

Supergroup 4 – London Cosmopolitan (3.3% of the UK population)

The members of this supergroup are mostly in Inner London. This supergroup comprises of only one group which contains two subgroups. Haringey is the most typical health area in this supergroup and Heart of Birmingham is the least typical. In this supergroup:

The variables with a proportion far below the national average are:¹

- People aged between 45 and 64
- Pensioners who live alone
- Households with two adults and no dependent children
- People who live in detached houses
- People who live in a two car household
- People who provide unpaid care
- Women who work part-time
- People who work in mining, quarrying or construction
- People who work in the wholesale or retail trades.

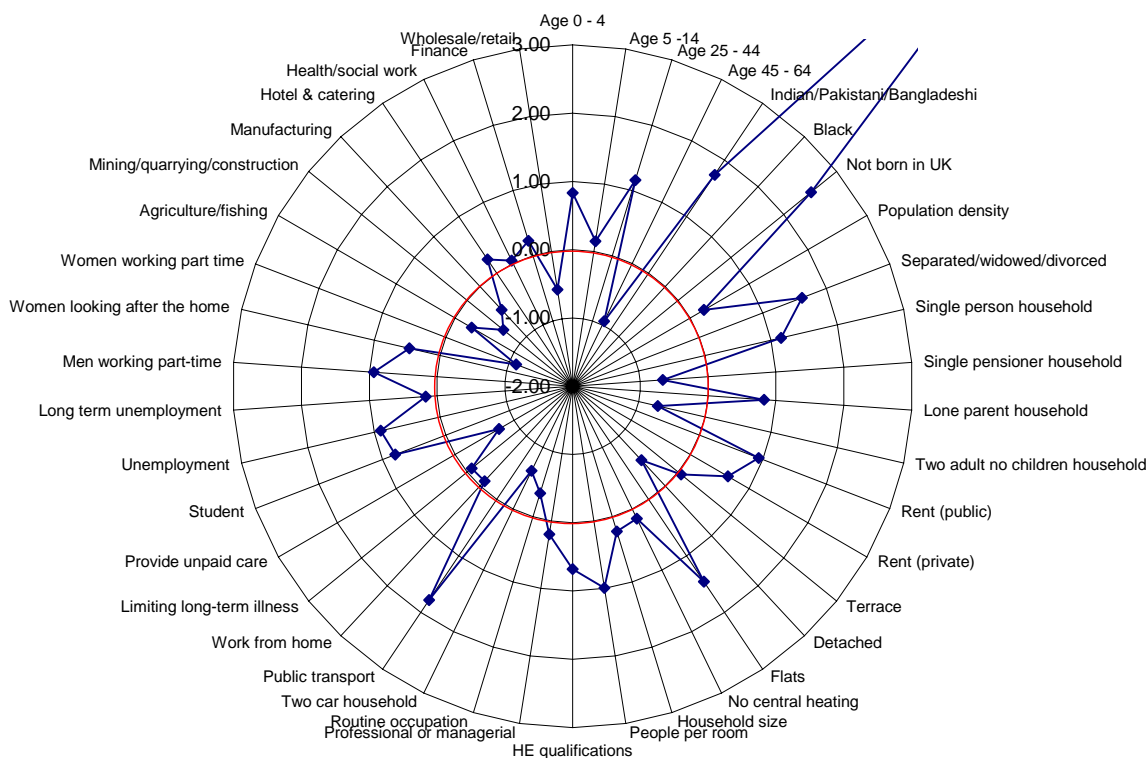
The only variable with a proportion close to the national average² is people who work in health or social care.

The variables with a proportion far above the national average are:³

- Children aged four or under
- People aged between 25 and 44
- People who identify themselves as Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi or Other Asian
- People who identify themselves as Black African, Black Caribbean or Other Black
- People who were not born in the United Kingdom
- People who are not living in a couple and are separated, widowed or divorced
- People who live alone but who are not pensioners
- People who live in lone parent households
- People who rent their accommodation from the public sector
- People who rent their accommodation privately
- People who live in flats
- Average number of people per room
- People with a higher education qualification
- People who take public transport to work
- People who are students
- People who are unemployed
- Men who work part-time.

London Cosmopolitan

Range-standardised difference from the UK mean. Positive values show an above average level of the population and negative values show a below average level of the population



1. For a variable to be 'far below average' it must have a difference of more than 0.5 below the UK mean.
2. For a variable to be 'close to the average' it must have a difference of less than 0.05 above or below the UK mean.
3. For a variable to be 'far above average' it must have a difference of more than 0.5 above the UK mean.

Group 4.6 – London Cosmopolitan (3.3% of the UK population)

The members of this group are mostly in Inner London. This group is the only one in its supergroup so it shares the same characteristics as its supergroup. Haringey is the most typical health area in this group and Heart of Birmingham is the least typical. In this group:

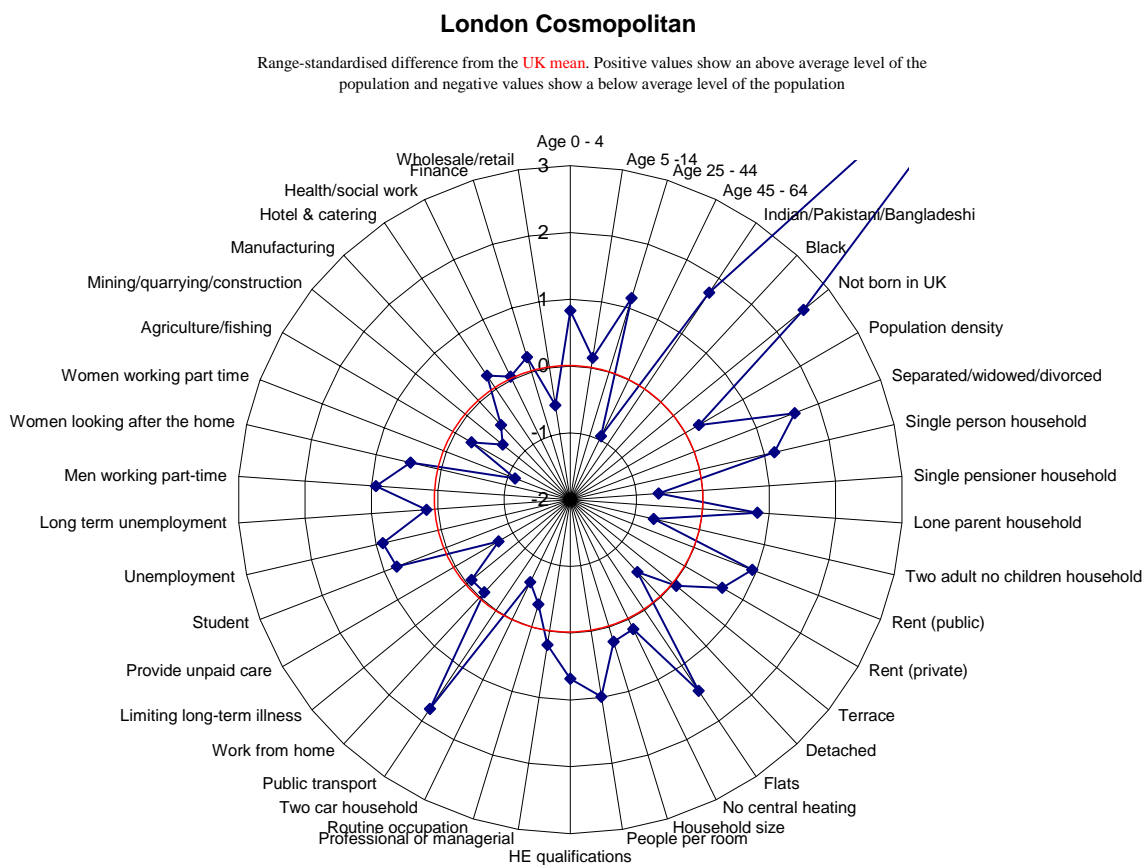
The variables with a proportion far below the national average are:¹

- People aged between 45 and 64
- Pensioners who live alone
- Households with two adults and no dependent children
- People who live in a detached house
- People who live in a two car household
- People who provide unpaid care
- Women who work part-time
- People who work in mining, quarrying or construction
- People who work in the wholesale or retail trades.

The only variable with a proportion close to the national average² is people who work in health or social care.

The variables with a proportion far above the national average are:³

- Children aged four or under
- People aged between 25 and 44
- People who identify themselves as Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi or Other Asian
- People who identify themselves as Black African, Black Caribbean or Other Black
- People who were not born in the United Kingdom
- People who are not living in a couple and are separated, widowed or divorced
- People who live alone but who are not pensioners
- People who live in lone parent households
- People who rent their accommodation from the public sector
- People who rent their accommodation privately
- People who live in flats
- Average number of people per room
- People with a higher education qualification
- People who take public transport to work
- People who are students
- People who are unemployed
- Men who work part-time.



1. For a variable to be 'far below average' it must have a difference of more than 0.5 below the UK mean.
2. For a variable to be 'close to the average' it must have a difference of less than 0.05 above or below the UK mean.
3. For a variable to be 'far above average' it must have a difference of more than 0.5 above the UK mean.

Subgroup 4.6.11 – London Cosmopolitan - B (1.3% of the UK population)

The members of this subgroup are Brent, Newham and Heart of Birmingham health areas. Newham is the most typical health area in this subgroup and Heart of Birmingham is the least typical. In this subgroup:

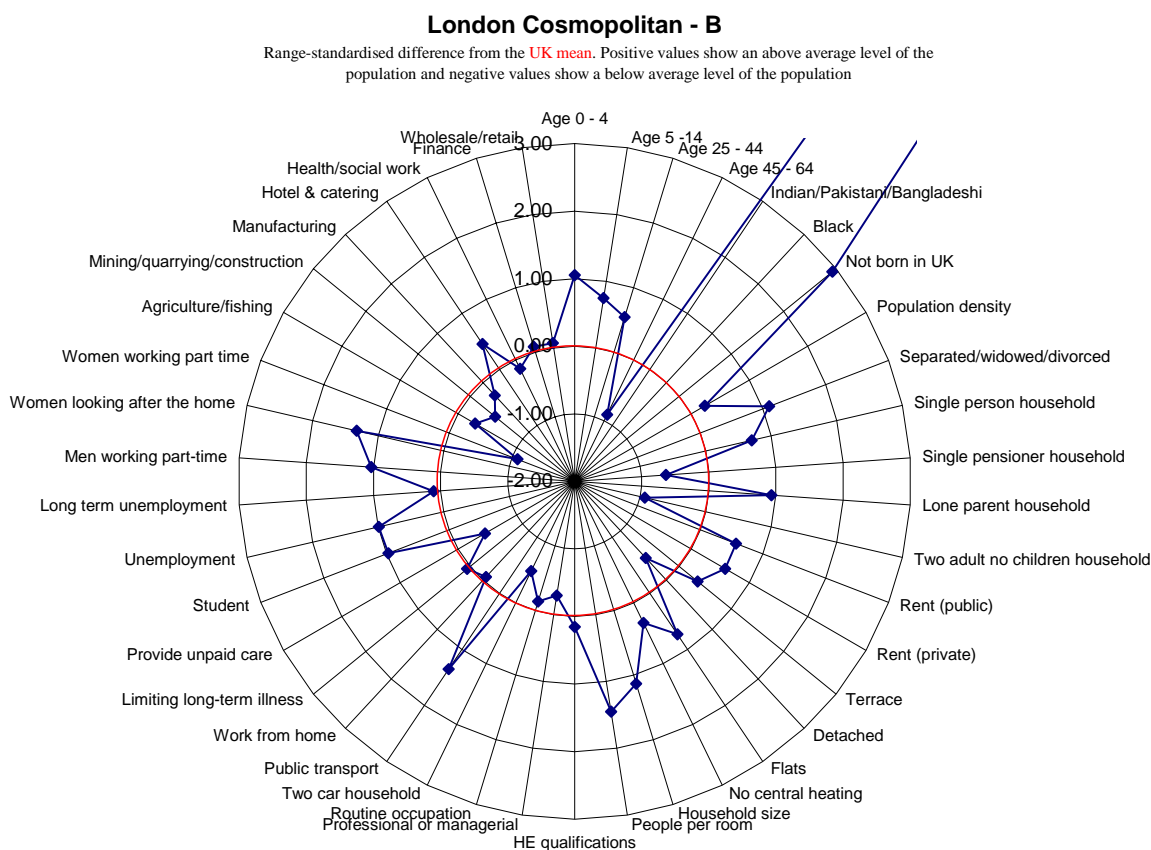
The variables with a proportion far below the national average are:¹

- People aged between 45 and 64
- Pensioners who live alone
- Households with two adults and no dependent children
- People who live in two car households
- Women who work part-time

There are no variables with a proportion close to the national average².

The variables with a proportion far above the national average are:³

- Children aged four or under
- People aged between five and 14
- People aged between 25 and 44
- People who identify themselves as Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi or Other Asian
- People who identify themselves as Black African, Black Caribbean or Other Black
- People who were not born in the United Kingdom
- People who are not living in a couple and are separated, widowed or divorced
- People who live alone but who are not pensioners
- People who live in lone parent households
- People who rent their accommodation from the public sector
- People who rent their accommodation privately
- People who live in flats
- Average household size
- Average number of people per room
- People who take public transport to work
- People who are students
- People who are unemployed
- Men who work part-time
- Women who look after their home and family.



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2. For a variable to be 'close to the average' it must have a difference of less than 0.05 above or below the UK mean.
3. For a variable to be 'far above average' it must have a difference of more than 0.5 above the UK mean.