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**Coverage**  
East Midlands  
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# Labour market statistics

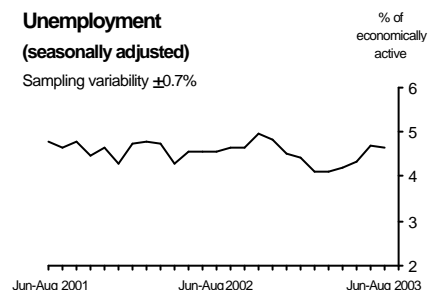
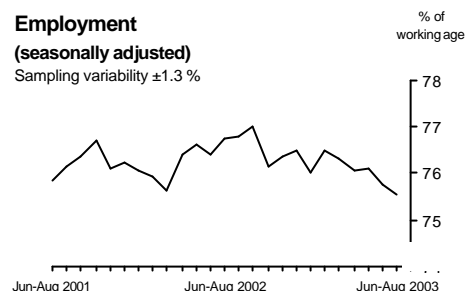
## October 2003: East Midlands

**All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified**

Latest Labour Force Survey data over the year to August 2003 indicate employment and unemployment stable in the East Midlands.

Data for the three months to August 2003 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 75.6 per cent, down 1.2 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 4.6 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to September 2003.



**Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated**

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Jun-Aug	2,010	75.6	-15	$\pm 53$	-1.2	$\pm 1.7$
Unemployment**	Jun-Aug	98	4.6	1	$\pm 19$	0.1	$\pm 0.9$
Economically active*	Jun-Aug	2,107	79.3	-14	$\pm 53$	-1.1	$\pm 1.6$
Economically inactive+ of which	Jun-Aug	531	20.7	31	$\pm 60$	1.1	$\pm 1.8$
Not wanting a job+	Jun-Aug	396		19	$\pm 56$		
Wanting a job+	Jun-Aug	135		12	$\pm 28$		
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Jun 2003	1,956		-14	..		
Claimant count	Sep 2003	59.6	2.9**	1.1		0.1	

See background note 2 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 17 and 18. See note on page 8 for further details.

.. Not available.

From May 2001: vacancy series deferred (see note on page 9).

**New this month:**

June to August 2003 data: latest three-month average LFS results;

September 2003 data: claimant count;

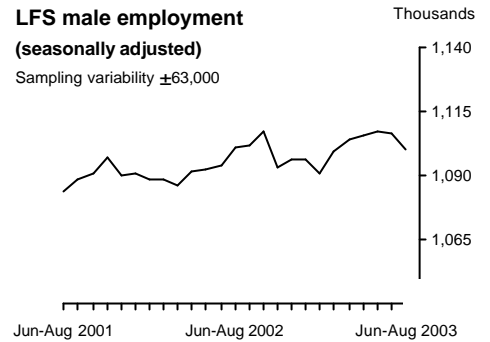
June 2003 data: workforce jobs.

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**Employment (tables 1 to 6)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the East Midlands was 75.6 per cent in the June to August 2003 period, down 1.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.01 million in the June to August 2003 period, down 15,000 on the same period a year earlier.



LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the number of employees and an increase in the number of self-employed over the past year.

LFS estimates suggest a decrease in the number of full-time workers and part-time workers over the past year.



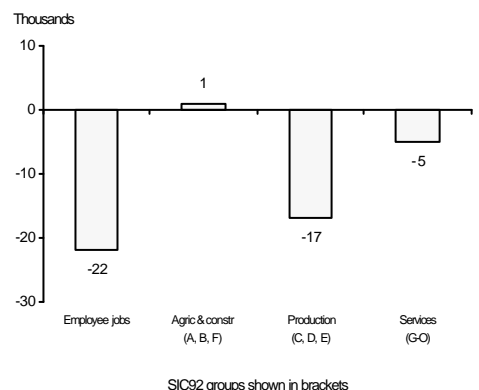
Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 1,000 in the quarter to June 2003.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 22,000 in the year to June 2003. This was mainly due to falls in the manufacturing and service industries, partly offset by growth in 'other' industries.

**Unemployment (table 1)**

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the East Midlands was 4.6 per cent in the June to August 2003 period, up 0.1 percentage point on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in June to August 2003 were 4.9 and 4.3 per cent respectively.

**Employee jobs by industry**  
Change on year from June 2002

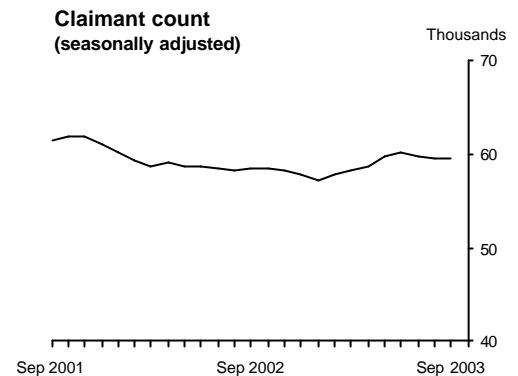


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**Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)**

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in September 2003 was 2.9 per cent, unchanged from August 2003, and up 0.1 percentage point since September 2002. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in September 2003 was 59,600, up 100 on August 2003, and up 1,100 since September 2002. The not seasonally adjusted number of claimants was 58,500 in September 2003.



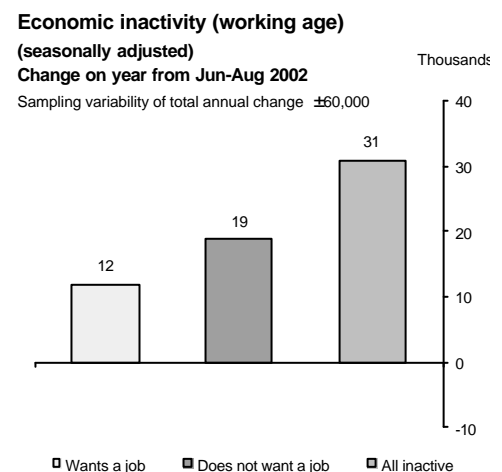
The not seasonally adjusted number of computerised claims of people aged 18 to 24 was 16,400 in September 2003, up 1,000 over the year. Changes in the number of computerised claims for all other age and duration groups over the year were mixed.

**Economically active (tables 1 and 9)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the East Midlands was 2.11 million in the June to August 2003 period.

**Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically inactive people in the East Midlands in the June to August 2003 period was 1.22 million, with 531,000 of these of working age. Over the year the number of economically inactive people of working age was up 31,000.



**Vacancies (table 12)**

Publication of the seasonally adjusted Jobcentre vacancy series has been deferred. Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct – see note on page 9.

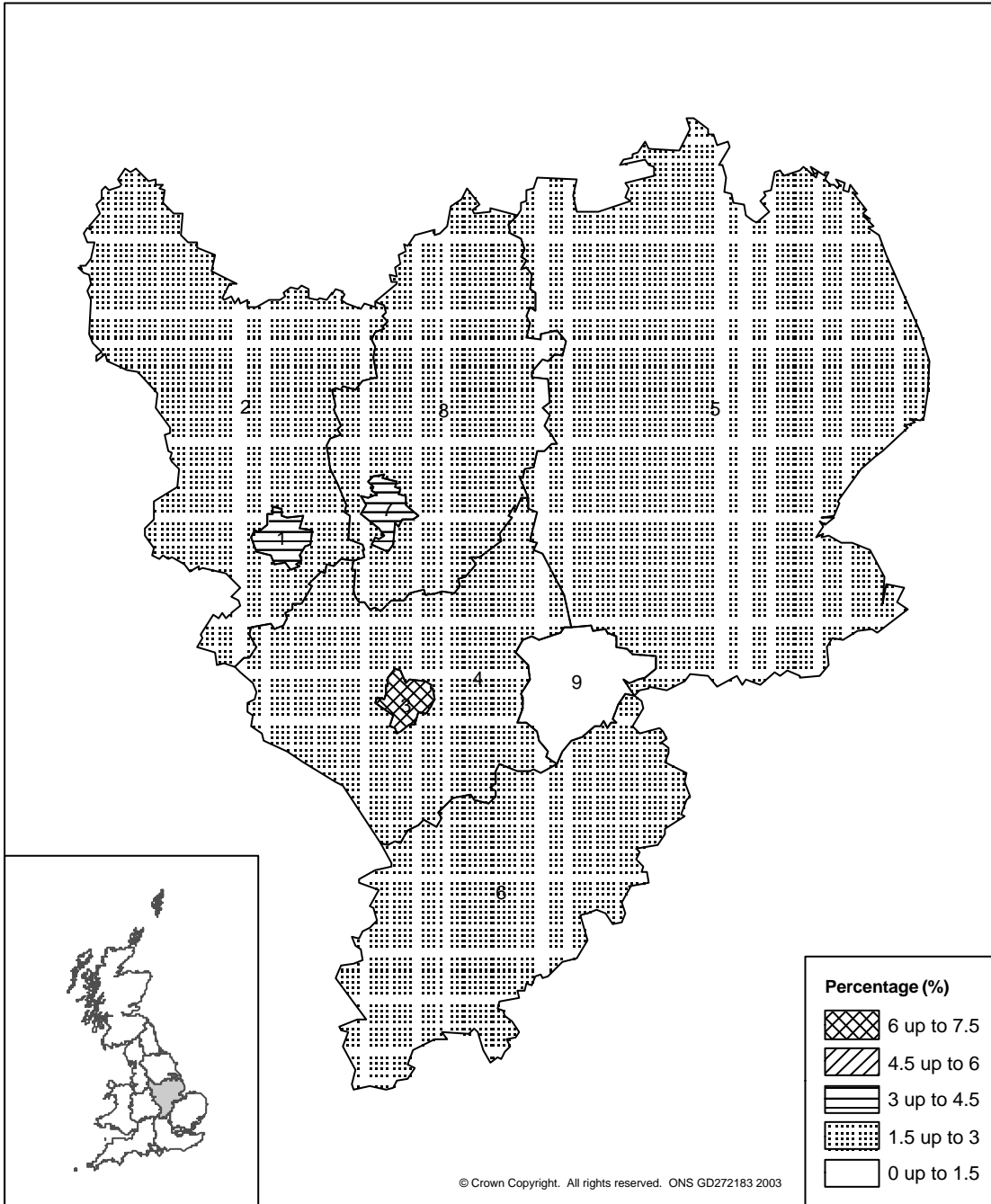
**Local area data (table 17)**

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Rutland UA, at 0.6 per cent. It was highest in Leicester UA, at 6.0 per cent.

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Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA  
September 2003 - East Midlands



1	Derby UA	3.4%
2	Derbyshire	1.9%
3	Leicester UA	6.0%
4	Leicestershire	1.6%
5	Lincolnshire	1.6%
6	Northamptonshire	1.9%
7	Nottingham UA	4.2%
8	Nottinghamshire	1.8%
9	Rutland UA	0.6%

## REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions this month to the data in this release.

## THIS MONTH

### **Labour Market Statistics Manual**

An experimental web-based manual to support users of labour market statistics has recently been published on the National Statistics website. *Labour Market Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods* will help users to interpret data within the framework of labour market statistics, and promote coherence and consistency in the information produced by ONS. This manual will also include the blueprint for the subnational labour market statistics framework. The manual can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour\\_manual](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour_manual). See also the article on page 415 of the August 2003 issue of *Labour Market Trends*.

## NEXT MONTH

### **Local area claimant count proportions and jobs densities**

To be consistent with the interim re-weighting of LFS data (see note on page 7), the population based denominators for claimant count and jobs densities, for local areas, will be updated for next month, based on the new population estimates published on 26 September. Revised claimant count proportions and jobs densities (Tables 13 to 18) will be published on 12 November.

## SPECIAL

### **New tables presenting a labour market framework for local areas**

In July's release four new tables were introduced (one for each of the four local area geographies: local authorities, parliamentary constituencies, travel-to-work areas and NUTS 3 areas) which present a framework of labour market statistics in order to give a better overall picture of the labour market for the local area. The tables are structured to present indicators on labour supply, labour demand and claimants of the Jobseekers' Allowance (JSA) working age benefit. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)). A new labour demand indicator, jobs density, is included in these tables. The jobs density is the total number of jobs in the area (including employees, self-employed, government-supported trainees and armed forces personnel) divided by the number of working age residents of the

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area. The data in the Framework tables are annual, and come from a number of different sources.

As the new Framework tables contain annual Labour Force Survey (LFS) data, the table containing an annual local area LFS summary has been discontinued. Also, the tables giving monthly JSA claimant data have been retained for local authorities and parliamentary constituencies, but have been discontinued for travel-to-work areas and NUTS 3 areas. JSA claimant data for travel-to-work areas and NUTS 3 areas will continue to be available electronically, via Nomis<sup>®</sup>.

## **Interim Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates consistent with the 2001 Census**

### **Regional LFS estimates**

The publication, in February 2003, of Census 2001-consistent population estimates at local authority level has allowed the production of interim regional LFS estimates for the first time. Regional estimates consistent with the 2001 Census have been produced and were first published in the April 2003 release.

The population data published in February only covered periods up to mid-2001. Regional population totals for 2002-3 are derived from two separate sources. Totals for the countries of the UK are based on the 2001 Census-consistent interim projections published by the Government Actuary's Department (GAD) in November 2002. Totals for the English regions are calculated by applying the growth rates from the published 2000-based sub-national projections (consistent with 1991-based population totals) to the revised regional estimates for 2001. The totals calculated for 2002-3 were then constrained to the interim GAD projections for England referred to above.

Interim regional estimates have been produced for all periods back to the three-month period ending February 1997. Regional level LFS time series for earlier periods will be compiled and released as part of ONS's full LFS reweighting exercise. Estimates for geographies below regions have not been reweighted using the interim method, but these also will be released as part of the full LFS reweighting exercise.

The methodology used to produce the interim regional LFS estimates is broadly consistent with that used to produce the UK interim LFS estimates. In broad terms, the old and new population data by age and sex were used to produce a matrix of adjustment factors for each region. These were then applied to the pre-2001 Census regional LFS estimates by sex and age. Where no age breakdown was available (as for full-time/part-time workers) these were scaled to the new reweighted totals.

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Users of the interim regional LFS estimates should note that the interim methodology used does not achieve full additivity between the regional estimates and the national LFS estimates (though the differences are small). Full additivity in the series will be restored by the full reweighting exercise.

Guidance notes and details of the methodology used for producing the interim LFS estimates are available in a paper on the website at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/Interim\\_reweighting\\_methodology\\_article.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/Interim_reweighting_methodology_article.pdf).

### **Keeping LFS and population estimates consistent**

During 2002, ONS introduced a new system in which interim, revised LFS time series, consistent with the 2001 Census, were published with very little delay following the release of the revised population estimates. Moving on from this innovation, ONS's aim is to ensure that its published LFS estimates continue to be kept closely in line with the latest published population estimates.

By 2005, re-engineered LFS systems will be in place that will enable the latest mid-year population estimate (MYE) to be incorporated into both revised LFS time series and revised microdata in September, following the release of each year's MYE in August.

In September 2004, ONS will issue interim, revised LFS time series which incorporate the latest 2003 MYE published in August.

In 2004, also, the revised LFS microdata, and the final revised LFS time series based on this, will be published in November. This means that in September and October, the LFS microdata for the previous two years or so will not be consistent with the interim, revised LFS time series. It also means that the June to August LFS microdata will be released in November, consistent with the latest population MYE, rather than, as previously, in October. Moreover, ONS and the Government Actuary's Department will be working together to ensure that the population data used for revising LFS series and microdata are in line with the latest population projections.

While this approach was also to be followed in 2003, the delayed publication of the mid-2002 population estimates for England and Wales from 7 August until 26 September has meant that alternative plans have had to be developed.

ONS will now publish revised, interim LFS time series, incorporating the population estimates published on 26 September, in the November national and regional LMS First Releases. These series will also incorporate the revised population estimates for 1992 to 2000 to be published by ONS on 23 October.

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New plans for revising the LFS microdata, taking into account post 2001 Census population estimates, are being developed and will be announced as soon as possible. It currently appears that the earliest achievable date is March 2004.

Further details are given on the National Statistics website at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/Keeping\\_LFS\\_estimates\\_in\\_line.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/Keeping_LFS_estimates_in_line.pdf).

Each year's LFS seasonal adjustment review will be scheduled to coincide with the publication of the revised LFS microdata in order to avoid an additional occasion each year when revisions are made. Where the seasonal adjustment review has in the past taken place in the spring it will now take place in the autumn. As a result of the exceptional circumstances outlined above, the results of the next seasonal adjustment review are likely to be included in the March 2004 LMS First Releases.

### **Claimant count rates**

Following the recommendations in the LMS Framework Review, the workplace-based claimant count rates for sub-regional areas have been withdrawn from National Statistics and have ceased to appear in ONS publications. Users wishing to calculate the rates themselves will be able to continue to do so, using information readily accessible via the Nomis® website (<http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>).

ONS is now publishing local area claimant count figures as a proportion of the resident working age population. Claimant count proportions for local authorities and for NUTS 3 areas are calculated using the mid-2001 population estimates published by ONS on 10 October 2002. Comparable figures for countries and regions of the United Kingdom are also published. Claimant count proportions for parliamentary constituencies are based on population data from the 2001 Census by output area, published on 30 June, adjusted to be consistent with the official mid-year population estimates.

### **Tables 13 to 16: Local labour market indicators and Table 19: Comparison of pre-2001 and post-2001 Census population data**

Tables 13 to 16 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

These tables include data from the annual local area Labour Force Survey. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national

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and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the 2001 Census results. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. These annual tables will be brought into line with the 2001 Census using the same full reweighting method to be applied to the main LFS. The timetable for revising the annual tables is currently being reviewed following the delayed publication of the 2002 mid-year population estimates from 7 August to 19 September 2003 (see note on page 7). For more information on the annual local area Labour Force Survey, see background note 4.

Table 19 compares the 2001 working age population projections for local areas included in this release with the 2001 Census-based mid-year working age population estimates for 2001. The table is intended to give users an indication of the magnitude of possible changes to estimates of labour force survey variables when revised estimates are produced. It does not contain sufficient information to accurately predict what the revised estimates will be.

### **Vacancy data**

Publication of the Jobcentre vacancy series has been deferred due to distortions to the data as a result of the introduction of Employer Direct by Jobcentre Plus.

A limited range of statistics on Jobcentre Plus vacancies, relating to the inflows of newly-notified vacancies, is now being made available on Nomis<sup>®</sup>, though not at this stage as National Statistics. (For further details see the news and research item on page 455 of the September 2002 issue of *Labour Market Trends*.)

The introduction of Employer Direct, a major change which involves transferring the vacancy-taking process from local Jobcentres to regional Customer Service Centres, has affected the data since May 2001. Employer Direct has been gradually introduced across Great Britain as part of modernising the former Employment Service (now part of Jobcentre Plus) and has had the following effects:

- A temporary reduction in the recorded level of outflows and placings owing to some delays in following up vacancies with employers associated with the introduction of the new arrangements.
- An increase in the recorded level of newly-notified vacancies.
- Both the above effects have led to an increase in the recorded stock of unfilled vacancies.

Investigations have shown that these effects are substantial for all the vacancy series. While they cannot be quantified precisely, the effects are large enough to prevent meaningful comparisons with

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earlier data. Some of the distortions will also persist for a while after the full implementation of Employer Direct, which was completed in all regions at the end of January 2002. Publication of the Jobcentre vacancy series has therefore been deferred. ONS and the Department for Work and Pensions are continuing to monitor and review the data with the aim of reinstating the series as soon as possible.

The publication of the vacancy figures for Northern Ireland has been suspended since March 1999 as a result of a discontinuity identified during the introduction of a new computer system for processing vacancies to local offices of the Department for Employment and Learning (DEL). In the course of correcting for this difficulty, further problems of a procedural nature came to light as contributory factors. These further issues have delayed the reinstatement of published vacancy figures for Northern Ireland. DEL have now introduced a new internet-based operational system for vacancies and have resumed publication of some non-seasonally adjusted vacancy data for Northern Ireland on a provisional basis.

### **Claimant count**

The introduction of Joint Claims for Jobseeker's Allowance on 19 March 2001, and its extension on 28 October 2002, means that both members of certain couples are now required to claim JSA jointly and both are required to look for work. The claimant count continues to include all individual claimants, so there are some extra claimants included as a result of these changes.

Since 19 March 2001 Joint Claims for JSA has applied to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 19 March 1976 and is aged over 18. Joint Claims was extended on 28 October 2002 to couples without dependent children where at least one member was born after 28 October 1957.

ONS estimates that the introduction of Joint Claims had an initial upward effect on the claimant count, which accumulated between April and August 2001, of some 600 for the East Midlands region at the time (approximately 200 men and 400 women). For the UK overall the initial impact was some 6,500 (approximately 2,200 men and 4,300 women). The total effect of the extension on 28 October has been to add a further estimated 350 claimants (100 men and 250 women) to the count for the East Midlands region between October 2002 and February 2003 and 3,800 for the UK overall (approximately 900 men and 2,900 women).

The extent to which the introduction of Joint Claims may be treated as a discontinuity in the count, following past precedent, is difficult to assess but we will continue to monitor and review the

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effects. For information about previous treatment of discontinuities in the claimant count see, for example, the article 'Changes to the coverage of the monthly count of claimant unemployment' in *Labour Market Trends*, November 1995, page 398.

## BACKGROUND NOTES

1. More information on the statistics in this release can be found in the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*, available from the labour market helpline 020 7533 6094. Information is also available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp>.
2. Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

### June to August 2003

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	1,971	2,010	2,049	-64	-10	45	-68	-15	38
<b>Employment rate</b>	74.2%	75.6%	76.9%	-2.2%	-0.5%	1.2%	-2.9%	-1.2%	0.5%
<b>Unemployment</b>	85	98	111	-8	9	26	-18	1	20
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	3.9%	4.6%	5.3%	-0.4%	0.4%	1.3%	-0.8%	0.1%	1.0%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,068	2,107	2,146	-55	0	54	-67	-14	39
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	78.0%	79.3%	80.6%	-1.8%	-0.1%	1.5%	-2.8%	-1.1%	0.5%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	479	531	583	-58	3	65	-28	31	91

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## Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures

### June to August 2003

	Employment	Unemployment	Economically Active	Working age Economically Inactive	Employment Rate (%)	Unemployment Rate (%)
	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)		
North East	± 35	± 12	± 35	± 41	± 1.8	± 1.0
North West	± 63	± 19	± 62	± 71	± 1.2	± 0.6
Yorks & Humber	± 48	± 16	± 47	± 54	± 1.2	± 0.6
East Midlands	± 39	± 13	± 39	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 49	± 16	± 49	± 56	± 1.2	± 0.6
East	± 50	± 15	± 49	± 57	± 1.1	± 0.5
London	± 65	± 26	± 62	± 69	± 1.1	± 0.7
South East	± 59	± 18	± 57	± 67	± 0.9	± 0.4
South West	± 49	± 13	± 49	± 57	± 1.2	± 0.5
Wales	± 39	± 12	± 38	± 44	± 1.7	± 0.8
Scotland	± 48	± 17	± 47	± 54	± 1.2	± 0.7

- The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
- Annual local area data from the LFS are included in Tables 13 to 16. These annual data are consistent with the best population estimates which were available before the results of the 2001 Census were published (and hence are not consistent with the regional data published in this release). Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the 2001 Census results. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. These annual tables will be brought into line with the 2001 Census using the same full reweighting method to be applied to the main LFS. The timetable for revising the annual tables is currently being reviewed following the delayed publication of the 2002 mid-year population estimates from 7 August to 19 September 2003 (see note on page 7).

The annual LFS database is compiled by taking data from waves one and five of four quarters of the LFS and combining them with an additional sample of interviews. This sample boost was introduced in 2000 and has improved the accuracy of the annual estimates for some local areas in England and all local areas in Wales (a boost was also introduced in Scotland for the 2003/04 survey, and the results of this survey will be published in autumn 2004). There are now different publication thresholds for annual LFS data, depending on the size of the sample boost in the area. The thresholds are six thousand, four thousand, two thousand and as low as one thousand for some areas in Wales. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*. This guide, along with additional data and further background information, are available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/lfs>. A

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wide range of annual local area data from the LFS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

5. Not seasonally adjusted claimant count and vacancies data are gathered from administrative sources and constitute a complete count. However, seasonally adjusted totals are presented as rounded to the nearest hundred to avoid spurious precision. Any differences between the sum of the rounded seasonally adjusted figures and the UK totals are due to this rounding.
6. Claimant count flows are the number of people joining or leaving the count in the period between the count dates. They are therefore affected by the number of weeks between count dates. To enable comparisons from month to month, the flows figures are standardised to a 4.33-week month before seasonal adjustment.
7. The number of Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claimants can be expressed as a proportion of either (a) the corresponding mid-year estimate (or the latest available mid-year estimate, currently for June 2000) of the workforce jobs in the area plus the number of claimants, or (b) the resident working age population. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions based on the resident working age populations are used.
8. The count of JSA claimants is mostly derived from the Jobcentre Plus computer records. However for various reasons, e.g. when a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a few claims have to be dealt with manually by local offices. These claims, which amount to less than 1 per cent of the total, are thus counted separately and not analysed in as much detail as the computerised claims. In particular, only the computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis.
9. Travel-to-Work areas (Table 15) are approximations to self-contained labour markets, i.e. areas where people both live and work.
10. NUTS (Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) (Table 16) was established by the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat) to provide a uniform breakdown of territorial units for the production of regional statistics. NUTS is a five-level hierarchical classification.
11. The employee jobs series is based on data from employer surveys and is subject to sampling variability. The nature of

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the survey means that the size of this sampling variability may not be consistent from year to year. Provisionally ONS would expect that the 95 per cent confidence interval would on average be within +/- 6 per cent of the estimate. However, this will vary from region to region.

12. Labour market statistics are compiled from a wide range of sources. Claimant count and Jobcentre vacancy data are provided from the Jobcentre Plus administrative system, workforce jobs are derived from ONS business surveys, other data come from the ONS Labour Force Survey.
13. The Social and Vital Statistics Division of ONS carries out the questionnaire design, sample selection and interviewing for the LFS. Analysis and publication of the results of the survey is undertaken by Labour Market Division. In Northern Ireland, the Labour Force Survey is conducted by the Central Survey Unit.
14. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup> at the same time as this release is published. Further data are also published in *Labour Market Trends (LMT)* and the *Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement to LMT*.
15. Some of the series in the attached tables are also available on the National Statistics website. To access all the data from the Labour Market Statistics Integrated First Release (including series in this release where four-letter series identifiers are shown), click on the Time Series Data option and download the complete release, or view and download your own customised selection of series. You will also find other Labour Market releases within the Time Series Data service called Employment and Earnings and Claimant Count and Vacancies, which contain more data. Datasets of selected series can also be viewed by choosing topics within the Labour Market theme on our website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour>). For more information about the Time Series Data service or datasets, telephone 020 7533 5675 or email [statbase@statistics.gov.uk](mailto:statbase@statistics.gov.uk).
16. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
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*All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified*

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total		
	less than 10,000		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

Labour Force Survey# (June to August 2003)

	Total aged 16 & over																
	Economically active					Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	1,992	1,140	73.1	625	515	1,068	68.3	577	72.5	491	63.9	72	6.3	48	7.7	24	4.6
North West	5,271	3,237	77.3	1,740	1,497	3,083	73.6	1,648	77.6	1,435	69.3	154	4.8	92	5.3	62	4.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	3,915	2,426	78.1	1,319	1,106	2,303	74.1	1,240	78.5	1,063	69.5	123	5.1	79	6.0	43	3.9
East Midlands	3,328	2,107	79.3	1,157	951	2,010	75.6	1,100	80.6	909	70.1	98	4.6	56	4.9	41	4.3
West Midlands	4,137	2,563	78.1	1,406	1,156	2,418	73.6	1,322	78.4	1,096	68.3	144	5.6	84	6.0	60	5.2
East	4,312	2,804	81.5	1,532	1,272	2,695	78.2	1,468	83.5	1,227	72.6	110	3.9	64	4.2	46	3.6
London	5,740	3,688	75.6	2,024	1,664	3,420	70.0	1,867	77.0	1,553	62.9	268	7.3	157	7.8	110	6.6
South East	6,384	4,230	82.4	2,290	1,940	4,061	79.1	2,195	84.0	1,866	73.8	169	4.0	95	4.1	74	3.8
South West	3,962	2,498	81.2	1,342	1,155	2,412	78.3	1,299	82.1	1,113	74.2	86	3.4	44	3.3	42	3.6
<b>England</b>	<b>39,042</b>	<b>24,693</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>13,436</b>	<b>11,257</b>	<b>23,469</b>	<b>74.8</b>	<b>12,716</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>10,754</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>1,224</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>4.5</b>
Wales	2,304	1,373	76.5	723	650	1,310	72.9	682	74.9	628	70.8	63	4.6	41	5.6	22	3.4
Scotland	4,033	2,543	79.0	1,348	1,195	2,395	74.4	1,257	77.6	1,138	71.0	148	5.8	91	6.8	57	4.7
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>45,379</b>	<b>28,609</b>	<b>78.7</b>	<b>15,507</b>	<b>13,102</b>	<b>27,175</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>14,655</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>12,520</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>1,435</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>4.4</b>
N Ireland	1,289	769	72.3	433	336	727	68.2	404	74.8	323	61.3	43	5.6	29	6.8	13	3.9
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>46,675</b>	<b>29,383</b>	<b>78.6</b>	<b>15,942</b>	<b>13,441</b>	<b>27,904</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>15,058</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>12,846</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>1,479</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>4.4</b>

### Change on quarter: +

	Total aged 16 & over																
	Economically active					Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	0	4	0.0	4	0	5	0.1	3	0.1	1	0.1	-1	-0.1	1	0.0	-2	-0.3
North West	2	8	0.1	-7	14	14	0.3	-1	0.0	15	0.6	-6	-0.2	-5	-0.3	-1	-0.1
Yorkshire & the Humber	3	-4	-0.3	-7	2	4	0.0	-1	-0.1	4	0.1	-8	-0.3	-6	-0.4	-2	-0.2
East Midlands	5	0	-0.1	-1	1	-10	-0.5	-6	-0.5	-4	-0.5	9	0.4	4	0.4	5	0.5
West Midlands	3	-13	-0.4	-7	-6	-9	-0.4	3	-0.1	-13	-0.8	-4	-0.1	-10	-0.7	6	0.6
East	9	3	-0.3	6	-3	9	-0.2	4	-0.1	5	-0.2	-5	-0.2	2	0.1	-8	-0.6
London	10	21	0.3	22	-1	8	0.1	15	0.8	-7	-0.7	13	0.3	7	0.3	6	0.4
South East	13	6	0.0	7	-1	-3	-0.2	9	0.1	-12	-0.6	9	0.2	-1	-0.1	10	0.5
South West	7	-13	-0.6	-12	0	-2	-0.3	0	-0.2	-2	-0.4	-10	-0.4	-12	-0.9	2	0.2
<b>England</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-11</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-20</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Wales	2	0	0.1	-3	3	-2	0.0	-2	0.1	0	-0.2	2	0.1	-1	-0.2	3	0.5
Scotland	1	1	-0.1	0	1	-4	-0.2	-10	-0.6	5	0.1	6	0.2	10	0.7	-4	-0.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-6</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0.1</b>
N Ireland	2	-17	-1.4	-8	-9	-18	-1.5	-13	-2.1	-5	-0.9	1	0.3	5	1.2	-4	-0.9
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-12</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>0.1</b>

### Change on year:

	Total aged 16 & over																
	Economically active					Employment						Unemployment					
	Total		Men		Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)*	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**	Level	Rate (%)**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	1	-1	-0.3	13	-15	-2	-0.4	13	1.4	-16	-2.3	1	0.1	0	-0.1	1	0.3
North West	8	69	1.3	40	29	89	1.9	53	2.3	36	1.4	-20	-0.7	-13	-0.9	-7	-0.5
Yorkshire & the Humber	12	23	0.6	7	16	31	0.9	10	0.6	21	1.2	-8	-0.4	-3	-0.3	-5	-0.5
East Midlands	18	-14	-1.1	2	-16	-15	-1.2	-1	-0.8	-14	-1.6	1	0.1	4	0.3	-3	-0.2
West Midlands	10	-30	-0.8	-12	-18	-20	-0.6	-6	-0.6	-13	-0.5	-10	-0.3	-6	-0.3	-4	-0.3
East	34	14	-0.6	11	4	8	-0.8	7	-0.7	1	-0.8	7	0.2	4	0.2	3	0.2
London	41	14	-0.4	33	-19	1	-0.7	23	0.3	-22	-1.8	14	0.3	10	0.4	3	0.3
South East	53	11	-0.6	0	11	4	-0.7	-3	-0.9	7	-0.4	7	0.2	3	0.1	4	0.2
South West	28	-3	-1.0	3	-6	7	-0.7	16	-0.4	-9	-1.0	-10	-0.4	-13	-1.0	3	0.3
<b>England</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-18</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-4</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	9	62	2.9	7	55	68	3.3	10	0.8	58	5.9	-6	-0.6	-3	-0.4	-3	-0.8
Scotland	4	27	0.4	22	6	43	0.9	31	1.7	12	0.1	-16	-0.7	-9	-0.8	-6	-0.6
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-39</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-26</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
N Ireland	10	7	0.6	9	-3	10	0.9	8	1.4	3	0.4	-4	-0.5	1	0.2	-5	-1.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-41</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-23</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-19</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

\* Denominator = all persons of working age.

\*\* Denominator = Total economically active.

# Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

+ Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Some of the series in this table are available electronically through the ONS Time Series Data service. See background note 15 for further details.

Due to slight methodological differences between the way the national and regional LFS estimates have been interim adjusted for the 2001 Census, there may be small differences between the UK totals and the sum of the regional components.

Data source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer surveys			Jobcentre Plus administrative system						Jobcentre Plus administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs** (Jun 2003); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count* (September 2003); seasonally adjusted						Jobcentre vacancies (September 2003); seasonally adjusted		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men		Women		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)	Level	Rate (%)	Level				Rate (%)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
North East	1,078	575	504	52.1	4.7	40.6	6.8	11.5	2.2			
North West	3,222	1,716	1,506	110.5	3.3	85.1	4.8	25.4	1.7			
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,349	1,229	1,120	82.9	3.4	63.2	4.9	19.7	1.8			
East Midlands	1,956	1,007	949	59.6	2.9	44.0	4.1	15.6	1.6			
West Midlands	2,560	1,366	1,194	94.3	3.6	71.6	5.0	22.7	1.9			
East	2,606	1,387	1,219	57.7	2.1	41.9	2.9	15.8	1.3			
London	4,561	2,493	2,069	170.4	3.7	121.8	4.7	48.6	2.3			
South East	4,174	2,187	1,986	76.2	1.8	56.3	2.4	19.9	1.0			
South West	2,440	1,279	1,160	48.2	1.9	35.6	2.6	12.6	1.1			
<b>England</b>	<b>24,946</b>	<b>13,238</b>	<b>11,708</b>	<b>752.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>560.1</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>191.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>			
Wales	1,260	650	610	43.5	3.4	33.1	4.9	10.4	1.7			
Scotland	2,513	1,298	1,215	99.6	3.8	76.9	5.6	22.7	1.8			
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>28,719</b>	<b>15,187</b>	<b>13,532</b>	<b>895.2</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>670.2</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>225.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>			
N Ireland	763	403	360	34.6	4.3	26.5	6.0	8.1	2.2			
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>29,482</b>	<b>15,589</b>	<b>13,893</b>	<b>929.8</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>696.7</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>233.1</b>	<b>1.7</b>			

Publication of these vacancy statistics has been deferred. Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct - see note on page 9.

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer surveys			Jobcentre Plus administrative system						Jobcentre Plus administrative system		
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on Jun 2002); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count* (Change on August 2003) seasonally adjusted						Jobcentre vacancies (Change on August 2003) seasonally adjusted		
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men		Women		Notified vacancies	Unfilled vacancies	Outflow of vacancies	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)	Level	Rate (%)	Level				Rate (%)
32	28	4	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0				
North East	32	28	4	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0			
North West	36	24	12	-0.5	0.0	-0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0			
Yorkshire & the Humber	42	24	18	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
East Midlands	-14	-12	-2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0			
West Midlands	5	10	-5	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
East	2	-14	16	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0			
London	88	61	27	-0.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0			
South East	15	-5	20	0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0			
South West	-18	-1	-17	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
<b>England</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>-2.2</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>			
Wales	17	11	6	-0.7	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1	-0.1	0.0			
Scotland	-3	8	-11	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.0			
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>			
N Ireland	6	0	5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0			
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>-1.9</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-2.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>			

Publication of these vacancy statistics has been deferred. Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct - see note on page 9.

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

\*\* Workforce jobs is tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

+ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB: these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 17 and 18.

See note on page 8 for further details.

Some of the series in this table are available electronically through the ONS Time Series Data service. See background note 15 for further details.

The civilian workforce jobs data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted

## 1 Summary of LFS data for June to August 2003

All aged 16 &amp; over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in Employment	Unemployed	Economically Inactive	Economic activity rate(%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate(%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHF	YCHS	YCJS	YCMS	HKMR			YCNF	
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	3,289	2,082	1,983	99	1,208	63.3	60.3	4.7	36.7
	Jun - Aug 2002	3,309	2,121	2,025	97	1,188	64.1	61.2	4.6	35.9
	Sep - Nov 2002	3,314	2,117	2,012	105	1,197	63.9	60.7	5.0	36.1
	Dec - Feb 2003	3,318	2,102	2,009	93	1,216	63.3	60.6	4.4	36.7
	Mar - May 2003	3,323	2,108	2,019	88	1,215	63.4	60.8	4.2	36.6
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>3,328</b>	<b>2,107</b>	<b>2,010</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>1,220</b>	<b>63.3</b>	<b>60.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>36.7</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	5	0	-10	9	5	-0.1	-0.4	0.4	0.1
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	0.0	-0.5	10.5	0.4				
	<i>change on year</i>	18	-14	-15	1	33	-0.8	-0.8	0.1	0.8
	<i>change %</i>	0.6	-0.7	-0.7	1.0	2.7				
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	1,600	1,140	1,084	56	460	71.2	67.7	4.9	28.8
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,611	1,154	1,101	53	457	71.6	68.4	4.6	28.4
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,613	1,154	1,093	61	459	71.5	67.8	5.2	28.5
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,615	1,148	1,091	57	467	71.1	67.5	4.9	28.9
	Mar - May 2003	1,618	1,158	1,106	52	460	71.6	68.4	4.5	28.4
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,620</b>	<b>1,157</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>71.4</b>	<b>67.9</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>28.6</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	2	-1	-6	4	4	-0.2	-0.5	0.4	0.2
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	-0.1	-0.5	8.5	0.8				
	<i>change on year</i>	9	2	-1	4	7	-0.3	-0.5	0.3	0.3
	<i>change %</i>	0.6	0.2	-0.1	6.7	1.5				
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	1,689	942	899	42	747	55.8	53.2	4.5	44.2
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,698	967	923	44	731	57.0	54.4	4.5	43.0
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,701	963	919	45	737	56.6	54.0	4.6	43.4
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,703	954	918	36	749	56.0	53.9	3.7	44.0
	Mar - May 2003	1,705	950	913	36	755	55.7	53.6	3.8	44.3
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,708</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>55.7</b>	<b>53.3</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>44.3</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	2	1	-4	5	1	0.0	-0.3	0.5	0.0
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	0.1	-0.4	13.4	0.2				
	<i>change on year</i>	9	-16	-14	-3	26	-1.3	-1.1	-0.2	1.3
	<i>change %</i>	0.5	-1.7	-1.5	-5.9	3.5				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in Employment	Unemployed	Economically Inactive	Economic activity rate(%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate(%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIF	YCKF		YYAZ
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	2,544	2,028	1,930	98	516	79.7	75.9	4.8	20.3
	Jun - Aug 2002	2,558	2,059	1,963	95	499	80.5	76.8	4.6	19.5
	Sep - Nov 2002	2,560	2,053	1,950	103	508	80.2	76.1	5.0	19.8
	Dec - Feb 2003	2,563	2,041	1,949	92	522	79.6	76.0	4.5	20.4
	Mar - May 2003	2,565	2,038	1,951	87	527	79.4	76.1	4.3	20.6
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>2,568</b>	<b>2,037</b>	<b>1,940</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>75.6</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>20.7</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	3	-1	-11	10	3	-0.1	-0.5	0.5	0.1
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	0.0	-0.5	11.1	0.7				
	<i>change on year</i>	10	-21	-23	2	31	-1.1	-1.2	0.1	1.1
	<i>change %</i>	0.4	-1.0	-1.2	1.6	6.3				
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	1,319	1,119	1,063	56	201	84.8	80.6	5.0	15.2
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,326	1,133	1,081	52	193	85.4	81.5	4.6	14.6
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,327	1,131	1,071	60	196	85.2	80.7	5.3	14.8
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,329	1,126	1,070	57	203	84.8	80.5	5.0	15.2
	Mar - May 2003	1,330	1,130	1,080	51	200	85.0	81.2	4.5	15.0
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,331</b>	<b>1,130</b>	<b>1,074</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>84.9</b>	<b>80.6</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>15.1</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	1	-1	-6	5	2	-0.1	-0.5	0.5	0.1
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	-0.1	-0.5	10.2	1.0				
	<i>change on year</i>	5	-3	-7	4	8	-0.6	-0.8	0.3	0.6
	<i>change %</i>	0.4	-0.3	-0.6	6.9	4.3				
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2001	1,225	909	867	42	316	74.2	70.8	4.6	25.8
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,232	926	883	43	306	75.1	71.7	4.6	24.9
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,233	921	878	43	312	74.7	71.2	4.7	25.3
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,234	914	879	35	320	74.1	71.2	3.9	25.9
	Mar - May 2003	1,235	908	871	36	328	73.5	70.5	4.0	26.5
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,237</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>70.1</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>26.6</b>
	<i>change on quarter</i>	1	0	-5	5	1	-0.1	-0.5	0.5	0.1
	<i>change %</i>	0.1	0.0	-0.5	12.4	0.5				
	<i>change on year</i>	5	-18	-16	-2	23	-1.8	-1.6	-0.1	1.8
	<i>change %</i>	0.4	-2.0	-1.8	-4.9	7.5				

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+5; 2= 3+4; 6= 2/1; 7= 3/1; 8= 4/2

9= 5/1; 10= 11+14; 11= 12+13; 15= 11/10; 16= 12/10; 17= 13/11; 18= 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# REGIONAL DATA

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

East Midlands

(thousands),  
seasonally adjusted

Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)				
Levels				
	Total	Males	Females	
Jun 00 r	1,973	1,021	952	
Jun 01 r	1,977	1,018	959	
Jun 02	1,970	1,019	951	
Sep 02	1,966	1,025	941	
Dec 02	1,979	1,030	949	
Mar 03 r	1,943	994	949	
<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>1,956</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>949</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>	-14	-12	-2	
<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-1.2	-0.2	

Claimant count*							
Levels				Rates (%)**			
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
	DPAY	ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPB	ZMPD	
<b>2002</b>							
September#	58.5	43.7	14.8	2.9	4.1	1.5	
October	58.4	43.6	14.8	2.9	4.1	1.5	
November#	58.2	43.4	14.8	2.9	4.1	1.5	
December	57.8	42.9	14.9	2.8	4.0	1.5	
<b>2003</b>							
January	57.2	42.3	14.9	2.8	4.0	1.5	
February#	57.9	42.8	15.1	2.8	4.0	1.6	
March	58.3	43.0	15.3	2.9	4.0	1.6	
April	58.8	43.4	15.4	2.9	4.1	1.6	
May	59.8	44.2	15.6	2.9	4.1	1.6	
June#	60.1	44.5	15.6	3.0	4.2	1.6	
July	59.7	44.1	15.6	2.9	4.1	1.6	
August# (r)	59.5	43.9	15.6	2.9	4.1	1.6	
<b>September (p)</b>	<b>59.6</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>	
<i>Change on period</i>	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.2	0.0				
<i>Change on year</i>	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.1	
<i>Change %</i>	1.9	0.7	5.4				

	Notified vacancies Level	Unfilled vacancies Level
	DRYM	BCQF
<b>2002</b>		
September		
October		
November		
December		
<b>2003</b>		
January		
February		
March		
April		
May		
June		
July		
August		
September		

Publication of these vacancy statistics has been deferred. Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct - see note on page 9.

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

\*\* Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 17 and 18.

Data source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.

See note on page 8 for further details.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

The civilian workforce jobs data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# EMPLOYMENT

## 2 Employment by age

East Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<b>Employed</b>										
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,992	1,941	55	236	467	740	444	51	
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,989	1,935	48	249	441	737	461	54	
	Jun - Aug 2002	2,033	1,970	50	252	426	766	476	63	
	Sep - Nov 2002	2,019	1,956	54	234	427	764	478	62	
	Dec - Feb 2003	2,003	1,942	57	230	425	759	470	61	
	Mar - May 2003	2,011	1,943	56	224	418	769	477	68	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>2,018</b>	<b>1,946</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>242</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>72</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-15	-24	4	-10	-12	-11	6	9	
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-1.2	7.4	-4.0	-2.9	-1.4	1.2	14.2	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,095	1,076	26	132	256	392	270	19	
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,087	1,066	23	131	243	395	274	21	
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,106	1,085	26	132	232	408	287	21	
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,099	1,077	26	124	235	404	288	22	
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,087	1,066	28	125	231	400	282	22	
	Mar - May 2003	1,102	1,075	29	123	229	406	289	26	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>27</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1	-7	2	2	-7	-8	4	6	
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.1	-0.6	8.7	1.6	-2.9	-2.0	1.3	27.0	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	898	865	28	104	211	348	174	32	
	Jun - Aug 2001	902	869	25	118	198	342	187	33	
	Jun - Aug 2002	927	885	24	120	194	358	189	42	
	Sep - Nov 2002	920	879	28	110	192	360	190	41	
	Dec - Feb 2003	915	876	30	105	194	359	189	39	
	Mar - May 2003	910	868	27	101	189	363	188	42	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>913</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>45</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-14	-17	1	-12	-5	-3	2	3	
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.5	-1.9	6.1	-10.1	-2.8	-0.8	1.1	7.8	
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>+</sup></b>										
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	61.0	76.8	54.5	69.8	80.8	84.6	69.6	6.9	
	Jun - Aug 2001	60.5	76.0	46.0	72.5	78.7	83.1	70.9	7.2	
	Jun - Aug 2002	61.4	77.0	46.7	71.7	78.8	85.2	72.1	8.4	
	Sep - Nov 2002	60.9	76.4	50.2	66.1	79.4	84.8	72.3	8.3	
	Dec - Feb 2003	60.4	75.8	53.1	64.4	79.8	84.1	71.0	8.1	
	Mar - May 2003	60.5	75.7	51.9	62.3	79.0	84.9	71.8	9.0	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>60.7</b>	<b>75.8</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>83.1</b>	<b>72.4</b>	<b>9.5</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.8	-1.2	2.9	-4.6	0.1	-2.1	0.3	1.1	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	68.9	82.0	50.5	77.0	89.9	90.1	73.1	6.7	
	Jun - Aug 2001	67.9	80.8	43.1	75.0	88.5	89.6	72.8	7.5	
	Jun - Aug 2002	68.6	81.8	46.6	74.0	87.5	91.4	75.3	7.5	
	Sep - Nov 2002	68.1	81.1	46.9	68.9	89.2	90.4	75.5	7.6	
	Dec - Feb 2003	67.3	80.2	49.9	68.9	88.6	89.3	73.6	7.6	
	Mar - May 2003	68.1	80.8	51.5	67.5	88.3	90.2	75.4	9.2	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>68.2</b>	<b>81.0</b>	<b>50.2</b>	<b>73.2</b>	<b>87.8</b>	<b>88.7</b>	<b>75.6</b>	<b>9.4</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.8	3.6	-0.8	0.3	-2.7	0.3	1.9	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	53.5	71.1	58.7	62.4	72.0	79.1	64.8	7.0	
	Jun - Aug 2001	53.4	71.0	49.1	69.9	69.3	76.6	68.2	7.1	
	Jun - Aug 2002	54.6	71.9	46.8	69.3	70.3	79.2	67.7	9.0	
	Sep - Nov 2002	54.1	71.3	53.8	63.2	70.1	79.3	67.9	8.7	
	Dec - Feb 2003	53.7	71.0	56.6	59.9	71.3	78.9	67.4	8.4	
	Mar - May 2003	53.3	70.2	52.3	57.0	70.0	79.6	66.9	8.9	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>53.5</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>49.0</b>	<b>60.7</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>77.6</b>	<b>68.0</b>	<b>9.6</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.1	-1.7	2.2	-8.6	-0.1	-1.5	0.3	0.6	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

<sup>+</sup> Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment					All in employment			
		Total*	Employees*	Self employed*	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,992	1,778	198	*	10	1,490	502	77	114
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,989	1,762	215	*	*	1,477	512	69	102
	Jun - Aug 2002	2,033	1,811	206	*	*	1,496	537	80	100
	Sep - Nov 2002	2,019	1,803	202	*	*	1,488	531	89	91
	Dec - Feb 2003	2,003	1,775	217	*	*	1,471	529	79	96
	Mar - May 2003	2,011	1,778	220	*	*	1,480	530	86	90
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>2,018</b>	<b>1,779</b>	<b>224</b>	*	*	<b>1,485</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>95</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-15	-32	18	*	*	-11	-4	-6	-4
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7	-1.8	8.9	*	*	-0.7	-0.8	-7.1	-4.4
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,095	945	143	*	*	1,011	84	28	53
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,087	922	160	*	*	1,006	81	27	46
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,106	944	155	*	*	1,002	103	37	46
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,099	939	152	*	*	994	105	42	40
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,087	923	158	*	*	974	112	28	43
	Mar - May 2003	1,102	936	159	*	*	988	113	30	42
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>161</b>	*	*	<b>994</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>44</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1	-9	6	*	*	-8	7	-9	-2
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.1	-0.9	3.6	*	*	-0.8	6.8	-23.8	-4.8
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	898	833	55	*	*	480	418	49	61
	Jun - Aug 2001	902	840	55	*	*	471	431	43	56
	Jun - Aug 2002	927	867	51	*	*	494	433	43	54
	Sep - Nov 2002	920	864	50	*	*	494	426	47	51
	Dec - Feb 2003	915	851	59	*	*	497	418	51	54
	Mar - May 2003	910	843	61	*	*	492	418	56	48
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>913</b>	<b>844</b>	<b>63</b>	*	*	<b>492</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>52</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-14	-23	13	*	*	-2	-11	3	-2
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.5	-2.7	24.9	*	*	-0.5	-2.6	7.2	-4.0

### Temporary employees (reasons for temporary working)

### Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working)<sup>#</sup>

		Total**	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total**	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	114	33	36	44	492	39	379	72
	Jun - Aug 2001	102	26	26	50	507	33	395	78
	Jun - Aug 2002	100	19	29	51	528	42	407	78
	Sep - Nov 2002	91	22	23	46	525	41	398	84
	Dec - Feb 2003	96	24	27	46	525	35	405	83
	Mar - May 2003	90	20	28	42	522	33	401	85
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>521</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>82</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	-1	7	-10	-6	-7	-4	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-4.4	-3.5	22.2	-20.0	-1.2	-17.2	-1.0	5.4

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

<sup>#</sup> Employees and self-employed

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

\* Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time

\*\* Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs	Employee jobs	Self- employment jobs	Government- supported trainees
		1	2	3	4
<b>All jobs</b>	Jun 99 r	1,992	1,740	246	6
	Jun 00 r	1,973	1,751	216	6
	Jun 01 r	1,977	1,744	228	5
	Jun 02	1,970	1,739	226	5
	Sep 02	1,966	1,736	225	5
	Dec 02	1,979	1,740	234	5
	Mar 03 r	1,943	1,708	229	6
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>1,956</b>	<b>1,717</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>5</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-14	-22	7	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.7	-1.2	3.2	3.1
<b>Male jobs</b>	Jun 99 r	1,043	867	172	3
	Jun 00 r	1,021	867	150	4
	Jun 01 r	1,018	852	164	3
	Jun 02	1,019	847	169	3
	Sep 02	1,025	854	168	3
	Dec 02	1,030	855	172	3
	Mar 03 r	994	829	161	3
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>1,007</b>	<b>838</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-12	-9	-3	0
<i>Change %</i>		-1.2	-1.0	-1.9	12.0
<b>Female jobs</b>	Jun 99 r	950	873	73	3
	Jun 00 r	952	884	66	3
	Jun 01 r	959	893	64	2
	Jun 02	951	892	57	2
	Sep 02	941	882	57	2
	Dec 02	949	884	62	2
	Mar 03 r	949	879	68	3
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-2	-13	10	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.2	-1.4	18.2	2.6

Sources: Employer surveys, Labour Force Survey, DfES

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

The Workforce Jobs series measures jobs rather than people, therefore, second self-employment jobs (where the main job is an employee) are now included in this series.

Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources. Employee Jobs (which is much the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by Prices & Business Group (PBG) of ONS and Administrative Returns.

Self-employment jobs figures are provided by the LFS and Government-supported trainees figures are provided by ES Training Data Systems.

The civilian workforce jobs data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 5 Employee jobs by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

SIC 1992 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Service Industries G-K	Other Industries L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Jun 00 r	1,754	1,751	29	16	386	83	722	515
	Jun 01 r	1,746	1,744	25	18	364	84	751	503
	Jun 02 r	1,740	1,739	23	17	345	80	756	517
	Sep 02	1,733	1,736	22	17	343	87	753	514
	Dec 02	1,732	1,740	19	17	339	90	756	518
	Mar 03 r	1,719	1,708	20	17	332	79	742	519
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>1,718</b>	<b>1,717</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>523</b>
	<i>Change on qtr</i>	-1							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-22	-22	-3	-1	-16	4	-11	6
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.2	-1.2	-11.4	-5.7	-4.6	4.4	-1.5	1.1
<b>Male jobs</b>	Jun 00 r	872	867	20	13	267	68	358	141
	Jun 01 r	856	852	16	13	253	70	363	136
	Jun 02 r	851	847	16	12	242	68	369	141
	Sep 02 r	849	854	15	12	241	74	370	141
	Dec 02 r	850	855	14	12	239	77	370	143
	Mar 03 r	836	829	14	12	233	67	362	141
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>838</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>145</b>
	<i>Change on qtr</i>	6							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9	-9	-1	-1	-10	3	-3	3
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.0	-1.0	-8.9	-4.7	-4.1	4.1	-0.8	2.3
<b>Female jobs</b>	Jun 00 r	882	884	10	4	119	14	364	373
	Jun 01 r	890	893	9	5	110	15	387	366
	Jun 02	889	892	7	5	104	13	388	376
	Sep 02	884	882	7	5	102	13	384	372
	Dec 02	881	884	5	5	100	13	386	375
	Mar 03 r	883	879	6	5	99	12	380	378
	<b>Jun 03</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>378</b>
	<i>Change on qtr</i>	-7							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13	-13	-1	0	-6	1	-9	2
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.4	-1.4	-16.7	-8.0	-5.6	6.0	-2.2	0.6

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by Prices & Business Group (PBG) of ONS and Administrative returns.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

## 6 Actual weekly hours of work

not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions)	Average actual weekly hours of work			Workers with second jobs
			All workers*	Full-time**	Part-time**	
			1	2	3	
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	65	32.4	37.8	15.0	8.7
	Jun - Aug 2001	66	33.2	38.7	15.9	10.1
	Jun - Aug 2002	65	31.9	37.3	15.6	10.4
	Sep - Nov 2002	68	33.4	38.8	16.5	10.2
	Dec - Feb 2003	62	31.0	36.2	15.3	8.5
	Mar - May 2003	67	33.4	39.0	16.1	8.9
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>9.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>-3.8</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>-0.9</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>-10.1</i>	<i>-1.8</i>	<i>-9.0</i>	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	41	37.9	39.4	14.9	11.1
	Jun - Aug 2001	43	39.2	40.9	14.8	11.3
	Jun - Aug 2002	41	37.3	39.0	16.6	12.7
	Sep - Nov 2002	43	38.8	40.8	15.1	11.3
	Dec - Feb 2003	39	35.6	37.9	13.9	10.4
	Mar - May 2003	43	38.6	40.9	15.0	9.9
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>37.8</b>	<b>39.9</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>8.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>-1.3</i>	<i>-3.9</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>-7.7</i>	<i>-30.4</i>	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	23	25.8	34.4	15.0	7.3
	Jun - Aug 2001	23	25.9	34.0	16.2	9.3
	Jun - Aug 2002	24	25.5	33.7	15.3	8.5
	Sep - Nov 2002	25	27.1	35.0	16.9	9.3
	Dec - Feb 2003	23	25.4	32.8	15.7	7.5
	Mar - May 2003	25	27.1	35.2	16.4	8.3
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>25.3</b>	<b>33.2</b>	<b>15.0</b>	<b>9.5</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	<i>-0.3</i>	<i>1.0</i>
<i>Change %</i>	<i>-2.2</i>	<i>-0.8</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	<i>97.9</i>	<i>12.1</i>	

\* main and second jobs

\*\* main jobs only

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

## 7 Claimant count\* levels and rates

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count		Inflows (standardised**)	Outflows (standardised**)	Claimant count (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%)##	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%)##
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2002</b>	DPAY	DPBJ			BCKC	DPAN
	September#	58.5	2.9	15.2	15.1	57.3	2.8
	October	58.4	2.9	14.7	14.9	55.0	2.7
	November#	58.2	2.9	14.8	14.8	54.5	2.7
	December	57.8	2.8	15.0	14.8	56.1	2.8
	<b>2003</b>						
	January	57.2	2.8	14.4	14.0	61.9	3.0
	February#	57.9	2.8	14.8	14.3	63.7	3.1
	March	58.3	2.9	14.9	14.5	62.6	3.1
	April	58.8	2.9	14.9	14.7	61.0	3.0
	May	59.8	2.9	14.9	14.2	60.8	3.0
	June#	60.1	3.0	14.7	14.4	59.6	2.9
	July	59.7	2.9	14.2	14.5	59.9	2.9
	August# (r)	59.5	2.9	14.1	14.3	60.3	3.0
	<b>September (p)</b>	<b>59.6</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>2.9</b>
	Change on mth	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	-1.8	-0.1
	Change %	0.2		1.4	1.4	-2.9	
Change on year	1.1	0.1	-0.9	-0.6	1.2	0.1	
Change %	1.9		-5.9	-4.0	2.2		
<b>Men</b>	<b>2002</b>	ZMPA	ZMPB				
	September#	43.7	4.1	10.8	10.8	42.1	3.9
	October	43.6	4.1	10.4	10.6	40.6	3.8
	November#	43.4	4.1	10.5	10.5	40.7	3.8
	December	42.9	4.0	10.5	10.5	41.9	3.9
	<b>2003</b>						
	January	42.3	4.0	10.1	9.8	46.0	4.3
	February#	42.8	4.0	10.4	10.1	47.2	4.4
	March	43.0	4.0	10.4	10.2	46.4	4.3
	April	43.4	4.1	10.5	10.4	45.1	4.2
	May	44.2	4.1	10.5	9.9	45.1	4.2
	June#	44.5	4.2	10.3	10.1	44.1	4.1
	July	44.1	4.1	10.0	10.3	43.8	4.1
	August# (r)	43.9	4.1	9.9	10.1	43.7	4.1
	<b>September (p)</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>10.0</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>42.5</b>	<b>4.0</b>
	Change on mth	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	-1.2	-0.1
	Change %	0.2		1.0	1.0	-2.8	
Change on year	0.3	0.0	-0.8	-0.6	0.4	0.0	
Change %	0.7		-7.4	-5.6	0.9		
<b>Women</b>	<b>2002</b>	ZMPC	ZMPD				
	September#	14.8	1.5	4.4	4.3	15.2	1.6
	October	14.8	1.5	4.3	4.3	14.4	1.5
	November#	14.8	1.5	4.3	4.3	13.9	1.4
	December	14.9	1.5	4.5	4.3	14.1	1.5
	<b>2003</b>						
	January	14.9	1.5	4.3	4.2	15.9	1.6
	February#	15.1	1.6	4.4	4.2	16.5	1.7
	March	15.3	1.6	4.5	4.3	16.2	1.7
	April	15.4	1.6	4.4	4.3	15.9	1.6
	May	15.6	1.6	4.4	4.3	15.8	1.6
	June#	15.6	1.6	4.4	4.3	15.5	1.6
	July	15.6	1.6	4.2	4.2	16.2	1.7
	August# (r)	15.6	1.6	4.2	4.2	16.6	1.7
	<b>September (p)</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>1.7</b>
	Change on mth	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.6	-0.1
	Change %	0.0		2.4	2.4	-3.3	
Change on year	0.8	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.8	0.1	
Change %	5.4		-2.3	0.0	5.5		

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

## Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 17 and 18. See note on page 8 for further details.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4.33 week month but not seasonally adjusted, for September 2003 were 14,154 in total, 9,632 for men and 4,522 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 10,879 men and 5,117 women.

\*\* Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4 1/3 week month.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

## 8(1) Claimant count\* by age and duration - computerised claims only

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All ages							18-24						
	All	All computerised claims	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	
														1
<b>People</b>														
Sep 01#	60.5	60.0	38.8	10.2	10.9	18.2	5.0	15.9	13.4	2.2	0.3	1.7	0.0	
Sep 02#	57.3	56.3	38.5	9.1	8.7	15.4	3.2	15.4	13.1	2.0	0.3	2.0	0.0	
Oct 02	55.0	54.1	37.1	8.5	8.4	15.6	3.1	14.4	12.4	1.7	0.3	2.0	0.0	
Nov 02#	54.5	53.7	37.5	8.0	8.1	15.1	3.0	14.0	12.2	1.5	0.3	1.9	0.0	
Dec 02	56.1	55.2	39.1	8.1	8.0	14.5	2.9	14.3	12.5	1.5	0.3	1.9	0.0	
Jan 03	61.9	60.9	43.7	9.0	8.2	13.4	2.9	16.0	13.9	1.8	0.3	1.7	0.0	
Feb 03#	63.7	62.7	45.4	9.3	8.1	12.9	2.9	17.0	14.7	2.0	0.3	1.7	0.0	
Mar 03	62.6	61.5	44.0	9.5	8.0	13.1	2.8	16.7	14.3	2.1	0.3	1.8	0.0	
Apr 03	61.0	60.1	42.3	9.8	7.9	13.1	2.7	16.0	13.6	2.2	0.3	1.8	0.0	
May 03	60.8	59.9	41.6	10.3	7.9	13.2	2.7	15.9	13.3	2.3	0.3	1.9	0.0	
Jun 03#	59.6	58.5	39.7	10.8	8.0	13.6	2.6	15.6	12.9	2.5	0.3	1.9	0.0	
Jul 03	59.9	59.1	40.3	10.7	8.1	13.6	2.6	16.5	13.7	2.4	0.3	2.0	0.0	
Aug 03#	60.3	59.6	40.2	11.2	8.2	13.8	2.6	17.0	14.0	2.7	0.4	2.2	0.0	
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>57.8</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	
Change on year	1.2	1.5	-0.1	1.9	-0.3	-1.0	-0.6	1.0	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.6	0.0	
Change %	2.2	2.6	-0.2	20.5	-3.9	-19.0	-19.0	6.2	1.7	30.8	38.1	125.0	125.0	
<b>Men</b>														
Sep 01#	44.5	44.1	27.2	7.9	9.0	20.4	4.2	10.6	8.9	1.5	0.2	1.7	0.0	
Sep 02#	42.1	41.3	27.2	7.0	7.0	17.0	2.7	10.3	8.7	1.4	0.2	1.9	0.0	
Oct 02	40.6	39.9	26.5	6.6	6.8	17.0	2.6	9.6	8.3	1.2	0.2	1.8	0.0	
Nov 02#	40.7	40.0	27.1	6.3	6.6	16.4	2.5	9.6	8.4	1.1	0.2	1.7	0.0	
Dec 02	41.9	41.2	28.4	6.3	6.5	15.8	2.4	10.0	8.7	1.1	0.2	1.6	0.0	
Jan 03	46.0	45.1	31.6	6.9	6.6	14.7	2.4	11.1	9.7	1.2	0.2	1.6	0.0	
Feb 03#	47.2	46.4	32.8	7.1	6.6	14.2	2.4	11.8	10.3	1.4	0.2	1.6	0.0	
Mar 03	46.4	45.5	31.7	7.2	6.5	14.4	2.3	11.6	10.0	1.4	0.2	1.8	0.0	
Apr 03	45.1	44.4	30.5	7.5	6.4	14.4	2.2	11.1	9.4	1.5	0.2	1.8	0.0	
May 03	45.1	44.3	30.0	7.9	6.4	14.5	2.2	11.1	9.3	1.6	0.2	1.9	0.0	
Jun 03#	44.1	43.2	28.6	8.2	6.4	14.9	2.2	10.8	8.9	1.7	0.2	1.9	0.0	
Jul 03	43.8	43.1	28.5	8.1	6.5	15.0	2.1	11.1	9.2	1.7	0.2	2.1	0.0	
Aug 03#	43.7	43.2	28.1	8.4	6.6	15.3	2.2	11.4	9.3	1.9	0.3	2.3	0.0	
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>42.5</b>	<b>41.9</b>	<b>27.0</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	
Change on year	0.4	0.6	-0.3	1.3	-0.3	-1.1	-0.6	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.7	0.0	
Change %	0.9	1.6	-1.0	17.9	-4.9	-20.6	-20.6	7.5	2.5	34.2	49.0	108.3	108.3	
<b>Women</b>														
Sep 01#	16.0	15.9	11.6	2.4	1.9	12.2	0.8	5.3	4.5	0.7	0.1	1.5	0.0	
Sep 02#	15.2	15.0	11.3	2.1	1.7	11.1	0.6	5.1	4.4	0.6	0.1	2.3	0.0	
Oct 02	14.4	14.2	10.7	1.9	1.6	11.5	0.5	4.7	4.1	0.5	0.1	2.4	0.0	
Nov 02#	13.9	13.7	10.4	1.8	1.6	11.4	0.5	4.4	3.9	0.5	0.1	2.3	0.0	
Dec 02	14.1	14.0	10.6	1.8	1.5	10.9	0.5	4.3	3.8	0.4	0.1	2.3	0.0	
Jan 03	15.9	15.7	12.1	2.1	1.5	9.7	0.5	4.9	4.3	0.6	0.1	2.0	0.0	
Feb 03#	16.5	16.3	12.6	2.2	1.5	9.3	0.5	5.2	4.4	0.6	0.1	1.9	0.0	
Mar 03	16.2	16.0	12.3	2.3	1.5	9.3	0.5	5.1	4.3	0.7	0.1	1.8	0.0	
Apr 03	15.9	15.7	11.9	2.3	1.5	9.5	0.5	4.9	4.1	0.7	0.1	1.9	0.0	
May 03	15.8	15.5	11.6	2.4	1.5	9.7	0.5	4.8	4.1	0.7	0.1	2.1	0.0	
Jun 03#	15.5	15.3	11.2	2.6	1.5	10.1	0.5	4.8	4.0	0.7	0.1	2.0	0.0	
Jul 03	16.2	15.9	11.8	2.6	1.6	9.8	0.5	5.3	4.5	0.7	0.1	2.0	0.0	
Aug 03#	16.6	16.4	12.1	2.8	1.6	9.9	0.5	5.5	4.6	0.8	0.1	2.1	0.0	
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.0</b>	
Change on year	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.0	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	
Change %	5.5	5.5	1.8	29.3	0.2	-11.2	-11.2	3.5	0.4	23.1	19.8	175.0	175.0	

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 8.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

## 8(2) Claimant count\* by age and duration - computerised claims only

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
<b>People</b>												
Sep 01#	33.0	19.3	6.2	7.5	22.6	3.2	10.6	5.6	1.8	3.2	30.3	1.8
Sep 02#	30.0	19.1	5.5	5.4	18.0	1.6	10.3	5.7	1.6	3.0	29.0	1.6
Oct 02	29.0	18.6	5.2	5.2	17.9	1.5	10.1	5.6	1.6	2.9	29.2	1.6
Nov 02#	29.1	19.0	5.0	5.0	17.2	1.4	10.0	5.7	1.4	2.9	28.8	1.6
Dec 02	29.9	19.9	5.1	4.9	16.4	1.4	10.4	6.1	1.5	2.8	27.3	1.5
Jan 03	32.8	22.3	5.5	5.0	15.3	1.4	11.4	6.9	1.6	2.9	25.1	1.5
Feb 03#	33.4	22.9	5.5	5.0	14.9	1.3	11.5	6.9	1.7	2.9	24.8	1.5
Mar 03	32.8	22.3	5.6	4.9	14.9	1.2	11.2	6.6	1.7	2.9	25.4	1.5
Apr 03	32.1	21.5	5.8	4.8	14.8	1.2	11.1	6.5	1.8	2.8	25.4	1.5
May 03	32.1	21.2	6.2	4.8	14.8	1.1	11.1	6.4	1.8	2.9	25.7	1.5
Jun 03#	31.3	20.1	6.4	4.8	15.4	1.1	10.7	6.0	1.8	2.9	26.7	1.5
Jul 03	31.2	20.0	6.4	4.9	15.6	1.1	10.7	6.0	1.8	2.9	26.7	1.5
Aug 03#	31.3	19.7	6.6	5.0	15.9	1.1	10.7	5.9	1.9	2.9	27.1	1.5
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>30.4</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>1.6</b>
Change on year	0.4	-0.3	1.0	-0.4	-1.5	-0.6	0.2	0.0	0.2	-0.1	-1.1	-0.1
Change %	1.2	-1.4	18.5	-7.3		-35.8	1.6	-0.3	15.2	-2.2		-3.5
<b>Men</b>												
Sep 01#	25.7	14.3	5.1	6.3	24.6	2.7	7.6	3.8	1.3	2.5	32.8	1.4
Sep 02#	23.3	14.3	4.5	4.5	19.5	1.4	7.4	3.9	1.2	2.3	31.0	1.3
Oct 02	22.6	14.0	4.2	4.4	19.3	1.3	7.3	3.9	1.2	2.3	30.8	1.3
Nov 02#	22.8	14.5	4.1	4.2	18.4	1.3	7.2	4.0	1.1	2.2	30.5	1.2
Dec 02	23.4	15.1	4.1	4.1	17.7	1.2	7.5	4.2	1.1	2.2	29.3	1.2
Jan 03	25.5	16.9	4.4	4.2	16.6	1.2	8.2	4.8	1.2	2.2	27.2	1.2
Feb 03#	26.0	17.3	4.5	4.2	16.2	1.1	8.2	4.8	1.3	2.2	26.9	1.2
Mar 03	25.4	16.7	4.5	4.1	16.2	1.1	8.1	4.6	1.2	2.2	27.6	1.2
Apr 03	24.8	16.2	4.7	4.0	16.1	1.0	8.0	4.5	1.3	2.2	27.5	1.2
May 03	24.9	15.9	5.0	4.0	16.0	1.0	7.9	4.4	1.3	2.2	28.0	1.2
Jun 03#	24.3	15.1	5.2	4.0	16.5	1.0	7.7	4.2	1.3	2.2	28.7	1.2
Jul 03	24.0	14.8	5.1	4.1	16.9	0.9	7.6	4.1	1.3	2.2	29.0	1.2
Aug 03#	23.9	14.5	5.2	4.1	17.4	0.9	7.5	3.9	1.3	2.2	29.6	1.2
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>18.0</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>30.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>
Change on year	-0.1	-0.4	0.7	-0.4	-1.5	-0.5	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.6	-0.1
Change %	-0.3	-2.7	15.3	-8.2		-35.6	-0.9	-2.7	8.7	-2.8		-5.4
<b>Women</b>												
Sep 01#	7.3	5.0	1.2	1.1	15.5	0.5	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.7	23.8	0.3
Sep 02#	6.7	4.8	1.0	0.9	12.9	0.2	2.9	1.8	0.4	0.7	23.9	0.3
Oct 02	6.4	4.6	1.0	0.8	12.9	0.2	2.8	1.7	0.4	0.7	24.9	0.3
Nov 02#	6.3	4.5	0.9	0.8	12.7	0.2	2.7	1.7	0.4	0.7	24.1	0.3
Dec 02	6.5	4.8	1.0	0.8	11.9	0.2	2.9	1.9	0.4	0.6	22.1	0.3
Jan 03	7.3	5.4	1.1	0.8	10.9	0.2	3.2	2.1	0.5	0.6	19.7	0.3
Feb 03#	7.5	5.6	1.1	0.8	10.4	0.2	3.3	2.2	0.5	0.6	19.5	0.3
Mar 03	7.4	5.5	1.1	0.8	10.4	0.1	3.2	2.1	0.5	0.6	20.0	0.3
Apr 03	7.3	5.4	1.2	0.8	10.5	0.1	3.2	2.0	0.5	0.6	20.2	0.3
May 03	7.2	5.3	1.2	0.8	10.7	0.1	3.1	2.0	0.5	0.6	20.1	0.3
Jun 03#	7.1	5.0	1.3	0.8	11.4	0.1	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.6	21.5	0.3
Jul 03	7.2	5.1	1.3	0.8	11.2	0.1	3.0	1.9	0.5	0.6	21.0	0.3
Aug 03#	7.4	5.2	1.4	0.8	11.2	0.1	3.2	1.9	0.6	0.7	21.1	0.3
<b>Sep 03</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Change on year	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.0	-1.0	-0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	-1.9	0.0
Change %	6.4	2.5	32.3	-2.2		-36.7	8.2	5.2	34.1	-0.4		3.6

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

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# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 8.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<b>Economically active</b>										
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	2,095	2,045	67	267	487	766	458	51	
	Jun - Aug 2001	2,095	2,041	63	275	462	767	474	54	
	Jun - Aug 2002	2,138	2,073	69	277	445	789	493	65	
	Sep - Nov 2002	2,123	2,059	66	260	447	791	494	65	
	Dec - Feb 2003	2,090	2,028	65	253	440	784	486	62	
	Mar - May 2003	2,096	2,026	61	248	437	788	492	70	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>2,124</b>	<b>2,051</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>495</b>	<b>73</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13	-22	-3	-2	-8	-11	2	8	
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.6	-1.0	-3.9	-0.8	-1.8	-1.4	0.4	12.5	
	<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,156	1,138	34	149	268	405	281	19
Jun - Aug 2001		1,148	1,127	32	146	256	409	283	21	
Jun - Aug 2002		1,164	1,142	37	146	241	420	298	22	
Sep - Nov 2002		1,156	1,134	33	140	244	419	298	22	
Dec - Feb 2003		1,142	1,119	33	139	241	414	293	22	
Mar - May 2003		1,153	1,125	32	140	239	417	298	28	
<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>		<b>1,166</b>	<b>1,139</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>27</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		2	-3	-1	8	-4	-7	0	6	
<i>Change %</i>		0.2	-0.3	-2.6	5.2	-1.6	-1.6	0.1	25.8	
<b>Women</b>		Jun - Aug 2000	939	907	33	117	219	361	177	32
	Jun - Aug 2001	947	914	31	128	205	358	191	33	
	Jun - Aug 2002	974	931	32	131	203	370	195	43	
	Sep - Nov 2002	967	925	33	119	203	373	196	42	
	Dec - Feb 2003	949	909	32	115	200	370	192	40	
	Mar - May 2003	943	901	29	108	198	371	195	42	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>913</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>45</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-16	-18	-2	-10	-4	-4	2	2	
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.6	-1.9	-5.5	-7.4	-2.1	-1.2	1.0	5.8	
	<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>+</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	64.1	80.9	66.9	78.8	84.2	87.6	71.9	6.9	
	Jun - Aug 2001	63.7	80.2	60.7	80.1	82.5	86.5	72.9	7.3	
	Jun - Aug 2002	64.6	81.0	64.3	78.8	82.3	87.9	74.7	8.6	
	Sep - Nov 2002	64.1	80.4	61.7	73.3	83.3	87.9	74.7	8.6	
	Dec - Feb 2003	63.0	79.1	60.2	71.0	82.7	86.8	73.3	8.2	
	Mar - May 2003	63.1	79.0	56.2	69.0	82.6	87.0	74.2	9.2	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>63.8</b>	<b>79.9</b>	<b>61.1</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>83.2</b>	<b>85.7</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>9.6</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.8	-1.2	-3.2	-2.7	0.9	-2.1	-0.3	1.0	
	<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	72.7	86.7	65.9	86.9	94.3	93.1	76.0	6.7
		Jun - Aug 2001	71.7	85.4	60.5	83.8	93.3	92.8	75.2	7.6
Jun - Aug 2002		72.3	86.1	67.2	81.6	91.0	94.1	78.2	7.7	
Sep - Nov 2002		71.7	85.4	59.6	78.0	92.6	93.6	78.1	7.8	
Dec - Feb 2003		70.7	84.2	58.8	76.5	92.2	92.3	76.7	7.7	
Mar - May 2003		71.3	84.6	56.8	76.5	92.3	92.8	77.7	9.6	
<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>		<b>72.0</b>	<b>85.5</b>	<b>64.9</b>	<b>83.6</b>	<b>92.5</b>	<b>91.7</b>	<b>77.6</b>	<b>9.5</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		-0.3	-0.6	-2.3	2.0	1.5	-2.4	-0.6	1.8	
<b>Women</b>		Jun - Aug 2000	56.0	74.6	68.1	70.4	74.4	82.1	66.1	7.0
		Jun - Aug 2001	56.0	74.6	61.0	76.2	72.0	80.2	69.7	7.1
	Jun - Aug 2002	57.3	75.6	61.2	75.9	73.8	81.7	69.8	9.2	
	Sep - Nov 2002	56.9	75.0	64.0	68.5	74.4	82.2	70.1	9.0	
	Dec - Feb 2003	55.7	73.6	61.7	65.3	73.5	81.3	68.7	8.5	
	Mar - May 2003	55.3	72.9	55.6	61.4	73.2	81.3	69.4	9.0	
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>56.1</b>	<b>73.8</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>68.5</b>	<b>74.3</b>	<b>79.8</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>9.6</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.8	-4.0	-7.5	0.4	-1.9	0.2	0.4	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

<sup>+</sup> Denominator = all persons in relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) & 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,172	484	33	72	91	109	179	688
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,195	504	41	68	98	120	176	691
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,171	485	38	75	96	109	167	687
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,191	502	41	95	90	109	167	689
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,228	535	43	103	92	119	177	694
	Mar - May 2003	1,227	540	47	111	92	118	171	688
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,203</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>687</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	32	32	4	12	-8	21	3	0
	<i>Change %</i>	2.7	6.5	10.0	15.5	-8.1	19.0	2.0	0.0
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	433	175	18	22	16	30	89	258
	Jun - Aug 2001	452	193	21	28	18	32	93	259
	Jun - Aug 2002	447	184	18	33	24	26	83	263
	Sep - Nov 2002	457	194	22	40	19	28	84	264
	Dec - Feb 2003	474	209	23	43	20	34	89	265
	Mar - May 2003	465	205	24	43	20	32	85	260
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>261</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	9	1	-3	-5	11	3	-1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.6	4.6	8.0	-8.4	-19.3	43.2	3.9	-0.6
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	739	309	15	49	75	79	91	430
	Jun - Aug 2001	743	311	20	40	80	88	83	431
	Jun - Aug 2002	725	301	20	42	72	83	84	424
	Sep - Nov 2002	733	308	19	55	70	81	84	425
	Dec - Feb 2003	754	325	20	61	72	85	88	429
	Mar - May 2003	762	335	23	68	72	85	86	428
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>425</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	23	2	14	-3	9	0	2
	<i>Change %</i>	3.4	7.7	11.8	34.5	-4.3	11.4	0.1	0.4

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Breakdown of total aged 16-59/64										
		Total aged 16 & over	Total aged 16-59/64	Does not want job	Wants a job	Wants job but not seeking in last 4 weeks						
						Total	Availability to start work in next 2 weeks		Reasons for not seeking			
							Available	Not available	Long-term sick	Looking after family /home	Students	Other <sup>#</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>People</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	1,172	484	355	129	119	36	83	43	35	12	29
	Jun - Aug 2001	1,195	504	378	126	112	36	75	40	43	13	17
	Jun - Aug 2002	1,171	485	365	120	107	35	71	44	30	11	21
	Sep - Nov 2002	1,191	502	361	140	129	38	91	48	39	15	28
	Dec - Feb 2003	1,228	535	396	138	129	43	87	53	34	15	27
	Mar - May 2003	1,227	540	400	140	124	34	90	50	38	17	20
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>1,203</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>21</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	32	32	21	10	12	2	9	2	8	1	0
<i>Change %</i>	2.7	6.5	5.9	8.5	10.8	6.5	12.9	5.3	27.5	5.8	1.0	
<b>Men</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	433	175	128	47	45	13	32	26	*	*	13
	Jun - Aug 2001	452	193	146	47	43	13	30	24	*	*	*
	Jun - Aug 2002	447	184	133	51	46	14	32	27	*	*	*
	Sep - Nov 2002	457	194	137	57	52	15	37	28	*	*	12
	Dec - Feb 2003	474	209	153	57	54	15	40	31	*	*	11
	Mar - May 2003	465	205	140	65	56	12	43	32	*	*	10
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>30</b>	*	*	*
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	9	7	2	2	1	1	3	*	*	*
<i>Change %</i>	1.6	4.6	5.1	3.4	3.7	6.4	2.6	11.4	*	*	*	
<b>Women</b>	Jun - Aug 2000	739	309	227	82	74	23	51	17	33	*	16
	Jun - Aug 2001	743	311	232	79	69	23	45	16	38	*	10
	Jun - Aug 2002	725	301	232	69	61	21	40	17	25	*	12
	Sep - Nov 2002	733	308	225	83	77	23	54	20	34	*	16
	Dec - Feb 2003	754	325	244	82	75	28	47	22	29	*	15
	Mar - May 2003	762	335	260	75	69	22	47	18	32	*	10
	<b>Jun - Aug 2003</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>34</b>	*	<b>13</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	23	15	8	10	1	8	-1	8	*	1
<i>Change %</i>	3.4	7.7	6.3	12.2	16.1	6.5	21.2	-4.4	33.3	*	12.1	

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4; 5=6+7; 5=8+9+10+11

Source: Labour Force Survey

<sup>#</sup> other includes discouraged workers

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

The data in this table have been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

# VACANCIES

## 12 Jobcentre vacancies

East Midlands

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

	Vacancies Notified		Vacancies unfilled		Vacancy outflow		Of which: Vacancies filled by Jobcentres	
	Level	Change on month	Level	Change on month	Level	Change on month	Level	Change on month
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>2001</b>								
September	DRYM		BCQF		DRZB		DRZQ	
<b>2002</b>								
September								
October								
November								
December								
<b>2003</b>								
January								
February								
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
<i>Change on year</i>								
<i>Change on year %</i>								

Publication of these vacancy statistics has been deferred.

Figures from May 2001 are affected by the introduction of Employer Direct - see note on page 9

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# 13 2001 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	Population+		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand##		
	Employment++		Unemployment++		Economic inactivity++		Claimant count#		Jobs**		
	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate+++ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion## (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>36,155</b>	<b>27,424</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,499</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7,890</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>982,998</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>29,954</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>64,375</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,998</b>	<b>0.78</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	134	105	72.7	7	6.1	33	22.5	5,099	3.8	131	0.98
<b>Leicester UA</b>	174	116	66.7	8	6.3	50	28.8	7,874	4.5	172	0.99
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	170	112	64.7	10	7.7	51	29.7	7,755	4.6	196	1.15
<b>Rutland UA</b>	21	19	78.6	*	*	5	19.3	106	0.5	17	0.79
<b>Derbyshire</b>											
Amber Valley	71	55	73.1	*	*	18	23.2	1,571	2.2	59	0.82
Bolsover	43	31	70.5	*	*	11	25.5	1,459	3.4	22	0.51
Chesterfield	60	43	70.0	*	*	15	23.9	2,564	4.3	54	0.91
Derbyshire Dales	41	36	84.4	*	*	6	14.8	582	1.4	38	0.90
Erewash	67	53	80.5	*	*	11	16.1	1,583	2.3	43	0.63
High Peak	55	46	80.1	*	*	10	17.4	960	1.7	40	0.72
North East Derbyshire	59	45	73.5	*	*	13	22.2	1,773	3.0	31	0.53
South Derbyshire	51	44	82.8	*	*	8	15.4	750	1.5	26	0.49
<b>Leicestershire</b>											
Blaby	56	48	86.3	*	*	7	12.1	700	1.2	39	0.69
Charnwood	98	77	76.0	6	7.2	18	18.1	1,962	2.0	63	0.64
Harborough	47	41	83.2	*	*	7	14.7	468	1.0	38	0.78
Hinckley and Bosworth	62	51	82.5	*	*	8	13.8	984	1.6	45	0.71
Melton	30	26	85.2	*	*	*	*	365	1.2	21	0.70
North West Leicestershire	53	45	81.8	*	*	8	14.7	821	1.6	48	0.90
Oadby and Wigston	34	29	87.2	*	*	*	*	646	1.9	20	0.59
<b>Lincolnshire</b>											
Boston	33	23	73.4	*	*	7	21.2	554	1.7	27	0.79
East Lindsey	74	51	69.9	*	*	18	24.4	1,739	2.4	52	0.68
Lincoln	53	35	69.9	*	*	13	25.5	1,775	3.3	58	1.09
North Kesteven	56	45	78.5	*	*	10	18.0	738	1.3	40	0.69
South Holland	44	33	74.9	*	*	10	21.9	543	1.2	38	0.81
South Kesteven	76	63	84.9	*	*	9	12.6	1,105	1.5	55	0.72
West Lindsey	47	36	77.5	*	*	9	18.9	1,241	2.6	30	0.62
<b>Northamptonshire</b>											
Corby	32	21	69.4	*	*	8	25.0	864	2.7	30	0.94
Daventry	45	36	79.7	*	*	7	15.7	574	1.3	33	0.72
East Northamptonshire	47	41	81.3	*	*	7	13.9	678	1.4	27	0.57
Kettering	51	44	83.9	*	*	7	13.7	811	1.6	36	0.71
Northampton	123	97	79.3	*	*	22	17.7	2,984	2.4	133	1.08
South Northamptonshire	50	45	87.6	*	*	*	*	380	0.8	31	0.61
Wellingborough	45	36	83.4	*	*	7	16.6	918	2.1	38	0.85
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>											
Ashfield	69	47	70.8	*	*	17	25.1	2,292	3.3	47	0.68
Bassetlaw	66	47	70.2	*	*	17	25.0	2,196	3.3	48	0.73
Broxtowe	67	54	78.7	*	*	13	18.6	1,293	1.9	36	0.54
Gedling	69	55	81.9	*	*	10	15.5	1,428	2.1	36	0.52

# 13 2001 local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted											
Population+		Labour supply					Working age benefits		Labour demand###		
		Employment++		Unemployment++		Economic inactivity++		Claimant count#		Jobs**	
16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate+++ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion## (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Mansfield	59	44	71.6	*	*	15	25.0	2,035	3.4	39	0.65
Newark and Sherwood	64	48	73.3	*	*	16	23.6	1,361	2.1	42	0.65
Rushcliffe	65	49	72.9	*	*	17	25.0	845	1.3	38	0.57

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

+ Official mid-2001 estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

++ LFS data relate to the period March 2001 to February 2002. LFS sample covers working age (16-59/64) population living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The LFS data in this table have not yet been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

+++ Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

# Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2001 to December 2001.

## Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

### Labour demand includes jobs and vacancies - data on vacancies will be included here when they become available for local areas.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

\*\* Jobs data are for 2001, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# 14 2001 local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	Population+		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand###	
	Employment++		Unemployment++		Economic inactivity++		Claimant count#			Jobs**	
	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate+++ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion## (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>36,155</b>	<b>27,424</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,499</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7,890</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>982,998</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>29,954</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>64,375</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,998</b>	<b>0.78</b>
Amber Valley	..	..	72.0	..	*	..	23.4	1,335	2.4	44	0.78
Ashfield	..	..	71.7	..	*	..	23.9	1,977	3.4	44	0.75
Bassetlaw	..	..	68.4	..	*	..	25.6	1,854	3.4	37	0.67
Blaby	..	..	87.2	..	*	..	10.3	673	1.1	49	0.80
Bolsover	..	..	71.2	..	*	..	24.9	1,735	3.3	25	0.48
Boston & Skegness	..	..	72.2	..	*	..	21.4	1,081	2.1	41	0.80
Bosworth	..	..	82.6	..	*	..	13.4	913	1.6	42	0.75
Broxtowe	..	..	78.3	..	*	..	19.6	1,066	1.8	31	0.52
Charnwood	..	..	80.7	..	*	..	14.4	783	1.4	30	0.52
Chesterfield	..	..	71.2	..	*	..	23.3	2,340	4.2	52	0.93
Corby	..	..	74.2	..	*	..	20.3	1,154	1.9	46	0.77
Daventry	..	..	84.1	..	*	..	12.3	800	1.1	52	0.71
Derby North	..	..	78.3	..	*	..	17.0	1,781	3.0	41	0.70
Derby South	..	..	67.1	..	6.9	..	27.8	3,033	5.0	87	1.44
Erewash	..	..	79.9	..	*	..	16.8	1,530	2.4	41	0.64
Gainsborough	..	..	77.5	..	*	..	19.1	1,289	2.6	30	0.61
Gedling	..	..	80.6	..	*	..	17.4	1,172	2.1	30	0.54
Grantham & Stamford	..	..	85.4	..	*	..	12.0	922	1.6	47	0.79
Harborough	..	..	83.6	..	*	..	14.3	924	1.6	37	0.65
High Peak	..	..	79.8	..	*	..	17.8	1,016	1.7	42	0.72
Kettering	..	..	81.5	..	*	..	15.8	895	1.4	43	0.69
Leicester East	..	..	63.9	..	*	..	32.6	2,161	4.0	34	0.64
Leicester South	..	..	66.9	..	7.8	..	27.4	2,991	4.6	87	1.35
Leicester West	..	..	68.7	..	*	..	27.0	2,723	4.9	50	0.91
Lincoln	..	..	70.2	..	*	..	24.9	1,810	3.2	59	1.06
Loughborough	..	..	73.0	..	*	..	21.4	1,398	2.4	43	0.72
Louth & Horncastle	..	..	69.5	..	*	..	25.3	1,163	2.2	33	0.64
Mansfield	..	..	72.1	..	*	..	24.7	1,782	3.4	37	0.71
Newark	..	..	75.7	..	*	..	21.4	1,331	2.4	40	0.72
North East Derbyshire	..	..	71.8	..	*	..	22.8	1,721	3.2	31	0.57
North West Leicestershire	..	..	81.8	..	*	..	14.7	821	1.6	47	0.90
Northampton North	..	..	77.6	..	*	..	19.5	1,646	2.7	40	0.66
Northampton South	..	..	83.4	..	*	..	14.1	1,408	1.9	97	1.34
Nottingham East	..	..	66.5	..	*	..	27.2	3,136	5.6	48	0.85
Nottingham North	..	..	65.8	..	8.0	..	28.4	2,424	4.8	29	0.56
Nottingham South	..	..	62.4	..	*	..	32.5	2,196	3.5	119	1.88
Rushcliffe	..	..	72.9	..	*	..	25.0	845	1.3	38	0.57
Rutland & Melton	..	..	83.1	..	*	..	14.6	541	0.9	39	0.69
Sherwood	..	..	74.4	..	*	..	22.3	1,422	2.4	28	0.48
Sleaford & North Hykeham	..	..	79.2	..	*	..	17.8	782	1.3	41	0.69
South Derbyshire	..	..	81.4	..	*	..	16.4	1,035	1.6	28	0.42
South Holland & The Deepings	..	..	76.1	..	*	..	20.8	647	1.2	40	0.73
Wellingborough	..	..	84.4	..	*	..	14.7	1,306	2.0	49	0.76
West Derbyshire	..	..	83.5	..	*	..	15.5	814	1.5	51	0.91

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

+ Official mid-2001 estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

++ LFS data relate to the period March 2001 to February 2002. LFS sample covers working age (16-59/64) population living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The LFS data in this table have not yet been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

+++ Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

# Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2001 to December 2001.

## Percentage of resident working age population of the area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB these percentages are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

### Labour demand includes jobs and vacancies - data on vacancies will be included here when they become available for local areas.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

\*\* Jobs data are for 2001, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 15 2001 local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	Population+		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand###		
	Employment++		Unemployment++		Economic inactivity++		Claimant count#		Jobs**		
	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate+++ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion## (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>36,155</b>	<b>27,424</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,499</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7,890</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>982,998</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>29,954</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>64,375</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,998</b>	<b>0.78</b>
Boston	..	..	73.4	..	*	..	21.6	586	1.6	27	0.76
Buxton	..	..	84.0	..	*	..	*	609	1.7	27	0.76
Chesterfield	..	..	70.5	..	6.6	..	24.5	4,347	4.0	74	0.69
Derby	..	..	74.7	..	4.7	..	21.6	6,218	3.0	178	0.86
Gainsborough	..	..	71.8	..	*	..	*	843	4.1	15	0.73
Grantham	..	..	86.4	..	*	..	*	714	1.9	30	0.81
Horncastle	..	..	78.0	..	*	..	*	168	1.2	10	0.67
Kettering and Corby	..	..	78.4	..	*	..	18.2	1,713	2.0	68	0.78
Leicester	..	..	75.8	..	5.1	..	20.0	10,741	2.8	317	0.82
Lincoln	..	..	74.2	..	*	..	21.7	2,497	2.3	90	0.84
Loughborough	..	..	73.9	..	*	..	21.4	1,701	2.1	57	0.71
Louth	..	..	72.9	..	*	..	*	554	2.9	14	0.71
Mansfield	..	..	70.1	..	5.2	..	26.0	5,604	3.2	123	0.70
Matlock	..	..	82.8	..	*	..	16.5	553	1.5	35	0.94
Melton Mowbray & Oakham	..	..	84.0	..	*	..	*	345	1.2	20	0.72
Newark	..	..	75.7	..	*	..	21.1	737	2.0	27	0.74
Northampton	..	..	81.5	..	*	..	15.7	3,700	2.0	173	0.94
Nottingham	..	..	73.2	..	5.0	..	22.9	13,650	3.0	360	0.79
Retford	..	..	73.7	..	*	..	24.4	737	3.0	17	0.68
Skegness and Mablethorpe	..	..	63.0	..	*	..	28.4	913	2.8	24	0.74
Sleaford	..	..	78.8	..	*	..	*	353	1.4	18	0.73
Spalding and Holbeach	..	..	72.7	..	*	..	24.4	507	1.3	34	0.85
Stamford	..	..	80.7	..	4.9	..	14.9	413	0.8	37	0.71
Wellingborough	..	..	85.2	..	*	..	13.4	1,546	1.8	59	0.71
Worksop	..	..	66.2	..	*	..	26.4	1,416	3.8	28	0.75

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

+ Official mid-2001 estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

++ LFS data relate to the period March 2001 to February 2002. LFS sample covers working age (16-59/64) population living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The LFS data in this table have not yet been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

+++ Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

# Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2001 to December 2001.

## Percentage of resident working age population of the area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB these percentages are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

### Labour demand includes jobs and vacancies - data on vacancies will be included here when they become available for local areas.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

\*\* Jobs data are for 2001, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 16 2001 local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	Population+		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand###		
	Employment++		Unemployment++		Economic inactivity++		Claimant count#		Jobs*		
	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate+++ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion## (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>36,155</b>	<b>27,424</b>	<b>74.4</b>	<b>1,499</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7,890</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>982,998</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>29,954</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>1,974</b>	<b>75.9</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>64,375</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,998</b>	<b>0.78</b>
Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire											
Derby	134	105	72.7	7	6.1	33	22.5	5,099	3.8	131	0.98
East Derbyshire	162	118	71.4	8	6.4	39	23.7	5,796	3.6	107	0.66
South & West Derbyshire	286	235	79.5	8	3.2	53	17.8	5,445	1.9	203	0.71
Nottingham	170	112	64.7	10	7.7	51	29.7	7,755	4.6	196	1.15
North Nottinghamshire	258	186	71.5	10	5.0	64	24.7	7,883	3.1	174	0.68
South Nottinghamshire	201	158	77.9	*	*	40	19.7	3,566	1.8	109	0.54
Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire											
Leicester	174	116	66.7	8	6.3	50	28.8	7,874	4.5	172	0.99
Leicestershire CC & Rutland	401	337	81.7	15	4.2	61	14.7	6,053	1.5	287	0.72
Northamptonshire	393	320	81.0	12	3.5	63	16.0	7,209	1.8	327	0.83
Lincolnshire											
Lincolnshire	382	287	75.9	15	4.9	76	20.0	7,695	2.0	292	0.76

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

+ Official mid-2001 estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

++ LFS data relate to the period March 2001 to February 2002. LFS sample covers working age (16-59/64) population living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The LFS data in this table have not yet been adjusted to reflect the 2001 Census population data - see note on page 6.

+++ Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

# Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Average for January 2001 to December 2001.

## Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

### Labour demand includes jobs and vacancies - data on vacancies will be included here when they become available for local areas.

\* Sample size too small for reliable estimate.

\*\* Jobs data are for 2001, and are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

17 Claimant count\* by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 11 SEPTEMBER 2003						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>#</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>#</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>679,240</b>	<b>242,896</b>	<b>922,136</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>-18,403</b>	<b>4,325</b>	<b>-14,078</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>42,491</b>	<b>16,052</b>	<b>58,543</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>1,234</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	3,446	1,120	4,566	5.0	1.7	3.4	-232	-120	-352	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
<b>Leicester UA</b>	7,602	2,789	10,391	8.7	3.2	6.0	1,461	711	2,172	1.7	0.8	1.2
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	5,511	1,566	7,077	6.2	1.9	4.2	-105	-9	-114	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
<b>Rutland UA</b>	80	46	126	0.7	0.5	0.6	2	15	17	0.0	0.2	0.1
<b>Derbyshire</b>	6,258	2,440	8,698	2.7	1.1	1.9	-399	-91	-490	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Amber Valley	829	354	1,183	2.2	1.0	1.7	-60	-9	-69	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Bolsover	750	288	1,038	3.3	1.4	2.4	-69	3	-66	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Chesterfield	1,426	505	1,931	4.6	1.8	3.2	-68	-48	-116	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Derbyshire Dales	340	137	477	1.5	0.7	1.2	-19	-2	-21	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Erewash	994	379	1,373	2.8	1.2	2.0	-9	11	2	0.0	0.0	0.0
High Peak	578	238	816	2.0	0.9	1.5	21	7	28	0.1	0.0	0.1
North East Derbyshire	897	355	1,252	2.9	1.3	2.1	-159	-5	-164	-0.5	0.0	-0.3
South Derbyshire	444	184	628	1.7	0.7	1.2	-36	-48	-84	-0.1	-0.2	-0.2
<b>Leicestershire</b>	4,124	1,839	5,963	2.1	1.0	1.6	256	157	413	0.1	0.1	0.1
Blaby	618	267	885	2.1	1.0	1.6	113	11	124	0.4	0.0	0.2
Charnwood	1,296	587	1,883	2.5	1.3	1.9	-3	86	83	0.0	0.2	0.1
Harborough	378	187	565	1.5	0.8	1.2	46	27	73	0.2	0.1	0.2
Hinckley and Bosworth	628	297	925	1.9	1.0	1.5	47	27	74	0.1	0.1	0.1
Melton	200	78	278	1.3	0.6	0.9	2	-25	-23	0.0	-0.2	-0.1
North West Leicestershire	502	225	727	1.8	0.9	1.4	16	10	26	0.1	0.0	0.0
Oadby and Wigston	502	198	700	2.9	1.2	2.1	35	21	56	0.2	0.1	0.2
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	4,274	1,712	5,986	2.1	0.9	1.6	-225	-103	-328	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Boston	274	109	383	1.6	0.7	1.2	-15	-26	-41	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1
East Lindsey	888	325	1,213	2.3	0.9	1.6	35	-18	17	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Lincoln	1,106	315	1,421	4.0	1.2	2.7	-63	-31	-94	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
North Kesteven	395	209	604	1.4	0.8	1.1	-53	-2	-55	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
South Holland	337	174	511	1.5	0.8	1.2	24	13	37	0.1	0.1	0.1
South Kesteven	609	283	892	1.6	0.8	1.2	-83	6	-77	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
West Lindsey	665	297	962	2.7	1.3	2.0	-70	-45	-115	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	5,291	2,174	7,465	2.6	1.1	1.9	505	343	848	0.2	0.2	0.2
Corby	710	237	947	4.3	1.5	2.9	155	49	204	0.9	0.3	0.6
Daventry	391	176	567	1.6	0.8	1.3	54	13	67	0.2	0.1	0.1
East Northamptonshire	507	250	757	2.0	1.1	1.6	97	53	150	0.4	0.2	0.3
Kettering	603	266	869	2.3	1.1	1.7	139	37	176	0.5	0.2	0.3
Northampton	2,117	814	2,931	3.4	1.4	2.4	-13	99	86	0.0	0.2	0.1
South Northamptonshire	307	139	446	1.2	0.6	0.9	46	35	81	0.2	0.1	0.2
Wellingborough	656	292	948	2.8	1.4	2.1	27	57	84	0.1	0.3	0.2
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	5,905	2,366	8,271	2.5	1.1	1.8	-866	-66	-932	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Ashfield	1,075	422	1,497	3.0	1.3	2.2	-202	-42	-244	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
Bassetlaw	888	361	1,249	2.6	1.2	1.9	-253	-103	-356	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
Broxtowe	791	312	1,103	2.3	1.0	1.6	-98	-28	-126	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Gedling	883	364	1,247	2.5	1.1	1.8	-54	25	-29	-0.2	0.1	0.0
Mansfield	1,015	384	1,399	3.3	1.3	2.4	-156	30	-126	-0.5	0.1	-0.2
Newark and Sherwood	721	315	1,036	2.2	1.0	1.6	-38	58	20	-0.1	0.2	0.0
Rushcliffe	532	208	740	1.6	0.7	1.1	-65	-6	-71	-0.2	0.0	-0.1

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

# Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB these are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 18 Claimant count\* by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 11 SEPTEMBER 2003						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>#</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>#</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>679,240</b>	<b>242,896</b>	<b>922,136</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>-18,403</b>	<b>4,325</b>	<b>-14,078</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>42,491</b>	<b>16,052</b>	<b>58,543</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>837</b>	<b>1,234</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Amber Valley	694	293	987	2.3	1.1	1.7	-53	-2	-55	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Ashfield	876	349	1,225	2.9	1.2	2.1	-204	-51	-255	-0.7	-0.2	-0.4
Bassetlaw	775	295	1,070	2.7	1.1	1.9	-223	-99	-322	-0.8	-0.4	-0.6
Blaby	575	257	832	1.8	0.9	1.4	106	5	111	0.3	0.0	0.2
Bolsover	908	334	1,242	3.3	1.3	2.4	-76	-1	-77	-0.3	0.0	-0.1
Boston & Skegness	536	187	723	2.0	0.8	1.4	13	-16	-3	0.0	-0.1	0.0
Bosworth	569	272	841	2.0	1.0	1.5	48	24	72	0.2	0.1	0.1
Broxtowe	691	268	959	2.3	1.0	1.6	-59	-18	-77	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Chamwood	703	313	1,016	2.4	1.1	1.8	111	83	194	0.4	0.3	0.3
Chesterfield	1,302	462	1,764	4.5	1.7	3.2	-52	-57	-109	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Corby	938	315	1,253	3.0	1.1	2.1	195	53	248	0.6	0.2	0.4
Daventry	582	272	854	1.5	0.8	1.2	63	55	118	0.2	0.2	0.2
Derby North	1,091	390	1,481	3.6	1.4	2.5	-225	-23	-248	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Derby South	2,186	678	2,864	7.0	2.3	4.7	21	-81	-60	0.1	-0.3	-0.1
Erewash	970	361	1,331	2.9	1.2	2.1	2	2	4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gainsborough	681	309	990	2.6	1.3	2.0	-79	-41	-120	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Gedling	729	292	1,021	2.6	1.1	1.9	-41	17	-24	-0.1	0.1	0.0
Grantham & Stamford	510	222	732	1.7	0.8	1.2	-70	-9	-79	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Harborough	712	295	1,007	2.4	1.1	1.8	45	27	72	0.2	0.1	0.1
High Peak	603	251	854	2.0	0.9	1.4	14	10	24	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kettering	676	287	963	2.1	0.9	1.5	168	26	194	0.5	0.1	0.3
Leicester East	2,159	963	3,122	8.1	3.6	5.8	492	276	768	1.8	1.0	1.4
Leicester South	2,923	919	3,842	8.9	2.9	5.9	574	193	767	1.7	0.6	1.2
Leicester West	2,520	907	3,427	9.1	3.3	6.2	395	242	637	1.4	0.9	1.1
Lincoln	1,134	324	1,458	3.9	1.2	2.6	-65	-31	-96	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Loughborough	803	367	1,170	2.5	1.3	2.0	-78	22	-56	-0.2	0.1	-0.1
Louth & Horncastle	610	235	845	2.2	1.0	1.6	16	-32	-16	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Mansfield	887	340	1,227	3.3	1.3	2.4	-131	41	-90	-0.5	0.2	-0.2
Newark	672	315	987	2.3	1.2	1.8	-42	39	-3	-0.1	0.1	0.0
North East Derbyshire	863	352	1,215	3.0	1.4	2.2	-168	8	-160	-0.6	0.0	-0.3
North West Leicestershire	502	225	727	1.8	0.9	1.4	16	10	26	0.1	0.0	0.0
Northampton North	1,151	434	1,585	3.8	1.5	2.6	-4	58	54	0.0	0.2	0.1
Northampton South	1,009	402	1,411	2.7	1.2	2.0	-1	45	44	0.0	0.1	0.1
Nottingham East	2,136	581	2,717	7.3	2.2	4.9	-105	3	-102	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Nottingham North	1,756	551	2,307	6.8	2.2	4.5	-22	-48	-70	-0.1	-0.2	-0.1
Nottingham South	1,619	434	2,053	4.7	1.5	3.2	22	36	58	0.1	0.1	0.1
Rushcliffe	532	208	740	1.6	0.7	1.1	-65	-6	-71	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Rutland & Melton	340	156	496	1.1	0.6	0.9	10	1	11	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sherwood	743	299	1,042	2.4	1.1	1.8	-101	11	-90	-0.3	0.0	-0.2
Sleaford & North Hykeham	400	224	624	1.3	0.8	1.1	-67	6	-61	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
South Derbyshire	613	236	849	1.8	0.7	1.3	-64	-64	-128	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
South Holland & The Deepings	403	211	614	1.4	0.8	1.1	27	20	47	0.1	0.1	0.1
Wellingborough	935	464	1,399	2.8	1.5	2.2	84	106	190	0.2	0.3	0.3
West Derbyshire	474	203	677	1.6	0.8	1.2	-30	-3	-33	-0.1	0.0	-0.1

\* Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

# The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB these percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See note on page 8 for further details.

# 19 Comparison of pre-2001 and post-2001 Census population data

(thousands)

	Working-age population data for mid-2001			% difference
	Pre-2001 Census	Post-2001 Census		
	Projected data	Mid-year estimate		
<b>EAST MIDLANDS</b>	<b>2,610</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>-1.9</b>	
<b>Derby UA</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>-8.4</b>	
<b>Leicester UA</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>174</b>	<b>-3.9</b>	
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>-4.8</b>	
<b>Rutland UA</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>-15.5</b>	
<b>Derbyshire</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	
Amber Valley	74	71	-4.0	
Bolsover	43	43	-0.2	
Chesterfield	62	60	-3.5	
Derbyshire Dales	43	42	-2.8	
Erewash	66	67	1.5	
High Peak	57	55	-3.5	
North East Derbyshire	61	59	-3.3	
South Derbyshire	53	51	-4.1	
<b>Leicestershire</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	
Blaby	55	56	1.4	
Charnwood	102	98	-3.9	
Harborough	48	47	-1.7	
Hinckley and Bosworth	62	62	1.0	
Melton	30	30	-2.0	
North West Leicestershire	54	53	-2.4	
Oadby and Wigston	33	34	1.8	
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>1.1</b>	
Boston	32	33	1.6	
East Lindsey	72	74	2.1	
Lincoln	52	53	3.3	
North Kesteven	56	56	0.5	
South Holland	44	44	-0.7	
South Kesteven	76	76	-0.5	
West Lindsey	46	47	1.7	
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	
Corby	31	32	3.8	
Daventry	45	45	1.3	
East Northamptonshire	48	47	-1.9	
Kettering	52	51	-3.6	
Northampton	125	123	-1.0	
South Northamptonshire	51	50	-2.4	
Wellingborough	43	45	4.2	
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	
Ashfield	67	69	2.2	
Bassetlaw	66	66	0.5	
Broxtowe	68	67	-1.9	
Gedling	67	69	2.1	
Mansfield	61	59	-2.6	
Newark and Sherwood	65	64	-1.1	
Rushcliffe	68	65	-3.4	

See note on page 8 for further details.

Source: ONS Population and Demography Division