

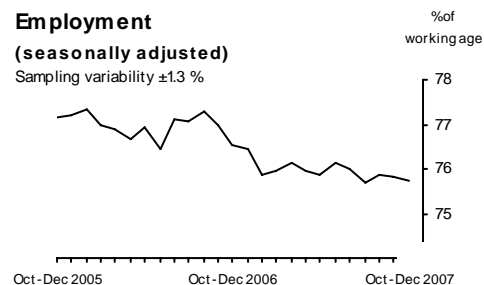
13 February 2008

**Coverage**  
East Midlands  
**Theme**  
Labour Market

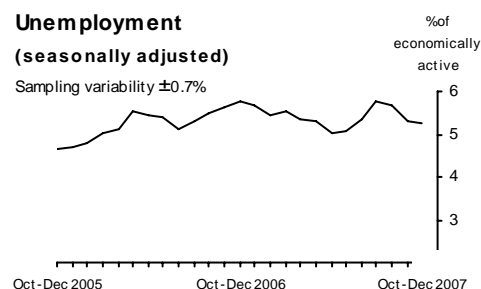
## Labour market statistics February 2008: East Midlands

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Labour Force Survey data for the East Midlands indicate the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, but the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate has levelled off, and the latest rate is not significantly different from a year ago.



Data for the three months to December 2007 show the seasonally adjusted employment rate at 75.7 per cent, down 0.8 percentage points on a year earlier. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 5.2 per cent, down 0.5 percentage points on a year earlier.



The seasonally adjusted claimant count was down in the year to January 2008.

Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Level (thousands)	Rate (%)	Change on year (level)	Sampling variability (thousands)	Change on year (rate)	Sampling variability (%)
Employment*	Oct-Dec 07	2,144	75.7	-10	$\pm 57$	-0.8	$\pm 1.7$
Unemployment**	Oct-Dec 07	119	5.2	-14	$\pm 21$	-0.5	$\pm 1.0$
Economically active*	Oct-Dec 07	2,262	80.0	-23	$\pm 57$	-1.3	$\pm 1.6$
Economically inactive+ of which:	Oct-Dec 07	542	20.0	40	$\pm 57$	1.3	$\pm 1.6$
Not wanting a job+	Oct-Dec 07	407		35	$\pm 51$		
Wanting a job+	Oct-Dec 07	135		5	$\pm 31$		
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Sep 2007	2,146		13	..		
Claimant count	Jan 2008	52.6	2.4**	-9.1		-0.4	

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

+ Levels and rates are for those of working age.

++ Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. For regional claimant count proportions, using resident working age populations see Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

.. Not available.

**New this month:**

October to December 2007 data: latest three-month average LFS results;  
January 2008 data: claimant count.

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**Employment and Jobs (tables 1 to 6)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the East Midlands was 75.7 per cent in the October to December 2007 period, down 0.8 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.14 million in the October to December 2007 period, down 10,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in both the number of employees and in the number of self employed over the past year.

LFS estimates suggest an increase in the number of full-time workers and an increase in the number of part-time workers over the past year.

Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were up 11,000 in the quarter to September 2007.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were up 23,000 in the year to September 2007. This was due to a rise in service sector, agriculture and construction jobs.

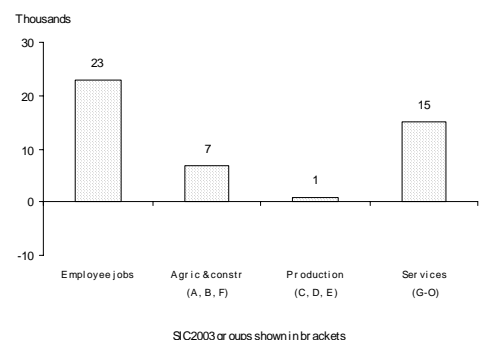
**Unemployment (table 1)**

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the East Midlands was 5.2 per cent in the October to December 2007 period, down 0.5 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in October to December 2007 were 5.3 per cent and 5.2 per cent respectively.



**Employee jobs by industry**

Change on year from September 2006



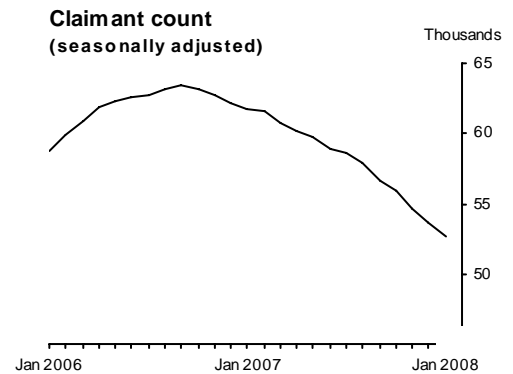
SC2003 groups shown in brackets

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



**Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)**

The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in January 2008 was 2.4 per cent, unchanged from December 2007, and down 0.4 percentage points since January 2007. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in January 2008 was 52,600, down 1,000 on December 2007, and down 9,100 since January 2007.



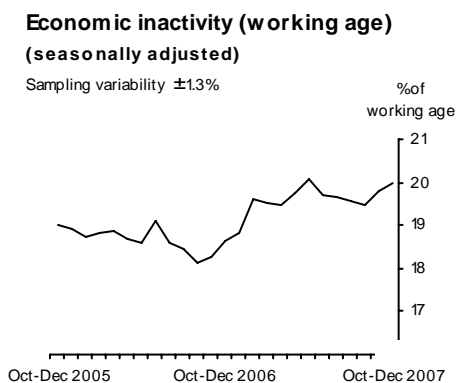
**Economically active (tables 1 and 9)**

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the East Midlands was 2.26 million in the October to December 2007 period.

**Economically inactive (tables 1, 10 and 11)**

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the East Midlands in October to December 2007 was 20.0 per cent, up 1.3 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the October to December 2007 period was 1.28 million, with 542,000 of these of working age, up 40,000 on the same period a year earlier.

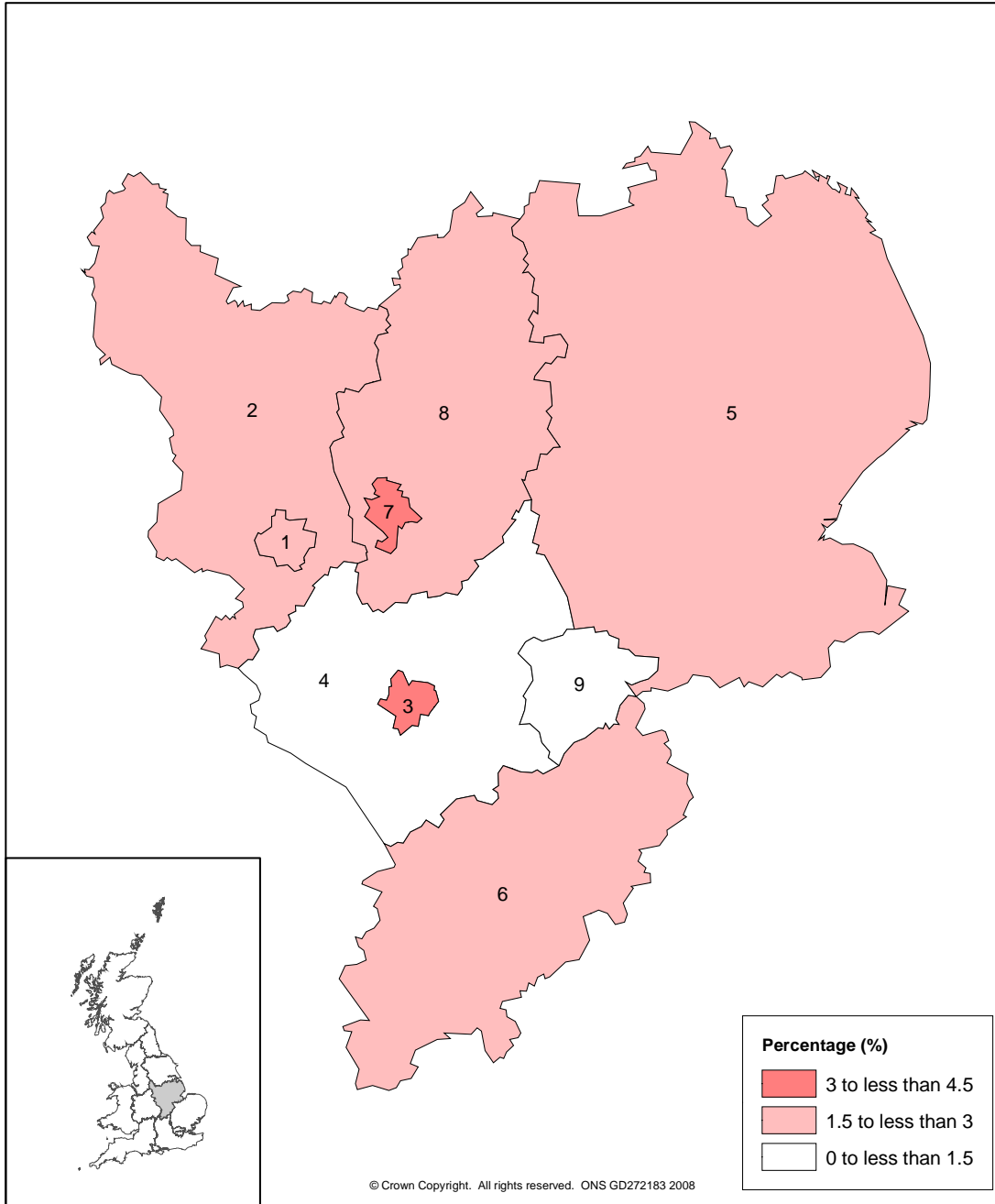


**Local area data (table 16)**

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in Rutland UA, at 0.6 per cent. It was highest in Leicester UA, at 3.9 per cent.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

**Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA**  
**January 2008 - East Midlands**



1	Derby UA	2.7%
2	Derbyshire	1.8%
3	Leicester UA	3.9%
4	Leicestershire	1.2%
5	Lincolnshire	1.9%
6	Northamptonshire	1.8%
7	Nottingham UA	3.7%
8	Nottinghamshire	1.6%
9	Rutland UA	0.6%

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

## **BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION**

### **REVISIONS**

There are no significant revisions in this month's release.

### **KEY QUALITY ISSUES**

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

*Summary Quality Report:* A Summary Quality Report for this First Release can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

*Common pitfalls in interpreting series:* Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this release.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

### **RELIABILITY**

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this release can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from February 2002 to January 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from April 2000 to January 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	75.7	60	-0.05	0.10
Unemployment rate (%)	5.2	60	0.02	0.04
Claimant count (000s)	52.6	60	0.00	0.27

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,146	20	48.95*	48.95

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero. One major reason for the significant revisions to the workforce jobs estimates is the introduction of the Annual Business Inquiry, which replaced the old Annual Employment Survey in May 2001. This change was widely publicised beforehand.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)). More information about the revisions material in this release can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

### THIS MONTH'S RELEASE

Following a review of the Labour Market Regional First Releases, the publication will move from being produced monthly to quarterly. The change will take place this month, with February 2008 seeing the publication of the last Regional First Releases on a monthly basis. The next Regional First Releases will be published a quarter later, in May 2008. The tables that accompany the Regional First Releases will be available from 19<sup>th</sup> March 2008 on a monthly basis from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the July 2006 to June 2007 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; and claimant count levels and proportions for July 2006 to June 2007.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



## NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional First Release will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

## SPECIAL

### Population estimates in the LFS

On 22 August 2007 ONS published the 2006-based mid-year population estimates for the UK, along with revisions to the mid-year estimates for 2002 to 2005. These were followed by the 2007 Quarter 2 experimental quarterly population estimates for England and Wales on 13 September 2007. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates (from July-September 2000) from the November 2007 First Release. On 23 October 2007 ONS published 2006-based national population projections for the UK and its constituent countries. These population estimates have been incorporated into the LFS estimates (from July-September 2007) from the December 2007 First Release.

The LFS estimates have been updated to include the new population estimates using the interim reweighting adjustment methodology developed to take account of the 2001 Census results. Details of this methodology were published in the December 2002 edition of *Labour Market Trends*, which is available on the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour\\_market\\_trends/Interim\\_lfs\\_estimates\\_Dec2002.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/articles/labour_market_trends/Interim_lfs_estimates_Dec2002.pdf).

### Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

These tables include data from the Annual Population Survey. These data are weighted to population estimates consistent with those released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates. Interim reweighting of monthly LFS estimates at national and regional level has been applied in order to take account of the revised population data. For the annual local area LFS data such an interim reweighting is not possible. See Concepts and Definitions.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



### SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this release are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this release and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Releases*.

#### October to December 2007

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	2,101	2,144	2,186	-53	5	62	-66	-10	47
<b>Employment rate</b>	74.4%	75.7%	77.1%	-1.7%	0.0%	1.8%	-2.5%	-0.8%	0.9%
<b>Unemployment</b>	104	119	133	-33	-12	8	-34	-14	7
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	4.5%	5.2%	5.9%	-1.5%	-0.5%	0.4%	-1.5%	-0.5%	0.4%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,220	2,262	2,305	-65	-8	50	-80	-23	34
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	78.8%	80.0%	81.3%	-2.0%	-0.4%	1.2%	-2.9%	-1.3%	0.3%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	497	542	587	-45	12	70	-17	40	96

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

### Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures October to December 2007

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 37	± 11	± 36	± 37	± 1.9	± 0.9
North West	± 61	± 19	± 60	± 60	± 1.2	± 0.6
Yorks & Humber	± 52	± 17	± 51	± 50	± 1.3	± 0.7
East Midlands	± 42	± 14	± 42	± 45	± 1.3	± 0.7
West Midlands	± 54	± 18	± 53	± 53	± 1.3	± 0.6
East	± 53	± 17	± 53	± 50	± 1.2	± 0.6
London	± 70	± 27	± 67	± 68	± 1.2	± 0.7
South East	± 62	± 19	± 61	± 56	± 0.9	± 0.4
South West	± 51	± 14	± 51	± 48	± 1.2	± 0.5
Wales	± 41	± 12	± 40	± 41	± 1.8	± 0.9
Scotland	± 52	± 16	± 51	± 49	± 1.3	± 0.6

### **BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. In addition to the data in this release, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup>, at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this release is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=14692>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this release is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this release.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the National Statistics Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2008.

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## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

**Actual hours worked:** *See hours worked.*

**Annual Population Survey:** Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 12 to 15. The APS is a new survey which started in January 2004 and the first publication of APS data was on 28 July 2005. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data, which were re-weighted to population estimates released in February 2003. However, during this reweighting exercise, revised population estimates were released, in September 2003. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this release have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 12 to 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the release.

The APS database is similar to the annual LFS database in that it is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the *LFS User Guide*, available from the National Statistics website at

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

**Claimant count:** The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series include all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-18 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified



employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

**Claimant count proportion:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

**Economically active:** People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

**Economically inactive:** People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs:** There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

**Full-time:** In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

### Hours worked:

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 7, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 8, measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

**Inflows and Outflows:** The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a  $4\frac{1}{3}$  week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

**Jobs density:** The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

**Labour Force Survey:** The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

**Model-based estimates of unemployment:** For estimates of unemployment for local areas, however, even the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LALM\\_Brief\\_guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LALM_Brief_guide.pdf). A detailed user guide can be found at [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/User\\_Guide.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/User_Guide.pdf)

**Rates:** Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

**Sampling variability:** Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each

All data are not seasonally adjusted unless otherwise specified

would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this release, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

**Seasonal adjustment:** A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

**Unemployment:** The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LMS\\_FR\\_HS\\_Concepts\\_Definitions.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf)

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The following symbols are used in the tables:

..	not available	-	nil or negligible
p	provisional	r	revised
*	grossed up total less than 9,500		

Totals may differ from the sum of components because of rounding or separate adjustment of components.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of Labour Force Survey data

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (October to December 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
North East	2,067	1,244	76.3	667	577	1,174	71.9	625	74.6	549	69.0	70	5.6	42	6.3	28	4.9
North West	5,482	3,400	77.6	1,845	1,555	3,200	72.9	1,723	76.4	1,477	69.1	200	5.9	122	6.6	78	5.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	4,152	2,593	77.9	1,416	1,177	2,455	73.6	1,327	77.1	1,129	69.8	138	5.3	89	6.3	48	4.1
East Midlands	3,540	2,262	80.0	1,235	1,027	2,144	75.7	1,170	79.5	974	71.5	119	5.2	66	5.3	53	5.2
West Midlands	4,275	2,661	77.9	1,453	1,209	2,511	73.3	1,364	77.5	1,146	68.7	151	5.7	88	6.1	62	5.2
East	4,520	2,939	81.8	1,597	1,342	2,807	78.1	1,524	82.7	1,282	73.0	133	4.5	72	4.5	60	4.5
London	6,066	3,954	75.3	2,207	1,747	3,695	70.2	2,064	77.3	1,631	62.7	259	6.6	143	6.5	116	6.7
South East	6,608	4,396	82.8	2,342	2,054	4,196	78.9	2,236	83.1	1,960	74.3	201	4.6	107	4.5	94	4.6
South West	4,170	2,663	82.5	1,421	1,242	2,565	79.3	1,367	82.3	1,198	76.1	98	3.7	54	3.8	45	3.6
<b>England</b>	<b>40,881</b>	<b>26,113</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>14,183</b>	<b>11,930</b>	<b>24,746</b>	<b>74.9</b>	<b>13,401</b>	<b>79.2</b>	<b>11,345</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>1,368</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>4.9</b>
Wales	2,393	1,411	75.4	758	653	1,339	71.5	722	75.3	617	67.4	72	5.1	36	4.8	36	5.5
Scotland	4,166	2,662	80.5	1,398	1,264	2,532	76.5	1,327	79.0	1,205	73.8	130	4.9	71	5.1	59	4.7
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>47,441</b>	<b>30,186</b>	<b>79.1</b>	<b>16,339</b>	<b>13,847</b>	<b>28,616</b>	<b>74.9</b>	<b>15,449</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>13,167</b>	<b>70.4</b>	<b>1,570</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>4.9</b>
N Ireland	1,362	815	72.9	446	368	781	69.8	425	74.5	356	64.8	34	4.2	21	4.7	13	3.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>48,803</b>	<b>31,004</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>16,787</b>	<b>14,216</b>	<b>29,398</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>15,875</b>	<b>78.9</b>	<b>13,523</b>	<b>70.2</b>	<b>1,606</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>4.9</b>

### Change on quarter:<sup>4</sup>

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (October to December 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
North East	3	-5	-0.6	-7	3	5	-0.1	4	0.1	1	-0.3	-9	-0.7	-11	-1.5	1	0.2
North West	8	26	0.6	13	13	30	0.7	15	0.6	15	0.7	-4	-0.2	-2	-0.2	-2	-0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	11	15	0.3	7	7	20	0.4	4	0.4	16	0.5	-5	-0.2	3	0.2	-8	-0.7
East Midlands	11	-8	-0.4	1	-9	5	0.0	10	0.2	-5	-0.2	-12	-0.5	-9	-0.7	-4	-0.3
West Midlands	6	-8	-0.2	-4	-4	14	0.5	2	0.4	12	0.6	-22	-0.8	-6	-0.4	-15	-1.3
East	13	19	0.4	0	19	38	1.0	7	0.6	31	1.5	-19	-0.7	-7	-0.4	-12	-1.0
London	15	18	0.0	14	4	2	-0.3	15	0.3	-13	-0.9	16	0.4	-2	-0.1	17	1.0
South East	16	24	0.2	4	20	22	0.2	6	0.0	16	0.4	2	0.0	-2	-0.1	4	0.2
South West	11	25	0.6	12	13	34	0.9	16	0.8	18	0.9	-9	-0.4	-3	-0.3	-6	-0.5
<b>England</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-62</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-38</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
Wales	5	0	0.0	-9	9	4	0.2	-6	-0.7	10	1.3	-4	-0.3	-2	-0.3	-2	-0.3
Scotland	6	-5	0.0	-6	1	-5	0.0	-6	-0.4	1	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-66</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-41</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-25</b>	<b>-0.2</b>
N Ireland	3	4	0.2	3	0	1	-0.1	1	0.2	0	-0.4	3	0.4	3	0.6	0	0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-61</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-38</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-23</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

### Change on year:

	Labour Force Survey <sup>1</sup> (October to December 2007)																
	Total aged 16 & over		Economically active				Employment					Unemployment					
	Total		Total		Men	Women	Total		Men		Women		Total		Men		Women
	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
North East	12	8	0.1	4	4	18	0.7	11	0.5	7	0.9	-10	-0.8	-7	-1.1	-3	-0.6
North West	30	33	0.4	43	-9	12	-0.1	28	0.5	-16	-0.8	21	0.6	15	0.7	7	0.5
Yorkshire & The Humber	44	9	-0.8	-3	12	27	-0.2	9	-0.6	19	0.1	-19	-0.7	-12	-0.8	-7	-0.6
East Midlands	40	-23	-1.3	-7	-17	-10	-0.8	-1	-0.9	-8	-0.7	-14	-0.5	-5	-0.4	-8	-0.7
West Midlands	21	-9	-0.5	-16	7	14	0.1	-4	-0.4	18	0.7	-23	-0.8	-11	-0.7	-12	-1.0
East	49	50	0.9	20	29	46	1.0	18	0.5	29	1.4	3	0.0	2	0.1	1	0.0
London	53	22	-0.6	26	-4	68	0.4	49	0.9	19	-0.1	-47	-1.2	-23	-1.1	-24	-1.3
South East	60	54	0.4	15	39	42	0.2	15	0.0	28	0.4	12	0.2	1	0.0	11	0.5
South West	46	52	0.9	26	26	53	0.9	24	0.4	29	1.5	-1	-0.1	2	0.1	-3	-0.4
<b>England</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-77</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-39</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-39</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Wales	17	-4	-0.5	1	-6	-3	-0.3	7	0.1	-10	-0.8	-2	-0.1	-6	-0.7	4	0.6
Scotland	27	10	0.2	-6	16	19	0.4	7	-0.4	13	1.2	-9	-0.4	-12	-0.8	3	0.2
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-88</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-56</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-32</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
N Ireland	18	9	0.3	6	3	9	0.3	6	0.6	3	0.0	0	-0.1	0	0.0	0	-0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-86</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-55</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-30</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

Relationship between columns: 2= 4+5 = 6+12; 6= 8+10; 12= 14+16.

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

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2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter to quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (September 2007); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (January 2008); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,184	617	568	47.0	3.8	35.2	5.4	11.8	2.0
North West	3,409	1,808	1,601	105.2	3.0	78.6	4.2	26.6	1.7
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,551	1,359	1,192	75.2	2.8	55.8	3.9	19.4	1.6
East Midlands	2,146	1,156	991	52.6	2.4	37.8	3.2	14.8	1.5
West Midlands	2,691	1,437	1,254	94.1	3.4	69.2	4.6	24.9	2.0
East	2,814	1,499	1,316	55.4	1.9	39.4	2.5	16.0	1.2
London	4,689	2,559	2,130	130.7	2.7	90.8	3.4	39.9	1.8
South East	4,350	2,282	2,068	65.1	1.4	46.5	1.9	18.6	0.9
South West	2,642	1,353	1,288	37.9	1.4	27.1	1.9	10.8	0.8
<b>England</b>	<b>26,476</b>	<b>14,069</b>	<b>12,407</b>	<b>663.2</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>480.4</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>182.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>
Wales	1,389	737	652	38.5	2.7	28.6	3.7	9.9	1.5
Scotland	2,689	1,398	1,291	69.1	2.5	51.8	3.6	17.3	1.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,555</b>	<b>16,205</b>	<b>14,350</b>	<b>770.8</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>560.8</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>210.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>
N Ireland	842	450	392	23.8	2.7	18.1	3.8	5.7	1.4
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,397</b>	<b>16,655</b>	<b>14,742</b>	<b>794.6</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>578.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>215.7</b>	<b>1.4</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on September 2006); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on December 2007); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	12	6	6	-0.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0
North West	29	9	20	-0.8	0.0	-0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	18	9	9	-0.7	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-0.1	0.0
East Midlands	13	12	1	-1.0	0.0	-0.7	-0.1	-0.3	0.0
West Midlands	-19	-14	-6	-1.9	-0.1	-1.5	-0.1	-0.4	0.0
East	0	-14	14	-0.7	0.0	-0.4	0.0	-0.3	0.0
London	80	38	42	-1.7	0.0	-1.3	0.0	-0.4	0.0
South East	62	15	47	-0.8	0.0	-0.6	0.0	-0.2	0.0
South West	48	23	25	-0.6	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>-8.4</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-6.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-1.7</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Wales	9	18	-9	-0.5	0.0	-0.4	-0.1	-0.1	0.0
Scotland	44	43	0	-2.1	-0.1	-1.6	-0.1	-0.5	0.0
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>-11.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-8.7</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-2.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>
N Ireland	5	-1	5	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>-10.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-8.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-2.3</b>	<b>0.0</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted

## 1 Summary of LFS data

All aged 16 &amp; over

		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHF	YCHS	YCJS	YCMS	HKMR			YCNF	
<b>People</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	3,460	2,245	2,141	104	1,215	64.9	61.9	4.6	35.1
	Oct-Dec 2006	3,500	2,285	2,153	132	1,215	65.3	61.5	5.8	34.7
	Jan-Mar 2007	3,510	2,261	2,136	125	1,249	64.4	60.9	5.5	35.6
	Apr-Jun 2007	3,520	2,249	2,136	113	1,271	63.9	60.7	5.0	36.1
	Jul-Sep 2007	3,530	2,270	2,139	131	1,260	64.3	60.6	5.8	35.7
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>3,540</b>	<b>2,262</b>	<b>2,144</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>1,278</b>	<b>63.9</b>	<b>60.6</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>36.1</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	11	-8	5	-12	18	-0.4	0.0	-0.5	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-0.3	0.2	-9.4	1.5				
	<i>Change on year</i>	40	-23	-10	-14	63	-1.4	-1.0	-0.5	1.4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	-1.0	-0.4	-10.3	5.2				
<b>Men</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	1,694	1,219	1,155	64	475	72.0	68.2	5.2	28.0
	Oct-Dec 2006	1,718	1,242	1,171	71	476	72.3	68.2	5.7	27.7
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,723	1,232	1,168	64	492	71.5	67.8	5.2	28.5
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,729	1,229	1,174	55	500	71.1	67.9	4.5	28.9
	Jul-Sep 2007	1,735	1,234	1,160	74	501	71.1	66.9	6.0	28.9
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>1,235</b>	<b>1,170</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>67.2</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>29.0</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	1	10	-9	5	-0.2	0.3	-0.7	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.4	0.1	0.9	-11.6	1.0				
	<i>Change on year</i>	24	-7	-1	-5	30	-1.4	-1.0	-0.4	1.4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.4	-0.5	-0.1	-7.4	6.3				
<b>Women</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	1,766	1,026	986	41	740	58.1	55.8	3.9	41.9
	Oct-Dec 2006	1,782	1,043	982	61	739	58.5	55.1	5.9	41.5
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,786	1,029	968	61	757	57.6	54.2	5.9	42.4
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,790	1,020	962	58	771	57.0	53.7	5.7	43.0
	Jul-Sep 2007	1,795	1,036	979	57	759	57.7	54.5	5.5	42.3
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,799</b>	<b>1,027</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>57.1</b>	<b>54.1</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>42.9</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	5	-9	-5	-4	13	-0.6	-0.4	-0.3	0.6
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-0.9	-0.5	-6.6	1.8				
	<i>Change on year</i>	17	-17	-8	-8	33	-1.5	-1.0	-0.7	1.5
	<i>Change %</i>	0.9	-1.6	-0.8	-13.6	4.5				

All aged 16 to 59/64

		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIF	YCKF		YYAZ
<b>People</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	2,668	2,161	2,058	103	507	81.0	77.1	4.8	19.0
	Oct-Dec 2006	2,695	2,192	2,062	130	503	81.3	76.5	5.9	18.7
	Jan-Mar 2007	2,700	2,173	2,051	122	527	80.5	76.0	5.6	19.5
	Apr-Jun 2007	2,706	2,163	2,052	110	543	79.9	75.9	5.1	20.1
	Jul-Sep 2007	2,711	2,181	2,052	129	530	80.5	75.7	5.9	19.5
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>2,716</b>	<b>2,174</b>	<b>2,057</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>542</b>	<b>80.0</b>	<b>75.7</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>20.0</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	5	-7	5	-12	12	-0.4	0.0	-0.5	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-0.3	0.2	-9.1	2.3				
	<i>Change on year</i>	22	-18	-5	-13	40	-1.3	-0.8	-0.5	1.3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	-0.8	-0.2	-10.0	7.9				
<b>Men</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	1,393	1,191	1,129	63	202	85.5	81.0	5.3	14.5
	Oct-Dec 2006	1,412	1,206	1,136	69	207	85.4	80.4	5.8	14.6
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,417	1,199	1,137	62	217	84.7	80.3	5.2	15.3
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,421	1,197	1,143	54	224	84.2	80.4	4.5	15.8
	Jul-Sep 2007	1,426	1,204	1,131	73	222	84.5	79.3	6.1	15.5
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,430</b>	<b>1,202</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>84.1</b>	<b>79.5</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>15.9</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	4	-2	6	-8	6	-0.4	0.2	-0.7	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-0.2	0.5	-11.0	2.7				
	<i>Change on year</i>	17	-4	1	-4	21	-1.3	-0.9	-0.4	1.3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.2	-0.3	0.1	-6.4	10.2				
<b>Women</b>	Oct-Dec 2005	1,275	970	930	41	305	76.1	72.9	4.2	23.9
	Oct-Dec 2006	1,282	986	925	61	296	76.9	72.2	6.2	23.1
	Jan-Mar 2007	1,283	974	914	60	309	75.9	71.2	6.1	24.1
	Apr-Jun 2007	1,284	965	909	56	319	75.2	70.8	5.8	24.8
	Jul-Sep 2007	1,285	977	921	56	308	76.0	71.7	5.7	24.0
	<b>Oct-Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>75.6</b>	<b>71.5</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>24.4</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	1	-5	-1	-4	6	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4	0.5
	<i>Change %</i>	0.1	-0.5	-0.1	-6.6	2.1				
	<i>Change on year</i>	4	-14	-6	-9	19	-1.4	-0.7	-0.8	1.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-1.4	-0.6	-14.1	6.3				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;

9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# REGIONAL DATA

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

East Midlands

(thousands),  
seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)			Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
		Levels			Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		YXYD	YXYS	YXZH	DPAY	ZMPA	ZMPC	DPBJ	ZMPB	ZMPD
	Sep 04	2,048	1,093	955						
	Sep 05	2,127	1,142	985						
	Sep 06	2,133	1,143	990						
	Dec 06	2,164	1,167	997						
	Mar 07	2,147	1,155	992						
	Jun 07	2,135	1,144	991						
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>2,146</b>	<b>1,156</b>	<b>991</b>						
	<i>Change on year</i>	13	13	1						
	<i>Change %</i>	0.6	1.1	0.1						
	<b>2007</b>									
	January	61.7	44.7	17.0	2.8	3.8	1.7			
	February	61.6	44.7	16.9	2.8	3.8	1.7			
	March	60.7	44.0	16.7	2.8	3.7	1.7			
	April #	60.2	43.6	16.6	2.7	3.7	1.6			
	May	59.7	43.1	16.6	2.7	3.7	1.6			
	June #	58.9	42.5	16.4	2.7	3.6	1.6			
	July	58.6	42.2	16.4	2.7	3.6	1.6			
	August	57.9	41.6	16.3	2.6	3.5	1.6			
	September #	56.7	40.8	15.9	2.6	3.5	1.6			
	October	55.9	40.2	15.7	2.6	3.4	1.6			
	November	54.7	39.3	15.4	2.5	3.3	1.5			
	December # (r)	53.6	38.5	15.1	2.4	3.3	1.5			
	<b>2008</b>									
	<b>January (p)</b>	<b>52.6</b>	<b>37.8</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1.5</b>			
	<i>Change on period</i>	-1.0	-0.7	-0.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0			
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.9	-1.8	-2.0						
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9.1	-6.9	-2.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.2			
	<i>Change %</i>	-14.7	-15.4	-12.9						

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17.

See Concepts and Definitions.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Sources: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system.  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 2 Employment by age

East Midlands

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Employed</b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	2,083	2,017	51	267	438	778	482	66
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,150	2,067	51	250	437	824	505	83
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,160	2,069	53	271	426	828	492	91
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,128	2,042	44	271	415	822	490	85
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,121	2,039	42	280	413	816	488	82
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,154	2,067	49	299	416	817	486	87
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>2,155</b>	<b>2,066</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>490</b>	<b>89</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-3	-2	9	-6	-2	-1	-2
<i>Change %</i>	-0.2	-0.1	-4.4	3.3	-1.3	-0.3	-0.3	-2.6	
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	1,129	1,104	24	144	235	414	287	25
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,157	1,130	26	131	236	429	309	26
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,172	1,138	23	144	234	442	295	34
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,161	1,130	22	147	230	437	294	31
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,167	1,138	21	158	229	437	294	29
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,170	1,141	24	158	230	436	293	30
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>1,138</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>35</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	0	2	4	-6	-4	4	0
<i>Change %</i>	0.0	0.0	10.1	2.5	-2.4	-1.0	1.3	0.6	
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	955	913	28	123	203	364	195	41
	Oct - Dec 2005	993	936	25	119	201	396	196	57
	Oct - Dec 2006	988	931	30	127	191	386	196	57
	Jan - Mar 2007	967	912	22	124	184	385	196	55
	Apr - Jun 2007	954	901	21	123	184	379	194	52
	Jul - Sep 2007	984	926	25	141	186	381	193	57
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>54</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-2	-5	5	0	2	-5	-3
<i>Change %</i>	-0.5	-0.3	-15.5	4.3	0.0	0.5	-2.7	-4.6	
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	60.9	76.4	45.5	69.2	83.6	82.8	71.3	8.5
	Oct - Dec 2005	62.1	77.5	44.2	62.7	83.9	86.4	74.1	10.5
	Oct - Dec 2006	61.7	76.8	45.9	66.0	82.1	85.8	71.7	11.3
	Jan - Mar 2007	60.6	75.6	38.0	65.7	80.1	85.0	71.5	10.5
	Apr - Jun 2007	60.3	75.4	35.6	67.4	79.8	84.2	71.2	10.0
	Jul - Sep 2007	61.0	76.3	41.7	71.5	80.3	84.1	70.9	10.6
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>60.9</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>43.3</b>	<b>66.5</b>	<b>80.8</b>	<b>84.9</b>	<b>71.4</b>	<b>10.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.8	-0.7	-2.6	0.5	-1.3	-0.9	-0.3	-0.5
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	67.6	80.3	41.1	73.1	90.7	88.7	72.8	8.5
	Oct - Dec 2005	68.3	81.1	43.9	64.3	91.3	90.5	77.4	8.7
	Oct - Dec 2006	68.3	80.6	38.7	68.2	90.8	92.2	73.0	11.3
	Jan - Mar 2007	67.4	79.8	36.9	69.4	89.2	90.9	72.4	10.0
	Apr - Jun 2007	67.5	80.1	34.7	73.6	88.6	90.7	72.2	9.5
	Jul - Sep 2007	67.5	80.0	39.8	73.3	88.7	90.3	71.8	9.6
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>79.6</b>	<b>41.9</b>	<b>67.9</b>	<b>87.9</b>	<b>90.6</b>	<b>73.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.9	-1.0	3.2	-0.3	-2.8	-1.6	0.1	-0.2
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	54.6	72.2	50.1	65.0	76.7	77.0	69.1	8.5
	Oct - Dec 2005	56.2	73.5	44.6	61.1	76.6	82.4	69.5	11.6
	Oct - Dec 2006	55.4	72.6	53.6	63.7	73.6	79.5	70.0	11.4
	Jan - Mar 2007	54.1	71.1	39.2	61.8	71.0	79.2	70.1	10.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	53.3	70.2	36.6	60.8	71.1	77.7	69.7	10.4
	Jul - Sep 2007	54.8	72.1	43.7	69.7	71.9	77.9	69.6	11.3
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>44.8</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>73.6</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>69.0</b>	<b>10.6</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.8	-0.4	-8.8	1.3	0.1	-0.1	-1.0	-0.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East Midlands

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers (thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	2,083	1,819	248	*	10	1,540	542	72	105
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,150	1,884	261	*	*	1,586	564	89	98
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,160	1,878	269	*	*	1,581	579	82	122
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,128	1,834	280	*	*	1,562	565	86	108
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,121	1,841	266	*	*	1,562	559	85	111
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,154	1,876	263	*	*	1,582	572	70	102
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>2,155</b>	<b>1,875</b>	<b>265</b>	*	<b>10</b>	<b>1,588</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>103</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-3	-4	*	*	7	-12	-5	-19
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.2	-0.1	-1.5	*	*	0.4	-2.1	-5.7	-15.5
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	1,129	938	184	*	*	1,012	116	29	51
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,157	961	194	*	*	1,041	116	38	46
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,172	977	190	*	*	1,040	132	44	53
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,161	961	195	*	*	1,038	123	43	46
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,167	971	190	*	*	1,040	128	37	57
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,170	975	187	*	*	1,043	127	30	42
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,172</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>194</b>	*	*	<b>1,044</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>51</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0	-6	4	*	*	4	-4	-14	-2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.0	-0.6	2.0	*	*	0.4	-3.2	-33.0	-2.9
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	955	881	64	*	*	527	426	43	54
	Oct - Dec 2005	993	923	66	*	*	545	448	51	52
	Oct - Dec 2006	988	901	79	*	*	541	447	38	69
	Jan - Mar 2007	967	873	85	*	*	524	442	43	62
	Apr - Jun 2007	954	870	76	*	*	522	431	47	54
	Jul - Sep 2007	984	901	76	*	*	539	445	40	61
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>983</b>	<b>904</b>	<b>71</b>	*	*	<b>544</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>52</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	3	-8	*	*	3	-8	10	-17
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.5	0.4	-9.9	*	*	0.6	-1.8	25.3	-25.2

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>4</sup>			
		Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	105	25	28	52	529	35	403	89
	Oct - Dec 2005	98	23	21	53	560	44	420	94
	Oct - Dec 2006	122	32	40	50	573	48	416	103
	Jan - Mar 2007	108	30	36	41	557	44	415	96
	Apr - Jun 2007	111	38	32	40	549	54	405	89
	Jul - Sep 2007	102	32	34	40	561	57	403	98
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>89</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-19	3	-8	-14	-16	11	-10	-14
	<i>Change %</i>	-15.5	9.8	-20.3	-27.8	-2.9	22.3	-2.5	-13.7

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East Midlands

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1 2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs 1	Employee jobs 2	Self- employment jobs 3	Government- supported trainees 4
		YXYD			
<b>All jobs</b>	Sep 03	2,025	1,756	263	6
	Sep 04	2,048	1,779	263	6
	Sep 05	2,127	1,826	295	5
	Sep 06	2,133	1,836	295	3
	Dec 06	2,164	1,865	296	3
	Mar 07	2,147	1,839	305	3
	Jun 07	2,135	1,841	292	3
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>2,146</b>	<b>1,859</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		13	23	-11	0
<i>Change %</i>		0.6	1.3	-3.6	18.2
		YXYS			
<b>Male jobs</b>	Sep 03	1,074	887	184	3
	Sep 04	1,093	897	193	3
	Sep 05	1,142	925	215	3
	Sep 06	1,143	934	208	1
	Dec 06	1,167	958	208	2
	Mar 07	1,155	944	210	2
	Jun 07	1,144	942	201	1
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>1,156</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		12	23	-11	0
<i>Change %</i>		1.1	2.5	-5.3	14.6
		YXZH			
<b>Female jobs</b>	Sep 03	952	869	80	3
	Sep 04	955	882	70	3
	Sep 05	985	901	81	3
	Sep 06	990	901	87	1
	Dec 06	997	907	88	1
	Mar 07	992	895	95	2
	Jun 07	991	899	91	1
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		1	0	0	0
<i>Change %</i>		0.1	0.0	0.5	21.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark.

Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East Midlands

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O		
								1	2	3	4
<b>All jobs</b>	Sep 04	1,776	1,779	23	14	314	90	804	535		
	Sep 05	1,824	1,826	21	14	306	93	833	559		
	Sep 06	1,835	1,836	23	17	289	98	850	559		
	Dec 06	1,851	1,865	24	18	288	107	867	561		
	Mar 07	1,846	1,839	23	18	287	103	846	562		
	Jun 07	1,847	1,841	23	18	287	96	854	563		
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>1,859</b>	<b>1,859</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>559</b>		
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		11								
	<i>Change %</i>		0.6								
	<i>Change on year</i>		23	23	0	1	0	7	15	0	
	<i>Change %</i>		1.3	1.3	0.0	4.3	0.0	7.3	1.7	0.1	
<b>Male jobs</b>	Sep 04	894	897	14	10	228	77	414	154		
	Sep 05	923	925	13	9	228	78	434	162		
	Sep 06	933	934	16	11	214	83	449	161		
	Dec 06	949	958	16	11	215	90	461	164		
	Mar 07	948	944	15	11	214	88	451	165		
	Jun 07	947	942	15	11	215	81	455	165		
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>956</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>164</b>		
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		8								
	<i>Change %</i>		0.9								
	<i>Change on year</i>		23	23	-1	0	2	7	11	3	
	<i>Change %</i>		2.5	2.5	-3.8	2.6	1.0	8.9	2.5	1.6	
<b>Female jobs</b>	Sep 04	881	882	8	4	86	13	390	381		
	Sep 05	902	901	8	5	78	15	399	397		
	Sep 06	902	901	7	6	75	16	400	398		
	Dec 06	902	907	8	6	73	17	406	396		
	Mar 07	898	895	8	7	73	16	395	398		
	Jun 07	900	899	8	7	72	15	399	398		
	<b>Sep 07</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>902</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>404</b>	<b>396</b>		
	<i>Change on quarter</i>		3								
	<i>Change %</i>		0.3								
	<i>Change on year</i>		0	0	1	0	-2	0	4	-2	
	<i>Change %</i>		0.0	0.0	8.5	7.4	-2.9	-1.1	0.9	-0.5	

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

Workforce jobs enquiries 01633 812318

1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details. The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East Midlands

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>12</sup>	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time <sup>3</sup>	Part-time <sup>3</sup>	Workers with second jobs
			2	3	4	5
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	69	33.1	38.8	15.9	8.2
	Oct - Dec 2005	71	32.9	38.3	16.5	8.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	72	33.3	38.8	16.8	8.8
	Jan - Mar 2007	68	31.8	37.1	15.8	9.5
	Apr - Jun 2007	69	32.4	37.7	15.9	10.0
	Jul - Sep 2007	68	31.5	36.9	15.3	10.1
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>39.2</b>	<b>16.2</b>	<b>10.0</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.2	0.3	-0.5	1.2
<i>Change %</i>		0.5	0.7	0.8	-3.1	13.4
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	43	38.1	40.2	16.5	9.6
	Oct - Dec 2005	44	38.0	40.0	17.0	8.2
	Oct - Dec 2006	45	38.1	40.4	16.8	9.2
	Jan - Mar 2007	42	36.4	38.5	15.1	10.1
	Apr - Jun 2007	43	37.2	39.2	16.8	11.6
	Jul - Sep 2007	42	36.3	38.6	14.8	11.2
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>40.9</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>13.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.4	0.6	-2.3	3.9
<i>Change %</i>		0.9	0.9	1.4	-13.6	42.1
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	26	27.3	36.0	15.8	7.2
	Oct - Dec 2005	27	27.1	35.0	16.4	9.3
	Oct - Dec 2006	27	27.6	36.0	16.8	8.3
	Jan - Mar 2007	25	26.3	34.3	16.0	8.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	25	26.5	34.7	15.7	8.7
	Jul - Sep 2007	25	25.8	33.7	15.4	9.3
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>8.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		0	0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.2
<i>Change %</i>		-0.3	0.2	-0.5	-0.1	-2.9

1. Main and second job.

Source: Labour Force Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women
<b>Oct - Dec 2006</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.6	0.8	2.6	1.5	0.7	2.3	2.0	1.3	3.8
6 up to 15 hours	7.7	3.4	12.8	7.8	3.2	12.8	6.8	4.5	12.3
16 up to 30 hours	17.9	7.4	30.3	17.8	6.6	30.0	18.1	11.4	34.4
31 up to 45 hours	51.6	57.7	44.3	53.3	60.2	45.8	40.0	44.8	28.6
Over 45 hours	21.3	30.8	10.0	19.6	29.3	9.1	33.0	38.0	20.9
Total (thousands)	2,160	1,172	988	1,878	977	901	269	190	79
<b>Jul - Sep 2007</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.4	0.7	2.3	1.3	0.7	1.9	2.5	0.9	6.3
6 up to 15 hours	7.2	3.5	11.6	6.8	3.0	11.0	9.9	5.9	19.9
16 up to 30 hours	17.0	6.5	29.6	17.1	5.4	29.8	16.2	12.3	25.7
31 up to 45 hours	52.9	58.1	46.7	55.1	61.0	48.7	37.0	43.0	22.4
Over 45 hours	21.4	31.1	9.9	19.7	30.0	8.7	34.4	37.9	25.7
Total (thousands)	2,154	1,170	984	1,876	975	901	263	187	76
<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.9	1.2	2.8	1.5	0.8	2.3	4.1	2.6	8.2
6 up to 15 hours	7.8	3.6	12.9	7.7	3.5	12.2	9.1	4.1	22.9
16 up to 30 hours	16.1	6.5	27.5	16.3	5.6	27.8	15.2	11.6	25.1
31 up to 45 hours	52.7	57.7	46.7	54.6	60.1	48.7	40.4	46.7	23.1
Over 45 hours	21.4	30.9	10.1	19.9	30.1	9.0	31.2	35.1	20.6
Total (thousands)	2,155	1,172	983	1,875	971	904	265	194	71

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

East Midlands

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2007</b>	DPAY	DPBJ			BCKC	DPAN
	January	61.7	2.8	14.1	14.2	64.3	2.9
	February	61.6	2.8	14.2	14.4	65.7	3.0
	March	60.7	2.8	13.7	14.4	64.8	3.0
	April #	60.2	2.7	13.6	14.1	62.2	2.8
	May	59.7	2.7	13.9	14.2	60.8	2.8
	June #	58.9	2.7	14.0	14.6	58.3	2.7
	July	58.6	2.7	14.3	14.6	58.2	2.7
	August	57.9	2.6	14.6	14.9	58.6	2.7
	September #	56.7	2.6	15.1	16.3	56.2	2.6
	October	55.9	2.6	13.9	14.7	54.0	2.5
	November	54.7	2.5	13.8	14.9	52.6	2.4
	December # (r)	53.6	2.4	14.5	15.8	52.1	2.4
	<b>2008</b>						
	<b>January (p)</b>	<b>52.6</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>17.3</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>2.5</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-1.0	0.0	0.4	1.5	2.5	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.9		2.8	9.5	4.8	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-9.1	-0.4	0.8	3.1	-9.7	-0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	-14.7		5.7	21.8	-15.0	
<b>Men</b>	<b>2007</b>	ZMPA	ZMPB				
	January	44.7	3.8	9.7	9.8	46.8	4.0
	February	44.7	3.8	9.8	9.9	47.7	4.0
	March	44.0	3.7	9.5	10.0	47.1	4.0
	April #	43.6	3.7	9.4	9.8	45.0	3.8
	May	43.1	3.7	9.5	9.8	44.0	3.7
	June #	42.5	3.6	9.6	10.1	42.0	3.6
	July	42.2	3.6	9.9	10.1	41.6	3.5
	August	41.6	3.5	10.1	10.5	41.4	3.5
	September #	40.8	3.5	10.6	11.4	39.7	3.4
	October	40.2	3.4	9.7	10.2	38.4	3.3
	November	39.3	3.3	9.5	10.4	37.6	3.2
	December # (r)	38.5	3.3	10.0	11.0	37.7	3.2
	<b>2008</b>						
	<b>January (p)</b>	<b>37.8</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>3.4</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.7	-0.1	0.3	0.8	1.8	0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.8		3.0	7.3	4.7	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-6.9	-0.6	0.6	2.0	-7.3	-0.6
	<i>Change %</i>	-15.4		6.2	20.4	-15.5	
<b>Women</b>	<b>2007</b>	ZMPC	ZMPD				
	January	17.0	1.7	4.4	4.4	17.5	1.7
	February	16.9	1.7	4.4	4.5	18.0	1.8
	March	16.7	1.7	4.2	4.4	17.8	1.8
	April #	16.6	1.6	4.2	4.3	17.2	1.7
	May	16.6	1.6	4.4	4.4	16.9	1.7
	June #	16.4	1.6	4.4	4.5	16.3	1.6
	July	16.4	1.6	4.4	4.5	16.6	1.6
	August	16.3	1.6	4.5	4.4	17.2	1.7
	September #	15.9	1.6	4.5	4.9	16.5	1.6
	October	15.7	1.6	4.2	4.5	15.6	1.5
	November	15.4	1.5	4.3	4.5	15.0	1.5
	December # (r)	15.1	1.5	4.5	4.8	14.4	1.4
	<b>2008</b>						
	<b>January (p)</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>1.5</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	-0.3	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.0		2.2	14.6	4.9	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-2.2	-0.2	0.2	1.1	-2.4	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	-12.9		4.5	25.0	-13.6	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month.

The claimant count inflows, standardised to a 4<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month but not seasonally adjusted, for January 2008 were 15,500 in total; 10,600 for men and 4,900 for women. The corresponding outflow figures were 12,600 in total; 8,600 for men and 4,000 for women.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
<b>People</b>													
<b>2006 #</b>													
January	61.5	61.3	42.0	10.9	8.3	13.6	2.4	17.9	14.5	2.8	0.6	3.2	0.1
<b>2007</b>													
January	64.3	64.1	42.6	11.4	10.1	15.7	2.6	19.2	15.6	3.0	0.6	3.4	0.1
February	65.7	65.5	44.2	11.1	10.1	15.4	2.6	20.1	16.5	3.0	0.6	3.1	0.1
March	64.8	64.7	43.7	11.0	10.0	15.5	2.6	20.1	16.5	3.1	0.6	3.0	0.1
April #	62.2	61.9	40.8	11.2	10.0	16.1	2.6	19.0	15.2	3.2	0.6	3.0	0.1
May	60.8	60.6	39.5	11.3	9.7	16.1	2.6	18.7	14.8	3.3	0.6	3.1	0.1
June #	58.3	58.1	37.7	10.9	9.4	16.2	2.6	18.0	14.3	3.1	0.6	3.2	0.1
July	58.2	57.9	38.4	10.3	9.2	15.8	2.6	18.2	14.8	2.9	0.6	3.1	0.1
August	58.6	58.2	39.1	10.3	8.9	15.3	2.5	18.6	15.1	2.9	0.6	3.0	0.1
September #	56.2	55.8	37.7	9.7	8.5	15.2	2.4	17.9	14.8	2.6	0.5	2.8	0.1
October	54.0	53.7	37.0	8.6	8.1	15.0	2.3	16.7	14.1	2.2	0.4	2.7	0.1
November	52.6	52.2	36.6	8.0	7.6	14.6	2.2	16.1	13.8	1.9	0.4	2.5	0.1
December #	52.1	51.8	36.9	7.7	7.3	14.0	2.0	15.7	13.6	1.8	0.4	2.4	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
January	54.6	54.4	39.1	8.1	7.2	13.2	2.0	16.5	14.1	2.0	0.4	2.2	0.1
Change on year	-9.7	-9.7	-3.6	-3.2	-2.9	-2.5	-0.6	-2.8	-1.5	-1.0	-0.3	-1.1	0.0
Change %	-15.0	-15.1	-8.3	-28.5	-28.5		-23.5	-14.4	-9.4	-34.2	-43.5		-20.5
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2006 #</b>													
January	45.1	44.9	30.3	8.1	6.5	14.5	1.9	12.5	10.1	2.0	0.4	3.3	0.0
<b>2007</b>													
January	46.8	46.7	30.3	8.4	8.0	17.1	2.1	13.2	10.7	2.0	0.5	3.6	0.1
February	47.7	47.5	31.3	8.3	8.0	16.7	2.1	13.7	11.3	2.0	0.5	3.3	0.1
March	47.1	46.9	30.9	8.1	7.9	16.9	2.1	13.7	11.3	2.0	0.4	3.1	0.1
April #	45.0	44.8	28.7	8.2	7.8	17.5	2.1	12.9	10.3	2.2	0.4	3.2	0.1
May	44.0	43.8	27.8	8.3	7.7	17.5	2.1	12.7	10.0	2.2	0.4	3.3	0.1
June #	42.0	41.8	26.4	8.1	7.4	17.6	2.1	12.1	9.6	2.1	0.4	3.4	0.1
July	41.6	41.4	26.6	7.6	7.1	17.3	2.0	12.2	9.8	1.9	0.4	3.3	0.1
August	41.4	41.1	26.7	7.5	6.9	16.9	2.0	12.2	9.9	1.9	0.4	3.2	0.1
September #	39.7	39.4	25.7	7.1	6.6	16.7	1.9	11.7	9.6	1.8	0.3	2.9	0.1
October	38.4	38.2	25.5	6.4	6.3	16.4	1.8	11.0	9.2	1.4	0.3	2.8	0.1
November	37.6	37.3	25.5	5.9	5.9	15.9	1.7	10.6	9.2	1.2	0.3	2.5	0.1
December #	37.7	37.6	26.3	5.6	5.7	15.1	1.6	10.7	9.3	1.1	0.3	2.4	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
January	39.5	39.4	27.8	6.0	5.6	14.3	1.6	11.2	9.6	1.3	0.3	2.3	0.0
Change on year	-7.3	-7.2	-2.4	-2.4	-2.3	-2.8	-0.5	-2.0	-1.1	-0.7	-0.2	-1.4	0.0
Change %	-15.5	-15.5	-8.1	-29.1	-29.3		-24.4	-15.5	-10.1	-36.5	-47.4		-19.7
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2006 #</b>													
January	16.4	16.4	11.7	2.8	1.8	11.1	0.5	5.4	4.4	0.9	0.2	3.0	0.0
<b>2007</b>													
January	17.5	17.4	12.4	2.9	2.1	12.1	0.5	6.0	4.9	1.0	0.2	2.8	0.0
February	18.0	17.9	12.9	2.9	2.1	12.0	0.5	6.4	5.3	1.0	0.2	2.7	0.0
March	17.8	17.7	12.7	2.9	2.1	11.7	0.5	6.4	5.2	1.0	0.2	2.6	0.0
April #	17.2	17.1	12.1	2.9	2.1	12.3	0.5	6.1	4.9	1.0	0.2	2.7	0.0
May	16.9	16.8	11.7	3.0	2.1	12.4	0.5	6.0	4.8	1.1	0.2	2.8	0.0
June #	16.3	16.2	11.3	2.8	2.1	12.7	0.5	5.9	4.7	1.0	0.2	2.8	0.0
July	16.6	16.5	11.8	2.7	2.0	12.2	0.5	6.1	5.0	0.9	0.2	2.7	0.0
August	17.2	17.1	12.4	2.7	2.0	11.5	0.5	6.4	5.2	1.0	0.2	2.6	0.0
September #	16.5	16.4	12.0	2.5	1.9	11.5	0.5	6.2	5.2	0.9	0.2	2.5	0.0
October	15.6	15.5	11.5	2.2	1.8	11.5	0.5	5.8	4.9	0.7	0.1	2.4	0.0
November	15.0	14.9	11.1	2.1	1.7	11.3	0.5	5.4	4.7	0.6	0.1	2.3	0.0
December #	14.4	14.2	10.6	2.0	1.6	11.1	0.4	5.0	4.3	0.6	0.1	2.2	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
January	15.1	15.0	11.3	2.2	1.6	10.5	0.4	5.3	4.5	0.7	0.1	2.2	0.0
Change on year	-2.4	-2.4	-1.1	-0.8	-0.5	-1.6	-0.1	-0.7	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-0.7	0.0
Change %	-13.6	-14.0	-9.0	-26.8	-25.6		-19.8	-12.0	-7.8	-29.3	-32.4		-22.7

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

## CLAIMANT COUNT

East Midlands

8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age  
and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2006 #</b>												
January	31.8	20.6	6.1	5.0	15.8	1.0	10.9	6.3	1.9	2.7	25.0	1.4
<b>2007</b>												
January	33.0	20.4	6.5	6.2	18.7	1.1	11.1	6.0	1.9	3.2	29.0	1.4
February	33.4	20.9	6.3	6.3	18.7	1.1	11.1	6.1	1.8	3.2	28.8	1.4
March	32.8	20.5	6.1	6.2	18.9	1.1	11.0	6.0	1.8	3.2	29.1	1.5
April #	31.5	19.3	6.1	6.2	19.5	1.1	10.6	5.7	1.8	3.2	30.2	1.5
May	31.0	18.8	6.2	6.0	19.4	1.1	10.3	5.3	1.8	3.1	30.6	1.5
June #	29.7	17.9	6.0	5.7	19.3	1.0	9.9	5.0	1.7	3.1	31.5	1.5
July	29.4	18.1	5.8	5.5	18.8	1.0	9.7	5.0	1.6	3.1	31.5	1.5
August	29.4	18.3	5.8	5.3	18.1	1.0	9.7	5.1	1.6	3.0	30.9	1.5
September #	28.1	17.6	5.5	5.1	18.0	0.9	9.3	4.9	1.5	2.9	31.2	1.5
October	27.5	17.5	5.1	4.9	17.7	0.9	9.0	4.9	1.4	2.8	30.4	1.4
November	26.8	17.4	4.8	4.6	17.3	0.8	8.8	4.9	1.3	2.6	29.2	1.3
December #	26.9	17.8	4.6	4.5	16.8	0.8	8.6	5.0	1.2	2.4	27.3	1.2
<b>2008</b>												
January	<b>28.3</b>	<b>18.9</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>16.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>25.1</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Change on year	-4.7	-1.4	-1.6	-1.6	-2.7	-0.3	-2.0	-0.5	-0.6	-0.9	-3.9	-0.3
Change %	-14.3	-7.1	-25.3	-26.6		-26.1	-18.3	-9.0	-29.8	-29.3		-21.7
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2006 #</b>												
January	24.4	15.6	4.8	4.1	16.6	0.8	7.6	4.3	1.3	2.0	26.7	1.1
<b>2007</b>												
January	25.4	15.2	5.1	5.1	19.9	0.9	7.7	4.0	1.3	2.4	31.5	1.1
February	25.7	15.6	5.0	5.1	19.8	0.9	7.7	4.0	1.3	2.4	31.2	1.1
March	25.2	15.4	4.8	5.1	20.2	0.9	7.6	4.0	1.2	2.4	31.4	1.1
April #	24.1	14.3	4.8	5.0	20.8	0.9	7.4	3.8	1.2	2.4	32.5	1.1
May	23.7	13.9	4.9	4.9	20.7	0.9	7.1	3.6	1.2	2.3	32.9	1.1
June #	22.6	13.2	4.8	4.6	20.5	0.9	6.8	3.3	1.2	2.3	33.9	1.1
July	22.3	13.3	4.6	4.5	20.0	0.8	6.7	3.3	1.1	2.3	34.3	1.1
August	22.1	13.2	4.5	4.3	19.5	0.8	6.6	3.3	1.1	2.2	33.8	1.1
September #	21.2	12.8	4.3	4.1	19.3	0.8	6.3	3.1	1.0	2.2	34.3	1.1
October	20.8	12.9	4.0	3.9	18.9	0.7	6.2	3.2	1.0	2.0	32.9	1.1
November	20.4	12.9	3.7	3.8	18.4	0.7	6.1	3.2	0.9	1.9	31.6	1.0
December #	20.7	13.4	3.6	3.7	17.8	0.6	6.0	3.4	0.9	1.8	29.3	0.9
<b>2008</b>												
January	<b>21.7</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>16.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>27.4</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Change on year	-3.7	-1.0	-1.3	-1.4	-3.1	-0.3	-1.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.7	-4.1	-0.2
Change %	-14.4	-6.3	-25.7	-27.5		-28.8	-18.8	-8.9	-30.0	-29.4		-21.1
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2006 #</b>												
January	7.4	5.1	1.4	1.0	13.1	0.2	3.3	2.0	0.6	0.7	21.1	0.3
<b>2007</b>												
January	7.6	5.1	1.4	1.1	14.8	0.2	3.4	2.0	0.6	0.8	23.5	0.3
February	7.7	5.2	1.3	1.2	15.1	0.2	3.4	2.1	0.6	0.8	23.3	0.3
March	7.5	5.1	1.3	1.1	14.5	0.2	3.4	2.0	0.5	0.8	24.1	0.3
April #	7.4	5.0	1.3	1.1	15.3	0.2	3.2	1.9	0.6	0.8	24.9	0.3
May	7.3	4.9	1.3	1.1	15.2	0.2	3.2	1.8	0.6	0.8	25.3	0.3
June #	7.0	4.7	1.2	1.1	15.7	0.2	3.0	1.7	0.6	0.8	26.0	0.3
July	7.1	4.8	1.2	1.1	15.0	0.2	3.1	1.7	0.5	0.8	25.3	0.3
August	7.4	5.1	1.2	1.0	13.9	0.2	3.1	1.8	0.5	0.8	24.7	0.3
September #	7.0	4.8	1.2	1.0	14.1	0.2	3.0	1.8	0.5	0.7	24.8	0.3
October	6.6	4.6	1.1	0.9	14.0	0.2	2.8	1.7	0.4	0.7	25.1	0.3
November	6.4	4.5	1.0	0.9	13.9	0.2	2.8	1.7	0.4	0.7	23.8	0.3
December #	6.3	4.4	1.0	0.9	13.8	0.2	2.6	1.7	0.4	0.6	22.6	0.3
<b>2008</b>												
January	<b>6.6</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Change on year	-1.1	-0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	0.0	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-3.4	-0.1
Change %	-13.9	-9.4	-23.6	-22.1		-11.8	-17.3	-9.1	-29.5	-29.1		-24.1

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

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2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m)	60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>Economically active</b>										
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	2,170	2,102	65	292	451	799	495		68
	Oct - Dec 2005	2,248	2,165	65	285	451	845	518		84
	Oct - Dec 2006	2,288	2,195	71	312	450	852	510		93
	Jan - Mar 2007	2,253	2,164	65	311	437	847	504		89
	Apr - Jun 2007	2,232	2,148	57	314	434	841	502		84
	Jul - Sep 2007	2,288	2,200	71	343	435	846	505		88
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>2,270</b>	<b>2,181</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>508</b>		<b>89</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-18	-14	-7	6	-12	0	-2		
<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-0.7	-9.5	1.8	-2.7	0.1	-0.3			-3.5
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	1,177	1,151	32	155	243	426	295		26
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,217	1,190	33	154	244	441	318		27
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,240	1,204	33	166	245	454	306		35
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,228	1,196	33	169	243	449	301		32
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,223	1,192	28	172	241	449	302		30
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,244	1,213	36	180	240	451	306		30
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,236</b>	<b>1,201</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>310</b>		<b>35</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	-3	1	3	-8	-3	4		
<i>Change %</i>	-0.3	-0.3	2.7	2.1	-3.4	-0.7	1.3			-1.9
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	993	951	34	137	208	373	200		42
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,032	975	32	131	208	404	200		57
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,048	991	38	146	205	398	204		57
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,025	969	32	142	195	397	203		56
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,010	956	29	142	193	392	200		54
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,044	986	35	163	194	395	200		58
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,034</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>401</b>	<b>198</b>		<b>55</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-14	-11	-8	2	-4	4	-5		
<i>Change %</i>	-1.3	-1.1	-20.3	1.5	-1.8	0.9	-2.7			-4.5
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>										
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	63.4	79.6	57.8	75.5	86.0	85.0	73.2		8.7
	Oct - Dec 2005	65.0	81.1	56.7	71.6	86.7	88.6	76.1		10.6
	Oct - Dec 2006	65.4	81.5	61.5	76.1	86.9	88.2	74.4		11.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	64.2	80.2	56.2	75.4	84.4	87.5	73.5		10.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	63.4	79.4	48.6	75.5	83.8	86.8	73.2		10.3
	Jul - Sep 2007	64.8	81.1	60.6	82.0	83.9	87.1	73.6		10.8
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>64.1</b>	<b>80.3</b>	<b>55.0</b>	<b>75.5</b>	<b>84.3</b>	<b>87.7</b>	<b>74.1</b>		<b>10.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.2	-6.6	-0.6	-2.6	-0.6	-0.3		
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	70.4	83.7	54.7	78.7	93.7	91.3	74.9		8.8
	Oct - Dec 2005	71.8	85.4	56.4	75.6	94.4	93.1	79.7		8.9
	Oct - Dec 2006	72.2	85.3	56.1	78.7	95.0	94.7	75.7		11.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	71.3	84.4	55.6	79.7	93.9	93.5	74.2		10.6
	Apr - Jun 2007	70.7	83.9	45.9	80.6	93.1	93.3	74.2		9.9
	Jul - Sep 2007	71.7	85.1	59.7	83.5	92.9	93.5	74.9		9.8
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>84.0</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>91.1</b>	<b>93.3</b>	<b>75.7</b>		<b>11.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.2	-1.3	0.6	-0.6	-3.9	-1.4	0.1		
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	56.7	75.1	61.1	72.1	78.5	78.8	70.7		8.7
	Oct - Dec 2005	58.4	76.5	57.0	67.3	79.2	84.2	71.0		11.6
	Oct - Dec 2006	58.8	77.3	67.3	73.2	78.9	81.9	72.6		11.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	57.4	75.5	56.8	70.9	75.0	81.6	72.4		11.2
	Apr - Jun 2007	56.4	74.4	51.4	70.2	74.5	80.4	71.7		10.6
	Jul - Sep 2007	58.2	76.7	61.5	80.4	74.9	80.8	71.9		11.4
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>57.5</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>77.5</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>71.6</b>		<b>10.7</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-1.3	-1.1	-14.2	-0.5	-1.4	0.2	-1.0		

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	1,251	538	48	95	73	141	181	713
	Oct - Dec 2005	1,212	503	49	113	69	108	163	709
	Oct - Dec 2006	1,212	500	45	98	68	113	175	713
	Jan - Mar 2007	1,257	536	51	102	81	121	182	721
	Apr - Jun 2007	1,287	558	60	102	84	128	184	730
	Jul - Sep 2007	1,242	511	46	75	84	125	181	730
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>1,270</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>735</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	58	36	8	5	14	7	3	22
<i>Change %</i>	4.8	7.2	18.6	5.0	20.4	5.7	1.4	3.0	
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	494	223	26	42	16	40	99	270
	Oct - Dec 2005	477	203	26	50	14	33	81	274
	Oct - Dec 2006	478	208	26	45	13	26	98	270
	Jan - Mar 2007	495	221	27	43	16	31	105	274
	Apr - Jun 2007	506	229	33	42	18	32	105	277
	Jul - Sep 2007	491	213	24	35	18	32	103	279
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>277</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	27	21	0	3	10	7	1	7
<i>Change %</i>	5.7	9.9	0.2	5.8	79.1	27.0	0.9	2.5	
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	757	314	21	53	57	101	83	442
	Oct - Dec 2005	735	300	24	64	55	76	82	435
	Oct - Dec 2006	734	292	18	53	55	88	77	443
	Jan - Mar 2007	762	315	24	58	65	89	77	447
	Apr - Jun 2007	781	328	28	60	66	96	79	453
	Jul - Sep 2007	750	299	22	40	65	94	78	452
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>458</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	30	15	8	2	4	0	2	15
<i>Change %</i>	4.1	5.3	44.8	4.3	6.5	-0.4	2.2	3.4	
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	36.6	20.4	42.2	24.5	14.0	15.0	26.8	91.3
	Oct - Dec 2005	35.0	18.9	43.3	28.4	13.3	11.4	23.9	89.4
	Oct - Dec 2006	34.6	18.5	38.5	23.9	13.1	11.8	25.6	88.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	35.8	19.8	43.8	24.6	15.6	12.5	26.5	89.1
	Apr - Jun 2007	36.6	20.6	51.4	24.5	16.2	13.2	26.8	89.7
	Jul - Sep 2007	35.2	18.9	39.4	18.0	16.1	12.9	26.4	89.2
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>35.9</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>45.0</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>15.7</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>25.9</b>	<b>89.2</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.2	1.2	6.6	0.6	2.6	0.6	0.3	0.6
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	29.6	16.3	45.3	21.3	6.3	8.7	25.1	91.2
	Oct - Dec 2005	28.2	14.6	43.6	24.4	5.6	6.9	20.3	91.1
	Oct - Dec 2006	27.8	14.7	43.9	21.3	5.0	5.3	24.3	88.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	28.7	15.6	44.4	20.3	6.1	6.5	25.8	89.4
	Apr - Jun 2007	29.3	16.1	54.1	19.4	6.9	6.7	25.8	90.1
	Jul - Sep 2007	28.3	14.9	40.3	16.5	7.1	6.5	25.1	90.2
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>43.3</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>88.9</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.2	1.3	-0.6	0.6	3.9	1.4	-0.1	0.4
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	43.3	24.9	38.9	27.9	21.5	21.2	29.3	91.3
	Oct - Dec 2005	41.6	23.5	43.0	32.7	20.8	15.8	29.0	88.4
	Oct - Dec 2006	41.2	22.7	32.7	26.8	21.1	18.1	27.4	88.5
	Jan - Mar 2007	42.6	24.5	43.2	29.1	25.0	18.4	27.6	88.8
	Apr - Jun 2007	43.6	25.6	48.6	29.8	25.5	19.6	28.3	89.4
	Jul - Sep 2007	41.8	23.3	38.5	19.6	25.1	19.2	28.1	88.6
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>42.5</b>	<b>23.9</b>	<b>46.9</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>17.9</b>	<b>28.4</b>	<b>89.3</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	1.3	1.1	14.2	0.5	1.4	-0.2	1.0	0.8

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East Midlands

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic Inactivity by reason								
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged workers	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	538	102	160	15	153	*	47	59	383	155
	Oct - Dec 2005	503	131	142	13	128	*	37	52	365	138
	Oct - Dec 2006	500	118	136	10	132	*	49	53	369	130
	Jan - Mar 2007	536	130	148	14	142	*	45	54	397	139
	Apr - Jun 2007	558	134	170	10	145	*	48	49	417	141
	Jul - Sep 2007	511	90	167	10	140	*	47	52	378	133
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>536</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>133</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		36	11	12	5	8	*	1	0	33	3
<i>Change %</i>		7.2	9.3	8.8	46.0	6.2	*	1.9	0.3	8.9	2.5
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	223	55	13	*	89	*	34	27	152	72
	Oct - Dec 2005	203	70	10	*	71	*	26	20	139	65
	Oct - Dec 2006	208	60	11	*	77	*	34	21	153	55
	Jan - Mar 2007	221	61	12	*	86	*	33	22	165	56
	Apr - Jun 2007	229	67	19	*	84	*	36	20	171	59
	Jul - Sep 2007	213	51	15	*	77	*	37	25	152	61
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>64</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		21	4	1	*	4	*	3	5	11	9
<i>Change %</i>		9.9	6.1	10.6	*	5.3	*	9.1	24.7	7.3	17.3
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	314	47	147	10	65	*	13	32	231	83
	Oct - Dec 2005	300	60	131	*	57	*	11	32	226	74
	Oct - Dec 2006	292	57	125	*	55	*	15	32	216	76
	Jan - Mar 2007	315	69	136	*	56	*	12	32	231	83
	Apr - Jun 2007	328	67	151	*	60	*	12	29	246	82
	Jul - Sep 2007	299	40	152	*	64	*	11	28	226	73
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>69</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		15	7	11	*	4	*	-2	-5	22	-6
<i>Change %</i>		5.3	12.7	8.6	*	7.4	*	-14.3	-16.0	10.0	-8.2

		Percentage of economically inactive (%)									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b>People</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	100.0	18.9	29.8	2.8	28.5	*	8.8	11.0	71.2	28.8
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	26.0	28.1	2.5	25.4	*	7.4	10.4	72.6	27.4
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	23.5	27.1	2.0	26.4	*	9.9	10.6	74.0	26.0
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	24.3	27.7	2.6	26.6	*	8.4	10.1	74.1	25.9
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	24.0	30.5	1.8	26.0	*	8.7	8.8	74.7	25.3
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	17.7	32.6	1.9	27.4	*	9.3	10.3	73.9	26.1
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>24.9</b>
<b>Men</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	100.0	24.7	5.8	*	39.6	*	15.3	12.0	67.8	32.2
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	34.6	5.1	*	34.8	*	12.7	9.8	68.2	31.8
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	28.9	5.2	*	36.9	*	16.5	10.2	73.8	26.2
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	27.4	5.6	*	38.9	*	15.0	9.9	74.8	25.2
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	29.1	8.2	*	36.8	*	15.6	8.7	74.4	25.6
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	23.8	7.0	*	36.1	*	17.2	11.6	71.5	28.5
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>72.0</b>	<b>28.0</b>
<b>Women</b>	Oct - Dec 2004	100.0	14.8	46.8	3.3	20.6	*	4.1	10.2	73.5	26.5
	Oct - Dec 2005	100.0	20.1	43.8	*	19.0	*	3.8	10.8	75.5	24.5
	Oct - Dec 2006	100.0	19.7	42.8	*	19.0	*	5.2	10.8	74.1	25.9
	Jan - Mar 2007	100.0	22.1	43.2	*	17.9	*	3.8	10.3	73.6	26.4
	Apr - Jun 2007	100.0	20.4	46.1	*	18.4	*	3.8	8.9	74.9	25.1
	Jul - Sep 2007	100.0	13.3	50.8	*	21.3	*	3.6	9.3	75.7	24.3
	<b>Oct - Dec 2007</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21.1</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>19.4</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>77.4</b>	<b>22.6</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Labour Force Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		July 2006 to June 2007						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>7</sup>			
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,707</b>	<b>28,378</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,564</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>7,933</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>934,256</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,711</b>	<b>2,063</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>62,366</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2,133</b>	<b>0.80</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	147	102	71.5	7	6.3	32	23.5	4,621	3.1	133	0.92
<b>Leicester UA</b>	188	126	67.5	11	8.1	48	26.4	8,704	4.6	176	0.95
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	196	119	66.5	11	8.1	48	27.7	7,953	4.0	201	1.04
<b>Rutland UA</b>	23	19	81.1	1	2.7	4	16.5	147	0.6	18	0.82
<b>Derbyshire</b>	461	366	77.3			86	18.8	9,491	2.1	315	0.68
Amber Valley	73	59	80.1	3	4.6	13	18.2	1,429	1.9	55	0.76
Bolsover	45	33	75.0	2	5.6	8	19.0	1,214	2.7	25	0.57
Chesterfield	61	47	75.4	3	5.8	12	19.3	1,940	3.2	54	0.89
Derbyshire Dales	41	31	72.5	1	3.6	10	24.0	443	1.1	41	0.99
Erewash	68	57	80.6	3	4.8	10	14.6	1,601	2.4	46	0.68
High Peak	57	47	78.1	2	3.8	11	19.2	955	1.7	37	0.65
North East Derbyshire	59	47	76.8	2	4.7	11	19.2	1,225	2.1	31	0.53
South Derbyshire	56	43	76.5	2	3.7	11	19.7	684	1.2	35	0.64
<b>Leicestershire</b>	395	323	80.5			63	16.2	5,581	1.4	287	0.73
Blaby	57	47	83.2	2	3.2	9	15.7	688	1.2	50	0.89
Charnwood	106	83	78.4	4	4.2	17	16.8	1,649	1.6	67	0.65
Harborough	49	42	84.0	1	3.0	6	13.6	433	0.9	41	0.84
Hinckley and Bosworth	65	52	78.9	2	3.7	11	18.0	979	1.5	46	0.72
Melton	30	26	82.1	1	3.4	5	15.7	365	1.2	23	0.78
North West Leicestershire	55	44	80.1	2	3.7	8	15.7	868	1.6	53	0.97
Oadby and Wigston	34	29	79.5	1	3.9	6	17.4	600	1.8	21	0.64
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	406	312	76.2			78	19.9	8,380	2.1	304	0.75
Boston	34	26	74.6	1	5.1	6	17.8	805	2.4	30	0.89
East Lindsey	78	54	69.8	3	5.2	18	25.2	1,841	2.4	53	0.68
Lincoln	57	42	77.7	3	6.2	9	16.5	1,773	3.1	58	1.03
North Kesteven	61	49	80.9	2	3.4	10	17.3	758	1.2	41	0.68
South Holland	47	37	74.6	2	4.6	10	22.1	912	2.0	38	0.83
South Kesteven	78	63	75.0	3	3.9	16	20.6	1,137	1.5	58	0.75
West Lindsey	51	41	82.9	2	4.2	8	17.1	1,154	2.3	29	0.57
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	421	340	80.8			64	16.0	8,440	2.0	343	0.81
Corby	34	25	76.2	2	5.9	5	16.4	980	2.9	31	0.91
Daventry	49	41	83.2	1	3.4	8	16.8	642	1.3	41	0.84
East Northamptonshire	52	41	78.7	2	4.1	9	17.3	824	1.6	32	0.63
Kettering	55	45	82.6	2	4.3	7	12.8	1,136	2.1	42	0.79
Northampton	129	101	79.5	5	4.7	22	17.6	3,284	2.5	138	1.08
South Northamptonshire	56	48	85.7	1	2.7	7	12.6	449	0.8	33	0.60
Wellingborough	47	38	79.9	2	4.6	7	16.4	1,125	2.4	36	0.77
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	474	357	75.2			96	21.1	9,049	1.9	297	0.63
Ashfield	72	53	73.3	3	5.5	16	22.5	1,735	2.4	50	0.71

## 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		July 2006 to June 2007							2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>6</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Bassetlaw	68	49	74.3	3	5.1	14	21.9	1,354	2.0	48	0.70	
Broxtowe	70	50	72.6	2	4.6	14	21.6	1,227	1.7	40	0.57	
Gedling	69	55	79.3	2	3.9	13	19.1	1,280	1.9	35	0.51	
Mansfield	61	43	71.3	3	5.7	15	25.4	1,583	2.6	46	0.75	
Newark and Sherwood	67	52	77.6	2	4.4	11	17.5	1,137	1.7	50	0.76	
Rushcliffe	67	54	77.5	2	3.2	13	19.6	732	1.1	50	0.76	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and

government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		July 2006 to June 2007						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
		16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,707</b>	<b>28,378</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,564</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>7,933</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>934,256</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,711</b>	<b>2,063</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>62,366</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2,133</b>	<b>0.80</b>
Amber Valley	..	44	79.4	#	#	11	19.9	1,246	2.2	45	0.79
Ashfield	..	38	67.4	3	6.3	15	28.0	1,444	2.5	46	0.80
Bassetlaw	..	42	71.2	2	4.2	14	25.5	1,174	2.1	38	0.69
Blaby	..	53	82.7	1	1.7	10	15.8	686	1.1	58	0.97
Bolsover	..	40	75.1	3	6.1	10	19.8	1,413	2.7	28	0.54
Boston & Skegness	..	41	76.3	3	7.7	9	17.0	1,502	2.9	45	0.87
Bosworth	..	47	78.1	2	4.0	11	18.5	909	1.6	42	0.76
Broxtowe	..	47	72.9	4	7.1	13	21.3	1,008	1.7	35	0.60
Charnwood	..	47	84.3	1	1.8	8	14.1	765	1.3	34	0.60
Chesterfield	..	45	76.1	3	6.7	11	18.3	1,777	3.2	52	0.95
Corby	..	48	76.8	3	6.0	11	18.1	1,356	2.3	49	0.81
Daventry	..	63	83.2	1	1.5	12	15.9	908	1.2	59	0.81
Derby North	..	48	78.9	2	3.5	11	18.0	1,528	2.5	49	0.79
Derby South	..	43	63.8	5	10.3	19	28.6	2,762	4.3	72	1.13
Erewash	..	54	80.9	3	5.8	9	14.0	1,561	2.4	44	0.69
Gainsborough	..	42	81.1	#	#	9	18.9	1,187	2.4	30	0.61
Gedling	..	42	79.7	1	2.5	9	18.1	1,065	2.0	28	0.51
Grantham & Stamford	..	53	79.4	3	6.1	10	15.6	960	1.6	48	0.81
Harborough	..	52	82.8	2	3.6	8	14.3	843	1.5	41	0.71
High Peak	..	51	77.4	2	2.9	12	20.1	990	1.7	40	0.68
Kettering	..	58	83.1	2	3.9	9	13.2	1,231	2.0	51	0.80
Leicester East	..	39	66.7	4	9.7	15	25.9	2,598	4.8	38	0.70
Leicester South	..	46	66.0	3	5.9	20	29.8	3,259	4.9	91	1.38
Leicester West	..	41	70.1	4	8.6	13	23.1	2,847	5.0	47	0.83
Lincoln	..	45	77.9	3	6.3	9	16.6	1,814	3.2	61	1.08
Loughborough	..	49	75.1	4	7.5	11	18.5	1,081	1.8	47	0.78
Louth & Horncastle	..	38	67.7	3	6.6	14	27.2	1,112	2.1	37	0.70
Mansfield	..	40	75.0	2	4.6	11	21.4	1,414	2.7	43	0.83
Newark	..	43	79.4	2	4.8	9	16.5	1,036	1.9	45	0.82
North East Derbyshire	..	43	76.1	2	5.2	11	19.5	1,189	2.2	30	0.55
North West Leicestershire	..	44	80.1	2	4.8	8	15.7	868	1.6	53	1.00
Northampton North	..	44	74.3	2	3.5	13	22.9	1,724	2.9	47	0.77
Northampton South	..	70	85.3	2	3.3	10	12.0	1,649	2.3	97	1.34
Nottingham East	..	37	68.3	3	8.5	14	25.3	2,908	5.1	60	1.05
Nottingham North	..	38	67.2	5	11.6	13	23.9	2,938	5.7	29	0.56
Nottingham South	..	45	65.0	2	3.7	21	32.4	2,108	3.3	112	1.75
Rushcliffe	..	54	77.5	2	3.4	13	19.6	732	1.1	50	0.77
Rutland & Melton	..	50	80.9	2	3.0	10	16.6	576	1.0	45	0.78
Sherwood	..	49	78.1	2	4.1	11	18.3	1,176	2.0	33	0.56
Sleaford & North Hykeham	..	49	78.8	1	2.1	12	19.4	772	1.3	43	0.72
South Derbyshire	..	55	76.9	2	4.3	14	19.9	1,015	1.5	47	0.71
South Holland & The Deepings	..	44	71.7	2	5.3	15	25.3	1,034	1.9	45	0.82
Wellingborough	..	56	80.1	3	5.0	10	15.5	1,573	2.4	49	0.76
West Derbyshire	..	45	75.7	2	4.8	11	20.3	631	1.1	50	0.89

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography. Denominators for claimant count and jobs density are based on 2001 Census data adjusted to be consistent with 2001 mid-year population estimates for local authorities.
2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.
3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).  
# Sample size too small to provide estimates.  
- less than 500.

14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		July 2006 to June 2007						2005			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>3</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,707</b>	<b>28,378</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,564</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>7,933</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>934,256</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,711</b>	<b>2,063</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>62,366</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2,133</b>	<b>0.80</b>	
Boston	..	29	74.9	3	8.8	6	17.5	870	..	..	..	
Buxton	..	25	80.1	#	#	5	17.8	416	..	..	..	
Chesterfield	..	79	74.5	5	5.4	22	21.0	3,028	..	..	..	
Derby	..	169	76.0	9	5.0	43	19.9	5,907	..	..	..	
Grantham	..	35	78.1	2	4.8	7	17.6	732	..	..	..	
Kettering & Corby	..	75	80.7	5	6.0	12	14.0	2,202	..	..	..	
Leicester	..	380	76.4	21	5.2	92	19.3	13,398	..	..	..	
Lincoln	..	156	80.2	6	3.5	32	16.8	4,239	..	..	..	
Louth & Horncastle	..	25	68.4	2	5.7	9	27.1	590	..	..	..	
Mansfield	..	118	69.8	7	5.9	42	25.7	4,276	..	..	..	
Matlock	..	29	72.2	1	3.9	9	24.6	428	..	..	..	
Northampton & Wellingborough	..	224	80.4	8	3.4	45	16.9	5,901	..	..	..	
Nottingham	..	341	74.5	20	5.6	92	20.9	13,551	..	..	..	
Skegness	..	24	70.1	2	7.1	8	24.4	1,129	..	..	..	
South Holland	..	37	74.6	2	5.5	10	22.1	912	..	..	..	
Worksop & Retford	..	53	76.5	3	4.8	13	19.5	1,426	..	..	..	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official mid-year estimate of the resident population are not available for this geography.
  2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.
  3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population
  4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
  5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
  6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
  7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.  
~ less than 500.

15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2006		July 2006 to June 2007						2005		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits		Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
	Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>		
	Total	16-59/64	Total	16+	Rate <sup>3</sup>	Total	16-59/64	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total	Jobs Density
	16-59/64 (000s)	16+ (000s)	Rate (%)	16+ (000s)	Rate (%)	16-59/64 (000s)	Rate (%)			Total (000s)	16-59/64 (ratio)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,707</b>	<b>28,378</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>1,564</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>7,933</b>	<b>21.6</b>	<b>934,256</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>31,377</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>2,711</b>	<b>2,063</b>	<b>76.1</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>62,366</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2,133</b>	<b>0.80</b>
Derbyshire and Nottinghamshire											
Derby	147	103	71.7	7	6.5	32	23.4	4,621	3.1	133	0.92
East Derbyshire	165	128	75.8	8	6.0	31	19.2	4,379	2.7	110	0.67
South & West Derbyshire	296	237	78.1	10	3.9	54	18.7	5,112	1.7	214	0.73
Nottingham	196	121	66.7	10	7.8	48	27.5	7,953	4.0	201	1.04
North Nottinghamshire	268	197	74.2	10	5.0	56	21.8	5,810	2.2	194	0.73
South Nottinghamshire	206	159	76.3	7	4.2	40	20.2	3,239	1.6	126	0.61
Leicestershire, Rutland and Northamptonshire											
Leicester	188	126	67.5	11	8.0	48	26.4	8,704	4.6	176	0.95
Leicestershire CC & Rutland	418	342	80.5	13	3.8	66	16.3	5,728	1.4	320	0.77
Northamptonshire	421	340	80.8	13	3.8	64	16.0	8,440	2.0	351	0.85
Lincolnshire											
Lincolnshire	406	312	76.2	16	4.9	78	19.9	8,380	2.1	308	0.76

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. The APS data in this table are consistent with population estimates released in February 2003, not the latest revised population estimates - see note on page 7.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 10 JANUARY 2008						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>610,107</b>	<b>220,435</b>	<b>830,542</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>-101,230</b>	<b>-33,325</b>	<b>-134,555</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>39,532</b>	<b>15,111</b>	<b>54,643</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>-7,279</b>	<b>-2,372</b>	<b>-9,651</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
<b>Derby UA</b>	2,936	983	3,919	3.8	1.4	2.7	-555	-201	-756	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5
<b>Leicester UA</b>	5,194	2,114	7,308	5.4	2.3	3.9	-1,055	-280	-1,335	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7
<b>Nottingham UA</b>	5,495	1,697	7,192	5.3	1.8	3.7	-663	-133	-796	-0.6	-0.1	-0.4
<b>Rutland UA</b>	93	46	139	0.7	0.5	0.6	-16	-3	-19	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
<b>Derbyshire</b>	5,977	2,318	8,295	2.5	1.1	1.8	-1,287	-416	-1,703	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Amber Valley	869	336	1,205	2.3	1.0	1.6	-209	-103	-312	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Bolsover	784	306	1,090	3.3	1.4	2.4	-151	-38	-189	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Chesterfield	1,188	399	1,587	3.7	1.4	2.6	-338	-121	-459	-1.1	-0.4	-0.7
Derbyshire Dales	262	126	388	1.2	0.7	0.9	-95	-8	-103	-0.4	0.0	-0.3
Erewash	1,036	402	1,438	2.9	1.2	2.1	-165	-60	-225	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
High Peak	668	264	932	2.2	1.0	1.6	-59	3	-56	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
North East Derbyshire	772	295	1,067	2.5	1.1	1.8	-180	-54	-234	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
South Derbyshire	398	190	588	1.3	0.7	1.0	-90	-35	-125	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
<b>Leicestershire</b>	3,330	1,491	4,821	1.6	0.8	1.2	-618	-255	-873	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Blaby	379	184	563	1.3	0.7	1.0	-65	-50	-115	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Charnwood	1,006	428	1,434	1.8	0.9	1.4	-155	-48	-203	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Harborough	287	118	405	1.1	0.5	0.8	-27	-4	-31	-0.1	0.0	-0.1
Hinckley and Bosworth	619	292	911	1.8	0.9	1.4	-73	-33	-106	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Melton	197	92	289	1.3	0.6	1.0	-78	-26	-104	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
North West Leicestershire	491	237	728	1.7	0.9	1.3	-141	-55	-196	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Oadby and Wigston	351	140	491	2.0	0.8	1.4	-79	-39	-118	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
<b>Lincolnshire</b>	5,523	2,306	7,829	2.6	1.2	1.9	-987	-331	-1,318	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Boston	488	214	702	2.7	1.3	2.1	-112	-25	-137	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
East Lindsey	1,397	598	1,995	3.4	1.6	2.6	-184	-68	-252	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Lincoln	1,209	367	1,576	4.1	1.3	2.8	-223	-37	-260	-0.8	-0.1	-0.5
North Kesteven	481	223	704	1.5	0.8	1.2	-75	-22	-97	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
South Holland	496	236	732	2.0	1.1	1.6	-147	-79	-226	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5
South Kesteven	731	326	1,057	1.8	0.9	1.3	-90	-48	-138	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
West Lindsey	721	342	1,063	2.7	1.4	2.1	-156	-52	-208	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
<b>Northamptonshire</b>	5,328	2,095	7,423	2.4	1.0	1.8	-936	-268	-1,204	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
Corby	564	220	784	3.2	1.3	2.3	-144	-52	-196	-0.8	-0.3	-0.6
Daventry	377	158	535	1.4	0.7	1.1	-104	-53	-157	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
East Northamptonshire	502	242	744	1.9	1.0	1.4	-73	-26	-99	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Kettering	754	324	1,078	2.6	1.2	2.0	-110	3	-107	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Northampton	2,147	772	2,919	3.2	1.2	2.3	-300	-65	-365	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
South Northamptonshire	264	119	383	0.9	0.5	0.7	-75	-20	-95	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Wellingborough	720	260	980	2.9	1.2	2.1	-130	-55	-185	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
<b>Nottinghamshire</b>	5,656	2,061	7,717	2.3	0.9	1.6	-1,162	-485	-1,647	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Ashfield	1,097	393	1,490	2.9	1.1	2.1	-173	-106	-279	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Bassetlaw	887	343	1,230	2.5	1.1	1.8	-191	-61	-252	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Broxtowe	727	277	1,004	2.0	0.8	1.4	-177	-87	-264	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Gedling	838	303	1,141	2.4	0.9	1.7	-112	-32	-144	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Mansfield	1,061	379	1,440	3.3	1.3	2.3	-144	-13	-157	-0.5	0.0	-0.3
Newark and Sherwood	623	230	853	1.8	0.7	1.3	-235	-114	-349	-0.7	-0.4	-0.5
Rushcliffe	423	136	559	1.2	0.4	0.8	-130	-72	-202	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East Midlands

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 10 JANUARY 2008						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>610,107</b>	<b>220,435</b>	<b>830,542</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>-101,230</b>	<b>-33,325</b>	<b>-134,555</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>39,532</b>	<b>15,111</b>	<b>54,643</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>-7,279</b>	<b>-2,372</b>	<b>-9,651</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>
Amber Valley	753	294	1,047	2.5	1.1	1.8	-175	-90	-265	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
Ashfield	897	324	1,221	3.0	1.2	2.1	-178	-89	-267	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
Bassetlaw	750	304	1,054	2.6	1.2	1.9	-190	-29	-219	-0.7	-0.1	-0.4
Blaby	393	188	581	1.2	0.7	1.0	-75	-24	-99	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Bolsover	922	347	1,269	3.4	1.4	2.4	-157	-54	-211	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
Boston & Skegness	1,031	462	1,493	3.8	1.9	2.9	-218	-42	-260	-0.8	-0.2	-0.5
Bosworth	575	270	845	2.0	1.0	1.5	-72	-31	-103	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Broxtowe	597	228	825	1.9	0.8	1.4	-118	-80	-198	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3
Charnwood	449	240	689	1.5	0.9	1.2	-48	-14	-62	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1
Chesterfield	1,062	366	1,428	3.7	1.4	2.6	-354	-103	-457	-1.2	-0.4	-0.8
Corby	797	343	1,140	2.6	1.2	1.9	-168	-61	-229	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Daventry	538	229	767	1.4	0.7	1.0	-163	-54	-217	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Derby North	1,017	304	1,321	3.1	1.0	2.1	-161	-68	-229	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Derby South	1,719	609	2,328	5.2	2.0	3.7	-345	-122	-467	-1.0	-0.4	-0.7
Erewash	1,013	389	1,402	3.0	1.3	2.2	-160	-58	-218	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3
Gainsborough	736	348	1,084	2.9	1.5	2.2	-169	-57	-226	-0.7	-0.2	-0.5
Gedling	711	249	960	2.5	0.9	1.8	-87	-20	-107	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Grantham & Stamford	619	268	887	2.0	0.9	1.5	-67	-36	-103	-0.2	-0.1	-0.2
Harborough	510	198	708	1.7	0.7	1.2	-89	-56	-145	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3
High Peak	687	269	956	2.2	1.0	1.6	-71	-4	-75	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Kettering	809	339	1,148	2.5	1.1	1.8	-114	-9	-123	-0.4	0.0	-0.2
Leicester East	1,476	767	2,243	5.3	2.9	4.1	-256	-84	-340	-0.9	-0.3	-0.6
Leicester South	1,962	686	2,648	5.8	2.2	4.0	-462	-136	-598	-1.4	-0.4	-0.9
Leicester West	1,756	661	2,417	6.1	2.4	4.3	-337	-60	-397	-1.2	-0.2	-0.7
Lincoln	1,237	378	1,615	4.3	1.4	2.9	-224	-39	-263	-0.8	-0.1	-0.5
Loughborough	671	247	918	2.1	0.9	1.5	-112	-50	-162	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Louth & Horncastle	839	344	1,183	3.0	1.4	2.3	-65	-46	-111	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
Mansfield	944	335	1,279	3.5	1.3	2.5	-134	-13	-147	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Newark	606	223	829	2.1	0.9	1.5	-170	-99	-269	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5
North East Derbyshire	760	287	1,047	2.7	1.1	1.9	-158	-56	-214	-0.6	-0.2	-0.4
North West Leicestershire	491	237	728	1.8	0.9	1.4	-141	-55	-196	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Northampton North	1,127	407	1,534	3.7	1.4	2.5	-134	-54	-188	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Northampton South	1,068	398	1,466	2.8	1.1	2.0	-178	-18	-196	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Nottingham East	1,949	572	2,521	6.5	2.1	4.4	-344	-45	-389	-1.1	-0.2	-0.7
Nottingham North	2,064	681	2,745	7.8	2.7	5.3	-161	-71	-232	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
Nottingham South	1,482	444	1,926	4.2	1.5	3.0	-158	-17	-175	-0.5	-0.1	-0.3
Rushcliffe	423	136	559	1.2	0.4	0.9	-130	-72	-202	-0.4	-0.2	-0.3
Rutland & Melton	334	157	491	1.1	0.6	0.9	-97	-28	-125	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
Sherwood	728	262	990	2.3	0.9	1.7	-155	-83	-238	-0.5	-0.3	-0.4
Sleaford & North Hykeham	480	231	711	1.6	0.8	1.2	-87	-24	-111	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2
South Derbyshire	598	260	858	1.7	0.8	1.3	-139	-46	-185	-0.4	-0.1	-0.3
South Holland & The Deepings	581	275	856	2.0	1.1	1.6	-157	-87	-244	-0.6	-0.3	-0.4
Wellingborough	989	379	1,368	2.9	1.2	2.1	-179	-72	-251	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
West Derbyshire	382	176	558	1.3	0.7	1.0	-122	-16	-138	-0.4	-0.1	-0.2

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators are based on output area data from the 2001 Census. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions