

12 July 2006

Coverage
East Midlands
Theme
Labour Market

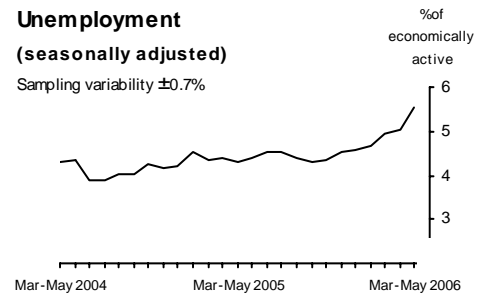
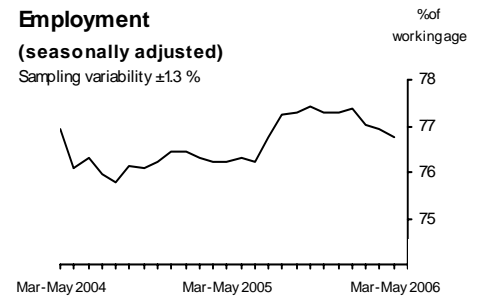
Labour market statistics July 2006: East Midlands

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Labour Force Survey data for the East Midlands indicate the trend in the employment rate has levelled off after increasing, and the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago.

Data for the three months to May 2006 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 76.8 per cent, up 0.5 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.5 per cent, up 1.2 percentage points on a year earlier.

The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to June 2006.



Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Mar-May 06	2,122	76.8	42	± 57	0.5	± 1.7
Unemployment**	Mar-May 06	124	5.5	30	± 19	1.2	± 0.9
Economically active*	Mar-May 06	2,246	81.4	72	± 57	1.6	± 1.7
Economically inactive+	Mar-May 06	495	18.6	-40	± 57	-1.6	± 1.7
of which:							
Not wanting a job+	Mar-May 06	367		-18	± 50		
Wanting a job+	Mar-May 06	128		-22	± 32		
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2006	2,076		-19	..		
Claimant count	Jun 2006	62.6	2.9**	8.7		0.4	

See note on page 9 on sampling variability.

* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

** Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See background note 5.

.. Not available.

New this month:

March to May 2006 data: latest three-month average LFS results;

June 2006 data: claimant count.

Issued by
National Statistics
1 Drummond Gate
London SW1V 2QQ

Telephone
Press Office 020 7533 5714
Helpline 020 7533 6094
Public enquiries 0845 601 3034

Statisticians

Regional and local data
Nick Maine
020 7533 6130

Regional and national Labour Force Survey
Peter Alstrup
020 7533 6110

Claimant count and vacancies
Mick McDonough
020 7533 5236

Employee jobs
Nick Barford
01633 812072

Internet
www.statistics.gov.uk

Email
labour.market@ons.gov.uk

Employment Information Unit
Stuart Swift
Jobcentre Plus
7th Floor, Newtown House
Maid Marian Way
Nottingham
NG1 6GG

Telephone
0115 989 5912

Next publication date
16 August 2006

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Employment (tables 1 to 6)

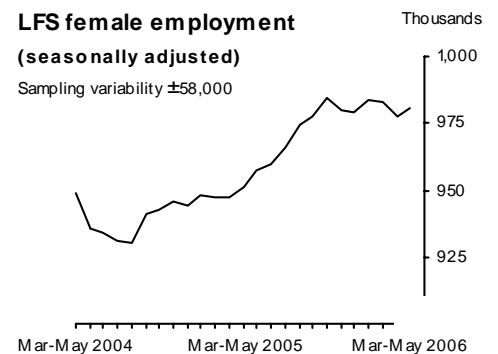
The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the East Midlands was 76.8 per cent in the March to May 2006 period, up 0.5 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.12 million in the March to May 2006 period, up 42,000 on the same period a year earlier.



LFS estimates indicate an increase in the number of employees and a decrease in the number of self employed over the past year.

LFS estimates suggest increases in the number of full-time workers and in the number of part-time workers over the past year.

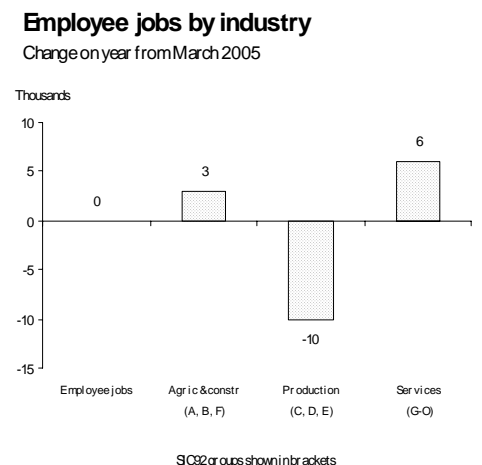
Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were up 9,000 in the quarter to March 2006.



Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were unchanged in the year to March 2006.

Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the East Midlands was 5.5 per cent in the March to May 2006 period, up 1.2 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in March to May 2006 were 6.2 per cent and 4.7 per cent respectively.

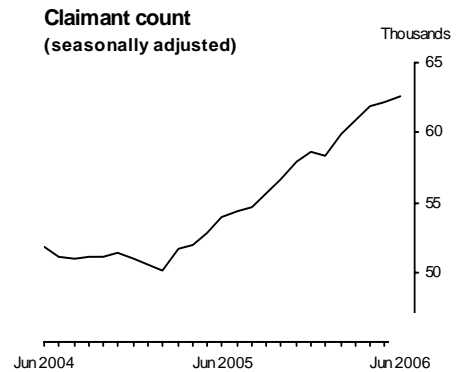


All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in June 2006 was 2.9 per cent, unchanged from May 2006, and up 0.4 percentage points since June 2005. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in June 2006 was 62,600, up 500 on May 2006, and up 8,700 since June 2005.



Economically active (tables 1 and 9)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the East Midlands was 2.25 million in the March to May 2006 period.

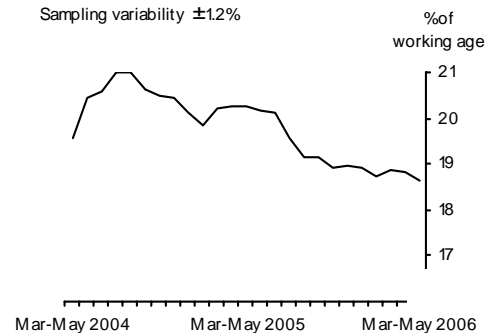
Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the East Midlands in March to May 2006 was 18.6 per cent, down 1.6 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the March to May 2006 period was 1.20 million, with 495,000 of these of working age, down 40,000 on the same period a year earlier.

Economic inactivity (working age) (seasonally adjusted)

Sampling variability ±12%

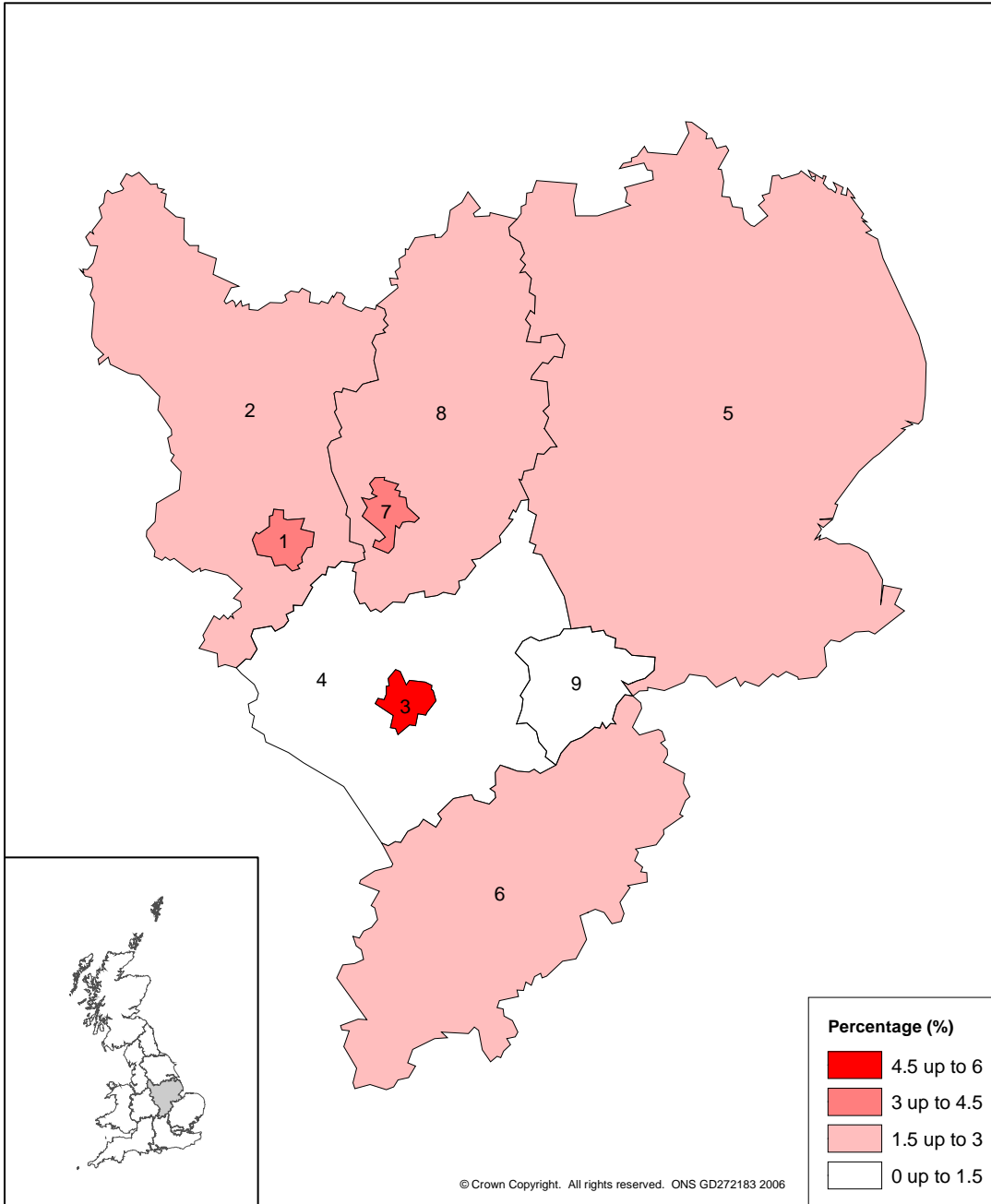


Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Rutland UA, at 0.7 per cent. It was highest in Leicester UA, at 4.8 per cent.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA
June 2006 - East Midlands



1	Derby UA	3.5%
2	Derbyshire	2.1%
3	Leicester UA	4.8%
4	Leicestershire	1.4%
5	Lincolnshire	2.0%
6	Northamptonshire	2.1%
7	Nottingham UA	4.4%
8	Nottinghamshire	1.9%
9	Rutland UA	0.7%

BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION

REVISIONS

There are no significant revisions this month to the data in this release.

KEY QUALITY ISSUES

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

Summary Quality Report: A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

Common pitfalls in interpreting series: Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

RELIABILITY

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from July 2000 to June 2005. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to July 2003. As more data are published a full five years worth of comparisons will be included for all series.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	76.8	60	-0.03	0.13
Unemployment rate (%)	5.5	60	0.01	0.04
Claimant count (000s)	62.6	60	0.01	0.27

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,076	15	57.13*	57.13

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website (http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

THIS MONTH

There are no significant changes in this release.

NEXT MONTH

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

The local labour market indicators tables will be updated in next month's release with employment and economic inactivity data from the January 2005 to December 2005 Annual Population Survey, modelled estimates of unemployment, claimant count levels and proportions for January 2005 to December 2005 and with labour demand data for 2004.

SPECIAL

Labour Force Survey move to calendar quarters

An EU requirement exists whereby all member states must have a Labour Force Survey (LFS) based on calendar quarters. The UK LFS met this from May 2006. The survey previously used seasonal quarters where, for example, the March-May months covered the spring quarter, June-August was summer and so forth. This has now changed to calendar quarters where micro data will be available for January-March (Q1), April-June (Q2), July-September (Q3) and October-December (Q4).

Initially, a back series of calendar quarter micro datasets is available for the years 1997, 1999, 2001-2004, for Q2 and Q4, then for all quarters from 2005 onwards. ONS is planning to have all periods available when modernised systems are in place.

An article on the impact and issues associated with the move to calendar quarters is available on the National Statistics website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14365>) and in the June 2006 edition of *Labour Market Trends*.

Population estimates in the LFS

On 20 October 2005 the Government Actuary's Department (GAD) published revised projections for 2005 and later years, based on the ONS population estimates published on 25 August 2005. These revised population estimates have this month been incorporated into LFS estimates back to July-September 2004.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include these new population estimates, using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of *Labour Market Trends*, which is available on the website: http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf

It is planned that modernised LFS processing systems will be introduced that will enable future population data to be incorporated into revised LFS microdata to the same sort of timetable now achieved for the LFS time series by using the interim adjustment procedure. Further information about the timing of this innovation will be made available as soon as possible. Currently the aim is to complete this part of ONS's statistical modernisation work by mid 2007.

Labour Force Survey (Economic Inactivity)

A review of LFS questions on reasons for inactivity has been carried out to assure interviewee responses are recorded effectively. Minor modifications in the questionnaire have led to changes in the way that people respond to inactivity, affecting mainly three series in Table 11 (Economic inactivity: reasons): 'Discouraged Workers', 'Retired' and 'Other.' We are seeing the effect of this in the data.

Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002 (see http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc).

These tables include data from the Annual Population Survey. These data are weighted to population estimates consistent with those released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the revised population data. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. (see background note 2).

Annual Population Survey data

A technical problem arose in the compilation of the APS data for April 2004 to March 2005. Some records for respondents in Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland, referring to January and February 2005, were omitted from the database.

For this reason the APS estimates of labour supply for local areas and country totals, in Tables 12 to 15, for the releases for Scotland and Wales refer to the period January to December 2004. (The claimant count data in these tables also refer to January to December 2004.) In addition, the United Kingdom labour supply totals, from the APS data, in Tables 12 to 15, for all regions in England, refer to January to December 2004.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Sampling variability and trends

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

March to May 2006

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
Employment	2,081	2,122	2,164	-67	-11	46	-15	42	98
Employment rate	75.4%	76.8%	78.1%	-2.3%	-0.6%	1.1%	-1.2%	0.5%	2.3%
Unemployment	110	124	138	1	20	39	11	30	49
Unemployment rate	4.8%	5.5%	6.2%	0.0%	0.9%	1.7%	0.3%	1.2%	2.1%
Economically active	2,205	2,246	2,288	-47	9	65	15	72	129
Economic activity rate	80.1%	81.4%	82.6%	-1.5%	0.1%	1.7%	0.0%	1.6%	3.3%
Economically inactive	451	495	538	-57	-2	53	-96	-40	17

Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures

March to May 2006

	Employment	Unemployment	Economically Active	Working age Economically Inactive	Employment Rate (%)	Unemployment Rate (%)
	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)	Level (000s)		
North East	± 36	± 12	± 36	± 36	± 1.8	± 0.9
North West	± 63	± 18	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.6
Yorks & Humber	± 51	± 17	± 50	± 49	± 1.3	± 0.7
East Midlands	± 41	± 14	± 41	± 43	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 52	± 16	± 51	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.6
East	± 52	± 18	± 52	± 49	± 1.2	± 0.6
London	± 68	± 27	± 65	± 66	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 61	± 19	± 60	± 55	± 0.9	± 0.4
South West	± 51	± 14	± 51	± 49	± 1.3	± 0.5
Wales	± 40	± 12	± 40	± 41	± 1.8	± 0.8
Scotland	± 52	± 17	± 50	± 49	± 1.3	± 0.7

BACKGROUND NOTES

1. The LFS sample population covers those living in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 12 to 15. The APS is a new survey which started in January 2004 and the first publication of APS data was on 28 July 2005. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data, which were re-weighted to population estimates released in February 2003. However, during this reweighting exercise, revised population estimates were released, in September 2003. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 12 to 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is similar to the annual LFS database in that it is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland. From January 2004, an additional sample for areas in England was introduced, which is known as the APS boost.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*. This guide, along with additional data and further background information, are available on the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/lfs>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis® website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

3. Not seasonally adjusted claimant count data are gathered from an administrative source and constitute a complete count. However, seasonally adjusted totals are presented as rounded to the nearest hundred to avoid spurious precision.
4. Claimant count flows are the number of people joining or leaving the count in the period between the count dates. They are therefore affected by the number of weeks between count dates. To enable comparisons from month to month, the flows figures are standardised to a 4.33-week month before seasonal adjustment.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

5. The number of Jobseeker's Allowance (JSA) claimants can be expressed as a proportion of either (a) the corresponding mid-year estimate (or the latest available mid-year estimate) of the workforce jobs in the area plus the number of claimants, or (b) the resident working age population. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions based on the resident working age populations are used.
6. The count of JSA claimants is mostly derived from the Jobcentre Plus computer records. However for various reasons, e.g. when a claimant's National Insurance number is not known, a few claims have to be dealt with manually by local offices. These claims, which amount to less than 1 per cent of the total, are thus counted separately and not analysed in as much detail as the computerised claims. In particular, only the computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis.
7. Travel-to-Work areas (Table 14) are approximations to self-contained labour markets, i.e. areas where people both live and work.
8. NUTS (Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) (Table 15) was established by the Statistical Office of the European Union (Eurostat) to provide a uniform breakdown of territorial units for the production of regional statistics. NUTS is a five-level hierarchical classification.
9. The employee jobs series is based on data from employer surveys and is subject to sampling variability. The nature of the survey means that the size of this sampling variability may not be consistent from year to year. Provisionally ONS would expect that the 95 per cent confidence interval would on average be within +/- 6 per cent of the estimate. However, this will vary from region to region.
10. Labour market statistics are compiled from a wide range of sources. Claimant count data are provided from the Jobcentre Plus administrative system, workforce jobs are derived from ONS business surveys, other data come from the ONS Labour Force Survey.
11. The Social and Vital Statistics Division of ONS carries out the questionnaire design, sample selection and interviewing for the LFS. Analysis and publication of the results of the survey is undertaken by Labour Market Division. In Northern Ireland, the Labour Force Survey is conducted by the Central Survey Unit.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

12. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis[®] at the same time as this release is published. Further data are also published in *Labour Market Trends (LMT)* and the *Labour Force Survey Quarterly Supplement to LMT*.
13. Datasets of selected series can also be viewed by choosing topics within the Labour Market theme on our website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/labour>).
14. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
15. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2006.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



INDEX OF TABLES

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey (LFS) data (seasonally adjusted)

Summary of other headline indicators

REGIONAL DATA

Summary of LFS data for the current quarter (seasonally adjusted)1
 Summary of other headline indicators (seasonally adjusted)1a

EMPLOYMENT

Employment by age.....2
 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers3
 Civilian workforce jobs4
 Employee jobs by industry5
 Actual and usual weekly hours of work.....6

CLAIMANT COUNT

Claimant count levels and rates (seasonally adjusted).....7
 Claimant count by age and duration - computerised claims only8

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

Economic activity by age.....9
 Economic inactivity by age.....10
 Economic inactivity: reasons.....11

LOCAL AREA DATA

Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority.....12
 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency13
 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area.....14
 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area15
 Claimant count by Unitary and Local Authority16
 Claimant count by Parliamentary Constituency17

The following symbols are used in the tables:

- .. not available - nil or negligible
- p provisional r revised
- * grossed up total
 less than 9,500

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (March to May 2006)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	2,060	1,236	76.3	664	572	1,162	71.6	617	74.6	545	68.5	74	6.0	47	7.1	27	4.7
North West	5,465	3,378	77.5	1,804	1,574	3,205	73.4	1,703	76.6	1,502	70.1	173	5.1	101	5.6	72	4.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	4,043	2,524	78.3	1,363	1,161	2,387	74.0	1,284	77.9	1,103	69.8	138	5.5	79	5.8	59	5.0
East Midlands	3,449	2,246	81.4	1,217	1,029	2,122	76.8	1,142	80.4	981	72.8	124	5.5	75	6.2	49	4.7
West Midlands	4,264	2,664	78.1	1,461	1,203	2,523	73.8	1,378	78.5	1,145	68.7	141	5.3	83	5.7	58	4.8
East	4,407	2,855	81.2	1,559	1,296	2,711	77.0	1,477	82.0	1,234	71.6	144	5.1	82	5.3	62	4.8
London	6,031	3,923	75.4	2,190	1,733	3,613	69.4	2,010	75.7	1,603	62.6	310	7.9	180	8.2	129	7.5
South East	6,495	4,322	82.8	2,326	1,996	4,128	79.0	2,217	83.3	1,911	74.4	195	4.5	109	4.7	85	4.3
South West	4,073	2,566	81.1	1,384	1,183	2,469	78.0	1,327	81.7	1,141	73.9	98	3.8	57	4.1	41	3.5
England	40,286	25,716	79.2	13,969	11,747	24,319	74.8	13,155	79.1	11,164	70.0	1,396	5.4	814	5.8	582	5.0
Wales	2,377	1,396	75.0	744	653	1,327	71.2	699	73.7	628	68.5	69	5.0	44	6.0	25	3.8
Scotland	4,119	2,612	79.9	1,373	1,239	2,464	75.3	1,286	77.9	1,178	72.6	147	5.6	86	6.3	61	4.9
Great Britain	46,783	29,723	79.0	16,085	13,638	28,111	74.6	15,140	78.8	12,970	70.2	1,613	5.4	945	5.9	668	4.9
N Ireland	1,328	793	72.6	437	356	757	69.2	412	73.8	345	64.3	36	4.5	25	5.7	11	3.0
United Kingdom	48,112	30,547	78.9	16,541	14,006	28,899	74.6	15,570	78.7	13,329	70.1	1,648	5.4	971	5.9	678	4.8

Change on quarter:⁴

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (March to May 2006)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
North East	4	10	0.7	15	-5	21	1.3	17	2.0	4	0.6	-11	-1.0	-2	-0.5	-9	-1.6
North West	11	36	0.7	26	10	24	0.4	13	0.6	10	0.3	12	0.3	13	0.6	0	-0.1
Yorkshire & the Humber	8	-8	-0.5	-6	-2	-14	-0.7	-10	-1.0	-4	-0.4	6	0.3	4	0.3	3	0.3
East Midlands	7	9	0.1	4	5	-11	-0.6	-7	-0.7	-3	-0.6	20	0.9	11	0.9	9	0.8
West Midlands	9	29	0.7	11	17	26	0.7	8	0.3	17	1.0	3	0.1	3	0.1	0	-0.1
East	9	3	-0.1	7	-4	-11	-0.5	-5	-0.6	-6	-0.4	14	0.5	12	0.7	2	0.2
London	11	12	0.1	15	-2	-3	-0.2	5	-0.1	-8	-0.4	15	0.4	9	0.4	6	0.3
South East	13	30	0.5	8	22	16	0.2	0	-0.2	16	0.7	14	0.3	8	0.3	6	0.2
South West	8	7	0.1	10	-3	1	-0.1	3	0.1	-2	-0.3	5	0.2	7	0.5	-1	-0.1
England	80	127	0.3	89	38	49	0.0	25	0.0	24	0.1	78	0.3	64	0.4	14	0.1
Wales	4	5	-0.2	-6	12	5	-0.1	-6	-1.0	12	0.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Scotland	5	3	0.1	-7	10	-3	-0.1	-10	-0.5	7	0.4	6	0.2	3	0.2	3	0.2
Great Britain	90	136	0.2	75	60	52	0.0	9	-0.1	43	0.1	83	0.3	66	0.4	17	0.1
N Ireland	3	-2	-0.2	-2	0	-6	-0.6	-5	-1.0	-1	-0.1	4	0.5	3	0.6	1	0.2
United Kingdom	93	149	0.2	83	65	59	0.0	13	-0.1	46	0.2	90	0.3	71	0.4	19	0.1

Change on year:

	Labour Force Survey ¹ (March to May 2006)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
North East	16	32	1.2	25	7	36	1.3	24	1.8	12	0.7	-3	-0.4	2	0.0	-5	-0.9
North West	44	46	0.7	26	20	20	0.1	11	-0.1	9	0.3	26	0.7	16	0.8	11	0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	34	36	0.3	15	21	22	-0.1	16	-0.2	5	0.0	14	0.5	-2	-0.2	16	1.3
East Midlands	29	72	1.6	33	39	42	0.5	13	0.0	29	1.1	30	1.2	20	1.5	10	0.8
West Midlands	35	21	-0.3	6	15	-3	-1.0	-8	-1.5	5	-0.5	24	0.9	14	1.0	10	0.7
East	36	10	-0.6	1	9	-29	-1.8	-20	-2.0	-8	-1.5	39	1.4	22	1.4	17	1.3
London	54	91	0.6	59	32	56	0.0	44	0.4	11	-0.4	36	0.7	15	0.5	21	1.1
South East	53	87	0.9	37	50	46	0.2	11	-0.4	34	0.7	41	0.9	26	1.0	16	0.7
South West	33	-9	-1.0	2	-11	-20	-1.3	-7	-1.2	-13	-1.6	11	0.5	9	0.7	2	0.2
England	333	387	0.4	205	182	168	-0.3	83	-0.4	85	-0.1	219	0.8	122	0.8	97	0.8
Wales	18	25	0.4	21	3	17	0.0	15	0.7	1	-0.8	8	0.5	6	0.6	2	0.3
Scotland	21	5	0.0	-3	8	7	0.1	-4	-0.2	11	0.4	-2	-0.1	1	0.1	-2	-0.2
Great Britain	371	417	0.3	223	194	192	-0.2	95	-0.4	97	-0.1	225	0.7	128	0.7	97	0.6
N Ireland	14	14	0.6	5	9	17	0.9	5	0.0	11	1.8	-2	-0.4	-1	-0.2	-2	-0.6
United Kingdom	386	447	0.4	240	206	223	-0.2	110	-0.3	113	0.0	224	0.7	130	0.7	94	0.6

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2006); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (June 2006); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,137	606	532	50.9	4.3	39.0	6.1	11.9	2.2
North West	3,424	1,837	1,587	117.0	3.3	88.8	4.7	28.2	1.7
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,549	1,349	1,199	88.3	3.4	66.6	4.7	21.7	1.8
East Midlands	2,076	1,108	968	62.6	2.9	45.7	3.9	16.9	1.7
West Midlands	2,629	1,415	1,214	109.0	4.0	81.7	5.5	27.3	2.2
East	2,678	1,435	1,243	65.7	2.4	47.6	3.2	18.1	1.4
London	4,624	2,511	2,113	168.2	3.6	118.9	4.6	49.3	2.3
South East	4,235	2,218	2,017	83.2	1.9	60.7	2.6	22.5	1.1
South West	2,550	1,318	1,232	49.5	1.9	36.1	2.6	13.4	1.1
England	25,901	13,797	12,104	794.4	3.0	585.1	4.1	209.3	1.7
Wales	1,354	702	652	45.2	3.2	34.1	4.7	11.1	1.7
Scotland	2,609	1,333	1,276	89.0	3.3	67.4	4.9	21.6	1.7
Great Britain	29,865	15,832	14,032	928.6	3.0	686.6	4.2	242.0	1.7
N Ireland	816	435	381	28.0	3.2	21.1	4.4	6.9	1.8
United Kingdom	30,681	16,267	14,413	956.6	3.0	707.7	4.2	248.9	1.7

Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys ¹			Jobcentre Plus administrative system ¹					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2005); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count ² (Change on May 2006); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³	Level	Rate (%) ³
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	16	10	6	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0
North West	10	32	-22	1.2	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	29	22	7	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0
East Midlands	-19	-12	-7	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0
West Midlands	-20	-6	-14	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
East	12	5	7	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0
London	84	22	62	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0
South East	-21	-24	3	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0
South West	9	-2	10	0.8	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0
England	100	47	53	5.7	0.0	3.7	0.0	2.0	0.0
Wales	11	13	-2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Scotland	40	35	6	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0
Great Britain	152	95	57	6.2	0.0	4.0	0.0	2.2	0.0
N Ireland	6	4	3	-0.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	-0.1
United Kingdom	158	99	60	5.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	2.0	0.0

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),
seasonally
adjusted

1 Summary of LFS data

All aged 16 & over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHF	YCHS	YCJS	YCMS	HKMR			YCNF	
People	Mar-May 2004	3,389	2,170	2,076	94	1,219	64.0	61.3	4.3	36.0
	Mar-May 2005	3,420	2,174	2,081	94	1,246	63.6	60.8	4.3	36.4
	Jun-Aug 2005	3,428	2,197	2,098	100	1,230	64.1	61.2	4.5	35.9
	Sep-Nov 2005	3,435	2,226	2,129	97	1,209	64.8	62.0	4.3	35.2
	Dec-Feb 2006	3,442	2,237	2,133	104	1,204	65.0	62.0	4.7	35.0
	Mar-May 2006	3,449	2,246	2,122	124	1,202	65.1	61.5	5.5	34.9
	Change on quarter	7	9	-11	20	-2	0.1	-0.4	0.9	-0.1
Change %	0.2	0.4	-0.5	18.8	-0.2					
Change on year	29	72	42	30	-43	1.6	0.7	1.2	-1.6	
Change %	0.8	3.3	2.0	32.3	-3.5					
Men	Mar-May 2004	1,654	1,179	1,127	52	475	71.3	68.2	4.4	28.7
	Mar-May 2005	1,672	1,184	1,129	55	487	70.9	67.6	4.7	29.1
	Jun-Aug 2005	1,676	1,192	1,132	60	484	71.1	67.5	5.1	28.9
	Sep-Nov 2005	1,680	1,202	1,145	58	477	71.6	68.1	4.8	28.4
	Dec-Feb 2006	1,684	1,214	1,149	65	470	72.1	68.2	5.3	27.9
	Mar-May 2006	1,688	1,217	1,142	75	471	72.1	67.6	6.2	27.9
	Change on quarter	4	4	-7	11	0	0.0	-0.6	0.9	0.0
Change %	0.2	0.3	-0.6	16.7	0.1					
Change on year	16	33	13	20	-16	1.3	0.1	1.5	-1.3	
Change %	1.0	2.8	1.1	36.3	-3.4					
Women	Mar-May 2004	1,735	990	949	41	744	57.1	54.7	4.2	42.9
	Mar-May 2005	1,748	990	951	39	759	56.6	54.4	3.9	43.4
	Jun-Aug 2005	1,752	1,006	966	40	746	57.4	55.1	3.9	42.6
	Sep-Nov 2005	1,755	1,023	984	39	732	58.3	56.1	3.8	41.7
	Dec-Feb 2006	1,758	1,024	984	40	734	58.2	56.0	3.9	41.8
	Mar-May 2006	1,761	1,029	981	49	731	58.5	55.7	4.7	41.5
	Change on quarter	3	5	-3	9	-3	0.2	-0.3	0.8	-0.2
Change %	0.2	0.5	-0.3	22.1	-0.3					
Change on year	12	39	29	10	-27	1.8	1.3	0.8	-1.8	
Change %	0.7	4.0	3.1	26.4	-3.6					

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIF	YCKF		YYAZ
People	Mar-May 2004	2,614	2,103	2,011	92	511	80.4	76.9	4.4	19.6
	Mar-May 2005	2,634	2,100	2,008	92	534	79.7	76.2	4.4	20.3
	Jun-Aug 2005	2,639	2,123	2,026	97	516	80.4	76.8	4.6	19.6
	Sep-Nov 2005	2,644	2,143	2,047	96	501	81.1	77.4	4.5	18.9
	Dec-Feb 2006	2,649	2,152	2,050	102	497	81.2	77.4	4.7	18.8
	Mar-May 2006	2,654	2,159	2,037	122	495	81.4	76.8	5.7	18.6
	Change on quarter	5	7	-13	20	-2	0.1	-0.6	0.9	-0.1
Change %	0.2	0.3	-0.6	19.9	-0.4					
Change on year	20	59	29	31	-40	1.6	0.5	1.3	-1.6	
Change %	0.7	2.8	1.4	33.4	-7.4					
Men	Mar-May 2004	1,360	1,153	1,102	51	206	84.8	81.1	4.4	15.2
	Mar-May 2005	1,373	1,158	1,104	54	214	84.4	80.4	4.7	15.6
	Jun-Aug 2005	1,376	1,166	1,108	59	209	84.8	80.5	5.0	15.2
	Sep-Nov 2005	1,379	1,176	1,118	57	204	85.2	81.1	4.9	14.8
	Dec-Feb 2006	1,383	1,185	1,121	64	198	85.7	81.1	5.4	14.3
	Mar-May 2006	1,386	1,188	1,114	74	198	85.7	80.4	6.2	14.3
	Change on quarter	3	3	-7	11	0	0.0	-0.7	0.9	0.0
Change %	0.2	0.3	-0.6	16.6	0.0					
Change on year	13	30	10	20	-17	1.4	0.0	1.6	-1.4	
Change %	1.0	2.6	0.9	36.5	-7.8					
Women	Mar-May 2004	1,255	950	908	41	305	75.7	72.4	4.4	24.3
	Mar-May 2005	1,261	942	904	37	320	74.7	71.7	4.0	25.3
	Jun-Aug 2005	1,263	956	918	39	307	75.7	72.7	4.0	24.3
	Sep-Nov 2005	1,265	968	929	38	297	76.5	73.5	4.0	23.5
	Dec-Feb 2006	1,266	967	929	38	299	76.4	73.4	4.0	23.6
	Mar-May 2006	1,268	971	923	48	297	76.6	72.8	5.0	23.4
	Change on quarter	2	4	-6	10	-2	0.2	-0.6	1.0	-0.2
Change %	0.1	0.4	-0.6	25.3	-0.7					
Change on year	6	29	19	11	-23	1.9	1.1	1.0	-1.9	
Change %	0.5	3.1	2.0	28.9	-7.2					

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

EMPLOYMENT

2 Employment by age

East Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Employed									
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,076	2,005	46	264	417	789	489	71
	Apr - Jun 2005	2,080	2,007	43	269	416	790	489	73
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,126	2,051	53	281	418	803	497	75
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,134	2,051	50	243	433	820	504	83
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,124	2,038	53	243	422	817	503	87
	<i>Change on year</i>	49	33	7	-22	6	29	13	16
	<i>Change %</i>	2.3	1.6	14.6	-8.2	1.4	3.6	2.7	22.6
Men	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,126	1,103	24	145	226	419	289	24
	Apr - Jun 2005	1,125	1,102	21	145	230	418	289	24
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,151	1,125	25	151	228	424	297	26
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,147	1,121	25	127	234	426	308	26
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,141	1,112	22	129	232	423	306	29
	<i>Change on year</i>	15	9	-2	-16	6	5	16	6
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3	0.8	-6.7	-11.0	2.5	1.1	5.6	23.6
Women	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	949	902	22	120	190	370	200	47
	Apr - Jun 2005	954	905	22	124	186	373	200	49
	Jul - Sep 2005	975	926	28	130	190	379	200	49
	Oct - Dec 2005	987	930	24	116	200	394	196	57
	Jan - Mar 2006	983	926	30	114	190	394	197	57
	<i>Change on year</i>	34	24	8	-6	0	24	-3	10
	<i>Change %</i>	3.6	2.6	37.4	-4.9	0.0	6.5	-1.4	22.1
Employment rates (%)¹									
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	60.8	76.2	40.9	69.2	80.2	83.9	72.3	9.0
	Apr - Jun 2005	60.8	76.1	38.1	70.0	80.2	83.8	72.1	9.3
	Jul - Sep 2005	62.0	77.7	47.1	72.8	80.8	84.9	73.1	9.5
	Oct - Dec 2005	62.1	77.5	44.2	62.7	83.9	86.4	74.1	10.5
	Jan - Mar 2006	61.7	76.9	46.9	62.2	81.9	85.9	73.8	10.9
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.9	0.7	5.9	-7.0	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.9
Men	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	67.5	80.5	41.3	74.3	88.0	89.8	73.3	8.0
	Apr - Jun 2005	67.3	80.2	36.2	73.9	89.5	89.3	73.0	7.9
	Jul - Sep 2005	68.6	81.7	43.5	76.7	88.9	90.4	74.8	8.7
	Oct - Dec 2005	68.2	81.2	43.9	64.3	91.3	90.5	77.4	8.7
	Jan - Mar 2006	67.7	80.3	38.5	64.6	90.8	89.7	76.5	9.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.2	-0.1	-2.8	-9.7	2.8	-0.1	3.2	1.8
Women	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	54.4	71.6	40.6	64.0	72.5	78.1	70.9	9.7
	Apr - Jun 2005	54.5	71.7	40.1	66.0	71.2	78.4	70.9	10.1
	Jul - Sep 2005	55.6	73.3	50.8	68.7	72.8	79.5	70.8	9.9
	Oct - Dec 2005	56.2	73.5	44.6	61.1	76.6	82.4	69.5	11.6
	Jan - Mar 2006	55.9	73.1	55.8	59.7	73.2	82.2	69.9	11.7
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.5	1.5	15.3	-4.3	0.7	4.1	-1.0	2.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total ¹	Employees ¹	Self employed ¹	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,076	1,795	268	*	*	1,545	530	84	90
	Apr - Jun 2005	2,080	1,794	273	*	*	1,536	544	71	87
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,126	1,845	273	*	*	1,580	546	75	100
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,134	1,870	259	*	*	1,574	560	88	97
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,124	1,866	247	*	*	1,552	572	94	89
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>49</i>	<i>71</i>	<i>-20</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>42</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>-1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>4.0</i>	<i>-7.6</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>7.9</i>	<i>11.0</i>	<i>-1.3</i>
Men	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,126	923	196	*	*	1,015	110	35	43
	Apr - Jun 2005	1,125	919	198	*	*	1,020	105	26	42
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,151	945	202	*	*	1,035	116	31	49
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,147	952	193	*	*	1,032	115	38	45
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,141	956	181	*	*	1,025	116	40	37
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>33</i>	<i>-15</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>-6</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>-7.6</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>1.0</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>12.5</i>	<i>-13.4</i>
Women	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	949	872	72	*	*	530	419	49	47
	Apr - Jun 2005	954	875	75	*	*	516	439	45	45
	Jul - Sep 2005	975	901	72	*	*	545	430	44	51
	Oct - Dec 2005	987	917	66	*	*	541	445	50	52
	Jan - Mar 2006	983	910	66	*	*	527	456	54	52
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>34</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>-5</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>37</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>5</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>4.3</i>	<i>-7.5</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>*</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	<i>8.8</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>9.7</i>

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) ³			
		Total ²	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total ²	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	90	21	23	46	519	39	393	85
	Apr - Jun 2005	87	21	21	45	536	41	408	86
	Jul - Sep 2005	100	24	32	44	541	41	407	91
	Oct - Dec 2005	97	23	21	53	556	43	417	93
	Jan - Mar 2006	89	18	20	51	565	47	419	97
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>-3</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>46</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>12</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>-1.3</i>	<i>-12.6</i>	<i>-14.5</i>	<i>10.6</i>	<i>8.8</i>	<i>19.2</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>13.7</i>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

3. Employees and self-employed.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

4 Civilian workforce jobs¹

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYD			
All jobs	Mar 02	1,972	1,736	231	5
	Mar 03	1,990	1,737	248	5
	Mar 04	2,011	1,748	256	7
	Mar 05	2,095	1,802	287	6
	Jun 05	2,082	1,801	276	5
	Sep 05	2,095	1,808	282	5
	Dec 05	2,098	1,815	278	5
	Mar 06	2,076	1,802	270	4
<i>Change on year</i>		-19	0	-17	-2
<i>Change %</i>		-0.9	0.0	-6.0	-27.9
		YXYS			
Male jobs	Mar 02	1,048	873	173	3
	Mar 03	1,056	877	176	3
	Mar 04	1,063	877	182	4
	Mar 05	1,119	910	206	3
	Jun 05	1,111	911	198	3
	Sep 05	1,125	918	204	3
	Dec 05	1,121	918	201	3
	Mar 06	1,108	912	193	2
<i>Change on year</i>		-12	2	-13	-1
<i>Change %</i>		-1.0	0.3	-6.5	-26.1
		YXZH			
Female jobs	Mar 02	924	863	58	2
	Mar 03	935	860	72	2
	Mar 04	948	871	74	3
	Mar 05	975	892	80	3
	Jun 05	971	890	79	3
	Sep 05	970	890	78	3
	Dec 05	976	897	77	2
	Mar 06	968	890	77	2
<i>Change on year</i>		-7	-3	-4	-1
<i>Change %</i>		-0.7	-0.3	-4.8	-30.0

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

5 Employee jobs¹ by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (1992)

SIC 1992 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All jobs	Mar 03	1,751	1,737	20	14	333	73	773	524
	Mar 04	1,761	1,748	19	14	322	77	784	532
	Mar 05	1,814	1,802	23	14	315	88	817	546
	Jun 05	1,806	1,801	22	14	311	85	819	549
	Sep 05	1,805	1,808	22	15	310	92	822	548
	Dec 05	1,802	1,815	21	15	306	88	831	554
	Mar 06	1,811	1,802	20	15	304	94	815	554
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	9							
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-3	0	-3	1	-11	6	-2	8
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.2	0.0	-11.0	5.6	-3.4	6.8	-0.2	1.5
Male jobs	Mar 03	886	877	14	10	238	62	399	154
	Mar 04	887	877	13	9	234	64	405	152
	Mar 05	919	910	14	10	232	75	421	159
	Jun 05	916	911	14	10	229	72	423	162
	Sep 05	917	918	13	10	229	78	426	162
	Dec 05	907	918	14	10	226	75	429	164
	Mar 06	918	912	14	10	224	79	422	163
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	11							
	<i>Change %</i>	1.3							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1	2	-1	0	-7	4	2	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.1	0.3	-6.8	4.8	-3.1	5.6	0.4	2.8
Female jobs	Mar 03	865	860	6	4	95	12	374	370
	Mar 04	874	871	7	4	88	13	379	380
	Mar 05	895	892	8	5	83	13	396	387
	Jun 05	890	890	8	5	82	13	395	387
	Sep 05	888	890	8	5	81	14	396	386
	Dec 05	895	897	7	5	80	13	402	390
	Mar 06	892	890	7	5	80	15	393	390
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-3							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.3							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-2	-3	-2	0	-3	2	-3	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.3	-0.3	-18.3	7.1	-4.1	13.8	-0.9	1.0

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys
Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

EMPLOYMENT

East Midlands

6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) ¹	Average actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers ¹	Full-time ²	Part-time ²	Workers with second jobs
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	67	32.2	37.3	15.6	9.7
	Apr - Jun 2005	68	32.9	38.4	16.0	9.9
	Jul - Sep 2005	67	31.7	37.0	15.3	8.8
	Oct - Dec 2005	70	32.9	38.3	16.5	8.9
	Jan - Mar 2006	67	31.5	36.9	15.6	8.4
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.7	-0.4	0.0	-1.3
<i>Change %</i>		0.3	-2.0	-1.2	0.1	-13.5
Men	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	42	36.9	38.7	16.6	10.3
	Apr - Jun 2005	43	37.8	39.8	16.2	10.8
	Jul - Sep 2005	42	36.6	38.7	15.6	10.4
	Oct - Dec 2005	44	38.0	40.0	17.0	8.2
	Jan - Mar 2006	42	36.5	38.5	15.9	8.6
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.4	-0.2	-0.8	-1.7
<i>Change %</i>		0.3	-1.0	-0.6	-4.6	-16.4
Women	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	25	26.7	34.8	15.3	9.2
	Apr - Jun 2005	26	27.1	35.8	15.9	9.4
	Jul - Sep 2005	25	26.0	33.9	15.2	7.7
	Oct - Dec 2005	27	27.1	35.0	16.4	9.3
	Jan - Mar 2006	25	25.8	33.9	15.6	8.2
<i>Change on year</i>		0	-0.8	-0.9	0.2	-1.0
<i>Change %</i>		0.3	-3.2	-2.6	1.5	-11.2

1. Main and second jobs.

Source: Labour Force Survey

2. Main jobs only.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

6(2) Usual weekly hours of work¹

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
Jan - Mar 2005									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	0.8	2.2	1.1	0.6	1.7	3.2	1.6	7.8
6 up to 15 hours	7.7	2.8	13.6	7.9	3.0	13.1	6.0	1.5	18.9
16 up to 30 hours	16.7	7.3	28.0	16.6	6.1	27.7	17.3	12.2	32.1
31 up to 45 hours	51.1	56.3	45.0	53.8	60.2	47.1	33.2	37.7	20.3
Over 45 hours	23.0	32.9	11.1	20.6	30.1	10.4	40.3	47.0	20.8
Total (thousands)	2,076	1,126	949	1,795	923	872	268	196	72
Oct - Dec 2005									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	0.5	2.5	1.1	0.3	2.0	2.9	1.1	8.0
6 up to 15 hours	7.3	2.9	12.3	7.5	2.9	12.3	5.5	3.2	11.8
16 up to 30 hours	18.3	7.7	30.5	18.3	7.1	29.9	18.0	10.9	38.1
31 up to 45 hours	50.2	55.1	44.6	52.3	58.1	46.3	35.8	40.6	22.4
Over 45 hours	22.8	33.7	10.1	20.7	31.6	9.5	37.8	44.2	19.8
Total (thousands)	2,134	1,147	987	1,870	952	917	259	193	66
Jan - Mar 2006									
Less than 6 Hours	1.7	0.9	2.6	1.5	0.8	2.2	2.2	0.8	5.8
6 up to 15 hours	7.9	3.4	13.1	8.1	3.2	13.3	6.0	4.1	11.1
16 up to 30 hours	17.5	6.7	30.2	17.8	6.2	30.0	15.0	9.3	30.5
31 up to 45 hours	50.5	56.4	43.7	52.3	59.3	44.8	38.1	41.2	29.7
Over 45 hours	22.4	32.7	10.4	20.3	30.4	9.6	38.7	44.6	22.9
Total (thousands)	2,124	1,141	983	1,866	956	910	247	181	66

1. Main job only.

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

CLAIMANT COUNT

7 Claimant count¹ levels and rates

East Midlands

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count		Inflows	Outflows	Claimant count	
				(standardised ³)	(standardised ³)	(not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) ²	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) ²
		1	2	3	4	5	6
People	2005	DPAY	DPBJ			BCKC	DPAN
	June	53.9	2.5	13.0	12.2	53.6	2.5
	July #	54.4	2.5	13.1	12.5	54.5	2.5
	August	54.7	2.5	13.0	12.6	55.2	2.6
	September	55.6	2.6	12.6	11.8	54.8	2.6
	October #	56.7	2.6	13.4	12.2	54.5	2.5
	November	57.9	2.7	13.8	12.9	55.7	2.6
	December	58.6	2.7	13.7	12.7	57.4	2.7
	2006						
	January #	58.4	2.7	13.1	13.4	61.5	2.9
	February	59.9	2.8	14.2	12.9	64.1	3.0
	March	60.9	2.8	14.2	13.3	64.9	3.0
	April #	61.9	2.9	14.1	12.7	64.6	3.0
	May (r)	62.1	2.9	14.4	14.0	63.3	2.9
	June (p)	62.6	2.9	14.2	13.9	62.3	2.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-1.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.8</i>		<i>-1.4</i>	<i>-0.7</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>0.4</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>16.1</i>		<i>9.2</i>	<i>13.9</i>	<i>16.1</i>	
Men	2005	ZMPA	ZMPB				
	June	39.3	3.4	9.1	8.5	39.0	3.4
	July #	39.7	3.4	9.2	8.7	39.3	3.4
	August	39.9	3.4	9.1	8.8	39.5	3.4
	September	40.6	3.5	8.8	8.1	39.3	3.4
	October #	41.3	3.6	9.3	8.5	39.2	3.4
	November	42.2	3.6	9.6	8.9	40.4	3.5
	December	42.7	3.7	9.6	8.8	42.1	3.6
	2006						
	January #	42.5	3.7	9.1	9.4	45.1	3.9
	February	43.6	3.8	9.9	9.0	46.8	4.0
	March	44.4	3.8	9.9	9.2	47.3	4.1
	April #	45.2	3.9	9.9	8.7	47.1	4.1
	May (r)	45.4	3.9	10.0	9.7	46.3	4.0
	June (p)	45.7	3.9	9.8	9.7	45.4	3.9
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>-0.1</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>0.7</i>		<i>-2.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-1.9</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.7</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>0.6</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>16.3</i>		<i>7.7</i>	<i>14.1</i>	<i>16.4</i>	
Women	2005	ZMPC	ZMPD				
	June	14.6	1.5	3.9	3.7	14.6	1.5
	July #	14.7	1.5	3.9	3.8	15.2	1.5
	August	14.8	1.5	3.9	3.8	15.7	1.6
	September	15.0	1.5	3.8	3.7	15.5	1.6
	October #	15.4	1.6	4.1	3.7	15.3	1.5
	November	15.7	1.6	4.2	4.0	15.3	1.5
	December	15.9	1.6	4.1	3.9	15.3	1.5
	2006						
	January #	15.9	1.6	4.0	4.0	16.4	1.7
	February	16.3	1.7	4.3	3.9	17.3	1.8
	March	16.5	1.7	4.3	4.1	17.5	1.8
	April #	16.7	1.7	4.2	4.0	17.5	1.8
	May (r)	16.7	1.7	4.4	4.3	17.0	1.7
	June (p)	16.9	1.7	4.4	4.2	16.9	1.7
	<i>Change on month</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>1.2</i>		<i>0.0</i>	<i>-2.3</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>0.2</i>
	<i>Change %</i>	<i>15.8</i>		<i>12.8</i>	<i>13.5</i>	<i>15.5</i>	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See background note 5.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4¹/₃ week month.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4¹/₃ week month but not seasonally adjusted, for June 2006 were 13,500 in total; 9,300 for men and 4,200 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 14,500 in total; 10,200 for men and 4,300 for women.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods

CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(1) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All ages							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
People													
2004													
June	51.3	50.9	33.4	9.1	8.3	16.3	2.5	13.2	10.6	2.1	0.5	3.5	0.0
2005													
June	53.6	53.4	36.1	9.9	7.4	13.8	2.6	15.1	12.2	2.5	0.4	3.0	0.1
July #	54.5	54.3	36.8	10.0	7.5	13.8	2.6	15.8	12.9	2.5	0.5	3.1	0.1
August	55.2	55.0	37.0	10.5	7.5	13.6	2.5	16.3	13.0	2.8	0.5	3.0	0.1
September	54.8	54.5	36.1	10.8	7.6	14.0	2.5	16.2	12.8	2.8	0.5	3.3	0.1
October #	54.5	54.3	36.3	10.3	7.7	14.2	2.5	15.8	12.7	2.5	0.5	3.4	0.1
November	55.7	55.6	37.7	10.0	7.8	14.1	2.5	16.0	13.1	2.4	0.5	3.3	0.1
December	57.4	57.2	39.2	10.0	8.0	14.0	2.4	16.5	13.5	2.5	0.5	3.2	0.1
2006													
January #	61.5	61.3	42.0	10.9	8.3	13.6	2.4	17.9	14.5	2.8	0.6	3.2	0.1
February	64.1	63.9	44.4	11.0	8.5	13.3	2.5	19.1	15.7	2.9	0.6	3.2	0.1
March	64.9	64.6	45.0	11.0	8.6	13.4	2.5	19.7	16.2	2.9	0.6	3.2	0.1
April #	64.6	64.3	43.6	12.0	8.8	13.7	2.5	19.5	15.6	3.3	0.6	3.2	0.1
May	63.3	63.0	41.6	12.4	9.0	14.3	2.5	18.8	14.7	3.5	0.6	3.3	0.1
June	62.3	62.0	40.1	12.6	9.2	14.9	2.5	18.5	14.2	3.6	0.7	3.6	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	8.7	8.6	4.0	2.7	1.8	1.1	-0.1	3.3	2.1	1.1	0.2	0.6	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	16.1	16.1	11.2	27.2	25.0		-2.6	22.1	17.0	41.9	46.3		0.0
Men													
2004													
June	37.1	36.8	23.3	6.9	6.6	17.9	2.0	8.9	7.2	1.4	0.3	3.7	0.0
2005													
June	39.0	38.8	25.7	7.4	5.8	14.9	2.0	10.4	8.4	1.7	0.3	2.9	0.1
July #	39.3	39.2	25.9	7.4	5.8	14.9	2.0	10.7	8.7	1.7	0.3	3.0	0.1
August	39.5	39.4	25.8	7.8	5.8	14.7	2.0	10.9	8.7	1.9	0.3	2.9	0.0
September	39.3	39.1	25.2	8.0	5.9	15.1	2.0	10.9	8.6	1.9	0.3	3.2	0.1
October #	39.2	39.1	25.4	7.7	6.0	15.3	2.0	10.6	8.5	1.8	0.4	3.4	0.1
November	40.4	40.3	26.7	7.5	6.1	15.1	2.0	11.0	8.9	1.7	0.4	3.3	0.0
December	42.1	42.0	28.3	7.5	6.3	14.9	1.9	11.5	9.4	1.8	0.4	3.2	0.0
2006													
January #	45.1	44.9	30.3	8.1	6.5	14.5	1.9	12.5	10.1	2.0	0.4	3.3	0.0
February	46.8	46.6	31.8	8.2	6.6	14.2	2.0	13.3	10.8	2.0	0.4	3.3	0.1
March	47.3	47.1	32.2	8.2	6.7	14.3	2.0	13.7	11.3	2.0	0.4	3.3	0.1
April #	47.1	46.9	31.2	8.9	6.9	14.6	2.0	13.6	10.9	2.3	0.5	3.4	0.1
May	46.3	46.1	29.8	9.3	7.1	15.3	2.0	13.2	10.3	2.4	0.5	3.4	0.0
June	45.4	45.2	28.4	9.5	7.2	16.0	2.0	12.9	9.9	2.5	0.5	3.7	0.1
<i>Change on year</i>	6.4	6.3	2.7	2.2	1.4	1.1	-0.1	2.5	1.5	0.8	0.2	0.8	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	16.4	16.3	10.6	29.3	25.1		-2.7	23.6	17.7	46.5	58.2		-1.9
Women													
2004													
June	14.3	14.1	10.1	2.3	1.7	12.1	0.5	4.3	3.5	0.7	0.1	3.2	0.0
2005													
June	14.6	14.6	10.4	2.6	1.6	11.0	0.5	4.7	3.8	0.8	0.1	3.1	0.0
July #	15.2	15.1	10.9	2.5	1.7	11.0	0.5	5.1	4.2	0.8	0.2	3.3	0.0
August	15.7	15.6	11.3	2.7	1.7	10.8	0.5	5.4	4.4	0.9	0.2	3.3	0.0
September	15.5	15.4	10.9	2.8	1.7	11.2	0.5	5.3	4.2	0.9	0.2	3.5	0.0
October #	15.3	15.2	10.9	2.6	1.7	11.4	0.5	5.1	4.2	0.8	0.2	3.5	0.0
November	15.3	15.2	11.0	2.5	1.7	11.3	0.5	5.1	4.2	0.7	0.2	3.2	0.0
December	15.3	15.2	10.9	2.5	1.7	11.4	0.5	4.9	4.1	0.7	0.1	3.0	0.0
2006													
January #	16.4	16.4	11.7	2.8	1.8	11.1	0.5	5.4	4.4	0.9	0.2	3.0	0.0
February	17.3	17.3	12.6	2.8	1.9	10.8	0.5	5.9	4.8	0.8	0.2	3.0	0.0
March	17.5	17.4	12.8	2.8	1.9	10.8	0.5	6.0	4.9	0.9	0.2	2.9	0.0
April #	17.5	17.4	12.4	3.0	1.9	11.1	0.5	5.8	4.7	1.0	0.2	2.9	0.0
May	17.0	16.9	11.8	3.1	2.0	11.7	0.5	5.6	4.4	1.0	0.2	3.0	0.0
June	16.9	16.8	11.7	3.1	2.0	11.9	0.5	5.6	4.4	1.1	0.2	3.1	0.0
<i>Change on year</i>	2.3	2.2	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	15.5	15.3	12.4	21.2	24.7		-1.9	18.6	15.6	32.0	21.4		4.8

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 6.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(2) Claimant count¹ by age
and duration - computerised claims only²

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims ²	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
People												
2004												
June	27.3	16.9	5.5	4.9	17.9	0.9	9.7	5.2	1.5	2.9	30.3	1.5
2005												
June	27.9	17.9	5.7	4.3	15.5	1.0	9.6	5.3	1.7	2.6	27.2	1.5
July #	28.2	18.1	5.8	4.4	15.5	1.0	9.6	5.3	1.7	2.6	27.3	1.5
August	28.4	18.0	6.0	4.4	15.5	1.0	9.7	5.4	1.7	2.6	26.8	1.4
September	28.1	17.5	6.1	4.5	15.9	1.0	9.7	5.2	1.8	2.6	27.3	1.4
October #	28.1	17.6	6.0	4.5	16.1	1.0	9.8	5.4	1.7	2.7	27.1	1.4
November	28.7	18.3	5.8	4.6	16.0	1.0	10.1	5.7	1.7	2.7	26.5	1.4
December	29.7	19.2	5.7	4.8	16.0	1.0	10.3	5.8	1.7	2.7	26.3	1.4
2006												
January #	31.8	20.6	6.1	5.0	15.8	1.0	10.9	6.3	1.9	2.7	25.0	1.4
February	32.7	21.4	6.2	5.1	15.6	1.0	11.2	6.5	1.9	2.8	24.8	1.4
March	32.8	21.5	6.1	5.2	15.8	1.0	11.2	6.5	1.9	2.8	24.9	1.4
April #	32.8	21.0	6.5	5.3	16.2	1.0	11.2	6.2	2.1	2.8	25.4	1.4
May	32.4	20.1	6.8	5.5	16.9	1.0	11.0	6.0	2.1	2.9	26.4	1.4
June	32.0	19.5	6.9	5.6	17.4	1.0	10.8	5.7	2.1	3.0	27.6	1.4
Change on year	4.1	1.6	1.2	1.3	2.0	0.0	1.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	-0.1
Change %	14.8	9.0	22.0	29.4		0.4	12.3	7.6	24.4	14.2		-4.8
Men												
2004												
June	20.8	12.5	4.4	4.0	19.1	0.8	6.7	3.4	1.1	2.2	33.6	1.2
2005												
June	21.3	13.3	4.5	3.5	16.4	0.8	6.7	3.6	1.1	2.0	29.6	1.2
July #	21.4	13.3	4.6	3.5	16.5	0.8	6.7	3.5	1.2	2.0	29.5	1.1
August	21.5	13.2	4.7	3.5	16.5	0.8	6.7	3.6	1.2	1.9	29.1	1.1
September	21.3	12.8	4.8	3.6	16.9	0.8	6.7	3.5	1.2	2.0	29.5	1.1
October #	21.3	13.0	4.7	3.6	17.0	0.8	6.8	3.6	1.2	2.0	29.2	1.1
November	22.0	13.7	4.6	3.7	17.0	0.8	7.0	3.8	1.2	2.0	28.4	1.1
December	22.9	14.5	4.5	3.9	16.9	0.8	7.2	4.0	1.2	2.0	28.0	1.1
2006												
January #	24.4	15.6	4.8	4.1	16.6	0.8	7.6	4.3	1.3	2.0	26.7	1.1
February	25.0	16.1	4.8	4.1	16.5	0.8	7.9	4.4	1.4	2.1	26.3	1.1
March	25.1	16.2	4.8	4.2	16.7	0.8	7.8	4.3	1.4	2.1	26.8	1.1
April #	25.1	15.7	5.1	4.3	17.0	0.8	7.7	4.1	1.5	2.1	27.4	1.1
May	24.8	15.1	5.3	4.4	17.7	0.8	7.6	4.0	1.5	2.2	28.7	1.1
June	24.5	14.5	5.5	4.5	18.3	0.8	7.4	3.7	1.5	2.3	30.3	1.1
Change on year	3.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.9	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.7	-0.1
Change %	14.9	8.7	23.0	28.4		-0.4	11.5	4.1	29.9	14.2		-4.7
Women												
2004												
June	6.5	4.5	1.1	0.9	13.8	0.1	3.0	1.8	0.4	0.7	22.8	0.3
2005												
June	6.6	4.5	1.2	0.8	12.4	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.6	21.7	0.3
July #	6.8	4.7	1.2	0.8	12.3	0.2	2.9	1.8	0.5	0.7	22.4	0.3
August	6.9	4.8	1.3	0.9	12.5	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.7	21.7	0.3
September	6.8	4.6	1.3	0.9	12.9	0.2	3.0	1.7	0.6	0.7	22.4	0.3
October #	6.8	4.6	1.3	0.9	13.0	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.7	22.4	0.3
November	6.8	4.6	1.3	0.9	12.9	0.2	3.1	1.9	0.5	0.7	22.2	0.3
December	6.9	4.7	1.3	0.9	13.1	0.2	3.1	1.9	0.5	0.7	22.3	0.3
2006												
January #	7.4	5.1	1.4	1.0	13.1	0.2	3.3	2.0	0.6	0.7	21.1	0.3
February	7.7	5.3	1.4	1.0	12.9	0.2	3.3	2.1	0.6	0.7	21.1	0.3
March	7.7	5.3	1.3	1.0	12.9	0.2	3.4	2.2	0.5	0.7	20.7	0.3
April #	7.7	5.3	1.4	1.0	13.3	0.2	3.4	2.1	0.6	0.7	21.0	0.3
May	7.5	5.0	1.4	1.1	14.3	0.2	3.4	2.0	0.6	0.7	21.2	0.3
June	7.5	5.0	1.4	1.1	14.5	0.2	3.4	2.0	0.6	0.7	21.7	0.3
Change on year	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.3	2.1	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Change %	14.4	9.9	18.5	33.7		4.1	14.2	14.6	12.8	14.2		-5.5

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count. See background note 6.

Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Economically active										
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	2,170	2,097	59	288	432	812	505	73	
	Apr - Jun 2005	2,172	2,098	54	291	433	816	504	74	
	Jul - Sep 2005	2,227	2,150	66	310	435	827	512	77	
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,231	2,147	64	278	448	840	518	84	
	Jan - Mar 2006	2,238	2,148	66	279	441	844	518	89	
	<i>Change on year</i>	68	51	7	-9	9	32	12	16	
	<i>Change %</i>	3.1	2.5	11.6	-3.0	2.0	4.0	2.5	22.4	
	Men	Jan - Mar 2003
Jan - Mar 2004		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005		1,185	1,160	32	160	235	431	302	25	
Apr - Jun 2005		1,182	1,158	27	157	238	434	301	25	
Jul - Sep 2005		1,209	1,182	31	169	236	436	309	27	
Oct - Dec 2005		1,206	1,179	33	150	241	438	317	27	
Jan - Mar 2006		1,213	1,182	31	152	242	440	316	31	
<i>Change on year</i>		28	23	0	-7	7	9	15	6	
<i>Change %</i>		2.4	2.0	-1.5	-4.7	3.1	2.1	4.8	22.9	
Women		Jan - Mar 2003
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	985	937	27	128	197	381	204	48	
	Apr - Jun 2005	990	940	26	134	195	382	203	50	
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,018	969	34	141	200	391	203	49	
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,025	968	31	128	206	402	200	57	
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,025	966	35	127	199	404	201	59	
	<i>Change on year</i>	39	29	7	-1	1	23	-2	11	
	<i>Change %</i>	4.0	3.1	26.7	-1.0	0.7	6.1	-1.1	22.0	
	Economic activity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	63.5	79.7	52.5	75.4	83.2	86.4	74.7	9.3	
	Apr - Jun 2005	63.5	79.6	47.9	75.8	83.6	86.5	74.4	9.4	
	Jul - Sep 2005	64.9	81.4	58.2	80.4	84.1	87.5	75.4	9.7	
	Oct - Dec 2005	64.9	81.2	56.7	71.6	86.7	88.6	76.1	10.6	
	Jan - Mar 2006	65.0	81.1	58.5	71.6	85.6	88.8	76.0	11.3	
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.4	1.4	6.1	-3.8	2.3	2.4	1.3	1.9	
	Men	Jan - Mar 2003
		Jan - Mar 2004
Jan - Mar 2005		71.0	84.6	54.6	82.1	91.5	92.5	76.4	8.4	
Apr - Jun 2005		70.7	84.3	47.4	80.3	92.8	92.7	76.1	8.2	
Jul - Sep 2005		72.1	85.8	53.8	86.0	92.0	93.1	77.8	9.0	
Oct - Dec 2005		71.7	85.4	56.4	75.6	94.4	93.1	79.7	8.9	
Jan - Mar 2006		72.0	85.5	53.7	76.5	94.9	93.3	79.2	10.2	
<i>Change on year</i>		1.0	0.8	-0.9	-5.6	3.4	0.8	2.8	1.8	
Women		Jan - Mar 2003
		Jan - Mar 2004
	Jan - Mar 2005	56.4	74.4	50.2	68.4	75.1	80.4	72.2	9.9	
	Apr - Jun 2005	56.6	74.5	48.4	71.0	74.6	80.4	71.9	10.2	
	Jul - Sep 2005	58.1	76.7	62.8	74.6	76.4	82.0	72.0	10.1	
	Oct - Dec 2005	58.4	76.5	57.0	67.3	79.2	84.2	71.0	11.6	
	Jan - Mar 2006	58.3	76.2	63.7	66.5	76.4	84.3	71.4	11.9	
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.8	1.9	13.5	-2.0	1.3	4.0	-0.8	2.0	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

10 Economic inactivity by age

East Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Economically inactive										
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	1,245	534	53	94	87	128	172	711	
	Apr - Jun 2005	1,250	538	59	93	85	127	174	713	
	Jul - Sep 2005	1,203	490	47	76	82	119	167	713	
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,206	498	49	110	69	108	163	708	
	Jan - Mar 2006	1,206	502	47	111	74	107	164	704	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-39	-32	-7	17	-13	-21	-8	-7	
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.1	-6.0	-12.7	18.0	-14.7	-16.7	-4.5	-0.9	
	Men	Jan - Mar 2003
Jan - Mar 2004		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005		484	211	26	35	22	35	93	273	
Apr - Jun 2005		491	216	30	39	19	34	95	275	
Jul - Sep 2005		469	196	27	28	21	32	88	273	
Oct - Dec 2005		475	201	25	48	14	32	81	274	
Jan - Mar 2006		472	201	27	47	13	31	83	271	
<i>Change on year</i>		-12	-10	1	12	-9	-3	-10	-2	
<i>Change %</i>		-2.5	-4.6	2.3	34.7	-40.9	-9.9	-10.7	-0.8	
Women		Jan - Mar 2003
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	761	323	27	59	65	93	79	438	
	Apr - Jun 2005	760	322	28	55	67	93	79	438	
	Jul - Sep 2005	735	295	20	48	62	86	79	440	
	Oct - Dec 2005	731	297	23	62	54	76	82	434	
	Jan - Mar 2006	734	301	20	64	62	75	81	433	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-27	-22	-7	5	-4	-18	2	-4	
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.5	-6.9	-27.1	8.2	-5.9	-19.3	2.7	-1.0	
	Economic inactivity rates (%)¹									
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	36.5	20.3	47.5	24.6	16.8	13.6	25.3	90.7	
	Apr - Jun 2005	36.5	20.4	52.1	24.2	16.4	13.5	25.6	90.6	
	Jul - Sep 2005	35.1	18.6	41.8	19.6	15.9	12.5	24.6	90.3	
	Oct - Dec 2005	35.1	18.8	43.3	28.4	13.3	11.4	23.9	89.4	
	Jan - Mar 2006	35.0	18.9	41.5	28.4	14.4	11.2	24.0	88.7	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.4	-1.4	-6.1	3.8	-2.3	-2.4	-1.3	-1.9	
	Men	Jan - Mar 2003
		Jan - Mar 2004
Jan - Mar 2005		29.0	15.4	45.4	17.9	8.5	7.5	23.6	91.6	
Apr - Jun 2005		29.3	15.7	52.6	19.7	7.2	7.3	23.9	91.8	
Jul - Sep 2005		27.9	14.2	46.2	14.0	8.0	6.9	22.2	91.0	
Oct - Dec 2005		28.3	14.6	43.6	24.4	5.6	6.9	20.3	91.1	
Jan - Mar 2006		28.0	14.5	46.3	23.5	5.1	6.7	20.8	89.8	
<i>Change on year</i>		-1.0	-0.8	0.9	5.6	-3.4	-0.8	-2.8	-1.8	
Women		Jan - Mar 2003
		Jan - Mar 2004
	Jan - Mar 2005	43.6	25.6	49.8	31.6	24.9	19.6	27.8	90.1	
	Apr - Jun 2005	43.4	25.5	51.6	29.0	25.4	19.6	28.1	89.8	
	Jul - Sep 2005	41.9	23.3	37.2	25.4	23.6	18.0	28.0	89.9	
	Oct - Dec 2005	41.6	23.5	43.0	32.7	20.8	15.8	29.0	88.4	
	Jan - Mar 2006	41.7	23.8	36.3	33.5	23.6	15.7	28.6	88.1	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.8	-1.9	-13.5	2.0	-1.3	-4.0	0.8	-2.0	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64									
		Economic inactivity by reason									
		Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	534	115	161	15	144	*	41	55	397	137
	Apr - Jun 2005	538	120	164	12	147	*	42	50	394	144
	Jul - Sep 2005	490	91	155	10	141	*	41	50	354	137
	Oct - Dec 2005	498	129	140	13	126	*	37	52	362	137
	Jan - Mar 2006	502	131	146	10	129	*	35	51	369	133
	<i>Change on year</i>	-32	16	-15	-4	-15	*	-6	-4	-28	-3
	<i>Change %</i>	-6.0	14.3	-9.5	-29.7	-10.5	*	-15.4	-7.4	-7.1	-2.5
	Men	Jan - Mar 2003
Jan - Mar 2004		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jan - Mar 2005		211	55	14	*	83	*	28	22	156	54
Apr - Jun 2005		216	60	16	*	80	*	30	20	159	57
Jul - Sep 2005		196	50	12	*	78	*	29	19	131	64
Oct - Dec 2005		201	70	10	*	70	*	25	20	137	64
Jan - Mar 2006		201	68	*	*	72	*	23	23	143	58
<i>Change on year</i>		-10	13	*	*	-11	*	-6	1	-14	4
<i>Change %</i>		-4.6	23.9	*	*	-13.2	*	-19.8	3.4	-8.8	7.5
Women		Jan - Mar 2003
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	323	60	147	*	61	*	13	32	241	83
	Apr - Jun 2005	322	60	148	*	67	*	12	30	235	86
	Jul - Sep 2005	295	40	143	*	63	*	12	31	222	73
	Oct - Dec 2005	297	60	130	*	57	*	11	32	224	73
	Jan - Mar 2006	301	63	136	*	57	*	12	28	226	75
	<i>Change on year</i>	-22	3	-10	*	-4	*	-1	-5	-15	-8
	<i>Change %</i>	-6.9	5.5	-7.0	*	-6.8	*	-5.4	-14.9	-6.1	-9.1

Percentage of economically inactive (%)

People	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	21.5	30.2	2.7	26.9	*	7.7	10.3	74.4	25.6
	Apr - Jun 2005	100.0	22.3	30.5	2.2	27.3	*	7.8	9.4	73.3	26.7
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	18.5	31.6	2.0	28.7	*	8.4	10.2	72.1	27.9
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	25.9	28.2	2.5	25.4	*	7.4	10.4	72.6	27.4
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	26.1	29.0	2.1	25.6	*	6.9	10.1	73.4	26.6
Men	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	26.0	6.8	*	39.5	*	13.4	10.6	74.2	25.8
	Apr - Jun 2005	100.0	27.9	7.4	*	37.1	*	14.0	9.4	73.5	26.5
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	25.8	6.1	*	39.9	*	15.0	9.5	67.1	32.9
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	34.6	5.1	*	34.8	*	12.7	9.8	68.2	31.8
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	33.8	*	*	35.9	*	11.3	11.5	70.9	29.1
Women	Jan - Mar 2003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Jan - Mar 2005	100.0	18.5	45.4	*	18.8	*	3.9	10.0	74.5	25.5
	Apr - Jun 2005	100.0	18.5	46.0	*	20.7	*	3.6	9.3	73.1	26.9
	Jul - Sep 2005	100.0	13.7	48.5	*	21.3	*	4.0	10.6	75.4	24.6
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	20.1	43.8	*	19.0	*	3.8	10.8	75.5	24.5
	Jan - Mar 2006	100.0	21.0	45.3	*	18.8	*	4.0	9.1	75.1	24.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

.. not available due to the move to calendar quarters. See note on page 7 for further information.

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004			April 2004 to March 2005						2003	
	Population ¹			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
		Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total **	37,064	26,951	74.2	1,394	4.7	7,988	22.0	849,303	2.3	30,567	0.83
Regional total	2,642	1,954	75.6	88	4.2	543	21.0	52,155	2.0	2,044	0.78
Derby UA	144	96	70.3	7	7.0	33	24.3	4,106	2.9	124	0.87
Leicester UA	183	117	66.5	9	7.2	50	28.3	8,340	4.6	175	0.97
Nottingham UA	183	107	62.8	11	9.4	52	30.6	6,444	3.5	197	1.09
Rutland UA	22	17	78.5	~	1.6	4	20.3	97	0.4	17	0.82
Derbyshire	455	351	77.2	12	3.1	92	20.3	8,170	1.8	317	0.70
Amber Valley	72	57	78.6	1	1.8	14	20.0	1,157	1.6	54	0.75
Bolsover	44	30	70.2	2	5.3	11	25.7	1,081	2.4	23	0.53
Chesterfield	61	44	71.7	2	3.7	16	25.4	1,767	2.9	56	0.93
Derbyshire Dales	41	32	78.3	1	2.4	8	19.6	415	1.0	38	0.92
Erewash	68	56	83.0	1	2.1	10	15.1	1,230	1.8	44	0.65
High Peak	56	43	75.7	3	5.6	11	19.9	801	1.4	37	0.66
North East Derbyshire	59	45	76.6	2	3.1	12	20.9	1,143	1.9	32	0.55
South Derbyshire	54	44	81.2	1	1.7	9	17.3	577	1.1	32	0.60
Leicestershire	387	310	80.9	8	2.5	65	17.0	4,761	1.2	281	0.73
Blaby	56	46	82.9	1	1.4	9	15.9	620	1.1	42	0.74
Charnwood	101	78	78.6	2	2.2	19	19.5	1,505	1.5	68	0.69
Harborough	49	40	84.3	1	1.3	7	14.5	363	0.7	37	0.76
Hinckley and Bosworth	63	52	82.4	2	3.3	9	14.9	808	1.3	46	0.73
Melton	30	25	84.0	1	2.7	4	13.6	287	1.0	22	0.74
North West Leicestershire	54	42	79.2	2	3.8	9	17.6	653	1.2	49	0.90
Oadby and Wigston	34	26	76.1	1	3.7	7	20.8	526	1.6	18	0.55
Lincolnshire	398	290	75.0	13	4.2	84	21.7	6,186	1.6	305	0.78
Boston	34	25	75.7	1	5.0	7	20.2	453	1.3	28	0.84
East Lindsey	77	52	71.2	3	5.1	18	25.1	1,428	1.9	54	0.71
Lincoln	56	36	68.2	3	6.7	14	26.7	1,351	2.4	56	1.03
North Kesteven	59	46	79.4	2	3.5	10	17.7	582	1.0	39	0.67
South Holland	46	36	77.4	1	3.1	9	20.0	584	1.3	38	0.84
South Kesteven	77	61	78.4	2	3.1	15	19.2	857	1.1	59	0.77
West Lindsey	50	35	74.2	1	3.4	11	23.1	930	1.9	31	0.63
Northamptonshire	404	321	80.6	11	3.2	66	16.6	6,567	1.6	335	0.83
Corby	33	26	80.6	1	3.4	5	16.5	912	2.8	30	0.92
Daventry	47	35	76.7	2	4.2	9	19.7	553	1.2	35	0.76
East Northamptonshire	49	40	81.3	1	2.1	8	16.9	647	1.3	28	0.57
Kettering	53	41	79.0	1	2.9	10	18.6	843	1.6	40	0.77
Northampton	125	98	79.7	3	3.1	22	17.7	2,473	2.0	130	1.04
South Northamptonshire	52	45	86.9	2	3.2	5	10.3	356	0.7	34	0.66
Wellingborough	45	36	81.2	2	3.9	7	15.4	784	1.7	37	0.83
Nottinghamshire	467	346	75.7	16	4.2	96	20.9	7,486	1.6	292	0.63
Ashfield	70	53	76.2	2	3.9	14	20.7	1,385	2.0	45	0.65
Bassetlaw	68	48	75.0	3	5.6	13	20.5	1,257	1.9	47	0.70
Broxtowe	68	50	74.6	2	4.4	15	21.9	993	1.5	36	0.53
Gedling	68	52	76.9	2	4.2	13	19.6	1,026	1.5	35	0.51
Mansfield	60	42	70.6	2	4.4	16	26.2	1,302	2.2	41	0.68
Newark and Sherwood	66	49	77.6	1	2.4	13	20.4	926	1.4	46	0.71

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

mid-2004		April 2004 to March 2005							2003			
Population ¹		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
		Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷		
16-59/64 (000s)		Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Rushcliffe		66	52	78.3	3	4.7	12	17.7	598	0.9	42	0.64

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 8.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

** APS data for United Kingdom refer to January to December 2004 - see note on page 8.

Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004			April 2004 to March 2005						2003	
	Population ¹			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶	
	Employment ²			Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
United Kingdom total **	37,064	26,951	74.2	1,394	4.7	7,988	22.0	849,303	2.3	30,567	0.83
Regional total	2,642	1,954	75.6	88	4.2	543	21.0	52,155	2.0	2,044	0.78
Amber Valley	..	48	78.2	1	2.1	12	20.1	993	1.8	43	0.77
Ashfield	..	47	73.8	2	4.8	14	22.4	1,209	2.1	41	0.71
Bassetlaw	..	41	74.6	3	5.6	12	20.9	1,055	1.9	38	0.69
Blaby	..	52	83.4	1	1.2	10	15.5	611	1.0	51	0.84
Bolsover	..	37	69.5	2	4.9	14	26.7	1,272	2.4	27	0.51
Boston & Skegness	..	37	71.8	2	5.0	13	24.2	939	1.8	44	0.84
Bosworth	..	46	82.3	2	3.7	8	14.7	738	1.3	41	0.74
Broxtowe	..	43	75.5	2	3.5	12	21.6	815	1.4	31	0.54
Charnwood	..	49	82.6	1	1.1	10	16.4	707	1.2	35	0.60
Chesterfield	..	42	72.2	2	3.9	14	24.8	1,606	2.9	54	0.98
Corby	..	52	80.9	2	2.8	11	16.7	1,192	2.0	46	0.77
Daventry	..	64	81.9	3	3.7	12	14.9	759	1.0	56	0.76
Derby North	..	45	77.6	3	5.6	10	17.9	1,307	2.1	41	0.70
Derby South	..	43	64.2	4	9.2	19	29.1	2,562	4.0	78	1.27
Erewash	..	54	82.7	1	2.2	10	15.3	1,189	1.9	42	0.65
Gainsborough	..	36	74.0	2	3.9	11	23.0	960	1.9	32	0.65
Gedling	..	40	77.5	2	4.9	9	18.3	828	1.5	26	0.47
Grantham & Stamford	..	46	77.4	2	3.2	12	20.1	713	1.2	49	0.83
Harborough	..	45	79.3	1	2.7	10	18.3	711	1.2	35	0.62
High Peak	..	46	76.3	3	5.3	12	19.5	826	1.4	40	0.67
Kettering	..	50	79.2	1	2.6	12	18.6	927	1.5	47	0.75
Leicester East	..	41	67.1	4	7.7	17	27.2	2,461	4.5	34	0.62
Leicester South	..	36	63.8	3	6.5	18	31.7	3,078	4.7	81	1.23
Leicester West	..	40	68.3	3	7.2	15	26.2	2,801	5.0	60	1.06
Lincoln	..	39	69.7	3	6.3	14	25.4	1,384	2.5	59	1.05
Loughborough	..	44	76.5	1	3.0	12	21.0	994	1.7	46	0.78
Louth & Horncastle	..	39	73.4	2	4.7	12	23.0	912	1.7	37	0.71
Mansfield	..	37	70.7	2	4.8	14	25.9	1,146	2.2	38	0.73
Newark	..	44	79.0	1	2.5	11	18.9	937	1.7	41	0.75
North East Derbyshire	..	41	77.5	1	2.9	11	20.0	1,113	2.0	31	0.57
North West Leicestershire	..	42	79.2	2	3.8	9	17.6	653	1.2	49	0.92
Northampton North	..	38	74.1	2	5.3	11	21.5	1,327	2.2	45	0.74
Northampton South	..	67	84.0	2	2.1	11	14.2	1,211	1.7	91	1.26
Nottingham East	..	33	61.7	5	12.0	16	29.8	2,395	4.2	57	1.01
Nottingham North	..	37	66.3	3	7.7	16	28.2	2,256	4.4	31	0.59
Nottingham South	..	37	60.5	4	8.7	21	33.4	1,792	2.8	109	1.70
Rushcliffe	..	52	78.3	3	4.7	12	17.7	598	0.9	42	0.65
Rutland & Melton	..	49	81.3	1	2.3	10	16.7	445	0.8	42	0.72
Sherwood	..	42	75.5	1	3.0	12	22.1	900	1.5	33	0.56
Sleaford & North Hykeham	..	46	79.5	2	3.5	10	17.6	595	1.0	40	0.68
South Derbyshire	..	52	79.0	1	1.9	13	19.4	815	1.2	36	0.56
South Holland & The Deepings	..	47	77.9	2	3.0	12	19.6	682	1.2	44	0.81
Wellingborough	..	50	81.3	2	3.3	10	15.7	1,151	1.8	49	0.76
West Derbyshire	..	39	79.0	1	1.8	10	19.5	594	1.1	48	0.86

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 8.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

** APS data for United Kingdom refer to January to December 2004 - see note on page 8.

Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

- less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004			April 2004 to March 2005						2003			
	Population ¹			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
				Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
United Kingdom total **	37,064	26,951	74.2	1,394	4.7	7,988	22.0	849,303	2.3	30,567	0.83		
Regional total	2,642	1,954	75.6	88	4.2	543	21.0	52,155	2.0	2,044	0.78		
Boston	..	27	75.5	1	4.7	7	20.7	474	1.3	29	0.82		
Buxton	..	29	76.6	2	5.3	7	19.3	455	1.3	25	0.70		
Chesterfield	..	77	71.5	4	4.9	27	24.7	2,928	2.7	80	0.73		
Derby	..	148	73.9	8	5.1	44	22.1	4,924	2.3	180	0.86		
Gainsborough	..	15	69.8	1	5.0	6	26.3	636	3.1	14	0.66		
Grantham	..	26	78.8	1	2.6	6	18.9	511	1.4	32	0.88		
Horncastle	..	12	80.9	~	2.6	3	17.6	164	1.1	10	0.72		
Kettering and Corby	..	69	79.3	2	3.1	16	18.2	1,780	2.0	71	0.82		
Leicester	..	292	75.0	13	4.2	84	21.7	10,807	2.8	326	0.84		
Lincoln	..	80	73.3	4	4.6	25	23.0	1,885	1.8	91	0.85		
Loughborough	..	58	76.4	2	3.8	16	20.6	1,214	1.5	56	0.69		
Louth	..	14	78.3	1	5.1	3	17.1	358	1.8	15	0.79		
Mansfield	..	130	73.2	5	3.8	43	23.9	3,606	2.1	124	0.71		
Matlock	..	29	79.9	1	2.2	7	18.2	399	1.1	36	0.94		
Melton Mowbray & Oakham	..	24	83.1	1	2.7	4	14.5	270	1.0	21	0.75		
Newark	..	31	82.1	1	1.9	6	16.2	577	1.6	31	0.82		
Northampton	..	150	80.1	6	3.5	31	16.8	3,136	1.7	174	0.95		
Nottingham	..	331	72.3	20	5.6	107	23.3	10,785	2.3	368	0.80		
Retford	..	17	73.7	1	3.8	5	23.3	437	1.8	16	0.65		
Skegness and Mablethorpe	..	21	63.0	2	6.8	11	32.6	841	2.5	26	0.79		
Sleaford	..	21	79.7	1	3.5	4	17.3	296	1.2	18	0.73		
Spalding and Holbeach	..	33	77.9	1	3.2	8	19.4	542	1.3	37	0.91		
Stamford	..	43	77.7	1	2.8	11	20.1	360	0.7	39	0.76		
Wellingborough	..	68	82.2	2	2.9	13	15.2	1,410	1.7	60	0.71		
Worksop	..	29	75.8	2	6.4	7	18.8	776	2.1	28	0.74		

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official mid-2003 estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 8.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

** APS data for United Kingdom refer to January to December 2004 - see note on page 8.

Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2004			April 2004 to March 2005						2003			
	Population ¹			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand ⁶			
				Employment ²		Unemployment ²		Economic inactivity ²		Claimant count ⁴		Jobs ⁷	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate ³ (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion ⁵ (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
United Kingdom total **	37,064	26,951	74.2	1,394	4.7	7,988	22.0	849,303	2.3	30,567	0.83		
Regional total	2,642	1,954	75.6	88	4.2	543	21.0	52,155	2.0	2,044	0.78		
Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire													
Derby	144	96	70.3	7	7.0	33	24.3	4,106	2.9	124	0.87		
East Derbyshire	164	120	73.1	5	3.9	39	23.9	3,991	2.4	112	0.68		
South & West Derbyshire	291	231	79.5	7	2.7	53	18.3	4,179	1.4	205	0.71		
Nottingham	183	107	62.8	11	9.4	52	30.6	6,444	3.5	197	1.09		
North Nottinghamshire	264	193	74.9	8	4.1	56	21.8	4,869	1.8	178	0.68		
South Nottinghamshire	203	153	76.6	7	4.5	39	19.7	2,616	1.3	113	0.56		
Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire													
Leicester	183	117	66.5	9	7.2	50	28.3	8,340	4.6	175	0.97		
Leicestershire CC & Rutland	409	327	80.7	9	2.5	69	17.2	4,858	1.2	299	0.74		
Northamptonshire	404	321	80.6	11	3.2	66	16.6	6,567	1.6	335	0.83		
Lincolnshire													
Lincolnshire	398	290	75.0	13	4.2	84	21.7	6,186	1.6	305	0.78		

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 8.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

** APS data for United Kingdom refer to January to December 2004 - see note on page 8.

Sample size zero or disclosive (less than three).

~ less than 500.

LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

16 Claimant count¹ by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 JUNE 2006						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	704,465	248,425	952,890	3.7	1.4	2.6	66,959	27,759	94,718	0.3	0.2	0.3
Regional total	45,416	16,896	62,312	3.3	1.3	2.4	6,399	2,264	8,663	0.5	0.2	0.3
Derby UA	3,740	1,226	4,966	5.0	1.8	3.5	621	196	817	0.8	0.3	0.6
Leicester UA	6,410	2,410	8,820	6.9	2.7	4.8	254	103	357	0.3	0.1	0.2
Nottingham UA	6,176	1,865	8,041	6.4	2.2	4.4	1,055	365	1,420	1.1	0.4	0.8
Rutland UA	95	53	148	0.8	0.5	0.7	3	21	24	0.0	0.2	0.1
Derbyshire	6,883	2,696	9,579	2.9	1.2	2.1	1,021	460	1,481	0.4	0.2	0.3
Amber Valley	960	409	1,369	2.5	1.2	1.9	168	76	244	0.4	0.2	0.3
Bolsover	960	356	1,316	4.1	1.7	3.0	117	51	168	0.5	0.2	0.4
Chesterfield	1,490	524	2,014	4.7	1.8	3.3	223	43	266	0.7	0.1	0.4
Derbyshire Dales	283	107	390	1.3	0.6	0.9	31	13	44	0.1	0.1	0.1
Erewash	1,160	452	1,612	3.3	1.4	2.4	243	99	342	0.7	0.3	0.5
High Peak	667	250	917	2.3	0.9	1.6	103	55	158	0.4	0.2	0.3
North East Derbyshire	889	355	1,244	2.9	1.3	2.1	87	55	142	0.3	0.2	0.2
South Derbyshire	474	243	717	1.7	0.9	1.3	49	68	117	0.2	0.3	0.2
Leicestershire	3,896	1,632	5,528	1.9	0.9	1.4	689	240	929	0.3	0.1	0.2
Blaby	500	247	747	1.7	0.9	1.3	64	62	126	0.2	0.2	0.2
Charnwood	1,178	457	1,635	2.2	1.0	1.6	198	59	257	0.4	0.1	0.3
Harborough	289	106	395	1.1	0.5	0.8	40	8	48	0.2	0.0	0.1
Hinckley and Bosworth	691	307	998	2.1	1.0	1.6	159	46	205	0.5	0.2	0.3
Melton	266	107	373	1.7	0.8	1.3	68	13	81	0.4	0.1	0.3
North West Leicestershire	550	257	807	1.9	1.0	1.5	131	73	204	0.5	0.3	0.4
Oadby and Wigston	422	151	573	2.4	0.9	1.7	29	-21	8	0.2	-0.1	0.0
Lincolnshire	5,676	2,229	7,905	2.7	1.2	2.0	1,015	293	1,308	0.5	0.2	0.3
Boston	601	237	838	3.4	1.5	2.5	162	71	233	0.9	0.4	0.7
East Lindsey	1,141	415	1,556	2.8	1.1	2.0	213	57	270	0.5	0.2	0.4
Lincoln	1,347	403	1,750	4.7	1.5	3.2	229	41	270	0.8	0.2	0.5
North Kesteven	494	226	720	1.6	0.8	1.2	80	-1	79	0.3	0.0	0.1
South Holland	570	269	839	2.4	1.2	1.8	157	52	209	0.7	0.2	0.5
South Kesteven	763	339	1,102	1.9	0.9	1.4	86	31	117	0.2	0.1	0.2
West Lindsey	760	340	1,100	3.0	1.4	2.2	88	42	130	0.3	0.2	0.3
Northamptonshire	5,972	2,389	8,361	2.8	1.2	2.1	750	353	1,103	0.4	0.2	0.3
Corby	752	271	1,023	4.5	1.7	3.1	40	-11	29	0.2	-0.1	0.1
Daventry	406	212	618	1.6	1.0	1.3	37	28	65	0.1	0.1	0.1
East Northamptonshire	566	268	834	2.2	1.1	1.7	93	75	168	0.4	0.3	0.3
Kettering	824	295	1,119	3.0	1.2	2.1	181	51	232	0.7	0.2	0.4
Northampton	2,386	878	3,264	3.7	1.5	2.6	352	149	501	0.5	0.2	0.4
South Northamptonshire	304	140	444	1.1	0.6	0.8	30	38	68	0.1	0.2	0.1
Wellingborough	734	325	1,059	3.1	1.5	2.4	17	23	40	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nottinghamshire	6,568	2,396	8,964	2.7	1.1	1.9	991	233	1,224	0.4	0.1	0.3
Ashfield	1,263	452	1,715	3.5	1.3	2.5	244	57	301	0.7	0.2	0.4
Bassetlaw	1,043	403	1,446	2.9	1.3	2.1	117	25	142	0.3	0.1	0.2
Broxtowe	781	325	1,106	2.2	1.0	1.6	137	53	190	0.4	0.2	0.3
Gedling	915	309	1,224	2.6	0.9	1.8	141	41	182	0.4	0.1	0.3
Mansfield	1,254	439	1,693	4.0	1.5	2.8	180	37	217	0.6	0.1	0.4
Newark and Sherwood	794	280	1,074	2.3	0.9	1.6	56	-10	46	0.2	0.0	0.1
Rushcliffe	518	188	706	1.5	0.6	1.1	116	30	146	0.3	0.1	0.2

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.

LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

17 Claimant count¹ by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 8 JUNE 2006						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop ²			Levels			Percentage ²		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
United Kingdom total	704,465	248,425	952,890	3.7	1.4	2.6	66,959	27,759	94,718	0.3	0.2	0.3
Regional total	45,416	16,896	62,312	3.3	1.3	2.4	6,399	2,264	8,663	0.5	0.2	0.3
Amber Valley	848	350	1,198	2.9	1.3	2.1	153	62	215	0.5	0.2	0.4
Ashfield	1,107	413	1,520	3.7	1.5	2.6	198	59	257	0.7	0.2	0.4
Bassetlaw	901	322	1,223	3.1	1.2	2.2	107	0	107	0.4	0.0	0.2
Blaby	507	233	740	1.6	0.8	1.2	83	56	139	0.3	0.2	0.2
Bolsover	1,101	423	1,524	4.0	1.7	2.9	121	61	182	0.4	0.2	0.3
Boston & Skegness	1,005	372	1,377	3.7	1.5	2.6	238	93	331	0.9	0.4	0.6
Bosworth	645	280	925	2.2	1.1	1.7	155	43	198	0.5	0.2	0.4
Broxtowe	614	274	888	2.0	1.0	1.5	95	53	148	0.3	0.2	0.3
Charnwood	487	231	718	1.6	0.8	1.2	27	35	62	0.1	0.1	0.1
Chesterfield	1,362	480	1,842	4.8	1.8	3.3	216	38	254	0.8	0.1	0.5
Corby	1,010	383	1,393	3.2	1.3	2.3	90	10	100	0.3	0.0	0.2
Daventry	590	295	885	1.5	0.8	1.2	46	54	100	0.1	0.2	0.1
Derby North	1,280	385	1,665	4.0	1.3	2.7	292	60	352	0.9	0.2	0.6
Derby South	2,167	745	2,912	6.6	2.4	4.6	234	99	333	0.7	0.3	0.5
Erewash	1,132	443	1,575	3.4	1.4	2.5	239	101	340	0.7	0.3	0.5
Gainsborough	782	351	1,133	3.0	1.5	2.3	84	46	130	0.3	0.2	0.3
Gedling	759	256	1,015	2.7	1.0	1.9	113	39	152	0.4	0.1	0.3
Grantham & Stamford	641	273	914	2.1	1.0	1.6	62	13	75	0.2	0.0	0.1
Harborough	577	211	788	1.9	0.8	1.4	67	-16	51	0.2	-0.1	0.1
High Peak	692	257	949	2.2	0.9	1.6	107	58	165	0.3	0.2	0.3
Kettering	890	327	1,217	2.7	1.1	1.9	199	55	254	0.6	0.2	0.4
Leicester East	1,775	832	2,607	6.4	3.1	4.8	91	79	170	0.3	0.3	0.3
Leicester South	2,461	835	3,296	7.2	2.6	5.0	64	38	102	0.2	0.1	0.2
Leicester West	2,174	743	2,917	7.6	2.7	5.2	99	-14	85	0.3	-0.1	0.2
Lincoln	1,379	413	1,792	4.8	1.5	3.2	232	38	270	0.8	0.1	0.5
Loughborough	821	299	1,120	2.6	1.1	1.9	161	39	200	0.5	0.1	0.3
Louth & Horncastle	715	269	984	2.6	1.1	1.9	141	31	172	0.5	0.1	0.3
Mansfield	1,123	402	1,525	4.2	1.6	2.9	196	45	241	0.7	0.2	0.5
Newark	739	290	1,029	2.6	1.1	1.9	31	13	44	0.1	0.0	0.1
North East Derbyshire	876	332	1,208	3.1	1.3	2.2	90	50	140	0.3	0.2	0.3
North West Leicestershire	550	257	807	2.0	1.0	1.5	131	73	204	0.5	0.3	0.4
Northampton North	1,274	458	1,732	4.2	1.5	2.9	235	61	296	0.8	0.2	0.5
Northampton South	1,166	445	1,611	3.1	1.3	2.2	120	96	216	0.3	0.3	0.3
Nottingham East	2,345	675	3,020	7.8	2.5	5.3	471	131	602	1.6	0.5	1.1
Nottingham North	2,153	729	2,882	8.2	2.9	5.6	354	150	504	1.3	0.6	1.0
Nottingham South	1,678	461	2,139	4.8	1.6	3.3	230	84	314	0.7	0.3	0.5
Rushcliffe	518	188	706	1.5	0.6	1.1	116	30	146	0.3	0.1	0.2
Rutland & Melton	404	174	578	1.3	0.6	1.0	68	31	99	0.2	0.1	0.2
Sherwood	807	251	1,058	2.6	0.9	1.8	135	-6	129	0.4	0.0	0.2
Sleaford & North Hykeham	508	235	743	1.7	0.8	1.3	97	3	100	0.3	0.0	0.2
South Derbyshire	767	339	1,106	2.2	1.1	1.7	144	105	249	0.4	0.3	0.4
South Holland & The Deepings	646	316	962	2.3	1.2	1.8	161	69	230	0.6	0.3	0.4
Wellingborough	1,042	481	1,523	3.1	1.6	2.4	60	77	137	0.2	0.2	0.2
West Derbyshire	398	168	566	1.4	0.6	1.0	46	22	68	0.2	0.1	0.1

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 020 7533 6094

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See background note 5.