



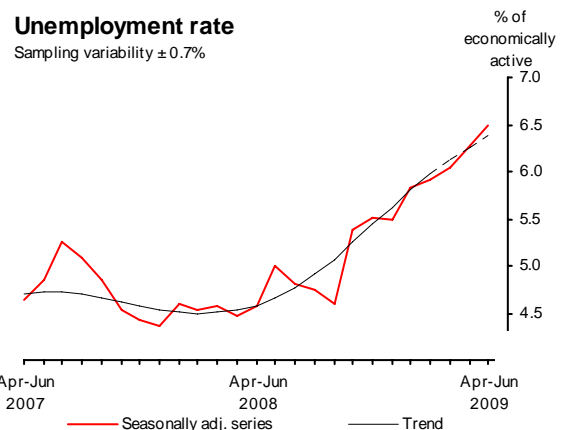
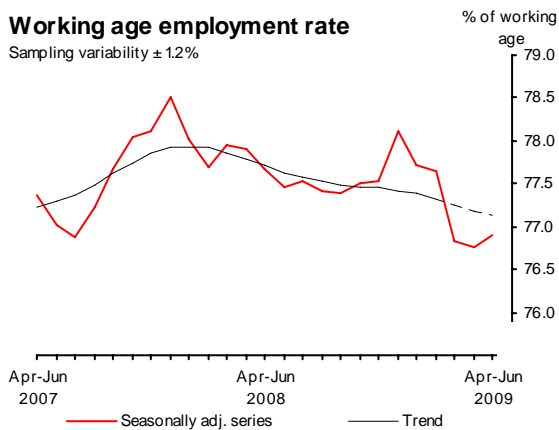
## Labour market statistics

August 2009

Date: 12 August 2009

Coverage: East Theme: Labour Market

Labour Force Survey data for the East indicate that the trend in the employment rate is decreasing, but the rate in the latest period is not significantly different from a year ago. The trend in the unemployment rate is increasing, and the latest rate is significantly higher than a year ago. The seasonally adjusted claimant count was up in the year to July 2009.



### Data in this table are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise stated

		Levels		Changes on year		Sampling variability of changes	
		(thousands)	Rates (%)	Levels	Rates	Levels	Rates
Employment*	Apr-Jun 09	2,805	76.9	-14	-0.8	$\pm 70$	$\pm 1.6$
Unemployment**	Apr-Jun 09	194	6.5	59	1.9	$\pm 26$	$\pm 0.9$
Economically active*	Apr-Jun 09	2,999	82.4	45	0.9	$\pm 69$	$\pm 1.4$
Economically inactive***	Apr-Jun 09	609	17.6	-26	-0.9	$\pm 66$	$\pm 1.4$
Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)	Mar 2009	2,769		-25		..	
Claimant count	Jul 2009	120.9	4.2	59.6	2.1		

See note on page 8 on sampling variability.

\* Levels are for those aged 16 and over, rates are for those of working age (16-59/64).

\*\* Levels and rates are for those aged 16 and over. Rate is as a proportion of economically active.

\*\*\* Levels and rates are for those of working age.

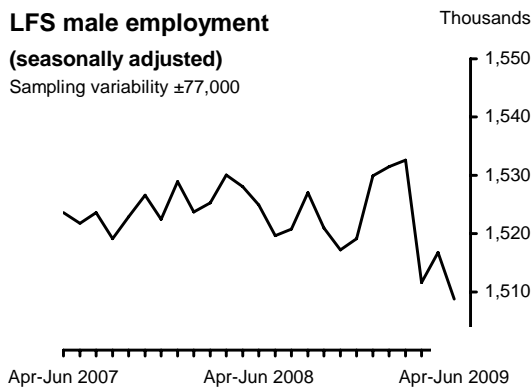
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### Employment and Jobs (tables 1 and 5)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of employment in the East was 76.9 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, down 0.8 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The employment level was 2.80 million in the April to June 2009 period, down 14,000 on the same period a year earlier.

LFS estimates indicate a decrease in the level of male employment, down 16,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.51 million. The male working age employment rate decreased 1.2 percentage points on a year earlier to 80.8 per cent.

LFS estimates indicate an increase in the level of female employment, up 2,000 on the same period a year earlier to 1.30 million. The female working age employment rate was down 0.3 percentage points on a year earlier to 72.7 per cent.

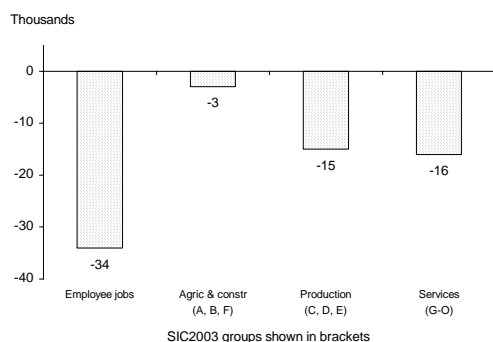


Seasonally adjusted employee jobs figures were down 17,000 in the quarter to March 2009.

Not seasonally adjusted employee jobs were down 34,000 in the year to March 2009. This was mainly due to decreases in the services and manufacturing sectors partly offset by a rise in the education, health and public administration and agriculture sectors.

### Employee jobs by industry

Change on year from March 2008



### Unemployment (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in the East was 6.5 per cent in the April to June 2009 period, up 1.9 percentage points on the same period a year earlier. The rates for men and women in April to June 2009 were 6.9 and 6.0 per cent respectively.

### Economically active (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted LFS estimate of economically active people in the East was 3.00 million in the April to June 2009 period.

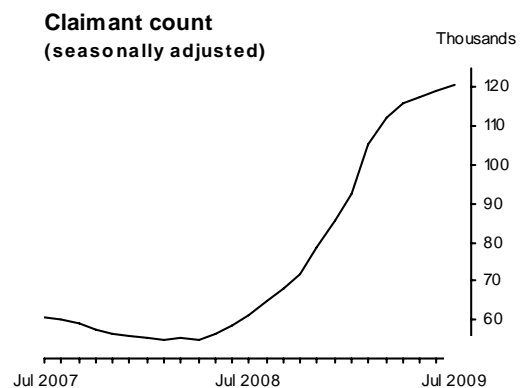
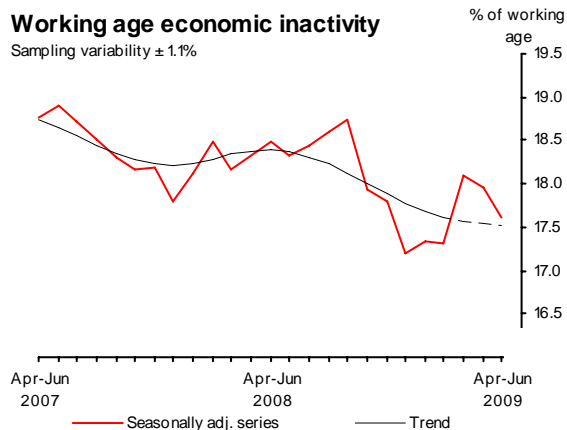
### Economically inactive (table 1)

The seasonally adjusted working age economic inactivity rate in the East in April to June 2009 was 17.6 per cent, down 0.9 percentage points from a year earlier.

The level of economically inactive people in the April to June 2009 period was 1.60 million, with 609,000 of these of working age, down 26,000 on the same period a year earlier.

### Claimant count (tables 7 and 8)

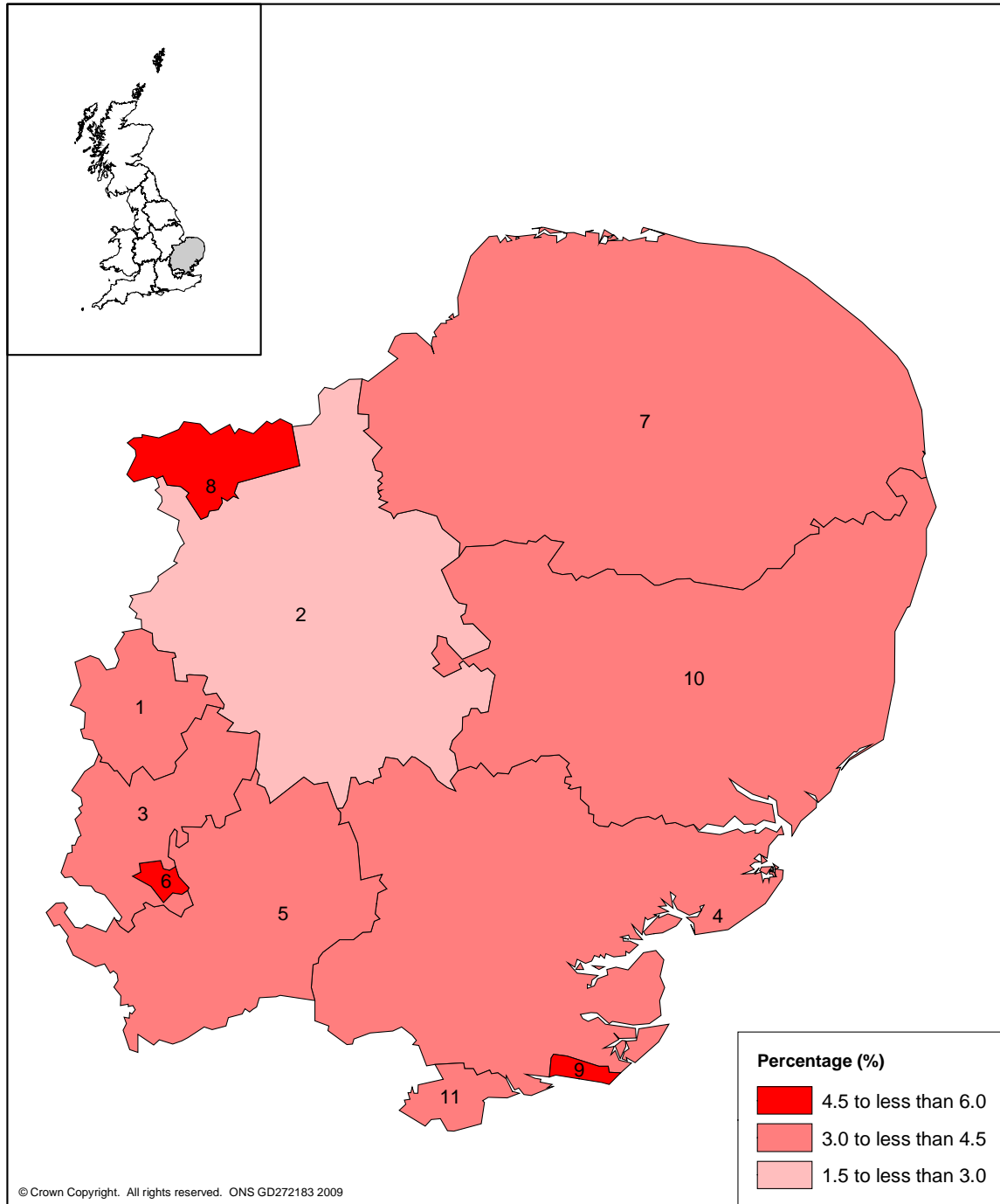
The seasonally adjusted claimant count rate in July 2009 was 4.2 per cent, up 0.1 percentage point from June 2009, and up 2.1 percentage points since July 2008. The seasonally adjusted number of claimants in July 2009 was 120,900, up 1,800 on June 2009, and up 59,600 since July 2008.



### Local area data (table 16)

The claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population was lowest in South Cambridgeshire at 1.9 per cent. It was highest in Great Yarmouth, at 5.5 per cent.

Claimant count as a proportion of the resident working age population, by County/UA  
July 2009 - East



1 Bedford UA	4.3%
2 Cambridgeshire	2.6%
3 Central Bedfordshire UA	3.1%
4 Essex	3.4%
5 Hertfordshire	3.0%
6 Luton UA	5.1%
7 Norfolk	3.6%
8 Peterborough UA	5.3%
9 Southend-on-Sea UA	5.1%
10 Suffolk	3.2%
11 Thurrock UA	4.4%

## **BASIC QUALITY INFORMATION**

### **REVISIONS**

There are no significant revisions to the data in this bulletin.

### **KEY QUALITY ISSUES**

Detailed information about sampling variability and trends can be found in the following pages.

*Summary Quality Report:* A Summary Quality Report for this Statistical Bulletin can now be found on the website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=1354>

*Common pitfalls in interpreting series:* Expectations of accuracy and reliability in sample surveys are often too high. Revisions and sampling variability are inevitable consequences of the trade off between timeliness, accuracy and the burden on respondents. Details of sampling variability are included elsewhere in this bulletin.

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of 'errors' in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical 'error' but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable 'errors' such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they are discovered and corrected.

### **RELIABILITY**

One indication of the reliability of the key indicators in this bulletin can be obtained by monitoring the size of revisions. The tables below record the size and pattern of revisions over the last five years. Please note that these indicators only report summary measures for revisions. The revised data itself may be subject to sampling or other sources of error. The ONS standard presentation is to show five years worth of revisions (i.e. 60 observations for a monthly series, 20 for a quarterly series). The first table covers Employment, Unemployment and Claimant Count data first published from April 2002 to March 2007. The second table covers Workforce Jobs data first published from January 2000 to December 2005.

Spreadsheets giving these estimates and the calculations behind the averages in the table are available on the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=5838>

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 60)	Revisions between first publication and estimates one year later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Employment rate (%)	76.9	60	0.01	0.07
Unemployment rate (%)	6.5	60	-	0.03
Claimant count (000s)	120.9	60	-0.08	0.25

Key Indicator	Value in latest period	Number of observations (maximum 20)	Revisions between first publication and estimates three years later	
			Average over the last five years (mean revision)	Average over the last five years without regard to sign (average absolute revision)
Workforce jobs (000s)	2,769	20	41.30	54.80

A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if the mean revision is significant. An asterisk (\*) indicates where the mean revision has been found to be statistically significantly different from zero.

Labour Market statistics are revised in line with our Revisions Policy which is published on the National Statistics website ([http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology\\_by\\_theme/downloads/LM\\_revisionspolicy.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/about/Methodology_by_theme/downloads/LM_revisionspolicy.pdf)). More information about the revisions material in this bulletin can also be found on the website (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/cci/article.asp?ID=793>).

## THIS MONTH'S BULLETIN

### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, have been updated in this month's bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the January 2008 to December 2008 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for January 2008 to December 2008.

### NEXT MONTH'S RELEASE OF TABLES

The tables that accompany the current Regional Statistical Bulletin will be available from the National Statistics website at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=15084>.

### NEXT QUARTER'S STATISTICAL BULLETIN

#### Local labour market indicators

Tables 12 to 15, the local labour market indicators tables, will be updated in next quarter's Statistical Bulletin with employment, unemployment and economic inactivity data from the April 2008 to March 2009 Annual Population Survey; model-based estimates of unemployment for local authorities; claimant count levels and proportions for April 2008 to March 2009 along with the latest mid-year population estimates.

## SPECIAL

### **Workforce Jobs estimates**

Workforce jobs estimates, shown at Table 5 of this Statistical Bulletin are mainly sourced from employer surveys. However estimates for Construction and for Agriculture, forestry and fishing are sourced from the Labour Force Survey (LFS). Estimates for self-employment jobs, for all sectors, are also sourced from the LFS. The estimates for employee jobs in the Construction and Agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors, and to a lesser degree for the whole economy, from March 2009 may not be entirely consistent with those for previous quarters. There may be similar inconsistencies for self-employment jobs for all sectors, but not for whole economy self-employment jobs as any sectoral inconsistencies would cancel each other out. This is because, from 2009, the sectoral breakdown of LFS data which feeds into Workforce jobs estimates has been collected according to the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) 2007 and then mapped to SIC 2003 according to the assumed relationship between the two classifications. ONS currently plans to convert the Workforce Jobs estimates to SIC 2007 in the June 2010 edition of this Statistical Bulletin.

### **Population estimates in the APS**

Estimates from the Annual Population Survey are consistent with those published on 22 August 2007 and not the latest population estimates used by the LFS. All estimates using the APS data in this bulletin will be inconsistent with the LFS estimates published in Table 1.

### **Tables 12 to 15: Local labour market indicators**

Tables 12 to 15 present a framework of labour market statistics for local areas. Data are presented as indicators of labour supply, labour demand and benefits. This structure adheres to the labour accounting system described in the Framework Review of Labour Market Statistics published on 5 August 2002

(see [http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods\\_quality/quality\\_review/downloads/LMSFR\\_Final.doc](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/methods_quality/quality_review/downloads/LMSFR_Final.doc)).

## SAMPLING VARIABILITY AND TRENDS

Some data in this bulletin are based on statistical samples and, as such, are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the LFS data in this bulletin and in the following table represent '95 per cent confidence intervals'. It is expected that in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value. For more information, see the *Guide to Labour Market Statistics Bulletins*.

### April to June 2009

Thousands

	Levels			Quarterly changes			Annual changes		
	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit	Lower limit	LFS estimate	Upper limit
<b>Employment</b>	2,749	2,805	2,860	-96	-25	47	-84	-14	56
<b>Employment rate</b>	75.7%	76.9%	78.1%	-2.3%	-0.7%	0.8%	-2.3%	-0.8%	0.8%
<b>Unemployment</b>	173	194	216	-11	16	44	33	59	86
<b>Unemployment rate</b>	5.8%	6.5%	7.2%	-0.4%	0.6%	1.5%	1.0%	1.9%	2.8%
<b>Economically active</b>	2,944	2,999	3,054	-79	-8	62	-24	45	114
<b>Economic activity rate</b>	81.3%	82.4%	83.5%	-1.7%	-0.3%	1.1%	-0.6%	0.9%	2.3%
<b>Economically inactive</b>	558	609	661	-54	11	77	-92	-26	39

### Sampling variability of regional Labour Force Survey figures April to June 2009

	Empl- oyment Level (000s)	Unem- ployment Level (000s)	Econ- omically Active Level (000s)	Working age Economically Inactive Level (000s)	Working age Employment Rate (%)	Unem- ployment Rate (%)
North East	± 38	± 15	± 37	± 39	± 2.0	± 1.2
North West	± 63	± 24	± 62	± 62	± 1.2	± 0.7
Yorks & Humber	± 54	± 22	± 53	± 52	± 1.4	± 0.9
East Midlands	± 44	± 18	± 44	± 46	± 1.4	± 0.8
West Midlands	± 54	± 24	± 53	± 53	± 1.4	± 0.8
East	± 55	± 21	± 55	± 51	± 1.2	± 0.7
London	± 73	± 31	± 70	± 71	± 1.3	± 0.8
South East	± 66	± 23	± 65	± 61	± 1.0	± 0.5
South West	± 55	± 19	± 54	± 52	± 1.3	± 0.7
Wales	± 43	± 15	± 42	± 44	± 1.9	± 1.1
Scotland	± 53	± 20	± 52	± 51	± 1.3	± 0.7

## **BACKGROUND NOTES**

1. In addition to the data in this bulletin, ONS can provide a wide range of detailed labour market data in a number of formats. In particular, data are available from Nomis<sup>®</sup>, at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>, at the same time as this bulletin is published. Further Labour Force Survey data are also published in the *Labour Force Survey Historical Quarterly Supplement* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>). Further Labour Market statistics data appears in *Economic and Labour Market Review* (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/elmr>) and in the local area labour market statistical indicators web-based publication (<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=14160>).
2. Further information on the topics covered in this bulletin is available by contacting the Labour Market Statistics Helpline (tel: 01633 456901 or email [labour.market@ons.gov.uk](mailto:labour.market@ons.gov.uk)) or from the National Statistics website at: <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/onlineproducts/default.asp#labour>
3. Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the press office. Also available is a list of the names of those given pre-publication access to the contents of this bulletin.
4. **National Statistics** are produced to high professional standards set out in the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political interference. © Crown Copyright 2009.

## CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

**Actual hours worked:** *See hours worked.*

**Annual Population Survey:** Annual Population Survey (APS) data are included in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. APS results will be published quarterly, but each publication will include data covering a 12-month period. The weighting of the APS is consistent with the weighting of the LFS micro-data. The quarterly, regional LFS data in this bulletin have been interim reweighted to the latest population estimates, but for local area data such an interim reweighting is not possible. The APS data in Tables 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are therefore not consistent with the quarterly LFS data published elsewhere in the bulletin.

The APS database is compiled by taking data from four quarters of the LFS and combining them with additional samples of interviews. The first sample boost (included in the annual LFS) was introduced in 2000 for some areas of England, in 2001, for all areas in Wales and in 2003 for Scotland.

These increases in sample sizes have improved the accuracy of annual estimates for local areas. For further information see Volume 6 of the LFS User Guide, available from the National Statistics website at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/product.asp?vlnk=1537>.

A wide range of annual local area data from the APS is available free from the Nomis<sup>®</sup> website at <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>.

**Claimant count:** The number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits - since October 1996 this has been the number of people claiming Jobseeker's Allowance. The seasonally adjusted claimant count series, which goes back to 1971 for the United Kingdom, is estimated on a basis consistent with the current benefits regime, i.e. it has been adjusted for discontinuities in coverage. The non-seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 16 and over while the seasonally adjusted series includes all claimants aged 18 and over. This difference in coverage exists because restricting the seasonally adjusted series to those aged 18 and over was the only realistic way of maintaining the consistent series back to 1971, following a rule change in 1988 which resulted in most 16-17 year olds becoming ineligible to claim unemployment-related benefits.

From 24 November 2008, the eligibility for claiming lone parent income support changed. Lone parents who were previously eligible until their youngest child reached 16 have, since 24 November 2008, become ineligible once their youngest child reached 12. Further changes in the eligibility age to 10 and 7 years will occur in October 2009 and October 2010 respectively. Although this is not a change in the eligibility for Jobseeker's Allowance, it is likely to have an impact on the level of the claimant count as lone parents who were not previously looking for work start to do so. DWP have created a series looking at the number of lone parents in the claimant count, spanning the period from before the rule change. This series is available in Table 10(1) of the national Labour Market Statistical Bulletin and on the DWP website: <http://research.dwp.gov.uk/asd/>

Claimant count rate at national or regional level: The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the area.

**Claimant count rate at national or regional level:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the sum of claimants and workforce jobs in the country or region. The number of workforce jobs is mainly collected through postal employer surveys and comprises employee jobs, self-employment jobs, HM armed forces and government-supported trainees and is used to

calculate rates for regions and the countries of the UK. For smaller areas, proportions are used.

**Claimant count proportion:** The number of claimants resident in an area as a percentage of the working-age population resident in that area.

**Economically active:** People aged 16 and over who are either in *employment* or *unemployed*.

**Economically inactive:** People who are neither in *employment* nor *unemployed*. This includes those who want a job but have not been seeking work in the last four weeks, those who want a job and are seeking work but not available to start work, and those who do not want a job.

**Employment and jobs:** There are two ways of looking at employment: the number of people with jobs, or the number of jobs. The two concepts are not the same as a person can have more than one job.

The number of people with jobs is measured by the *Labour Force Survey* (LFS) and includes people aged 16 or over who did paid work (as an employee or self-employed), those who had a job that they were temporarily away from, those on government-supported training and employment programmes, and those doing unpaid family work.

The number of jobs is measured by workforce jobs and is the sum of employee jobs (as measured by surveys of employers), self-employment jobs from the LFS, those in HM Forces, and government-supported trainees. Vacant jobs are not included.

The *Review of Employment and Jobs Statistics* highlighted differences between statistics on jobs produced from household and business surveys, and identified many of the reasons why these differences occur. Following that review, a comparison of estimates of jobs from the LFS and the WFJ series is available

from the *Labour Market Statistics Overview* document at:

<http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=1944>

**Full-time:** In the *Labour Force Survey*, respondents are asked to self-classify their main job as either full-time or part-time. However, people on government supported employment and training programmes that are at college in the reference week are classified, by convention, as part-time. In employer surveys, jobs are generally classified as being part-time if the contracted hours of work are 30 hours or less per week.

#### **Hours worked:**

Actual hours worked: Actual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6, measure how many hours were actually worked. These statistics are directly affected by changes in the number of people in employment and in the number of hours that individuals work. The figures also reflect public holidays, sickness and other absences from work during the reference period.

Usual hours worked: Usual hours worked statistics, shown at Table 6(1), measure how many hours people usually work per week. Compared with actual hours worked, they are less affected by public holidays, sickness and other absences from work. In this respect they provide a better measure of working patterns.

**Inflows and Outflows:** The claimant count records are analysed to provide information about inflows onto the count and outflows from the count on a monthly basis. To make comparisons over time consistent, these figures are standardised to a  $4\frac{1}{3}$  week month before seasonal adjustment. These figures for people starting to or ceasing to claim Jobseeker's Allowance can be helpful towards interpreting changes in the claimant count.

**Jobs density:** The number of filled jobs per resident of working age.

**Labour Force Survey:** The main source for information on the labour market in the UK. It is a random household survey of approximately 53,000 households every three months conducted by the Office for National Statistics. As well as private households, the survey includes people living in student residence halls and National Health Service accommodation.

**Model-based estimates of unemployment:** For estimates of unemployment for local areas the Annual Population Survey does not have a sufficiently large sample to provide precise estimates for all areas. For this reason a statistical model has been developed to improve the annual LFS/APS estimates of unemployment, for small areas, by using supplementary information, mainly the numbers of claimants of Jobseekers' Allowance (the claimant count). More information on the model-based estimates can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/STATBASE/Product.asp?vlnk=13574>

**Rates:** Generally the preferred measure of Labour Market statistics as they allow changes in the labour market to be interpreted in a wider context by allowing for changes in the overall population.

**Sampling variability:** Data based on statistical samples are subject to sampling variability. If many samples were drawn, each would give a different result. The ranges shown for the *Labour Force Survey* data in this bulletin, for example, represent 95 per cent confidence intervals; in 95 per cent of samples the range would contain the true value.

**Seasonal adjustment:** A process of estimating regularly occurring seasonal effects and removing them from the raw data.

**Unemployment:** The number of unemployed people in the UK is measured through the *Labour Force Survey* following the internationally agreed definition recommended by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) – an agency of the United Nations. Unemployed people are:

- without a job, want a job, have actively sought work in the last four weeks and are available to start work in the next two weeks or;
- out of work, have found a job and are waiting to start it in the next two weeks.

Further Concepts and Definitions are available from the website at:

[http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme\\_labour/LMS\\_FR\\_HS\\_Concepts\\_Definitions.pdf](http://www.statistics.gov.uk/downloads/theme_labour/LMS_FR_HS_Concepts_Definitions.pdf)

**Next publication:** Wednesday 11 November 2009

**Issued by:** Office for National Statistics, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport NP10 8XG

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# Regional summary of labour market headline indicators<sup>1</sup>

Thousands, seasonally adjusted

## Headline estimates for April - June 2009

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
North East	1,226	74.9	1,106	67.3	120	9.8	398	25.1
North West	3,419	77.8	3,129	71.1	290	8.5	935	22.2
Yorkshire & the Humber	2,638	78.4	2,405	71.2	233	8.8	701	21.6
East Midlands	2,333	81.3	2,163	75.2	170	7.3	512	18.7
West Midlands	2,699	78.8	2,414	70.3	285	10.6	692	21.2
East	2,999	82.4	2,805	76.9	194	6.5	609	17.6
London	4,033	75.8	3,673	68.9	359	8.9	1,234	24.2
South East	4,417	82.4	4,154	77.3	263	5.9	897	17.6
South West	2,701	82.1	2,529	76.7	172	6.4	557	17.9
<b>England</b>	<b>26,465</b>	<b>79.5</b>	<b>24,379</b>	<b>73.0</b>	<b>2,086</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>6,535</b>	<b>20.5</b>
Wales	1,430	75.6	1,322	69.7	108	7.6	437	24.4
Scotland	2,682	79.7	2,495	74.0	188	7.0	652	20.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,578</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>28,196</b>	<b>72.9</b>	<b>2,382</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7,624</b>	<b>20.7</b>
Northern Ireland	798	70.5	744	65.6	54	6.7	323	29.5
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>31,368</b>	<b>79.0</b>	<b>28,933</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>2,435</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>7,955</b>	<b>21.0</b>

## Change on quarter (change since January - March 2009)<sup>4</sup>

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	-27	-1.4	-42	-2.4	15	1.4	23	1.4
North West	3	0.0	-16	-0.4	19	0.5	-1	0.0
Yorkshire & the Humber	15	0.2	-9	-0.5	24	0.9	-6	-0.2
East Midlands	11	-0.1	5	-0.3	6	0.2	5	0.1
West Midlands	37	1.1	-2	0.0	39	1.3	-36	-1.1
East	-8	-0.3	-25	-0.7	16	0.6	11	0.3
London	-20	-1.0	-47	-1.5	27	0.7	52	1.0
South East	-13	-0.4	-40	-0.9	26	0.6	23	0.4
South West	-29	-0.7	-45	-1.3	15	0.6	23	0.7
<b>England</b>	<b>-33</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-220</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Wales	-13	-0.8	-10	-0.7	-2	-0.1	15	0.8
Scotland	4	-0.1	-26	-0.9	31	1.1	2	0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>-41</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-257</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Northern Ireland	-7	-0.9	-12	-1.3	5	0.7	10	0.9
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>-52</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>-271</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>0.3</b>

## Change on year (change since April - June 2008)

	Economically active		Employment		Unemployment		Economically inactive	
	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16+	Age 16+	Age 16-59/64	Age 16-59/64
	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
North East	-25	-1.1	-51	-2.8	27	2.3	19	1.1
North West	42	0.6	-33	-1.2	75	2.1	-22	-0.6
Yorkshire & the Humber	19	0.1	-55	-2.2	74	2.8	3	-0.1
East Midlands	52	0.9	12	-0.5	40	1.6	-19	-0.9
West Midlands	52	1.2	-66	-2.2	118	4.2	-39	-1.2
East	45	0.9	-14	-0.8	59	1.9	-26	-0.9
London	-8	-1.1	-88	-2.6	80	2.0	66	1.1
South East	-8	-0.6	-86	-2.1	78	1.8	34	0.6
South West	29	0.1	-41	-2.1	70	2.6	0	-0.1
<b>England</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-424</b>	<b>-1.8</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-0.1</b>
Wales	-7	-0.9	-44	-2.9	37	2.6	17	0.9
Scotland	21	-0.3	-54	-2.5	75	2.7	10	0.3
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>-521</b>	<b>-1.9</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Northern Ireland	-25	-2.8	-44	-4.5	19	2.6	32	2.8
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-573</b>	<b>-2.0</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 1=3+5

Source: Labour Force Survey

1. Labour Force Survey is tabulated by region of residence.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Denominator = all persons of working age.

3. Denominator = Total economically active.

4. Quarter on quarter changes at regional level are particularly subject to sampling variability and should be interpreted in the context of changes over several quarters rather than in isolation.

The Labour Force Survey is a survey of the population in private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

Further regional and local area Labour Market statistics are available. See Background Note 1 for details.

# NATIONAL LABOUR MARKET SUMMARY, BY REGION

## Summary of other headline indicators

Thousands

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (March 2009); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (July 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	1,152	617	535	86.7	7.2	66.5	10.2	20.2	3.6
North West	3,376	1,804	1,572	198.6	5.6	150.2	7.8	48.4	3.0
Yorkshire & The Humber	2,467	1,308	1,159	154.8	5.9	117.1	8.2	37.7	3.1
East Midlands	2,104	1,121	983	111.6	5.0	82.4	6.9	29.2	2.8
West Midlands	2,591	1,376	1,215	178.9	6.5	133.9	8.9	45.0	3.6
East	2,769	1,472	1,297	120.9	4.2	87.3	5.6	33.6	2.5
London	4,670	2,552	2,118	218.8	4.5	147.6	5.5	71.2	3.3
South East	4,282	2,213	2,069	155.0	3.4	111.8	4.7	43.2	2.0
South West	2,632	1,365	1,268	96.1	3.5	70.8	4.8	25.3	2.0
<b>England</b>	<b>26,043</b>	<b>13,828</b>	<b>12,216</b>	<b>1321.4</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>967.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>353.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Wales	1,314	675	639	79.4	5.6	60.2	8.1	19.2	2.9
Scotland	2,659	1,363	1,296	130.9	4.7	98.6	6.8	32.3	2.4
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>30,017</b>	<b>15,866</b>	<b>14,151</b>	<b>1531.7</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>1126.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>405.3</b>	<b>2.8</b>
Northern Ireland	837	442	395	51.0	5.9	40.1	8.6	10.9	2.7
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>30,854</b>	<b>16,308</b>	<b>14,546</b>	<b>1582.7</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>1166.5</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>416.2</b>	<b>2.8</b>

### Changes on period (period specified below):

	Employer Surveys <sup>1</sup>			Jobcentre Plus administrative system <sup>1</sup>					
	Civilian workforce jobs (Change on March 2008); not seasonally adjusted			Claimant count <sup>2</sup> (Change on June 2009); seasonally adjusted					
	Total	Men	Women	Total		Men		Women	
	Level	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>	Level	Rate (%) <sup>3</sup>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North East	-4	3	-7	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1
North West	-20	-11	-8	2.8	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.1	0.1
Yorkshire & The Humber	-64	-37	-27	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.1
East Midlands	-76	-45	-30	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.6	0.1
West Midlands	-60	-41	-19	2.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.1
East	-25	-20	-5	1.8	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.1
London	-53	-40	-13	4.9	0.1	2.9	0.1	2.0	0.1
South East	-101	-89	-12	2.8	0.1	1.8	0.1	1.0	0.0
South West	-13	-19	6	0.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
<b>England</b>	<b>-415</b>	<b>-299</b>	<b>-116</b>	<b>19.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Wales	-33	-21	-12	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1
Scotland	-32	-23	-9	2.9	0.1	1.9	0.1	1.0	0.1
<b>Great Britain</b>	<b>-479</b>	<b>-343</b>	<b>-136</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Northern Ireland	-6	-5	-1	1.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<b>-485</b>	<b>-349</b>	<b>-137</b>	<b>24.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>

Relationship between columns: 1= 2+3; 4= 6+8.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Workforce jobs are tabulated by region of workplace. Claimant count is tabulated by region of claimant's residence.

2. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

3. Denominator = Claimant count + Workforce jobs.

# REGIONAL DATA

East

(thousands),  
seasonally  
adjusted

## 1 Summary of LFS<sup>1</sup> headline indicators

		All aged 16 & over								
		All aged 16 & over	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		YCHH	YCHU	YCJU	YCMU	HKMT			YCNH	
<b>People</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	4,502	2,907	2,773	135	1,595	64.6	61.6	4.6	35.4
	Apr-Jun 2008	4,547	2,954	2,819	135	1,593	65.0	62.0	4.6	35.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	4,559	2,957	2,816	140	1,602	64.9	61.8	4.8	35.1
	Oct-Dec 2008	4,571	2,989	2,825	165	1,582	65.4	61.8	5.5	34.6
	Jan-Mar 2009	4,584	3,007	2,829	178	1,577	65.6	61.7	5.9	34.4
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>4,597</b>	<b>2,999</b>	<b>2,805</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>1,598</b>	<b>65.2</b>	<b>61.0</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>34.8</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	13	-8	-25	16	21	-0.4	-0.7	0.6	0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-0.3	-0.9	9.2	1.3				
	<i>Change on year</i>	50	45	-14	59	5	0.3	-1.0	1.9	-0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	1.5	-0.5	43.8	0.3				
<b>Men</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	2,190	1,597	1,524	74	593	72.9	69.6	4.6	27.1
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,211	1,600	1,525	75	612	72.3	69.0	4.7	27.7
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,217	1,607	1,527	80	610	72.5	68.9	5.0	27.5
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,224	1,620	1,519	101	603	72.9	68.3	6.3	27.1
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,230	1,638	1,533	105	592	73.4	68.7	6.4	26.6
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>2,237</b>	<b>1,621</b>	<b>1,509</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>616</b>	<b>72.5</b>	<b>67.5</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>27.5</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	-17	-24	7	23	-1.0	-1.3	0.5	1.0
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	-1.0	-1.6	6.6	3.9				
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	21	-16	37	4	0.1	-1.5	2.2	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	1.3	-1.1	49.9	0.7				
<b>Women</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	2,312	1,310	1,249	61	1,001	56.7	54.0	4.7	43.3
	Apr-Jun 2008	2,336	1,354	1,294	60	981	58.0	55.4	4.5	42.0
	Jul-Sep 2008	2,342	1,350	1,289	61	992	57.6	55.1	4.5	42.4
	Oct-Dec 2008	2,348	1,369	1,305	63	979	58.3	55.6	4.6	41.7
	Jan-Mar 2009	2,354	1,369	1,297	73	984	58.2	55.1	5.3	41.8
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>2,360</b>	<b>1,378</b>	<b>1,296</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>982</b>	<b>58.4</b>	<b>54.9</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>41.6</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	9	-1	9	-2	0.2	-0.2	0.6	-0.2
	<i>Change %</i>	0.3	0.6	-0.1	12.9	-0.2				
	<i>Change on year</i>	24	24	2	22	1	0.4	-0.5	1.5	-0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	1.0	1.7	0.1	36.2	0.1				

		All aged 16 to 59/64								
		All aged 16 to 59/64	Total economically active	Total in employment	Unemployed	Economically inactive	Economic activity rate (%)	Employment rate (%)	Unemployment rate (%)	Economic inactivity rate (%)
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
							YCIH	YCKH		LWDS
<b>People</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	3,417	2,776	2,643	133	641	81.2	77.4	4.8	18.8
	Apr-Jun 2008	3,436	2,800	2,668	132	636	81.5	77.7	4.7	18.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	3,442	2,802	2,664	138	640	81.4	77.4	4.9	18.6
	Oct-Dec 2008	3,448	2,834	2,673	161	614	82.2	77.5	5.7	17.8
	Jan-Mar 2009	3,454	2,856	2,682	174	598	82.7	77.7	6.1	17.3
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>3,461</b>	<b>2,851</b>	<b>2,661</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>82.4</b>	<b>76.9</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>17.6</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	6	-5	-21	16	11	-0.3	-0.7	0.6	0.3
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-0.2	-0.8	9.0	1.9				
	<i>Change on year</i>	25	51	-7	58	-26	0.9	-0.8	1.9	-0.9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	1.8	-0.3	43.9	-4.1				
<b>Men</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	1,783	1,549	1,476	73	234	86.9	82.8	4.7	13.1
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,794	1,545	1,471	74	250	86.1	82.0	4.8	13.9
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,798	1,550	1,471	79	248	86.2	81.8	5.1	13.8
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,801	1,564	1,464	100	237	86.8	81.3	6.4	13.2
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,805	1,586	1,482	104	219	87.9	82.1	6.5	12.1
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>1,808</b>	<b>1,572</b>	<b>1,461</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>86.9</b>	<b>80.8</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>13.1</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	4	-14	-21	8	17	-0.9	-1.3	0.5	0.9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-0.9	-1.4	7.4	7.9				
	<i>Change on year</i>	14	28	-10	37	-14	0.9	-1.2	2.3	-0.9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.8	1.8	-0.7	50.3	-5.4				
<b>Women</b>	Apr-Jun 2007	1,634	1,227	1,167	60	407	75.1	71.4	4.9	24.9
	Apr-Jun 2008	1,642	1,256	1,198	58	386	76.5	73.0	4.6	23.5
	Jul-Sep 2008	1,644	1,252	1,193	59	392	76.2	72.6	4.7	23.8
	Oct-Dec 2008	1,647	1,270	1,209	61	376	77.1	73.4	4.8	22.9
	Jan-Mar 2009	1,649	1,271	1,200	71	379	77.0	72.7	5.6	23.0
	<b>Apr-Jun 2009</b>	<b>1,652</b>	<b>1,279</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>77.4</b>	<b>72.7</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>22.6</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	3	9	0	8	-6	0.4	-0.1	0.6	-0.4
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	0.7	0.0	11.4	-1.5				
	<i>Change on year</i>	11	24	3	21	-13	0.9	-0.3	1.5	-0.9
	<i>Change %</i>	0.7	1.9	0.2	35.8	-3.3				

Relationship between columns: 1 = 2 + 5; 2 = 3 + 4; 6 = 2/1; 7 = 3/1; 8 = 4/2;  
9 = 5/1; 10 = 11 + 14; 11 = 12 + 13; 15 = 11/10; 16 = 12/10; 17 = 13/11; 18 = 14/10

Source: Labour Force Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation. See Concepts and Definitions.

# REGIONAL DATA

## 1a Summary of other headline indicators

East

(thousands),  
seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs (not seasonally adjusted)		
		Levels		
		Total	Males	Females
		YXYF	YXYU	YXZJ
	Mar 06	2,746	1,467	1,279
	Mar 07	2,782	1,497	1,285
	Mar 08	2,794	1,493	1,302
	Jun 08	2,805	1,497	1,308
	Sep 08	2,817	1,506	1,311
	Dec 08 (r)	2,814	1,499	1,315
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,769</b>	<b>1,472</b>	<b>1,297</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-25	-20	-5
<i>Change %</i>		-0.9	-1.4	-0.3

		Claimant count <sup>1</sup>					
		Levels			Rates (%) <sup>2</sup>		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
		DPDJ	ZMOK	ZMOM	DPDP	ZMOL	ZMON
<b>2008</b>							
	July	61.3	44.2	17.1	2.1	2.8	1.3
	August #	65.1	47.1	18.0	2.3	3.0	1.4
	September	68.3	49.5	18.8	2.4	3.2	1.4
	October	71.9	52.2	19.7	2.5	3.4	1.5
	November #	78.8	57.6	21.2	2.7	3.7	1.6
	December	85.9	62.8	23.1	3.0	4.0	1.7
<b>2009</b>							
	January	92.7	67.5	25.2	3.2	4.3	1.9
	February #	105.5	77.2	28.3	3.7	5.0	2.1
	March	112.2	81.9	30.3	3.9	5.3	2.3
	April	116.0	84.7	31.3	4.0	5.4	2.4
	May #	117.8	85.8	32.0	4.1	5.5	2.4
	June (r)	119.1	86.4	32.7	4.1	5.5	2.5
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>120.9</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>2.5</b>
<i>Change on period</i>		1.8	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1
<i>Change %</i>		1.5	1.0	2.8			
<i>Change on year</i>		59.6	43.1	16.5	2.1	2.8	1.2
<i>Change %</i>		97.2	97.5	96.5			

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs. NB these are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

Source: Employer surveys, DfES Training Data System, Jobcentre Plus administrative system. Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 2 Employment by age

East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m)	60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<b>Employed</b>										
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,747	2,629	59	315	572	1,035	648	118	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,743	2,616	52	320	562	1,037	646	127	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,772	2,643	51	322	561	1,051	657	129	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,804	2,666	51	327	563	1,061	665	138	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,808	2,664	50	330	562	1,063	660	144	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,814	2,664	49	329	563	1,061	661	150	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>2,654</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>1,063</b>	<b>661</b>	<b>149</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	31	11	-3	3	-4	12	4	20	
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	0.4	-5.8	1.1	-0.8	1.1	0.5	15.4	
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,498	1,457	28	165	316	562	387	41	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,502	1,456	24	167	312	564	389	46	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,512	1,470	26	171	305	566	402	42	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,533	1,485	27	172	307	573	406	48	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,534	1,483	23	171	309	573	406	51	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,536	1,482	23	175	308	573	403	55	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>1,465</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>55</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	8	-5	-5	0	-2	6	-3	13	
	<i>Change %</i>	0.5	-0.3	-18.6	-0.2	-0.8	1.0	-0.8	30.8	
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,249	1,172	32	150	256	473	261	77	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,241	1,160	28	152	250	473	257	81	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,260	1,173	25	151	257	486	255	87	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,271	1,181	24	155	256	488	259	89	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,274	1,181	26	158	253	489	254	93	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,277	1,182	27	153	256	488	258	95	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,283</b>	<b>1,189</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>94</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	23	16	2	4	-2	6	7	7	
	<i>Change %</i>	1.8	1.4	8.0	2.5	-0.8	1.2	2.6	8.1	
<b>Employment rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>										
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	62.3	78.1	41.7	71.3	82.4	84.7	74.8	11.3	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	61.6	77.1	36.2	70.9	81.6	83.7	73.9	12.0	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	61.6	77.4	35.1	69.5	82.2	84.0	75.2	11.9	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	62.1	77.9	34.9	70.0	82.3	84.6	76.1	12.6	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	62.0	77.7	34.3	70.2	82.1	84.6	75.4	13.1	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	62.0	77.6	33.9	69.6	82.3	84.4	75.6	13.5	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>61.6</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>68.5</b>	<b>81.3</b>	<b>84.4</b>	<b>75.5</b>	<b>13.4</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	-0.2	-2.0	-0.9	-0.9	0.4	0.2	1.5	
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	69.9	83.4	38.4	73.7	92.3	92.4	77.2	10.2	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	69.3	82.4	32.3	72.9	91.7	91.6	76.6	11.5	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	68.9	82.3	35.5	72.0	90.1	91.1	78.1	10.3	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	69.7	82.9	36.4	72.2	90.5	92.1	78.5	11.8	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	69.5	82.6	31.5	71.4	91.1	92.1	78.3	12.4	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	69.4	82.4	30.4	72.6	90.7	91.8	77.7	13.2	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>68.4</b>	<b>81.3</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>89.1</b>	<b>91.5</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>13.1</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.5	-1.0	-6.3	-2.0	-1.0	0.4	-1.4	2.8	
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	55.1	72.4	45.1	68.8	72.8	77.1	71.4	11.9	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	54.3	71.3	40.3	68.7	71.8	75.9	70.2	12.3	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	54.6	71.9	34.7	66.8	74.4	77.1	71.2	12.9	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	54.9	72.4	33.2	67.8	74.2	77.3	72.6	13.1	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	54.9	72.3	37.2	69.1	73.4	77.3	71.3	13.5	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	54.9	72.2	37.6	66.5	74.0	77.0	72.6	13.8	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>55.0</b>	<b>72.6</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>67.0</b>	<b>73.6</b>	<b>77.5</b>	<b>73.8</b>	<b>13.6</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.7	2.4	0.2	-0.8	0.4	2.6	0.7	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2= 3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey  
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# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East

## 3 Full-time, part-time and temporary workers

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All in employment								
		Total <sup>1</sup>	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Self employed <sup>1</sup>	Unpaid family workers	Government-supported training and employment programmes	Full-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>2</sup>	Workers with second jobs	Temporary employees
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,747	2,344	388	*	*	2,026	721	107	116
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,743	2,329	402	*	*	2,021	720	111	133
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,772	2,357	401	*	*	2,043	728	117	134
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,804	2,378	410	*	*	2,065	737	119	127
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,808	2,383	409	*	*	2,065	741	115	125
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,814	2,395	402	10	*	2,071	740	118	126
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>2,062</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>128</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	31	34	-6	*	*	19	9	-5	-6
<i>Change %</i>	1.1	1.4	-1.4	*	*	0.9	1.2	-3.9	-4.4	
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,498	1,205	287	*	*	1,348	150	43	49
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,502	1,194	302	*	*	1,349	152	49	63
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,512	1,206	300	*	*	1,347	164	50	61
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,533	1,223	303	*	*	1,366	166	49	59
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,534	1,223	302	*	*	1,366	166	48	55
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,536	1,231	297	*	*	1,369	165	49	55
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>1,223</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>1,354</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>57</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	8	17	-11	*	*	7	-1	-3	-4
<i>Change %</i>	0.5	1.4	-3.7	*	*	0.5	-0.6	-5.1	-7.0	
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,249	1,140	101	*	*	678	570	64	66
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,241	1,135	100	*	*	673	568	61	71
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,260	1,151	102	*	*	696	563	67	73
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,271	1,155	107	*	*	699	571	70	68
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,274	1,159	107	*	*	699	574	67	70
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,277	1,164	105	*	*	702	575	69	72
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,283</b>	<b>1,168</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>71</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	23	17	5	*	*	12	10	-2	-2
<i>Change %</i>	1.8	1.5	5.3	*	*	1.8	1.7	-3.1	-2.3	

		Temporary workers (reasons for temporary working)				Part-time workers (reasons for part-time working) <sup>4</sup>			
		Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find permanent job	Did not want a permanent job	Other	Total <sup>3</sup>	Could not find full-time job	Did not want full-time job	Other
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	116	21	32	64	688	50	545	88
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	133	36	39	59	711	52	543	107
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	134	36	40	58	718	55	553	102
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	127	33	37	57	726	55	562	102
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	125	31	37	58	728	53	560	106
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	126	26	38	62	728	51	561	108
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>102</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-6	-11	-2	7	6	3	2	0
<i>Change %</i>	-4.4	-30.4	-5.9	13.0	0.8	5.4	0.3	-0.2	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5

Source: Annual Population Survey

1. Includes people who did not state whether they worked part-time or full-time.

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2. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

3. Includes people who did not state their reason for temporary/part-time working.

4. Employees and self-employed.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

## 4 Civilian workforce jobs<sup>1 2 3</sup>

East

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Civilian workforce jobs <u>1</u>	Employee jobs <u>2</u>	Self- employment jobs <u>3</u>	Government- supported trainees <u>4</u>
		YXYF			
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 05	2,707	2,299	401	7
	Mar 06	2,746	2,319	422	5
	Mar 07	2,782	2,341	437	3
	Mar 08	2,794	2,366	425	4
	Jun 08	2,805	2,381	421	3
	Sep 08	2,817	2,387	427	3
	Dec 08	2,814	2,378	433	3
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,769</b>	<b>2,332</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>4</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-25	-34	9	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.9	-1.4	2.1	1.1
		YXYU			
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 05	1,451	1,158	289	4
	Mar 06	1,467	1,160	304	3
	Mar 07	1,497	1,172	323	2
	Mar 08	1,493	1,191	300	2
	Jun 08	1,497	1,197	298	2
	Sep 08	1,506	1,202	302	2
	Dec 08	1,499	1,191	306	2
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,472</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-20	-28	7	0
<i>Change %</i>		-1.4	-2.3	2.5	8.1
		YXZJ			
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 05	1,256	1,142	111	3
	Mar 06	1,279	1,159	118	2
	Mar 07	1,285	1,169	115	1
	Mar 08	1,302	1,175	125	1
	Jun 08	1,308	1,184	123	1
	Sep 08	1,311	1,185	125	1
	Dec 08	1,315	1,187	127	1
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,297</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		-5	-6	1	0
<i>Change %</i>		-0.3	-0.5	1.1	-11.3

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4

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1. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures are a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the Civilian Workforce Jobs total. For this reason, Self-employment Jobs (which come from LFS) will not equal the figures for Self-employed persons from the LFS. Civilian Workforce Jobs figures come from a variety of sources, and where possible, from the employer rather than the individual. Employee Jobs (which is the largest component of Civilian Workforce Jobs) come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS, and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

Other data sources are as follows:

Self-employment Jobs are provided by LFS

Government-supported trainees are provided by administrative sources

2. There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series between December 2005 and September 2006 due to improvements to the annual benchmark.

Further information can be found at <http://www.statistics.gov.uk/Statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=9765>

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East

## 5 Employee jobs<sup>1</sup> by industry

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

Standard Industrial Classification (2003)

SIC 2003 SECTION		All jobs (seasonally adjusted)	All jobs A-O	Agriculture Forestry & Fishing A,B	Mining Energy & Water Supplies Industries C,E	Manufacturing Industries D	Construction F	Distribution etc, transport etc, finance & business services G-K	Education, health, public admin & other services L-O
								7	8
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>All jobs</b>	Mar 06	2,329	2,319	26	9	266	115	1,196	708
	Mar 07	2,351	2,341	34	11	256	112	1,214	714
	Mar 08	2,376	2,366	33	14	250	136	1,222	710
	Jun 08	2,382	2,381	35	14	250	133	1,235	714
	Sep 08	2,388	2,387	42	14	248	141	1,226	716
	Dec 08	2,363	2,378	39	14	243	138	1,224	720
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>2,346</b>	<b>2,332</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>1,191</b>	<b>725</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-17							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.7							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-30	-34	2	0	-15	-5	-31	15
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.3	-1.4	7.0	-1.9	-6.0	-3.6	-2.5	2.2
<b>Male jobs</b>	Mar 06	1,165	1,160	16	6	198	94	635	210
	Mar 07	1,177	1,172	22	9	188	93	641	220
	Mar 08	1,197	1,191	20	11	184	109	644	223
	Jun 08	1,200	1,197	22	11	183	106	649	225
	Sep 08	1,199	1,202	29	11	182	112	643	226
	Dec 08	1,184	1,191	27	11	178	109	640	226
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,171</b>	<b>1,163</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>227</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-13							
	<i>Change %</i>	-1.1							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-26	-28	7	0	-12	-6	-21	4
	<i>Change %</i>	-2.1	-2.3	35.4	-1.2	-6.3	-5.6	-3.3	1.9
<b>Female jobs</b>	Mar 06	1,164	1,159	9	3	68	20	561	498
	Mar 07	1,174	1,169	12	3	68	20	573	494
	Mar 08	1,179	1,175	14	3	66	27	578	487
	Jun 08	1,182	1,184	12	3	67	27	586	489
	Sep 08	1,189	1,185	14	3	66	29	583	490
	Dec 08	1,179	1,187	12	3	65	28	584	494
	<b>Mar 09</b>	<b>1,175</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>498</b>
	<i>Change on quarter</i>	-4							
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.3							
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-6	-5	0	-4	1	-10	11
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-0.5	-33.9	-4.4	-5.4	4.3	-1.7	2.3

Relationship between columns: 2=3+4+5+6+7+8

Source: Employer surveys

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1. Employee jobs figures are of a measure of jobs rather than people. For example, if a person holds two jobs, each job will be counted in the employee jobs total. Employees jobs figures come from quarterly surveys of employers carried out by ONS and administrative sources. See Concepts and Definitions.

There is a discontinuity in the employee jobs series. See Table 4, footnote 2 for further details.

The quarterly employer surveys used to compile employee jobs figures do not collect data by Government Office Regions (GOR). Instead, Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) data are used to pro-rate the totals obtained from the quarterly surveys to generate GOR data. This technique can lead to the sum of the industry figures not matching the "All jobs" total in column 2.

# EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

East

## 6(1) Actual weekly hours of work

(hours) not seasonally adjusted

		Total weekly hours (millions) <sup>1,2</sup>	Average (mean) actual weekly hours of work			
			All workers <sup>1</sup>	Full-time <sup>3</sup>	Workers with second jobs	
					Part-time <sup>3</sup>	
		1	2	3	4	5
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	90	32.7	38.1	15.5	9.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	90	32.7	38.4	15.3	8.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	90	32.4	37.9	15.4	9.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	91	32.4	38.0	15.4	8.9
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	91	32.4	38.1	15.2	9.1
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	91	32.5	38.1	15.2	9.5
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>32.4</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>9.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.2</i>	<i>0.1</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>1.1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.3</i>	<i>-1.5</i>	<i>0.9</i>
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	57	38.1	40.1	15.4	9.7
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	57	37.8	40.0	15.5	8.9
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57	37.4	39.7	15.5	10.4
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	57	37.3	39.6	15.2	10.4
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57	37.5	39.8	14.9	10.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	58	37.5	39.9	14.7	10.8
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>39.8</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>10.3</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		<i>0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	<i>-0.1</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>0.7</i>	<i>0.2</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>-3.4</i>	<i>-1.4</i>
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	33	26.3	34.1	15.6	8.6
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	33	26.5	35.3	15.3	8.3
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	33	26.4	34.6	15.4	8.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	34	26.5	34.9	15.4	7.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	34	26.4	34.7	15.3	8.2
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	34	26.5	34.7	15.4	8.6
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>34.7</b>	<b>15.3</b>	<b>8.2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>		<i>1</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.3</i>
<i>Change %</i>		<i>1.7</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>-0.9</i>	<i>3.3</i>

1. Main and second job.

Source: Annual Population Survey

2. Total actual weekly hours worked including paid and unpaid overtime.

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3. Main job only. The split between full-time and part-time employment is based on respondents' self-classification.

## 6(2) Usual weekly hours of work<sup>1</sup>

not seasonally adjusted

	All in Employment (%)			Employees (%)			Self-Employed (%)		
<b>Jan 07 - Dec 07</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.6	0.9	2.6	1.3	0.7	1.9	2.8	1.0	7.9
6 up to 15 hours	7.8	3.6	13.0	7.6	3.3	12.1	8.8	4.2	22.5
16 up to 30 hours	17.8	7.3	30.5	18.0	6.5	30.1	16.9	10.7	35.2
31 up to 45 hours	50.6	56.1	43.9	52.6	58.6	46.2	39.1	45.9	19.0
Over 45 hours	22.1	32.2	10.1	20.5	30.8	9.7	32.4	38.2	15.3
Total (thousands)	2,772	1,512	1,260	2,357	1,206	1,151	401	300	102
<b>Oct 07 - Sep 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	1.0	2.8	1.4	0.8	2.1	3.3	1.2	9.4
6 up to 15 hours	7.8	3.5	12.9	7.4	3.3	11.7	9.4	4.2	24.4
16 up to 30 hours	17.7	7.2	30.3	17.9	6.1	30.4	16.1	11.3	29.7
31 up to 45 hours	50.1	55.5	43.7	51.9	58.0	45.5	39.9	45.2	24.8
Over 45 hours	22.7	32.9	10.4	21.3	31.7	10.3	31.2	38.1	11.8
Total (thousands)	2,814	1,536	1,277	2,395	1,231	1,164	402	297	105
<b>Jan 08 - Dec 08</b>									
Less than 6 Hours	1.8	1.0	2.8	1.5	0.9	2.1	3.3	1.1	9.5
6 up to 15 hours	7.4	3.4	12.2	7.0	3.1	11.2	9.6	4.6	22.8
16 up to 30 hours	17.7	7.2	30.1	17.8	6.1	30.0	16.6	11.3	30.8
31 up to 45 hours	50.6	55.8	44.5	52.4	58.3	46.3	40.2	45.9	24.8
Over 45 hours	22.5	32.6	10.5	21.3	31.7	10.4	30.4	37.2	12.0
Total (thousands)	2,803	1,520	1,283	2,391	1,223	1,168	395	288	107

1. Total usual weekly hours worked in main job including paid and unpaid overtime

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# CLAIMANT COUNT

## 7 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> levels and rates

East

(thousands), seasonally adjusted

		Claimant count (all aged 18+)		Inflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Outflows: all aged 18+ (standardised <sup>3</sup> )	Claimant count (all aged 16+) (not seasonally adjusted)	
		Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>	Level	Level	Level	Rate (%) <sup>2</sup>
		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>People</b>	<b>2008</b>	DPDJ	DPDP			DPCI	DPDD
	July	61.3	2.1	18.0	15.7	59.9	2.1
	August #	65.1	2.3	19.5	15.9	64.1	2.2
	September	68.3	2.4	20.2	17.3	65.6	2.3
	October	71.9	2.5	21.2	17.1	68.2	2.4
	November #	78.8	2.7	22.6	16.5	75.3	2.6
	December	85.9	3.0	25.2	17.7	83.5	2.9
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	92.7	3.2	26.0	18.0	95.5	3.3
	February #	105.5	3.7	27.9	18.6	112.7	3.9
	March	112.2	3.9	29.0	21.5	118.6	4.1
	April	116.0	4.0	28.8	23.3	121.4	4.2
	May #	117.8	4.1	28.4	24.4	121.2	4.2
	June (r)	119.1	4.1	28.1	26.0	119.1	4.1
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>120.9</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>118.9</b>	<b>4.1</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	1.8	0.1	0.2	0.7	-0.2	0.0
	<i>Change %</i>	1.5		0.7	2.7	-0.2	
	<i>Change on year</i>	59.6	2.1	10.3	11.0	59.1	2.0
	<i>Change %</i>	97.2		57.2	70.1	98.6	
<b>Men</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOK	ZMOL				
	July	44.2	2.8	12.5	10.8	42.6	2.7
	August #	47.1	3.0	13.7	10.9	45.3	2.9
	September	49.5	3.2	14.1	12.0	46.5	3.0
	October	52.2	3.4	14.9	11.8	48.7	3.1
	November #	57.6	3.7	16.1	11.4	54.7	3.5
	December	62.8	4.0	17.9	12.3	61.4	3.9
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	67.5	4.3	18.2	12.5	70.0	4.5
	February #	77.2	5.0	19.7	12.8	82.7	5.3
	March	81.9	5.3	20.2	14.8	86.8	5.6
	April	84.7	5.4	19.9	15.8	88.6	5.7
	May #	85.8	5.5	19.5	17.0	88.4	5.7
	June (r)	86.4	5.5	19.1	17.9	86.5	5.6
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>18.4</b>	<b>85.4</b>	<b>5.5</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.5	-1.1	-0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.0		0.5	2.8	-1.3	
	<i>Change on year</i>	43.1	2.8	6.7	7.6	42.8	2.7
	<i>Change %</i>	97.5		53.6	70.4	100.5	
<b>Women</b>	<b>2008</b>	ZMOM	ZMON				
	July	17.1	1.3	5.5	4.9	17.3	1.3
	August #	18.0	1.4	5.8	5.0	18.8	1.4
	September	18.8	1.4	6.1	5.3	19.1	1.4
	October	19.7	1.5	6.3	5.3	19.5	1.5
	November #	21.2	1.6	6.5	5.1	20.6	1.6
	December	23.1	1.7	7.3	5.4	22.0	1.7
	<b>2009</b>						
	January	25.2	1.9	7.8	5.5	25.5	1.9
	February #	28.3	2.1	8.2	5.8	30.0	2.3
	March	30.3	2.3	8.8	6.7	31.7	2.4
	April	31.3	2.4	8.9	7.5	32.7	2.5
	May #	32.0	2.4	8.9	7.4	32.8	2.5
	June (r)	32.7	2.5	9.0	8.1	32.6	2.5
	<b>July (p)</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>2.5</b>
	<i>Change on month</i>	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.1
	<i>Change %</i>	2.8		1.1	2.5	2.8	
	<i>Change on year</i>	16.5	1.2	3.6	3.4	16.2	1.2
	<i>Change %</i>	96.5		65.5	69.4	94.0	

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

2. Denominator = claimant count + workforce jobs.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

NB. These are different from the proportions of the working age populations claiming Jobseeker's Allowance for local areas shown in Tables 16 and 17. See Concepts and Definitions.

3. Flow figures are collected for 4 or 5 week periods between count dates; the figures are then converted to a standard 4 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> week month. Non-seasonally adjusted claimant flows for earlier months are available from Nomis@ at: <http://www.nomisweb.co.uk>

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

East

## 8(1) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	All aged 16+							18-24					
	All	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
		1											
<b>People</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	59.9	59.8	38.9	11.1	9.8	16.5	2.8	17.3	14.0	2.8	0.5	3.0	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
July	59.9	59.7	43.9	9.3	6.5	10.9	1.5	17.5	15.1	2.1	0.4	2.0	0.1
August #	64.1	64.0	47.7	9.9	6.4	10.0	1.5	19.5	16.9	2.2	0.3	1.8	0.1
September	65.6	65.5	49.1	10.0	6.4	9.7	1.4	20.3	17.8	2.1	0.3	1.7	0.1
October	68.2	68.0	51.8	9.9	6.4	9.4	1.4	20.4	18.2	1.9	0.3	1.6	0.1
November #	75.3	75.1	58.7	10.0	6.4	8.6	1.4	22.2	20.0	1.8	0.3	1.5	0.1
December	83.5	83.3	66.1	10.6	6.6	7.9	1.4	24.1	21.8	2.0	0.3	1.4	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	95.5	95.3	76.2	12.2	6.9	7.2	1.3	27.2	24.4	2.5	0.4	1.3	0.1
February #	112.7	112.5	91.2	14.0	7.2	6.4	1.3	33.3	29.9	3.0	0.4	1.1	0.1
March	118.6	118.3	95.0	15.9	7.5	6.3	1.2	34.8	30.7	3.7	0.4	1.1	0.1
April	121.4	121.2	95.1	18.3	7.8	6.5	1.2	34.6	30.0	4.3	0.4	1.1	0.1
May #	121.2	121.0	91.0	21.5	8.4	7.0	1.2	33.7	28.2	5.1	0.4	1.3	0.1
June	119.1	118.9	86.2	23.7	9.0	7.6	1.2	32.7	26.9	5.4	0.4	1.4	0.1
<b>July</b>	<b>118.9</b>	<b>118.7</b>	<b>84.6</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>33.8</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	59.1	59.0	40.7	15.2	3.1	-2.8	-0.3	16.2	12.9	3.2	0.1	-0.5	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	98.6	98.8	92.8	162.7	47.6	-20.2	-20.2	92.6	85.7	150.0	41.2	-0.5	24.0
<b>Men</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	42.2	42.1	26.5	8.1	7.6	18.0	2.2	11.2	9.0	1.8	0.4	3.1	0.1
<b>2008</b>													
July	42.6	42.5	30.7	6.9	4.8	11.4	1.1	11.5	9.8	1.4	0.2	2.0	0.1
August #	45.3	45.2	33.0	7.4	4.8	10.6	1.1	12.7	11.0	1.5	0.2	1.7	0.1
September	46.5	46.4	34.1	7.5	4.8	10.3	1.0	13.2	11.5	1.4	0.2	1.7	0.1
October	48.7	48.6	36.5	7.4	4.8	9.8	1.0	13.4	11.9	1.3	0.2	1.6	0.1
November #	54.7	54.6	42.2	7.5	4.9	8.9	1.0	14.9	13.4	1.2	0.2	1.5	0.1
December	61.4	61.3	48.3	8.0	5.0	8.1	1.0	16.6	15.0	1.3	0.2	1.3	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	70.0	69.9	55.5	9.2	5.2	7.5	0.9	18.8	16.9	1.7	0.2	1.2	0.1
February #	82.7	82.6	66.4	10.6	5.5	6.7	0.9	23.0	20.7	2.0	0.3	1.1	0.1
March	86.8	86.7	68.9	12.0	5.8	6.7	0.9	24.0	21.3	2.5	0.3	1.1	0.1
April	88.6	88.5	68.5	14.0	6.0	6.8	0.8	24.0	20.8	2.9	0.3	1.1	0.1
May #	88.4	88.3	65.1	16.7	6.5	7.4	0.8	23.3	19.5	3.6	0.3	1.2	0.1
June	86.5	86.4	60.9	18.5	7.0	8.1	0.8	22.5	18.4	3.8	0.3	1.4	0.1
<b>July</b>	<b>85.4</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>58.8</b>	<b>19.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	42.8	42.8	28.0	12.2	2.6	-2.7	-0.3	11.3	8.8	2.4	0.1	-0.5	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	100.5	100.8	91.3	175.4	53.6	-23.3	-23.3	98.4	89.0	172.5	49.1	-0.5	30.2
<b>Women</b>													
<b>2007</b>													
July	17.7	17.7	12.4	3.0	2.3	12.8	0.6	6.1	5.0	1.0	0.2	2.8	0.0
<b>2008</b>													
July	17.3	17.2	13.2	2.4	1.7	9.6	0.4	6.1	5.2	0.7	0.1	2.1	0.0
August #	18.8	18.8	14.7	2.5	1.6	8.6	0.4	6.8	6.0	0.7	0.1	1.9	0.0
September	19.1	19.1	15.0	2.5	1.6	8.3	0.4	7.1	6.3	0.7	0.1	1.6	0.0
October	19.5	19.4	15.3	2.5	1.6	8.1	0.4	7.0	6.2	0.7	0.1	1.6	0.0
November #	20.6	20.5	16.5	2.4	1.6	7.6	0.4	7.3	6.6	0.6	0.1	1.6	0.0
December	22.0	22.0	17.8	2.6	1.6	7.2	0.4	7.5	6.7	0.6	0.1	1.5	0.1
<b>2009</b>													
January	25.5	25.4	20.7	3.1	1.6	6.4	0.4	8.5	7.5	0.8	0.1	1.5	0.1
February #	30.0	29.9	24.8	3.4	1.7	5.6	0.4	10.3	9.2	1.0	0.1	1.2	0.1
March	31.7	31.7	26.1	3.8	1.7	5.5	0.4	10.7	9.5	1.2	0.1	1.2	0.0
April	32.7	32.6	26.6	4.3	1.8	5.6	0.4	10.6	9.2	1.3	0.1	1.2	0.0
May #	32.8	32.7	25.9	4.8	1.9	5.9	0.4	10.3	8.7	1.5	0.1	1.3	0.0
June	32.6	32.5	25.3	5.2	2.0	6.2	0.4	10.2	8.6	1.5	0.1	1.4	0.0
<b>July</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	16.2	16.2	12.7	3.0	0.5	-3.2	-0.1	5.0	4.1	0.8	0.0	-0.6	0.0
<i>Change %</i>	94.0	94.1	96.4	125.6	29.9	-12.1	-12.1	81.6	79.4	106.8	27.1	-0.6	13.5

Relationship between columns: 2= 3+4+5; 8= 9+10+11

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# CLAIMANT COUNT

East

## 8(2) Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by age and duration - computerised claims only<sup>2</sup>

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

	25-49						50 and over					
	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months	All computerised claims <sup>2</sup>	Up to 6 months	Over 6 and up to 12 months	All over 12 months	% claiming for over 12 months	All over 24 months
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<b>People</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	30.6	18.6	6.3	5.7	18.6	1.0	11.2	5.6	2.0	3.6	32.3	1.7
<b>2008</b>												
July	31.2	21.4	5.6	4.3	13.6	0.6	10.4	6.9	1.6	1.9	18.0	0.8
August #	32.9	22.8	5.9	4.2	12.8	0.6	11.0	7.5	1.7	1.8	16.6	0.7
September	33.5	23.3	5.9	4.2	12.6	0.6	11.3	7.7	1.9	1.8	15.9	0.7
October	35.3	25.1	6.0	4.3	12.1	0.7	11.9	8.2	1.9	1.8	14.8	0.6
November #	39.4	28.9	6.1	4.4	11.1	0.7	13.2	9.4	2.0	1.7	13.0	0.6
December	44.2	33.2	6.5	4.5	10.2	0.7	14.5	10.7	2.2	1.7	11.8	0.6
<b>2009</b>												
January	50.7	38.7	7.3	4.7	9.3	0.7	16.8	12.6	2.5	1.8	10.6	0.5
February #	59.2	46.1	8.2	5.0	8.4	0.6	19.2	14.5	2.8	1.9	9.8	0.5
March	62.4	48.2	9.1	5.2	8.3	0.6	20.4	15.4	3.0	2.0	9.6	0.5
April	64.7	48.8	10.5	5.4	8.3	0.6	21.1	15.6	3.4	2.1	9.8	0.5
May #	65.2	47.0	12.4	5.7	8.8	0.6	21.4	15.2	4.0	2.3	10.5	0.4
June	64.4	44.4	13.9	6.1	9.5	0.6	21.1	14.3	4.4	2.4	11.5	0.4
<b>July</b>	<b>63.6</b>	<b>42.6</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>12.3</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Change on year	32.3	21.2	8.9	2.3	-3.4	0.0	10.4	6.6	3.1	0.7	-5.7	-0.3
Change %	103.5	98.8	160.4	52.8		0.2	100.2	96.3	192.1	36.7		-43.7
<b>Men</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	23.0	13.5	4.9	4.6	19.8	0.8	7.6	3.6	1.4	2.7	35.0	1.3
<b>2008</b>												
July	23.7	16.0	4.4	3.3	13.9	0.5	7.1	4.6	1.1	1.3	18.6	0.5
August #	24.8	16.8	4.7	3.3	13.3	0.5	7.5	5.0	1.2	1.3	17.1	0.5
September	25.3	17.3	4.7	3.3	13.0	0.5	7.7	5.2	1.3	1.3	16.4	0.5
October	26.9	18.8	4.7	3.3	12.4	0.5	8.2	5.6	1.4	1.2	15.1	0.5
November #	30.3	22.0	4.9	3.4	11.3	0.5	9.2	6.5	1.5	1.2	13.3	0.4
December	34.2	25.5	5.2	3.5	10.3	0.5	10.3	7.5	1.6	1.2	12.0	0.4
<b>2009</b>												
January	39.0	29.5	5.8	3.7	9.5	0.5	11.9	8.8	1.7	1.3	10.9	0.4
February #	45.5	35.0	6.5	3.9	8.6	0.4	13.7	10.3	2.0	1.4	10.0	0.4
March	47.7	36.3	7.3	4.1	8.5	0.4	14.5	10.9	2.2	1.4	9.9	0.3
April	49.1	36.3	8.5	4.2	8.6	0.4	15.0	11.0	2.5	1.5	10.1	0.3
May #	49.3	34.6	10.1	4.5	9.2	0.4	15.3	10.7	3.0	1.7	10.9	0.3
June	48.5	32.3	11.3	4.9	10.0	0.4	15.0	9.9	3.3	1.8	12.0	0.3
<b>July</b>	<b>47.6</b>	<b>30.6</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>12.9</b>	<b>0.3</b>
Change on year	23.9	14.6	7.4	1.9	-3.0	0.0	7.6	4.6	2.4	0.6	-5.7	-0.2
Change %	100.6	91.2	167.1	57.6		-6.9	107.8	99.8	217.6	44.3		-43.7
<b>Women</b>												
<b>2007</b>												
July	7.6	5.1	1.4	1.1	15.0	0.2	3.6	2.0	0.6	0.9	26.5	0.4
<b>2008</b>												
July	7.5	5.4	1.1	1.0	12.8	0.2	3.3	2.3	0.5	0.6	16.9	0.2
August #	8.1	6.0	1.2	0.9	11.5	0.2	3.6	2.5	0.5	0.6	15.5	0.2
September	8.2	6.0	1.2	0.9	11.5	0.2	3.6	2.5	0.6	0.5	14.7	0.2
October	8.5	6.3	1.2	0.9	11.1	0.2	3.7	2.6	0.6	0.5	14.1	0.2
November #	9.1	6.9	1.2	1.0	10.6	0.2	4.0	2.9	0.6	0.5	12.2	0.2
December	10.0	7.7	1.3	1.0	9.8	0.2	4.3	3.1	0.6	0.5	11.3	0.2
<b>2009</b>												
January	11.7	9.2	1.5	1.0	8.7	0.2	5.0	3.7	0.7	0.5	9.9	0.2
February #	13.7	11.0	1.6	1.1	7.7	0.2	5.5	4.2	0.8	0.5	9.2	0.1
March	14.8	11.9	1.8	1.1	7.4	0.2	5.8	4.5	0.8	0.5	8.9	0.1
April	15.6	12.5	2.0	1.2	7.4	0.2	6.1	4.6	0.9	0.5	8.8	0.1
May #	15.9	12.4	2.3	1.2	7.5	0.2	6.1	4.5	1.0	0.6	9.6	0.1
June	15.9	12.1	2.5	1.2	7.8	0.2	6.1	4.4	1.1	0.6	10.3	0.1
<b>July</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Change on year	8.5	6.6	1.5	0.4	-4.6	0.0	2.8	2.0	0.7	0.1	-6.0	-0.1
Change %	112.6	121.3	134.8	36.6		19.9	84.1	89.1	135.3	18.8		-43.6

Relationship between columns: 14=15+16+17; 20=21+22=23

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

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2. Only computerised claims are analysed by age and duration on a monthly basis. These figures therefore differ in total from those given in Table 7. The latter include clerically processed claims which currently amount to less than 1 per cent of the total claimant count.

# Months where there are 5 weeks between count dates. All the rest are 4 week periods.

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East

## 9 Economic activity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged 16 & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically active</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	2,861	2,740	73	344	594	1,063	666	120
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	2,875	2,746	64	360	584	1,072	667	129
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	2,898	2,766	64	357	585	1,083	677	131
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	2,927	2,788	62	365	586	1,090	684	140
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	2,931	2,785	63	370	584	1,092	676	147
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	2,941	2,788	62	369	584	1,092	681	152
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>2,947</b>	<b>2,795</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1,099</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>152</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	50	28	-2	14	-6	16	6	21	
<i>Change %</i>	1.7	1.0	-2.7	4.1	-1.1	1.5	0.9	16.2	
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,562	1,520	35	183	327	576	399	42
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,574	1,528	30	192	323	581	401	46
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,582	1,539	33	192	317	581	415	43
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,602	1,553	34	197	319	585	418	49
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,600	1,548	30	197	320	586	415	52
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,604	1,549	29	201	317	587	415	55
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,602</b>	<b>1,547</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>55</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	20	8	-4	8	-4	9	-2	13	
<i>Change %</i>	1.3	0.5	-10.7	4.2	-1.1	1.5	-0.5	29.3	
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,299	1,220	38	160	267	488	267	79
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,301	1,218	33	167	261	492	265	83
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,316	1,228	30	166	268	502	262	88
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,325	1,234	29	168	267	505	266	91
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,332	1,237	33	174	264	505	261	95
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,337	1,239	33	168	267	506	266	97
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>1,248</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>97</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	29	20	2	6	-3	7	8	9	
<i>Change %</i>	2.2	1.7	6.2	3.8	-1.0	1.4	3.0	9.8	
<b>Economic activity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	64.9	81.4	51.4	77.9	85.6	87.0	76.8	11.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	64.5	80.9	44.5	79.7	84.8	86.6	76.2	12.2
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	64.4	81.0	43.9	77.1	85.6	86.6	77.6	12.1
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	64.8	81.4	43.0	78.2	85.7	87.0	78.3	12.8
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	64.7	81.2	43.1	78.9	85.3	86.9	77.3	13.3
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	64.7	81.2	42.8	78.2	85.2	86.9	77.9	13.8
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>64.7</b>	<b>81.3</b>	<b>42.8</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>84.5</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>78.1</b>	<b>13.7</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	0.4	0.3	-1.1	1.2	-1.2	0.7	0.5	1.6	
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	72.9	87.0	49.1	82.0	95.4	94.7	79.5	10.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	72.6	86.5	41.5	83.8	95.0	94.4	78.9	11.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	72.1	86.2	44.8	80.9	93.8	93.6	80.6	10.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	72.8	86.8	45.3	82.6	94.2	94.1	80.9	12.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	72.5	86.3	40.0	82.0	94.4	94.1	80.1	12.6
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	72.4	86.1	39.2	83.2	93.3	94.1	79.9	13.2
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>72.1</b>	<b>85.8</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>82.1</b>	<b>92.4</b>	<b>94.5</b>	<b>79.3</b>	<b>13.2</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	-0.3	-4.3	1.2	-1.4	0.9	-1.2	2.7	
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	57.3	75.4	53.7	73.6	76.1	79.4	73.0	12.1
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	56.9	74.8	47.7	75.5	74.9	78.9	72.6	12.6
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	57.0	75.3	43.1	73.0	77.6	79.6	73.2	13.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	57.2	75.6	40.5	73.6	77.2	79.9	74.6	13.3
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	57.4	75.7	46.3	75.7	76.5	79.9	73.3	13.8
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	57.4	75.8	46.5	72.9	77.3	79.7	74.8	14.1
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>57.6</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>74.2</b>	<b>76.6</b>	<b>80.2</b>	<b>76.2</b>	<b>13.9</b>
<i>Change on year</i>	0.6	0.9	2.3	1.2	-1.0	0.5	3.0	0.9	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East

## 10 Economic inactivity by age

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		All aged & over	16 - 59/64	16 - 17	18 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 49	50 - 64 (m) 50 - 59 (w)	65+ (m) 60+ (w)
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<b>Economically inactive</b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	1,550	626	69	98	100	158	201	924
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	1,579	649	79	91	105	166	208	931
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	1,605	650	81	106	98	168	196	955
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	1,588	635	83	102	98	163	189	953
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	1,598	644	83	99	100	164	198	954
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	1,601	646	83	103	101	165	194	955
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>1,607</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>963</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	2	-5	1	-3	8	-8	-4	8
	<i>Change %</i>	0.2	-0.8	1.8	-2.9	8.5	-4.7	-2.1	0.8
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	582	227	37	40	16	32	103	355
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	594	239	43	37	17	35	107	355
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	612	247	41	45	21	40	100	365
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	598	237	41	41	20	36	99	361
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	608	247	44	43	19	37	103	361
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	610	249	45	41	23	37	104	361
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>364</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	7	8	3	-2	5	-5	7	-1
	<i>Change %</i>	1.1	3.2	6.6	-3.6	23.3	-13.4	7.3	-0.3
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	969	399	33	57	84	126	99	570
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	986	410	37	54	87	131	100	576
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	993	403	40	61	77	128	96	590
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	990	398	42	60	79	127	90	592
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	990	397	38	56	81	127	95	593
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	991	397	38	62	78	128	89	594
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>599</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-4	-13	-1	-2	3	-3	-12	9
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.4	-3.3	-3.2	-2.5	4.4	-2.0	-12.0	1.5
<b>Economic inactivity rates (%)<sup>1</sup></b>									
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	35.1	18.6	48.6	22.1	14.4	13.0	23.2	88.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	35.5	19.1	55.5	20.3	15.2	13.4	23.8	87.8
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	35.6	19.0	56.1	22.9	14.4	13.4	22.4	87.9
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	35.2	18.6	57.0	21.8	14.3	13.0	21.7	87.2
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	35.3	18.8	56.9	21.1	14.7	13.1	22.7	86.7
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	35.3	18.8	57.2	21.8	14.8	13.1	22.1	86.2
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>35.3</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>21.7</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>12.7</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>86.3</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.4	-0.3	1.1	-1.2	1.2	-0.7	-0.5	-1.6
<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	27.1	13.0	50.9	18.0	4.6	5.3	20.5	89.5
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	27.4	13.5	58.5	16.2	5.0	5.6	21.1	88.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	27.9	13.8	55.2	19.1	6.2	6.4	19.4	89.5
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	27.2	13.2	54.7	17.4	5.8	5.9	19.1	88.0
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	27.5	13.7	60.0	18.0	5.6	5.9	19.9	87.4
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	27.6	13.9	60.8	16.8	6.7	5.9	20.1	86.8
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>59.6</b>	<b>17.9</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>86.8</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	0.0	0.3	4.3	-1.2	1.4	-0.9	1.2	-2.7
<b>Women</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	42.7	24.6	46.3	26.4	23.9	20.6	27.0	87.9
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	43.1	25.2	52.3	24.5	25.1	21.1	27.4	87.4
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	43.0	24.7	56.9	27.0	22.4	20.4	26.8	87.0
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	42.8	24.4	59.5	26.4	22.8	20.1	25.4	86.7
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	42.6	24.3	53.7	24.3	23.5	20.1	26.7	86.2
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	42.6	24.2	53.5	27.1	22.7	20.3	25.2	85.9
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>23.8</b>	<b>86.1</b>
	<i>Change on year</i>	-0.6	-0.9	-2.3	-1.2	1.0	-0.5	-3.0	-0.9

Relationship between columns: 1=2+8; 2=3+4+5+6+7

1. Denominator = all persons in the relevant age group.

Source: Annual Population Survey

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

# ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND INACTIVITY

East

## 11 Economic inactivity: reasons

(thousands), not seasonally adjusted

		Total aged 16-59/64	Economic Inactivity by reason									
			Student	Looking after family / home	Temp sick	Long-term sick	Discouraged	Retired	Other	Does not want job	Wants a job	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	626	136	211	14	128	*	63	73	472	154	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	649	136	219	17	132	*	65	77	491	158	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	650	160	204	16	133	*	64	71	495	155	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	635	151	204	15	130	*	59	73	477	158	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	644	152	208	14	132	*	62	73	484	160	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	646	152	208	10	139	*	62	72	486	159	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>167</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-5	-6	4	-6	1	*	0	1	-17	12	
	<i>Change %</i>	-0.8	-3.8	1.8	-38.6	0.6	*	-0.2	1.3	-3.5	7.6	
	<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	227	68	13	*	67	*	44	27	170	57
Jan 2006 - Dec 2006		239	67	15	*	67	*	47	33	178	61	
Jan 2007 - Dec 2007		247	79	13	*	77	*	45	27	188	60	
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		237	71	12	*	74	*	43	29	176	61	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		247	77	15	*	75	*	44	27	183	63	
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008		249	75	16	*	80	*	45	28	186	63	
<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>		<b>255</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>68</b>	
<i>Change on year</i>		8	1	4	*	0	*	1	2	0	8	
<i>Change %</i>		3.2	1.4	30.4	*	0.3	*	2.6	6.2	-0.3	14.2	
<b>Women</b>		Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	399	67	198	*	62	*	19	45	302	97
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	410	69	203	*	65	*	18	44	313	97	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	403	81	191	11	56	*	19	44	308	95	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	398	80	191	*	57	*	16	44	301	97	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	397	75	193	*	57	*	18	45	301	97	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	397	76	192	*	59	*	18	44	300	96	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>99</b>	
	<i>Change on year</i>	-13	-7	0	*	1	*	-1	-1	-17	3	
	<i>Change %</i>	-3.3	-8.9	0.0	*	0.9	*	-7.0	-1.8	-5.4	3.5	
	Percentage of economically inactive (%)											
<b>People</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	21.7	33.7	2.2	20.5	*	10.1	11.6	75.4	24.6	
	Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	21.0	33.7	2.6	20.4	*	10.0	11.9	75.6	24.4	
	Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	24.7	31.3	2.5	20.4	*	9.9	10.9	76.2	23.8	
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	23.8	32.1	2.4	20.5	*	9.3	11.4	75.1	24.9	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	23.6	32.3	2.1	20.5	*	9.6	11.3	75.2	24.8	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	23.5	32.1	1.5	21.5	*	9.7	11.1	75.3	24.7	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23.9</b>	<b>32.2</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>74.1</b>	<b>25.9</b>	
	<b>Men</b>	Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	30.0	5.7	*	29.3	*	19.3	12.0	74.9	25.1
		Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	28.1	6.3	*	28.2	*	19.6	13.7	74.5	25.5
		Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	32.1	5.1	*	31.0	*	18.3	10.9	75.8	24.2
Apr 2007 - Mar 2008		100.0	30.1	5.3	*	31.1	*	18.3	12.1	74.2	25.8	
Jul 2007 - Jun 2008		100.0	31.3	6.2	*	30.6	*	17.7	11.1	74.3	25.7	
Oct 2007 - Sep 2008		100.0	30.3	6.4	*	32.0	*	17.9	11.3	74.6	25.4	
<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>		<b>100.0</b>	<b>31.5</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>73.3</b>	<b>26.7</b>	
<b>Women</b>		Jan 2005 - Dec 2005	100.0	16.9	49.6	*	15.5	*	4.8	11.4	75.6	24.4
		Jan 2006 - Dec 2006	100.0	16.9	49.6	*	15.8	*	4.5	10.8	76.3	23.7
		Jan 2007 - Dec 2007	100.0	20.1	47.4	2.7	13.9	*	4.7	10.9	76.4	23.6
	Apr 2007 - Mar 2008	100.0	20.0	48.1	*	14.2	*	4.0	11.0	75.7	24.3	
	Jul 2007 - Jun 2008	100.0	18.8	48.5	*	14.3	*	4.6	11.4	75.7	24.3	
	Oct 2007 - Sep 2008	100.0	19.2	48.3	*	15.0	*	4.5	11.0	75.7	24.3	
	<b>Jan 2008 - Dec 2008</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>49.0</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>74.7</b>	<b>25.3</b>	

Relationship between columns: 1=2+3+4+5+6+7+8; 1=9+10

Source: Annual Population Survey  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008							2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply				Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>	
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,454</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>64,072</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2,807</b>	<b>0.81</b>	
<b>Luton UA</b>	120	82	67.8	8	8.5	30	25.1	3,507	2.9	97	0.81	
<b>Peterborough UA</b>	102	79	74.0	6	6.6	21	20.9	3,024	3.0	112	1.10	
<b>Southend-on-Sea UA</b>	96	75	75.0	5	5.9	20	20.8	2,786	2.9	77	0.80	
<b>Thurrock UA</b>	95	75	75.2	5	5.8	19	19.8	2,268	2.4	63	0.67	
<b>Bedfordshire</b>	255	215	80.3			41	16.0	4,348	1.7	186	0.73	
Bedford	96	74	74.1	4	5.7	21	21.6	2,255	2.3	81	0.84	
Central Bedfordshire UA	159	141	84.0	6	3.6	20	12.5	2,093	1.3	105	0.66	
Mid Bedfordshire	85	76	84.2	3	3.5	11	12.2	913	1.1	55	0.65	
South Bedfordshire	74	65	83.9	3	4.3	10	12.9	1,180	1.6	50	0.68	
<b>Cambridgeshire</b>	379	311	77.9			69	18.4	5,160	1.4	326	0.87	
Cambridge	87	59	66.9	3	5.0	24	29.4	1,189	1.4	97	1.11	
East Cambridgeshire	49	47	87.8	2	3.3	5	10.7	586	1.2	32	0.66	
Fenland	53	41	74.4	3	6.4	10	19.6	1,252	2.3	39	0.72	
Huntingdonshire	105	91	80.8	4	4.0	16	15.1	1,384	1.3	83	0.79	
South Cambridgeshire	84	73	81.5	3	3.5	13	15.3	749	0.9	75	0.89	
<b>Essex</b>	833	674	76.6			160	19.3	14,639	1.8	615	0.74	
Basildon	104	82	74.7	5	5.3	21	20.7	2,241	2.1	84	0.81	
Braintree	86	67	73.8	4	5.2	18	20.6	1,432	1.7	64	0.74	
Brentwood	43	33	73.3	1	3.8	11	24.9	416	1.0	35	0.82	
Castle Point	52	42	78.5	2	4.3	11	20.6	821	1.6	28	0.53	
Chelmsford	103	87	79.6	4	4.3	17	16.9	1,430	1.4	90	0.87	
Colchester	114	92	78.5	4	4.6	20	17.9	1,944	1.7	87	0.76	
Epping Forest	75	59	74.3	3	5.2	16	21.0	1,269	1.7	51	0.69	
Harlow	49	40	78.1	3	6.0	7	14.8	1,437	2.9	41	0.84	
Maldon	37	33	78.9	1	3.6	8	20.1	522	1.4	23	0.61	
Rochford	48	38	75.7	2	3.9	10	19.8	564	1.2	24	0.49	
Tendring	78	62	73.9	4	6.3	16	20.3	2,190	2.8	47	0.60	
Uttlesford	44	39	82.3	1	3.0	6	14.8	375	0.9	41	0.95	
<b>Hertfordshire</b>	660	554	79.3			114	17.3	9,233	1.4	577	0.88	
Broxbourne	55	48	81.4	2	4.4	7	13.1	921	1.7	39	0.71	
Dacorum	86	72	81.3	3	4.4	13	15.4	1,406	1.6	70	0.82	
East Hertfordshire	83	74	82.1	2	3.2	12	14.6	822	1.0	68	0.81	
Hertsmere	59	47	76.9	2	4.8	10	17.0	835	1.4	50	0.85	
North Hertfordshire	75	63	78.0	3	4.1	14	19.3	1,038	1.4	55	0.73	
St. Albans	81	69	79.6	2	3.1	16	20.4	788	1.0	72	0.89	
Stevenage	50	42	81.8	2	5.4	6	12.2	1,076	2.2	49	0.98	
Three Rivers	53	42	75.3	2	3.9	12	22.1	536	1.0	38	0.72	
Watford	52	40	75.9	2	5.0	10	19.5	820	1.6	59	1.15	
Welwyn Hatfield	68	57	78.6	2	4.0	13	19.1	991	1.5	77	1.13	
<b>Norfolk</b>	494	384	73.5			108	22.0	11,077	2.2	402	0.82	
Breckland	76	62	74.3	3	5.3	15	19.2	1,442	1.9	51	0.67	
Broadland	72	59	79.0	2	3.9	12	16.4	836	1.2	50	0.70	
Great Yarmouth	54	39	67.6	3	8.1	14	25.5	2,354	4.3	41	0.76	
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	81	65	75.1	3	5.0	18	22.7	1,703	2.1	63	0.78	
North Norfolk	54	39	70.1	2	5.9	13	23.9	1,029	1.9	38	0.70	
Norwich	89	65	70.1	5	7.2	23	26.5	2,824	3.2	108	1.21	
South Norfolk	68	56	76.5	2	4.0	13	19.9	889	1.3	49	0.73	

# 12 Local labour market indicators by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007	January 2008 to December 2008								2007	
	Population <sup>1</sup>	Labour supply					Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>7</sup>	
		Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>3</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>5</sup>		Jobs <sup>8</sup>	
		16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
<b>Suffolk</b>	419	355	81.0			63	15.1	8,032	1.9	352	0.85
Babergh	50	46	85.0	2	3.4	6	11.9	668	1.3	41	0.81
Forest Heath	40	34	85.2	1	3.9	5	13.2	480	1.2	26	0.66
Ipswich	75	60	79.0	4	6.3	13	17.2	2,425	3.2	73	0.97
Mid Suffolk	56	49	81.5	2	3.8	8	14.6	656	1.2	42	0.75
St. Edmundsbury	62	55	85.5	2	4.3	5	8.3	1,028	1.7	61	0.99
Suffolk Coastal	71	60	78.0	3	4.2	11	15.9	787	1.1	62	0.88
Waveney	66	52	76.5	3	5.5	15	22.4	1,989	3.0	47	0.71

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Model-based estimates of unemployment - see Concepts and Definitions.

4. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.

5. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

6. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

7. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

8. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,454</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>64,072</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2,807</b>	<b>0.81</b>
Basildon	61	47	75.5	3	5.3	12	20.1	1,460	2.4	48	0.79
Bedford	63	43	69.3	3	6.6	15	25.7	1,879	3.0	63	1.00
Billericay	65	53	75.9	3	4.9	13	19.9	1,058	1.6	44	0.68
Braintree	68	53	72.7	4	7.1	15	21.4	1,207	1.8	53	0.79
Brentwood & Ongar	51	43	75.4	1	2.8	12	22.2	510	1.0	40	0.79
Broxbourne	58	51	82.1	3	5.7	7	12.6	944	1.6	41	0.71
Bury St Edmunds	62	50	81.7	3	5.1	8	13.8	948	1.5	63	1.01
Cambridge	75	53	67.9	3	5.5	21	27.9	1,083	1.4	74	0.98
Castle Point	52	42	78.5	#	#	11	20.6	821	1.6	28	0.53
Central Suffolk & North Ipswich	59	49	84.7	#	#	7	14.2	811	1.4	37	0.63
Colchester	75	66	80.3	3	4.7	13	15.7	1,576	2.1	66	0.88
Epping Forest	59	46	71.5	3	6.3	14	23.5	1,096	1.8	40	0.68
Great Yarmouth	54	39	67.6	4	8.7	14	25.5	2,354	4.3	41	0.76
Harlow	55	43	79.1	3	7.3	8	14.4	1,516	2.8	47	0.85
Harwich	55	42	69.9	4	9.3	13	22.9	1,859	3.4	34	0.62
Hemel Hempstead	60	53	81.4	2	4.3	9	14.8	1,180	2.0	53	0.89
Hertford & Stortford	65	55	80.2	3	5.1	10	15.7	665	1.0	56	0.86
Hertsmere	59	47	76.9	4	7.1	10	17.0	835	1.4	50	0.86
Hitchin & Harpenden	54	45	79.3	1	2.2	10	18.7	607	1.1	36	0.67
Huntingdon	74	64	78.8	3	4.9	13	16.9	950	1.3	65	0.88
Ipswich	58	48	79.3	3	5.6	9	15.9	1,996	3.5	65	1.14
Luton North	58	38	66.8	4	9.5	14	26.0	1,510	2.6	30	0.53
Luton South	64	48	68.8	5	9.4	16	24.0	2,049	3.2	69	1.08
Maldon & East Chelmsford	55	44	77.9	#	#	11	21.3	794	1.4	33	0.60
Mid Bedfordshire	64	60	85.1	2	2.8	8	12.4	566	0.9	40	0.62
Mid Norfolk	62	56	76.0	5	8.0	11	16.8	914	1.5	38	0.61
North East Bedfordshire	62	56	83.1	2	4.2	8	13.1	787	1.3	37	0.60
North East Cambridgeshire	67	55	74.9	4	7.6	13	18.7	1,466	2.2	45	0.67
North East Hertfordshire	58	50	79.4	#	#	11	19.5	706	1.2	43	0.74
North Essex	58	45	78.2	1	2.7	11	19.5	700	1.2	35	0.60
North Norfolk	54	40	70.2	4	8.1	13	23.7	1,029	1.9	38	0.70
North West Cambridgeshire	69	59	83.6	2	2.7	10	14.0	1,329	1.9	50	0.73
North West Norfolk	58	44	72.4	2	3.9	14	24.5	1,342	2.3	50	0.87
Norwich North	62	55	79.5	2	3.0	12	18.0	1,426	2.3	49	0.78
Norwich South	65	43	66.7	3	5.7	18	29.0	1,860	2.9	98	1.51
Peterborough	61	43	69.5	4	8.7	14	23.7	2,063	3.4	79	1.29
Rayleigh	55	46	75.1	2	4.2	12	21.4	582	1.1	25	0.45
Rochford & Southend East	56	39	71.6	2	5.7	12	24.0	1,955	3.5	51	0.91
Saffron Walden	62	53	81.0	2	3.8	10	15.7	600	1.0	52	0.83
South Cambridgeshire	62	46	74.6	2	4.9	12	21.8	559	0.9	62	0.99
South East Cambridgeshire	71	70	88.4	#	#	8	10.7	734	1.0	64	0.91
South Norfolk	64	53	76.8	3	5.0	13	19.4	844	1.3	39	0.62
South Suffolk	52	48	84.6	2	4.4	6	11.2	700	1.3	42	0.80
South West Bedfordshire	62	53	83.3	3	4.6	8	13.3	1,066	1.7	44	0.71
South West Hertfordshire	62	47	78.8	1	2.7	11	19.0	602	1.0	46	0.75
South West Norfolk	72	55	76.1	2	4.3	14	20.7	1,308	1.8	48	0.66
Southend West	48	42	78.8	2	5.1	8	16.7	984	2.0	32	0.66
St. Albans	56	51	79.5	#	#	12	20.5	602	1.1	58	1.04
Stevenage	57	51	83.1	4	6.5	6	11.1	1,147	2.0	53	0.93
Suffolk Coastal	56	51	76.9	4	7.7	10	16.2	715	1.3	57	1.02
Thurrock	72	56	73.6	4	7.0	15	20.7	1,991	2.8	55	0.77
Watford	66	50	74.4	3	5.4	14	21.2	961	1.5	66	1.00

## 13 Local labour market indicators by Parliamentary Constituency

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007			
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>			
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Waveney	59	46	74.8	#	#	14	23.9	1,888	3.2	41	0.69	
Welwyn Hatfield	64	55	77.9	2	2.8	13	19.8	968	1.5	75	1.17	
West Chelmsford	68	63	81.6	3	5.0	10	13.9	987	1.5	72	1.06	
West Suffolk	71	63	85.5	3	3.9	8	10.8	973	1.4	48	0.67	

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Parliamentary Constituencies are mid-2006 population estimates
  2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.
  3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population.
  4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.
  5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.
  6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.
  7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).
- # Sample size too small to provide estimates.  
~ less than 500.

# 14 Local labour market indicators by Travel-to-Work Area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007			January 2008 to December 2008						2007	
	Population <sup>1</sup>			Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>	
	Employment <sup>2</sup>			Unemployment <sup>2</sup>		Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,454</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>64,072</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2,807</b>	<b>0.81</b>
Bedford	120	93	75.2	5	5.3	24	20.4	2,454	2.0	..	..
Bury St Edmunds	53	48	83.5	4	7.1	5	9.8	746	1.4	..	..
Cambridge	264	222	78.2	9	3.8	50	18.7	3,230	1.2	..	..
Chelmsford & Braintree	226	187	77.2	9	4.5	43	18.9	3,384	1.5	..	..
Clacton	45	32	69.8	3	8.0	10	24.4	1,578	3.5	..	..
Colchester	143	122	78.6	6	4.8	25	17.3	2,556	1.8	..	..
Cromer & Sheringham	32	19	64.6	3	11.9	8	27.4	662	2.1	..	..
Great Yarmouth	59	43	69.4	4	8.0	14	24.2	2,417	4.1	..	..
Harlow & Bishop's Stortford	193	166	80.9	9	5.1	28	14.6	2,885	1.5	..	..
Huntingdon	102	89	80.4	4	4.6	16	15.4	1,321	1.3	..	..
Ipswich	231	195	80.3	10	4.7	35	15.5	4,345	1.9	..	..
King's Lynn & Fakenham	88	74	75.5	3	4.0	20	21.5	1,863	2.1	..	..
Lowestoft & Beccles	78	66	77.6	1	1.6	17	21.1	2,144	2.7	..	..
Luton & Watford	416	333	76.7	17	4.9	80	19.4	7,631	1.8	..	..
Norwich	255	205	74.7	12	5.4	54	20.9	5,070	2.0	..	..
Peterborough	193	146	76.1	9	5.7	35	19.1	4,096	2.1	..	..
Southend & Brentwood	341	271	75.3	12	4.3	72	21.1	6,827	2.0	..	..
Stevenage	223	197	81.7	7	3.6	34	15.2	3,612	1.6	..	..
Thetford & Mildenhall	70	55	79.1	2	4.1	11	17.2	1,096	1.6	..	..
Wisbech	44	29	68.6	3	8.8	10	24.6	1,101	2.5	..	..

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population. Population estimates for Travel-to-work Areas are mid-2006 population estimates

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East

## 15 Local labour market indicators by NUTS 3 area

not seasonally adjusted

	mid-2007		January 2008 to December 2008						2007		
	Population <sup>1</sup>		Labour supply			Working age benefits			Labour demand <sup>6</sup>		
			Employment <sup>2</sup>		Unemployment <sup>2</sup>	Economic inactivity <sup>2</sup>		Claimant count <sup>4</sup>		Jobs <sup>7</sup>	
	16-59/64 (000s)	Total 16+ (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Total 16+ (000s)	Rate <sup>4</sup> (%)	Total 16-59/64 (000s)	16-59/64 Rate (%)	Level	Proportion <sup>5</sup> (%)	Total (000s)	Jobs Density 16-59/64 (ratio)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>37,904</b>	<b>29,270</b>	<b>74.0</b>	<b>1,766</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>8,068</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>912,024</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>31,517</b>	<b>0.83</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>3,454</b>	<b>2,803</b>	<b>77.2</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>645</b>	<b>18.7</b>	<b>64,072</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>2,807</b>	<b>0.81</b>
East Anglia											
Peterborough	102	79	74.0	5	6.4	21	20.9	3,024	3.0	112	1.10
Cambridgeshire CC	379	311	77.9	14	4.7	69	18.4	5,160	1.4	326	0.86
Norfolk	494	384	73.5	23	6.1	108	22.0	11,077	2.2	402	0.81
Suffolk	419	355	81.0	16	4.5	63	15.1	8,032	1.9	352	0.84
Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire											
Luton	120	82	67.8	9	9.7	30	25.1	3,507	2.9	97	0.81
Bedfordshire CC	255	215	80.3	10	4.7	41	16.0	4,348	1.7	186	0.73
Hertfordshire	660	554	79.3	23	4.3	114	17.3	9,233	1.4	577	0.87
Essex											
Southend-on-Sea	96	75	75.0	4	5.5	20	20.8	2,786	2.9	77	0.80
Thurrock	95	75	75.2	5	6.2	19	19.8	2,268	2.4	63	0.67
Essex CC	833	674	76.6	34	5.1	160	19.3	14,639	1.8	615	0.74

Relationship between columns: 9=8/1; 11=10/1.

Source: Annual Population Survey, Jobcentre Plus administrative system, Annual Business Inquiry  
Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

1. Official estimate of the resident population.

2. Annual Population Survey (APS) data. The APS is a survey of the population of private households, student halls of residence and NHS accommodation.

3. Unemployment rates calculated as percentage of 16+ economically active population

4. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance. Averaged over 12 month period.

5. Percentage of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

6. Labour demand in this table includes jobs only. Suitable comprehensive estimates of job vacancies are not available at local level.

7. Jobs data are mainly employees from the Annual Business Inquiry which refers to December of each year; they also include self-employed, HM Forces and government-supported trainees. Jobs densities are calculated as the number of jobs per resident of working age (16-59/64).

# Sample size too small to provide estimates.

~ less than 500.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

East

## 16 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Unitary and Local Authority

not seasonally adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,151,487</b>	<b>421,652</b>	<b>1,573,139</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>519,123</b>	<b>182,728</b>	<b>701,851</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>85,426</b>	<b>33,504</b>	<b>118,930</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>42,829</b>	<b>16,231</b>	<b>59,060</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>
<b>Luton UA</b>	4,383	1,663	6,046	6.9	3.0	5.1	1,966	674	2,640	3.1	1.2	2.2
<b>Peterborough UA</b>	3,926	1,521	5,447	7.4	3.1	5.3	1,884	762	2,646	3.5	1.6	2.6
<b>Southend-on-Sea UA</b>	3,621	1,290	4,911	7.2	2.8	5.1	1,684	625	2,309	3.4	1.4	2.4
<b>Thurrock UA</b>	2,908	1,290	4,198	6.0	2.8	4.4	1,460	602	2,062	3.0	1.3	2.2
<b>Bedfordshire</b>	6,529	2,506	9,035	4.9	2.1	3.5	3,528	1,311	4,839	2.6	1.1	1.9
Bedford UA	3,012	1,133	4,145	6.0	2.5	4.3	1,342	540	1,882	2.7	1.2	2.0
Central Bedfordshire UA	3,517	1,373	4,890	4.2	1.8	3.1	2,186	771	2,957	2.6	1.0	1.9
Mid Bedfordshire	1,594	666	2,260	3.5	1.7	2.6	1,019	393	1,412	2.3	1.0	1.7
South Bedfordshire	1,923	707	2,630	5.0	2.0	3.6	1,167	378	1,545	3.0	1.1	2.1
<b>Cambridgeshire</b>	7,108	2,765	9,873	3.5	1.5	2.6	3,655	1,372	5,027	1.8	0.8	1.3
Cambridge	1,456	507	1,963	3.1	1.3	2.2	619	255	874	1.3	0.6	1.0
East Cambridgeshire	840	327	1,167	3.3	1.4	2.4	441	172	613	1.7	0.7	1.2
Fenland	1,481	654	2,135	5.3	2.6	4.0	636	294	930	2.3	1.2	1.7
Huntingdonshire	2,117	870	2,987	3.8	1.8	2.8	1,224	453	1,677	2.2	0.9	1.6
South Cambridgeshire	1,214	407	1,621	2.8	1.0	1.9	735	198	933	1.7	0.5	1.1
<b>Essex</b>	20,412	8,320	28,732	4.7	2.1	3.4	11,093	4,213	15,306	2.5	1.1	1.8
Basildon	3,277	1,297	4,574	6.1	2.6	4.4	1,757	684	2,441	3.3	1.3	2.3
Braintree	2,122	893	3,015	4.7	2.2	3.5	1,240	445	1,685	2.7	1.1	2.0
Brentwood	670	311	981	3.0	1.5	2.3	430	204	634	1.9	1.0	1.5
Castle Point	1,317	501	1,818	4.8	2.0	3.5	819	283	1,102	3.0	1.2	2.1
Chelmsford	2,122	881	3,003	3.9	1.8	2.9	1,237	452	1,689	2.3	0.9	1.6
Colchester	2,564	955	3,519	4.3	1.8	3.1	1,336	410	1,746	2.2	0.8	1.5
Epping Forest	1,655	841	2,496	4.3	2.3	3.3	850	453	1,303	2.2	1.3	1.7
Harlow	1,827	738	2,565	7.3	3.1	5.3	898	310	1,208	3.6	1.3	2.5
Maldon	775	322	1,097	3.9	1.8	2.9	450	186	636	2.3	1.1	1.7
Rochford	868	329	1,197	3.4	1.4	2.5	510	177	687	2.0	0.8	1.4
Tendring	2,574	943	3,517	6.3	2.6	4.5	1,174	404	1,578	2.9	1.1	2.0
Uttlesford	641	309	950	2.8	1.5	2.2	392	205	597	1.7	1.0	1.4
<b>Hertfordshire</b>	13,696	5,935	19,631	4.0	1.9	3.0	7,617	3,351	10,968	2.2	1.1	1.7
Broxbourne	1,292	656	1,948	4.6	2.4	3.5	742	381	1,123	2.6	1.4	2.0
Dacorum	1,974	879	2,853	4.4	2.2	3.3	1,051	471	1,522	2.3	1.2	1.8
East Hertfordshire	1,389	581	1,970	3.2	1.4	2.4	890	352	1,242	2.1	0.9	1.5
Hertsmere	1,139	561	1,700	3.8	1.9	2.9	582	309	891	1.9	1.1	1.5
North Hertfordshire	1,674	614	2,288	4.3	1.7	3.1	967	342	1,309	2.5	1.0	1.8
St. Albans	1,213	515	1,728	2.9	1.3	2.1	691	285	976	1.6	0.7	1.2
Stevenage	1,528	597	2,125	5.9	2.5	4.3	772	328	1,100	3.0	1.4	2.2
Three Rivers	871	403	1,274	3.2	1.6	2.4	538	247	785	2.0	1.0	1.5
Watford	1,249	546	1,795	4.6	2.2	3.5	684	331	1,015	2.5	1.4	2.0
Welwyn Hatfield	1,367	583	1,950	3.9	1.8	2.9	700	305	1,005	2.0	0.9	1.5
<b>Norfolk</b>	13,004	4,553	17,557	5.0	1.9	3.6	5,530	1,799	7,329	2.1	0.8	1.5
Breckland	1,819	747	2,566	4.5	2.1	3.4	909	296	1,205	2.2	0.8	1.6
Broadland	1,129	424	1,553	3.0	1.2	2.2	551	215	766	1.5	0.6	1.1
Great Yarmouth	2,272	742	3,014	7.9	2.9	5.5	777	220	997	2.7	0.9	1.8
King's Lynn and West Norfolk	2,028	729	2,757	4.7	1.9	3.4	948	278	1,226	2.2	0.7	1.5
North Norfolk	1,253	440	1,693	4.4	1.7	3.1	609	197	806	2.1	0.8	1.5
Norwich	3,292	1,019	4,311	7.1	2.4	4.8	1,148	368	1,516	2.5	0.9	1.7
South Norfolk	1,211	452	1,663	3.4	1.4	2.5	588	225	813	1.7	0.7	1.2
<b>Suffolk</b>	9,839	3,661	13,500	4.4	1.9	3.2	4,412	1,522	5,934	2.0	0.8	1.4
Babergh	1,030	377	1,407	4.0	1.6	2.8	592	207	799	2.3	0.9	1.6
Forest Heath	708	299	1,007	3.2	1.7	2.5	417	186	603	1.9	1.0	1.5
Ipswich	2,845	924	3,769	7.3	2.5	5.0	1,129	292	1,421	2.9	0.8	1.9
Mid Suffolk	808	384	1,192	2.7	1.5	2.1	424	163	587	1.4	0.6	1.1
St. Edmundsbury	1,306	523	1,829	3.9	1.8	3.0	633	224	857	1.9	0.8	1.4
Suffolk Coastal	1,077	395	1,472	2.9	1.2	2.1	549	179	728	1.5	0.5	1.0
Waveney	2,065	759	2,824	5.9	2.4	4.3	668	271	939	1.9	0.9	1.4

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. NB. These are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the Summary of other headline indicators. See Concepts and Definitions.

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

East

not seasonally  
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>United Kingdom total</b>	<b>1,151,487</b>	<b>421,652</b>	<b>1,573,139</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>519,123</b>	<b>182,728</b>	<b>701,851</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Regional total</b>	<b>85,426</b>	<b>33,504</b>	<b>118,930</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>42,829</b>	<b>16,231</b>	<b>59,060</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>
Basildon	2,032	826	2,858	6.6	2.8	4.7	1,042	435	1,477	3.4	1.5	2.4
Bedford	2,435	886	3,321	7.5	2.9	5.3	1,009	414	1,423	3.1	1.4	2.3
Billericay	1,676	671	2,347	5.0	2.1	3.6	985	370	1,355	2.9	1.2	2.1
Braintree	1,738	738	2,476	4.9	2.3	3.7	981	362	1,343	2.8	1.1	2.0
Brentwood & Ongar	805	383	1,188	3.0	1.5	2.3	505	254	759	1.9	1.0	1.5
Broxbourne	1,322	673	1,995	4.5	2.4	3.5	757	389	1,146	2.6	1.4	2.0
Bury St Edmunds	1,090	452	1,542	3.3	1.5	2.5	459	188	647	1.4	0.6	1.0
Cambridge	1,309	449	1,758	3.2	1.3	2.3	537	223	760	1.3	0.6	1.0
Castle Point	1,317	501	1,818	4.8	2.0	3.5	819	283	1,102	3.0	1.1	2.1
Central Suffolk & North Ipswich	1,039	413	1,452	3.4	1.5	2.5	528	190	718	1.7	0.7	1.2
Colchester	2,025	738	2,763	5.2	2.1	3.7	1,010	307	1,317	2.6	0.9	1.8
Epping Forest	1,397	705	2,102	4.6	2.4	3.5	699	359	1,058	2.3	1.2	1.8
Great Yarmouth	2,272	742	3,014	8.0	2.9	5.5	777	220	997	2.7	0.9	1.8
Harlow	1,950	802	2,752	6.9	3.0	5.0	974	354	1,328	3.4	1.3	2.4
Harwich	2,152	766	2,918	7.5	2.9	5.3	961	327	1,288	3.3	1.2	2.3
Hemel Hempstead	1,612	714	2,326	5.2	2.5	3.9	819	375	1,194	2.7	1.3	2.0
Hertford & Stortford	1,148	472	1,620	3.4	1.5	2.5	732	295	1,027	2.2	0.9	1.6
Hertsmere	1,139	561	1,700	3.8	1.9	2.9	582	309	891	1.9	1.1	1.5
Hitchin & Harpenden	959	373	1,332	3.4	1.5	2.5	557	190	747	2.0	0.7	1.4
Huntingdon	1,457	599	2,056	3.7	1.7	2.8	847	315	1,162	2.2	0.9	1.6
Ipswich	2,327	750	3,077	7.8	2.7	5.3	891	229	1,120	3.0	0.8	1.9
Luton North	1,909	751	2,660	6.3	2.7	4.6	897	315	1,212	3.0	1.1	2.1
Luton South	2,534	941	3,475	7.4	3.1	5.4	1,099	377	1,476	3.2	1.3	2.3
Maldon & East Chelmsford	1,138	459	1,597	3.9	1.8	2.9	646	240	886	2.2	0.9	1.6
Mid Bedfordshire	1,034	407	1,441	3.1	1.3	2.2	659	231	890	2.0	0.8	1.4
Mid Norfolk	1,188	454	1,642	3.6	1.6	2.7	580	211	791	1.8	0.7	1.3
North East Bedfordshire	1,274	546	1,820	3.9	1.9	2.9	787	303	1,090	2.4	1.0	1.8
North East Cambridgeshire	1,800	775	2,575	5.1	2.4	3.8	799	366	1,165	2.3	1.1	1.7
North East Hertfordshire	1,154	435	1,589	3.9	1.6	2.8	678	244	922	2.3	0.9	1.6
North Essex	961	394	1,355	3.1	1.4	2.3	539	180	719	1.8	0.7	1.2
North Norfolk	1,253	440	1,693	4.3	1.7	3.1	609	197	806	2.1	0.8	1.5
North West Cambridgeshire	1,880	761	2,641	5.3	2.3	3.9	998	384	1,382	2.8	1.2	2.0
North West Norfolk	1,551	558	2,109	5.1	2.0	3.6	690	224	914	2.3	0.8	1.6
Norwich North	1,771	552	2,323	5.5	1.9	3.7	727	240	967	2.2	0.8	1.6
Norwich South	2,141	703	2,844	6.4	2.3	4.4	708	247	955	2.1	0.8	1.5
Peterborough	2,582	992	3,574	8.1	3.4	5.9	1,184	488	1,672	3.7	1.7	2.7
Rayleigh	938	355	1,293	3.3	1.3	2.3	576	187	763	2.0	0.7	1.4
Rochford & Southend East	2,454	869	3,323	8.5	3.2	5.9	1,064	410	1,474	3.7	1.5	2.6
Saffron Walden	1,025	464	1,489	3.1	1.6	2.4	651	288	939	2.0	1.0	1.5
South Cambridgeshire	887	298	1,185	2.7	1.0	1.9	529	159	688	1.6	0.5	1.1
South East Cambridgeshire	1,119	412	1,531	3.1	1.2	2.2	645	199	844	1.8	0.6	1.2
South Norfolk	1,161	433	1,594	3.5	1.4	2.5	577	216	793	1.7	0.7	1.2
South Suffolk	1,070	394	1,464	3.9	1.6	2.8	615	211	826	2.3	0.8	1.6
South West Bedfordshire	1,726	638	2,364	5.4	2.1	3.8	1,043	345	1,388	3.3	1.2	2.2
South West Hertfordshire	968	435	1,403	3.0	1.5	2.3	618	258	876	1.9	0.9	1.4
South West Norfolk	1,667	671	2,338	4.3	2.0	3.2	862	244	1,106	2.2	0.7	1.5
Southend West	1,368	508	1,876	5.4	2.2	3.9	719	264	983	2.8	1.1	2.0
St. Albans	937	395	1,332	3.2	1.5	2.4	525	224	749	1.8	0.8	1.3
Stevenage	1,640	653	2,293	5.6	2.4	4.0	846	367	1,213	2.9	1.3	2.1
Suffolk Coastal	959	336	1,295	3.3	1.3	2.3	473	137	610	1.6	0.5	1.1
Thurrock	2,477	1,090	3,567	6.7	3.1	4.9	1,190	481	1,671	3.2	1.4	2.3

# LOCAL AREA DATA

## 17 Claimant count<sup>1</sup> by Parliamentary Constituency

East

not seasonally  
adjusted

	CLAIMANT COUNT ON 9 JULY 2009						Change on year					
	Levels			Percentage of Pop <sup>2</sup>			Levels			Percentage <sup>2</sup>		
	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People	Men	Women	People
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Watford	1,480	658	2,138	4.3	2.1	3.2	818	403	1,221	2.4	1.3	1.9
Waveney	1,947	710	2,657	6.3	2.5	4.5	617	244	861	2.0	0.9	1.5
Welwyn Hatfield	1,337	566	1,903	4.1	1.8	3.0	685	297	982	2.1	1.0	1.5
West Chelmsford	1,488	631	2,119	4.2	2.0	3.1	876	339	1,215	2.5	1.1	1.8
West Suffolk	1,407	606	2,013	3.6	1.9	2.9	829	323	1,152	2.1	1.0	1.6

Relationship between columns = 3=1+2; 9=7+8

1. Count of claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance.

2. Percentages of resident working age population of area. The population denominators for Parliamentary Constituencies are based on 2006 mid year estimates. NB. These percentages are different from the national and regional claimant count rates shown in Tables 1a, 7 and the summary of other headline indicators. See concepts and Definitions.

Source: Jobcentre Plus administrative system

Labour Market Statistics Helpline 01633 456901

**Next publication:** Wednesday 11 November 2009

**Issued by:** Office for National Statistics, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport  
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