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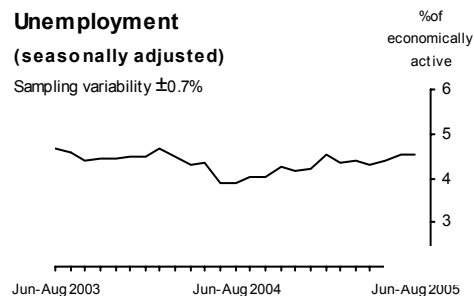
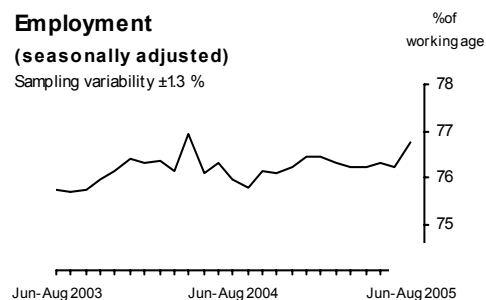
## Labour market statistics October 2005: East Midlands

**All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified**

Labour Force Survey data for the East Midlands indicate the trend in the employment rate may be starting to rise, but the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, but the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago.

Data for the three months to August 2005 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 76.7 per cent, up 0.8 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.5 per cent, up 0.7 percentage points on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to September 2005.



**Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated**

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Jun-Aug 05	2,096	76.7	43	$\pm 55$	0.8	$\pm 1.8$
Unemployment**	Jun-Aug 05	100	4.5	17	$\pm 18$	0.7	$\pm 0.9$
Economically active*	Jun-Aug 05	2,195	80.4	60	$\pm 56$	1.4	$\pm 1.7$
Economically inactive+ of which:	Jun-Aug 05	516	19.6	-34	$\pm 57$	-1.4	$\pm 1.7$
Not wanting a job+	Jun-Aug 05	380		-17	$\pm 50$		
Wanting a job+	Jun-Aug 05	136		-17	$\pm 32$		
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Jun 2005	2,025		15	..		
Claimant count	Sep 2005	55.3	2.7	4.3		0.2	

See note on page 7 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See background note 5.

.. Not available.

**New this month:**

June to August 2005 data: latest three-month average LFS results;  
September 2005 data: claimant count.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



**Employment (tables 1 to 6)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the East Midlands was 76.7 per cent in the June to August 2005 period, up 0.8 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.10 million in the June to August 2005 period, up 43,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate an increase in the number of employees and the number of self employed over the past year.

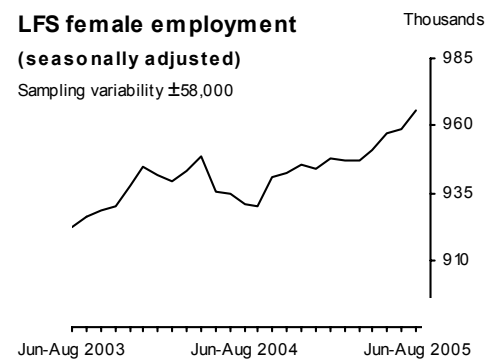
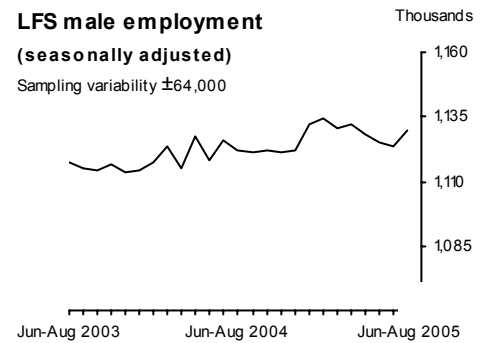
LFS estimates suggest an increase in the number of full-time workers and a decrease in the number of part-time workers over the past year.

Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 9,000 in the quarter to June 2005.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 6,000 in the year to June 2005. This was mainly due to falls in the construction and manufacturing industries, partially offset by rises in the service and 'other' industries.

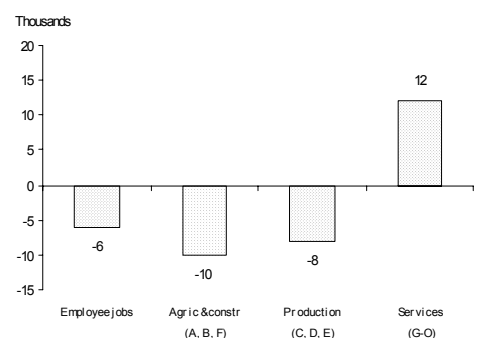
**Unemployment (table 1)**

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the East Midlands was 4.5 per cent in the June to August 2005 period, up 0.7 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in June to August 2005 were 5.1 per cent and 3.9 per cent respectively.



**Employee jobs by industry**

Change on year from June 2004



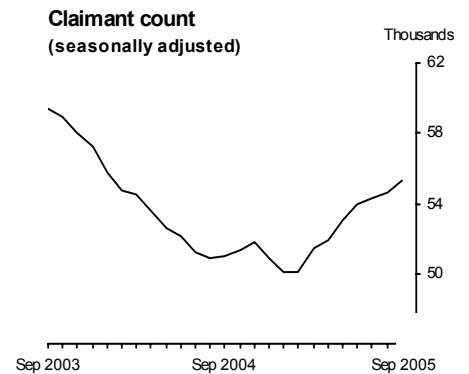
SC92 groups shown in brackets

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



**Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)**

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in September 2005 was 2.7 per cent, unchanged from August 2005, and up 0.2 percentage points since September 2004. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in September 2005 was 55,300, up 700 on August 2005, and up 4,300 since September 2004.



**Economically active (tables 1 and 9)**

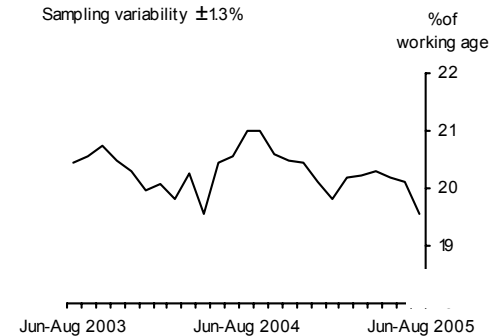
The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the East Midlands was 2.20 million in the June to August 2005 period.

**Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)**

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the East Midlands in June to August 2005 was 19.6 per cent, down 1.4 percentage points from a year earlier.

**Economic inactivity (working age) (seasonally adjusted)**

Sampling variability  $\pm 13\%$



The level of economically inactive people in the June to August 2005 period was 1.23 million, with 516,000 of these of working age, down 34,000 on the same period a year earlier.

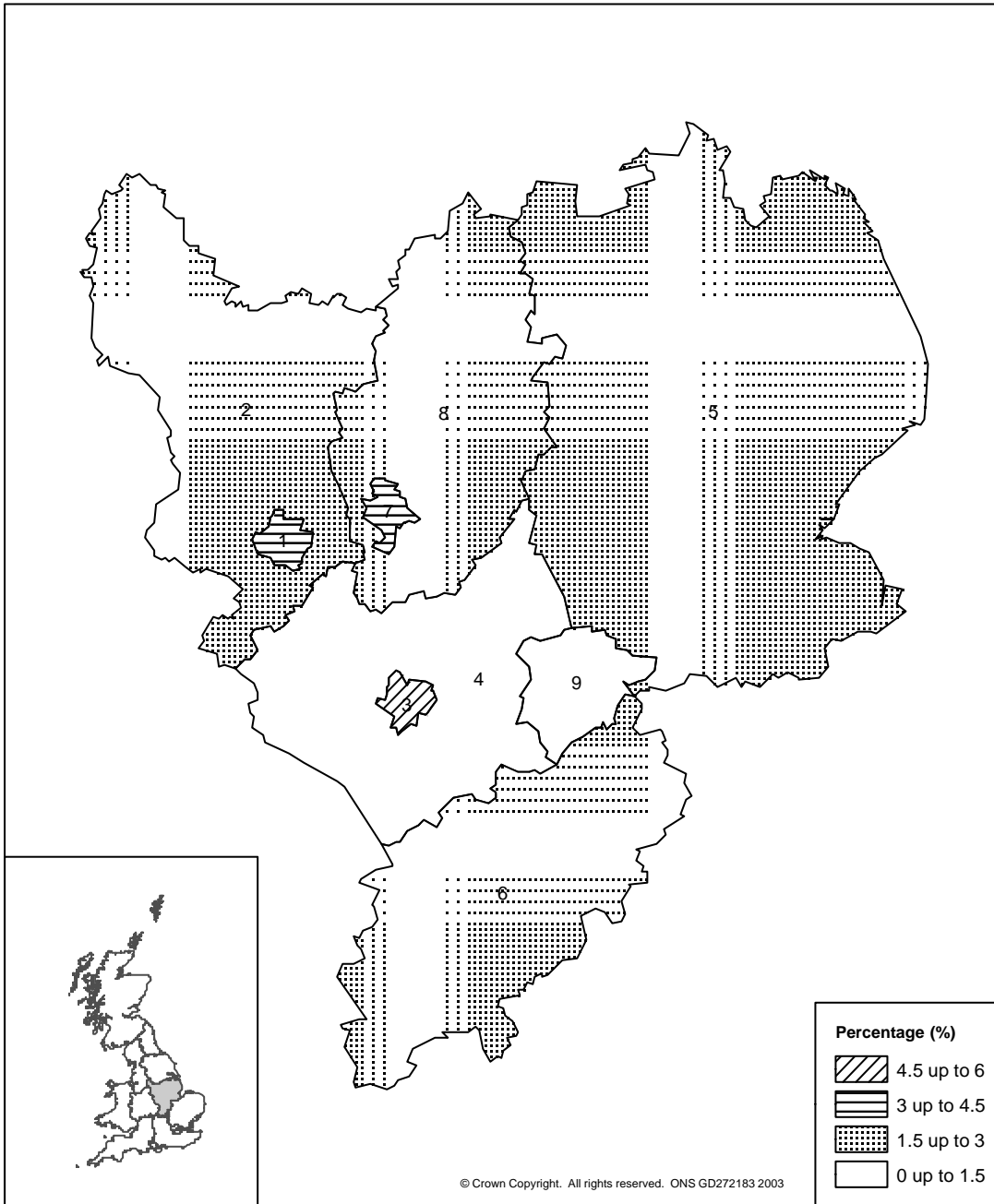
**Local area data (table 16)**

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Rutland UA, at 0.5 per cent. It was highest in Leicester UA, at 4.9 per cent.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA

September 2005 - East Midlands



1	Derby UA	2.9%
2	Derbyshire	1.8%
3	Leicester UA	4.9%
4	Leicestershire	1.3%
5	Lincolnshire	1.6%
6	Northamptonshire	1.8%
7	Nottingham UA	3.7%
8	Nottinghamshire	1.7%
9	Rutland UA	0.5%

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

## REVISIONS

### General

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data may itself be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from October 1999 to September 2004. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to October 2002. As more data are published a full five years worth of comparisons will be included for all series. Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	76.7	60	-0.03	0.14
Unemployment rate (%)	4.5	60	0.00	0.04
Claimant count (000s)	55.3	60	0.01	0.29

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,025	12	62.50*	62.50

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significant. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

## Local labour market indicators

Claimant count proportions, for the UK, regions, counties, unitary and local authorities and NUTS3 areas, in Tables 12 to 15, are revised as the denominators have been updated to mid-2004 official estimates of the resident working age population. ONS published official population estimates for areas in England and Wales on 25 August 2005. See <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/popest>

## THIS MONTH

### Local labour market indicators

In Tables 12 to 15, official estimates of the resident working age population are updated to use mid-2004 estimates. These are also used as new denominators for claimant count proportions for the UK, regions, counties, unitary and local authorities and NUTS3 areas in tables 12 to 17.

## SPECIAL

### Population estimates in the LFS

On 25 August 2005, ONS published the UK Mid-Year Population Estimate (MYE) for 2004. The experimental UK Quarterly Population Estimates for Quarter 2 2005, based on the 2004 MYE, were subsequently published on 1 September 2005. Further information on these population estimates can be found on the website:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/pdfdir/popest0805.pdf>

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=13523>

From September 2005 LFS estimates have been updated to include these new population estimates, using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of Labour Market Trends, which is available on the website:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour\\_market\\_trends/Interim\\_ifs\\_estimates\\_Dec2002.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_ifs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf)

It is planned that modernised LFS processing systems will be introduced that will enable future population data to be incorporated into revised LFS microdata to the same sort of timetable now achieved for the LFS time series by using the interim adjustment procedure. Further information about the timing of this innovation will be made available as soon as possible. Currently the aim is to complete this part of ONS's statistical modernisation work by late 2006/early 2007.

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## Labour Force Survey (Economic Inactivity)

A review of LFS questions on reasons for inactivity has been carried out to assure interviewee responses are recorded effectively. Minor modifications in the questionnaire have led to changes in the way that people respond to inactivity, affecting only three series in Table 11 (Economic inactivity: reasons): 'Discouraged Workers', 'Retired' and 'Other.' We are seeing the effect of this in the data.

## Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

These tables include data from the Annual Population Survey. These data are weighted to population estimates consistent with those released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the revised population data. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. (see background note 2).

## Sampling variability and trends

More information on the statistics in this release can be found in the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*, available from the labour market helpline 020 7533 6094. Information is also available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp>.

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

**June to August 2005**

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	2,056	2,096	2,135	-39	17	72	-12	43	99
<b>Employment rate</b>	75.4%	76.7%	78.1%	-1.2%	0.5%	2.3%	-1.0%	0.8%	2.6%
<b>Unemployment</b>	87	100	112	-11	6	23	-1	17	35
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	3.9%	4.5%	5.2%	-0.6%	0.2%	1.1%	-0.2%	0.7%	1.6%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,156	2,195	2,235	-33	23	78	5	60	116
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	79.2%	80.4%	81.7%	-1.0%	0.7%	2.4%	-0.3%	1.4%	3.1%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	473	516	559	-75	-18	38	-91	-34	23

**Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures**

**June to August 2005**

	Employment	Unemployment	Economically Active	Working age Economically Inactive	Employment Rate (%)	Unemployment Rate (%)
	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)		
North East	± 35	± 12	± 35	± 35	± 1.8	± 1.0
North West	± 61	± 18	± 60	± 59	± 1.2	± 0.5
Yorks & Humber	± 49	± 15	± 48	± 47	± 1.3	± 0.6
East Midlands	± 39	± 13	± 39	± 43	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 51	± 16	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.5
East	± 50	± 16	± 50	± 46	± 1.1	± 0.5
London	± 66	± 25	± 63	± 64	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 60	± 17	± 59	± 55	± 0.9	± 0.4
South West	± 50	± 14	± 50	± 47	± 1.2	± 0.5
Wales	± 39	± 11	± 39	± 39	± 1.8	± 0.8
Scotland	± 50	± 16	± 49	± 46	± 1.2	± 0.6

**BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 12 to 15. The APS is a new survey which started in January 2004 and the first publication of APS data was on 28 July 2005. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data, which were re-weighted to population estimates released in February 2003. However, during this reweighting exercise, revised population estimates were released, in September 2003. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest

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population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 12 to 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is similar to the annual LFS database in that it is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland. From January 2004, an additional sample for areas in England was introduced, which is known as the APS boost.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*. This guide, along with additional data and further background information, are available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/lfs>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis® website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

3. Not seasonally adjusted claimant count data are gathered from an administrative source and constitute a complete count. However, seasonally adjusted totals are presented as rounded to the nearest hundred to avoid spurious precision.
4. Claimant count flows are the number of people joining or leaving the count in the period between the count dates. They are therefore affected by the number of weeks between count dates. To enable comparisons from month to month, the flows figures are standardised to a 4.33-week month before seasonal adjustment.
5. The number of Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claimants can be expressed as a proportion of either (a) the corresponding mid-year estimate (or the latest available mid-year estimate) of the workforce jobs in the area plus the number of claimants, or (b) the resident working age population. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions based on the resident working age populations are used.
6. The count of JSA claimants is mostly derived from the Jobcentre Plus computer records. However for various reasons, e.g. when a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a few claims have to be dealt with manually by local offices. These claims, which amount to less than 1 per cent of the total, are thus counted separately and not analysed

in as much detail as the computerised claims. In particular, only the computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis.

7. Travel-to-Work areas (Table 14) are approximations to self-contained labour markets, i.e. areas where people both live and work.
8. NUTS (Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) (Table 15) was established by the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat) to provide a uniform breakdown of territorial units for the production of regional statistics. NUTS is a five-level hierarchical classification.
9. The employee jobs series is based on data from employer surveys and is subject to sampling variability. The nature of the survey means that the size of this sampling variability may not be consistent from year to year. Provisionally ONS would expect that the 95 per cent confidence interval would on average be within +/- 6 per cent of the estimate. However, this will vary from region to region.
10. Labour market statistics are compiled from a wide range of sources. Claimant count data are provided from the Jobcentre Plus administrative system, workforce jobs are derived from ONS business surveys, other data come from the ONS Labour Force Survey.
11. The Social and Vital Statistics Division of ONS carries out the questionnaire design, sample selection and interviewing for the LFS. Analysis and publication of the results of the survey is undertaken by Labour Market Division. In Northern Ireland, the Labour Force Survey is conducted by the Central Survey Unit.
12. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup> at the same time as this release is published. Further data are also published in *Labour Market Trends (LMT)* and the *Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement to LMT*.
13. Datasets of selected series can also be viewed by choosing topics within the Labour Market theme on our website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour>).
14. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are

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available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.

15. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2005.

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**INDEX OF TABLES**

*All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified*

**NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION**

Summary of Labour Force Survey (LFS) data (seasonally adjusted)

Summary of other headline indicators

**REGIONAL DATA**

Summary of LFS data for the current quarter (seasonally adjusted) ..... 1

Summary of other headline indicators (seasonally adjusted) ..... 1a

**EMPLOYMENT**

Employment by age.....2

Full-time, part-time and temporary workers .....3

Civilian workforce jobs .....4

Employee jobs by industry .....5

Actual and usual weekly hours of work .....6

**CLAIMANT COUNT**

Claimant count levels and rates (seasonally adjusted).....7

Claimant count by age and duration - computerised claims only .....8

**ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY**

Economic activity by age.....9

Economic inactivity by age.....10

Economic inactivity: reasons.....11

**LOCAL AREA DATA**

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority.....12

Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency .....13

Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area.....14

Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area .....15

Claimant count by Unitary and Local Authority .....16

Claimant count by Parliamentary Constituency .....17

The following symbols are used in the tables:

.. not available                    - nil or negligible  
 p provisional                      r revised  
 \* grossed up total  
   less than 9,500

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey<sup>1</sup> (June to August 2005)

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North East	2,047	1,205	75.0	641	564	1,123	69.9	590	72.4	533	67.3	81	6.8	51	8.0	30	5.4
North West	5,430	3,366	77.7	1,788	1,578	3,209	74.0	1,692	76.7	1,517	71.1	157	4.7	96	5.4	61	3.9
Yorkshire & the Humber	4,017	2,481	77.7	1,348	1,133	2,369	74.1	1,281	78.8	1,088	69.1	112	4.5	67	4.9	45	4.0
East Midlands	3,427	2,195	80.4	1,190	1,005	2,096	76.7	1,130	80.5	966	72.7	100	4.5	60	5.1	40	3.9
West Midlands	4,237	2,634	77.9	1,445	1,189	2,512	74.2	1,372	79.0	1,141	69.1	122	4.6	73	5.1	49	4.1
East	4,379	2,840	81.7	1,553	1,286	2,727	78.4	1,491	83.9	1,236	72.4	113	4.0	62	4.0	51	3.9
London	5,994	3,839	74.4	2,120	1,718	3,585	69.4	1,968	74.9	1,617	63.6	253	6.6	152	7.2	101	5.9
South East	6,453	4,264	82.3	2,312	1,952	4,105	79.2	2,221	84.1	1,883	73.9	160	3.7	90	3.9	69	3.6
South West	4,047	2,564	81.8	1,376	1,188	2,473	78.8	1,325	82.2	1,148	75.0	91	3.6	52	3.8	39	3.3
<b>England</b>	<b>40,030</b>	<b>25,388</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>13,774</b>	<b>11,614</b>	<b>24,200</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>13,071</b>	<b>79.5</b>	<b>11,128</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>1,189</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>4.2</b>
Wales	2,363	1,387	75.4	733	655	1,324	71.9	692	73.8	631	69.8	64	4.6	40	5.5	23	3.6
Scotland	4,103	2,594	79.5	1,383	1,211	2,462	75.5	1,308	79.3	1,154	71.4	131	5.1	75	5.4	56	4.7
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>46,496</b>	<b>29,369</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>15,889</b>	<b>13,480</b>	<b>27,985</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>15,071</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>12,914</b>	<b>70.5</b>	<b>1,384</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>565</b>	<b>4.2</b>
N Ireland	1,314	794	73.3	434	361	758	69.9	409	74.2	349	65.3	36	4.6	25	5.7	12	3.2
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>47,814</b>	<b>30,176</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>16,329</b>	<b>13,846</b>	<b>28,759</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>15,487</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>13,272</b>	<b>70.3</b>	<b>1,417</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>4.2</b>

### Change on quarter:<sup>4</sup>

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level
North East	4	2	-0.1	3	-1	-2	-0.4	-3	-0.3	1	-0.5	4	0.3	5	0.8	-1	-0.2
North West	10	36	0.9	12	24	26	0.7	2	0.0	25	1.4	10	0.3	11	0.6	0	-0.1
Yorkshire & the Humber	9	-5	-0.3	1	-6	6	0.0	15	0.7	-9	-0.7	-11	-0.4	-14	-1.0	3	0.3
East Midlands	7	23	0.7	7	16	17	0.5	2	0.1	15	1.0	6	0.2	5	0.4	1	0.0
West Midlands	9	-7	-0.4	-9	2	-12	-0.6	-13	-1.0	2	-0.1	5	0.2	5	0.3	0	0.0
East	9	-3	-0.1	-3	0	-10	-0.3	-5	-0.1	-6	-0.6	7	0.3	1	0.1	6	0.4
London	19	10	-0.3	-9	18	30	0.1	5	-0.4	26	0.7	-21	-0.6	-13	-0.6	-8	-0.5
South East	13	32	0.4	25	7	25	0.3	18	0.4	7	0.3	7	0.1	7	0.2	0	0.0
South West	8	-9	-0.4	-4	-6	-14	-0.5	-8	-0.6	-6	-0.4	5	0.2	5	0.3	0	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	4	16	0.8	10	5	13	0.7	8	0.8	5	0.6	2	0.1	2	0.2	1	0.1
Scotland	6	-11	-0.3	9	-19	7	0.3	19	1.3	-12	-0.7	-18	-0.7	-11	-0.8	-7	-0.5
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
N Ireland	3	17	1.4	3	14	19	1.6	4	0.4	15	2.8	-2	-0.4	-1	-0.3	-1	-0.4
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>-0.1</b>

### Change on year:

	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active			Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level
North East	15	17	0.4	9	8	7	-0.1	0	-0.3	8	0.1	10	0.8	9	1.3	1	0.1
North West	39	60	0.8	27	33	47	0.5	14	-0.2	33	1.2	13	0.3	13	0.7	0	-0.1
Yorkshire & the Humber	35	16	-0.2	20	-4	12	-0.3	16	0.2	-4	-0.7	4	0.1	4	0.2	0	0.0
East Midlands	30	60	1.4	21	40	43	0.8	8	-0.1	35	1.7	17	0.7	12	1.0	5	0.4
West Midlands	35	28	-0.4	1	27	43	0.1	10	-0.4	33	0.8	-15	-0.6	-9	-0.6	-6	-0.6
East	37	-4	-0.5	4	-8	-17	-0.9	-3	-0.3	-14	-1.5	12	0.4	7	0.4	6	0.5
London	77	39	-0.5	-7	46	54	-0.1	-9	-1.7	63	1.5	-15	-0.5	2	0.1	-17	-1.2
South East	53	62	0.4	25	36	57	0.4	30	0.4	27	0.4	4	0.1	-5	-0.3	9	0.4
South West	31	25	0.1	5	20	21	-0.1	8	-0.3	13	0.2	4	0.1	-3	-0.2	7	0.5
<b>England</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	16	17	0.8	-3	20	16	0.8	-9	-1.2	25	2.9	1	0.0	6	0.9	-5	-0.9
Scotland	23	2	-0.1	16	-14	18	0.5	35	1.9	-16	-1.0	-17	-0.6	-19	-1.4	2	0.2
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>391</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
N Ireland	10	37	2.7	9	28	36	2.5	9	0.7	27	4.5	2	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (June 2005); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (September 2005); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,116	589	527	47.0	4.1	36.3	5.9	10.7	2.0
North West	3,392	1,802	1,590	104.1	3.0	79.3	4.2	24.8	1.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,469	1,332	1,137	77.6	3.1	58.7	4.2	18.9	1.7
East Midlands	2,025	1,069	956	55.3	2.7	40.4	3.6	14.9	1.6
West Midlands	2,634	1,436	1,197	97.5	3.6	73.7	5.0	23.8	2.0
East	2,738	1,463	1,275	59.0	2.1	42.7	2.8	16.3	1.3
London	4,541	2,509	2,032	164.4	3.5	116.8	4.5	47.6	2.3
South East	4,264	2,262	2,002	72.7	1.7	53.7	2.3	19.0	1.0
South West	2,565	1,345	1,220	42.6	1.6	31.1	2.2	11.5	0.9
<b>England</b>	<b>25,743</b>	<b>13,806</b>	<b>11,937</b>	<b>720.2</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>532.7</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>187.5</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Wales	1,283	676	607	41.7	3.2	31.8	4.5	9.9	1.6
Scotland	2,527	1,324	1,203	85.7	3.2	65.2	4.7	20.5	1.6
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>29,553</b>	<b>15,806</b>	<b>13,746</b>	<b>847.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>629.7</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>217.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>
N Ireland	809	430	379	27.9	3.3	21.1	4.5	6.8	1.8
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>30,361</b>	<b>16,236</b>	<b>14,125</b>	<b>875.5</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>650.8</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>224.7</b>	<b>1.6</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on June 2004); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on August 2005); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	15	6	9	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0
North West	20	3	17	1.4	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.2	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	13	-4	18	1.2	0.0	1.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
East Midlands	15	-2	17	0.7	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.0
West Midlands	24	25	0	1.4	0.1	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.0
East	-20	-9	-11	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0
London	29	17	12	1.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
South East	31	3	29	0.9	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.0
South West	15	-1	15	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	3	-1	5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Scotland	-3	16	-20	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
N Ireland	13	5	8	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Workforce jobs is tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted

## 1 Summary of LFS data

All aged 16 &amp; over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHF	YCHS	YCJS	YCMS	HKMR			YCNF	
<b>People</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	3,365	2,140	2,040	100	1,225	63.6	60.6	4.7	36.4
	Jun-Aug 2004	3,397	2,135	2,052	82	1,262	62.9	60.4	3.9	37.1
	Sep-Nov 2004	3,404	2,155	2,064	91	1,249	63.3	60.6	4.2	36.7
	Dec-Feb 2005	3,412	2,181	2,082	98	1,231	63.9	61.0	4.5	36.1
	Mar-May 2005	3,419	2,173	2,079	94	1,246	63.6	60.8	4.3	36.4
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>3,427</b>	<b>2,195</b>	<b>2,096</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1,231</b>	<b>64.1</b>	<b>61.2</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>35.9</b>
	Change on quarter	7	23	17	6	-15	0.5	0.4	0.2	-0.5
	Change %	0.2	1.0	0.8	6.4	-1.2				
	Change on year	30	60	43	17	-31	1.2	0.7	0.7	-1.2
	Change %	0.9	2.8	2.1	20.9	-2.4				
<b>Men</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	1,641	1,175	1,117	58	466	71.6	68.1	5.0	28.4
	Jun-Aug 2004	1,658	1,170	1,122	48	489	70.5	67.6	4.1	29.5
	Sep-Nov 2004	1,663	1,174	1,121	53	489	70.6	67.4	4.5	29.4
	Dec-Feb 2005	1,667	1,192	1,134	58	474	71.5	68.1	4.9	28.5
	Mar-May 2005	1,671	1,183	1,128	55	487	70.8	67.5	4.7	29.2
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,675</b>	<b>1,190</b>	<b>1,130</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>71.1</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>28.9</b>
	Change on quarter	4	7	2	5	-3	0.2	0.0	0.4	-0.2
	Change %	0.2	0.6	0.2	9.0	-0.6				
	Change on year	16	21	8	12	-4	0.5	-0.2	1.0	-0.5
	Change %	1.0	1.8	0.7	25.6	-0.9				
<b>Women</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	1,724	964	923	42	759	56.0	53.5	4.4	44.0
	Jun-Aug 2004	1,738	965	931	35	773	55.5	53.5	3.6	44.5
	Sep-Nov 2004	1,742	981	942	38	761	56.3	54.1	3.9	43.7
	Dec-Feb 2005	1,745	988	948	41	757	56.6	54.3	4.1	43.4
	Mar-May 2005	1,748	990	951	39	759	56.6	54.4	3.9	43.4
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,752</b>	<b>1,005</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>747</b>	<b>57.4</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>42.6</b>
	Change on quarter	3	16	15	1	-12	0.8	0.7	0.0	-0.8
	Change %	0.2	1.6	1.5	2.7	-1.6				
	Change on year	14	40	35	5	-26	1.8	1.6	0.4	-1.8
	Change %	0.8	4.1	3.7	14.4	-3.4				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIF	YCKF		YYAZ
<b>People</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	2,599	2,068	1,969	99	531	79.6	75.7	4.8	20.4
	Jun-Aug 2004	2,619	2,069	1,989	80	550	79.0	75.9	3.9	21.0
	Sep-Nov 2004	2,624	2,086	1,997	90	537	79.5	76.1	4.3	20.5
	Dec-Feb 2005	2,628	2,107	2,009	98	521	80.2	76.4	4.7	19.8
	Mar-May 2005	2,632	2,098	2,007	92	534	79.7	76.2	4.4	20.3
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>2,637</b>	<b>2,121</b>	<b>2,024</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>80.4</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>19.6</b>
	Change on quarter	4	23	17	6	-18	0.7	0.5	0.2	-0.7
	Change %	0.2	1.1	0.8	6.0	-3.4				
	Change on year	17	51	34	17	-34	1.4	0.8	0.7	-1.4
	Change %	0.7	2.5	1.7	21.3	-6.2				
<b>Men</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	1,350	1,149	1,091	58	201	85.1	80.8	5.0	14.9
	Jun-Aug 2004	1,363	1,145	1,098	47	218	84.0	80.6	4.1	16.0
	Sep-Nov 2004	1,366	1,148	1,096	52	218	84.1	80.3	4.5	15.9
	Dec-Feb 2005	1,369	1,168	1,110	58	201	85.3	81.1	4.9	14.7
	Mar-May 2005	1,372	1,157	1,103	54	214	84.4	80.4	4.7	15.6
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,375</b>	<b>1,165</b>	<b>1,107</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>84.8</b>	<b>80.5</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>15.2</b>
	Change on quarter	3	8	4	4	-5	0.4	0.1	0.3	-0.4
	Change %	0.2	0.7	0.3	7.7	-2.3				
	Change on year	12	20	8	11	-8	0.7	-0.1	0.9	-0.7
	Change %	0.9	1.7	0.8	24.2	-3.7				
<b>Women</b>	Jun-Aug 2003	1,249	920	878	42	330	73.6	70.3	4.5	26.4
	Jun-Aug 2004	1,256	924	891	33	332	73.5	70.9	3.6	26.5
	Sep-Nov 2004	1,258	938	900	38	320	74.6	71.6	4.0	25.4
	Dec-Feb 2005	1,259	939	899	40	320	74.6	71.4	4.3	25.4
	Mar-May 2005	1,261	941	904	37	320	74.6	71.7	4.0	25.4
	<b>Jun-Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,262</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>75.7</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>24.3</b>
	Change on quarter	1	15	13	1	-13	1.1	1.0	0.1	-1.1
	Change %	0.1	1.6	1.5	3.6	-4.1				
	Change on year	6	32	26	6	-26	2.2	1.7	0.5	-2.2
	Change %	0.5	3.4	2.9	17.2	-7.8				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# REGIONAL DATA

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

East Midlands

(thousands),  
seasonally adjusted

	Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)		
	Levels		
	Total	Males	Females
Jun 02	2,003	1,047	957
Jun 03	2,018	1,086	931
Jun 04	2,011	1,071	940
Sep 04	2,005	1,070	935
Dec 04	2,032	1,081	951
Mar 05	2,039	1,080	959
<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>2,025</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>956</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>-2</i>	<i>16</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>1.7</i>

	Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
	Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
	DPAY	ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPB	ZMPD
<b>2004</b>						
September	51.0	37.0	14.0	2.5	3.3	1.5
October #	51.3	37.2	14.1	2.5	3.3	1.5
November	51.8	37.5	14.3	2.5	3.4	1.5
December	50.9	36.9	14.0	2.5	3.3	1.5
<b>2005</b>						
January #	50.1	36.3	13.8	2.4	3.2	1.4
February	50.1	36.3	13.8	2.4	3.2	1.4
March	51.4	37.3	14.1	2.5	3.3	1.5
April #	51.9	37.6	14.3	2.5	3.4	1.5
May	53.0	38.5	14.5	2.6	3.4	1.5
June	53.9	39.3	14.6	2.6	3.5	1.5
July #	54.3	39.6	14.7	2.6	3.5	1.5
August (r)	54.6	39.8	14.8	2.6	3.6	1.5
<b>September (p)</b>	<b>55.3</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<i>Change on period</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>0.7</i>			
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.1</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>9.2</i>	<i>6.4</i>			

<sup>1</sup> Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

<sup>2</sup> Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See background note 5.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# EMPLOYMENT

## 2 Employment by age

East Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Employed</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	2,050	1,985	50	253	432	772	478	64
	Jun - Aug 2003	2,047	1,974	54	247	422	766	486	73
	Jun - Aug 2004	2,059	1,993	52	267	429	772	473	65
	Sep - Nov 2004	2,062	1,995	52	257	431	779	477	66
	Dec - Feb 2005	2,079	2,006	48	264	421	782	491	73
	Mar - May 2005	2,075	2,003	44	265	417	787	490	72
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>2,102</b>	<b>2,029</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>73</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	44	36	-3	14	-14	27	12	8
<i>Change %</i>	2.1	1.8	-5.9	5.4	-3.2	3.5	2.5	11.5	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	1,116	1,095	25	132	237	412	289	21
	Jun - Aug 2003	1,123	1,095	28	137	232	406	293	27
	Jun - Aug 2004	1,127	1,102	24	141	233	418	286	25
	Sep - Nov 2004	1,120	1,095	24	136	233	417	285	24
	Dec - Feb 2005	1,131	1,107	25	146	228	415	293	24
	Mar - May 2005	1,127	1,102	23	143	230	417	290	26
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,136</b>	<b>1,112</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>24</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	9	9	-2	11	-5	2	4	0
<i>Change %</i>	0.8	0.8	-9.5	7.6	-2.1	0.5	1.2	-1.4	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	934	891	24	121	195	361	190	43
	Jun - Aug 2003	924	878	26	110	190	360	192	46
	Jun - Aug 2004	931	891	28	125	196	354	187	41
	Sep - Nov 2004	942	900	28	121	197	362	192	42
	Dec - Feb 2005	948	899	23	117	193	367	199	49
	Mar - May 2005	948	901	21	122	188	370	200	47
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>48</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	35	27	-1	4	-9	25	8	8
<i>Change %</i>	3.7	3.0	-2.7	2.9	-4.6	7.0	4.3	19.4	
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	61.5	77.0	46.7	71.8	78.7	85.3	72.1	8.5
	Jun - Aug 2003	60.8	75.9	49.6	67.4	79.0	83.2	72.4	9.5
	Jun - Aug 2004	60.6	76.1	46.5	70.8	82.1	82.7	70.1	8.4
	Sep - Nov 2004	60.6	76.0	46.1	67.9	82.7	83.2	70.5	8.5
	Dec - Feb 2005	60.9	76.3	42.2	69.2	81.2	83.3	72.6	9.3
	Mar - May 2005	60.7	76.1	39.0	69.1	80.7	83.5	72.3	9.2
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>61.3</b>	<b>77.0</b>	<b>43.2</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>80.5</b>	<b>84.6</b>	<b>71.5</b>	<b>9.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.7	0.9	-3.3	2.1	-1.6	1.9	1.4	0.8
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	68.7	81.8	46.5	74.0	87.5	91.4	75.3	7.5
	Jun - Aug 2003	68.4	81.1	50.2	73.7	87.9	88.8	75.6	9.4
	Jun - Aug 2004	68.0	80.9	42.1	73.6	90.3	90.3	72.9	8.4
	Sep - Nov 2004	67.4	80.2	41.5	70.4	90.7	89.8	72.5	8.3
	Dec - Feb 2005	67.9	80.9	42.4	75.2	89.0	89.1	74.2	8.1
	Mar - May 2005	67.5	80.3	39.4	72.9	89.8	89.2	73.3	8.6
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>67.8</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>77.3</b>	<b>89.4</b>	<b>89.8</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>8.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.1	0.0	-4.6	3.7	-0.9	-0.5	0.2	-0.2
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	54.6	71.8	46.9	69.5	70.1	79.2	67.7	9.1
	Jun - Aug 2003	53.6	70.3	49.1	61.0	70.3	77.7	68.1	9.6
	Jun - Aug 2004	53.6	70.9	51.2	67.9	74.1	75.3	66.3	8.4
	Sep - Nov 2004	54.1	71.5	51.0	65.2	75.0	76.7	67.8	8.7
	Dec - Feb 2005	54.3	71.4	42.1	63.0	73.6	77.5	70.4	10.0
	Mar - May 2005	54.2	71.5	38.6	65.2	71.9	77.9	70.8	9.6
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>55.1</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>68.4</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>79.6</b>	<b>69.4</b>	<b>9.9</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.6	1.8	-1.9	0.5	-2.3	4.3	3.0	1.5

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

<sup>1</sup> Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment					Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	2,050	1,816	218	*	*	1,505	545	81	101
	Jun - Aug 2003	2,047	1,787	244	*	*	1,504	542	75	97
	Jun - Aug 2004	2,059	1,802	242	*	*	1,511	546	73	109
	Sep - Nov 2004	2,062	1,802	243	*	11	1,522	538	70	99
	Dec - Feb 2005	2,079	1,804	262	*	*	1,547	530	80	99
	Mar - May 2005	2,075	1,788	274	*	*	1,536	539	71	90
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>2,102</b>	<b>1,829</b>	<b>265</b>	*	*	<b>1,558</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>95</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>44</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>47</i>	<i>-2</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-15</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>2.1</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>9.6</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>-13.5</i>
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	1,116	947	162	*	*	1,008	107	37	46
	Jun - Aug 2003	1,123	940	174	*	*	1,007	115	29	45
	Jun - Aug 2004	1,127	944	177	*	*	1,007	120	29	54
	Sep - Nov 2004	1,120	930	182	*	*	1,005	114	32	50
	Dec - Feb 2005	1,131	929	195	*	*	1,021	109	33	46
	Mar - May 2005	1,127	918	201	*	*	1,017	110	26	44
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,136</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>195</b>	*	*	<b>1,023</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>45</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>-9</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>-7</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-10</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>10.5</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>-6.0</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>-17.7</i>
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	934	869	55	*	*	496	437	43	54
	Jun - Aug 2003	924	848	70	*	*	497	427	46	52
	Jun - Aug 2004	931	858	65	*	*	505	426	44	55
	Sep - Nov 2004	942	872	61	*	*	517	424	38	49
	Dec - Feb 2005	948	876	67	*	*	526	421	47	53
	Mar - May 2005	948	870	73	*	*	518	429	44	46
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>69</b>	*	*	<b>535</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>50</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>35</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-5</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>4.1</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>6.0</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>-1.7</i>	<i>-9.5</i>

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>3</sup>			
		Total <sup>2</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total <sup>2</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	101	19	30	51	536	42	413	80
	Jun - Aug 2003	97	19	37	41	531	35	411	83
	Jun - Aug 2004	109	27	34	48	537	36	409	91
	Sep - Nov 2004	99	24	28	47	526	43	399	82
	Dec - Feb 2005	99	21	27	52	521	33	400	87
	Mar - May 2005	90	22	22	46	532	42	403	85
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>86</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-15</i>	<i>-4</i>	<i>-6</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>-4</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>-13.5</i>	<i>-13.2</i>	<i>-17.5</i>	<i>-10.9</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>10.6</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-4.6</i>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

3. Employees and self-employed.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs	Employee jobs	Self- employment jobs	Government- supported trainees
		1	2	3	4
<b>All jobs</b>	Jun 01	1,997	1,751	241	5
	Jun 02	2,003	1,763	236	5
	Jun 03	2,018	1,757	255	5
	Jun 04	2,011	1,750	254	7
	Sep 04	2,005	1,742	256	6
	Dec 04	2,032	1,753	273	6
	Mar 05	2,039	1,747	286	6
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>2,025</b>	<b>1,744</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>6</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		15	-6	22	-1
<i>Change %</i>		0.7	-0.4	8.6	-13.7
<b>Male jobs</b>	Jun 01	1,045	870	173	3
	Jun 02	1,047	870	175	3
	Jun 03	1,086	902	182	3
	Jun 04	1,071	883	185	4
	Sep 04	1,070	878	188	3
	Dec 04	1,081	879	199	3
	Mar 05	1,080	871	206	3
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>1,069</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-2	-14	13	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.2	-1.6	7.0	-13.1
<b>Female jobs</b>	Jun 01	951	881	68	2
	Jun 02	957	893	61	2
	Jun 03	931	856	73	2
	Jun 04	940	867	70	3
	Sep 04	935	864	68	3
	Dec 04	951	874	74	3
	Mar 05	959	876	80	3
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		17	8	9	0
<i>Change %</i>		1.8	0.9	12.9	-14.4

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Sources: Employer surveys, Labour Force Survey, DfES

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. The Workforce Jobs series measures jobs rather than people, therefore, second self-employment jobs (where the main job is an employee) are now included in this series. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources. Employee Jobs (which is much the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by Prices & Business Group (PBG) of ONS and administrative sources. Self-employment jobs figures are provided by the LFS and Government-supported trainees figures are provided from administrative sources.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

SIC 1992 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Service Industries G-K	Other Industries L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Jun 02	1,764	1,763	24	16	345	84	768	527
	Jun 03	1,760	1,757	20	14	331	83	778	530
	Jun 04	1,754	1,750	20	14	317	88	777	535
	Sep 04	1,738	1,742	23	14	315	80	775	535
	Dec 04	1,744	1,753	23	14	313	76	791	537
	Mar 05	1,755	1,747	23	14	312	78	781	539
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>1,746</b>	<b>1,744</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>541</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-9							
<i>Change %</i>	-0.5								
<i>Change on year</i>	-7	-6	2	0	-8	-12	6	6	
<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-0.4	8.1	0.6	-2.6	-13.9	0.8	1.2	
<b>Male jobs</b>	Jun 02	875	870	16	12	240	70	382	150
	Jun 03	906	902	14	11	240	70	410	158
	Jun 04	888	883	13	11	230	73	408	148
	Sep 04	877	878	14	11	229	67	409	149
	Dec 04	870	879	14	10	227	63	415	148
	Mar 05	879	871	14	10	226	64	410	147
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>148</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-8							
<i>Change %</i>	-0.9								
<i>Change on year</i>	-17	-14	1	0	-6	-11	3	0	
<i>Change %</i>	-1.9	-1.6	4.4	-1.1	-2.7	-15.0	0.6	-0.1	
<b>Female jobs</b>	Jun 02	888	893	8	4	104	14	386	377
	Jun 03	853	856	6	4	92	13	369	372
	Jun 04	866	867	7	3	87	15	368	387
	Sep 04	861	864	8	3	87	13	366	387
	Dec 04	874	874	8	3	86	13	376	389
	Mar 05	877	876	9	3	86	13	371	392
	<b>Jun 05</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>393</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-1							
<i>Change %</i>	-0.1								
<i>Change on year</i>	10	8	1	0	-2	-1	4	7	
<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.9	14.6	6.5	-2.4	-8.5	1.0	1.7	

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by Prices & Business Group (PBG) of ONS and administrative sources

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>1</sup>	Average actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers <sup>1</sup>		Workers with second jobs	
			Full-time <sup>2</sup>	Part-time <sup>2</sup>		
		1	2	3	4	5
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	65	31.9	37.2	15.5	10.4
	Jun - Aug 2003	66	32.1	37.7	15.1	9.2
	Jun - Aug 2004	65	31.5	37.1	15.2	8.3
	Sep - Nov 2004	68	33.2	38.9	15.9	8.1
	Dec - Feb 2005	66	31.9	37.0	15.6	9.5
	Mar - May 2005	69	33.1	38.6	16.2	10.2
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>37.0</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>9.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.8
<i>Change %</i>		2.6	0.5	0.0	-0.2	9.2
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	42	37.3	39.0	16.5	12.6
	Jun - Aug 2003	42	37.7	39.9	15.3	8.8
	Jun - Aug 2004	42	36.9	39.2	15.4	10.2
	Sep - Nov 2004	43	38.2	40.4	15.8	9.1
	Dec - Feb 2005	41	36.5	38.3	16.8	10.6
	Mar - May 2005	43	38.0	40.0	16.7	11.1
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>36.6</b>	<b>38.7</b>	<b>15.8</b>	<b>10.0</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.3	-0.5	0.4	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>		0.0	-0.7	-1.3	2.4	-2.1
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	24	25.4	33.7	15.3	8.5
	Jun - Aug 2003	23	25.3	33.2	15.0	9.5
	Jun - Aug 2004	23	25.0	32.9	15.1	7.0
	Sep - Nov 2004	26	27.2	35.9	16.0	7.2
	Dec - Feb 2005	25	26.5	34.6	15.3	8.8
	Mar - May 2005	26	27.3	35.8	16.1	9.7
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25.9</b>	<b>34.0</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>8.4</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		2	0.9	1.1	-0.1	1.4
<i>Change %</i>		7.3	3.5	3.4	-0.9	19.6

1. Main and second jobs.

Source: Labour Force Survey

2. Main jobs only.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Jun - Aug 2004</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.3	0.6	2.2	1.2	0.4	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.3
6 up to 15 hours	7.4	3.4	12.3	7.5	3.5	11.9	7.1	2.8	18.9
16 up to 30 hours	17.8	7.3	30.5	17.9	6.6	30.4	16.1	9.7	33.4
31 up to 45 hours	51.3	55.7	46.0	53.4	58.7	47.4	36.3	39.3	28.3
Over 45 hours	22.2	33.1	9.0	20.1	30.8	8.3	39.0	46.7	18.1
Total (thousands)	2,059	1,127	931	1,802	944	858	242	177	65
<b>Mar - May 2005</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.5	0.6	2.4	1.1	0.6	1.7	3.6	0.9	10.8
6 up to 15 hours	7.8	3.1	13.4	7.8	2.9	12.9	7.9	4.0	18.7
16 up to 30 hours	17.4	7.2	29.6	17.4	5.9	29.5	17.4	12.3	31.4
31 up to 45 hours	49.4	54.5	43.5	52.3	58.7	45.6	30.5	35.0	18.3
Over 45 hours	23.9	34.6	11.1	21.5	32.0	10.4	40.6	47.8	20.8
Total (thousands)	2,075	1,127	948	1,788	918	870	274	201	73
<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.2	0.6	1.9	1.1	0.6	1.7	1.6	1.0	3.4
6 up to 15 hours	7.6	2.9	13.1	7.6	3.0	12.4	7.8	2.9	21.9
16 up to 30 hours	17.6	7.2	29.9	17.7	6.4	29.6	16.3	10.2	33.3
31 up to 45 hours	49.6	54.1	44.3	52.2	57.9	46.2	30.9	35.3	18.5
Over 45 hours	24.0	35.2	10.9	21.3	32.1	10.0	43.3	50.6	22.9
Total (thousands)	2,102	1,136	966	1,829	936	893	265	195	69

1. Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

East Midlands

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count		Inflows	Outflows	Claimant count	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	(standardised <sup>3</sup> )	(standardised <sup>3</sup> )	(not seasonally adjusted)	
				Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2004</b>	DPAY	DPBJ			BCKC	DPAN
	September	51.0	2.5	12.8	12.9	50.3	2.4
	October #	51.3	2.5	13.0	12.6	48.8	2.4
	November	51.8	2.5	13.3	13.0	49.1	2.4
	December	50.9	2.5	12.7	13.3	49.6	2.4
	<b>2005</b>						
	January #	50.1	2.4	12.7	13.8	53.9	2.6
	February	50.1	2.4	12.7	12.6	54.9	2.6
	March	51.4	2.5	13.0	11.9	55.7	2.7
	April #	51.9	2.5	12.6	12.4	54.3	2.6
	May	53.0	2.6	12.6	12.0	54.0	2.6
	June	53.9	2.6	12.9	12.2	53.6	2.6
	July #	54.3	2.6	12.9	12.5	54.5	2.6
	August (r)	54.6	2.6	12.9	12.4	55.2	2.7
	<b>September (p)</b>	<b>55.3</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>2.6</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.7</i>	<i>-0.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.3</i>		<i>-2.3</i>	<i>-5.6</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-1.2</i>	<i>4.5</i>	<i>0.2</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>8.4</i>		<i>-1.6</i>	<i>-9.3</i>	<i>8.9</i>	
	<b>Men</b>	<b>2004</b>	ZMPA	ZMPB			
September		37.0	3.3	8.9	9.0	35.7	3.2
October #		37.2	3.3	9.0	8.7	34.9	3.1
November		37.5	3.4	9.3	9.0	35.4	3.2
December		36.9	3.3	8.9	9.1	36.2	3.2
<b>2005</b>							
January #		36.3	3.2	8.9	9.8	39.3	3.5
February		36.3	3.2	8.9	8.8	40.0	3.6
March		37.3	3.3	9.1	8.3	40.6	3.6
April #		37.6	3.4	8.8	8.7	39.5	3.5
May		38.5	3.4	8.8	8.4	39.2	3.5
June		39.3	3.5	9.1	8.5	39.0	3.5
July #		39.6	3.5	9.1	8.7	39.3	3.5
August (r)		39.8	3.6	9.0	8.7	39.5	3.5
<b>September (p)</b>		<b>40.4</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>39.3</b>	<b>3.5</b>
<i>Change on month</i>		<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-0.6</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>1.5</i>		<i>-2.2</i>	<i>-6.9</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	
<i>Change on year</i>		<i>3.4</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>0.3</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>9.2</i>		<i>-1.1</i>	<i>-10.0</i>	<i>10.1</i>	
<b>Women</b>		<b>2004</b>	ZMPC	ZMPD			
	September	14.0	1.5	3.9	3.9	14.6	1.5
	October #	14.1	1.5	4.0	3.9	13.9	1.5
	November	14.3	1.5	4.0	4.0	13.7	1.4
	December	14.0	1.5	3.8	4.2	13.4	1.4
	<b>2005</b>						
	January #	13.8	1.4	3.8	4.0	14.6	1.5
	February	13.8	1.4	3.8	3.8	14.9	1.6
	March	14.1	1.5	3.9	3.6	15.2	1.6
	April #	14.3	1.5	3.8	3.7	14.8	1.6
	May	14.5	1.5	3.8	3.6	14.8	1.5
	June	14.6	1.5	3.8	3.7	14.6	1.5
	July #	14.7	1.5	3.8	3.8	15.2	1.6
	August (r)	14.8	1.5	3.9	3.7	15.7	1.6
	<b>September (p)</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>1.6</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.7</i>		<i>-2.6</i>	<i>-2.7</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>6.4</i>		<i>-2.6</i>	<i>-7.7</i>	<i>6.2</i>	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See background note 5.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4 1/3 week month.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4.33 week month but not seasonally adjusted, for September 2005 were 12,215 in total, 8,276 for men and 3,939 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 8,520 for men and 4,181 for women.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All ages							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
<b>People</b>													
<b>2003</b>													
September	58.5	57.8	38.4	11.0	8.4	14.5	2.6	16.4	13.4	2.6	0.4	2.6	0.0
<b>2004</b>													
September	50.3	49.9	33.6	8.3	8.0	16.0	2.6	13.9	11.5	1.9	0.5	3.6	0.1
October #	48.8	48.4	32.9	7.8	7.7	15.9	2.6	13.3	11.2	1.7	0.5	3.5	0.1
November	49.1	48.7	33.6	7.7	7.5	15.3	2.6	13.3	11.2	1.7	0.5	3.4	0.1
December	49.6	49.3	34.4	7.6	7.4	14.9	2.6	13.5	11.5	1.6	0.4	3.2	0.1
<b>2005</b>													
January #	53.9	53.6	37.8	8.3	7.5	14.0	2.7	14.8	12.4	1.9	0.5	3.1	0.1
February	54.9	54.6	39.0	8.2	7.4	13.6	2.6	15.5	13.2	1.9	0.5	3.0	0.1
March	55.7	55.4	39.5	8.5	7.4	13.4	2.7	15.9	13.4	2.0	0.5	3.0	0.1
April #	54.3	54.0	37.5	9.1	7.4	13.7	2.6	15.4	12.6	2.3	0.5	3.1	0.1
May	54.0	53.7	36.8	9.4	7.4	13.8	2.6	15.2	12.4	2.3	0.5	3.1	0.1
June	53.6	53.4	36.1	9.9	7.4	13.8	2.6	15.1	12.2	2.5	0.4	3.0	0.1
July #	54.5	54.3	36.8	10.0	7.5	13.8	2.6	15.8	12.9	2.5	0.5	3.1	0.1
August	55.2	55.0	37.0	10.5	7.5	13.6	2.5	16.3	13.0	2.8	0.5	3.0	0.1
<b>September</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>54.5</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	4.5	4.7	2.5	2.5	-0.3	-2.0	-0.1	2.3	1.3	0.9	0.0	-0.4	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	8.9	9.4	7.4	30.0	-4.0	-2.7	-2.7	16.3	11.3	50.1	4.9	-0.4	58.2
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2003</b>													
September	42.5	41.9	27.0	8.3	6.7	15.9	2.1	11.1	8.9	1.8	0.3	2.6	0.0
<b>2004</b>													
September	35.7	35.4	23.1	6.1	6.3	17.7	2.1	9.1	7.5	1.2	0.3	3.7	0.0
October #	34.9	34.6	22.9	5.7	6.0	17.4	2.1	8.8	7.4	1.1	0.3	3.5	0.0
November	35.4	35.1	23.6	5.7	5.9	16.8	2.1	8.9	7.5	1.1	0.3	3.4	0.0
December	36.2	36.0	24.6	5.6	5.8	16.1	2.1	9.3	7.9	1.1	0.3	3.1	0.0
<b>2005</b>													
January #	39.3	39.1	27.1	6.1	5.9	15.0	2.1	10.1	8.5	1.3	0.3	2.9	0.1
February	40.0	39.8	27.9	6.0	5.8	14.6	2.1	10.6	9.0	1.3	0.3	2.9	0.1
March	40.6	40.4	28.3	6.2	5.8	14.4	2.1	10.9	9.3	1.4	0.3	2.9	0.1
April #	39.5	39.3	26.8	6.7	5.8	14.8	2.1	10.6	8.7	1.5	0.3	3.0	0.1
May	39.2	39.0	26.2	7.0	5.8	14.9	2.1	10.4	8.5	1.6	0.3	3.1	0.1
June	39.0	38.8	25.7	7.4	5.8	14.9	2.0	10.4	8.4	1.7	0.3	2.9	0.1
July #	39.3	39.2	25.9	7.4	5.8	14.9	2.0	10.7	8.7	1.7	0.3	3.0	0.1
August	39.5	39.4	25.8	7.8	5.8	14.7	2.0	10.9	8.7	1.9	0.3	2.9	0.0
<b>September</b>	<b>39.3</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	3.6	3.7	2.1	1.9	-0.4	-2.6	-0.1	1.8	1.1	0.7	0.0	-0.5	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	10.1	10.4	9.2	31.7	-5.7	-4.2	-4.2	19.4	14.1	57.0	2.1	-0.5	44.7
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2003</b>													
September	16.1	15.9	11.5	2.7	1.7	10.5	0.5	5.3	4.4	0.8	0.1	2.6	0.0
<b>2004</b>													
September	14.6	14.4	10.5	2.2	1.7	11.7	0.5	4.8	4.0	0.6	0.2	3.5	0.0
October #	13.9	13.8	10.1	2.1	1.6	11.9	0.5	4.5	3.8	0.6	0.2	3.4	0.0
November	13.7	13.6	10.0	2.0	1.6	11.7	0.5	4.4	3.7	0.6	0.2	3.5	0.0
December	13.4	13.3	9.8	2.0	1.6	11.9	0.5	4.3	3.6	0.5	0.1	3.5	0.0
<b>2005</b>													
January #	14.6	14.6	10.7	2.2	1.6	11.3	0.5	4.6	3.8	0.6	0.2	3.5	0.0
February	14.9	14.9	11.0	2.2	1.6	10.9	0.5	4.9	4.1	0.6	0.2	3.3	0.0
March	15.2	15.1	11.2	2.3	1.6	10.8	0.5	5.0	4.2	0.7	0.2	3.3	0.0
April #	14.8	14.8	10.7	2.4	1.6	11.0	0.5	4.8	3.9	0.7	0.2	3.3	0.0
May	14.8	14.7	10.6	2.5	1.6	11.1	0.5	4.8	3.9	0.7	0.2	3.2	0.0
June	14.6	14.6	10.4	2.6	1.6	11.0	0.5	4.7	3.8	0.8	0.1	3.1	0.0
July #	15.2	15.1	10.9	2.5	1.7	11.0	0.5	5.1	4.2	0.8	0.2	3.3	0.0
August	15.7	15.6	11.3	2.7	1.7	10.8	0.5	5.4	4.4	0.9	0.2	3.3	0.0
<b>September</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>15.4</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.0	-0.5	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	6.2	6.7	3.5	25.3	2.1	-0.5	3.6	10.4	6.2	36.9	10.7	0.0	88.2

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 6.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2003</b>												
September	30.4	18.8	6.5	5.0	16.5	1.0	10.4	5.6	1.9	2.9	27.9	1.6
<b>2004</b>												
September	26.0	16.5	4.9	4.6	17.7	1.0	9.3	5.0	1.5	2.9	30.6	1.5
October #	25.3	16.2	4.7	4.4	17.5	1.0	9.1	4.9	1.4	2.8	30.6	1.6
November	25.5	16.6	4.6	4.3	17.0	1.0	9.2	5.1	1.4	2.7	29.3	1.5
December	25.9	17.0	4.6	4.3	16.5	1.0	9.2	5.1	1.4	2.7	29.0	1.5
<b>2005</b>												
January #	28.1	19.0	4.8	4.3	15.4	1.1	10.0	5.8	1.5	2.7	27.0	1.5
February	28.4	19.3	4.8	4.3	15.2	1.0	9.8	5.7	1.5	2.7	27.0	1.5
March	28.7	19.4	4.9	4.3	15.0	1.1	9.9	5.8	1.5	2.7	26.7	1.5
April #	28.1	18.6	5.2	4.3	15.3	1.1	9.7	5.5	1.6	2.6	27.2	1.5
May	28.0	18.3	5.4	4.3	15.4	1.0	9.6	5.3	1.6	2.6	27.3	1.5
June	27.9	17.9	5.7	4.3	15.5	1.0	9.6	5.3	1.7	2.6	27.2	1.5
July #	28.2	18.1	5.8	4.4	15.5	1.0	9.6	5.3	1.7	2.6	27.3	1.5
August	28.4	18.0	6.0	4.4	15.5	1.0	9.7	5.4	1.7	2.6	26.8	1.4
<b>September</b>	<b>28.1</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>1.4</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>2.1</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-1.8</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-3.3</i>	<i>-0.1</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>7.9</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>25.1</i>	<i>-3.0</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>4.6</i>	<i>21.8</i>	<i>-7.4</i>	<i>-5.6</i>	<i>-5.6</i>
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2003</b>												
September	23.2	13.9	5.1	4.2	18.0	0.9	7.4	3.8	1.3	2.2	30.4	1.2
<b>2004</b>												
September	19.6	12.0	3.8	3.7	19.1	0.8	6.5	3.3	1.0	2.2	34.2	1.2
October #	19.1	11.9	3.6	3.6	18.7	0.8	6.4	3.2	1.0	2.1	33.7	1.2
November	19.4	12.4	3.6	3.5	18.1	0.8	6.4	3.4	1.0	2.1	32.2	1.2
December	19.9	12.9	3.6	3.5	17.4	0.8	6.5	3.5	0.9	2.0	31.5	1.2
<b>2005</b>												
January #	21.6	14.3	3.8	3.5	16.2	0.9	7.0	3.9	1.0	2.1	29.4	1.2
February	21.8	14.6	3.7	3.5	16.0	0.9	6.9	3.8	1.0	2.0	29.4	1.2
March	22.0	14.7	3.8	3.5	15.8	0.9	6.9	3.9	1.0	2.0	29.2	1.2
April #	21.5	14.0	4.0	3.5	16.2	0.9	6.7	3.7	1.1	2.0	29.8	1.2
May	21.4	13.7	4.2	3.5	16.3	0.9	6.7	3.5	1.1	2.0	29.8	1.2
June	21.3	13.3	4.5	3.5	16.4	0.8	6.7	3.6	1.1	2.0	29.6	1.2
July #	21.4	13.3	4.6	3.5	16.5	0.8	6.7	3.5	1.2	2.0	29.5	1.1
August	21.5	13.2	4.7	3.5	16.5	0.8	6.7	3.6	1.2	1.9	29.1	1.1
<b>September</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>16.9</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>29.5</b>	<b>1.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-2.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-4.7</i>	<i>-0.1</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>6.9</i>	<i>26.3</i>	<i>-3.6</i>	<i>-2.2</i>	<i>-2.2</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>7.6</i>	<i>22.2</i>	<i>-10.5</i>	<i>-7.1</i>	<i>-7.1</i>
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2003</b>												
September	7.2	5.0	1.4	0.8	11.8	0.1	3.1	1.8	0.6	0.7	22.0	0.3
<b>2004</b>												
September	6.4	4.5	1.1	0.9	13.7	0.2	2.9	1.8	0.5	0.6	22.5	0.3
October #	6.1	4.3	1.0	0.8	13.8	0.2	2.7	1.7	0.4	0.6	23.3	0.3
November	6.0	4.2	1.0	0.8	13.4	0.2	2.8	1.7	0.4	0.6	22.6	0.3
December	6.0	4.2	1.0	0.8	13.6	0.2	2.7	1.7	0.4	0.6	22.8	0.3
<b>2005</b>												
January #	6.6	4.7	1.1	0.8	12.7	0.2	3.0	1.9	0.5	0.6	21.5	0.3
February	6.6	4.7	1.1	0.8	12.6	0.2	3.0	1.9	0.5	0.6	21.4	0.3
March	6.7	4.7	1.1	0.8	12.3	0.2	3.0	1.9	0.5	0.6	21.1	0.3
April #	6.6	4.6	1.2	0.8	12.5	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.6	21.2	0.3
May	6.6	4.6	1.2	0.8	12.7	0.2	2.9	1.8	0.5	0.6	21.6	0.3
June	6.6	4.5	1.2	0.8	12.4	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.6	21.7	0.3
July #	6.8	4.7	1.2	0.8	12.3	0.2	2.9	1.8	0.5	0.7	22.4	0.3
August	6.9	4.8	1.3	0.9	12.5	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.7	21.7	0.3
<b>September</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>5.6</i>	<i>3.2</i>	<i>20.8</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>1.8</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>20.9</i>	<i>3.4</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 6.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically active</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	2,155	2,089	68	278	451	796	495	66
	Jun - Aug 2003	2,153	2,079	66	279	445	790	499	73
	Jun - Aug 2004	2,147	2,080	63	291	445	791	490	67
	Sep - Nov 2004	2,156	2,087	69	281	446	799	491	68
	Dec - Feb 2005	2,175	2,101	61	292	437	807	504	73
	Mar - May 2005	2,163	2,088	54	288	434	810	502	74
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,132</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>75</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	60	52	0	16	-12	33	15	8
<i>Change %</i>	2.8	2.5	0.0	5.4	-2.6	4.2	3.1	11.6	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	1,175	1,153	37	146	246	424	300	22
	Jun - Aug 2003	1,184	1,156	36	156	244	419	301	28
	Jun - Aug 2004	1,178	1,152	30	155	242	428	298	25
	Sep - Nov 2004	1,173	1,148	34	149	243	427	295	25
	Dec - Feb 2005	1,189	1,164	32	162	237	430	303	25
	Mar - May 2005	1,179	1,152	29	156	238	430	300	27
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,199</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>26</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	21	20	0	13	-6	7	6	1
<i>Change %</i>	1.8	1.8	0.6	8.3	-2.5	1.6	2.2	2.2	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	980	936	32	132	205	373	195	44
	Jun - Aug 2003	969	923	30	124	201	370	198	46
	Jun - Aug 2004	969	927	34	136	202	363	192	42
	Sep - Nov 2004	982	940	35	133	204	372	196	43
	Dec - Feb 2005	986	937	29	130	200	377	202	49
	Mar - May 2005	984	936	25	133	196	380	202	48
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>959</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>49</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	39	32	0	3	-5	26	9	7
<i>Change %</i>	4.1	3.5	-0.5	2.1	-2.7	7.3	4.5	17.2	
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	64.7	81.1	64.3	78.8	82.2	87.9	74.7	8.7
	Jun - Aug 2003	64.0	80.0	61.1	76.4	83.3	85.8	74.4	9.6
	Jun - Aug 2004	63.2	79.4	56.6	77.3	85.1	84.7	72.5	8.7
	Sep - Nov 2004	63.3	79.6	61.3	74.3	85.7	85.4	72.7	8.7
	Dec - Feb 2005	63.7	80.0	54.0	76.7	84.2	86.0	74.5	9.4
	Mar - May 2005	63.3	79.3	47.5	75.3	83.9	86.1	74.1	9.5
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>64.4</b>	<b>80.9</b>	<b>55.9</b>	<b>79.7</b>	<b>84.0</b>	<b>87.2</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>9.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.2	1.5	-0.7	2.4	-1.1	2.5	1.8	0.8
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	72.3	86.2	67.3	81.6	91.0	94.1	78.2	7.6
	Jun - Aug 2003	72.1	85.7	64.8	83.9	92.6	91.7	77.6	9.5
	Jun - Aug 2004	71.0	84.6	51.5	80.9	93.9	92.3	75.9	8.6
	Sep - Nov 2004	70.6	84.0	58.9	77.1	94.3	92.0	75.0	8.6
	Dec - Feb 2005	71.3	85.1	55.6	83.5	92.4	92.4	76.7	8.3
	Mar - May 2005	70.6	84.0	49.7	79.6	93.0	92.1	75.8	9.0
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>51.0</b>	<b>85.5</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>92.8</b>	<b>76.8</b>	<b>8.6</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.5	0.8	-0.5	4.6	-1.4	0.5	0.9	0.1
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	57.4	75.5	61.2	76.0	73.6	81.7	69.8	9.3
	Jun - Aug 2003	56.2	73.9	57.3	68.7	74.3	79.9	70.1	9.6
	Jun - Aug 2004	55.8	73.8	62.0	73.7	76.6	77.2	67.8	8.7
	Sep - Nov 2004	56.4	74.7	63.9	71.4	77.4	78.8	69.5	8.9
	Dec - Feb 2005	56.5	74.4	52.4	69.6	76.1	79.6	71.5	10.0
	Mar - May 2005	56.3	74.3	45.2	70.8	75.0	80.1	71.7	9.8
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>57.6</b>	<b>76.0</b>	<b>61.0</b>	<b>73.7</b>	<b>75.7</b>	<b>81.7</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>10.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.8	2.2	-1.0	0.0	-0.9	4.6	3.2	1.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY East Midlands

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	1,178	488	38	75	98	110	168	689
	Jun - Aug 2003	1,212	520	42	86	89	131	171	692
	Jun - Aug 2004	1,250	540	49	85	78	143	185	710
	Sep - Nov 2004	1,249	536	43	97	74	137	185	712
	Dec - Feb 2005	1,237	527	52	89	82	132	172	710
	Mar - May 2005	1,256	544	59	95	83	131	176	712
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>1,220</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>715</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-30	-35	1	-7	5	-22	-12	5
<i>Change %</i>	-2.4	-6.5	3.1	-8.3	6.0	-15.6	-6.3	0.7	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	450	185	18	33	24	26	83	265
	Jun - Aug 2003	457	194	20	30	20	38	87	263
	Jun - Aug 2004	481	210	28	37	16	36	94	270
	Sep - Nov 2004	490	218	24	44	15	37	99	271
	Dec - Feb 2005	478	204	26	32	19	35	92	273
	Mar - May 2005	492	220	29	40	18	37	96	272
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>274</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	-9	1	-8	3	-2	-2	4
<i>Change %</i>	-0.9	-4.1	2.5	-22.2	20.9	-5.4	-2.6	1.5	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	728	303	20	42	73	83	85	425
	Jun - Aug 2003	755	326	23	56	69	93	85	429
	Jun - Aug 2004	769	329	21	49	62	107	91	440
	Sep - Nov 2004	759	318	20	53	60	100	86	441
	Dec - Feb 2005	759	322	26	57	63	97	80	437
	Mar - May 2005	765	325	30	55	65	95	80	440
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>440</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-26	-26	1	1	1	-20	-9	1
<i>Change %</i>	-3.3	-8.0	3.8	2.2	2.3	-18.9	-10.1	0.1	
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	35.3	18.9	35.7	21.2	17.8	12.1	25.3	91.3
	Jun - Aug 2003	36.0	20.0	38.9	23.6	16.7	14.2	25.6	90.4
	Jun - Aug 2004	36.8	20.6	43.4	22.7	14.9	15.3	27.5	91.3
	Sep - Nov 2004	36.7	20.4	38.7	25.7	14.3	14.6	27.3	91.3
	Dec - Feb 2005	36.3	20.0	46.0	23.3	15.8	14.0	25.5	90.6
	Mar - May 2005	36.7	20.7	52.5	24.7	16.1	13.9	25.9	90.5
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>35.6</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>20.3</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>25.6</b>	<b>90.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.5	0.7	-2.4	1.1	-2.5	-1.8	-0.8
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	27.7	13.8	32.7	18.4	9.0	5.9	21.8	92.4
	Jun - Aug 2003	27.9	14.3	35.2	16.1	7.4	8.3	22.4	90.5
	Jun - Aug 2004	29.0	15.4	48.5	19.1	6.1	7.7	24.1	91.4
	Sep - Nov 2004	29.4	16.0	41.1	22.9	5.7	8.0	25.0	91.4
	Dec - Feb 2005	28.7	14.9	44.4	16.5	7.6	7.6	23.3	91.7
	Mar - May 2005	29.4	16.0	50.3	20.4	7.0	7.9	24.2	91.0
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>28.4</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>49.0</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>91.4</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.5	-0.8	0.5	-4.6	1.4	-0.5	-0.9	-0.1
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	42.6	24.5	38.8	24.0	26.4	18.3	30.2	90.7
	Jun - Aug 2003	43.8	26.1	42.7	31.3	25.7	20.1	29.9	90.4
	Jun - Aug 2004	44.2	26.2	38.0	26.3	23.4	22.8	32.2	91.3
	Sep - Nov 2004	43.6	25.3	36.1	28.6	22.6	21.2	30.5	91.1
	Dec - Feb 2005	43.5	25.6	47.6	30.4	23.9	20.4	28.5	90.0
	Mar - May 2005	43.7	25.7	54.8	29.2	25.0	19.9	28.3	90.2
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>39.0</b>	<b>26.3</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>89.9</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.8	-2.2	1.0	0.0	0.9	-4.6	-3.2	-1.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic Inactivity by reason								
			Looking after family / home		Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	488	83	159	11	145	*	36	51	367	121
	Jun - Aug 2003	520	104	175	*	142	*	39	46	389	131
	Jun - Aug 2004	540	93	162	16	160	*	51	58	388	152
	Sep - Nov 2004	536	103	158	15	155	*	46	58	380	156
	Dec - Feb 2005	527	103	166	14	143	*	41	55	386	140
	Mar - May 2005	544	121	161	14	146	*	44	55	396	149
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>159</b>	*	<b>147</b>	*	<b>42</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>135</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-35	0	-3	*	-13	*	-10	-4	-18	-17
<i>Change %</i>		-6.5	-0.5	-1.9	*	-8.4	*	-19.3	-6.7	-4.6	-11.1
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	185	44	13	*	80	*	22	19	134	51
	Jun - Aug 2003	194	48	16	*	82	*	25	17	141	53
	Jun - Aug 2004	210	49	11	*	88	*	36	22	144	66
	Sep - Nov 2004	218	55	12	*	84	*	34	27	148	70
	Dec - Feb 2005	204	49	15	*	83	*	28	23	145	59
	Mar - May 2005	220	60	16	*	80	*	31	23	162	57
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>14</b>	*	<b>81</b>	*	<b>30</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>61</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-9	1	4	*	-6	*	-6	-3	-4	-5
<i>Change %</i>		-4.1	2.2	36.3	*	-7.4	*	-16.5	-14.4	-2.5	-7.4
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	303	39	146	*	65	*	14	31	234	70
	Jun - Aug 2003	326	56	159	*	60	*	14	29	248	78
	Jun - Aug 2004	329	44	151	10	72	*	16	36	243	86
	Sep - Nov 2004	318	48	147	*	71	*	12	31	232	86
	Dec - Feb 2005	322	55	151	10	60	*	13	32	242	81
	Mar - May 2005	325	61	146	*	65	*	13	32	233	91
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>144</b>	*	<b>65</b>	*	<b>12</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>74</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-26	-2	-7	*	-7	*	-4	-1	-14	-12
<i>Change %</i>		-8.0	-3.5	-4.6	*	-9.6	*	-25.5	-1.8	-5.9	-14.0
Percentage of economically inactive (%)											
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	100.0	17.0	32.6	2.3	29.6	*	7.5	10.4	75.3	24.7
	Jun - Aug 2003	100.0	20.0	33.7	*	27.3	*	7.5	8.8	74.7	25.3
	Jun - Aug 2004	100.0	17.1	30.0	2.9	29.6	*	9.5	10.7	71.8	28.2
	Sep - Nov 2004	100.0	19.2	29.5	2.8	28.9	*	8.5	10.7	70.9	29.1
	Dec - Feb 2005	100.0	19.6	31.5	2.7	27.1	*	7.8	10.5	73.4	26.6
	Mar - May 2005	100.0	22.2	29.7	2.6	26.8	*	8.0	10.1	72.7	27.3
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>31.4</b>	*	<b>29.0</b>	*	<b>8.2</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>26.8</b>
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	100.0	23.8	7.0	*	43.1	*	12.0	10.5	72.3	27.7
	Jun - Aug 2003	100.0	24.7	8.4	*	42.3	*	13.1	8.6	72.6	27.4
	Jun - Aug 2004	100.0	23.1	5.1	*	41.6	*	17.0	10.6	68.6	31.4
	Sep - Nov 2004	100.0	25.1	5.3	*	38.7	*	15.4	12.3	68.0	32.0
	Dec - Feb 2005	100.0	23.8	7.3	*	40.6	*	13.8	11.3	70.9	29.1
	Mar - May 2005	100.0	27.4	7.1	*	36.7	*	14.0	10.5	73.8	26.2
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>24.6</b>	<b>7.2</b>	*	<b>40.2</b>	*	<b>14.8</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>30.3</b>
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2002	100.0	12.9	48.2	*	21.4	*	4.7	10.4	77.1	22.9
	Jun - Aug 2003	100.0	17.1	48.7	*	18.4	*	4.2	8.9	76.0	24.0
	Jun - Aug 2004	100.0	13.3	45.9	3.0	22.0	*	4.8	10.8	73.8	26.2
	Sep - Nov 2004	100.0	15.2	46.1	*	22.2	*	3.8	9.7	72.9	27.1
	Dec - Feb 2005	100.0	16.9	46.8	3.0	18.5	*	4.0	10.0	74.9	25.1
	Mar - May 2005	100.0	18.7	45.0	*	20.1	*	3.9	9.8	71.9	28.1
	<b>Jun - Aug 2005</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>47.6</b>	*	<b>21.6</b>	*	<b>3.9</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>75.6</b>	<b>24.4</b>

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4; 5=6+7; 5=8+9+10+11

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

## 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004		January 2004 to December 2004						2003		
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
	16-59/64 (000s)	Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
		Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,064</b>	<b>26,951</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>866,144</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>30,567</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,642</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>53,290</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>0.78</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	144	96	70.9	8	7.1	32	23.7	4,190	2.9	124	0.87
<b>Leicester UA</b>	183	114	65.1	10	8.0	51	29.1	8,597	4.7	175	0.97
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	183	108	63.2	11	9.1	52	30.3	6,540	3.6	197	1.09
<b>Rutland UA</b>	22	17	78.9	~	2.0	4	19.6	97	0.4	17	0.82
<b>Derbyshire</b>	455	348	76.7	13	3.4	94	20.6	8,374	1.8	317	0.70
Amber Valley	72	56	78.0	2	3.3	14	19.6	1,172	1.6	54	0.75
Bolsover	44	29	67.8	2	5.3	12	28.3	1,077	2.4	23	0.53
Chesterfield	61	44	71.7	2	4.2	15	25.1	1,820	3.0	56	0.93
Derbyshire Dales	41	31	77.7	1	1.8	8	20.7	436	1.1	38	0.92
Erewash	68	55	81.8	2	3.3	10	15.4	1,267	1.9	44	0.65
High Peak	56	44	77.9	2	4.7	10	18.3	828	1.5	37	0.66
North East Derbyshire	59	44	75.1	2	3.7	13	21.9	1,184	2.0	32	0.55
South Derbyshire	54	44	80.9	1	1.4	10	18.0	590	1.1	32	0.60
<b>Leicestershire</b>	387	307	80.3	9	2.8	66	17.3	4,951	1.3	281	0.73
Blaby	56	46	82.4	1	1.2	9	16.6	656	1.2	42	0.74
Charnwood	101	76	76.5	3	4.0	20	20.1	1,567	1.5	68	0.69
Harborough	49	40	83.7	1	1.4	7	15.1	381	0.8	37	0.76
Hinckley and Bosworth	63	51	82.2	2	2.8	10	15.7	835	1.3	46	0.73
Melton	30	25	83.9	1	3.2	4	13.1	286	1.0	22	0.74
North West Leicestershire	54	43	80.2	2	3.5	9	16.8	676	1.2	49	0.90
Oadby and Wigston	34	26	76.7	1	3.0	7	20.9	551	1.6	18	0.55
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	398	291	75.3	13	3.9	83	21.5	6,151	1.5	305	0.78
Boston	34	25	76.2	1	4.2	7	20.5	417	1.2	28	0.84
East Lindsey	77	52	70.9	3	4.8	19	25.6	1,425	1.9	54	0.71
Lincoln	56	37	70.3	2	6.0	13	25.0	1,386	2.5	56	1.03
North Kesteven	59	45	79.4	2	3.3	10	17.8	585	1.0	39	0.67
South Holland	46	36	77.7	1	3.5	9	19.3	567	1.2	38	0.84
South Kesteven	77	61	78.8	2	2.4	15	19.2	836	1.1	59	0.77
West Lindsey	50	35	74.3	2	4.0	11	22.4	935	1.9	31	0.63
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	404	319	80.2	10	3.0	69	17.3	6,797	1.7	335	0.83
Corby	33	26	80.2	1	3.6	5	16.7	976	3.0	30	0.92
Daventry	47	36	78.4	1	3.3	9	18.8	581	1.2	35	0.76
East Northamptonshire	49	40	81.7	1	2.8	8	16.1	664	1.3	28	0.57
Kettering	53	40	78.3	1	2.6	10	19.5	857	1.6	40	0.77
Northampton	125	96	78.3	3	3.1	23	19.1	2,573	2.1	130	1.04
South Northamptonshire	52	45	85.9	1	1.9	7	12.5	372	0.7	34	0.66
Wellingborough	45	36	80.8	1	3.7	7	16.0	775	1.7	37	0.83
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	467	345	75.4	16	4.2	97	21.2	7,593	1.6	292	0.63
Ashfield	70	53	75.6	3	4.6	14	20.7	1,391	2.0	45	0.65
Bassetlaw	68	49	76.3	3	4.9	13	19.6	1,269	1.9	47	0.70
Broxtowe	68	48	71.7	2	3.9	17	25.3	1,015	1.5	36	0.53
Gedling	68	51	76.5	3	4.8	13	19.5	1,043	1.5	35	0.51
Mansfield	60	42	71.3	2	4.0	15	25.6	1,310	2.2	41	0.68
Newark and Sherwood	66	50	78.2	1	2.5	13	19.8	944	1.4	46	0.71

# 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

mid-2004		January 2004 to December 2004							2003		
Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Rushcliffe	66	52	78.1	3	4.8	12	17.9	622	0.9	42	0.64

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004		January 2004 to December 2004						2003			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,064</b>	<b>26,951</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>866,144</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>30,567</b>	<b>0.83</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,642</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>53,290</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>0.78</b>	
Amber Valley	..	48	78.1	2	3.4	12	19.6	995	1.8	43	0.77	
Ashfield	..	45	71.6	3	5.9	15	23.9	1,196	2.1	41	0.71	
Bassetlaw	..	42	75.5	2	5.1	11	20.3	1,053	1.9	38	0.69	
Blaby	..	50	83.3	1	1.1	9	15.7	646	1.1	51	0.84	
Bolsover	..	35	67.3	2	5.6	15	28.5	1,265	2.4	27	0.51	
Boston & Skegness	..	38	73.6	2	4.7	12	22.7	884	1.7	44	0.84	
Bosworth	..	46	81.5	2	3.0	9	16.1	761	1.4	41	0.74	
Broxtowe	..	41	72.9	1	3.1	14	24.7	841	1.4	31	0.54	
Charnwood	..	49	81.9	1	2.3	10	16.1	752	1.3	35	0.60	
Chesterfield	..	41	72.2	2	4.2	14	24.6	1,655	3.0	54	0.98	
Corby	..	51	80.5	2	3.4	11	16.8	1,256	2.1	46	0.77	
Daventry	..	63	81.9	2	2.6	12	15.8	796	1.1	56	0.76	
Derby North	..	43	78.3	3	6.1	9	16.8	1,342	2.2	41	0.70	
Derby South	..	44	64.5	4	8.9	20	29.0	2,611	4.1	78	1.27	
Erewash	..	53	81.5	2	3.4	10	15.5	1,225	1.9	42	0.65	
Gainsborough	..	37	74.1	2	4.5	11	22.5	964	1.9	32	0.65	
Gedling	..	40	77.1	2	5.4	10	18.4	844	1.5	26	0.47	
Grantham & Stamford	..	47	78.5	1	2.8	11	19.1	692	1.2	49	0.83	
Harborough	..	45	79.6	1	2.3	11	18.5	743	1.3	35	0.62	
High Peak	..	48	78.5	2	4.3	11	18.0	856	1.5	40	0.67	
Kettering	..	50	78.9	1	2.5	12	19.0	944	1.5	47	0.75	
Leicester East	..	43	67.6	3	5.6	18	28.5	2,528	4.6	34	0.62	
Leicester South	..	35	61.0	4	9.1	19	32.7	3,190	4.8	81	1.23	
Leicester West	..	36	66.5	4	9.8	14	26.2	2,879	5.1	60	1.06	
Lincoln	..	40	71.8	3	5.7	13	23.7	1,418	2.5	59	1.05	
Loughborough	..	43	73.8	2	4.6	13	22.5	1,025	1.7	46	0.78	
Louth & Horncastle	..	38	71.6	2	4.0	13	25.4	930	1.8	37	0.71	
Mansfield	..	37	71.5	2	4.2	13	25.3	1,155	2.2	38	0.73	
Newark	..	44	79.9	1	2.3	10	18.1	964	1.8	41	0.75	
North East Derbyshire	..	41	75.9	1	3.2	12	21.5	1,161	2.1	31	0.57	
North West Leicestershire	..	43	80.2	2	3.5	9	16.8	676	1.3	49	0.92	
Northampton North	..	40	74.8	2	3.9	12	22.0	1,394	2.3	45	0.74	
Northampton South	..	64	81.7	2	2.6	13	16.2	1,249	1.7	91	1.26	
Nottingham East	..	34	65.3	4	10.5	14	27.0	2,430	4.3	57	1.01	
Nottingham North	..	36	64.5	4	9.5	16	28.5	2,284	4.4	31	0.59	
Nottingham South	..	38	60.3	3	7.6	22	34.5	1,827	2.8	109	1.70	
Rushcliffe	..	52	78.1	3	4.8	12	17.9	622	0.9	42	0.65	
Rutland & Melton	..	49	81.0	2	3.0	10	16.4	445	0.8	42	0.72	
Sherwood	..	44	76.8	1	2.9	12	20.9	919	1.5	33	0.56	
Sleaford & North Hykeham	..	46	79.2	2	3.4	10	18.0	600	1.0	40	0.68	
South Derbyshire	..	53	79.4	1	1.7	13	19.2	826	1.2	36	0.56	
South Holland & The Deepings	..	46	77.6	1	2.8	12	20.1	664	1.2	44	0.81	
Wellingborough	..	51	81.5	2	3.2	10	15.6	1,159	1.8	49	0.76	
West Derbyshire	..	38	77.6	1	2.1	10	20.6	627	1.1	48	0.86	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

# 14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004		January 2004 to December 2004						2003		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,064</b>	<b>26,951</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>866,144</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>30,567</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,642</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>53,290</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>0.78</b>
Boston	..	27	76.2	1	3.8	7	20.9	437	1.2	29	0.82
Buxton	..	31	80.1	1	3.5	7	17.2	466	1.3	25	0.70
Chesterfield	..	76	70.5	5	5.6	27	25.2	3,004	2.8	80	0.73
Derby	..	149	74.2	9	5.4	43	21.5	5,025	2.3	180	0.86
Gainsborough	..	15	71.0	1	5.3	5	24.8	645	3.1	14	0.66
Grantham	..	27	79.9	1	3.3	6	17.2	504	1.4	32	0.88
Horncastle	..	12	80.6	#	#	3	18.7	164	1.1	10	0.72
Kettering and Corby	..	69	78.7	2	3.1	16	18.7	1,859	2.1	71	0.82
Leicester	..	289	74.4	14	4.6	85	22.0	11,174	2.9	326	0.84
Lincoln	..	81	74.5	4	4.5	24	21.9	1,926	1.8	91	0.85
Loughborough	..	55	73.7	3	5.1	17	22.2	1,254	1.6	56	0.69
Louth	..	14	74.9	1	4.9	4	20.8	375	1.9	15	0.79
Mansfield	..	129	72.5	6	4.3	43	24.2	3,590	2.1	124	0.71
Matlock	..	28	78.6	1	1.8	7	19.9	422	1.1	36	0.94
Melton Mowbray & Oakham	..	24	83.5	1	3.0	4	13.8	268	1.0	21	0.75
Newark	..	31	82.0	1	2.0	6	16.3	594	1.6	31	0.82
Northampton	..	148	79.3	5	3.2	33	18.0	3,269	1.8	174	0.95
Nottingham	..	330	72.0	21	5.8	108	23.5	11,006	2.4	368	0.80
Retford	..	17	75.8	1	4.0	5	20.9	449	1.8	16	0.65
Skegness and Mablethorpe	..	21	64.2	2	7.2	10	31.0	819	2.5	26	0.79
Sleaford	..	21	79.7	1	3.3	5	17.4	289	1.1	18	0.73
Spalding and Holbeach	..	34	78.5	1	3.6	8	18.5	526	1.3	37	0.91
Stamford	..	43	78.2	1	2.1	11	20.0	349	0.7	39	0.76
Wellingborough	..	68	82.4	2	3.1	12	14.9	1,419	1.7	60	0.71
Worksop	..	30	76.8	2	5.6	7	18.5	773	2.1	28	0.74

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004		January 2004 to December 2004						2003			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,064</b>	<b>26,951</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>866,144</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>30,567</b>	<b>0.83</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,642</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>75.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>53,290</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2,044</b>	<b>0.78</b>	
Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire												
Derby	144	96	70.9	8	7.1	32	23.7	4,190	2.9	124	0.87	
East Derbyshire	164	118	71.9	5	4.3	41	24.8	4,081	2.5	112	0.68	
South & West Derbyshire	291	231	79.4	7	3.0	53	18.2	4,293	1.5	205	0.71	
Nottingham	183	108	63.2	11	9.1	52	30.3	6,540	3.6	197	1.09	
North Nottinghamshire	264	194	75.4	8	4.0	55	21.4	4,914	1.9	178	0.68	
South Nottinghamshire	203	151	75.4	7	4.5	42	20.9	2,679	1.3	113	0.56	
Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire												
Leicester	183	114	65.1	10	8.0	51	29.1	8,597	4.7	175	0.97	
Leicestershire CC & Rutland	409	324	80.2	10	2.8	71	17.4	5,048	1.2	299	0.74	
Northamptonshire	404	319	80.2	10	3.0	69	17.3	6,797	1.7	335	0.83	
Lincolnshire												
Lincolnshire	398	291	75.3	13	3.9	83	21.5	6,151	1.5	305	0.78	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 SEPTEMBER 2005						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>636,411</b>	<b>235,121</b>	<b>871,532</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,527</b>	<b>12,172</b>	<b>43,699</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>39,310</b>	<b>15,452</b>	<b>54,762</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3,596</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>4,498</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	3,096	1,036	4,132	4.1	1.5	2.9	114	-26	88	0.2	0.0	0.1
<b>Leicester UA</b>	6,441	2,567	9,008	6.9	2.9	4.9	511	160	671	0.5	0.2	0.4
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	5,099	1,657	6,756	5.2	1.9	3.7	348	156	504	0.4	0.2	0.3
<b>Rutland UA</b>	76	26	102	0.6	0.3	0.5	14	-12	2	0.1	-0.1	0.0
<b>Derbyshire</b>	5,853	2,376	8,229	2.5	1.1	1.8	228	-36	192	0.1	0.0	0.0
Amber Valley	784	340	1,124	2.1	1.0	1.6	-2	-34	-36	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Bolsover	826	313	1,139	3.5	1.5	2.6	57	14	71	0.2	0.1	0.2
Chesterfield	1,270	471	1,741	4.0	1.6	2.9	16	15	31	0.1	0.1	0.1
Derbyshire Dales	274	101	375	1.2	0.5	0.9	9	-25	-16	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Erewash	975	400	1,375	2.8	1.2	2.0	145	10	155	0.4	0.0	0.2
High Peak	503	216	719	1.7	0.8	1.3	-30	-31	-61	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
North East Derbyshire	801	338	1,139	2.6	1.2	1.9	2	9	11	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Derbyshire	420	197	617	1.5	0.8	1.1	31	6	37	0.1	0.0	0.1
<b>Leicestershire</b>	3,329	1,513	4,842	1.6	0.8	1.3	148	-30	118	0.1	0.0	0.0
Blaby	450	213	663	1.5	0.8	1.2	5	5	10	0.0	0.0	0.0
Charnwood	1,013	442	1,455	1.9	0.9	1.4	29	-36	-7	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Harborough	271	113	384	1.1	0.5	0.8	40	2	42	0.2	0.0	0.1
Hinckley and Bosworth	531	272	803	1.6	0.9	1.3	20	3	23	0.1	0.0	0.0
Melton	206	99	305	1.3	0.7	1.0	16	6	22	0.1	0.0	0.1
North West Leicestershire	434	191	625	1.5	0.7	1.2	-8	-28	-36	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
Oadby and Wigston	424	183	607	2.4	1.1	1.8	46	18	64	0.3	0.1	0.2
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	4,660	1,896	6,556	2.2	1.0	1.6	784	242	1,026	0.4	0.1	0.3
Boston	423	162	585	2.4	1.0	1.7	171	43	214	1.0	0.3	0.6
East Lindsey	960	328	1,288	2.4	0.9	1.7	173	-5	168	0.4	0.0	0.2
Lincoln	1,118	337	1,455	3.9	1.2	2.6	123	35	158	0.4	0.1	0.3
North Kesteven	445	200	645	1.4	0.7	1.1	105	17	122	0.3	0.1	0.2
South Holland	420	234	654	1.8	1.1	1.4	56	54	110	0.2	0.2	0.2
South Kesteven	670	339	1,009	1.7	0.9	1.3	143	81	224	0.4	0.2	0.3
West Lindsey	624	296	920	2.4	1.2	1.9	13	17	30	0.1	0.1	0.1
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	5,080	2,162	7,242	2.4	1.1	1.8	799	298	1,097	0.4	0.2	0.3
Corby	627	290	917	3.7	1.8	2.8	56	60	116	0.3	0.4	0.4
Daventry	353	183	536	1.4	0.8	1.1	25	6	31	0.1	0.0	0.1
East Northamptonshire	476	233	709	1.9	1.0	1.4	84	37	121	0.3	0.2	0.2
Kettering	638	269	907	2.3	1.1	1.7	67	23	90	0.2	0.1	0.2
Northampton	2,075	758	2,833	3.2	1.3	2.3	403	83	486	0.6	0.1	0.4
South Northamptonshire	246	122	368	0.9	0.5	0.7	15	10	25	0.1	0.0	0.0
Wellingborough	665	307	972	2.8	1.4	2.2	149	79	228	0.6	0.4	0.5
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	5,676	2,219	7,895	2.3	1.0	1.7	650	150	800	0.3	0.1	0.2
Ashfield	1,023	358	1,381	2.8	1.1	2.0	121	-15	106	0.3	0.0	0.2
Bassetlaw	914	375	1,289	2.6	1.2	1.9	78	11	89	0.2	0.0	0.1
Broxtowe	710	315	1,025	2.0	1.0	1.5	11	22	33	0.0	0.1	0.0
Gedling	802	324	1,126	2.3	1.0	1.7	77	46	123	0.2	0.1	0.2
Mansfield	1,044	402	1,446	3.4	1.4	2.4	181	71	252	0.6	0.2	0.4
Newark and Sherwood	751	270	1,021	2.2	0.9	1.5	137	18	155	0.4	0.1	0.2
Rushcliffe	432	175	607	1.3	0.6	0.9	45	-3	42	0.1	0.0	0.1

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 SEPTEMBER 2005						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>636,411</b>	<b>235,121</b>	<b>871,532</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,527</b>	<b>12,172</b>	<b>43,699</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>39,310</b>	<b>15,452</b>	<b>54,762</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3,596</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>4,498</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Amber Valley	680	299	979	2.3	1.1	1.7	-2	-19	-21	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Ashfield	890	342	1,232	3.0	1.2	2.1	113	15	128	0.4	0.1	0.2
Bassetlaw	796	336	1,132	2.8	1.3	2.1	112	34	146	0.4	0.1	0.3
Blaby	432	199	631	1.4	0.7	1.0	-17	6	-11	-0.1	0.0	0.0
Bolsover	952	371	1,323	3.5	1.5	2.5	52	7	59	0.2	0.0	0.1
Boston & Skegness	748	267	1,015	2.7	1.1	2.0	249	57	306	0.9	0.2	0.6
Bosworth	491	246	737	1.7	0.9	1.3	13	3	16	0.0	0.0	0.0
Broxtowe	577	258	835	1.9	0.9	1.4	1	17	18	0.0	0.1	0.0
Charnwood	476	250	726	1.6	0.9	1.3	45	-32	13	0.2	-0.1	0.0
Chesterfield	1,145	426	1,571	4.0	1.6	2.8	1	15	16	0.0	0.1	0.0
Corby	822	382	1,204	2.6	1.3	2.0	83	70	153	0.3	0.2	0.3
Daventry	514	248	762	1.3	0.7	1.0	46	3	49	0.1	0.0	0.1
Derby North	1,001	327	1,328	3.1	1.1	2.2	60	-5	55	0.2	0.0	0.1
Derby South	1,898	647	2,545	5.8	2.1	4.0	38	-21	17	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Erewash	953	386	1,339	2.9	1.3	2.1	154	15	169	0.5	0.0	0.3
Gainsborough	646	307	953	2.5	1.3	1.9	17	19	36	0.1	0.1	0.1
Gedling	659	270	929	2.4	1.0	1.7	61	60	121	0.2	0.2	0.2
Grantham & Stamford	568	280	848	1.9	1.0	1.4	136	71	207	0.4	0.3	0.4
Harborough	563	236	799	1.9	0.9	1.4	76	18	94	0.3	0.1	0.2
High Peak	524	222	746	1.7	0.8	1.3	-25	-32	-57	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Kettering	683	297	980	2.1	1.0	1.6	60	28	88	0.2	0.1	0.1
Leicester East	1,800	902	2,702	6.5	3.4	5.0	155	68	223	0.6	0.3	0.4
Leicester South	2,476	847	3,323	7.3	2.7	5.0	181	74	255	0.5	0.2	0.4
Leicester West	2,165	818	2,983	7.6	2.9	5.3	175	18	193	0.6	0.1	0.3
Lincoln	1,147	346	1,493	4.0	1.3	2.7	138	37	175	0.5	0.1	0.3
Loughborough	683	268	951	2.2	1.0	1.6	15	-8	7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Louth & Horncastle	613	212	825	2.2	0.9	1.6	91	-21	70	0.3	-0.1	0.1
Mansfield	908	354	1,262	3.4	1.4	2.4	139	63	202	0.5	0.2	0.4
Newark	714	261	975	2.5	1.0	1.8	83	-5	78	0.3	0.0	0.1
North East Derbyshire	800	325	1,125	2.8	1.2	2.1	22	16	38	0.1	0.1	0.1
North West Leicestershire	434	191	625	1.6	0.8	1.2	-8	-28	-36	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
Northampton North	1,084	420	1,504	3.6	1.4	2.5	179	36	215	0.6	0.1	0.4
Northampton South	1,031	367	1,398	2.7	1.1	1.9	225	55	280	0.6	0.2	0.4
Nottingham East	1,880	609	2,489	6.3	2.3	4.4	52	89	141	0.2	0.3	0.2
Nottingham North	1,772	636	2,408	6.7	2.5	4.7	164	60	224	0.6	0.2	0.4
Nottingham South	1,447	412	1,859	4.1	1.4	2.9	132	7	139	0.4	0.0	0.2
Rushcliffe	432	175	607	1.3	0.6	0.9	45	-3	42	0.1	0.0	0.1
Rutland & Melton	326	149	475	1.1	0.6	0.8	38	-1	37	0.1	0.0	0.1
Sherwood	700	223	923	2.3	0.8	1.6	96	-31	65	0.3	-0.1	0.1
Sleaford & North Hykeham	448	214	662	1.5	0.8	1.1	96	18	114	0.3	0.1	0.2
South Derbyshire	617	259	876	1.8	0.8	1.3	47	6	53	0.1	0.0	0.1
South Holland & The Deepings	490	270	760	1.7	1.0	1.4	57	61	118	0.2	0.2	0.2
Wellingborough	946	448	1,394	2.8	1.4	2.2	206	106	312	0.6	0.3	0.5
West Derbyshire	379	150	529	1.3	0.6	1.0	-5	-44	-49	0.0	-0.2	-0.1

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.