79.8	#	#	1	18.4	190	2.0	9	0.97
Orkney Islands	..	10	83.6	#	#	2	15.6	169	1.5	11	0.97
Perth	..	38	81.5	1	3.4	7	15.7	936	2.0	44	0.94
Peterhead	..	15	78.4	1	4.1	3	18.1	362	1.7	15	0.70
Pitlochry	..	4	85.4	#	#	1	13.1	71	1.4	4	0.73
Shetland Isles	..	11	84.8	1	4.3	1	11.3	235	1.7	15	1.11
Skye and Ullapool	..	7	82.1	#	#	2	17.9	281	2.6	9	0.79
St Andrews	..	21	77.3	1	3.6	5	19.6	425	1.4	20	0.67
Stirling	..	57	73.8	3	5.3	16	21.9	1,972	2.5	62	0.80
Stranraer	..	7	73.6	1	8.8	2	18.9	397	3.6	8	0.73

## 14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Sutherland	..	7	77.8	1	8.0	1	14.9	221	3.1	6	0.84
Thurso	..	7	77.9	#	#	2	20.4	245	2.7	10	1.09
Uists and Barra	..	3	90.3	#	#	~	6.6	107	3.0	3	0.88
Wick	..	4	72.7	#	#	2	27.3	283	4.3	5	0.76

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

Scotland

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2005		October 2005 to September 2006						2005			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,368</b>	<b>28,165</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>7,970</b>	<b>21.8</b>	<b>944,539</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,191</b>	<b>2,427</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>643</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>89,616</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,680</b>	<b>0.84</b>	
North East Scotland												
Aberdeen City, Aberdeenshire & NE Moray	..	258	80.0	10	3.6	52	16.9	4,582	..	..	..	
Eastern Scotland												
Angus & Dundee City	154	114	74.5	7	6.0	30	20.7	5,532	3.6	127	0.82	
Clackmannanshire & Fife	251	194	76.0	12	6.0	47	18.9	8,923	3.5	173	0.69	
East Lothian & Midlothian	103	88	79.2	5	4.8	18	16.7	1,813	1.8	62	0.60	
Scottish Borders, The	65	52	78.8	2	3.6	12	18.2	1,088	1.7	53	0.82	
Edinburgh, City of	309	233	77.2	11	4.4	57	19.2	7,027	2.3	348	1.13	
Falkirk	93	71	76.5	5	6.4	17	18.3	2,510	2.7	64	0.69	
Perth, Kinross & Stirling	136	107	77.1	5	4.1	26	19.6	2,574	1.9	122	0.90	
West Lothian	105	87	78.6	5	5.1	19	17.3	2,455	2.3	80	0.76	
South Western Scotland												
E & W Dunbartonshire, Helensburgh & Lomond	..	113	78.3	6	5.2	24	17.3	3,918	..	..	..	
Dumfries & Galloway	87	69	79.1	3	4.1	15	17.5	2,287	2.6	69	0.80	
East Ayrshire & North Ayrshire Mainland	..	110	70.3	10	8.1	36	23.5	6,859	..	..	..	
Glasgow City	382	246	64.3	20	7.7	113	30.2	15,739	4.1	441	1.16	
Inverclyde, East Renfrewshire & Renfrewshire	211	165	76.0	8	4.6	43	20.2	6,110	2.9	139	0.66	
North Lanarkshire	204	146	71.4	10	6.5	47	23.5	6,204	3.0	135	0.66	
South Ayrshire	67	50	73.9	3	6.4	14	20.8	2,179	3.3	51	0.77	
South Lanarkshire	191	146	75.5	7	4.3	40	21.0	4,646	2.4	136	0.71	
Highlands and the Islands												
Caithness & Sutherland and Ross & Cromarty	..	41	76.9	1	3.4	10	20.2	1,399	..	..	..	
Inverness & Nairn & Moray, Badenoch and Strathspey	..	56	79.4	2	3.8	12	17.3	1,364	..	..	..	
Lochaber, Skye & Lochalsh & Argyll and the Islands	..	45	80.5	1	2.8	9	17.2	1,523	..	..	..	
Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	15	13	81.9	1	5.8	2	13.5	481	3.1	13	0.84	
Orkney Islands	12	10	83.6	~	#	2	15.6	169	1.4	12	0.99	
Shetland Islands	13	11	84.8	~	4.3	1	11.3	235	1.7	16	1.17	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 14 JUNE 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>624,058</b>	<b>231,570</b>	<b>855,628</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>-80,407</b>	<b>-16,855</b>	<b>-97,262</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>56,675</b>	<b>19,718</b>	<b>76,393</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>-10,922</b>	<b>-2,776</b>	<b>-13,698</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Aberdeen City	1,324	449	1,773	1.9	0.7	1.3	-363	-61	-424	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Aberdeenshire	776	413	1,189	1.0	0.6	0.8	-210	-15	-225	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Angus	1,064	399	1,463	3.2	1.3	2.2	-253	-102	-355	-0.8	-0.3	-0.5
Argyll & Bute	831	296	1,127	2.9	1.2	2.1	-165	-28	-193	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Clackmannanshire	620	235	855	4.0	1.6	2.8	-114	-10	-124	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Dumfries & Galloway	1,428	577	2,005	3.2	1.4	2.3	-219	-63	-282	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Dundee City	2,672	775	3,447	6.0	1.8	3.9	-271	-130	-401	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
East Ayrshire	1,878	718	2,596	5.0	2.0	3.5	-276	-51	-327	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
East Dunbartonshire	707	231	938	2.2	0.7	1.5	-183	-66	-249	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
East Lothian	458	176	634	1.6	0.7	1.2	-110	-17	-127	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
East Renfrewshire	437	169	606	1.6	0.6	1.1	-77	-32	-109	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Edinburgh, City of	4,298	1,461	5,759	2.8	1.0	1.9	-1,048	-261	-1,309	-0.7	-0.2	-0.4
Eilean Siar (Western Isles)	313	73	386	3.7	1.0	2.5	-59	-9	-68	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Falkirk	1,584	584	2,168	3.3	1.3	2.3	-312	-24	-336	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Fife	4,643	1,700	6,343	4.1	1.6	2.9	-1,256	-361	-1,617	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Glasgow City	10,936	3,296	14,232	5.6	1.8	3.7	-1,652	-363	-2,015	-0.9	-0.2	-0.5
Highland	1,618	543	2,161	2.4	0.9	1.7	-388	-168	-556	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4
Inverclyde	1,655	405	2,060	6.4	1.6	4.1	-283	-69	-352	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Midlothian	522	223	745	2.1	0.9	1.5	-235	-69	-304	-1.0	-0.3	-0.6
Moray	740	348	1,088	2.6	1.4	2.0	-88	-19	-107	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
North Ayrshire	2,363	971	3,334	5.7	2.4	4.0	-407	-41	-448	-1.0	-0.1	-0.5
North Lanarkshire	3,923	1,425	5,348	3.8	1.4	2.6	-956	-267	-1,223	-0.9	-0.3	-0.6
Orkney Islands	68	36	104	1.1	0.7	0.9	-49	-13	-62	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5
Perth & Kinross	823	319	1,142	1.9	0.8	1.4	-246	-79	-325	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Renfrewshire	2,032	698	2,730	3.8	1.3	2.6	-300	-66	-366	-0.6	-0.1	-0.3
Scottish Borders	583	246	829	1.7	0.8	1.3	-169	-65	-234	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Shetland Islands	112	38	150	1.5	0.6	1.1	-41	-28	-69	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5
South Ayrshire	1,339	424	1,763	3.9	1.3	2.7	-222	-54	-276	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
South Lanarkshire	2,895	1,042	3,937	3.0	1.1	2.1	-549	-167	-716	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Stirling	655	252	907	2.4	0.9	1.7	-97	-19	-116	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
West Dunbartonshire	1,660	581	2,241	5.7	2.0	3.9	-184	-20	-204	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
West Lothian	1,718	615	2,333	3.2	1.2	2.2	-140	-39	-179	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 17(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by UK Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 14 JUNE 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>624,058</b>	<b>231,570</b>	<b>855,628</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>-80,407</b>	<b>-16,855</b>	<b>-97,262</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>56,675</b>	<b>19,718</b>	<b>76,393</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>-10,922</b>	<b>-2,776</b>	<b>-13,698</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Aberdeen North	818	252	1,070	2.6	0.9	1.8	-215	-23	-238	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Aberdeen South	454	163	617	1.5	0.6	1.1	-103	-37	-140	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Airdrie & Shotts	1,077	407	1,484	4.0	1.6	2.8	-189	-91	-280	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5
Angus	921	347	1,268	3.6	1.5	2.6	-229	-104	-333	-0.9	-0.4	-0.7
Argyll & Bute	833	297	1,130	2.9	1.2	2.1	-165	-29	-194	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Ayr, Carrick & Cumnock	1,371	442	1,813	4.8	1.6	3.3	-209	-39	-248	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Banff & Buchan	460	259	719	1.6	1.0	1.4	-92	-5	-97	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Berwickshire, Roxburgh & Selkirk	516	224	740	1.9	0.9	1.4	-154	-58	-212	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Caithness, Sutherland & Easter Ross	664	210	874	3.5	1.3	2.4	-156	-58	-214	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6
Central Ayrshire	1,205	502	1,707	4.4	1.9	3.2	-224	-70	-294	-0.8	-0.3	-0.5
Coatbridge, Chryston & Bellshill	1,010	375	1,385	3.6	1.4	2.5	-302	-56	-358	-1.1	-0.2	-0.6
Cumbernauld, Kilsyth & Kirkintilloch East	857	272	1,129	3.0	1.0	2.0	-273	-111	-384	-1.0	-0.4	-0.7
Dumfries & Galloway	1,042	374	1,416	3.6	1.4	2.5	-149	-68	-217	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale & Tweeddale	540	263	803	2.1	1.1	1.7	-105	-17	-122	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Dundee East	1,151	340	1,491	4.5	1.4	3.0	-133	-49	-182	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Dundee West	1,675	490	2,165	5.9	1.8	3.9	-162	-80	-242	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4
Dunfermline & West Fife	1,056	407	1,463	3.7	1.5	2.6	-309	-81	-390	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
East Dunbartonshire	426	149	575	1.6	0.6	1.1	-105	-32	-137	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
East Kilbride, Strathaven & Lesmahagow	771	279	1,050	2.5	0.9	1.7	-121	-53	-174	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
East Lothian	458	176	634	1.7	0.7	1.2	-110	-17	-127	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
East Renfrewshire	448	169	617	1.7	0.6	1.1	-78	-34	-112	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Edinburgh East	1,071	346	1,417	3.5	1.1	2.3	-273	-70	-343	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6
Edinburgh North & Leith	1,109	373	1,482	3.5	1.2	2.4	-310	-86	-396	-1.0	-0.3	-0.6
Edinburgh South	523	191	714	1.9	0.7	1.3	-87	-33	-120	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Edinburgh South West	977	334	1,311	3.0	1.1	2.1	-175	-50	-225	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Edinburgh West	618	215	833	2.3	0.8	1.6	-202	-23	-225	-0.8	-0.1	-0.4
Falkirk	1,038	384	1,422	3.2	1.2	2.2	-188	-32	-220	-0.6	-0.1	-0.3
Glasgow Central	1,658	427	2,085	5.8	1.7	3.8	-157	-85	-242	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Glasgow East	1,806	565	2,371	6.8	2.1	4.4	-241	-59	-300	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6
Glasgow North	1,152	373	1,525	4.7	1.5	3.1	-133	-13	-146	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Glasgow North East	1,968	608	2,576	7.3	2.3	4.8	-468	-71	-539	-1.7	-0.3	-1.0
Glasgow North West	1,477	450	1,927	6.1	1.8	3.9	-239	-1	-240	-1.0	0.0	-0.5
Glasgow South	1,215	395	1,610	4.3	1.4	2.8	-141	-24	-165	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Glasgow South West	1,601	461	2,062	6.6	1.8	4.2	-256	-109	-365	-1.1	-0.4	-0.7
Glenrothes	1,498	542	2,040	5.5	2.0	3.8	-428	-85	-513	-1.6	-0.3	-0.9
Gordon	195	112	307	0.6	0.4	0.5	-93	11	-82	-0.3	0.0	-0.1
Inverclyde	1,655	405	2,060	6.3	1.6	4.0	-283	-69	-352	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Inverness, Nairn, Badenoch & Strathspey	556	184	740	2.0	0.7	1.4	-146	-76	-222	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Kilmarnock & Loudoun	1,453	559	2,012	4.9	2.0	3.5	-208	-35	-243	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Kirkcaldy & Cowdenbeath	1,616	552	2,168	5.6	2.0	3.9	-412	-162	-574	-1.4	-0.6	-1.0
Lanark & Hamilton East	872	341	1,213	2.9	1.2	2.0	-197	-69	-266	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Linlithgow & East Falkirk	1,196	439	1,635	3.7	1.4	2.6	-125	15	-110	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Livingston	1,068	376	1,444	3.2	1.1	2.2	-139	-46	-185	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Midlothian	522	225	747	2.1	0.9	1.5	-236	-68	-304	-0.9	-0.3	-0.6
Moray	740	348	1,088	2.6	1.4	2.1	-88	-19	-107	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Motherwell & Wishaw	1,260	452	1,712	4.7	1.7	3.2	-268	-42	-310	-1.0	-0.2	-0.6
Na h-Eileanan an Iar	313	73	386	3.7	1.0	2.5	-59	-9	-68	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
North Ayrshire & Arran	1,551	610	2,161	5.5	2.2	3.9	-264	-2	-266	-0.9	0.0	-0.5
North East Fife	473	199	672	1.9	0.8	1.4	-107	-33	-140	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Ochil & South Perthshire	791	314	1,105	2.7	1.2	2.0	-161	-19	-180	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Orkney & Shetland	180	74	254	1.3	0.6	1.0	-90	-41	-131	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5
Paisley & Renfrewshire North	823	287	1,110	2.9	1.1	2.0	-167	-49	-216	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4

# LOCAL AREA DATA

Scotland

## 17(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by UK Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 14 JUNE 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
Paisley & Renfrewshire South	1,209	411	1,620	4.5	1.6	3.1	-130	-17	-147	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Perth & North Perthshire	641	237	878	2.3	0.9	1.6	-199	-70	-269	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Ross, Skye & Lochaber	398	149	547	2.0	0.8	1.5	-86	-34	-120	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Rutherglen & Hamilton West	1,213	402	1,615	4.1	1.3	2.7	-232	-30	-262	-0.8	-0.1	-0.4
Stirling	655	252	907	2.4	0.9	1.7	-97	-19	-116	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
West Aberdeenshire & Kincardine	173	76	249	0.7	0.3	0.5	-70	-21	-91	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
West Dunbartonshire	1,658	580	2,238	5.7	2.0	3.9	-184	-19	-203	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 17(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by constituencies of the Scottish Parliament

Scotland

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 14 JUNE 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>624,058</b>	<b>231,570</b>	<b>855,628</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>-80,407</b>	<b>-16,855</b>	<b>-97,262</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>56,675</b>	<b>19,718</b>	<b>76,393</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>-10,922</b>	<b>-2,776</b>	<b>-13,698</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Central Scotland	8,388	3,063	11,451				-1,722	-400	-2,122			
Airdrie & Shotts	1,011	395	1,406	4.1	1.7	2.9	-166	-85	-251	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5
Coatbridge & Chryston	760	287	1,047	3.5	1.4	2.5	-249	-48	-297	-1.2	-0.2	-0.7
Cumbernauld & Kilsyth	582	194	776	2.8	0.9	1.9	-200	-79	-279	-0.9	-0.4	-0.7
East Kilbride	658	226	884	2.4	0.9	1.7	-109	-56	-165	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Falkirk East	757	289	1,046	3.1	1.3	2.2	-168	-4	-172	-0.7	0.0	-0.4
Falkirk West	827	295	1,122	3.8	1.4	2.6	-144	-20	-164	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Hamilton North & Bellshill	928	324	1,252	4.2	1.5	2.8	-203	-56	-259	-0.9	-0.3	-0.6
Hamilton South	721	235	956	3.8	1.2	2.5	-149	-16	-165	-0.8	-0.1	-0.4
Kilmarnock & Loudoun	1,229	490	1,719	4.9	2.0	3.5	-164	-11	-175	-0.7	0.0	-0.4
Motherwell & Wishaw	915	328	1,243	4.4	1.6	3.0	-170	-25	-195	-0.8	-0.1	-0.5
Glasgow	11,505	3,491	14,996				-1,754	-382	-2,136			
Glasgow Anniesland	1,109	331	1,440	6.0	1.7	3.8	-187	-15	-202	-1.0	-0.1	-0.5
Glasgow Baillieston	1,164	381	1,545	6.2	1.9	4.0	-166	-30	-196	-0.9	-0.2	-0.5
Glasgow Cathcart	904	269	1,173	4.6	1.4	3.0	-45	-24	-69	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Glasgow Govan	1,240	366	1,606	6.0	1.9	4.0	-171	-80	-251	-0.8	-0.4	-0.6
Glasgow Kelvin	1,114	354	1,468	4.4	1.5	3.0	-182	-6	-188	-0.7	0.0	-0.4
Glasgow Maryhill	1,519	446	1,965	7.6	2.1	4.8	-223	-53	-276	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Glasgow Pollok	1,100	337	1,437	6.0	1.8	3.9	-202	-60	-262	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Glasgow Rutherglen	747	251	998	3.8	1.2	2.5	-134	-30	-164	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Glasgow Shettleston	1,272	333	1,605	6.8	1.9	4.4	-113	-57	-170	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
Glasgow Springburn	1,336	423	1,759	6.2	2.0	4.2	-331	-27	-358	-1.5	-0.1	-0.8
Highlands & Islands	3,425	1,235	4,660				-744	-249	-993			
Argyll & Bute	630	219	849	3.3	1.3	2.3	-136	-29	-165	-0.7	-0.2	-0.4
Caitness, Sutherland & Easter Ross	571	192	763	3.5	1.3	2.5	-131	-40	-171	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6
Inverness East, Nairn & Lochaber	481	153	634	1.8	0.6	1.2	-133	-83	-216	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Moray	684	326	1,010	2.6	1.5	2.1	-71	-2	-73	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Orkney & Shetland	180	74	254	1.3	0.6	1.0	-90	-41	-131	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5
Ross, Skye & Inverness West	566	198	764	2.5	0.9	1.7	-124	-45	-169	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Western Isles	313	73	386	3.7	1.0	2.5	-59	-9	-68	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Lothians	6,525	2,293	8,818				-1,405	-353	-1,758			
Edinburgh Central	843	261	1,104	2.9	0.9	1.9	-197	-65	-262	-0.7	-0.2	-0.5
Edinburgh East & Musselburgh	746	262	1,008	3.2	1.1	2.2	-191	-43	-234	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5
Edinburgh North & Leith	1,104	363	1,467	4.2	1.4	2.8	-295	-83	-378	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
Edinburgh Pentlands	583	217	800	2.3	0.9	1.7	-117	-31	-148	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Edinburgh South	530	189	719	2.0	0.7	1.4	-62	-35	-97	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Edinburgh West	568	201	769	2.4	0.8	1.6	-198	-5	-203	-0.8	0.0	-0.4
Linlithgow	875	315	1,190	3.8	1.4	2.7	-22	8	-14	-0.1	0.0	0.0
Livingston	843	300	1,143	2.9	1.1	2.0	-118	-47	-165	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Midlothian	433	185	618	2.2	1.0	1.6	-205	-52	-257	-1.0	-0.3	-0.7
Mid Scotland & Fife	7,015	2,621	9,636				-1,796	-509	-2,305			
Central Fife	1,221	460	1,681	5.2	2.0	3.6	-328	-56	-384	-1.4	-0.2	-0.8
Dunfermline East	1,009	312	1,321	4.8	1.5	3.2	-290	-137	-427	-1.4	-0.7	-1.0
Dunfermline West	756	314	1,070	3.5	1.5	2.5	-232	-42	-274	-1.1	-0.2	-0.6
Kirkcaldy	1,261	446	1,707	6.4	2.4	4.4	-300	-93	-393	-1.5	-0.5	-1.0
North East Fife	396	168	564	1.7	0.7	1.2	-106	-33	-139	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 17(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by constituencies of the Scottish Parliament

Scotland

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 14 JUNE 2007						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
North Tayside	521	200	721	2.2	0.9	1.6	-174	-86	-260	-0.7	-0.4	-0.6
Ochil	787	308	1,095	3.3	1.3	2.3	-159	-16	-175	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Perth	530	216	746	2.1	0.9	1.6	-127	-24	-151	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Stirling	534	197	731	2.4	0.9	1.7	-80	-22	-102	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2
North East Scotland	5,618	1,943	7,561				-1,031	-285	-1,316			
Aberdeen Central	617	188	805	2.5	0.8	1.7	-163	1	-162	-0.7	0.0	-0.3
Aberdeen North	306	118	424	1.4	0.5	1.0	-122	-22	-144	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Aberdeen South	401	143	544	1.6	0.6	1.1	-78	-40	-118	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Angus	790	284	1,074	3.3	1.3	2.3	-170	-62	-232	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Banff & Buchan	427	237	664	1.7	1.1	1.4	-70	-3	-73	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Dundee East	1,466	427	1,893	6.6	2.0	4.3	-138	-58	-196	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4
Dundee West	1,206	348	1,554	5.2	1.6	3.4	-133	-72	-205	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
Gordon	230	119	349	0.9	0.5	0.7	-84	-10	-94	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
West Aberdeenshire & Kincardine	175	79	254	0.7	0.3	0.5	-73	-19	-92	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
South of Scotland	6,479	2,488	8,967				-1,203	-351	-1,554			
Ayr	898	271	1,169	4.2	1.3	2.8	-172	-43	-215	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5
Carrick, Cumnock & Doon Valley	1,090	381	1,471	4.3	1.6	2.9	-162	-51	-213	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Clydesdale	703	294	997	2.7	1.2	2.0	-159	-51	-210	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Cunninghame South	1,306	537	1,843	6.4	2.6	4.5	-194	-45	-239	-0.9	-0.2	-0.6
Dumfries	783	318	1,101	3.1	1.4	2.3	-117	-38	-155	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
East Lothian	382	144	526	1.7	0.7	1.2	-98	-16	-114	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Galloway & Upper Nithsdale	645	259	904	3.2	1.4	2.4	-102	-25	-127	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Roxburgh & Berwickshire	340	156	496	1.9	1.0	1.5	-116	-43	-159	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Tweeddale, Ettrick & Lauderdale	332	128	460	1.6	0.7	1.2	-83	-39	-122	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
West of Scotland	7,720	2,584	10,304				-1,267	-247	-1,514			
Clydebank & Milngavie	910	256	1,166	4.5	1.3	2.9	-109	-44	-153	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Cunninghame North	1,057	434	1,491	5.0	2.1	3.6	-213	4	-209	-1.0	0.0	-0.5
Dumbarton	1,045	427	1,472	4.1	1.9	3.1	-135	2	-133	-0.5	0.0	-0.3
Eastwood	437	169	606	1.6	0.6	1.1	-77	-32	-109	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Greenock & Inverclyde	1,223	308	1,531	6.3	1.7	4.0	-210	-41	-251	-1.1	-0.2	-0.7
Paisley North	887	296	1,183	4.7	1.6	3.1	-136	-32	-168	-0.7	-0.2	-0.4
Paisley South	921	321	1,242	4.5	1.6	3.0	-104	-21	-125	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Strathkelvin & Bearsden	584	195	779	2.3	0.8	1.6	-150	-42	-192	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
West Renfrewshire	656	178	834	3.0	0.8	1.9	-133	-41	-174	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definition: